



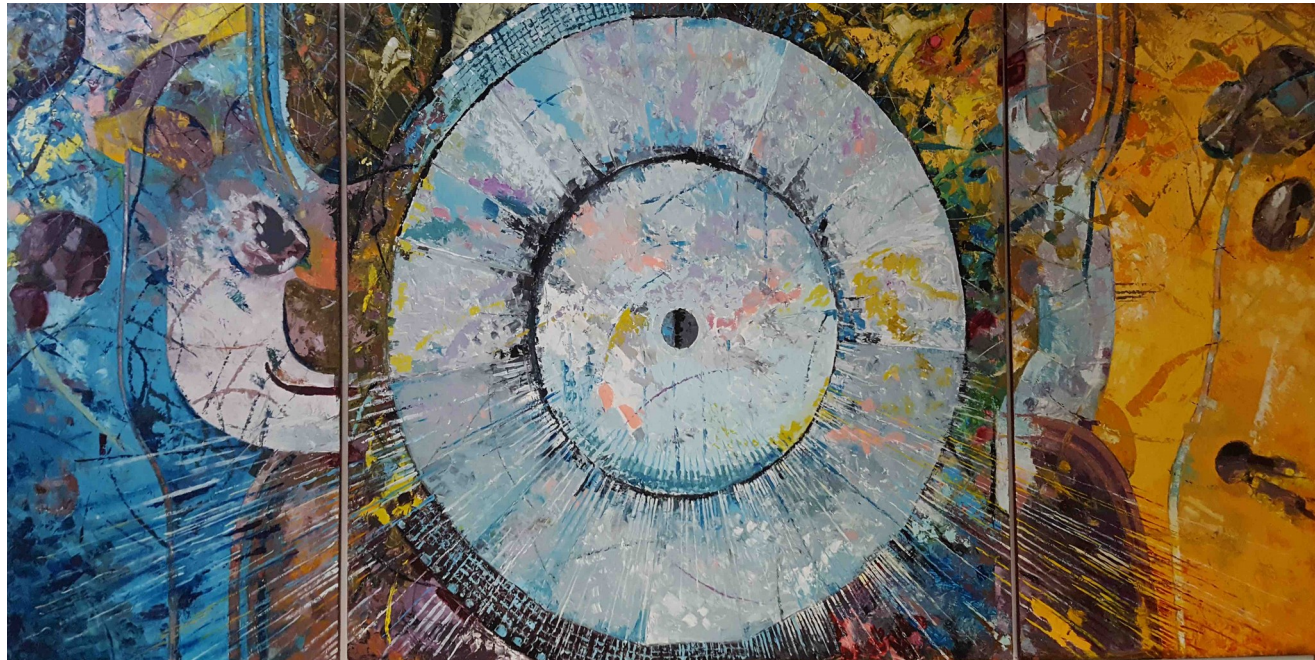
Status of KLOE-2



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on behalf of the KLOE-2 collaboration

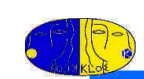


LNF Scientific Committee meeting
Frascati (COVID), November 16th 2020

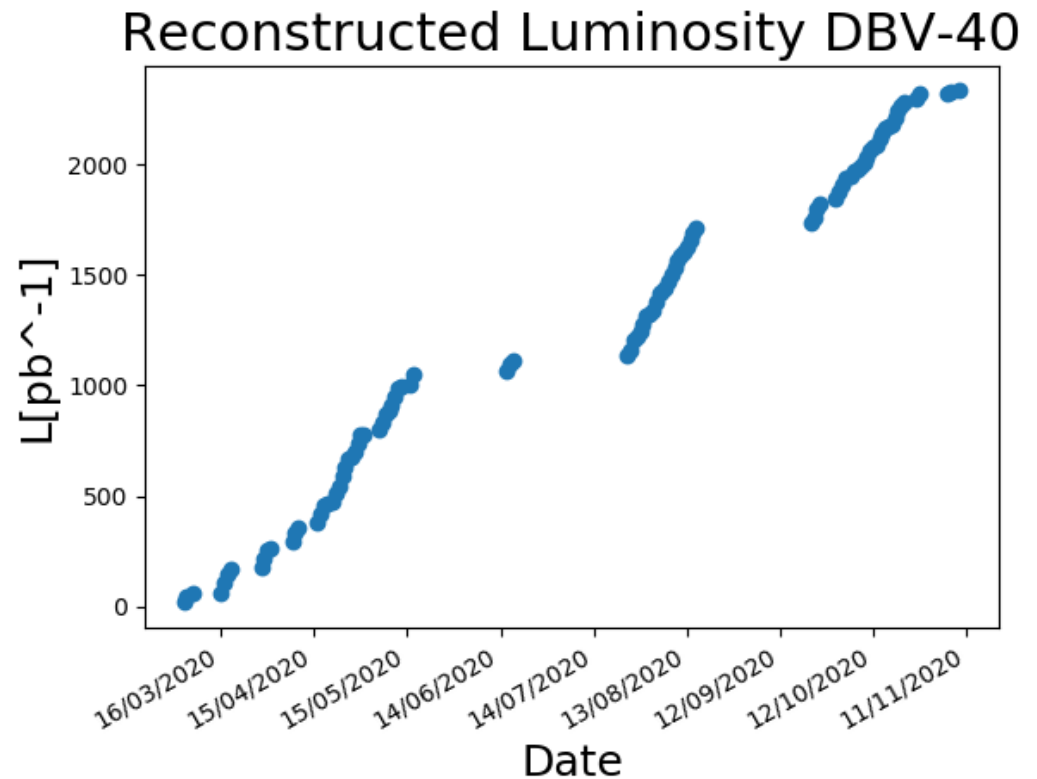


Outline

- Status of the reconstruction
- Monte Carlo Production
- Publications/Ongoing Analysis
 - Discussion of ongoing analysis
- Conclusions



- Final round of data reconstruction started on March 2020 with DBV-40 tag
- After 1 fb-1 reconstructed stop for data quality
- Reconstructed $L_{int} = 2.4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ to date
- Reconstruction rate $\sim 30 \text{ pb}^{-1}/\text{day}$ (only the reconstruction/no dead time)
- Prod2root production for data preservation
 - Sample produced for test
 - Used in data quality studies
 - Integration in DB2 to be finalized



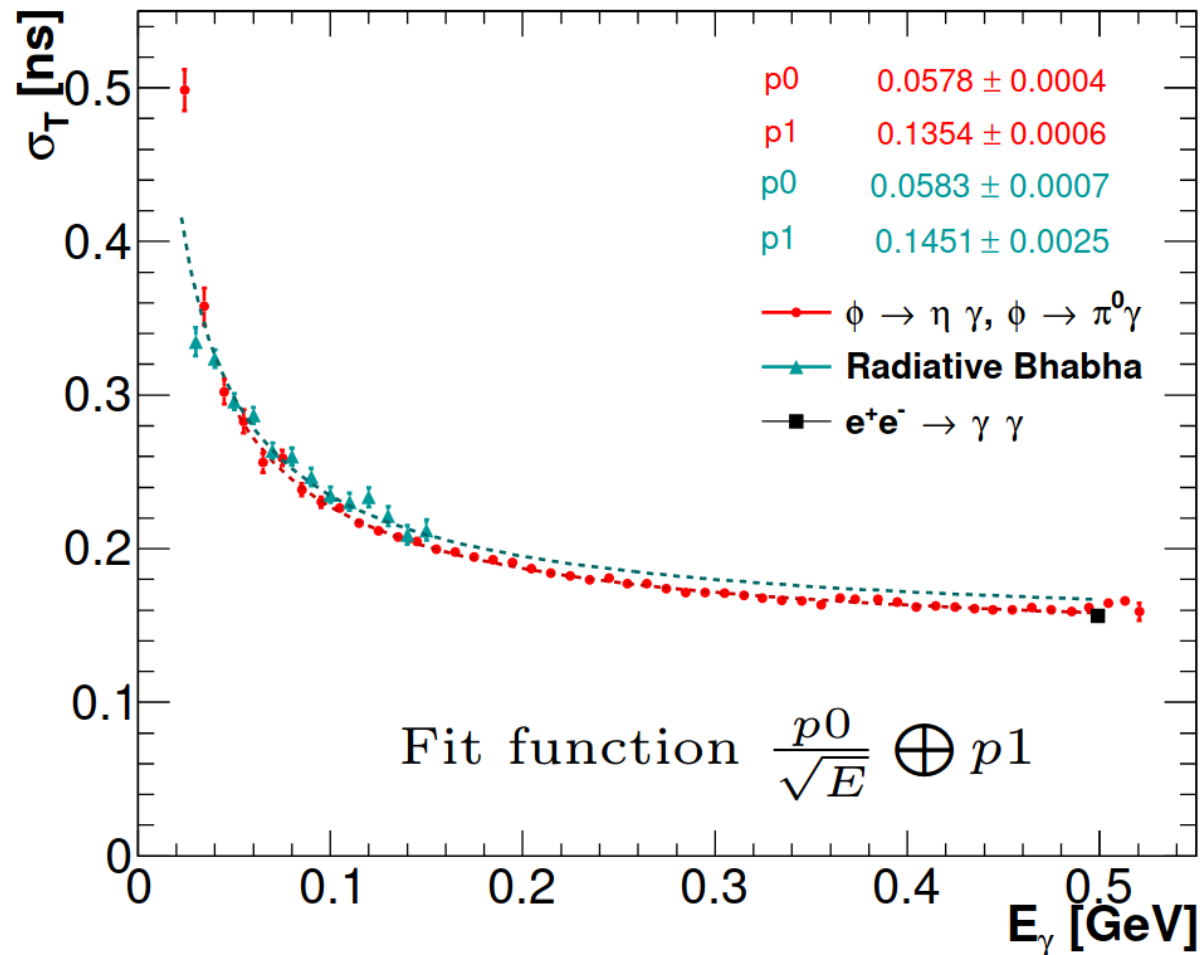


- **Full MC data sample with Luminosity Scale Factor (LSF) = 1 produced and reconstructed with version DBV-38**

Simulation	DBV Version	MC Version	LSF	Luminosity (pb-1)
$\phi \rightarrow \text{all}$	38	201	1.00	3703
$K_S \rightarrow 3\pi^0$	38	201	1×10^6	2032
$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$	38	201	0.01	353
$e^+e^- \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$	38	201	1.00	23
$\phi \rightarrow \text{all}$	39	210	1.00	93
$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^-$	39	210	0.01	93

- Production rate $\sim 15 \text{ pb}^{-1} / \text{day}$ (performed in parallel, but by allocating most of the computing power to the data reconstruction).

- Detector performances studies to parameterize the MC simulation
 - e.g. calorimeter time resolution



- New production with DBV-40 incorporating the updated detector response descriptions to be started soon



Last Publications

Measurement of the branching fraction for the decay $K_S \rightarrow \pi \mu \nu$ with the KLOE detector	Physics Letters B 804 (2020)
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-$ (P and CP viol.)	JHEP 10 (2020) 047

Ongoing analyses

T/CPT tests with $\phi \rightarrow K_S K_L \rightarrow 3\pi^0 \pi e \nu, \pi \pi \pi e \nu$	KLOE data
$K_S \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^0$	KLOE data
$K_S \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ (CP viol.)	KLOE-2 data
Search for decoherence and CPTV in $K_S K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$	KLOE data
$\gamma \gamma \rightarrow \pi^0$	KLOE-2 data
$\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$ - χ PT golden mode	KLOE / KLOE-2 data
B-boson search in $\phi \rightarrow \eta \pi^0 \gamma, \eta \rightarrow \gamma \gamma$	KLOE/KLOE-2 data
$e^+ e^- \rightarrow (\gamma) \eta \pi^+ \pi^- / \mu^+ \mu^-$	KLOE data



$$B(\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-) < 4.9 \times 10^{-6}$$

KLOE data 2004-05 ($L=1.6 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)

three times better than previous KLOE result (Phys. Lett. B606(2005) 276)

Combined KLOE(2005)/KLOE(2020) ($L=1.6+0.4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$)

$$B(\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-) < 4.4 \times 10^{-6}$$



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Upper limit on the $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ branching fraction with the KLOE experiment

The KLOE-2 collaboration

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Concept:

J. Bernabeu, A. Di Domenico and P. Villanueva-Perez,

Direct test of time-reversal symmetry in the entangled neutral kaon system at a Φ factory, Nucl. Phys. B 868 (2013) 102

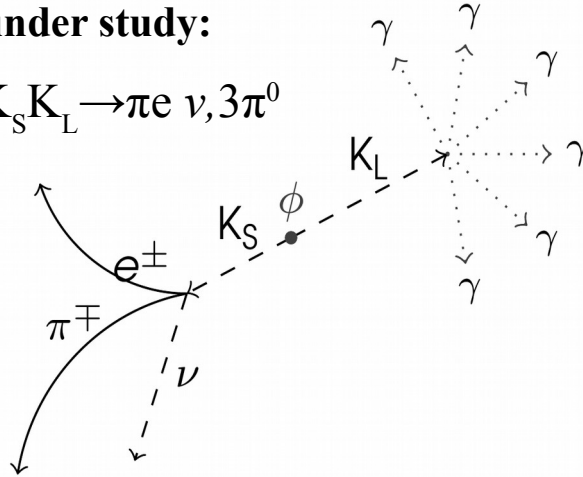
J. Bernabeu, A. Di Domenico and P. Villanueva-Perez,

Probing CPT in transitions with entangled neutral kaons, JHEP 1510 (2015) 139

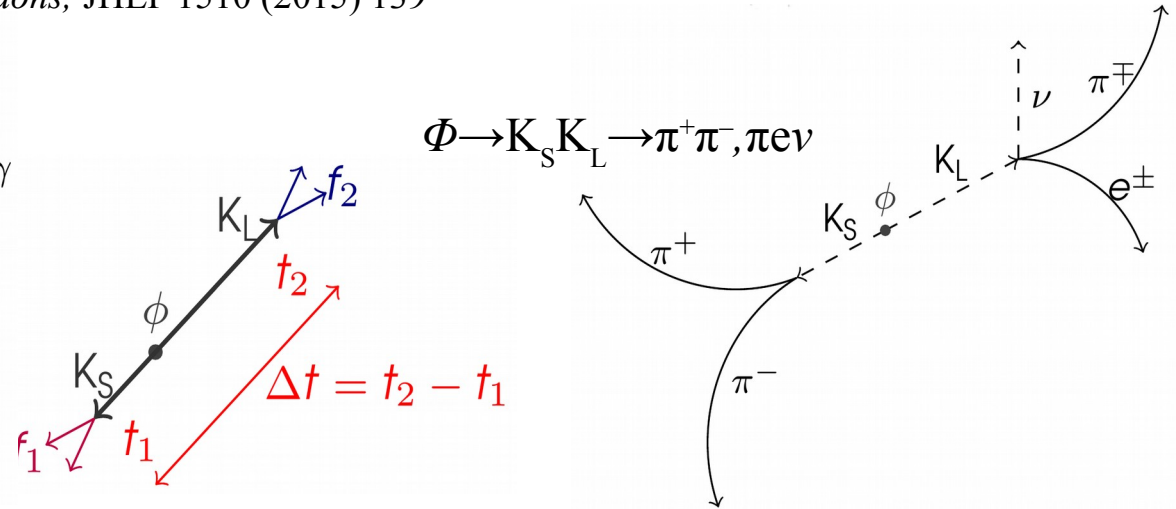
First such measurement with kaons
Model independent test

Processes under study:

$$\Phi \rightarrow K_S K_L \rightarrow \pi e \nu, 3\pi^0$$



$$\Phi \rightarrow K_S K_L \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^-, \pi e \nu$$



Observables of the tests (we focus on the asymptotic region):

T-violation sensitive

$$R_2^T(\Delta t) \sim \frac{I(\pi^+ e^- \nu, 3\pi^0; \Delta t)}{I(\pi^+ \pi^-, \pi^- e^+ \nu; \Delta t)}$$

CPT-violation sensitive

$$R_2^{CPT}(\Delta t) \sim \frac{I(\pi^+ e^- \bar{\nu}, 3\pi^0; \Delta t)}{I(\pi^+ \pi^-, \pi^+ e^- \bar{\nu}; \Delta t)}$$

$$R_4^T(\Delta t) \sim \frac{I(\pi^- e^+ \nu, 3\pi^0; \Delta t)}{I(\pi^+ \pi^-, \pi^+ e^- \nu; \Delta t)}$$

$$R_4^{CPT}(\Delta t) \sim \frac{I(\pi^- e^+ \nu, 3\pi^0; \Delta t)}{I(\pi^+ \pi^-, \pi^- e^+ \nu; \Delta t)}$$

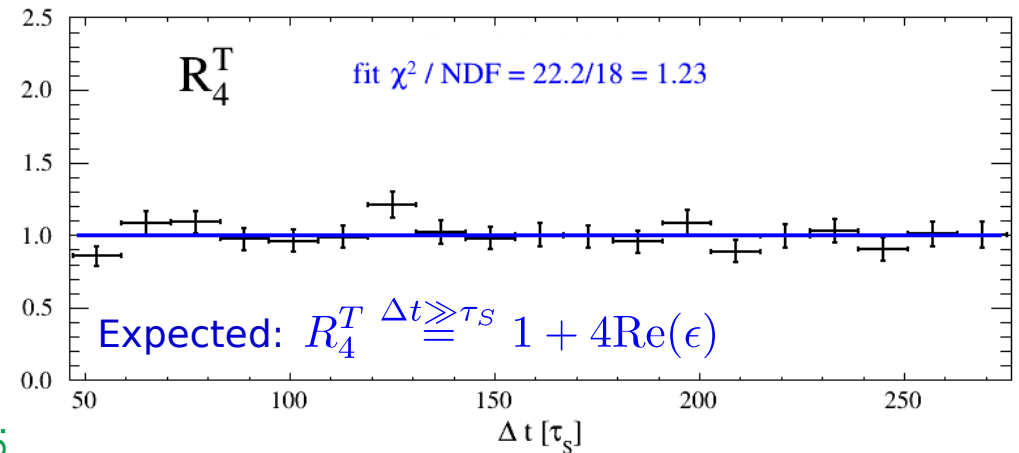
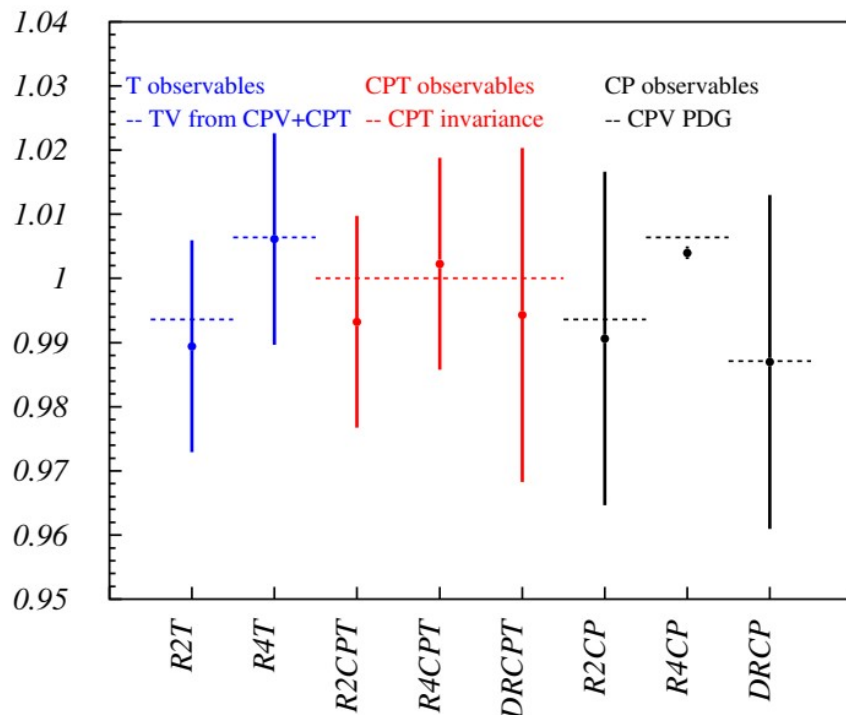
Double ratios:

$$\text{DRCP} = \frac{R_2^T}{R_4^T}(\Delta t) = \frac{I(3\pi^0, e^-) I(\pi^+ \pi^-, e^-)}{I(3\pi^0, e^+) I(\pi^+ \pi^-, e^+)}$$

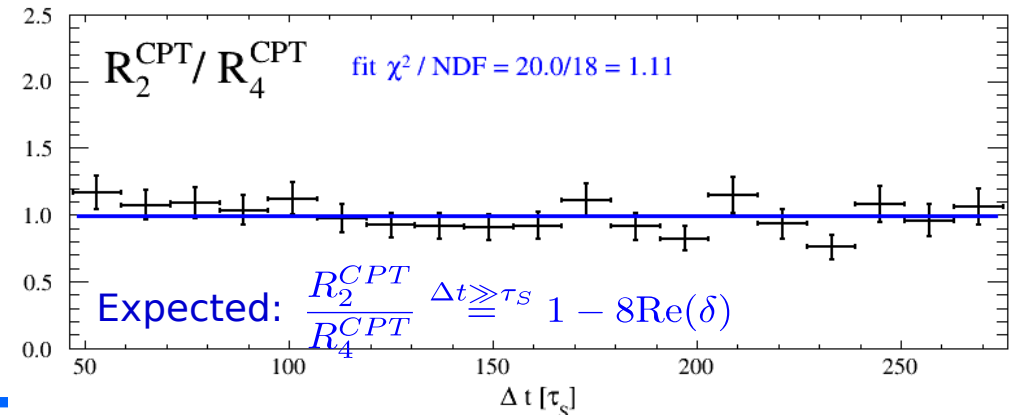
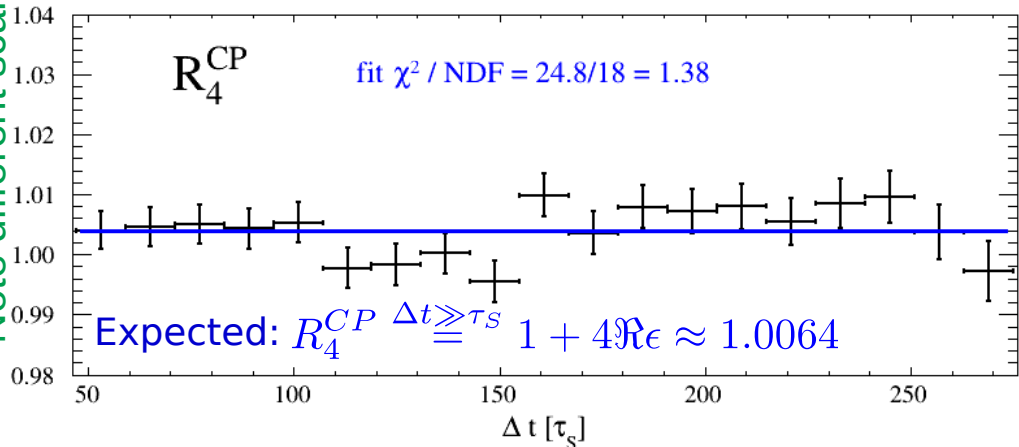
$$\frac{R_2^{CPT}}{R_4^{CPT}}(\Delta t) = \frac{I(3\pi^0, e^-) I(\pi^+ \pi^-, e^+)}{I(3\pi^0, e^+) I(\pi^+ \pi^-, e^-)}$$

- Analysis at the final stage
 - last systematic effects under study
- Refined statistical treatment of single and double ratios

Preliminary results
(statistical uncertainty only)



Note different scale!



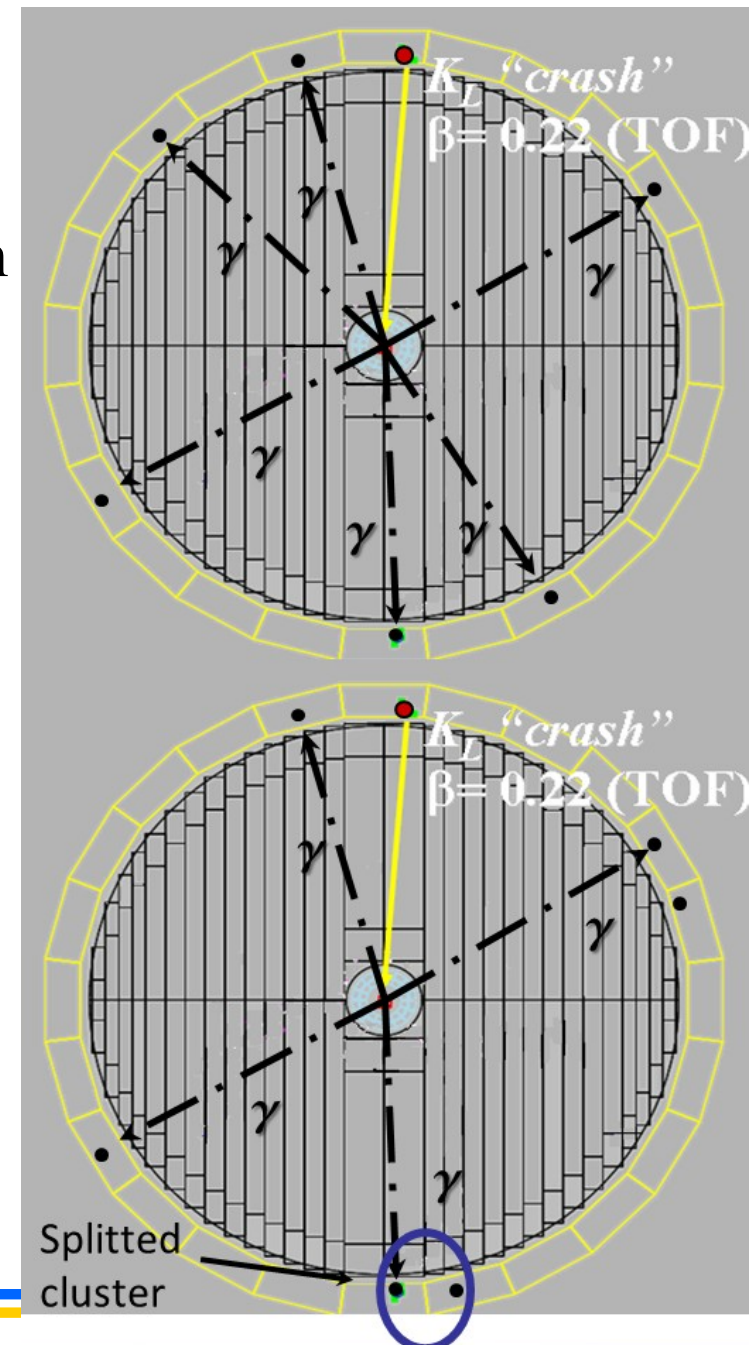


Contributions to systematic studies:

Effect	R_2^T	R_4^T	R_2^{CPT}	$R_4^{CP}_T$	double ratio R_2^{CPT} / R_4^{CPT}	R_4^{CP}
Δ bin width	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Smoothing of efficiencies	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Uncertainty on the D factor	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Center of the fitting range	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Width of the fitting range	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Trigger and background filter efficiencies	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Bias on the double ratio estimation method	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Event classification efficiencies	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Event selection cuts	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗



- ❖ $3\pi^0$ is a pure $CP=-1$ state
 - observation of $K_S \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ is an unambiguous sign of CP violation in mixing and/or in decay.
- ❖ Standard Model prediction:
 - $BR(K_S \rightarrow 3\pi^0) = 1.9 \times 10^{-9}$
- ❖ Best upper-limit by KLOE with 1.7 fb^{-1}
PLB 723 (2013) 54
 - $BR(K_S \rightarrow 3\pi^0) < 2.6 \times 10^{-8}$ @ 90% CL





❖ Analysed data:

❖ Runs 80231-95093 (in total $\sim 4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, DBV-38)

❖ MC simulations:

❖ $K_S \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ signal: runs 80231-89035 ($\sim 1.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, Datarec v38, LSF = 10^6)

❖ **All_phys: 80231-95093 (in total $\sim 4 \text{ fb}^{-1}$, DBV-38, LSF=1)**

❖ Preselection with the following requirements:

- K_L -crash: $E > 150 \text{ MeV}$, $0.2 < \beta < 0.225$
- prompt photons: $E_{cl} > 20 \text{ MeV}$; $|\cos \theta_{cl}| \leq 0.915$

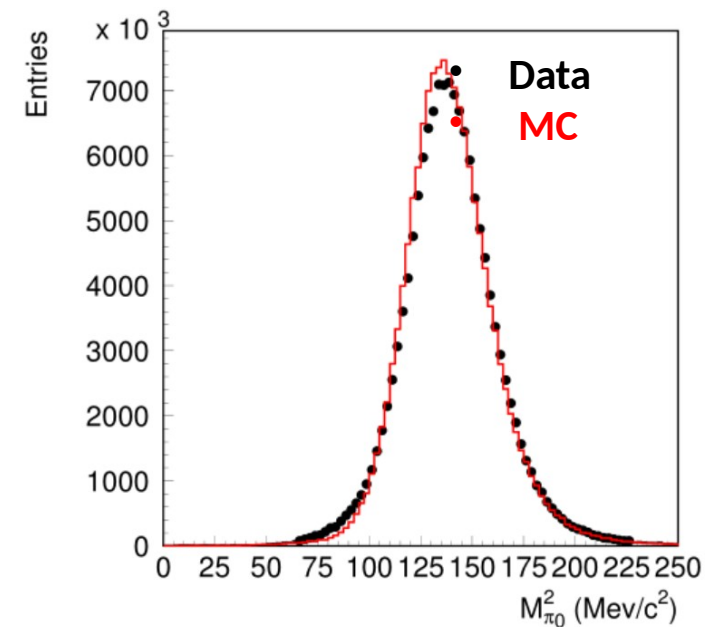
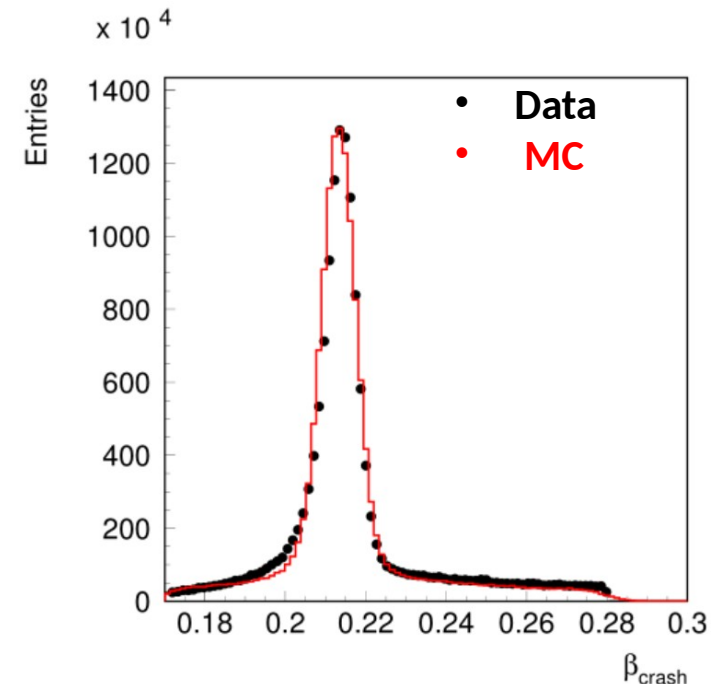
and $|\Delta T_{cl}| \leq \text{Min}(3.0 \cdot \sigma_T(E_{cl}), 2 \text{ ns})$

❖ $K_S \rightarrow 2\pi^0$ (4 prompt photons) used for normalization

❖ Cuts optimization procedure is in progress

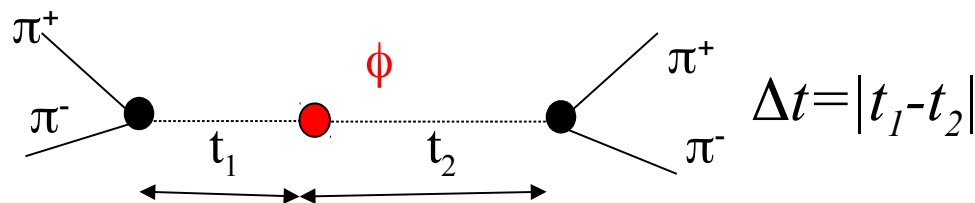
❖ Improvement based on MVA approach under study

❖ Started preselection with DBV-40

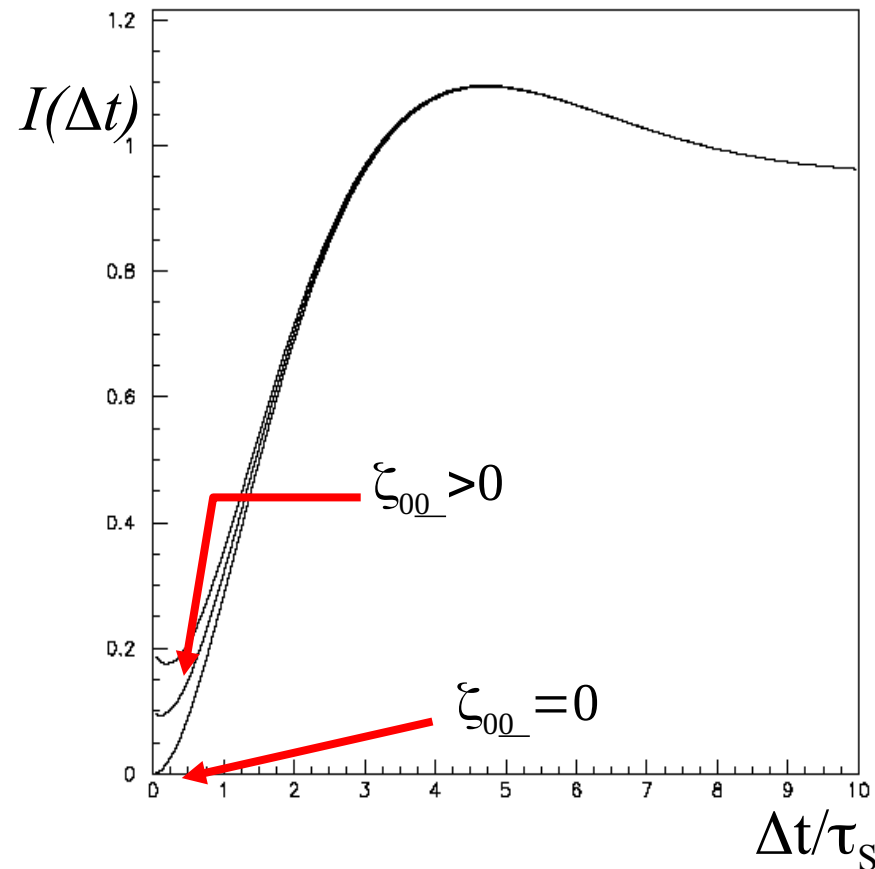




$$|i\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} [|K^0\rangle |\bar{K}^0\rangle - |\bar{K}^0\rangle |K^0\rangle]$$



Most precise test of quantum coherence in an entangled system:



$$I(\pi^+ \pi^-, \pi^+ \pi^-; \Delta t) = \frac{N}{2} \left[\left| \langle \pi^+ \pi^-, \pi^+ \pi^- | K^0 \bar{K}^0(\Delta t) \rangle \right|^2 + \left| \langle \pi^+ \pi^-, \pi^+ \pi^- | \bar{K}^0 K^0(\Delta t) \rangle \right|^2 - (1 - \xi_{00}) \cdot 2 \Re \left(\langle \pi^+ \pi^-, \pi^+ \pi^- | K^0 \bar{K}^0(\Delta t) \rangle \langle \pi^+ \pi^-, \pi^+ \pi^- | \bar{K}^0 K^0(\Delta t) \rangle^* \right) \right]$$

ξ_{00} decoherence parameter in the $K^0 \bar{K}^0$ basis

(QM predicts $\xi_{00} = 0$)

[or ξ_{SL} in the $K_S - K_L$ basis]



Decoherence effects might arise in a quantum gravity picture necessarily entailing CPT violation [Ellis et. al, NP B241 (1984) 381; Ellis, Mavromatos et al. PRD53 (1996)3846]:

- 1) In this case the relevant parameter in the modified time evolution of neutral kaons is the **γ parameter** (at most $\gamma = O(m_K^2/M_{\text{planck}}) \sim 2 \times 10^{-20}$ GeV)
- 2) the initial entangled state is modified adding a tiny symmetric part -> **ω effect** (at most $\omega = O(m_K^2/M_{\text{planck}}/\Delta\Gamma) \sim 1 \times 10^{-3}$)

$$|i\rangle \propto (K^0 \bar{K}^0 - K^0 \bar{K}^0) + \omega (K^0 \bar{K}^0 + K^0 \bar{K}^0)$$

Previous KLOE measurement **$L=380 \text{ pb}^{-1}$**
KLOE PLB 642 (2006) 315

$$\zeta_{SL} = (1.8 \pm 4.0 \pm 0.7) \cdot 10^{-2}$$

$$\zeta_{00} = (1.0 \pm 2.1 \pm 0.4) \cdot 10^{-6}$$

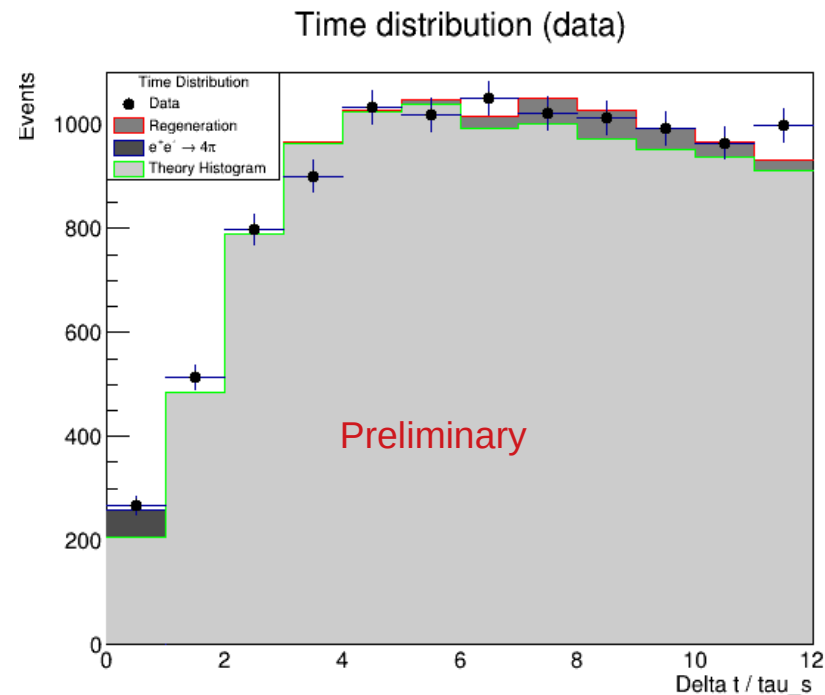
$$\gamma = (1.3_{-1.4}^{+2.8} \pm 0.4) \cdot 10^{-21} \text{ GeV}$$

$$\Re(\omega) = (1.1_{-5.3}^{+8.7} \pm 0.9) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\Im(\omega) = (3.4_{-5.0}^{+4.8} \pm 0.6) \cdot 10^{-4}$$



- **KLOE data: $L=1.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$**
- Fit including Δt resolution and efficiency effects + regeneration
- Improvements wrt past analysis:
 - $\cos(\theta_{\pi^+\pi^-}) > -0.975$ cut to improve Δt resolution
 - improved $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^+\pi^-$ background evaluation from 2D fit to sidebands



KLOE preliminary

$L=1.7 \text{ fb}^{-1}$

$$\zeta_{\text{SL}} = (\text{xx} \pm 1.7 \pm 0.8) \cdot 10^{-2}$$

$$\zeta_{00} = (\text{xx} \pm 8.8 \pm 4.3) \cdot 10^{-7}$$

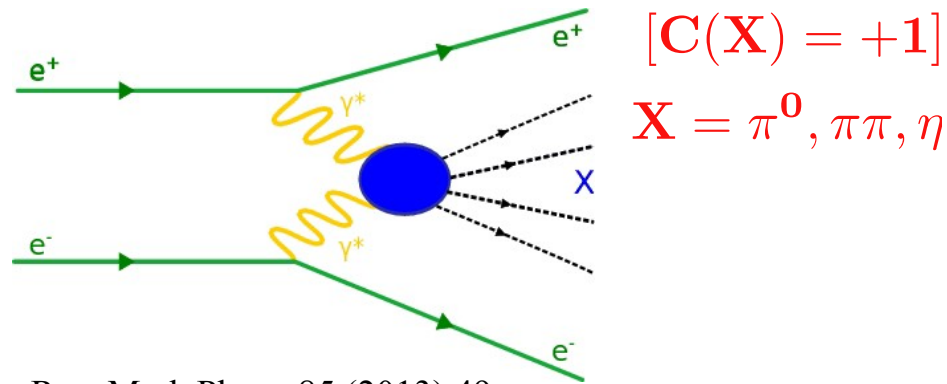
$$\gamma = (\text{xx} \pm 1.0 \pm 0.5) \cdot 10^{-21} \text{ GeV}$$

$$\text{Re}(\omega) = (\text{xx} \pm 2.0 \pm 0.8) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

$$\text{Im}(\omega) = (\text{xx} \pm 2.8 \pm 1.2) \cdot 10^{-4}$$

Statistical uncertainty
reduced by half
Central values
consistent with zero

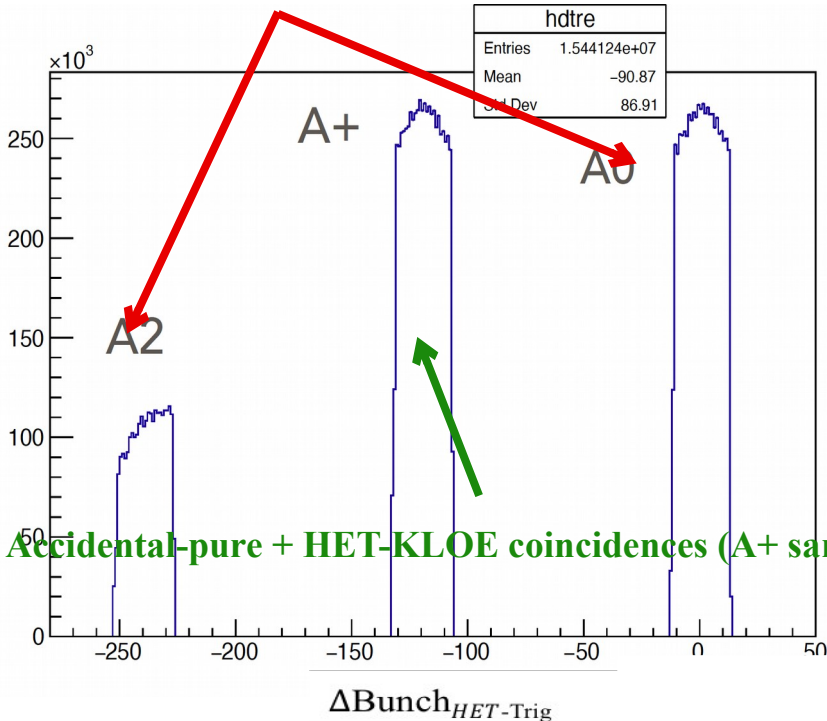
$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- \gamma^* \gamma^* \rightarrow e^+e^- X$$



Rev. Mod. Phys., 85 (2013) 49

- Precision measurement of $\Gamma(\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma)$
- Transition form factor $F_{\pi\gamma\gamma^*}(q^2, 0)$ at space-like q^2 ($|q^2| < 0.1 \text{ GeV}^2$), impact on value and precision of a_1

Accidental-pure data (A sample)



Accidental-pure + HET-KLOE coincidences (A+ sample)

$$e^+e^- \rightarrow e^+e^- \gamma^* \gamma^* \rightarrow e^+e^- X$$

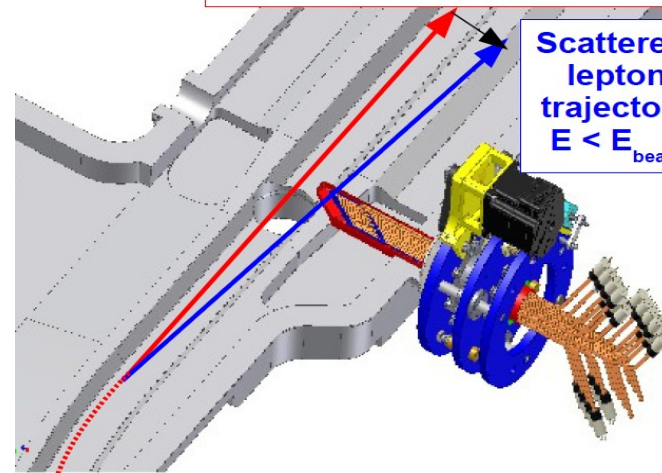
to taggers

in KLOE

Measurement concept:
Eur. Phys. J. C 72 (2012) 1917

Nominal orbit ($E_{\text{beam}} = 510 \text{ MeV}$)

Scattered lepton trajectory
 $E < E_{\text{beam}}$



First bending dipoles of DAΦNE act as spectrometers for scattered leptons ($420 < E < 495 \text{ MeV}$)

Scintillator hodoscope + PMTs, inserted in Roman pots pitch: 5 mm, ~ 11 m from IP ($\sigma_E \sim 2.5 \text{ MeV}$ $\sigma_{\tau} \sim 500 \text{ ps}$)

HET is acquired asynchronously w.r.t. the KLOE-2 DAQ (Xilinx Virtex 5 - FPGA), synchronization with the "Fiducial" signal from DAΦNE (each 325 ns) and the KLOE trigger

HET acquisition window corresponds to about 2.5 DAΦNE revolutions, data are recorded only when a KLOE trigger is asserted

The analysis is based on the HET-KLOE coincidences and the accidental-pure samples used for background modelling (shape and number)



Status of $\gamma\gamma$ Search



$$\Delta T_{\gamma\gamma} - \Delta R_{\gamma\gamma}/c < 0.3 \text{ ns}$$

The reconstruction of 3 fb^{-1} of good-quality data has been completed (2015-16-17-18 data-taking periods)

Single-arm selection:

- Sample of 2 clusters associated with the same bunch crossing the KLOE barrel calorimeter
- Selected bunch crossing, and, independently selected HET signal, are in a time window of 40 ns around the KLOE trigger

Analysis Strategy:

- Simultaneous fits of A^+/A^- samples in $M_{\gamma\gamma}, \Delta T_{\gamma\gamma} - \Delta R_{\gamma\gamma}/c, \cos\theta_{\gamma\gamma}$.
- Fit to accidental-pure samples used to constrain the number of accidentals in A^+
- Time coincidence window : 8 ns (3 bunch crossings)

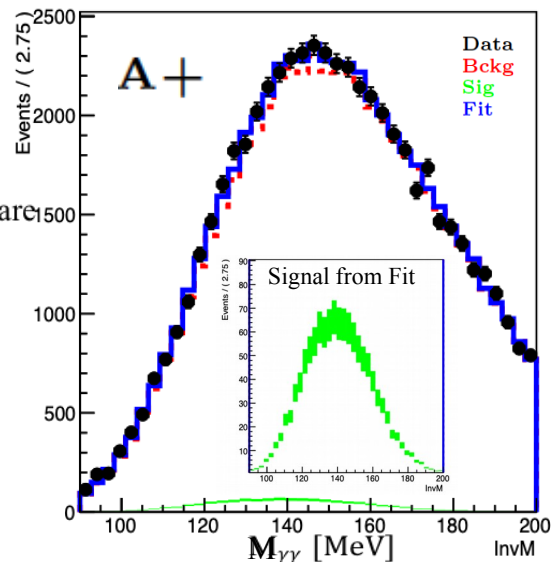
-Accidental pure sample (A) used to model background pdf

-Signal pdfs by Ekhara simulation, control samples and BDSIM transport of the leptons through the beam line

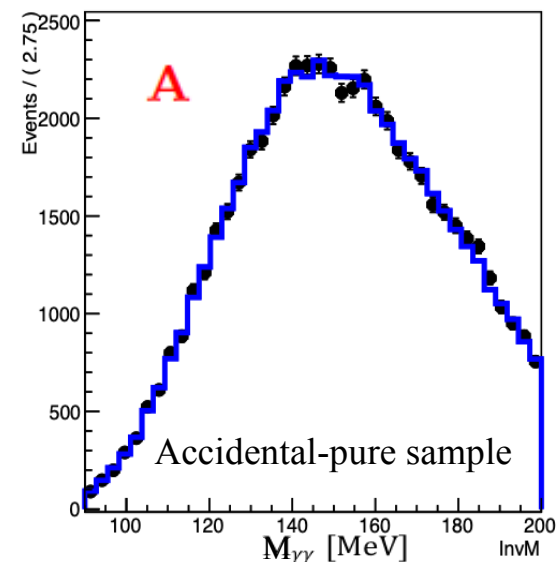
- $M_{\gamma\gamma}, \cos\theta_{\gamma\gamma}$ with a signal-enriching cut ($\Delta T_{\gamma\gamma} - \Delta R_{\gamma\gamma}/c < 0.3 \text{ ns}$) separately fitted. Signal fraction (0.55) fixed from the analysis of control samples

10% precision on signal reached with $\sim 1.5 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ (2017-18 data)

Data on InvM simultaneous fit

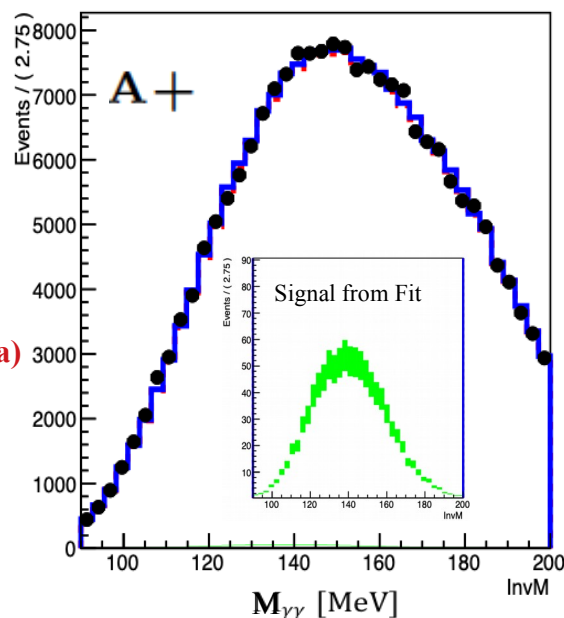


Data on InvM simultaneous fit Accidental-pure sample

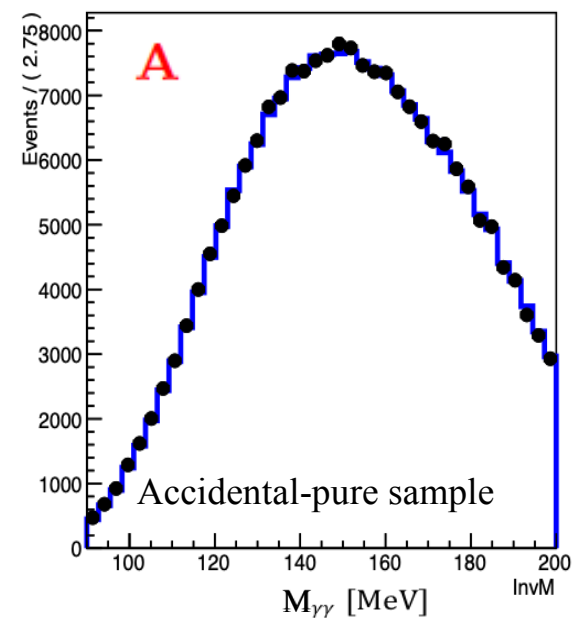


$$\Delta T_{\gamma\gamma} - \Delta R_{\gamma\gamma}/c > 0.3 \text{ ns}$$

Data on InvM simultaneous fit background-rich region

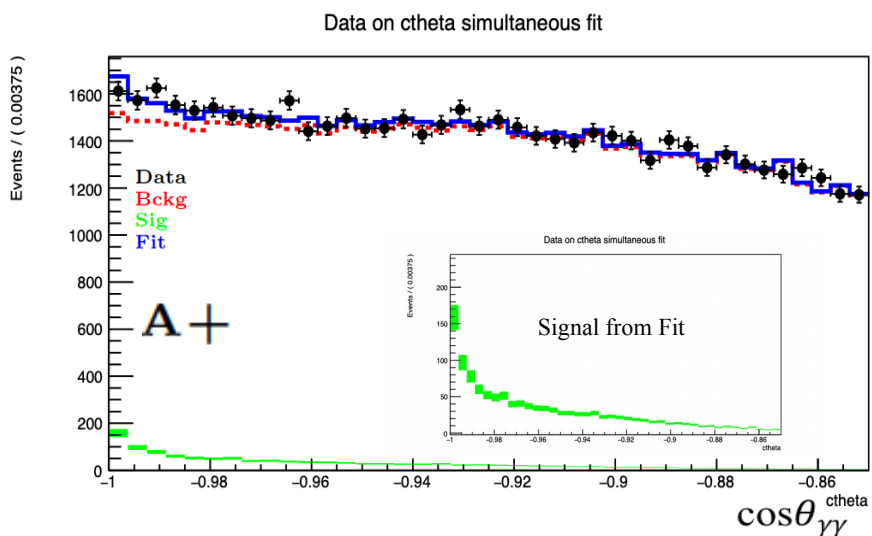


Data on InvM simultaneous fit Accidental-pure sample background-rich region

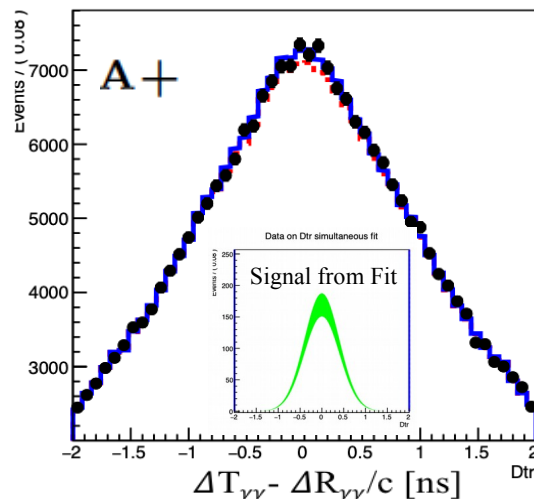




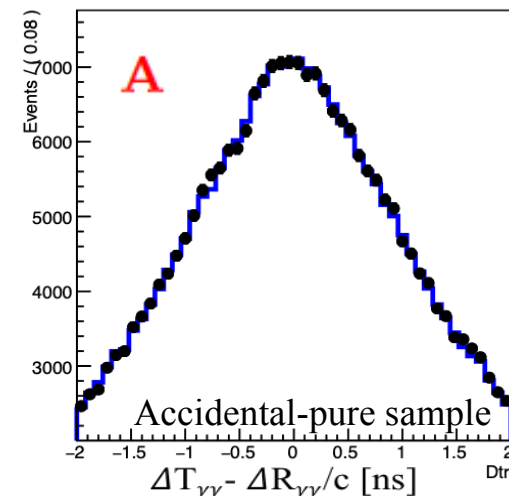
$$\Delta T_{\gamma\gamma} - \Delta R_{\gamma\gamma}/c < 0.3 \text{ ns}$$



Data on Dtr simultaneous fit

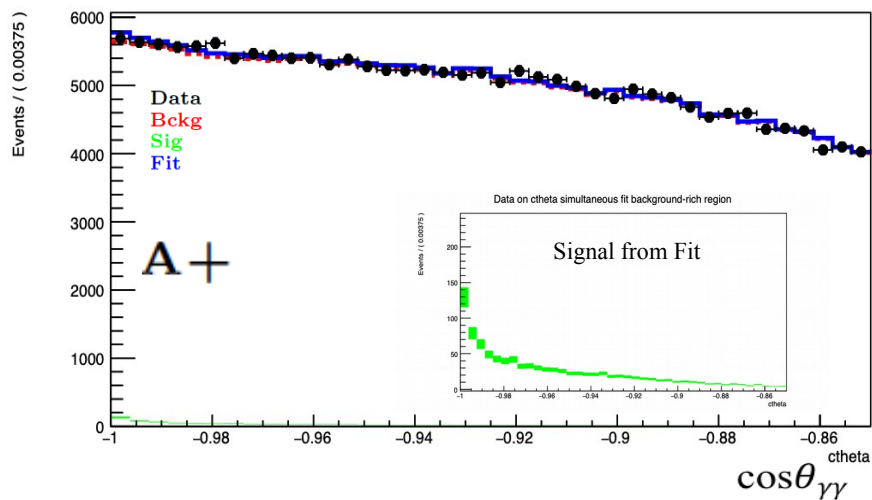


Accidental-pure sample



$$\Delta T_{\gamma\gamma} - \Delta R_{\gamma\gamma}/c > 0.3 \text{ ns}$$

Data on ctheta simultaneous fit background-rich region



-Signal modelling: improvements are being studied on control samples:

- Length of the interaction region modifies cos distribution. Bhabha's vertex reconstruction in KLOE are being used to obtain position/length and verify stability
- Photon energy distribution depends on calorimeter trigger thresholds. Radiative Bhabha in KLOE used to measure thresholds per sector / per data-taking periods. Control of the results in progress
- Thorough control of the results on the constant term in the time resolution of the calorimeter to validate T- R/c distribution

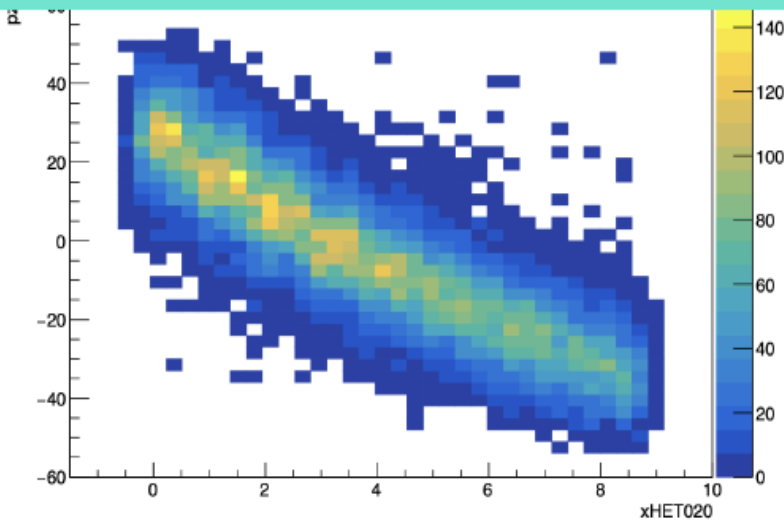


Toy MC - Fit results - pz, xHET correlation included

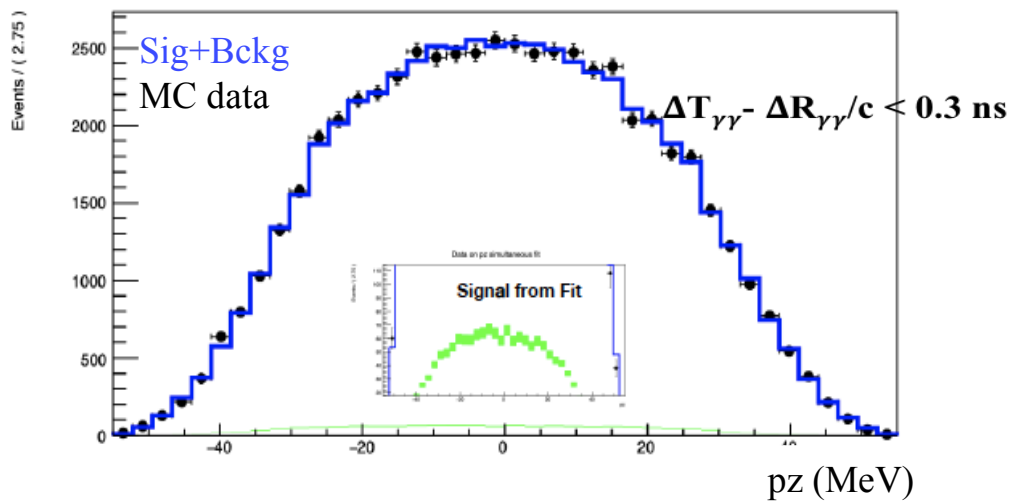


- The correlation between pion momentum and HET channel must be considered to improve the precision at few percent level with all data available
- Acceptance per channel measured with radiative Bhabha in the HET needed. Work in progress.
- Toy MC used to evaluate precision when correlation between pion momentum and HET channel is added - 6% reached

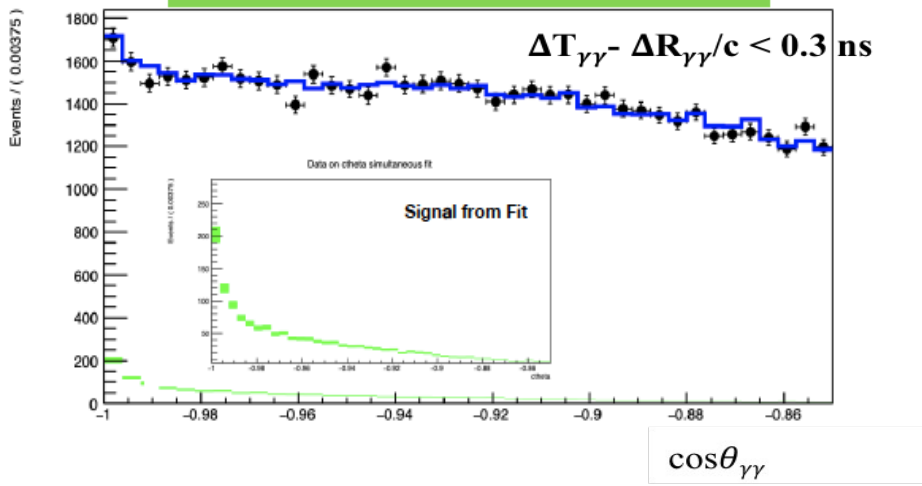
xHET(cm), pz(MeV) correlation: MC signal



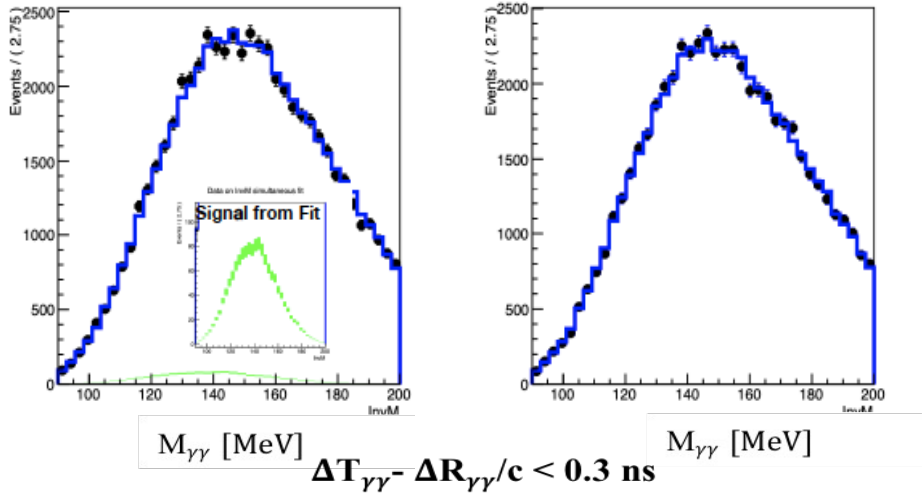
Fit Result : Toy MC - pz (MeV)



Fit results: Toy MC - cos(aph)

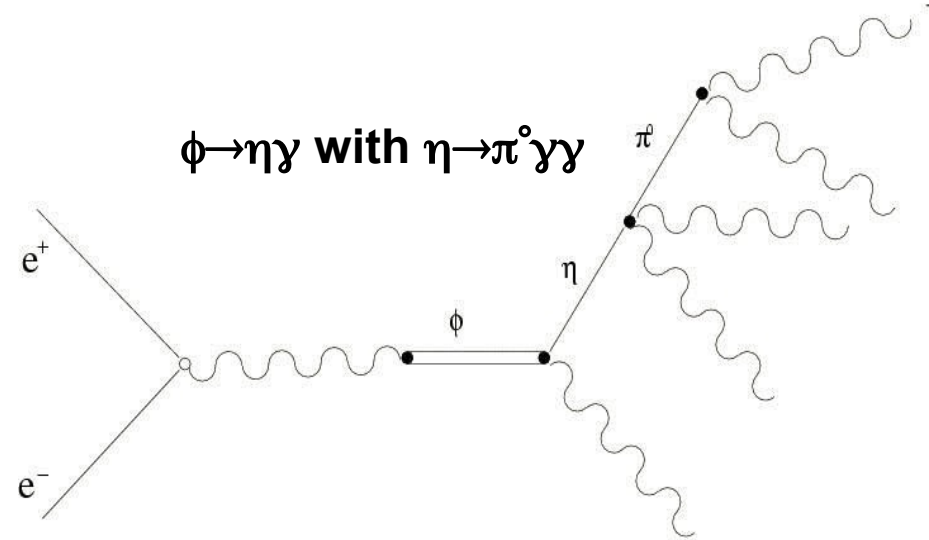


Fit results: Toy MC - InvM (MeV)



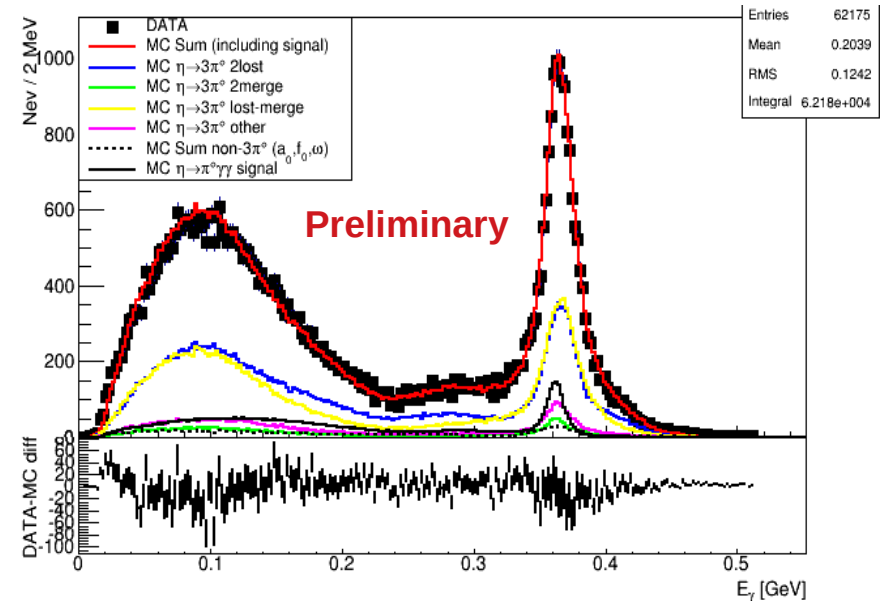


- $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$ (from $\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$): χ PT golden mode, $O(p^2)$ null, $O(p^4)$ suppressed \Rightarrow sensitive to $O(p^6)$
 BR = $(22.1 \pm 2.4 \pm 4.7) \times 10^{-5}$ CB@AGS (2008)
 BR = $(25.2 \pm 2.5) \times 10^{-5}$ CB@MAMI (2014)
 Old KLOE preliminary: $(8.4 \pm 2.7 \pm 1.4) \times 10^{-5}$
 (L = $450 \text{ pb}^{-1} \sim 70$ signal events)



5 prompt photon sample:

- L = 1.7 fb^{-1} of KLOE data
- Main background is $\phi \rightarrow \eta \gamma$, with $\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ with lost or merged photons
- Kinematic fit constraining only TOF of photons plus E&p conservation to improve the resolution
- Multivariate Analysis with cluster shape variables to separate single photon from merged photon clusters
- Good data-MC description in various variables

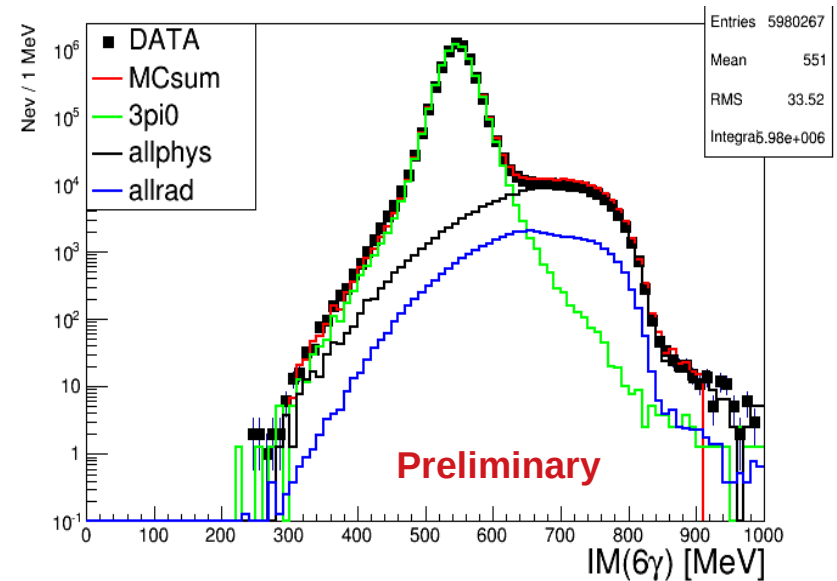


- Cluster energy distribution fit to data with signal+background MC shapes

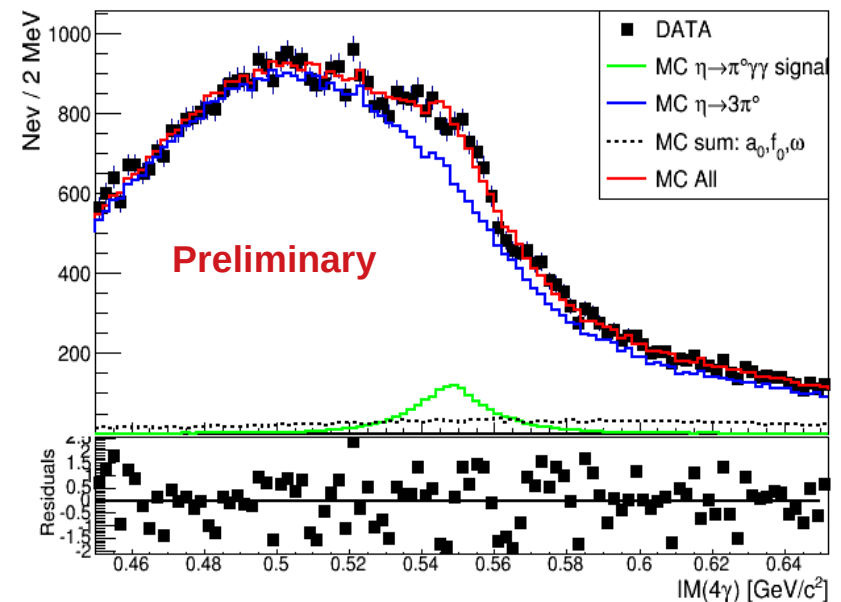


- Normalization to $\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ sample in order to reduce systematic effects
- Clear signal evidence on data distribution $S/B \sim 0.1$ in the signal region, achieved with $\epsilon_s \sim 20\%$
- Number of signal events ~ 1700
- Statistical uncertainty reduced by a factor three with respect to the preliminary KLOE result
- Consistency check of different fitting strategies and systematic uncertainty evaluation ongoing

Clear $\eta \rightarrow \pi^0 \gamma \gamma$ signal evidence

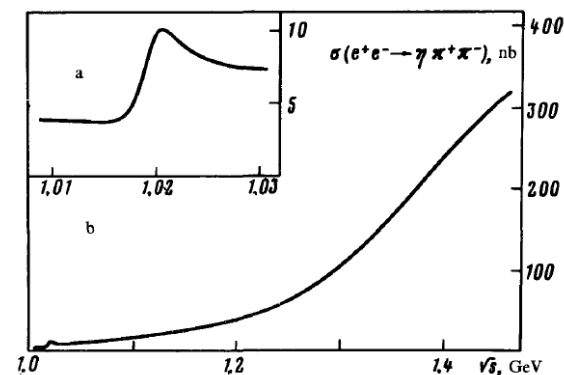


- Normalization to $\eta \rightarrow 3\pi^0$ sample





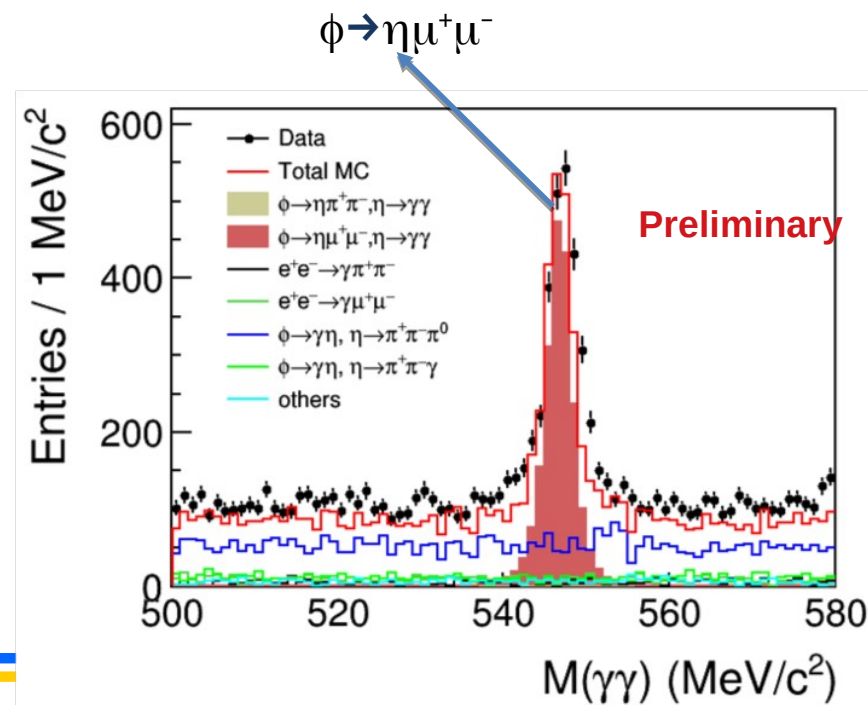
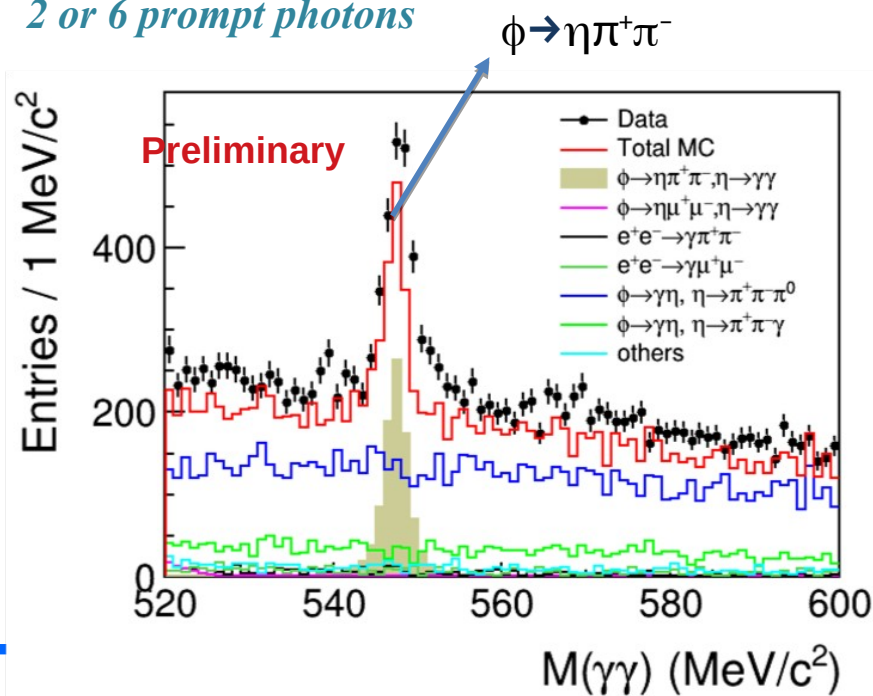
- In VMD model, $e^+e^- \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$ is proceed via ρ resonances, mainly via $\rho\eta$ intermediate state. KLOE/KLOE-2 data allow to measure the line shape around ϕ
- $\phi \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$ violates the OZI rule and G-parity, VMD predicts the $Br \sim 0.35 \times 10^{-6}$.
 $Br < 1.8 \times 10^{-5}$ @ 90% CL @ CMD-2 [PLB491\(2000\)81](#)
- The same sample can be also used to search for the Dalitz decay $\phi \rightarrow \eta\mu^+\mu^-$,
 $Br < 0.94 \times 10^{-5}$ @ 90% CL @ CMD-2 [PLB501\(2001\)191](#)



With $\sim 700 \text{ pb}^{-1}$ KLOE data, analysis procedure for $\phi \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$ and $\eta\mu^+\mu^-$ is established:

- $\eta \rightarrow \gamma\gamma / \pi^0\pi^0\pi^0$
- 2 charged tracks
- 2 or 6 prompt photons

clear $\phi \rightarrow \eta\pi^+\pi^-$ and $\eta\mu^+\mu^-$ signals





- Final round of Data Reconstruction started on March, about 2.4 fb^{-1} produced
- Root output implemented and test production used in data quality, integration on DB2 ongoing
- Full MC data sample produced and reconstructed with version DBV-38; data-MC optimization studies been performed and to be included for the DBV-40 version; Production to be started soon
- New publication $\eta \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-$ (P and CP violation) JHEP 10 (2020) 047
- Several analyses ongoing both with KLOE and KLOE-2 samples in good advance states

Recommendations KLOE:

In all cases of ongoing data analyses, there is good progress and the SC recommends to keep going and to advance these important results further.