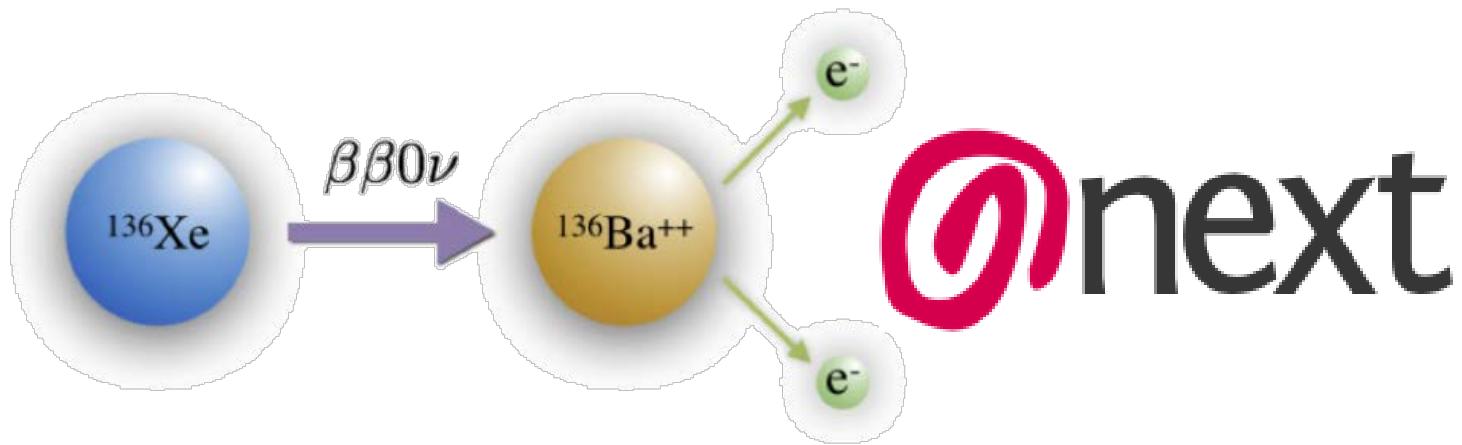


The **FBI** concept in the context of Ba-tagging for neutrinoless double beta decay events.

Fluorescent **B**icolor **I**ndicator



Detecting “tagging” the Ba^{++} signaling a $\beta\beta0\nu$ process in TPC xenon chambers.

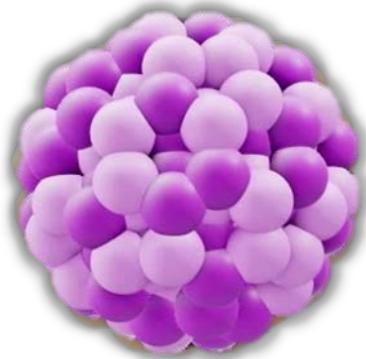
Zoraida Freixa^{a,b} on behalf of **onext**

Iván Rivilla,^{b,c} Borja Aparicio,^a Pablo Herrero,^{c,d} Celia Rogero,^d Francesc Monrabal,^{b,c} Fernando P. Cossío,^a Juan José Gómez-Cadenas^{b,c}

^a University of the Basque Country (UPV/EHU), 20018 Donostia, Spain. ^b Ikerbasque, Basque Foundation for Science, 48009 Bilbao, Spain. ^c Donostia International Physics Center (DIPC), 20018 Donostia, Spain. ^d Materials Physics Center CFM (CSIC-UPV/EHU).20018, Donostia, Spain.

How to confirm experimentally if neutrino is a Majorana particle?

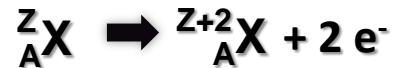
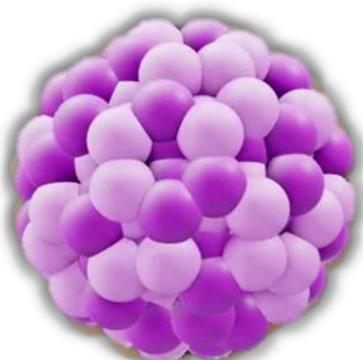
$\beta\beta 2\nu$



SM-allowed process
Measured in several nuclei

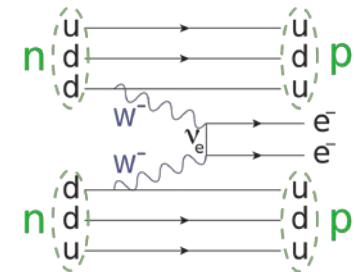
$$T_{1/2}^{2\nu} \sim 10^{19} - 10^{21} \text{ yr}$$

$\beta\beta 0\nu$



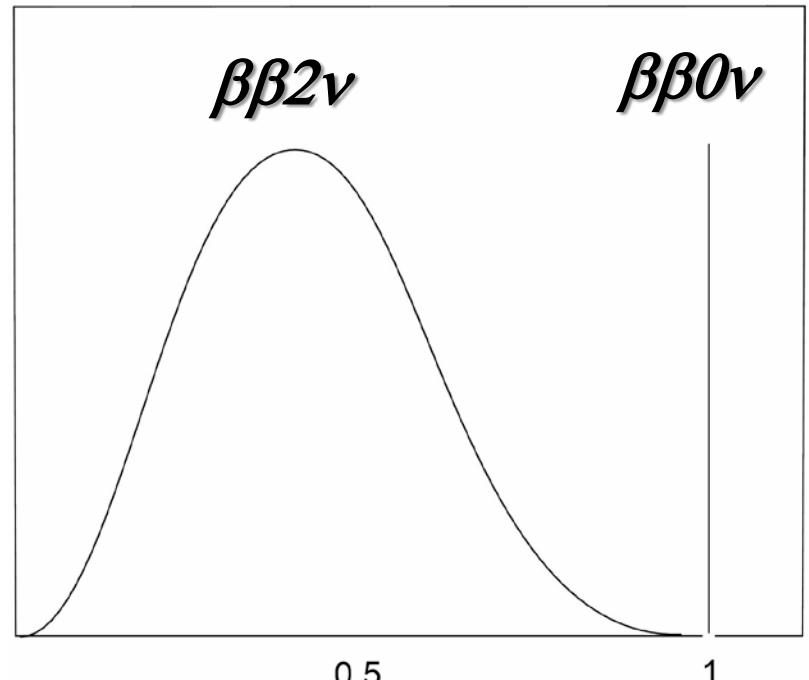
Lepton number violating process
Requires massive, Majorana neutrinos

$$T_{1/2}^{0\nu} > 10^{26} \text{ yr}$$



$\beta\beta 2\nu$

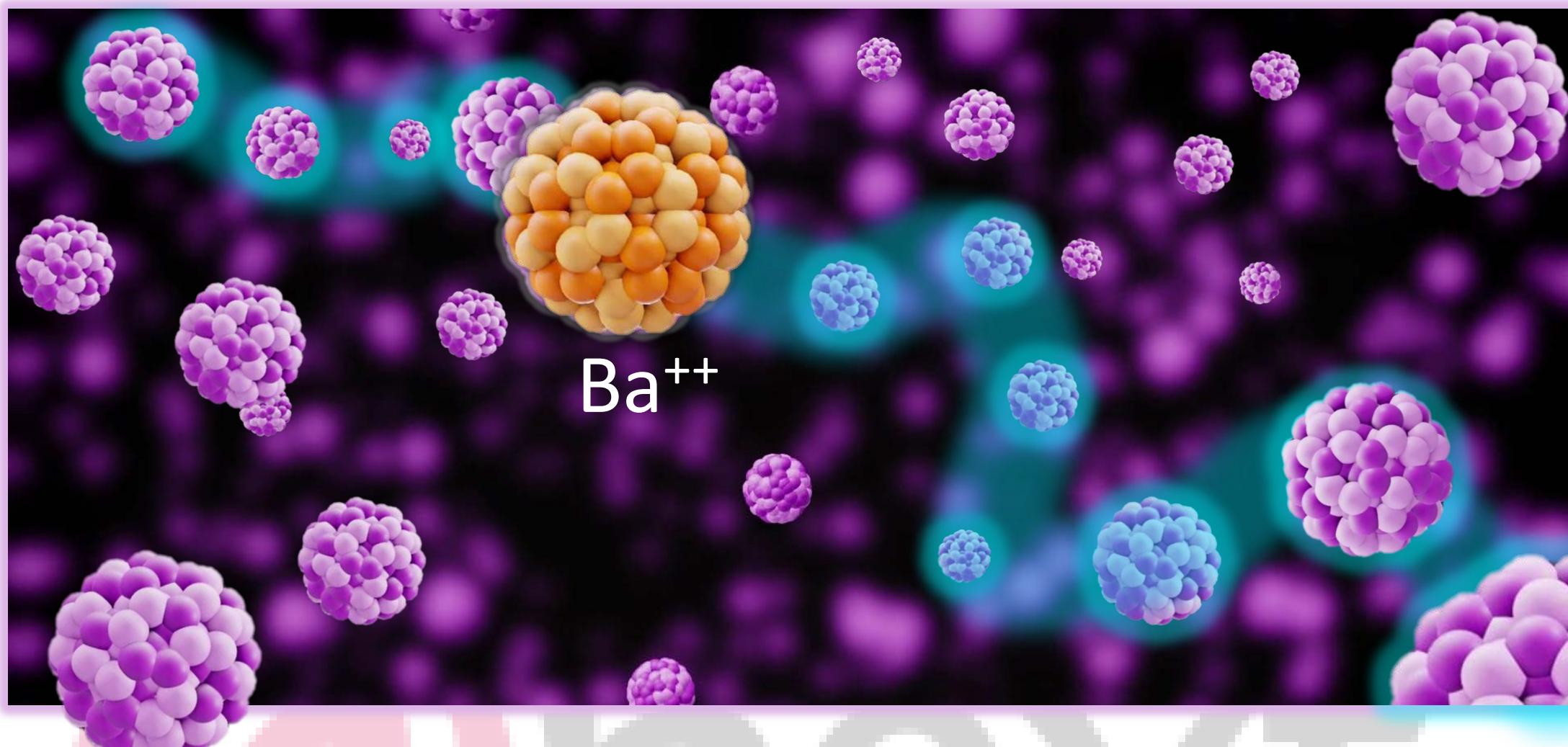
$\beta\beta 0\nu$



$$(T_{e1} + T_{e2}) / Q_{\beta\beta}$$

How to confirm experimentally if neutrino is a Majorana particle?

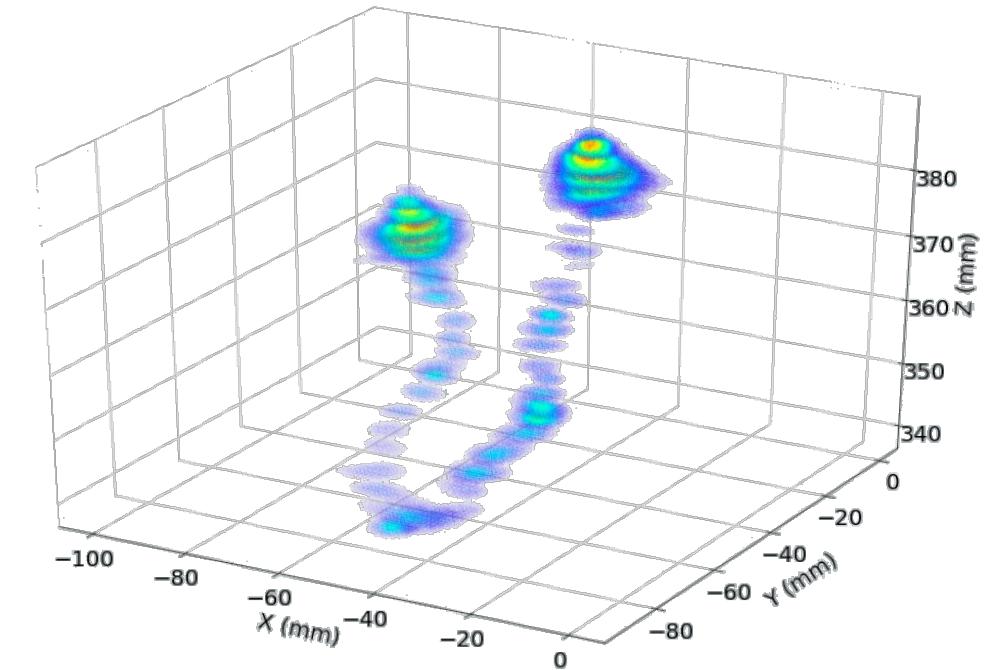
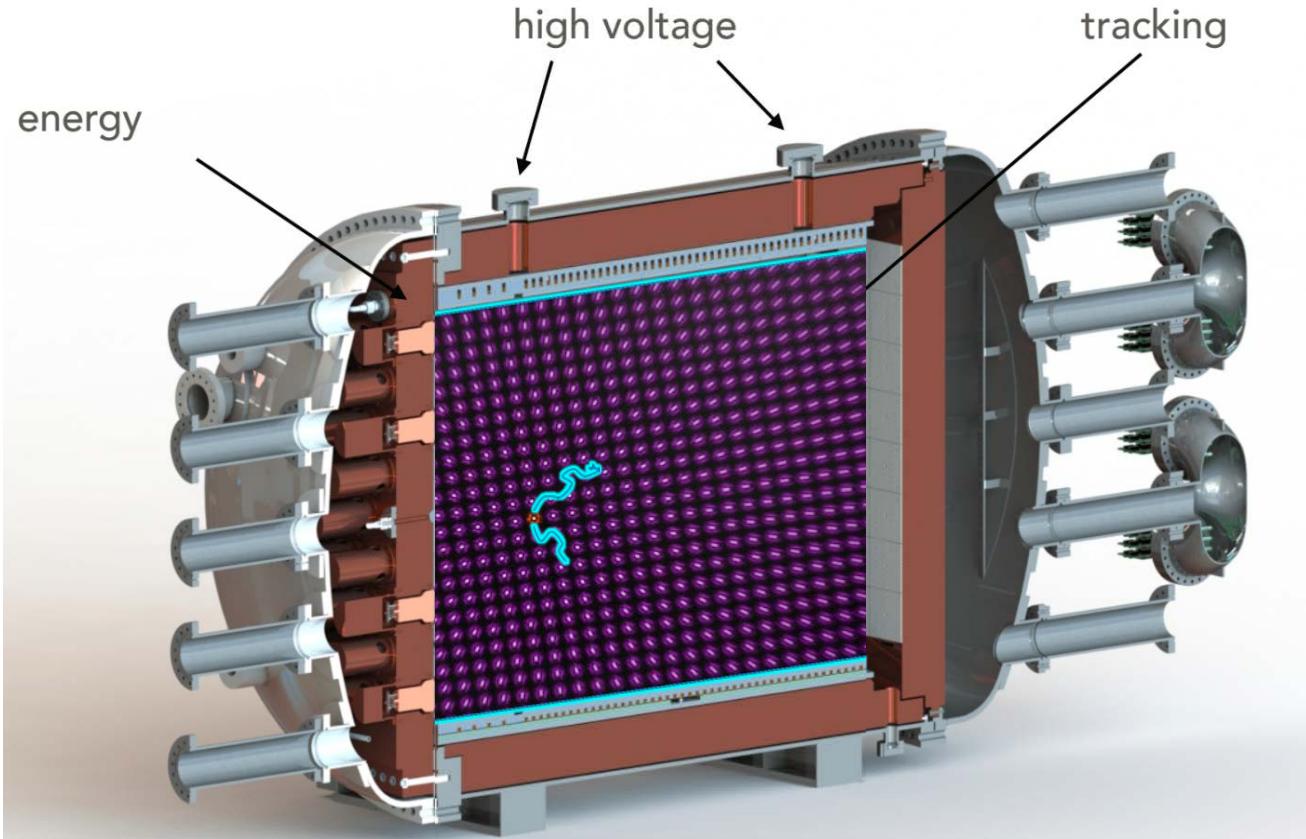
$\beta\beta0\nu$ in high-pressure ^{136}Xe gas



Detecting “tagging” the Ba^{++} signaling a $\beta\beta0\nu$ process has been a long sought holy grail of xenon chambers.

How to confirm experimentally if neutrino is a Majorana particle?

$\beta\beta0\nu$ in high-pressure ^{136}Xe gas



$\beta\beta2\nu$ candidate at 2 MeV, showing 2 energy blobs at the extremes.

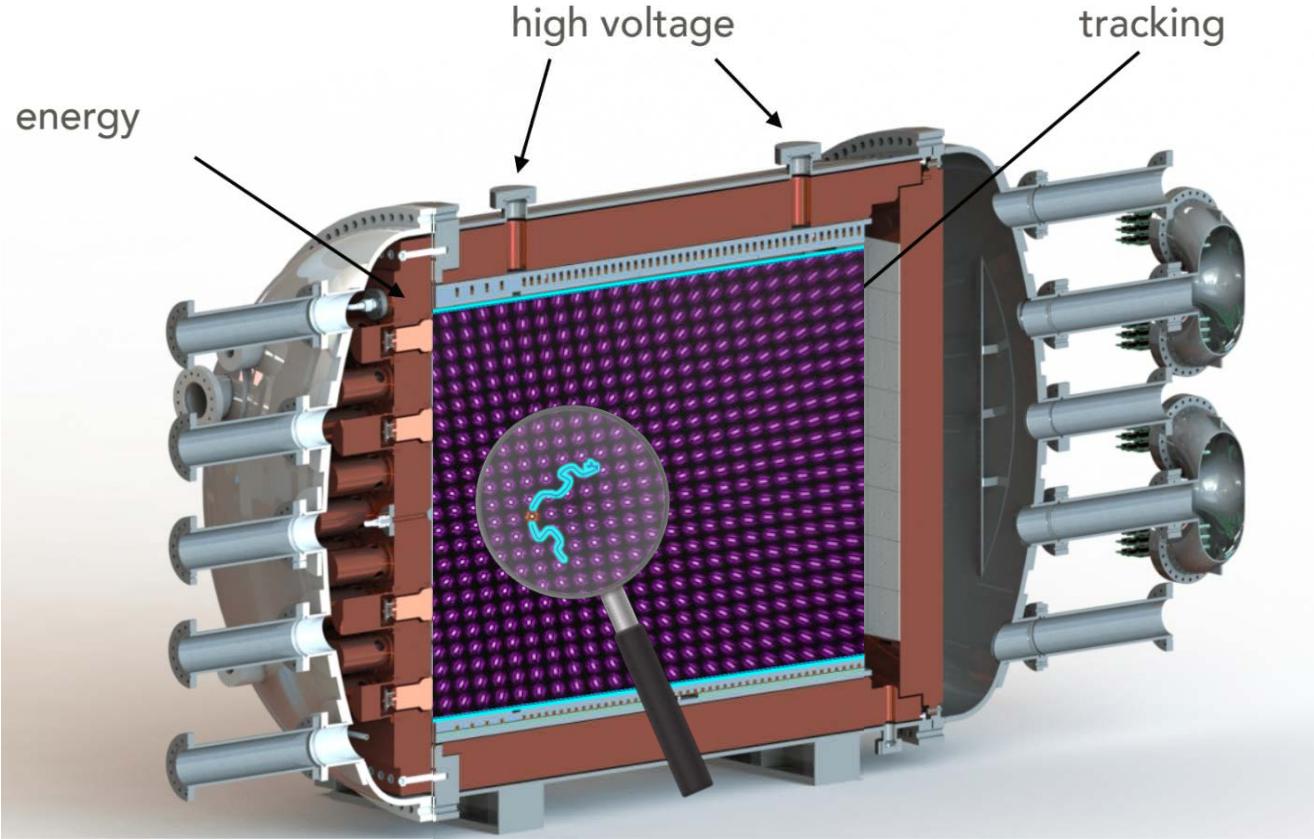
Energy resolution better than 1% FWHM at $Q_{\beta\beta}$.

Detecting “tagging” the Ba^{++} signaling a $\beta\beta0\nu$ process has been a long sought holy grail of xenon chambers.

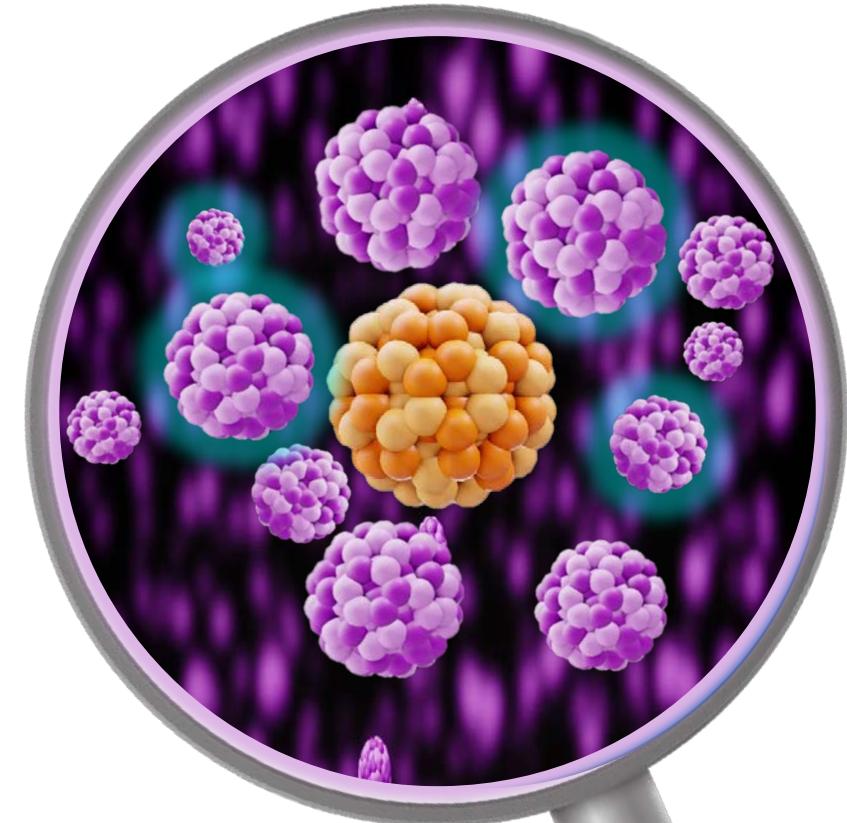
How to confirm experimentally if neutrino is a Majorana particle?



$\beta\beta0\nu$ in high-pressure ^{136}Xe gas



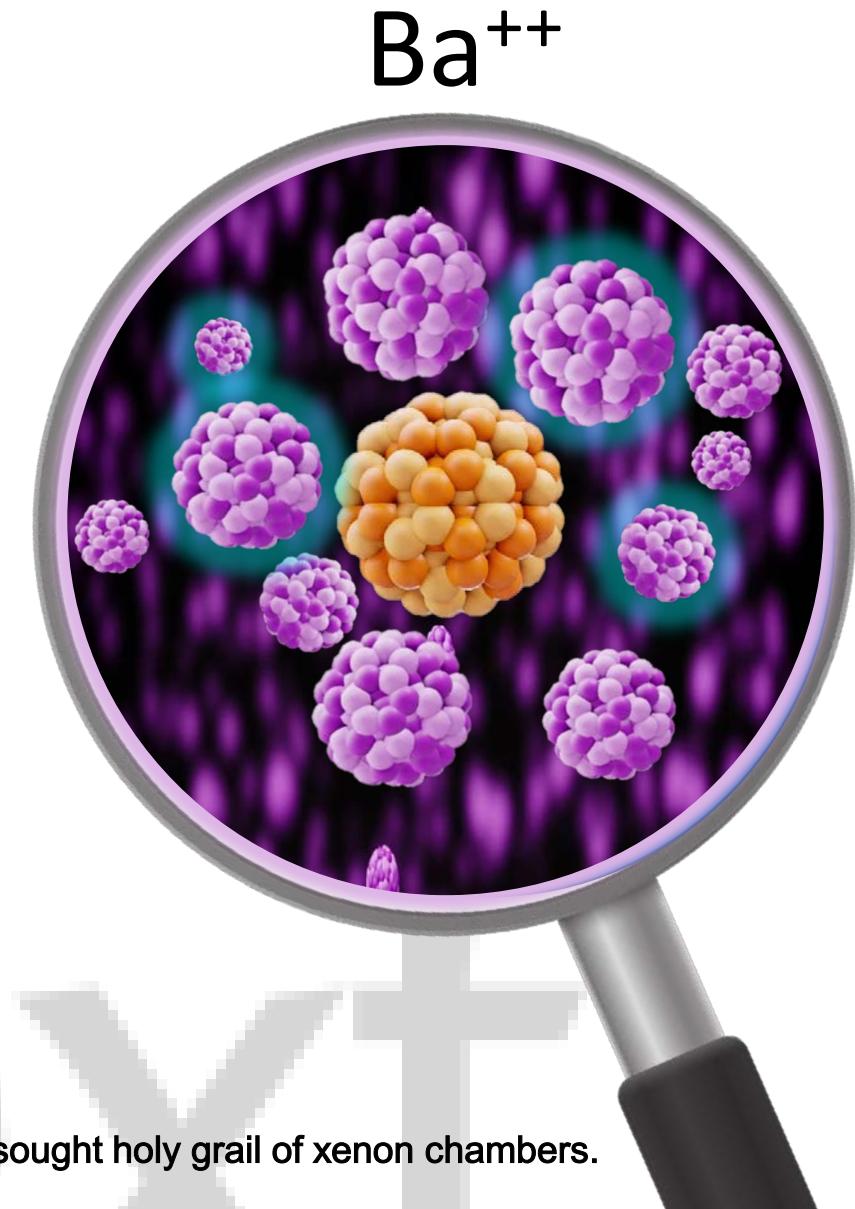
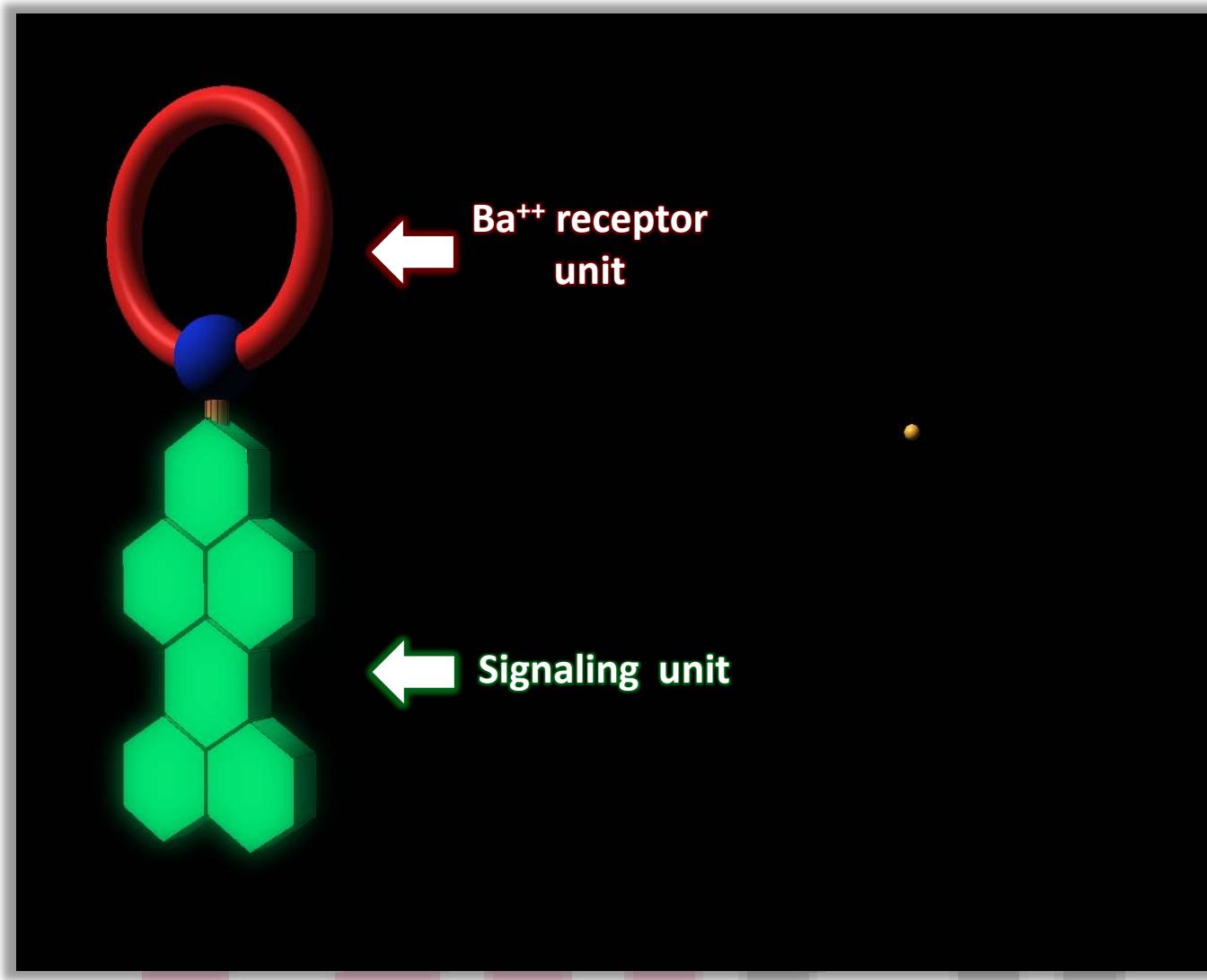
Ba^{++}



Detecting “tagging” the Ba⁺⁺ signaling a $\beta\beta0\nu$ process has been a long sought holy grail of xenon chambers.

Idea: Exploit single molecule fluorescent imaging (SMFI) to visualise (“tag”) a single Ba^{++} ion as it arrives at the TPC cathode.

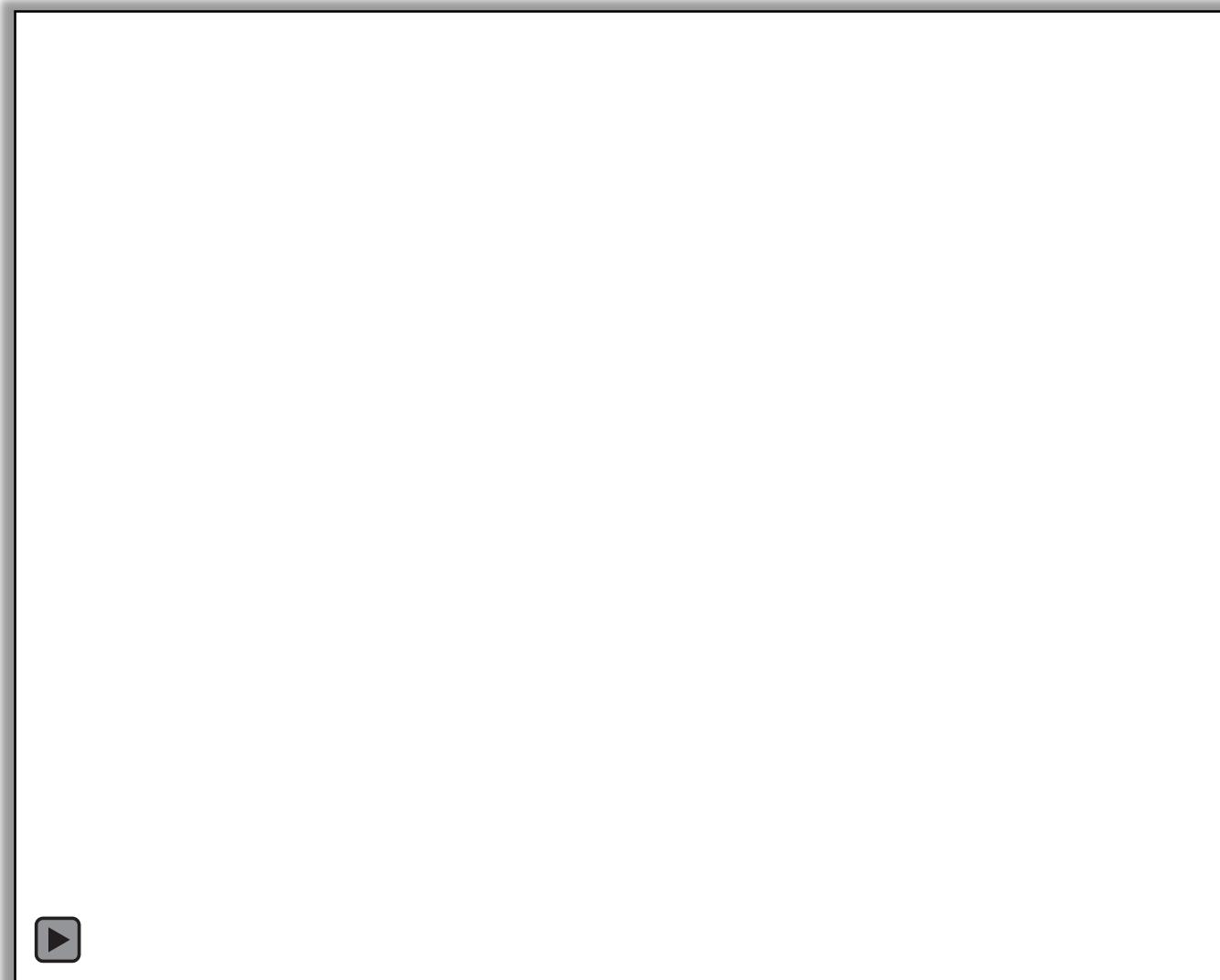
D. Nygren , *J.Phys.Conf.Ser.* **2015**, 650(1), 012002



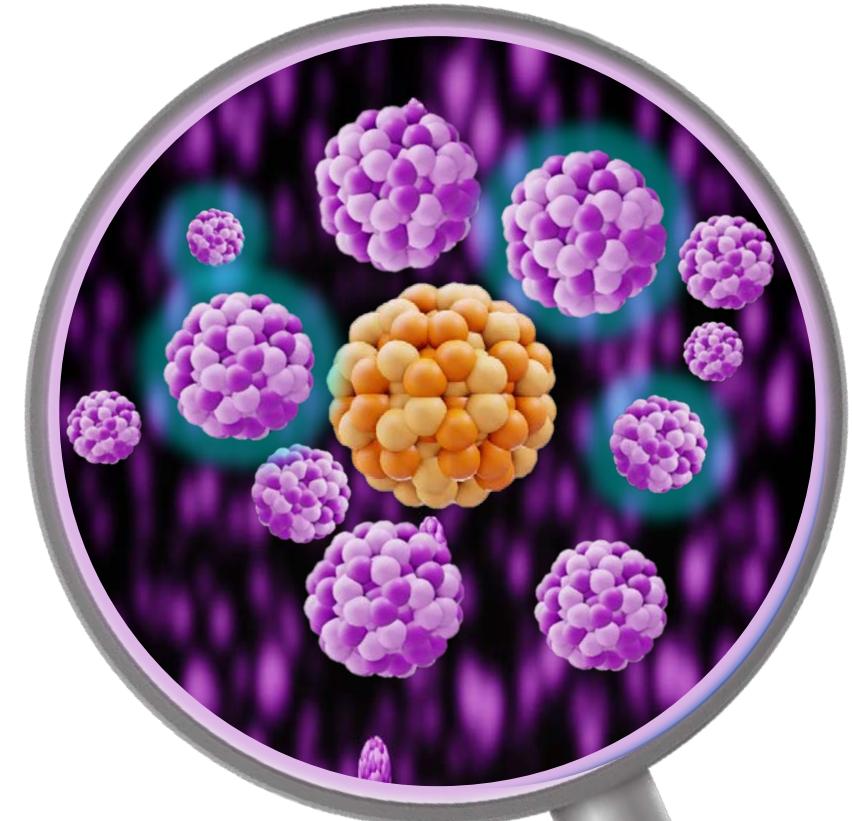
Detecting “tagging” the Ba^{++} signaling a $\beta\beta0\nu$ process has been a long sought holy grail of xenon chambers.

Idea: Exploit single molecule fluorescent imaging (SMFI) to visualise (“tag”) a single Ba^{++} ion as it arrives at the TPC cathode.

D. Nygren , *J.Phys.Conf.Ser.* **2015**, 650(1), 012002



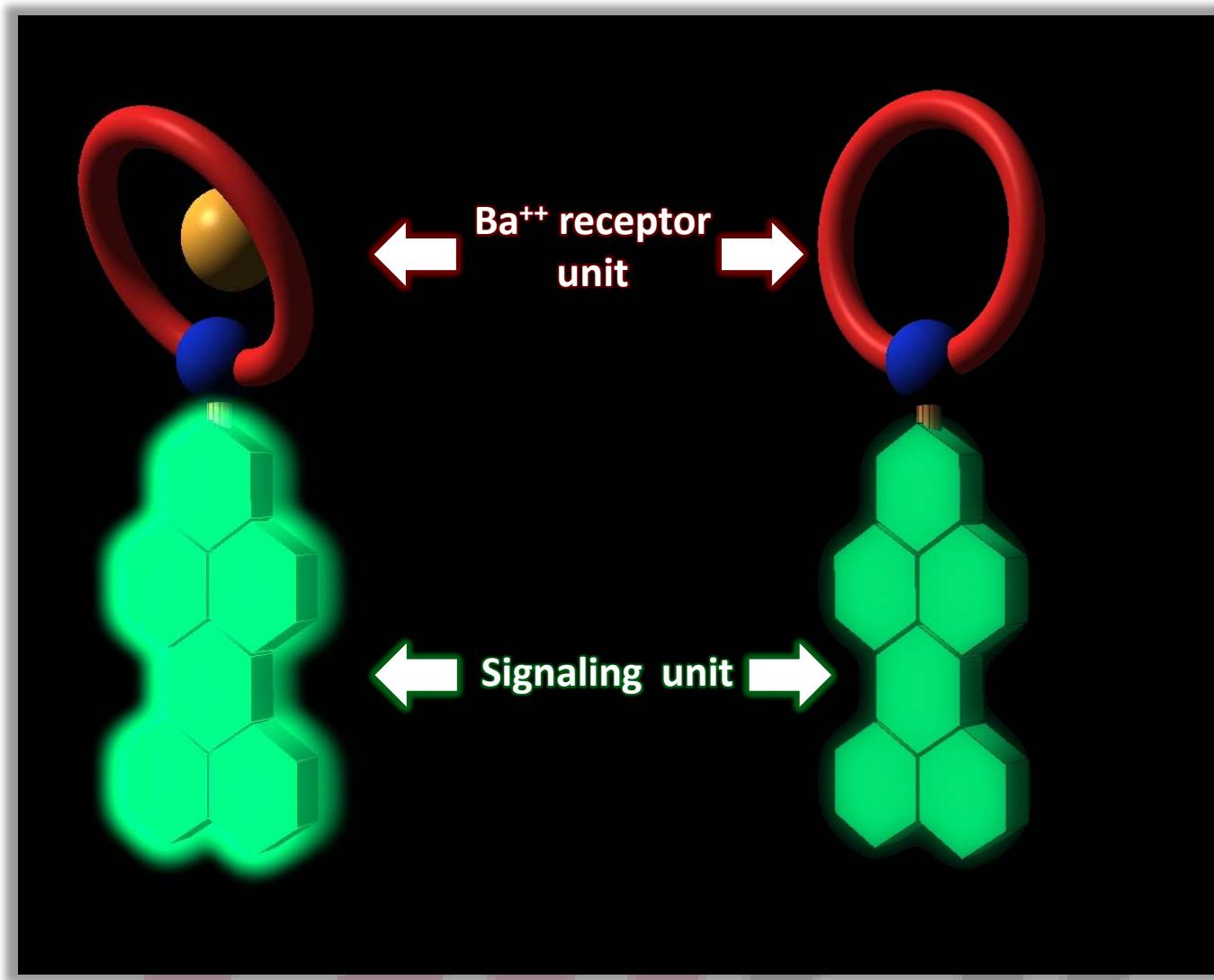
Ba^{++}



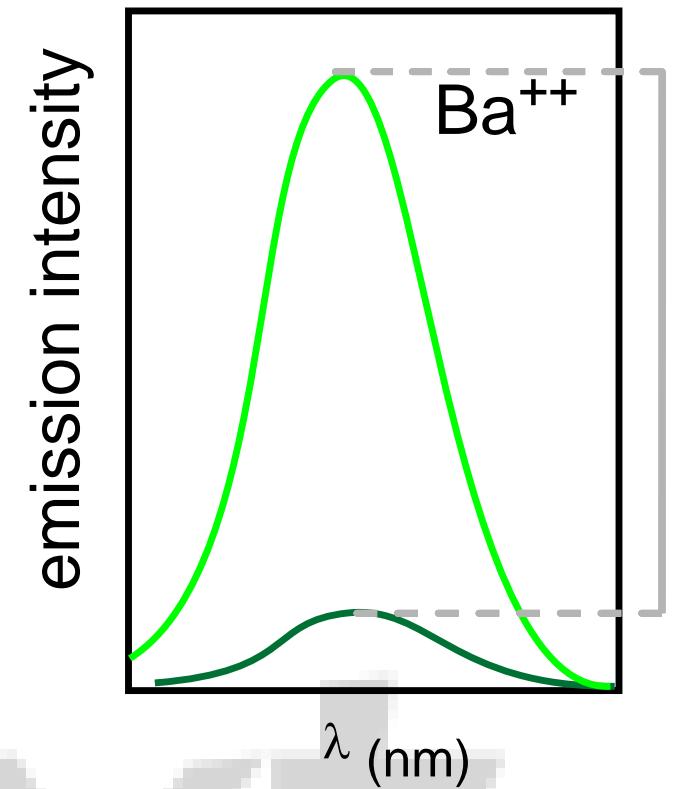
Detecting “tagging” the Ba^{++} signaling a $\beta\beta0\nu$ process has been a long sought holy grail of xenon chambers.

Dry single Ba^{++} ion detection with off-on fluorescence

GodXilla @next

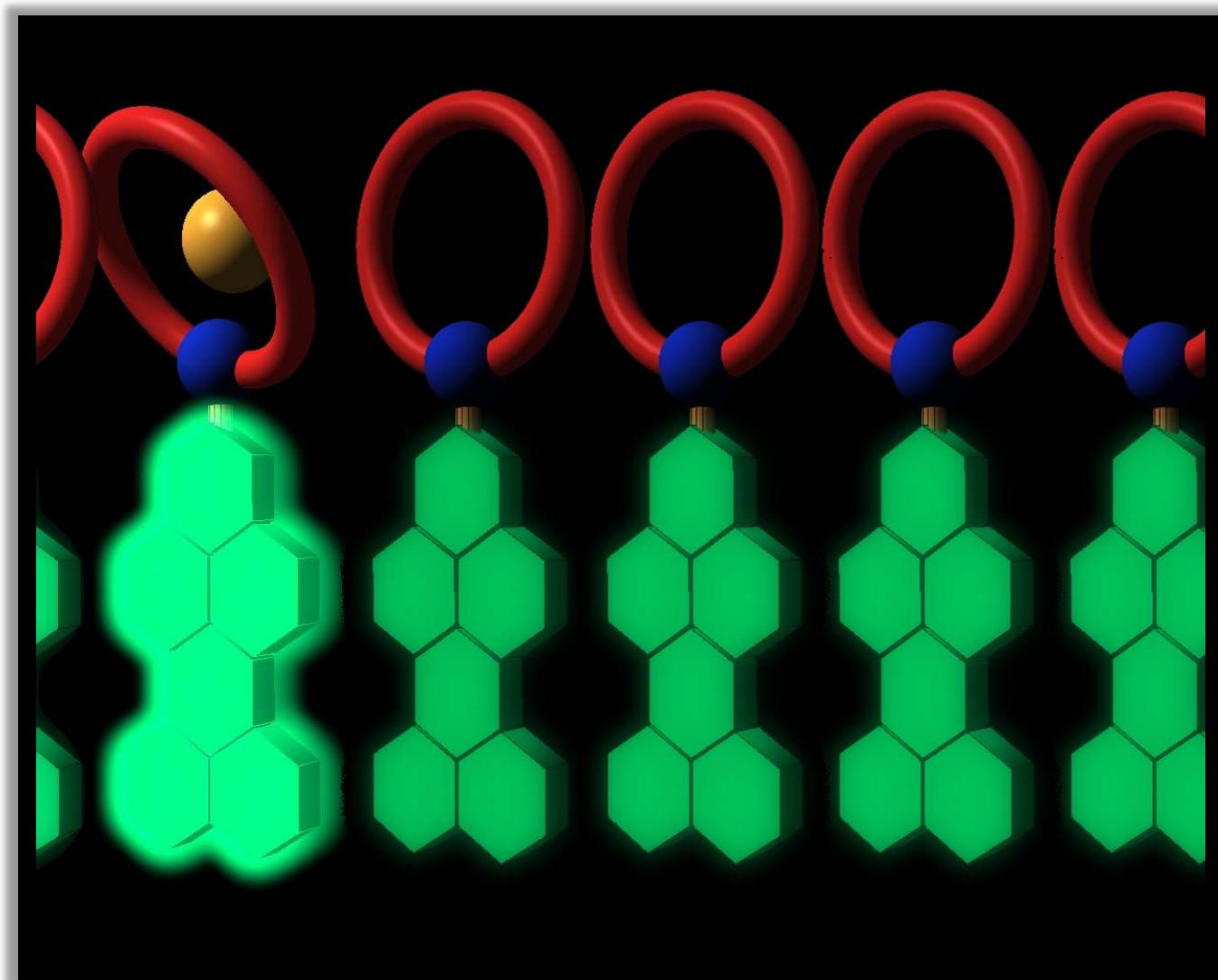


Detecting “tagging” the Ba^{++} signaling a $\beta\beta0\nu$ process has been a long sought holy grail of xenon chambers.

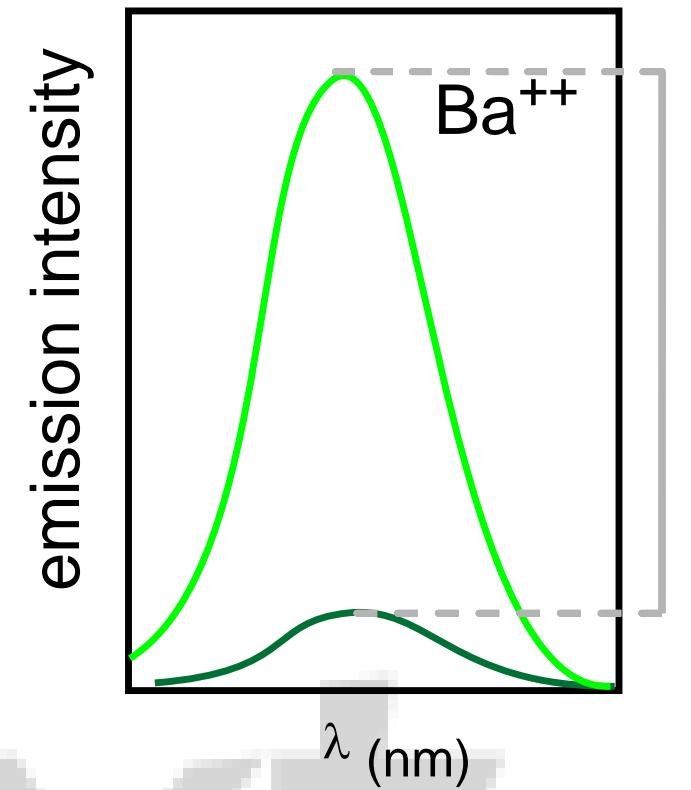


Dry single Ba^{++} ion detection with off-on fluorescence

GodXilla @next

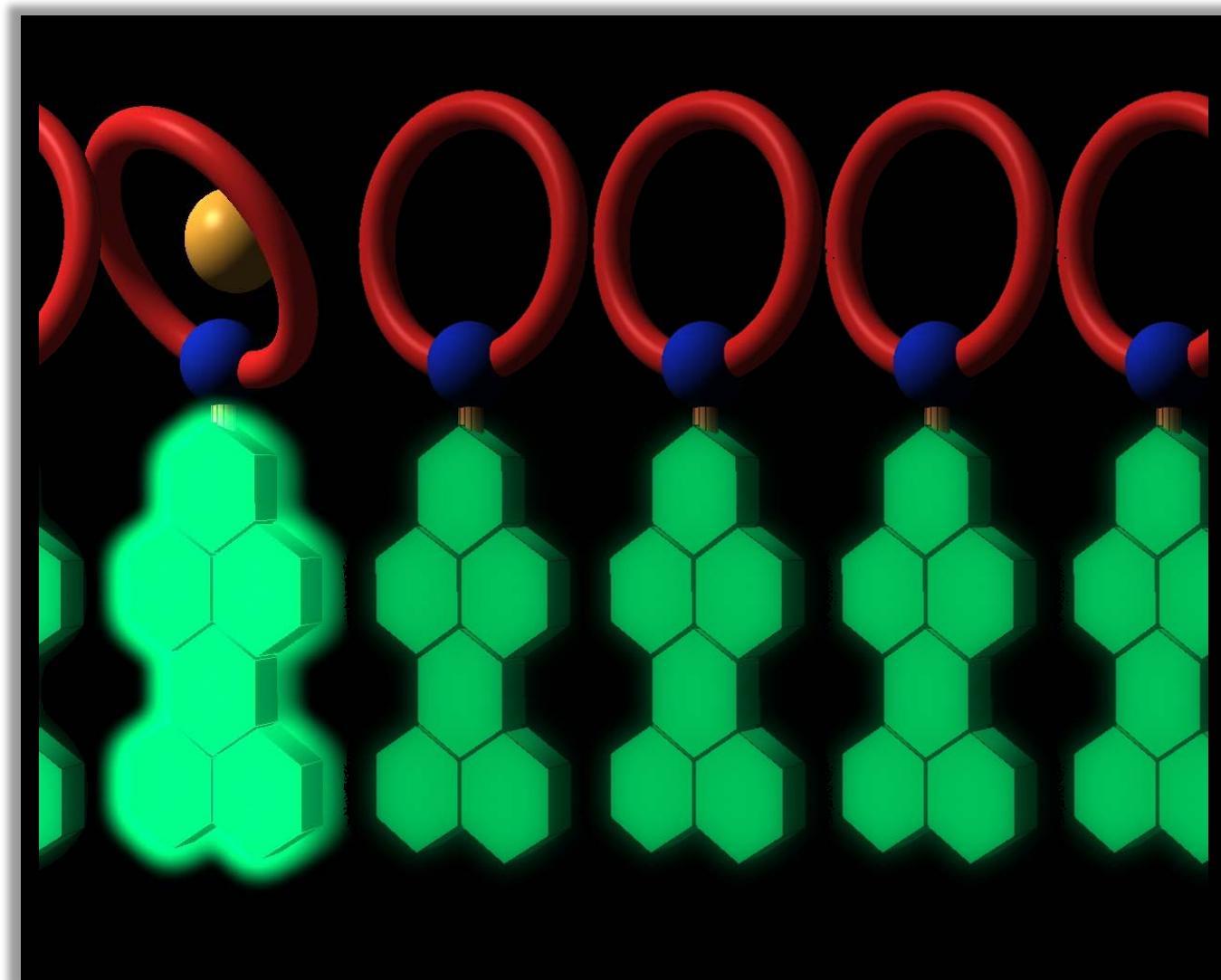


Detecting “tagging” the Ba^{++} signaling a $\beta\beta0\nu$ process has been a long sought holy grail of xenon chambers.



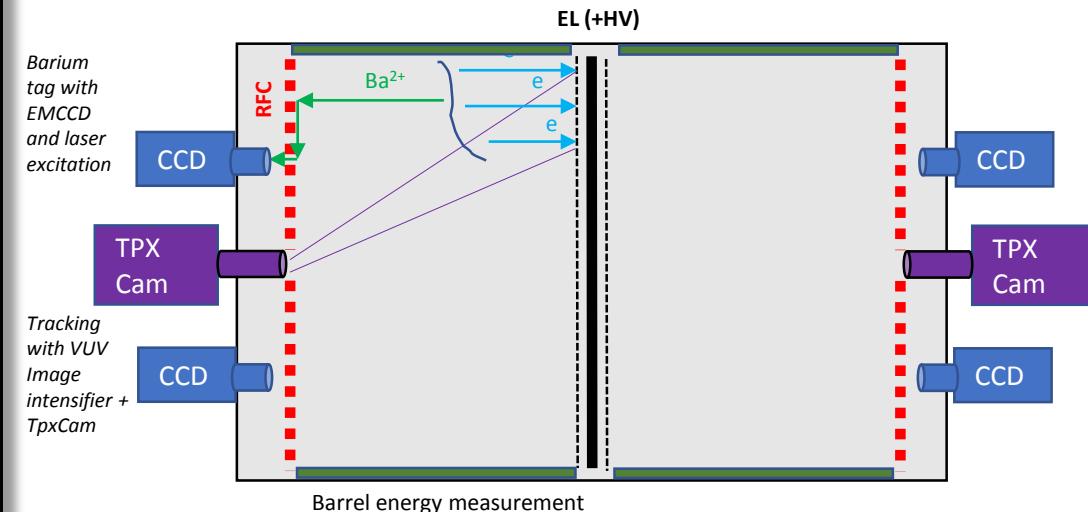
Dry single Ba⁺⁺ ion detection with off-on fluorescence

GodXilla next



Detecting “tagging” the Ba⁺⁺ signaling a $\beta\beta0\nu$ process has been a long sought holy grail of xenon chambers

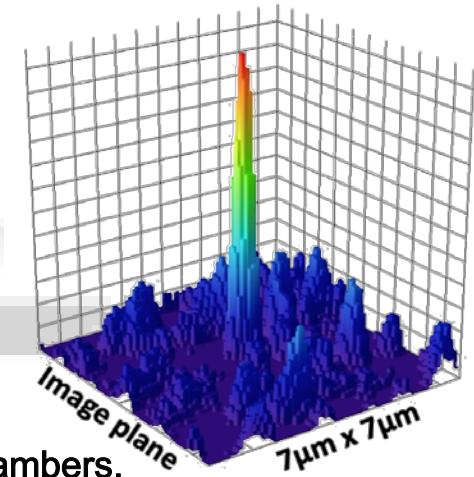
"CRAB" concept with RF carpet concentrators and camera-based topology measurement

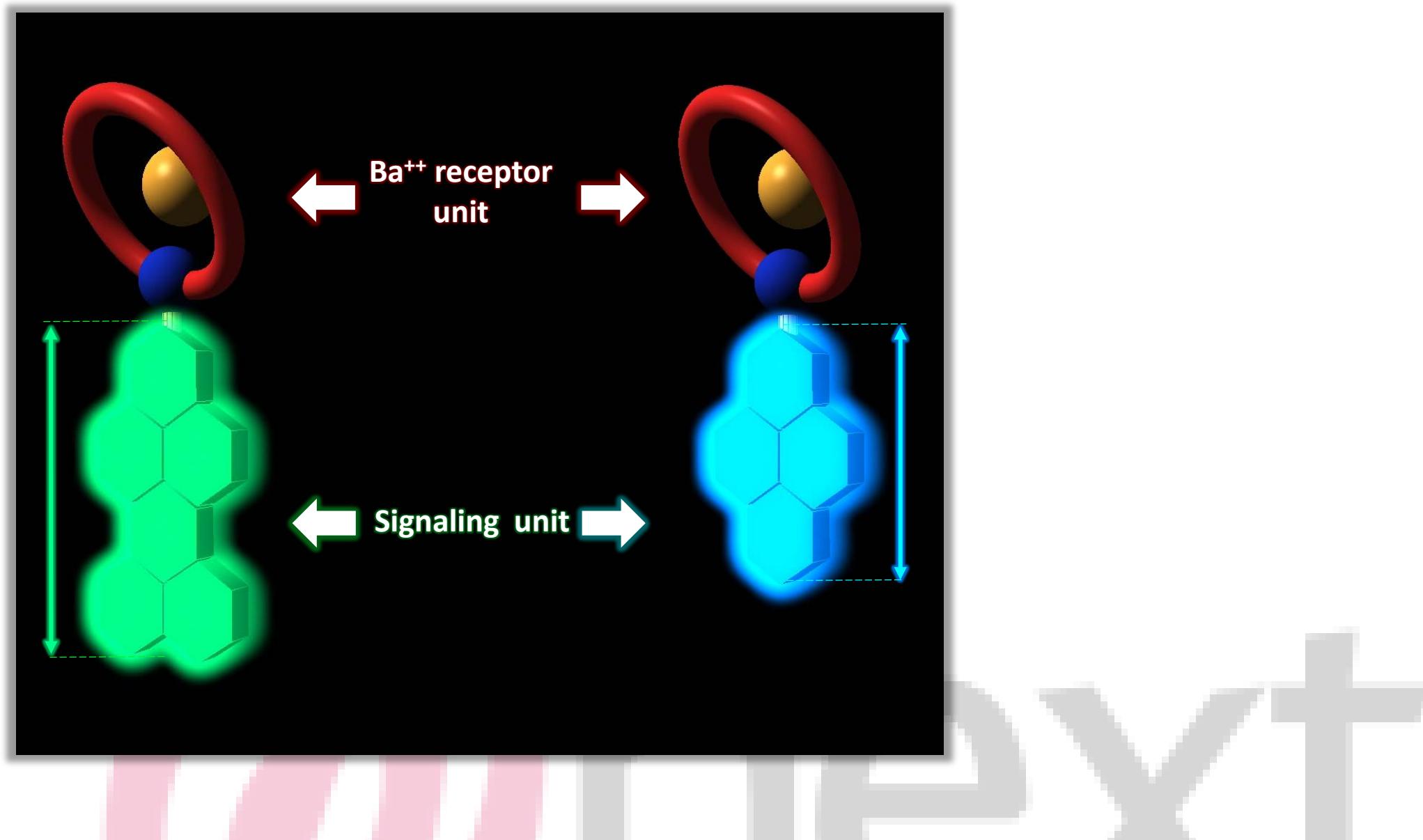


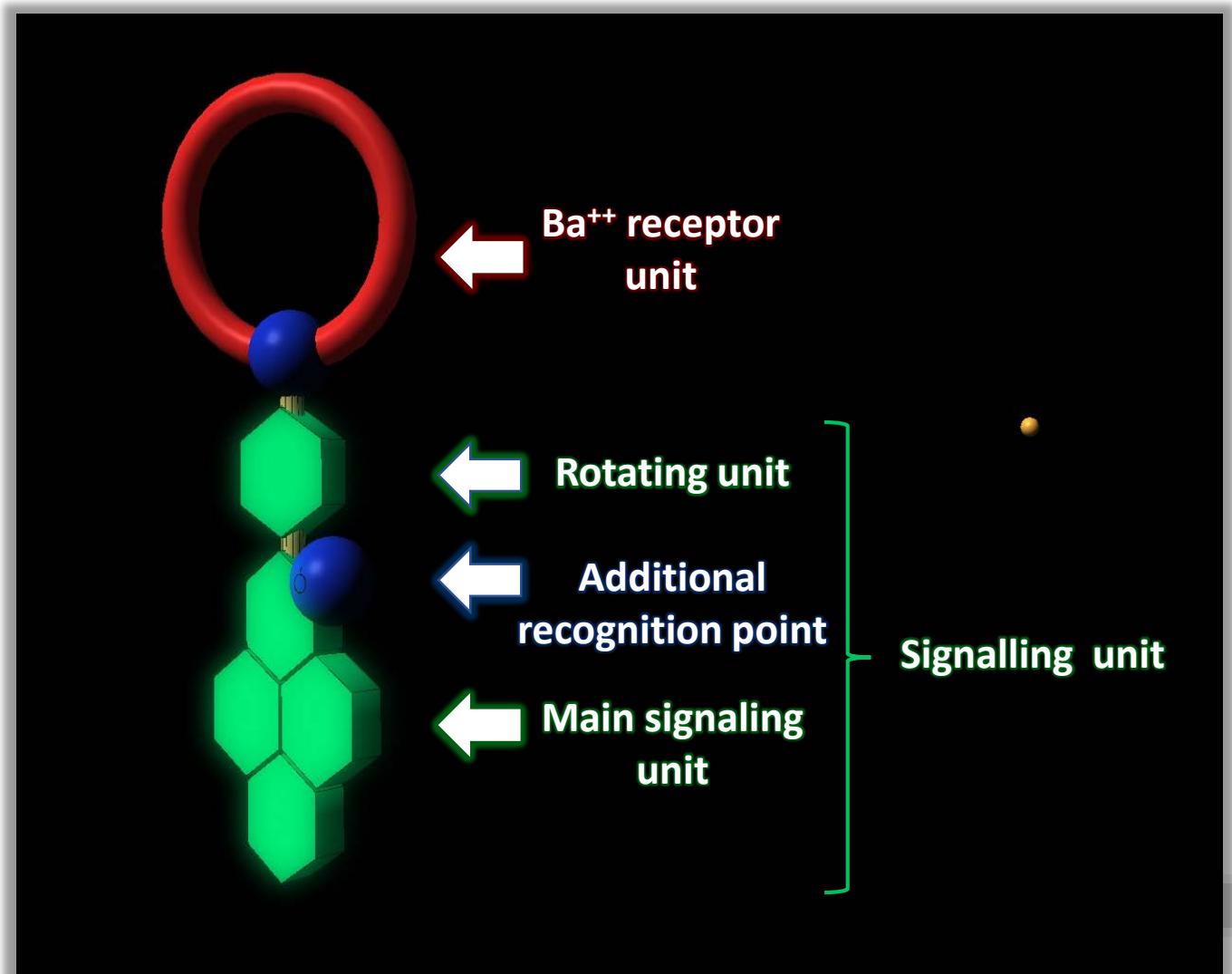
Phys. Rev. Lett. **2017**, *120*, 132504.

Sci. Rep. **2019**, *9*, 15097.

ACS Sens. 2021, 6(1), 192–202

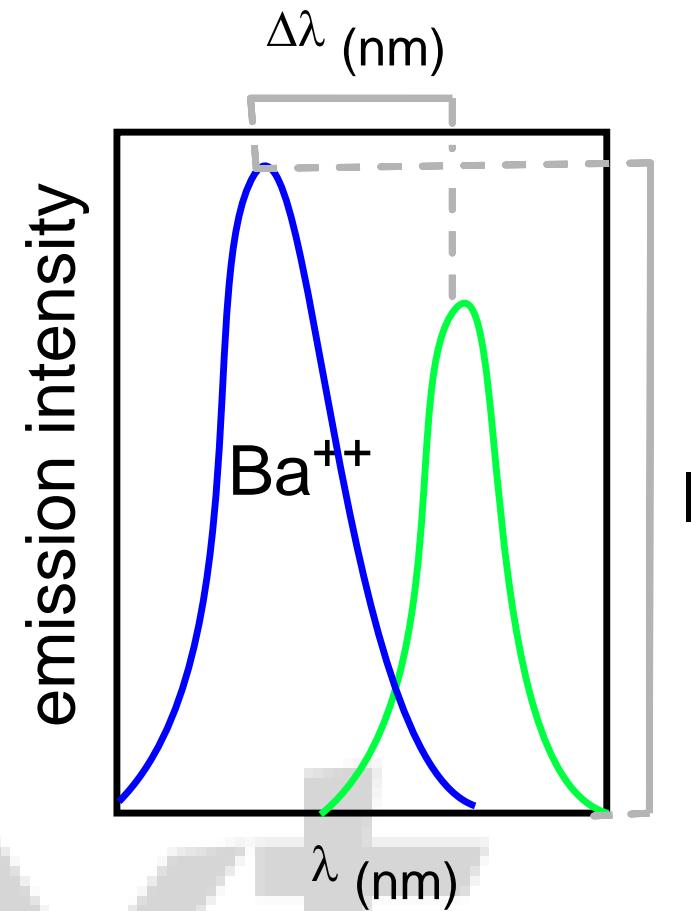
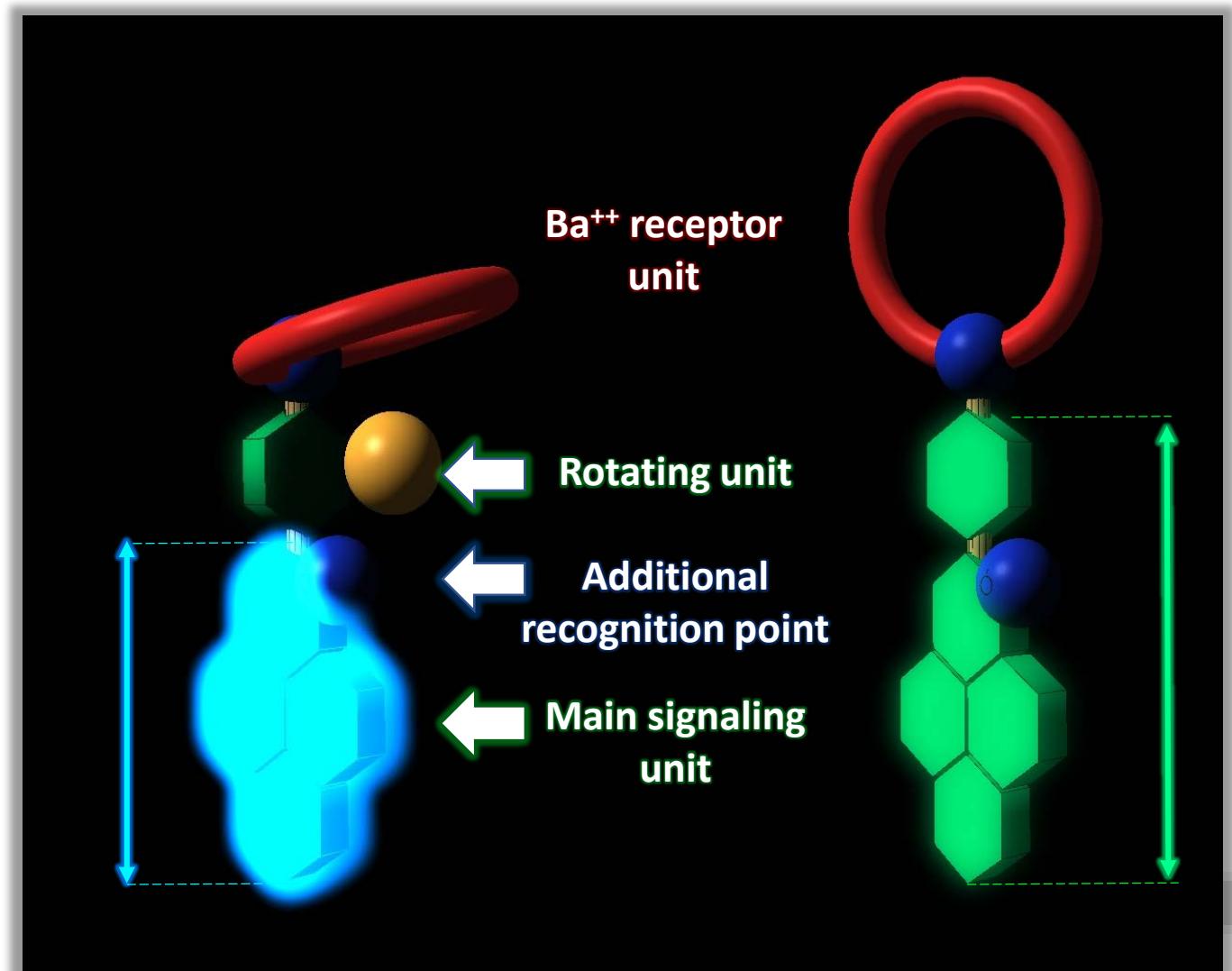


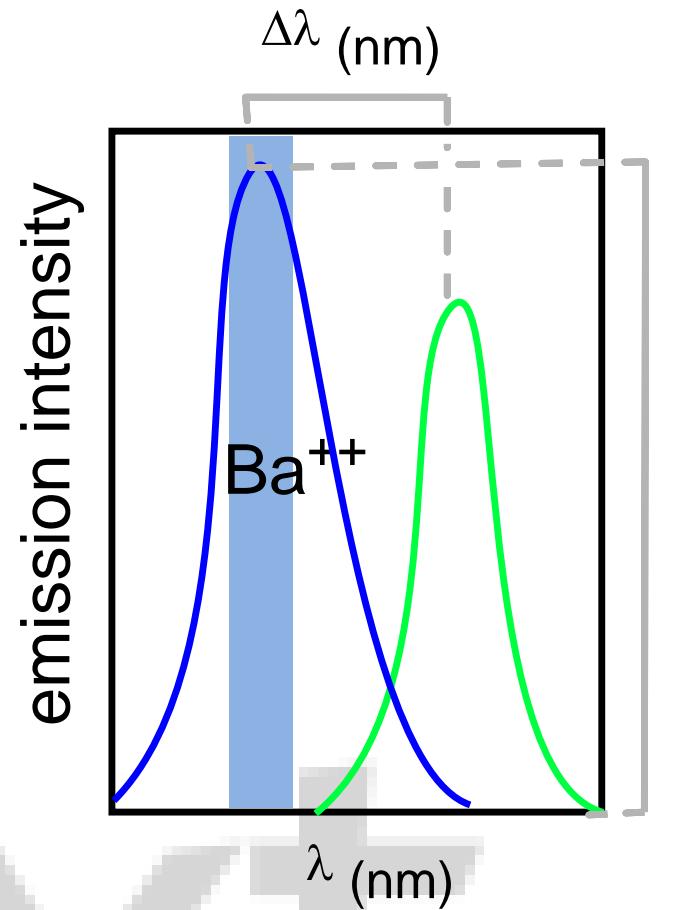
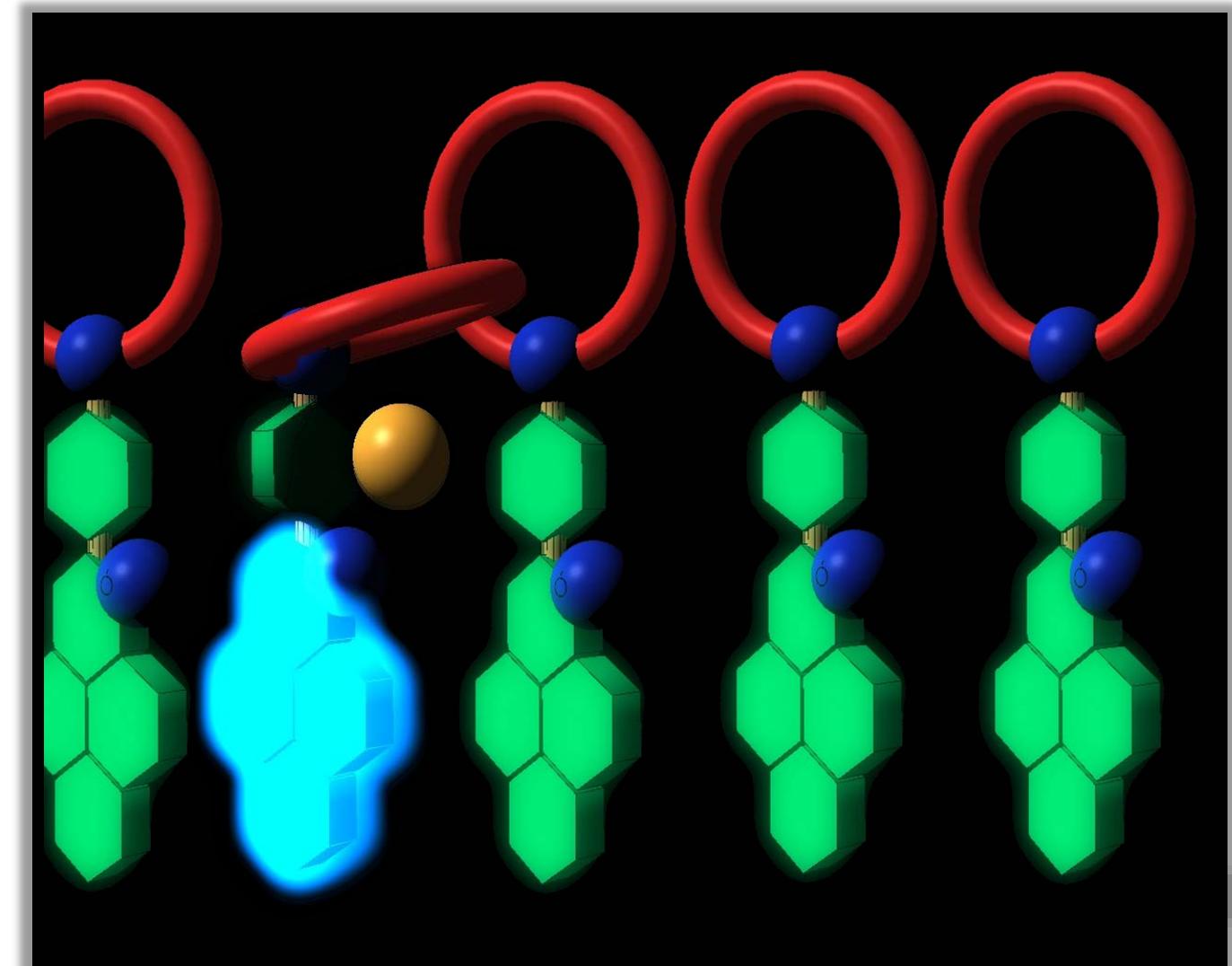




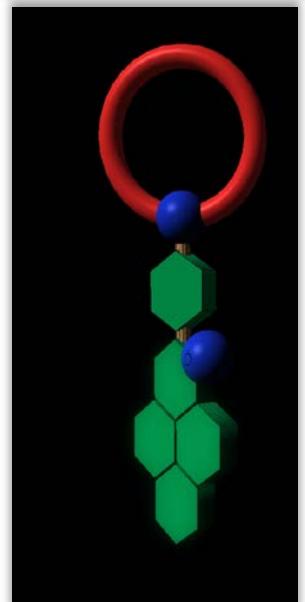
FBI concept



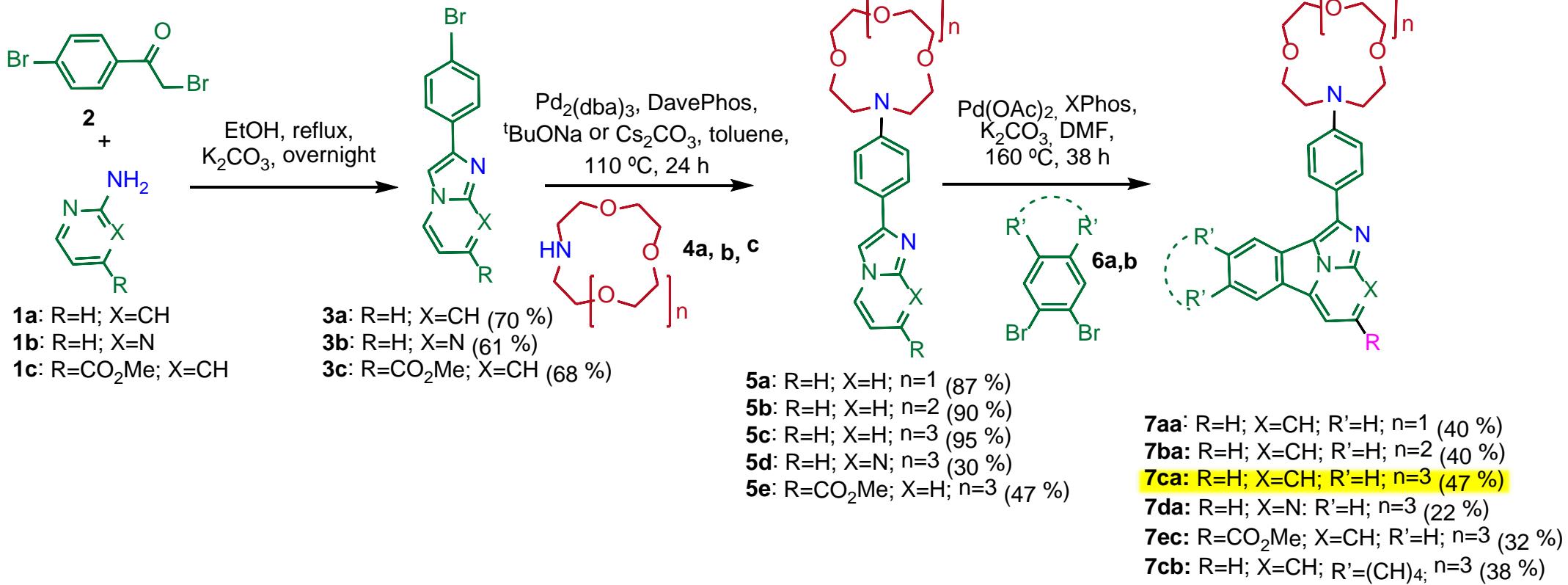




"Fluorescent bicolour sensor for low-background neutrinoless double β decay experiments", *Nature* **2020**, 583, 48-54.



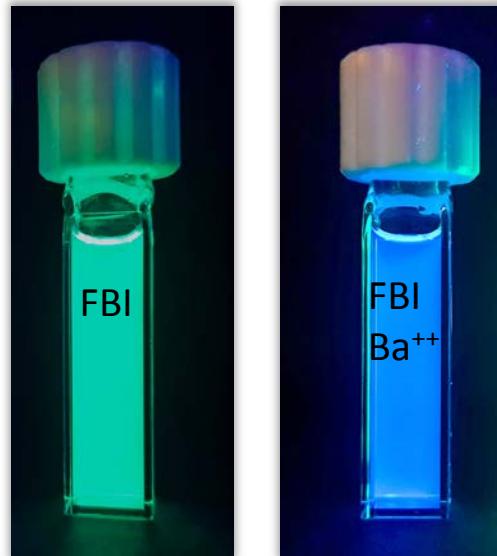
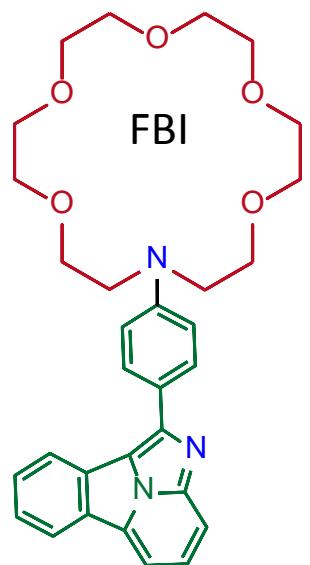
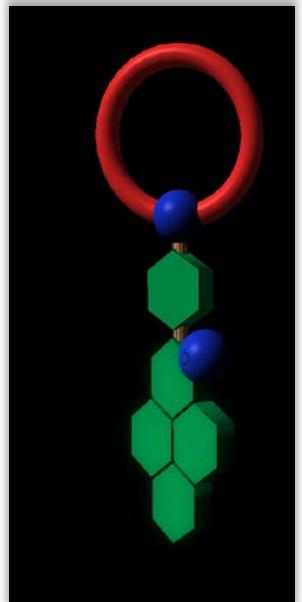
Chemical synthesis of FBI sensors



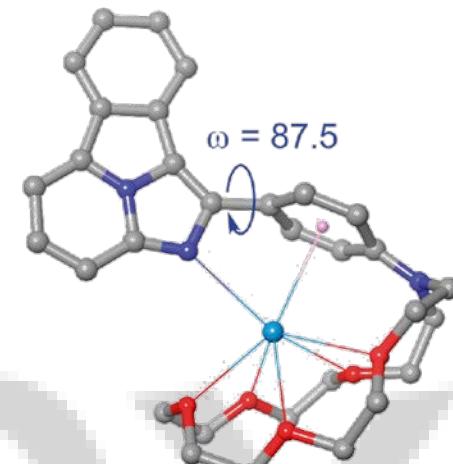
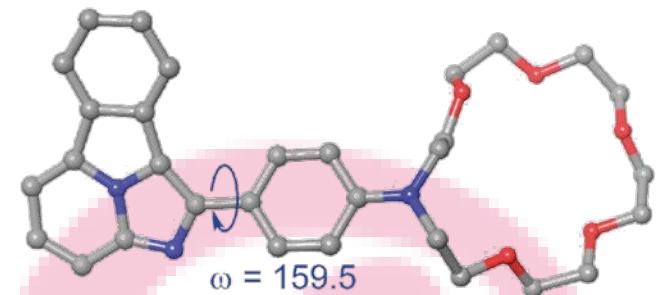
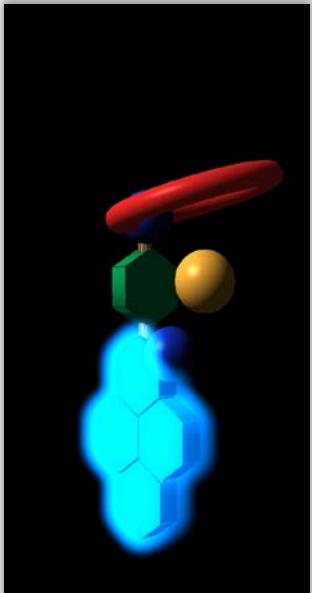
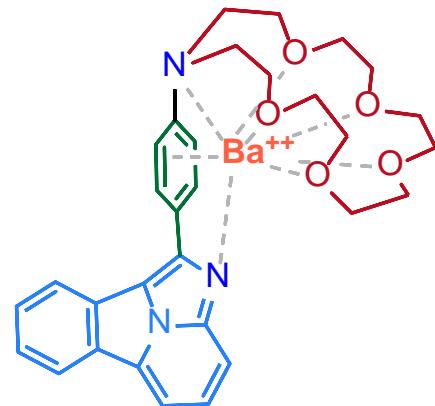
"Fluorescent bicolour sensor for low-background neutrinoless double β decay experiments", *Nature* **2020**, *583*, 48-54.

Fluorescent Bicolour Indicator

BOLD@next

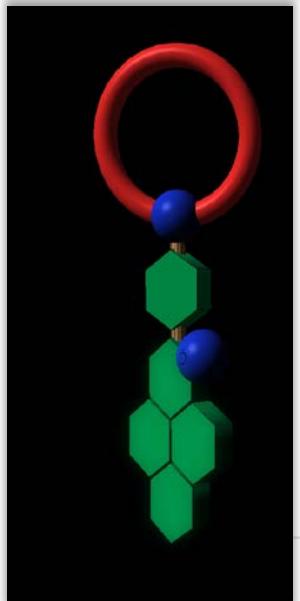


FBI·Ba⁺⁺



"Fluorescent bicolour sensor for low-background neutrinoless double β decay experiments", *Nature* **2020**, *583*, 48-54.

Ba⁺⁺ sensing in solid support

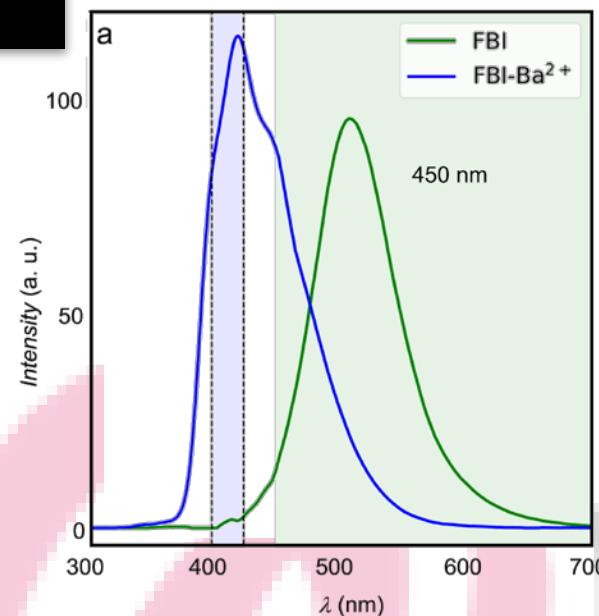


FBI

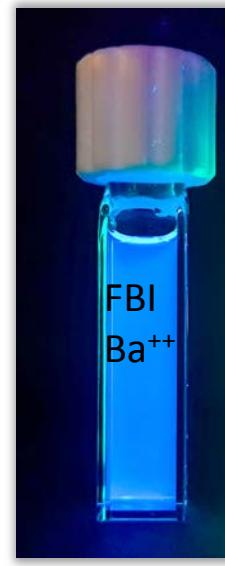


[FBI] = 2.3×10^{-5} mmol/mg of silica

$\lambda = 400\text{--}425\text{ nm}$

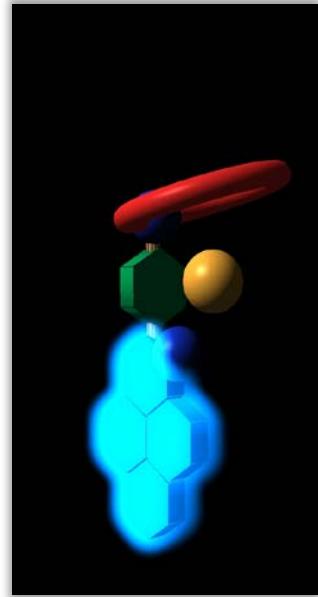


Excitation: 365 nm



FBI·Ba⁺⁺

[FBI] = 7.4×10^{-8} mmol/mg of silica saturated in Ba(ClO₄)₂



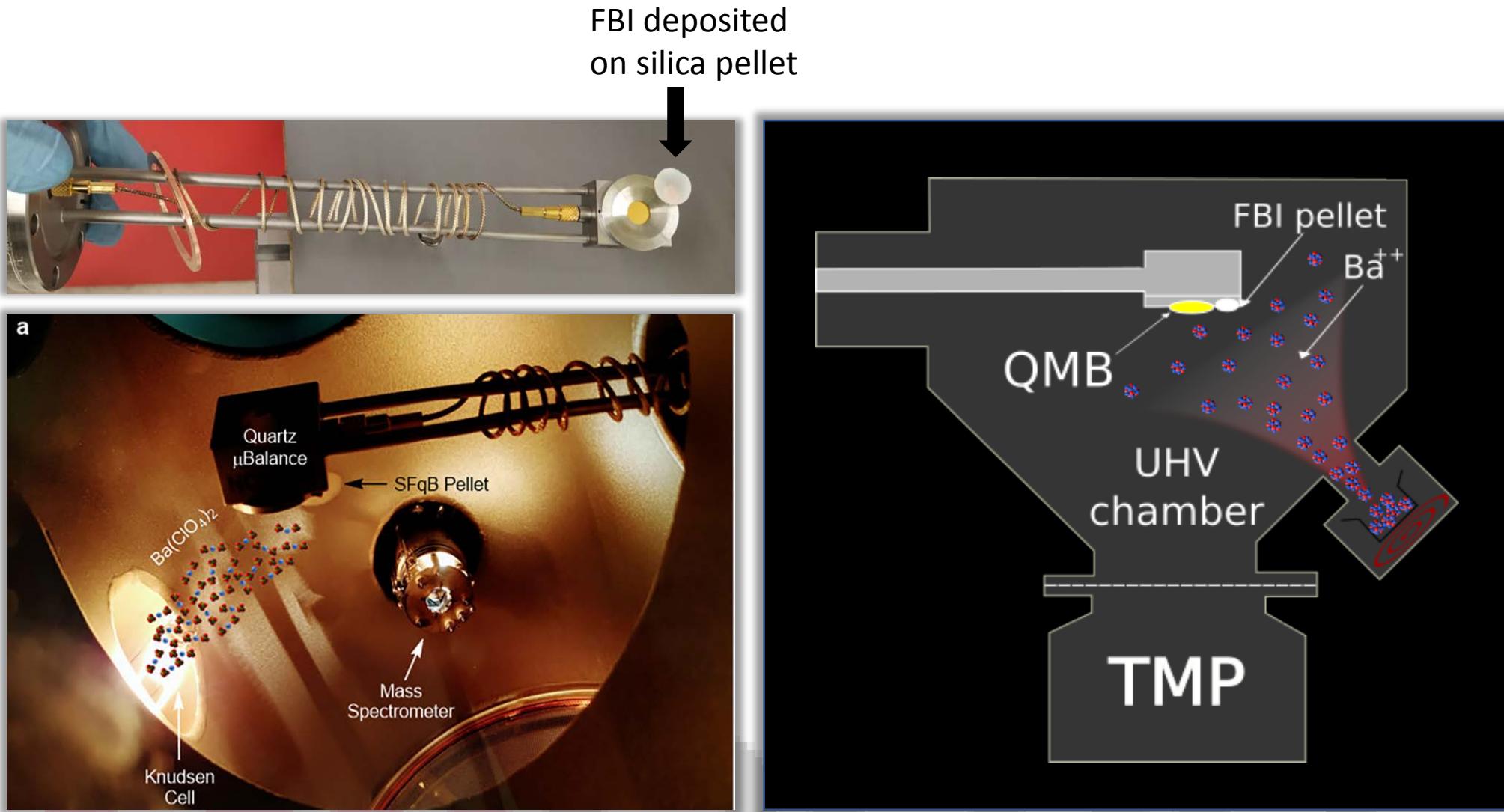
The FBI maintains its **fluorescent properties in solid phase** (silica gel)

Calculated **discriminaton factor** FBI·Ba⁺⁺ vs FBI = $(2.5 \pm 0.6) \times 10^4$

Emission spectrum of the FBI (green line) and FBI-Ba (blue line) samples on silica, after silica subtraction.
The FBI spectrum is scaled by a factor of 310 with respect to the FBI-Ba⁺⁺ spectrum. Excitation at 250 nm.

"Fluorescent bicolour sensor for low-background neutrinoless double β decay experiments", *Nature* **2020**, 583, 48-54.

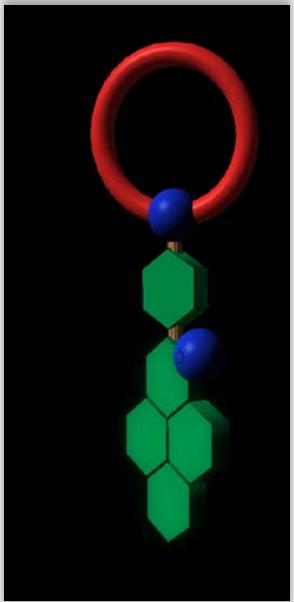
Ba⁺⁺ sensing in high-vacuum



Fluorescent Bicolour Indicator

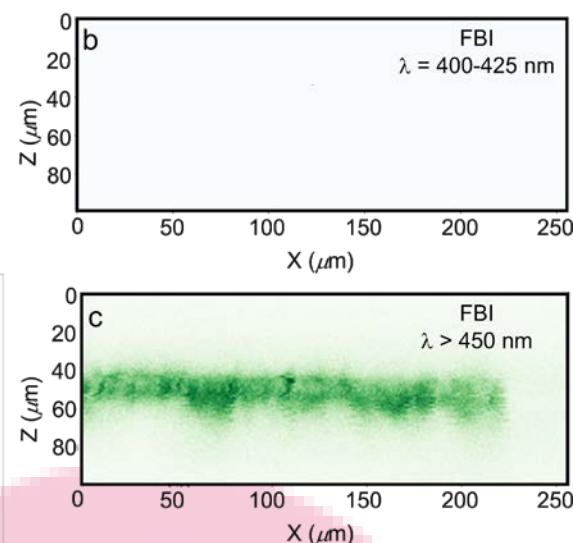
BOLD@next

Ba^{++} sensing in high-vacuum



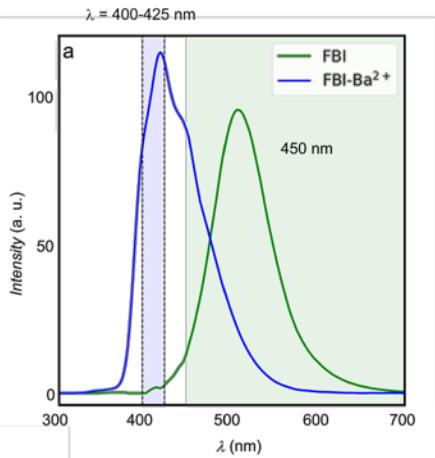
FBI

Excitation: 365 nm



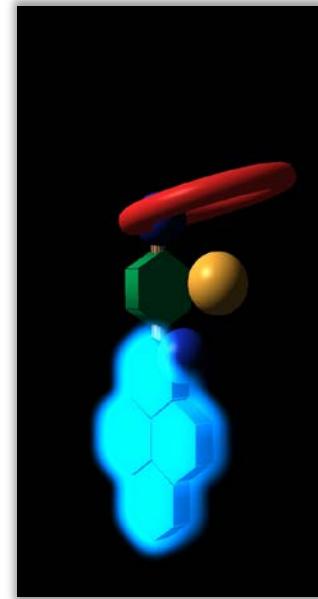
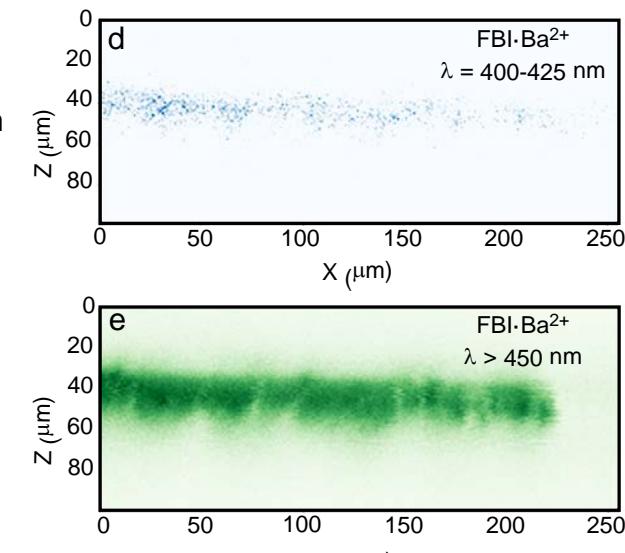
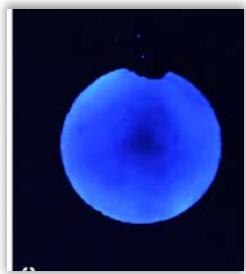
2 Photon Absorption Microscopy (excitation at 800 nm)

FBI sensors capture Ba^{++} in dry phase!



$\text{FBI}\cdot\text{Ba}^{++}$

Excitation: 365 nm



DFT-computed Gibbs reaction energies

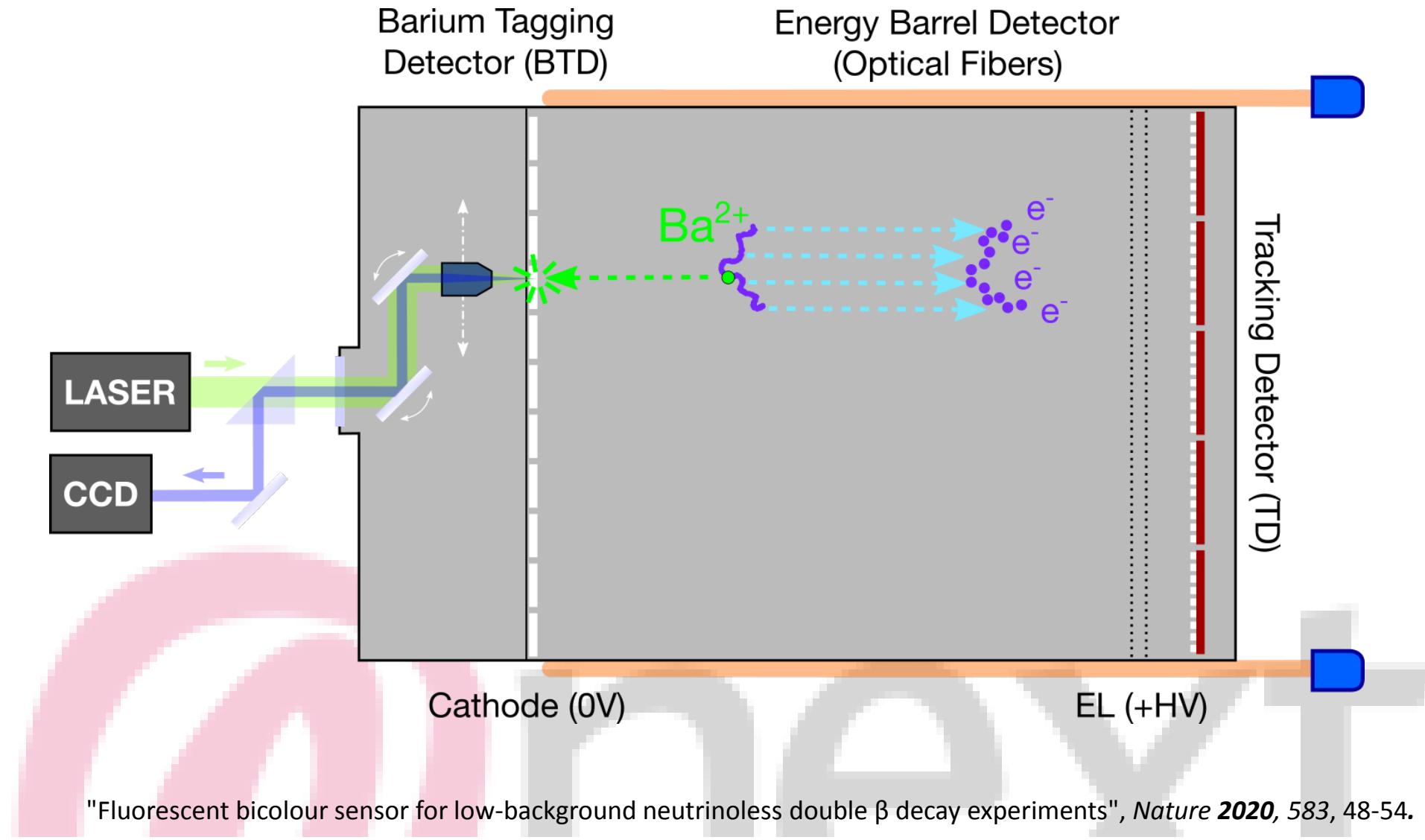


$$\Delta G_{rx} = -90 \text{ kcal/mol}$$



$$\Delta G_{rx} = -195.9 \text{ kcal/mol}$$

"BOLD" concept with fully active cathode, SiPM-based tracking and Energy Barrel Detector



Fluorescent bicolour sensor for low-background neutrinoless double β decay experiments

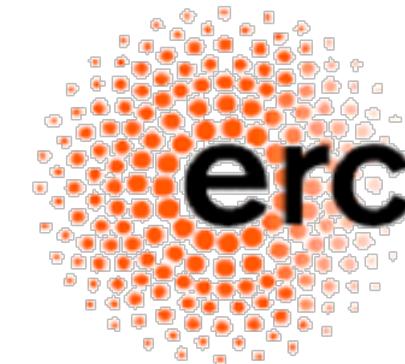
<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41586-020-2431-5>

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