



Contribution ID: 13

Type: **Parallel Contributed Talk**

Constraining sterile neutrinos by core-collapse supernovae with multiple detectors

Friday, 19 February 2021 10:00 (20 minutes)

The eV-scale sterile neutrino has been proposed to explain some anomalous results in experiments, such as the deficit of reactor neutrino fluxes and the excess of $\bar{\nu}_\mu \rightarrow \bar{\nu}_e$ in LSND. This hypothesis can be tested by future core-collapse supernova neutrino detection independently since the active-sterile mixing scheme affects the flavor conversion of neutrinos inside the supernova.

In this work, we compute the predicted supernova neutrino events in future detectors – DUNE, Hyper-K, and JUNO – for neutrinos emitted during the neutronization burst phase when the luminosity of ν_e dominates the other flavors.

We find that for a supernova occurring within 10 kpc, the difference in the event numbers with and without sterile neutrinos allows to exclude the sterile neutrino hypothesis at more than 99% confidence level robustly. The derived constraints on sterile neutrinos mixing parameters are comparably better than the results from cosmology and on-going or proposed reactor experiments by more than two orders of magnitude in the $\sin^2 2\theta_{14}$ - Δm_{41}^2 plane.

Collaboration name

Primary author: TANG, Jian (Sun Yat-Sen University)

Presenter: TANG, Jian (Sun Yat-Sen University)

Session Classification: Low Energy Neutrinos

Track Classification: Neutrino Telescopes and Multimessenger