Towards the cross-section measurement of the $\overline{\nu}_{\mu}$ CC single π -production in the T2K near detector

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NCBJ

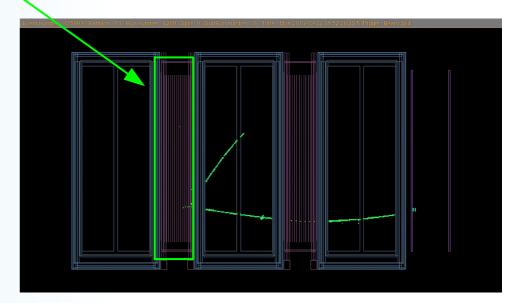


$CC1\pi$ - cross-section measurement

 The signal for my cross-section are events with CC1π- topology in ND280 subdetector – scintillator FGD1 (CH target).

$$\overline{\nu}_{\mu}$$
 + N $\rightarrow \mu^{+}$ + π - + X

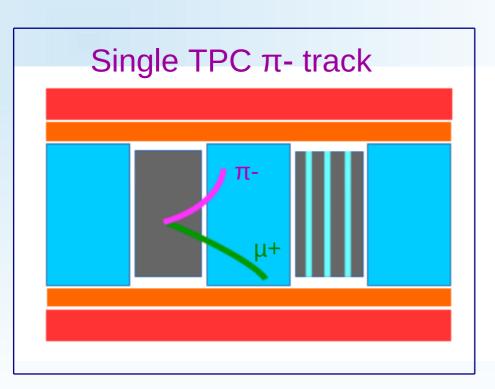
- Double differential in μ+ momentum and cosθ. Restricted phase-space (see backup).
- Background in CC quasi-elastic (CCQE) sample in oscillation analysis.
- Might be used in future oscillation analysis as a separate sample.
- Few measurements of $\overline{\nu}_{\mu}$ single pion production so far.
- Validation of neutrino interaction models.

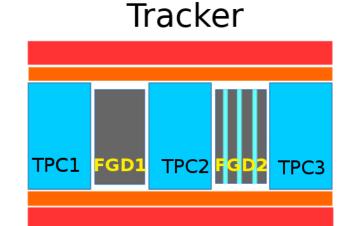


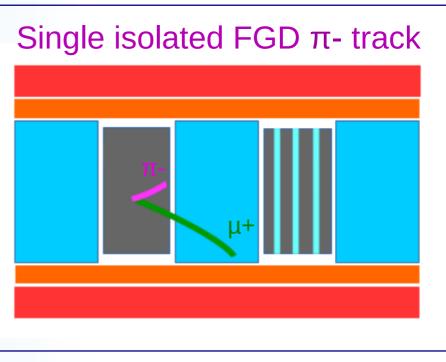
More ND280 details: M. Guigue plenary talk, *The T2K Experiment: Status, Results and Prospects*

Signal selection

- Selection based on event signature in the tracker (inner part of ND280).
- μ+ track always required
- Two signal samples:

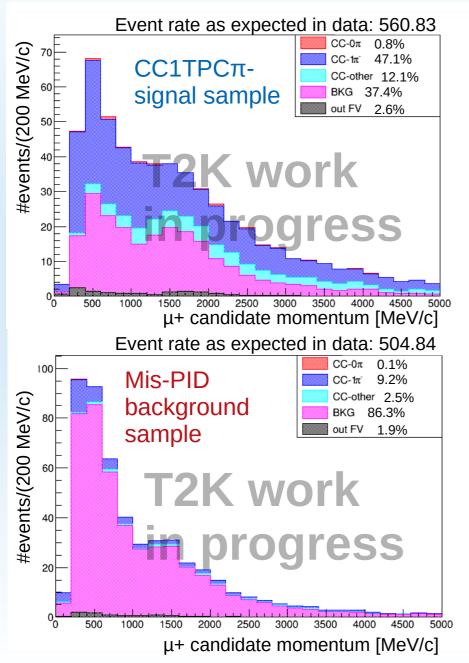


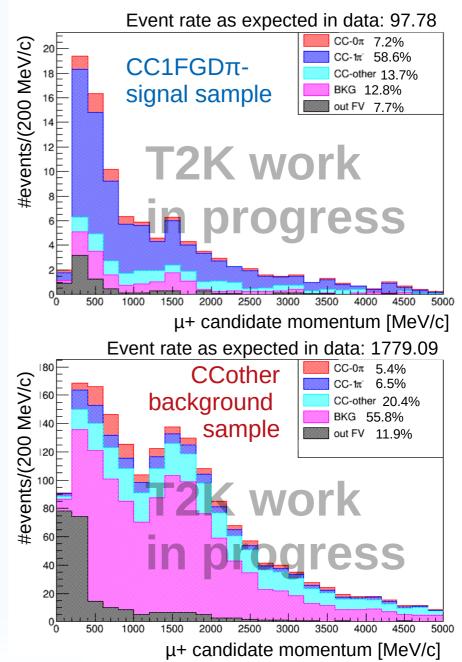




For the cross-section extraction two signal samples and two background control samples are used.

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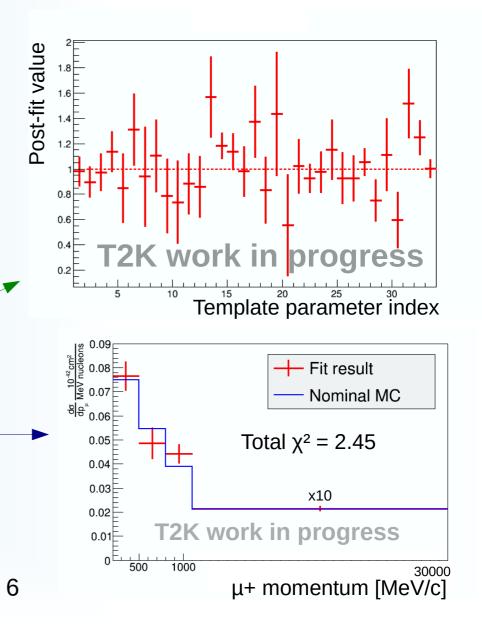
Likelihood Fitter

- The extraction of the cross-section will be done with the binned likelihood fitter.
- N_i signal = $C_i N_i$ MC signal
 - N_isignal number of signal events in the bins of true variable
 - N_i^{MC signal} number of MC events in the bins of true variable
 - c_i main free parameters of the fit (template parameters)
- MC predictions depend on template and nuisance parameters (flux, det syst, interaction model).
- Cross-section reported in true physical variables \rightarrow true phase space.
 - True PS divided into 33 bins \rightarrow 33 template parameters C_i .
- Detector measures reconstructed variables \rightarrow reconstructed phase space.
- By fitting MC to reconstructed data the fit is able to obtain an unfolded result.

$$\chi^2 = \chi^2_{stat} + \chi^2_{syst}$$

Preliminary validation

- Before fitting MC to data method validation is needed.
- Example: fit a statistically fluctuated version of the nominal MC.
 - Post-fit template parameters.
 - Extracted cross-section in µ+ momentum.
 (stat error only)



Conclusions

- Template likelihood fit method works properly in preliminary studies.
 - Data not yet used.
- Mock data tests ongoing with different MC generators.
- Data unblinding will follow after likelihood fit validation.

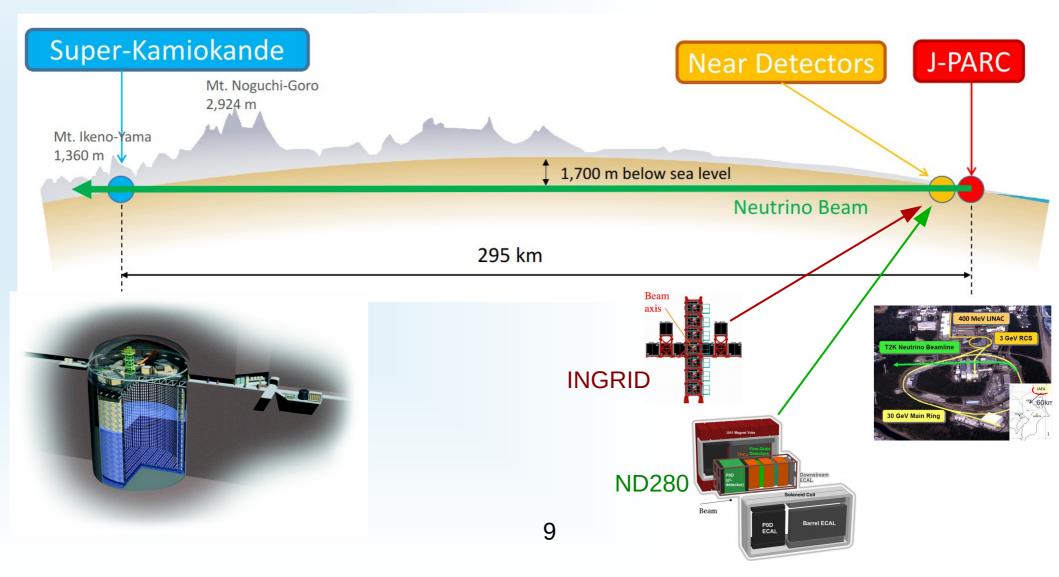
Backup



T2K experiment

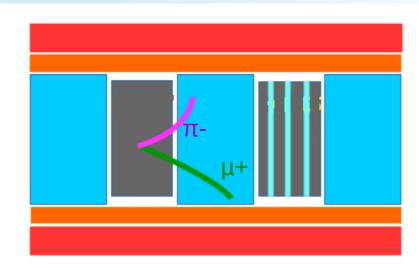


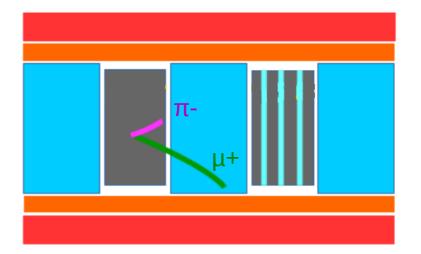
• T2K is a long-baseline neutrino experiment in Japan.



Signal selection

- Exactly one μ^+ (positive μ -like) track.
 - Particle identification based on dE/dx in TPC.
- No Michel electrons, π + or e+/- tracks.
- Two signal samples:





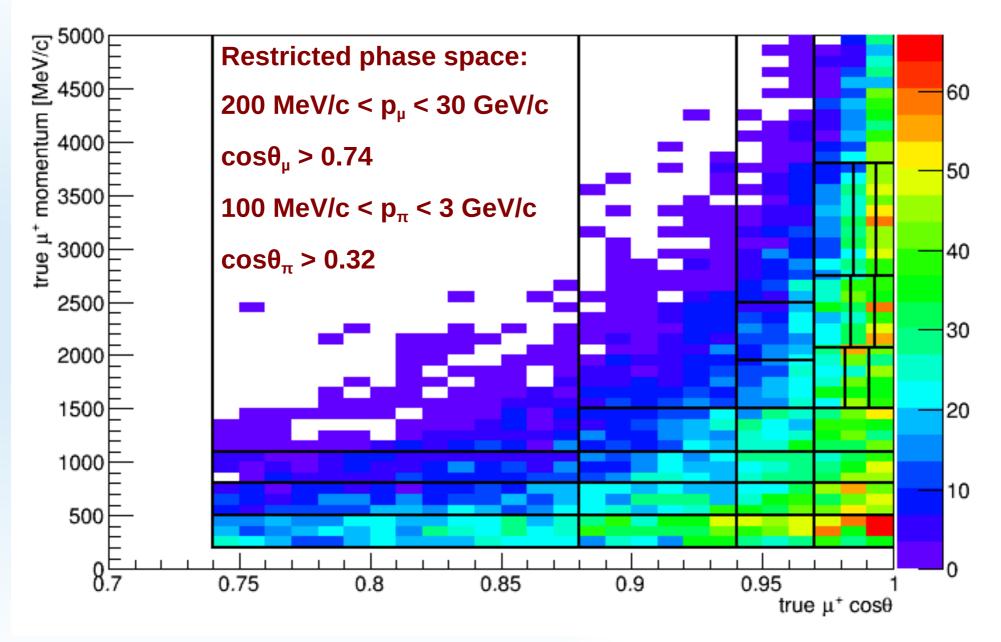
One TPC π - track

One isolated FGD track (with π -like FGD PID)

Ending point of μ track more downstream than for π track (Z-range cut)

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Phase space restrictions and binning



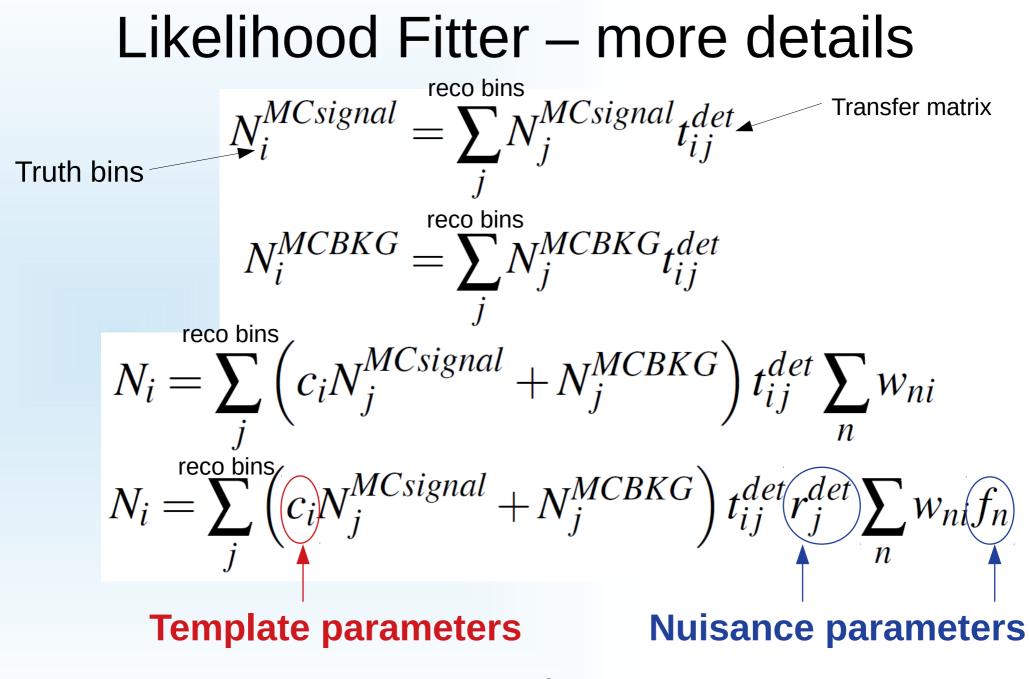
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Likelihood Fitter

$$\chi_{stat}^2 = \sum_{j}^{recobins} 2\left(N_j - N_j^{obs} + N_j^{obs} \ln \frac{N_j^{obs}}{N_j}\right)$$

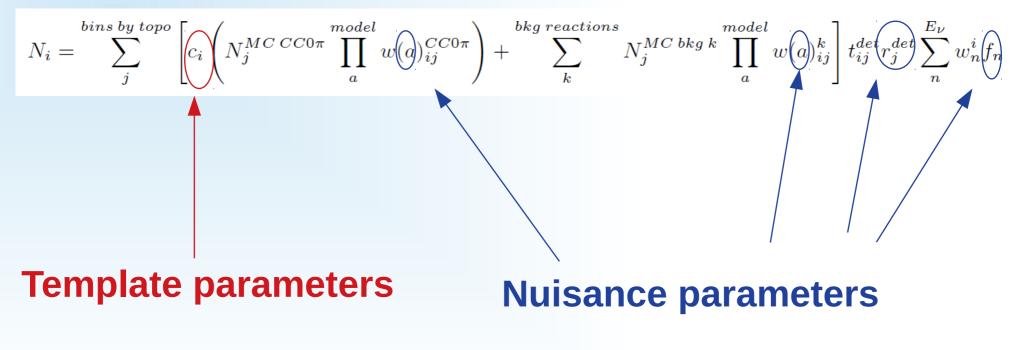
 N_j – estimated number of events for the reconstructed bin N_j^{obs} – measurement

- At each iteration the fit changes the values of template c_i parameters and nuisance parameters until the best agreement is found.
- Nuisance: detector syst, flux, interaction model



Likelihood Fitter – more details

$$\chi^2_{syst} = (\vec{r}^{det} - \vec{r}^{det}_{prior})(V^{det}_{cov})^{-1}(\vec{r}^{det} - \vec{r}^{det}_{prior}) + (\vec{f} - \vec{f}_{prior})(V^{flux}_{cov})^{-1}(\vec{f} - \vec{f}_{prior})$$



ND280

