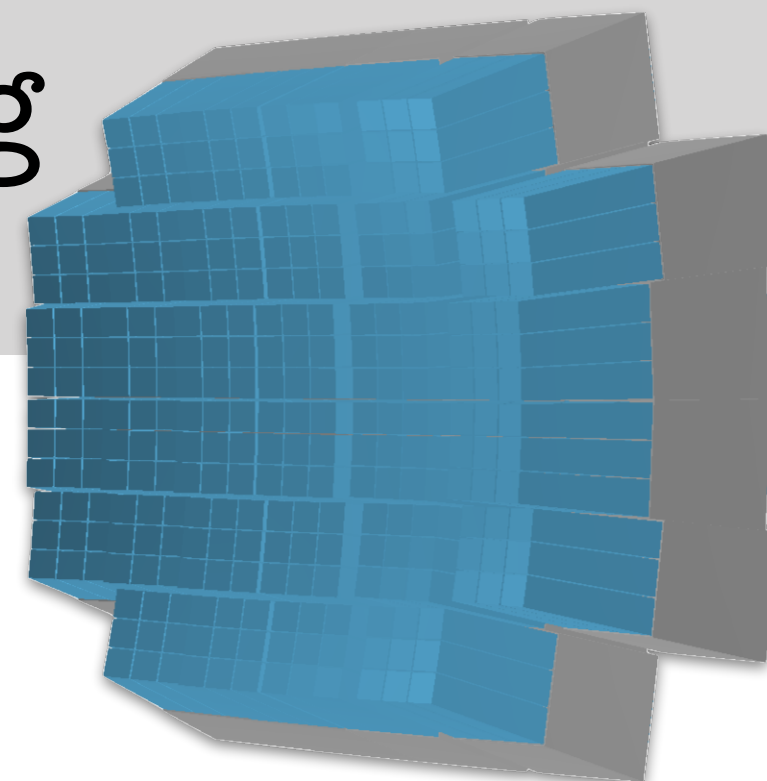


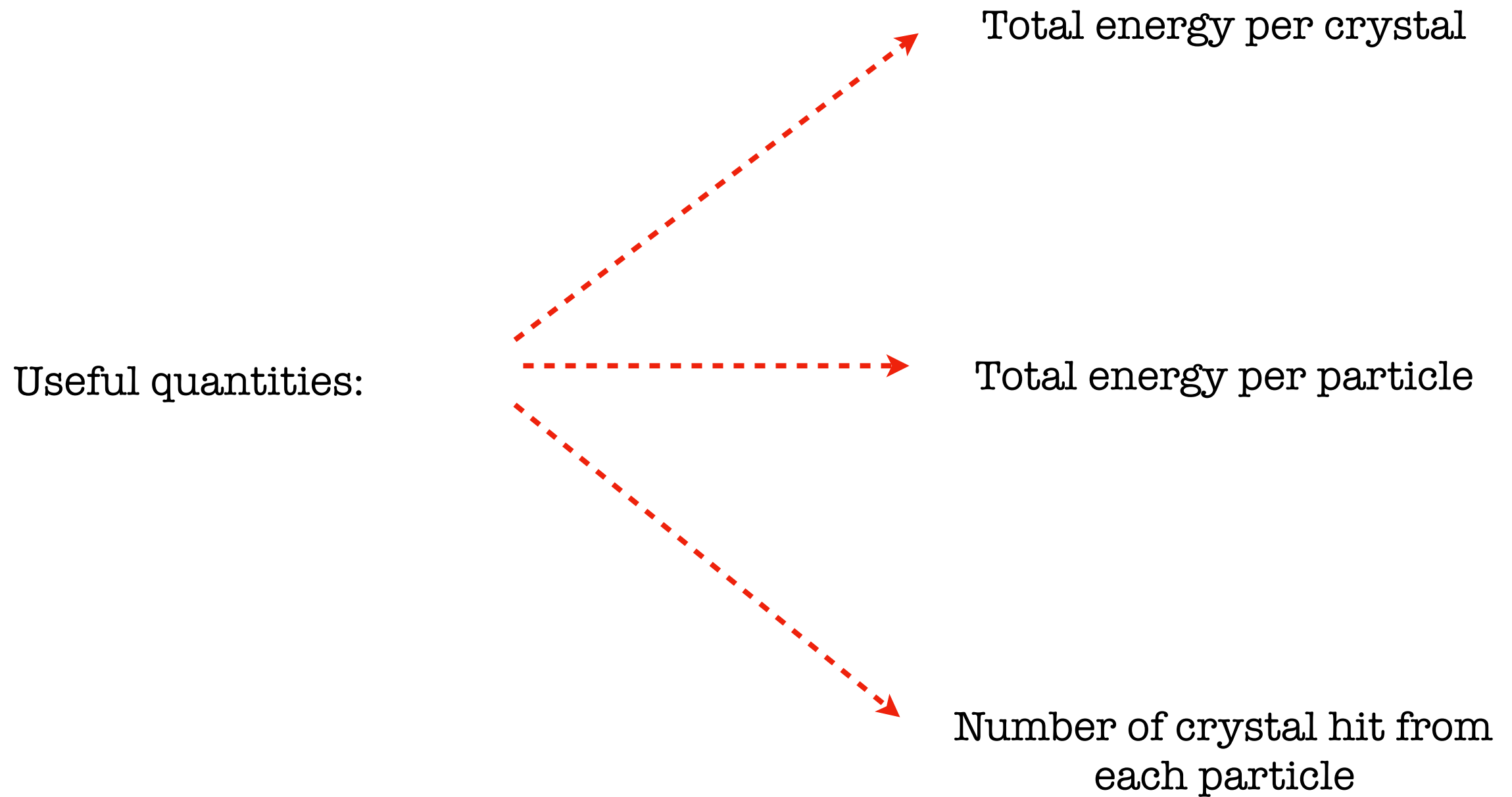
25/03/2020

Status of Calorimeter

Software Meeting

Lorenzo Scavarda

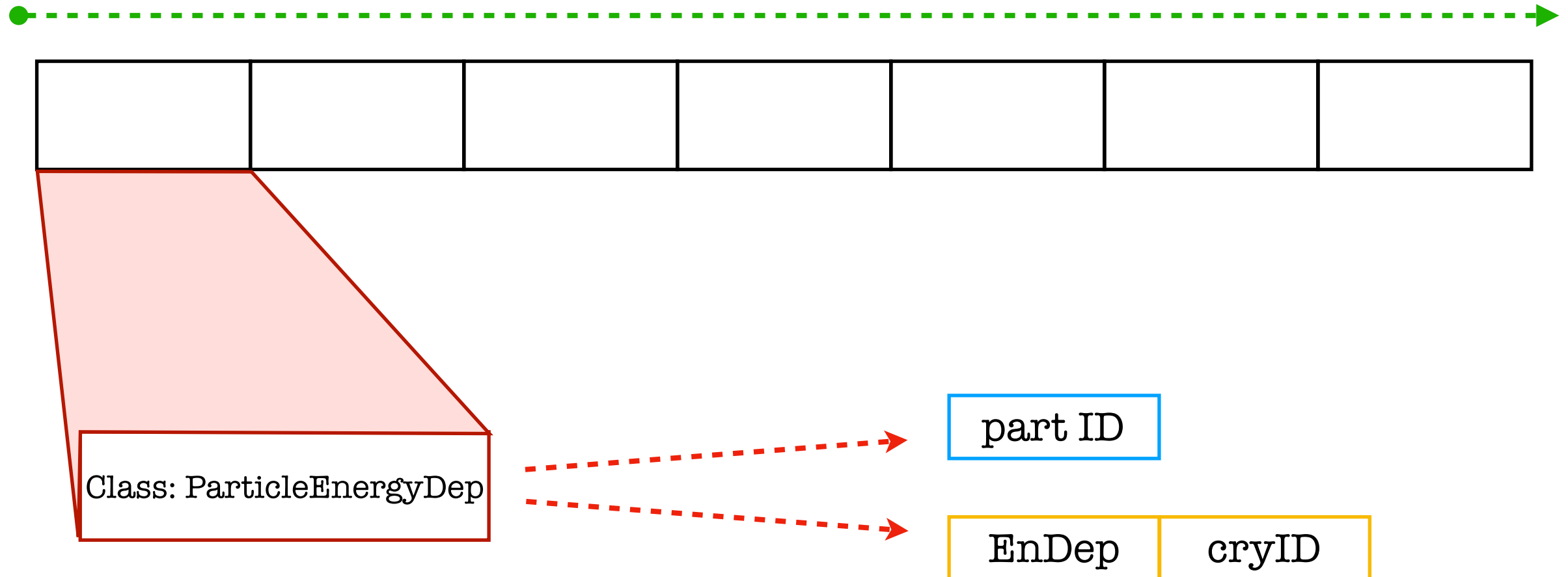






TObjArr(m_eventStruct->TRn):

part ID



A TObjarr is filled with the **partID** and a pair of **EnDep** and **cry hit** of that particle

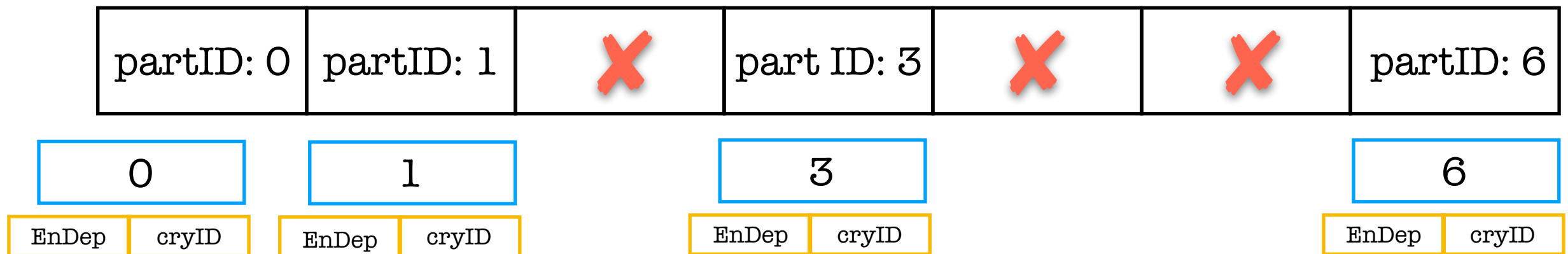
```
ParticleEnergyDep(int partId, int i) :
    partId(partId), iRelease(i) {}
int partId; // particle ID
int iRelease; // index in EvnStr ---> i (the number of the energy deposition)
std::vector<EnergyDep> energyDeps; // vector of pairs of: (cryID - endep)
```



Example:

For each event:

for (int i=0; i<m_eventStruct->CALn; i++) loop on all energy releases in Calo



Each element is labeled with the partID number

TACAactNtuMC (4)



Assuming that the TObjarr is sorted by creation and the particle mothers are before the daughters:

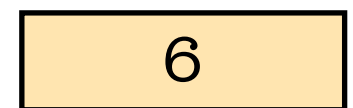
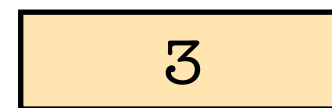
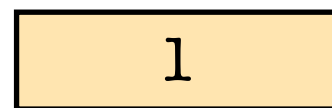
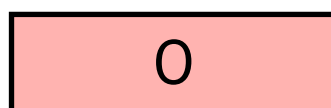
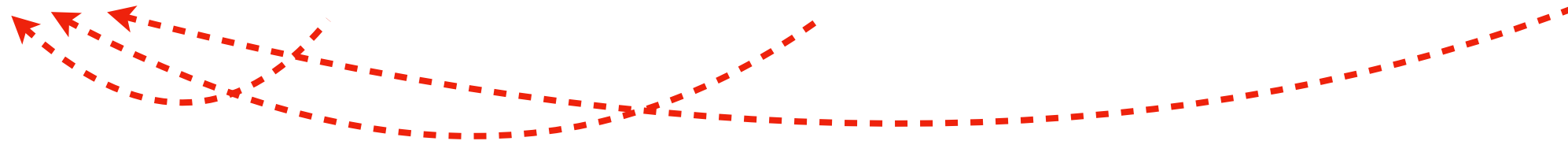
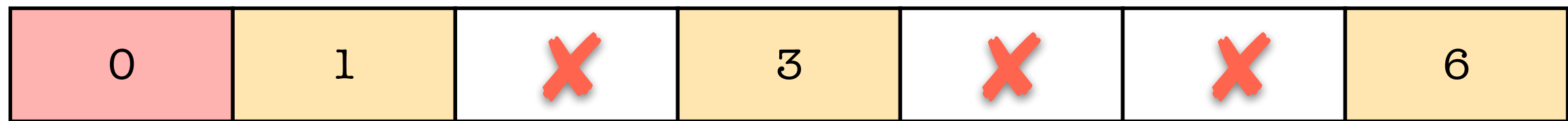
```
for ( int i=npart-1; i>0; --i )
```

**Particle
mother**

Daughter

Daughter

Daughter



EnDep0	26
--------	----

EnDep1	26
--------	----

EnDep1	23
--------	----

EnDep1	26
--------	----

EnDep2	25
--------	----

EnDep3	24
--------	----

Remove daughter slots and compress (remove the empty slots) from the TObjarr



In the TObjarr will remain only the particle mothers.
The mother slots contain the information about all their daughters.

Example:



ParticleEnergyDep class

```

//Sum the energy blocks of one particle (trackID)
float getTotalEnergyDep() {
    float totalEnergyDep(0);
    for (std::vector<EnergyDep>::iterator it = this->energ
        totalEnergyDep += (*it).energyDep;
    }
    return totalEnergyDep;
}

std::set<int> getUniqueCryIds() {
    std::set<int> uniqueCryIds;
    for (std::vector<EnergyDep>::const_iterator it = this
        uniqueCryIds.insert((*it).crystalId);
    }
    return uniqueCryIds;
}

float getNCrystals() {
    return this->getUniqueCryIds().size();
}
    
```

getTotalEnergyDep: EnDep0_1 + EnDep1_1 + EnDep1_2 + ...

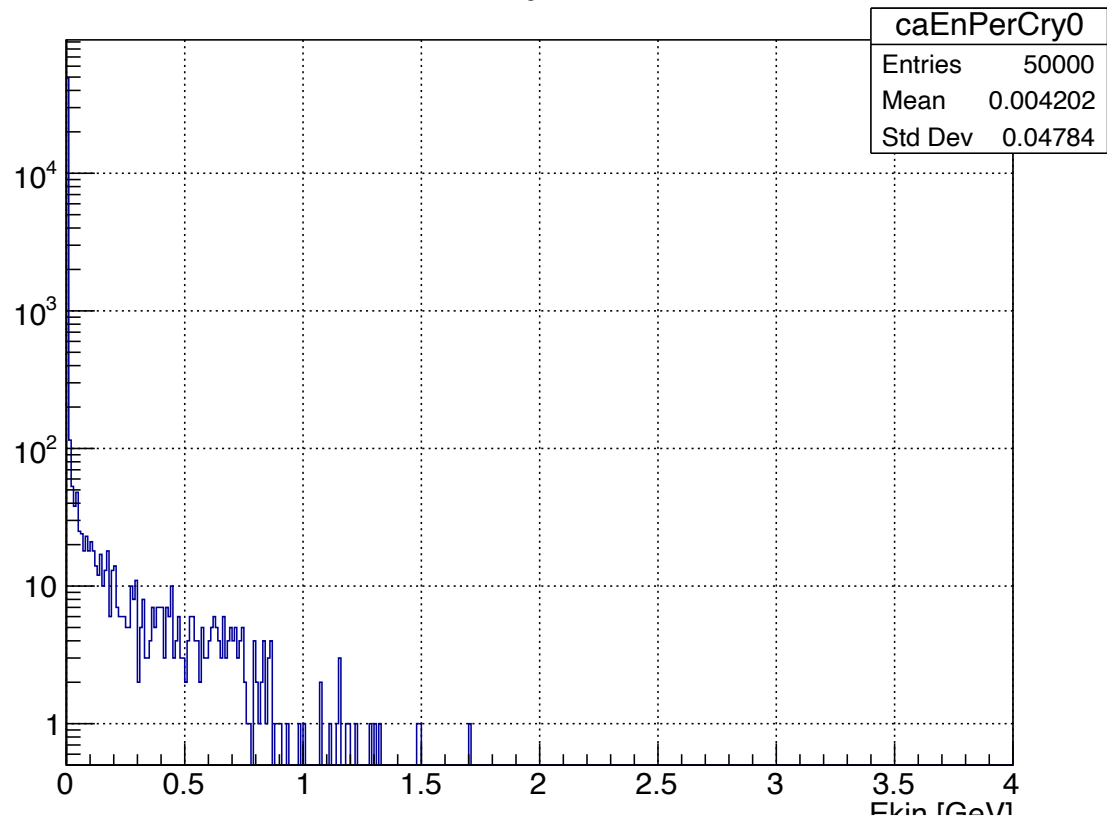
getUniqueCryIds: 26, 25, 24, 23

getNCrystals: 4

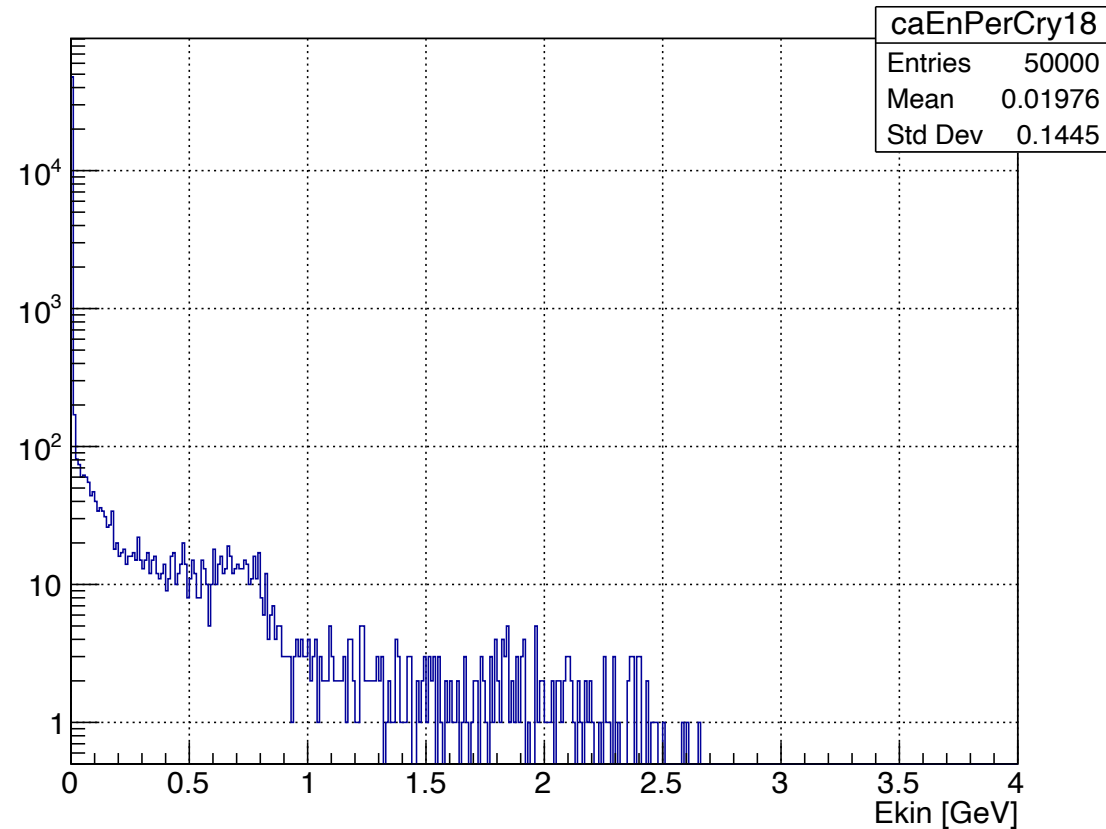
TACAactNtuMC Plots



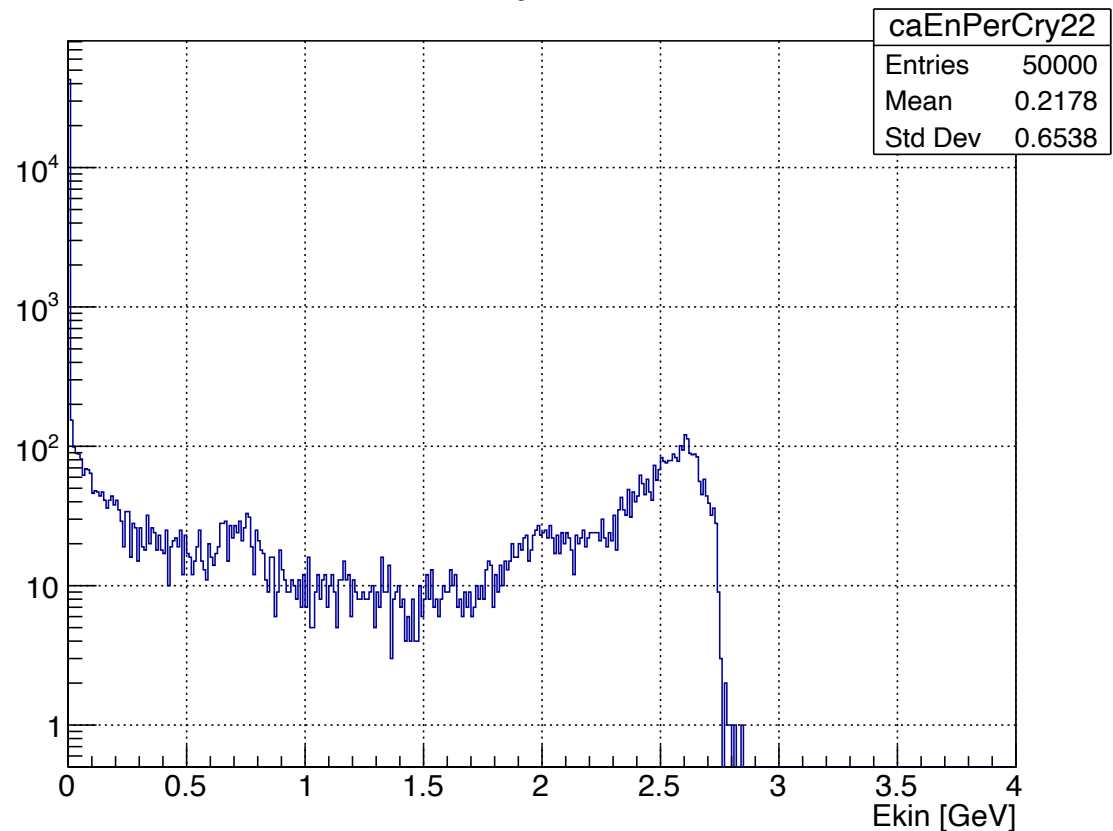
Cry 0



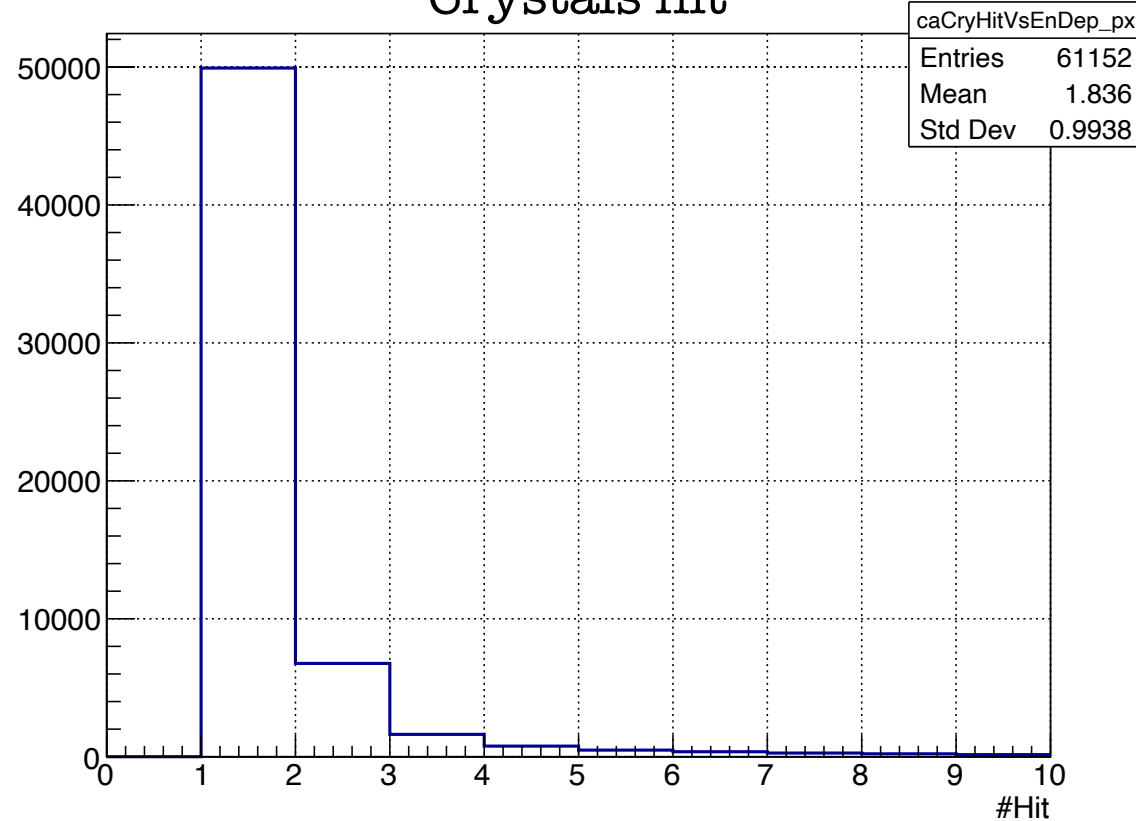
Cry 18



Cry 22

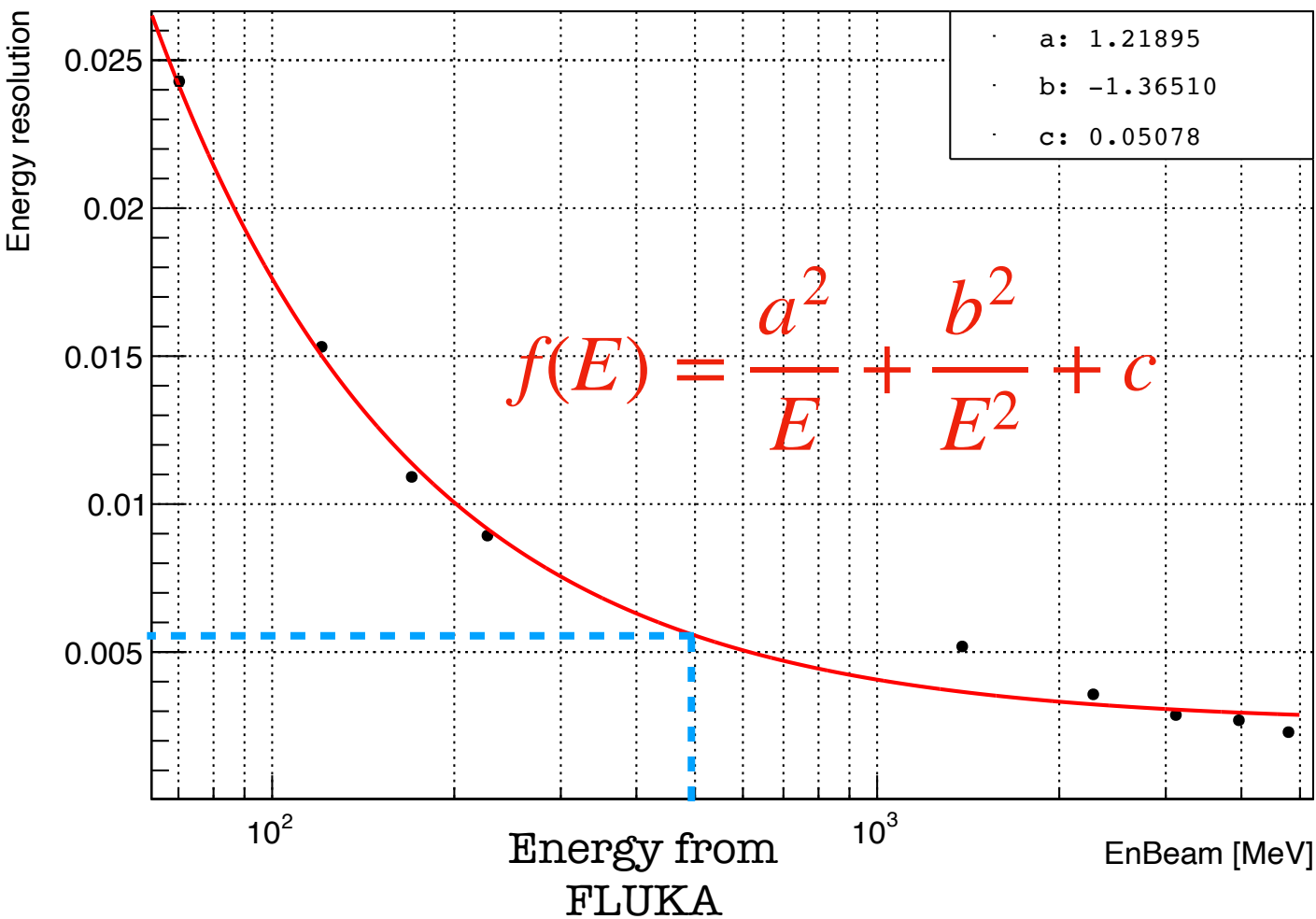


Crystals hit





Resolution_Charge



From 16_02_2020 CNAO test beam

```
//
Double_t TACAdigitizer::ResEnergy(Double_t* x, Double_t* par)
{
    Float_t energy = x[0];
    Float_t res = (par[0]*par[0]/energy + par[1]*par[1]/(energy*energy) + par[2]*par[2]);
    // Float_t res = (par[0]*par[0]/energy + par[1]*par[1]);

    // res /= 100;

    return res;
}
```



```
//apply smearing to the energy
edep *= 1000; //Convert MC energy from GeV to MeV

Float_t resEnergy = GetResEnergy(edep);
edep += gRandom->Gaus(0, resEnergy);

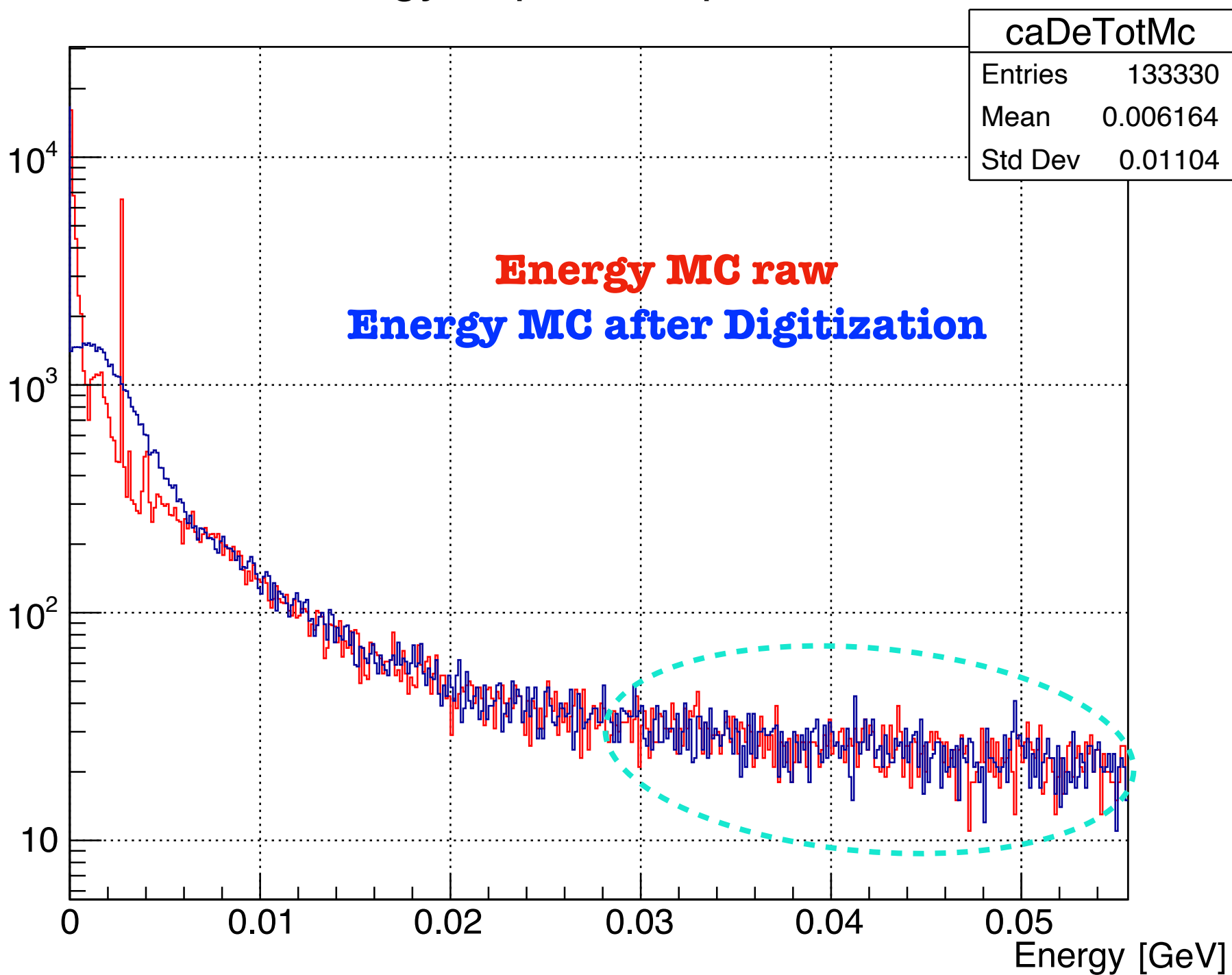
edep /= 1000; //Convert energy from MeV to GeV

fCurrentHit = (TACAntuHit*)fpNtuRaw->NewHit(id, photonsN, edep, time);
```


TACAdigitizer Plot



Energy deposition per event





TACAdigitizer class:

- Do a simulation with a simple setup as we used at CNAO, to compare MC simulation after digitization with some data
- Go on and improve the digitization