Updates on the FTM test beam preparation and simulation

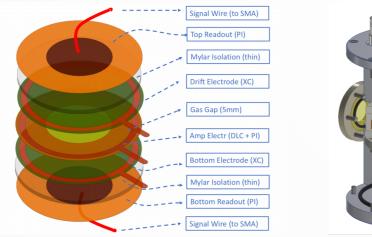
Antonello Pellecchia

28 February 2020

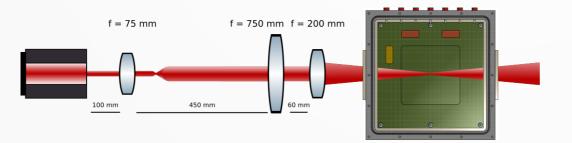


- Early tests in Bari on small-size FTM
- Test beam setup
- Preparation and simulations for the test beam

First tests on the small prototype

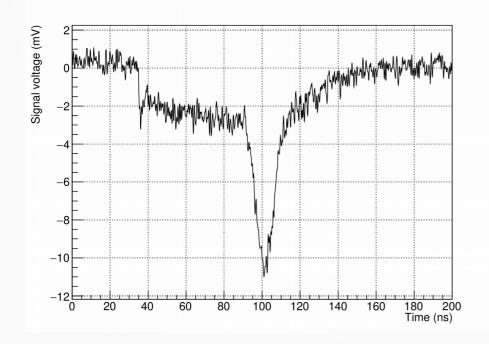




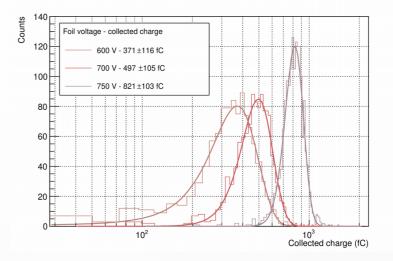


- Tests performed in the laser box in Bari
- Laser beam focused to 15 um
- Signal readout with CIVIDEC 40dB amplifier + oscilloscope

First tests on the small prototype

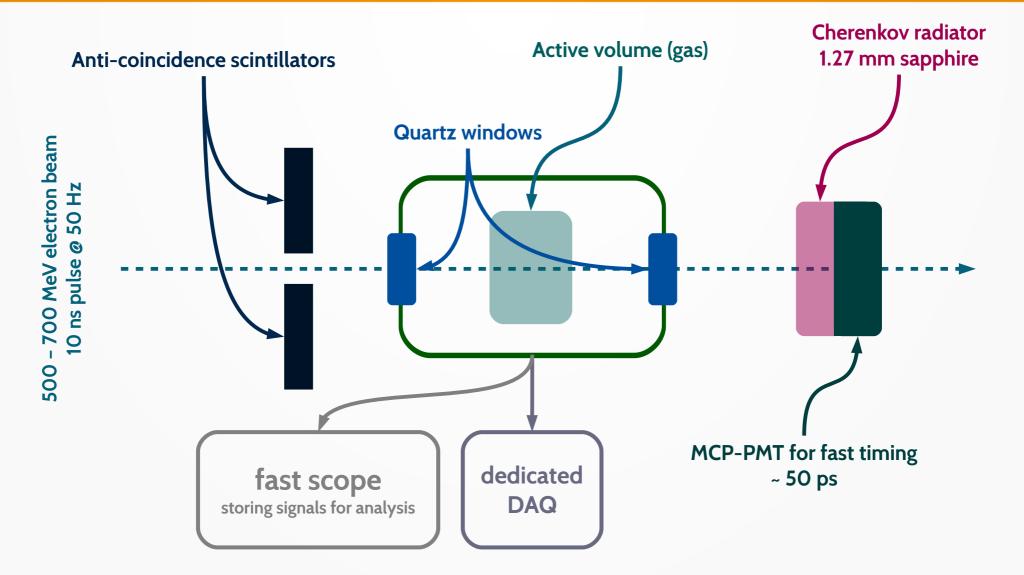


Example of acquired signal



- Measured collected charge spectra
- No information on primary charge available
 - It was not possible to perform a gain calibration

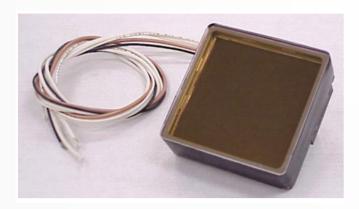
Tentative test beam setup (in progress)



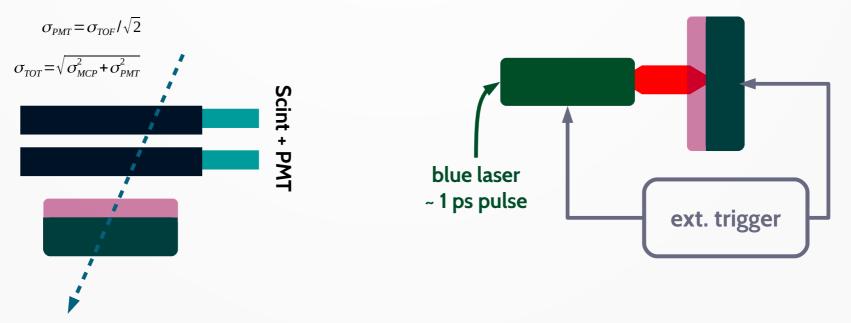
02/28/20

A. Pellecchia - FTM test beam preparation & simulation

In preparation for the test beam



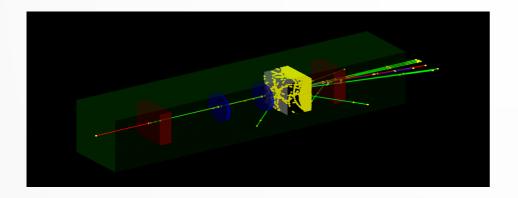
- The MCP-PMT has arrived
 - Planacom XP85012
- Two time resolution measurements in the next days:
 - ✤ Cosmic rays
 - With laser



02/28/20

A. Pellecchia - FTM test beam preparation & simulation

Test beam simulation (in progress)



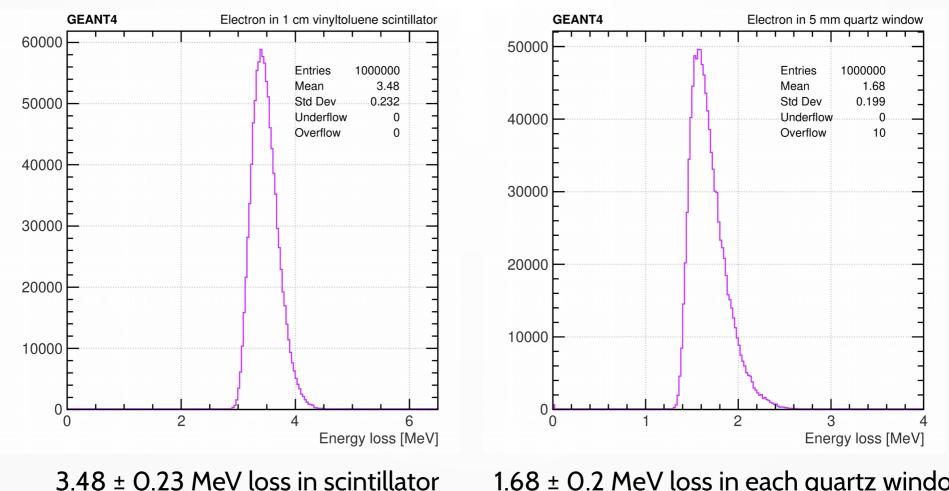
Source beam

- 500 MeV electrons
- Gaussian profile, 1 mm electron beam

Simulated volumes

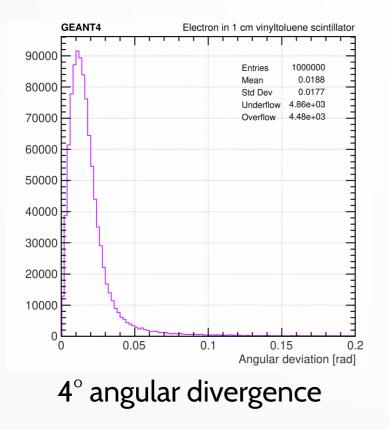
- 1 cm VT scintillator
- two 5 mm quartz windows for the energy loss inside the FTM
- ➔ 1.27 mm sapphire volume
 - Cherenkov yield
 - photon arrival times

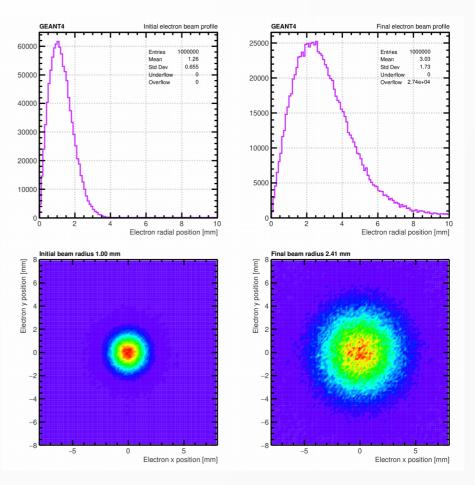
Beam energy losses



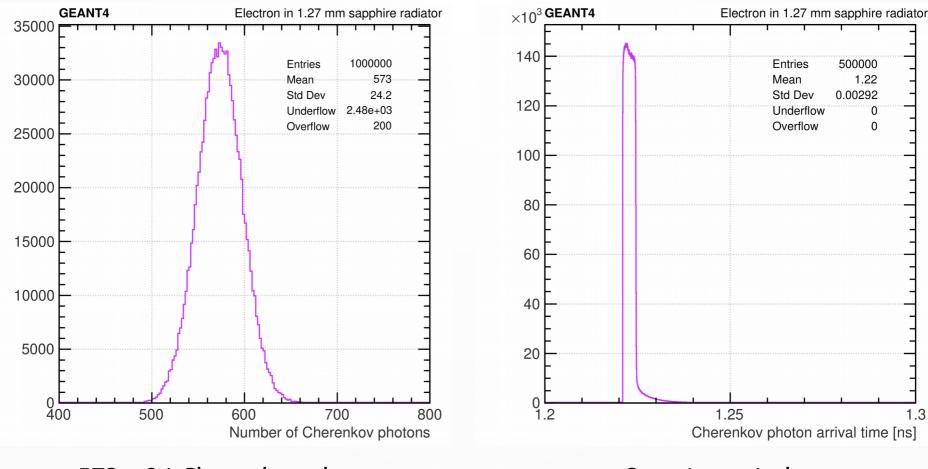
1.68 ± 0.2 MeV loss in each quartz window

Beam deviation and angular divergence





Cherenkov yield and arrival times



573 ± 24 Cherenkov photons

3 ps time window