

CYGNO shielding study

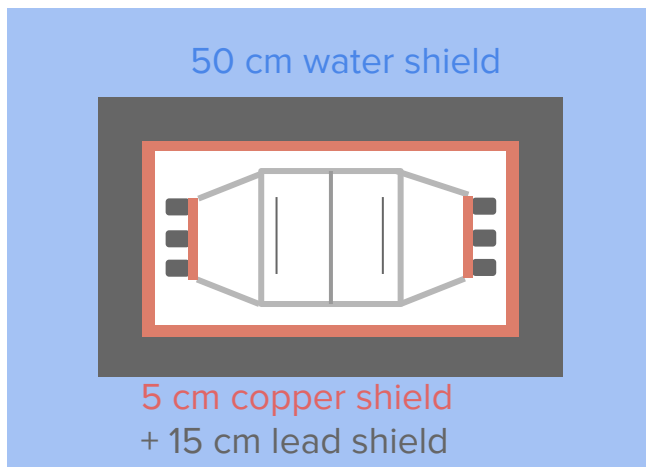
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CYGNO simulation strategy meeting

Shielding option 2

2) 50 cm water + 15 cm Pb + 5 cm Cu



Rate [0-20] keV = 0.054 cpd/kg/keV
→ **630 cts/yr** in CYGNO detector

Cost of materials:

- Cu : ~25 euro/kg
- Lead : ~5 euro/kg
- PE : ~5 euro/kg

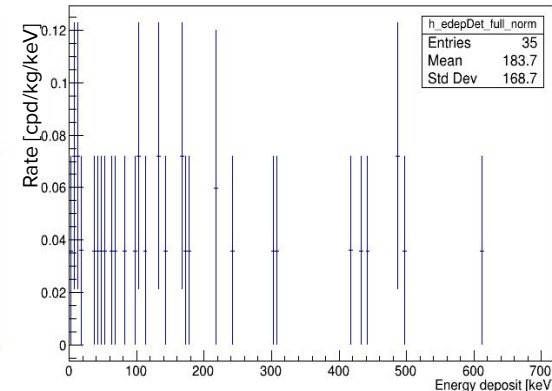
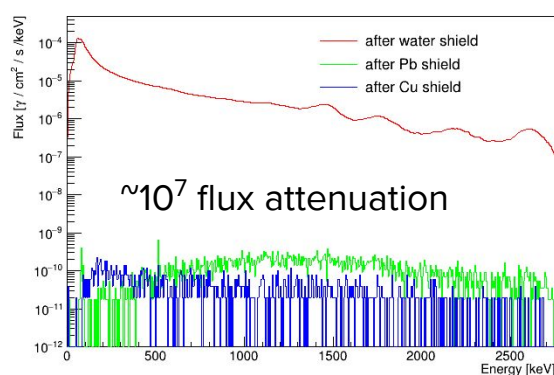
Material	Thickness [cm]	Mass [kg]	*Cost [keuro]
Water	50	16e3	-
Pb	15	42e3	210
Cu	5	9e3	225

Gamma Flux entering outermost shield $0.56 \text{ cm}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$

Gamma Flux after 50 cm water shield $0.019 \text{ cm}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$

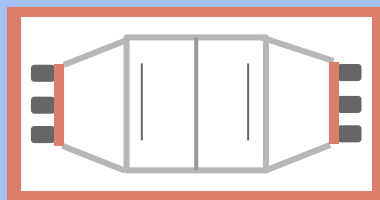
Gamma Flux after 20 cm Pb shield $3.2 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ cm}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$

Gamma Flux after 5 cm Cu shield $1.4 \cdot 10^{-7} \text{ cm}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$



Shielding option 3

3) 250 cm water + 5 cm Cu



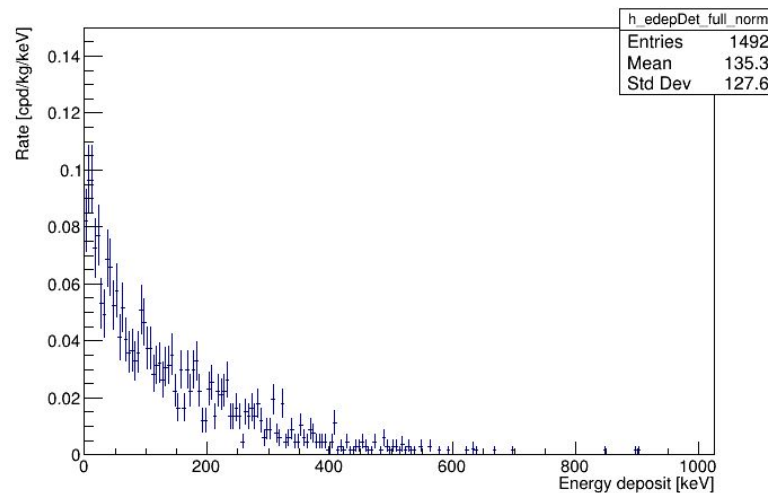
5 cm copper shield

250 cm water shield

Cost of materials:

- Cu : ~25 euro/kg
- Lead : ~5 euro/kg
- PE : ~5 euro/kg

Volume	Material	Thickness [cm]	Mass [kg]	Cost [keuro]
Shield2	Water	250	312e3	-
Shield3	Cu	5	9e3	225



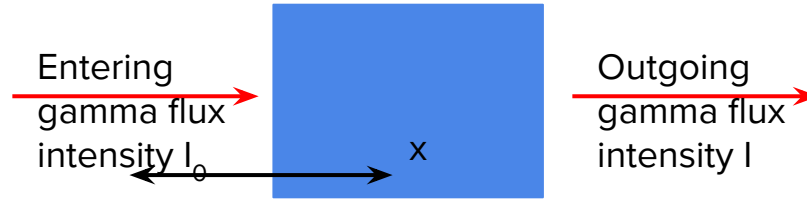
Rate [0-20] keV = $8 \cdot 10^{-2}$ cpd/kg/keV $\rightarrow$ **10^3 cts/yr** in CYGNO detector

X-rays attenuation (rough calculation)

$$I/I_0 = \exp[-(\mu/\rho)x] .$$

$$\mu/\rho = x^{-1} \ln(I_0/I)$$

ρ material density
 $x=pt$ “mass thickness”



$$\mu/\rho = \sigma_{\text{tot}}/uA .$$

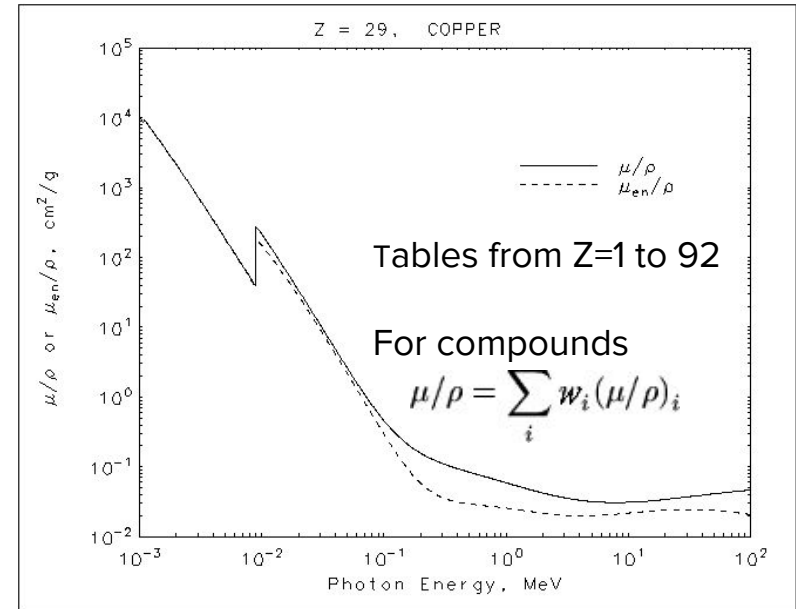
u = atomic mass unit
 A = relative atomic mass
 σ_{tot} is the total cross section

$$\sigma_{\text{tot}} = \sigma_{\text{pe}} + \sigma_{\text{coh}} + \sigma_{\text{incoh}} + \sigma_{\text{pair}} + \sigma_{\text{trip}} + \sigma_{\text{ph.n.}}$$

σ_{pe} atomic photoeffect xsec
 σ_{coh} and σ_{incoh} coherent (Rayleigh) and incoherent (Compton) scattering xsec
 σ_{pair} and σ_{trip} e+e- production xsec in the fields of the nucleus and of the atomic electrons
 $\sigma_{\text{ph.n.}}$ photonuclear cross section

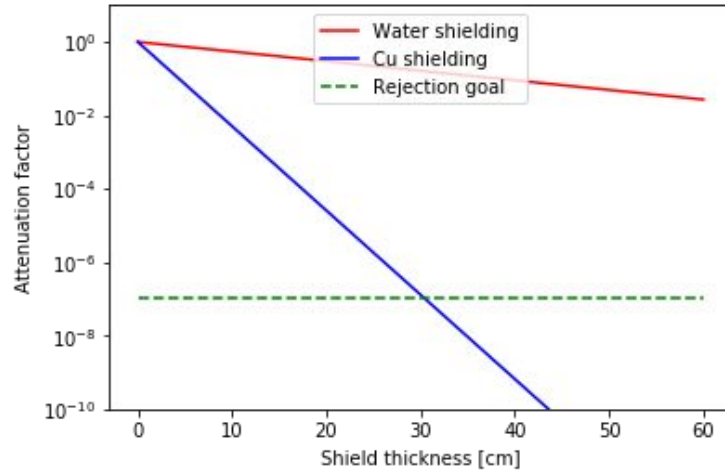
<https://physics.nist.gov/PhysRefData/XrayMassCoef/chap2.html>

<https://physics.nist.gov/PhysRefData/XrayMassCoef/tab3.html>



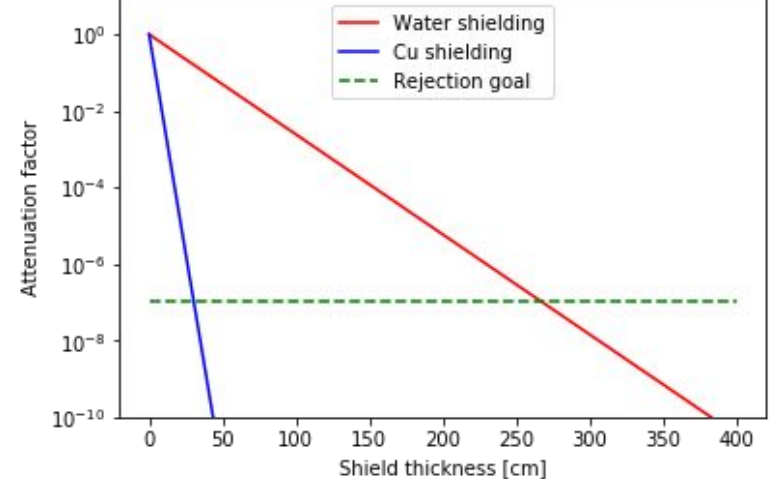
X-rays attenuation with Cu and water

I/I_0 attenuation vs thickness (1 MeV gamma)



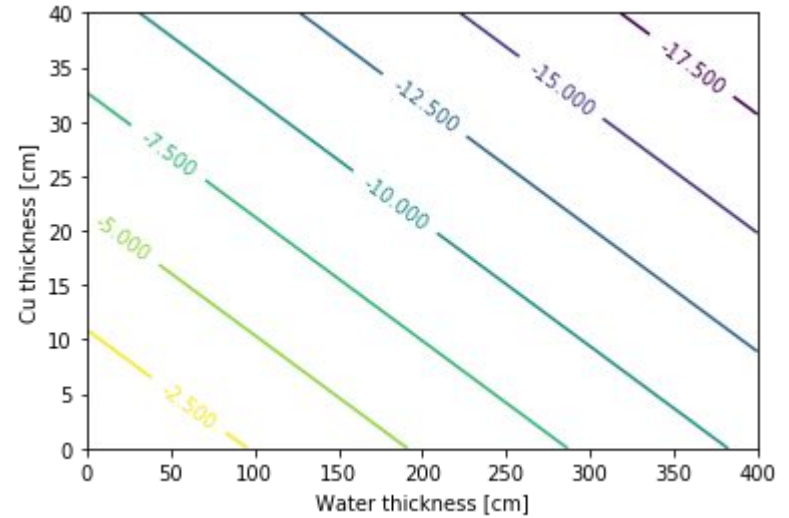
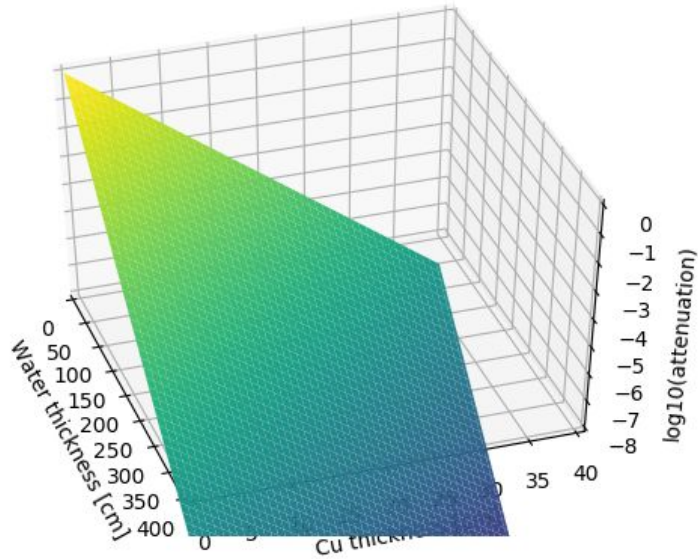
Shielding made of only copper gives an attenuation of 10^7 with thickness ~30 cm

I/I_0 attenuation vs thickness (1 MeV gamma)



Shielding made of only water gives an attenuation of 10^7 with thickness ~270 cm

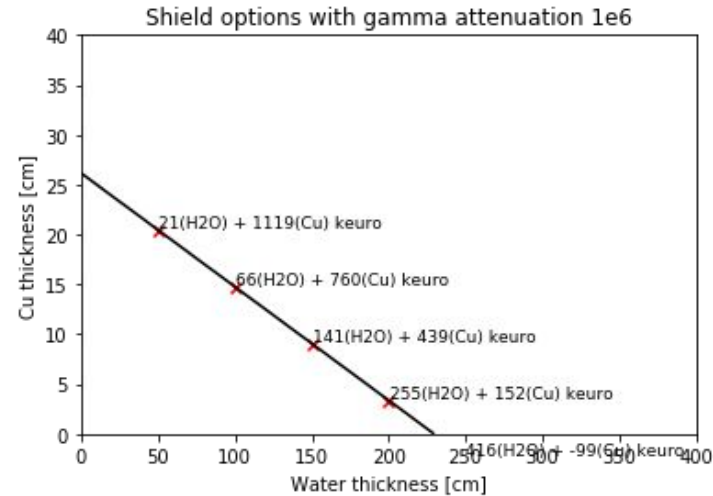
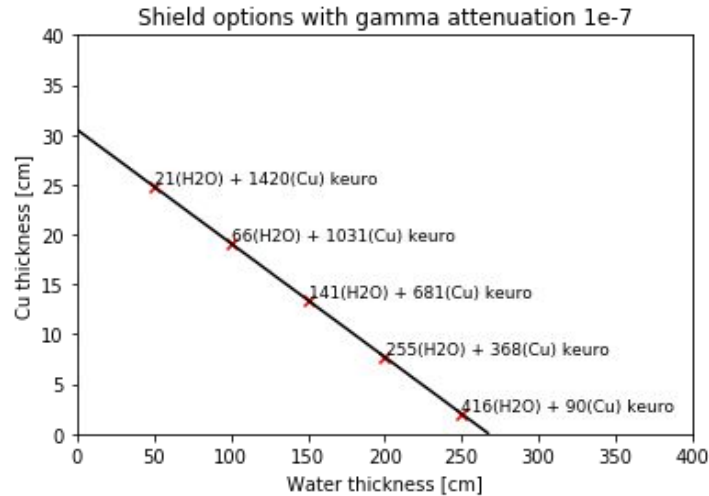
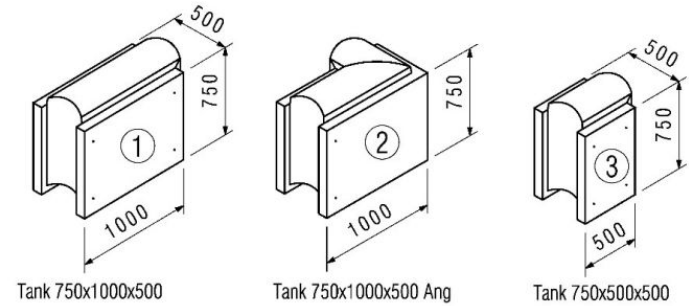
Combination of Cu + water



Cost optimization Cu + water

Assumptions:

- Cost of copper: 25 euro/kg
- Cost of water: ~500 euro/tank from Cesidio presentation (→ ~1.3 euro/kg)



The Cu cost is significantly higher than water (also the modular option for water shielding), so the option with only 5 cm copper and 2-2.5 m water is the cheapest