

FERMI – LA MISSIONE

WHY – WHEN – HOW – WHAT – WHERE – WHO

Luca Latronico



Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare
SEZIONE DI TORINO

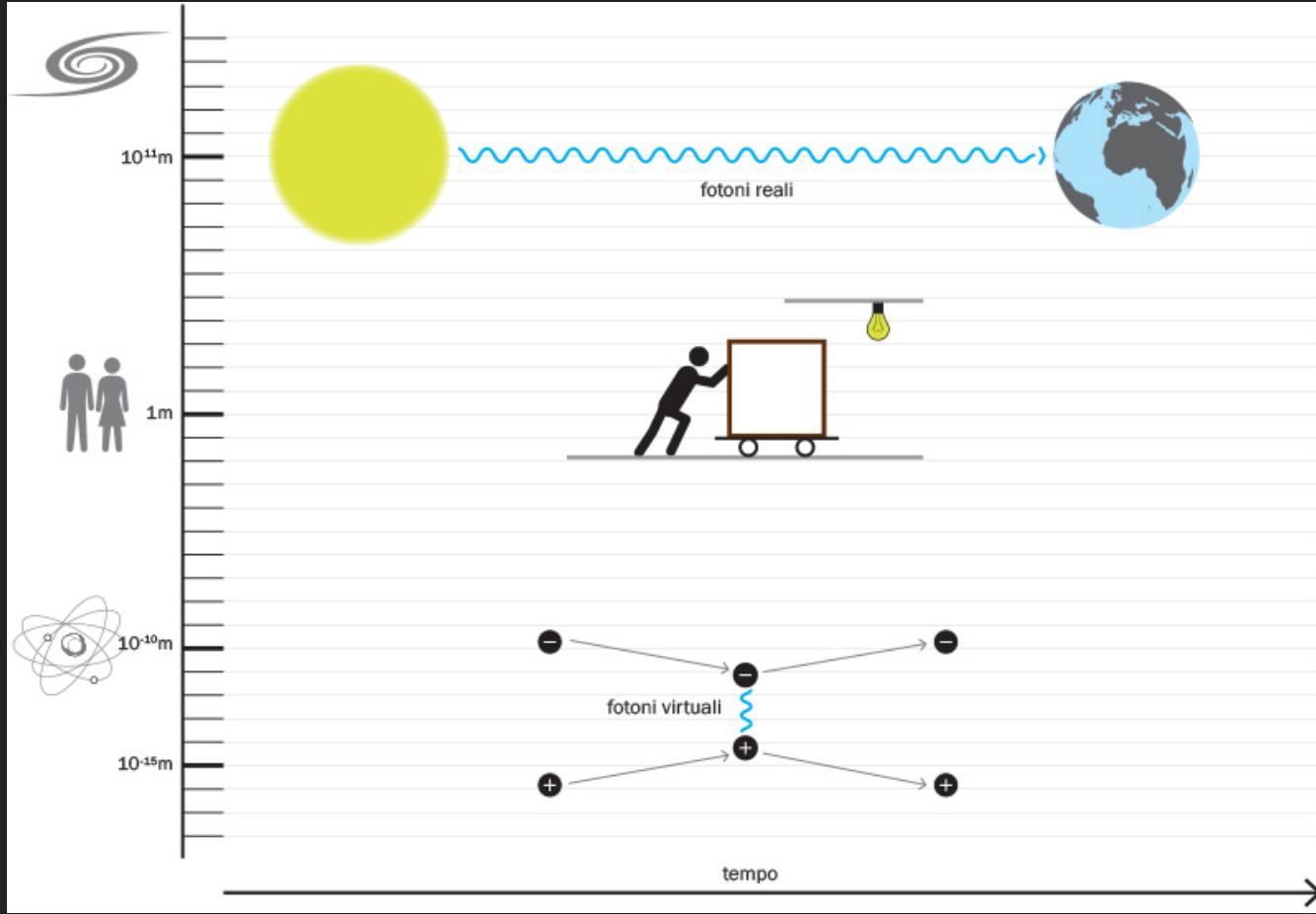
Fermi Masterclass 2020

1. FERMI - WHY ?



MESSAGGERI COSMICI

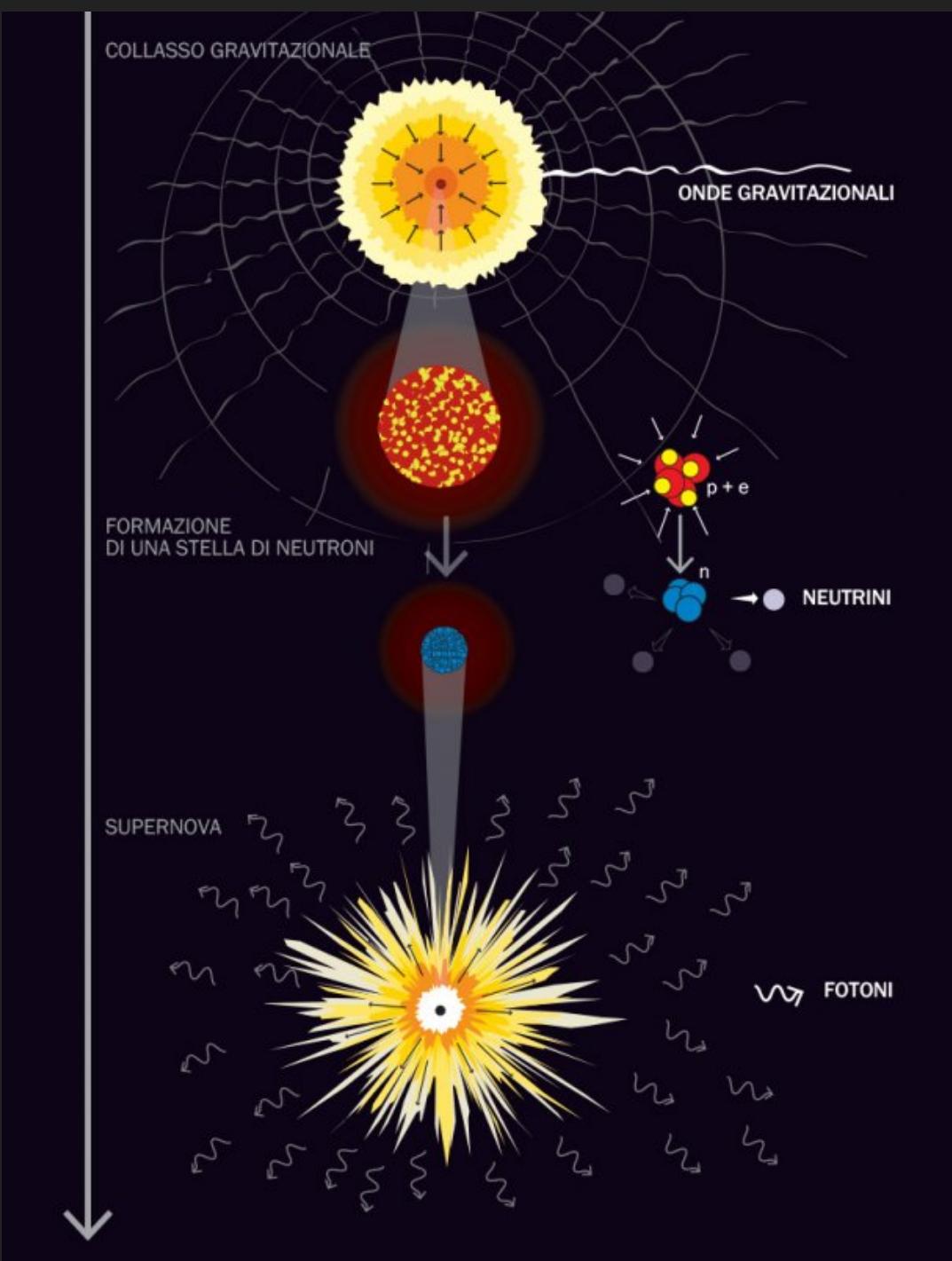
PORTANO INFORMAZIONI ATTRAVERSO L'UNIVERSO



PARTICELLE COME MESSAGGERI

MEDIANO LE INTERAZIONI TRA LE FORZE FONDAMENTALI



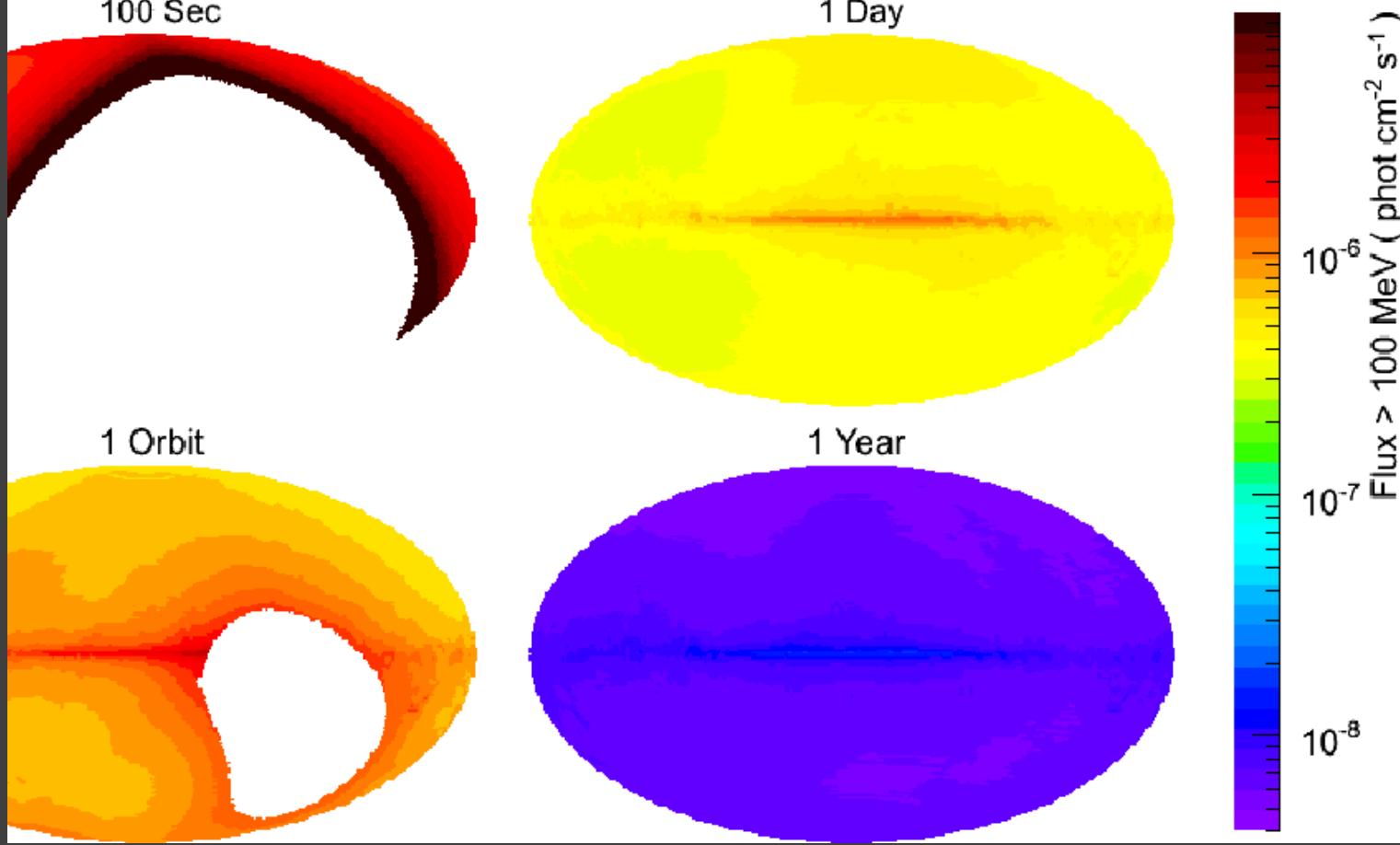
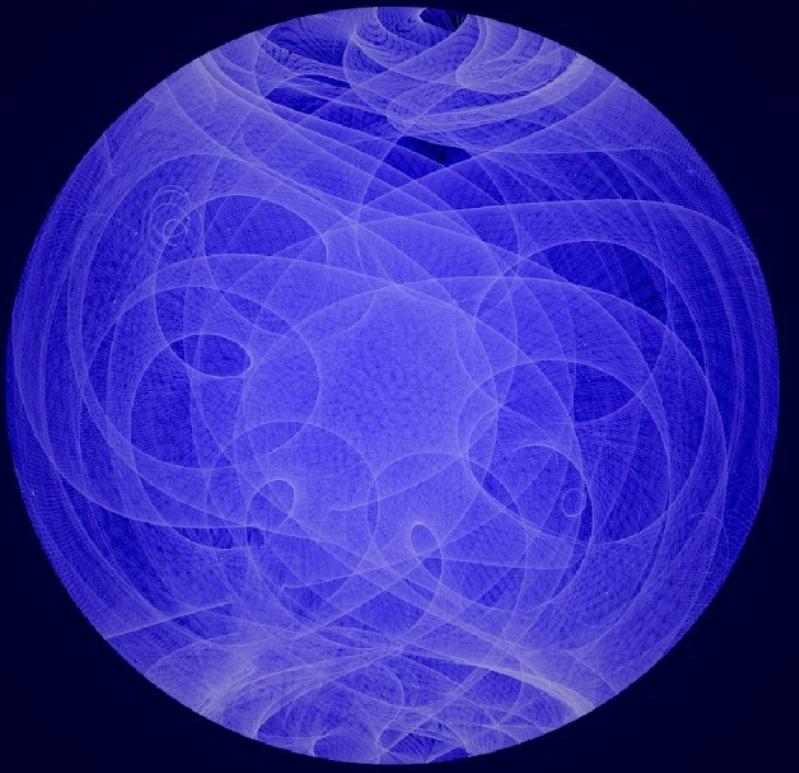


**MESSAGGERI DALLA
TRASFORMAZIONE DI UNA
STELLA**

2. FERMI - WHEN

2008 – 11 GIUGNO - CAPE CANAVERAL

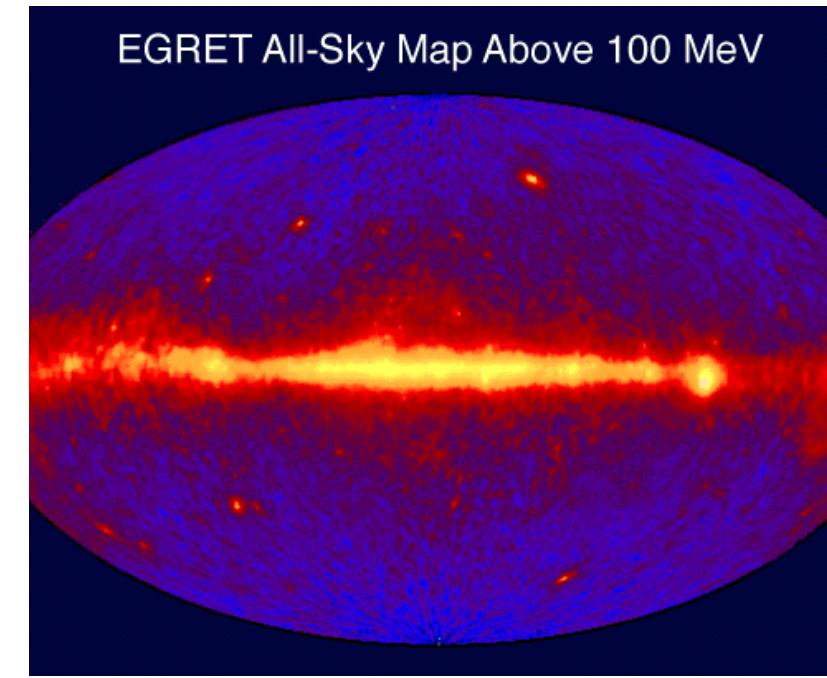
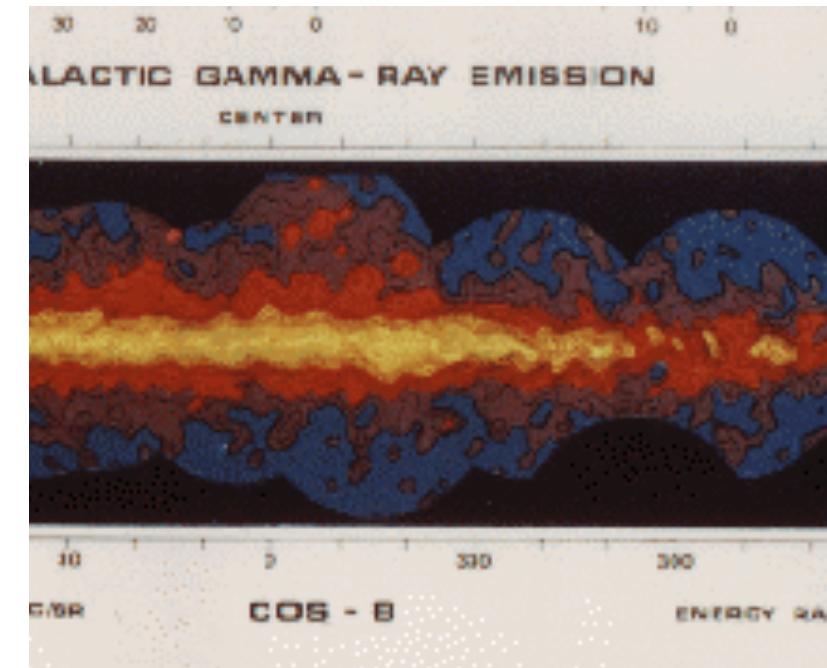
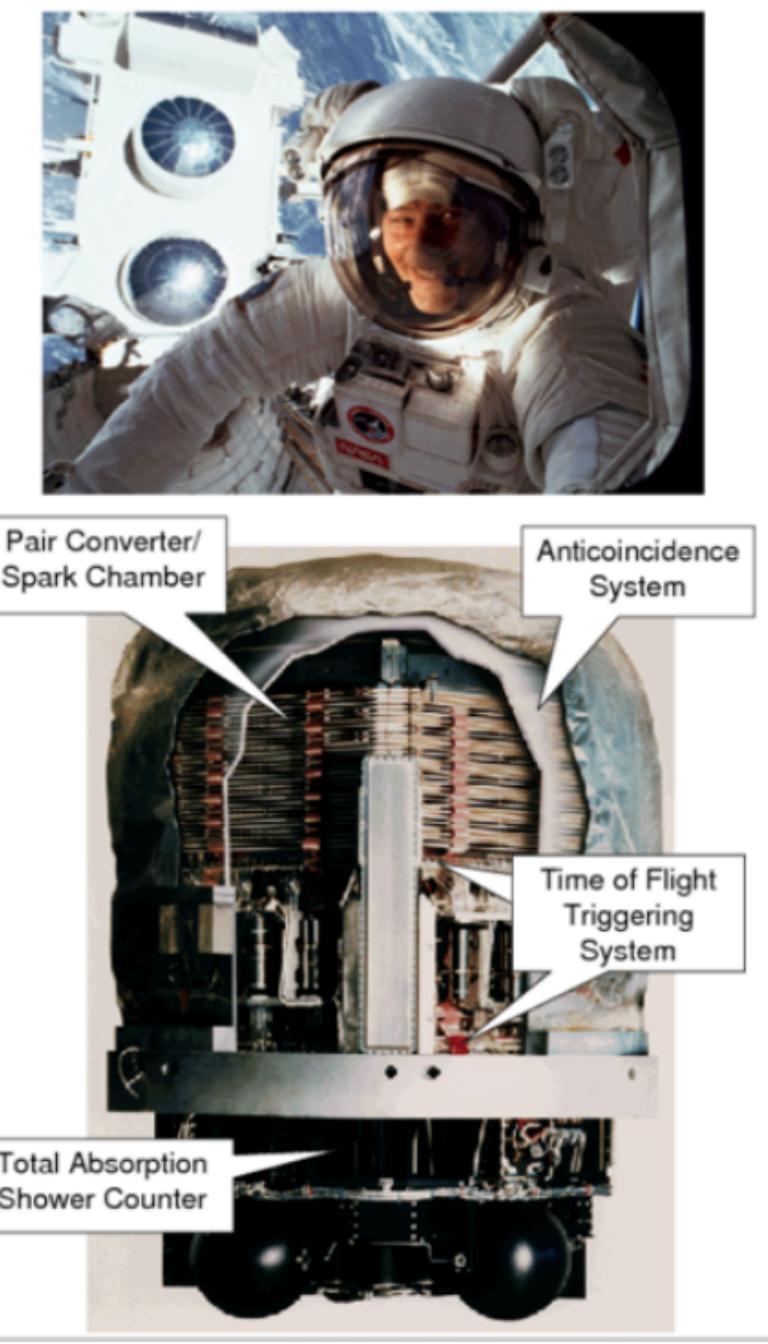
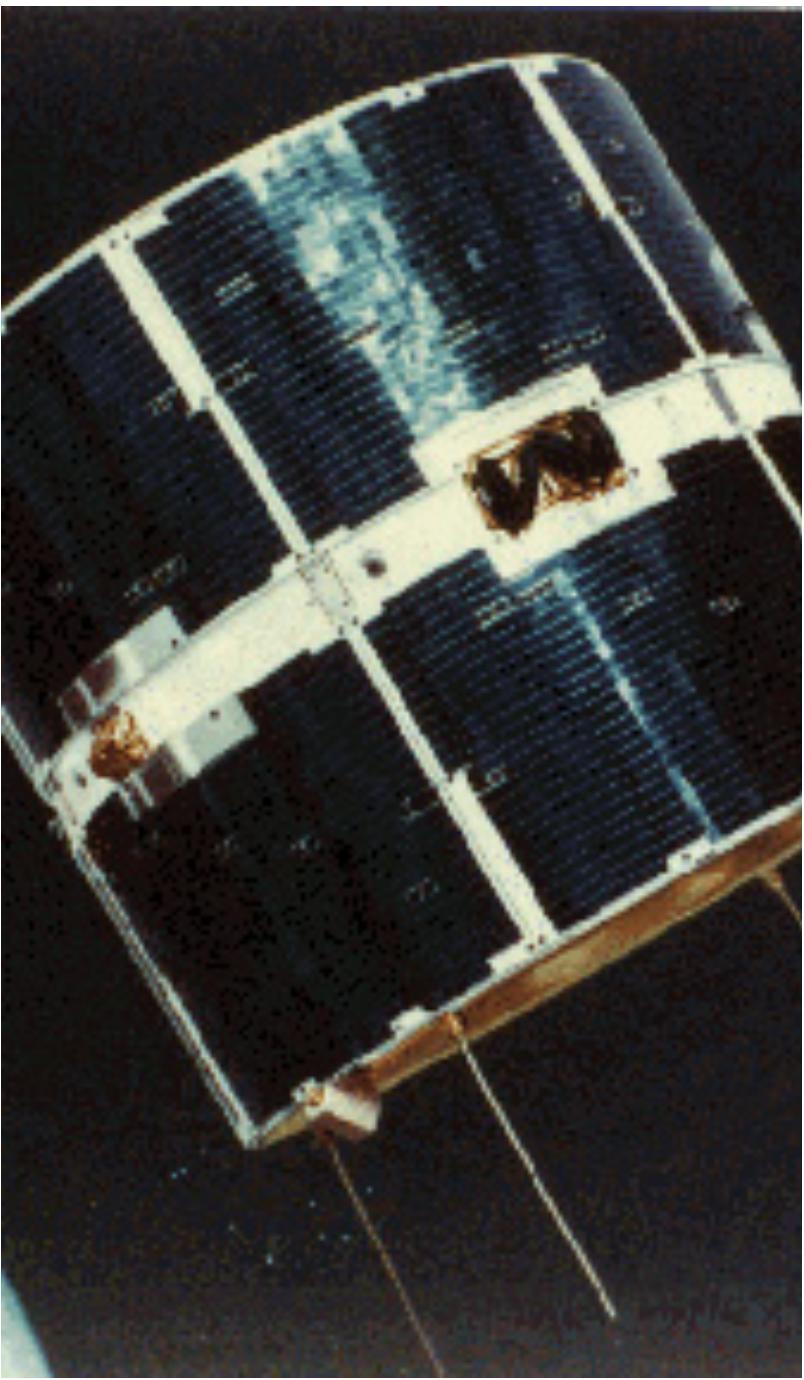




2008 – TODAY
FERMI ORBIT AT 565 KM ALTITUDE



FERMI ZOOM COOLABORATION MEETING 2020

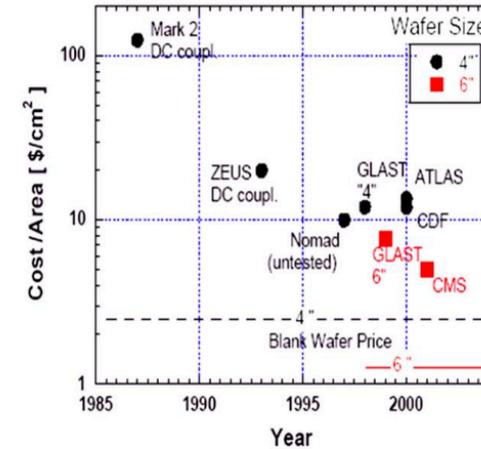
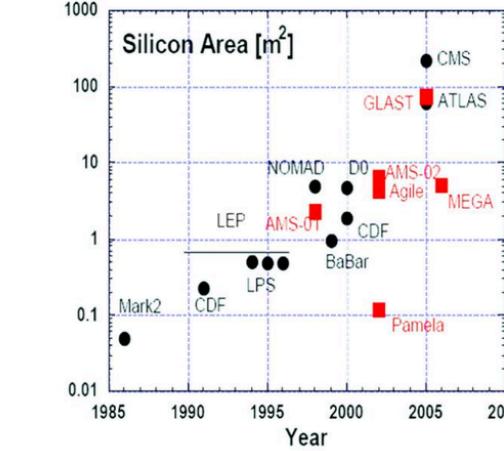
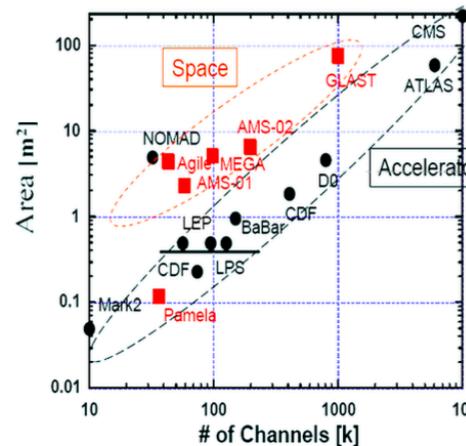




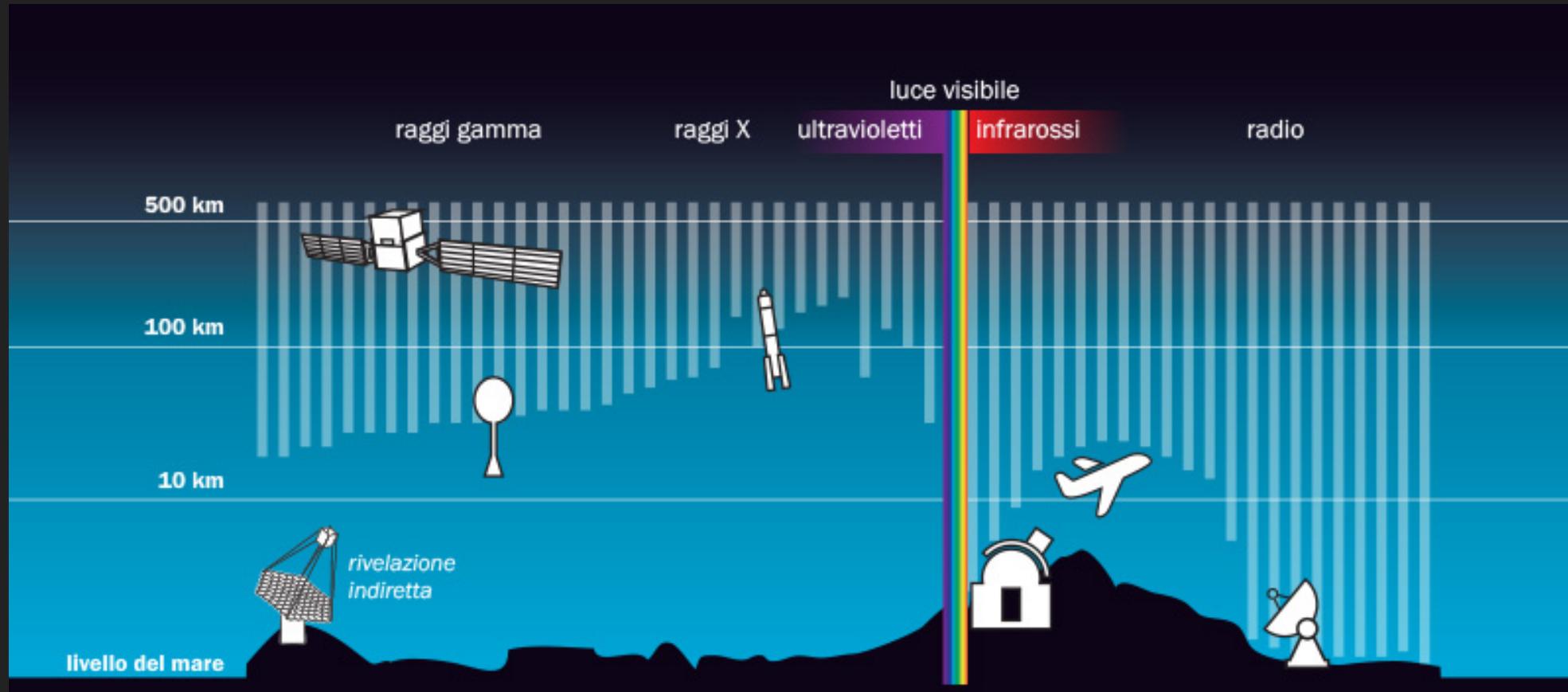
TKR Challenges - SSD

- Cost at < 10\$/cm²
 - simple robust design
 - large scale production
- Power at ~ 180 μ W / channel
 - digital readout
 - custom ASICs for Front-End and control

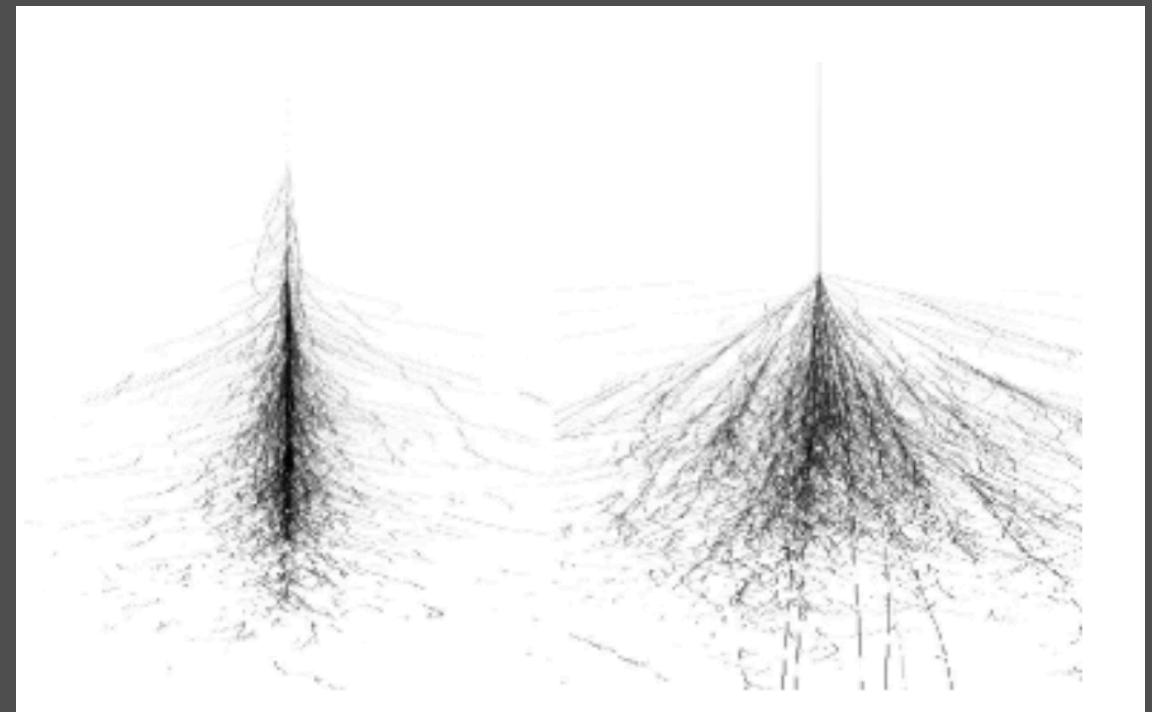
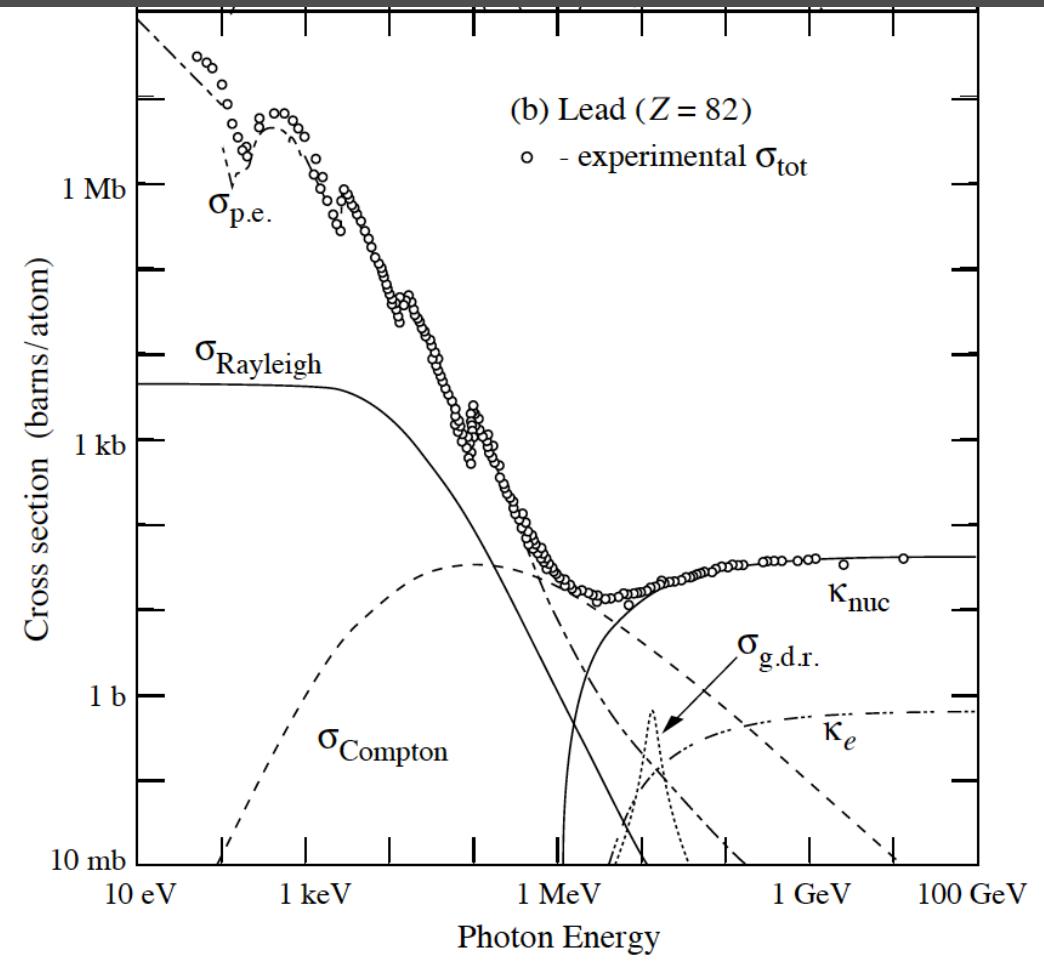
The fabrication of the GLAST-Fermi Silicon wafer paved the way to the Silicon Trackers of the CERN LHC Experiments



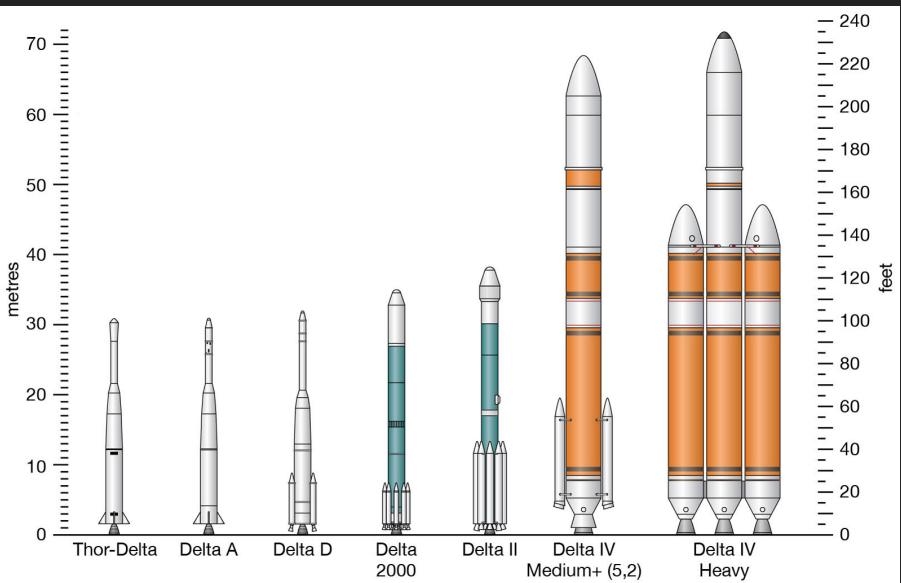
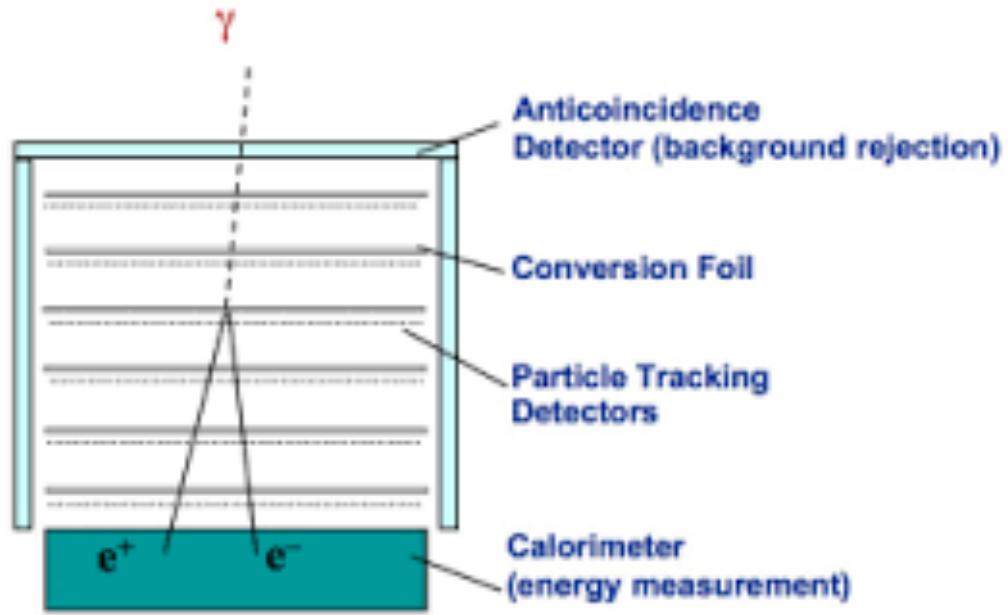
3. FERMI - HOW



ASTRONOMIA ATTRAVERSO LO SPETTRO ELETTRONAGNETICO
OSSERVIAMO L'UNIVERSO A DIVERSE DISTANZE
LA TECNOLOGICA E' FONDAMENTALE

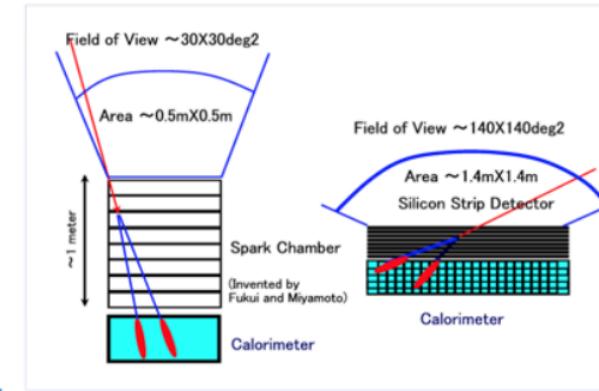


INTERAZIONI DI UN FOTONE CON LA MATERIA

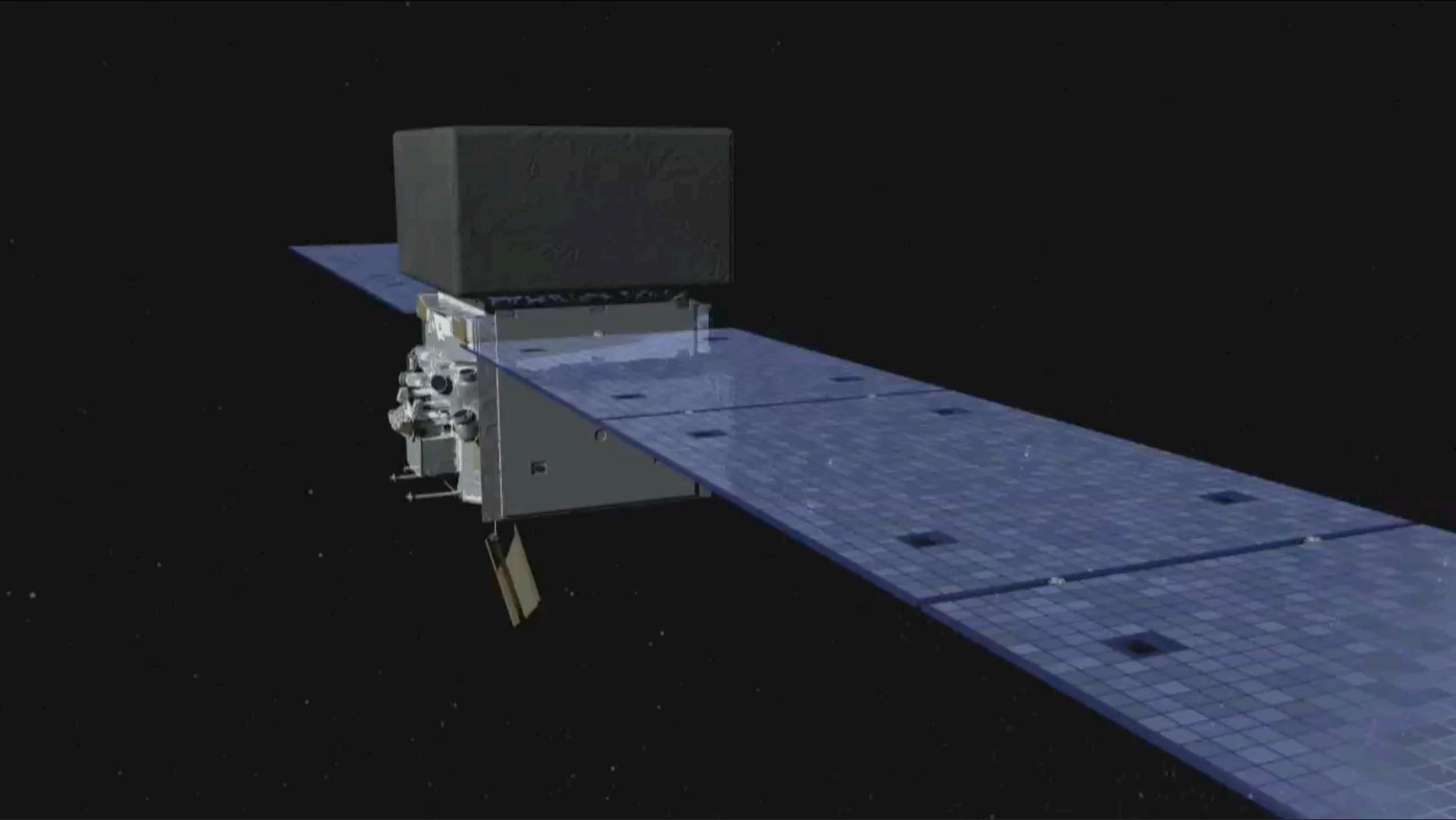


Design drivers

- ◆ Size to Delta II payload capacity
 - Instrument mass <3000 kg
 - Maximum transverse size ~1.8 m
- ◆ Module size
 - Maximum length of silicon strip detectors read out by single channel of electronics
 - ◆ Noise from strip capacitance
- ◆ Power < 1000 watts
 - Limit on silicon strip detector channel count, maximum number of tracking layers
- ◆ Mass < 3000 kg
 - Adjust depth of calorimeter
 - Minimum depth 10 radiation lengths



- ◆ Large field of view
 - Zenith-pointed, sky-survey instrument
 - Cover large fraction of sky each orbit
- ◆ Energy reach
 - 20 MeV to 300 GeV (and more)
- ◆ Event dead time
 - <100 us requirement

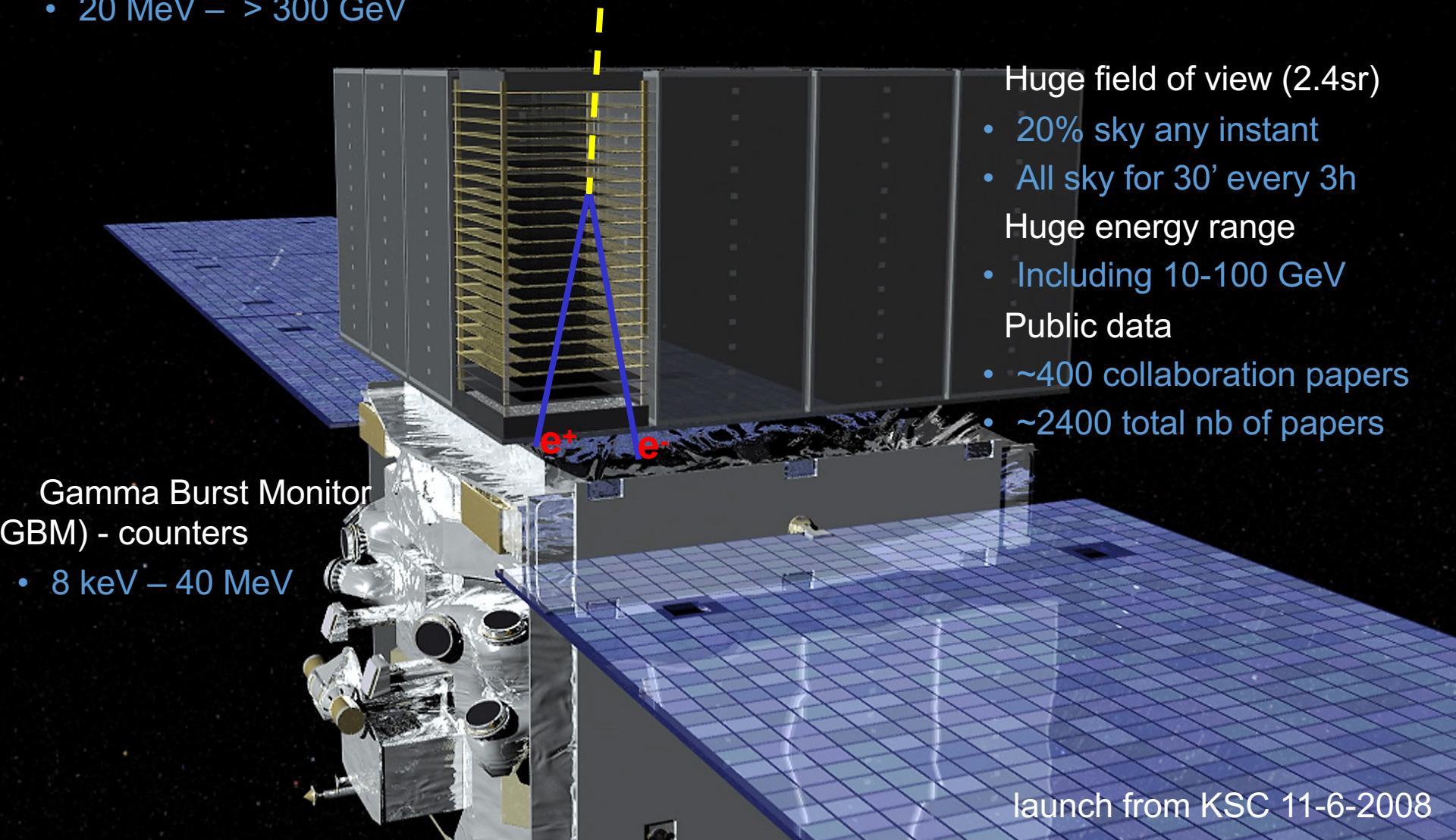


4. FERMI - WHAT

L' OSSERVATORIO FERMI

Large Area Telescope (LAT) - pair conversion telescope

- 20 MeV – > 300 GeV



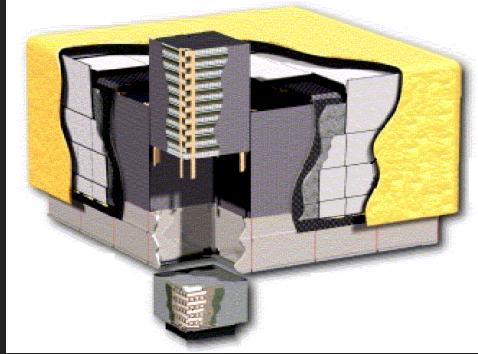
Gamma Burst Monitor
(GBM) - counters

- 8 keV – 40 MeV

Huge field of view (2.4sr)

- 20% sky any instant
 - All sky for 30' every 3h
- Huge energy range
- Including 10-100 GeV
- Public data
- ~400 collaboration papers
 - ~2400 total nb of papers

launch from KSC 11-6-2008



LAT:

- modulare - 4x4 array
- 3ton – 650watts

Anti-Coincidence (ACD):

- ~100 scintillatori ad altissima efficienza

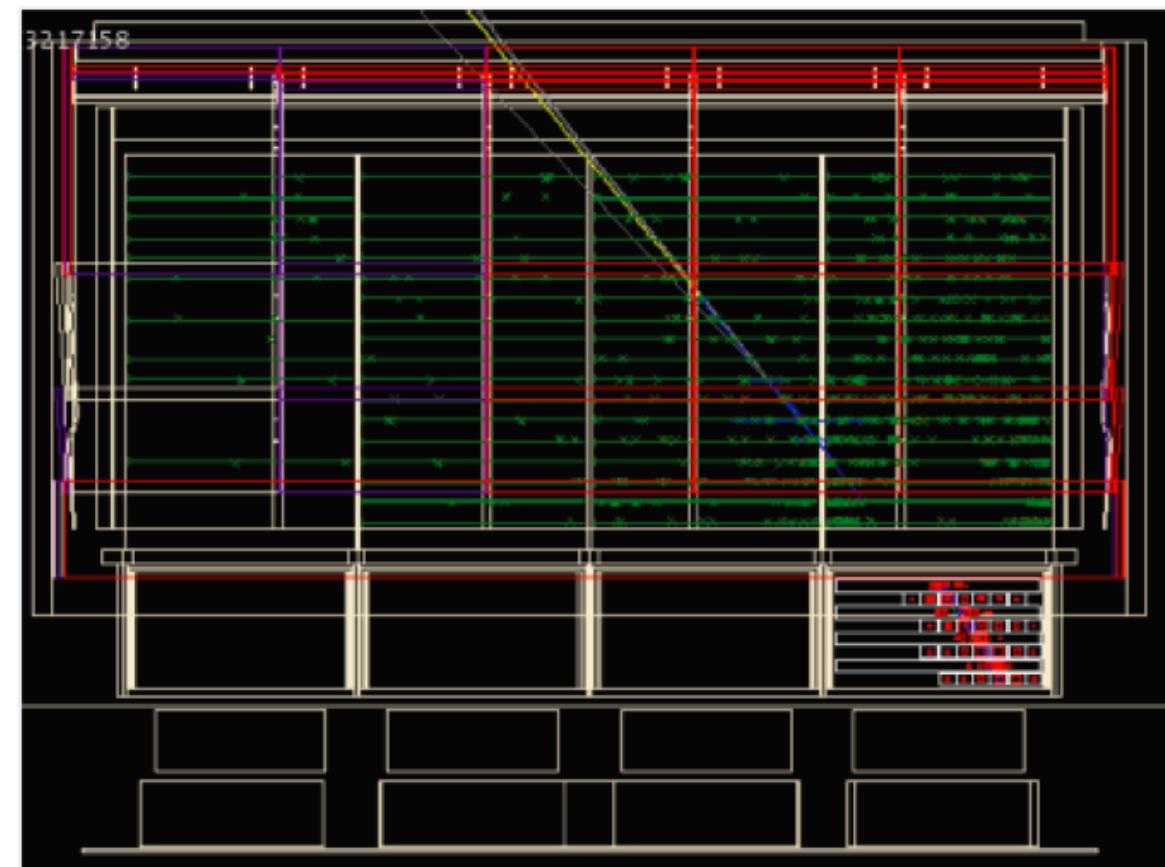
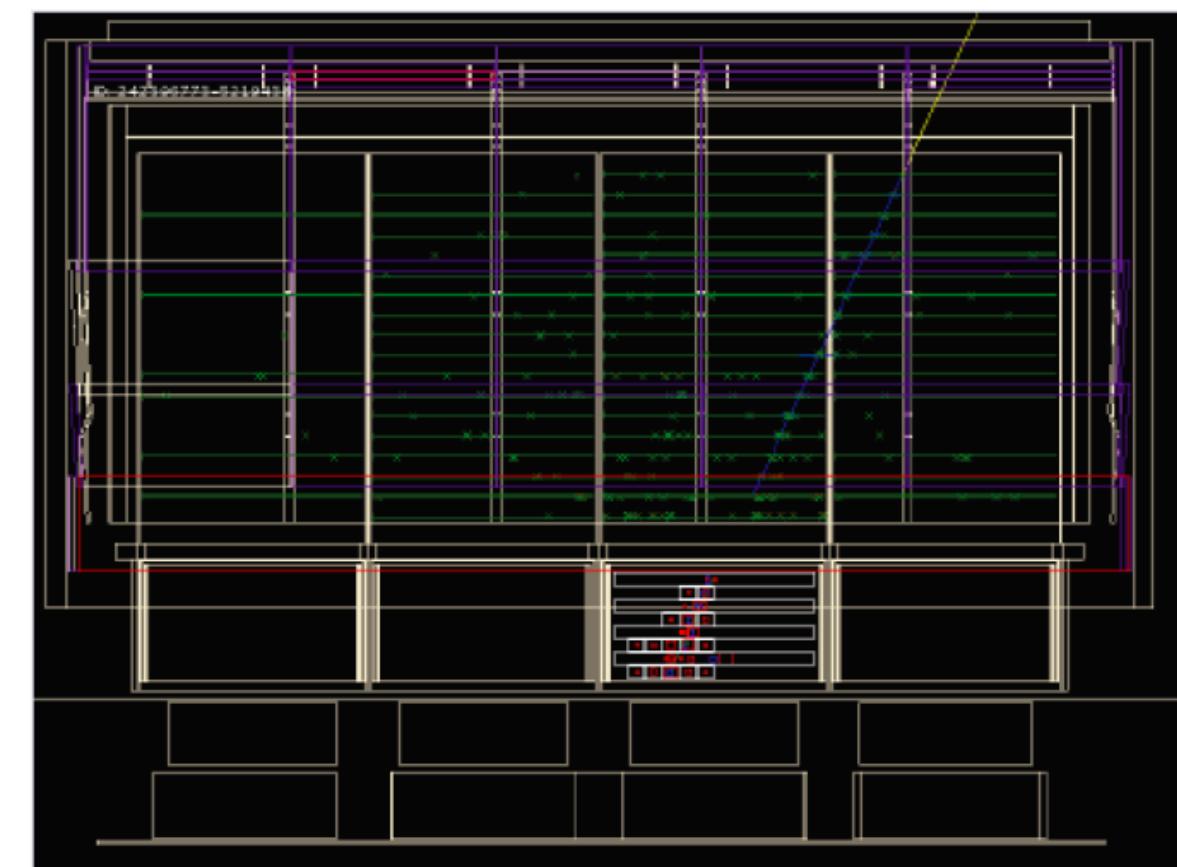


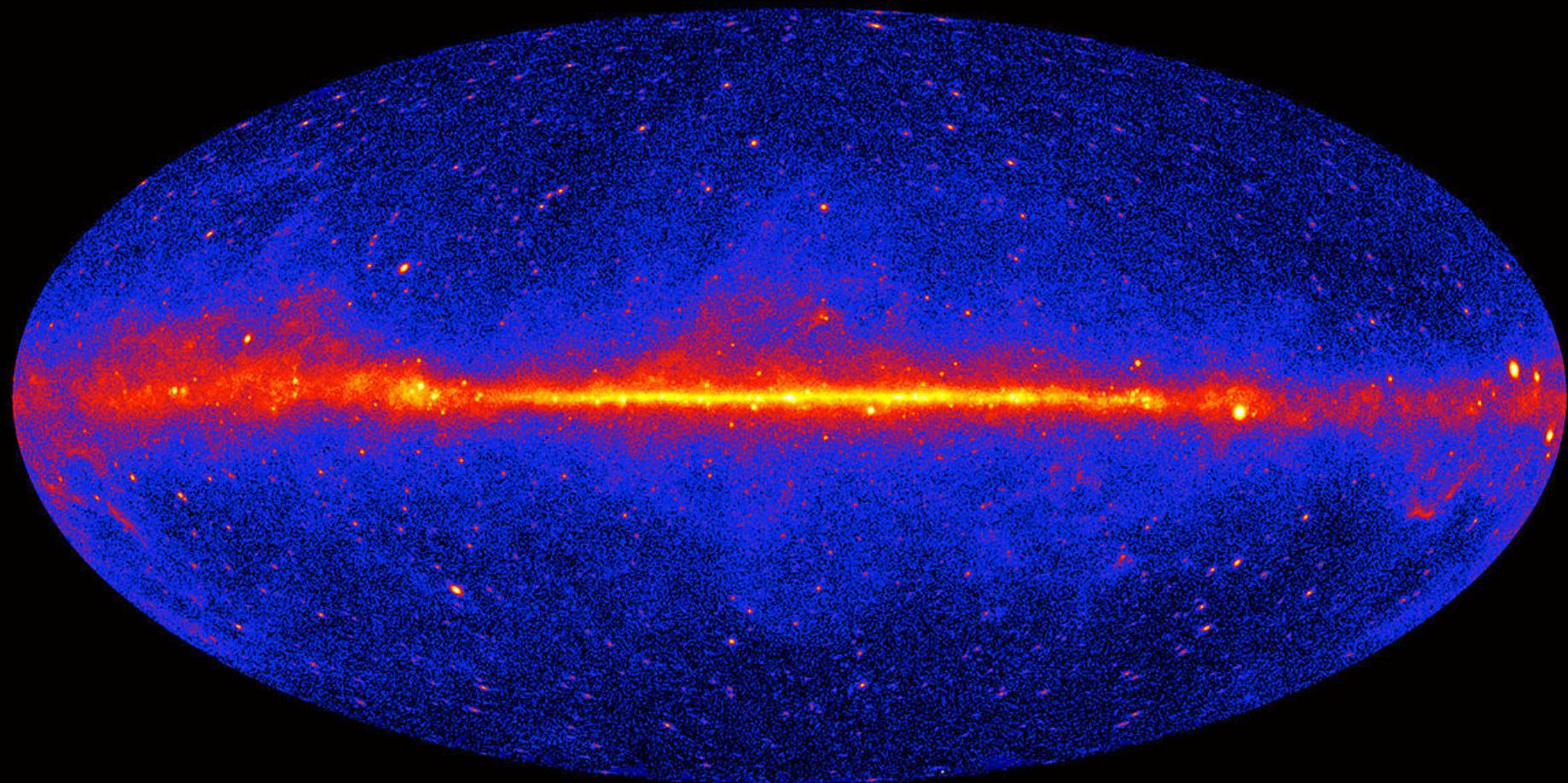
Tracker/Converter (TKR):

- Strip al silicio
- ~80 m² , 1M canali
- convertitori tungsteno

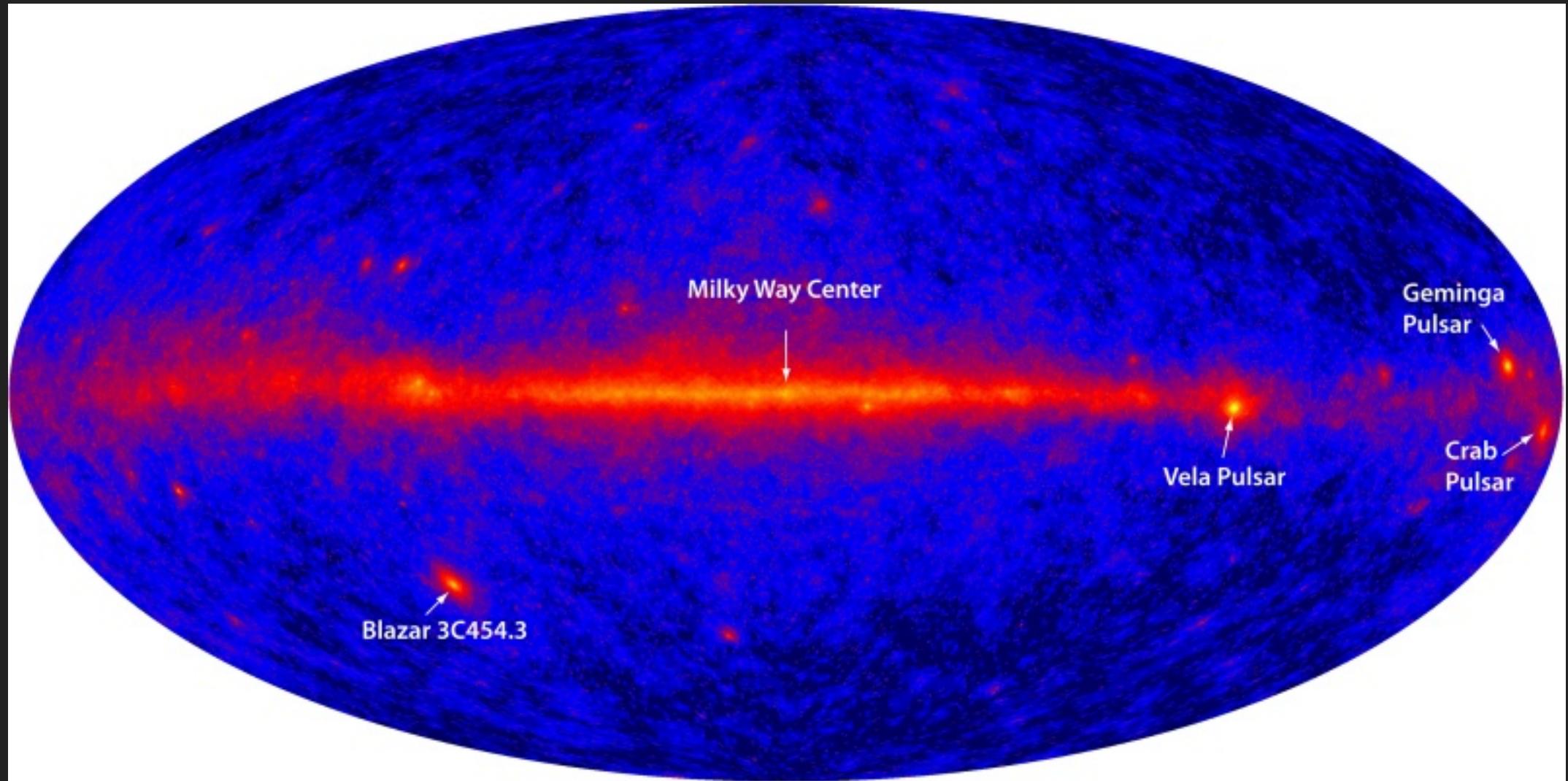
Calorimeter (CAL):

- 1536 CsI(Tl) crystals
- ~10k canali



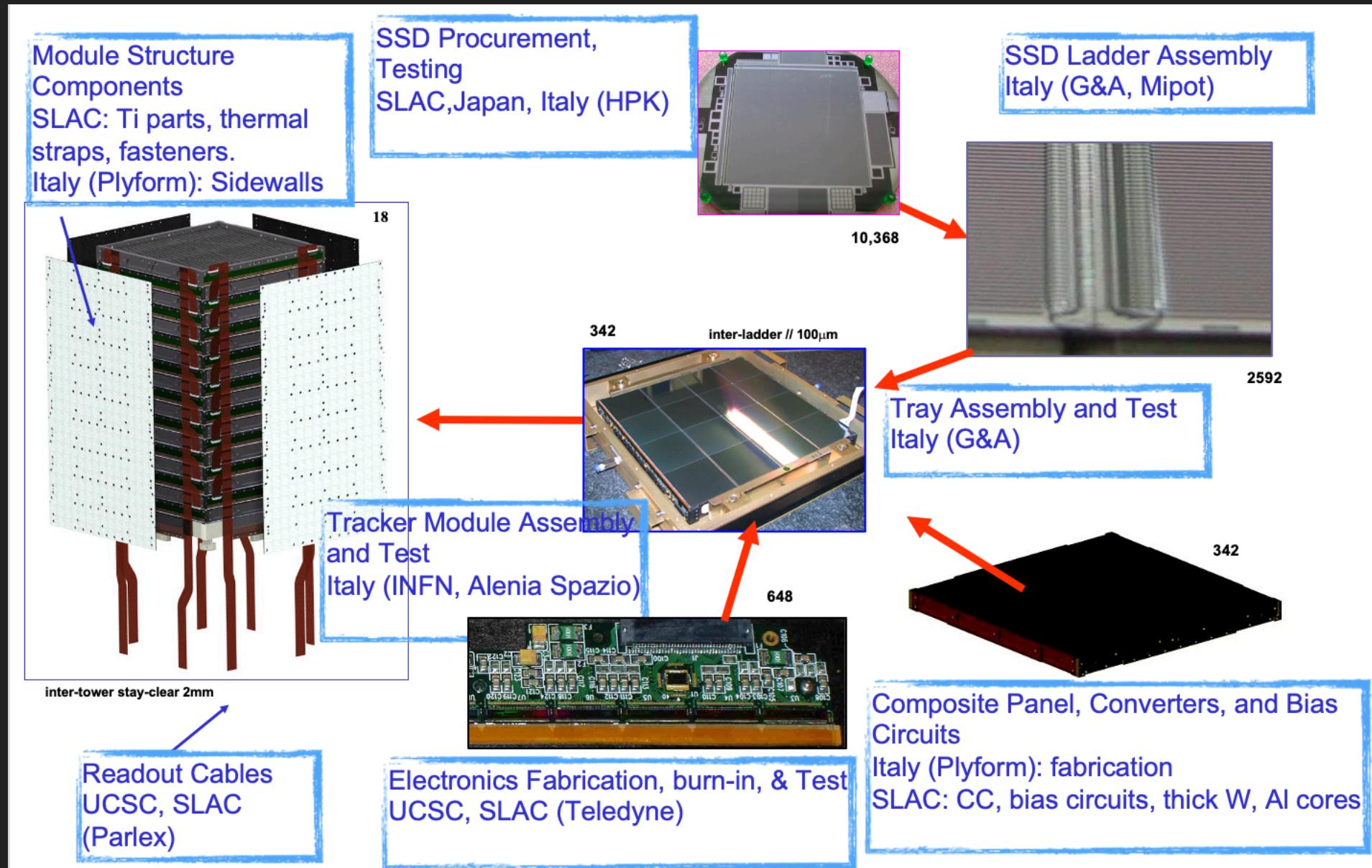


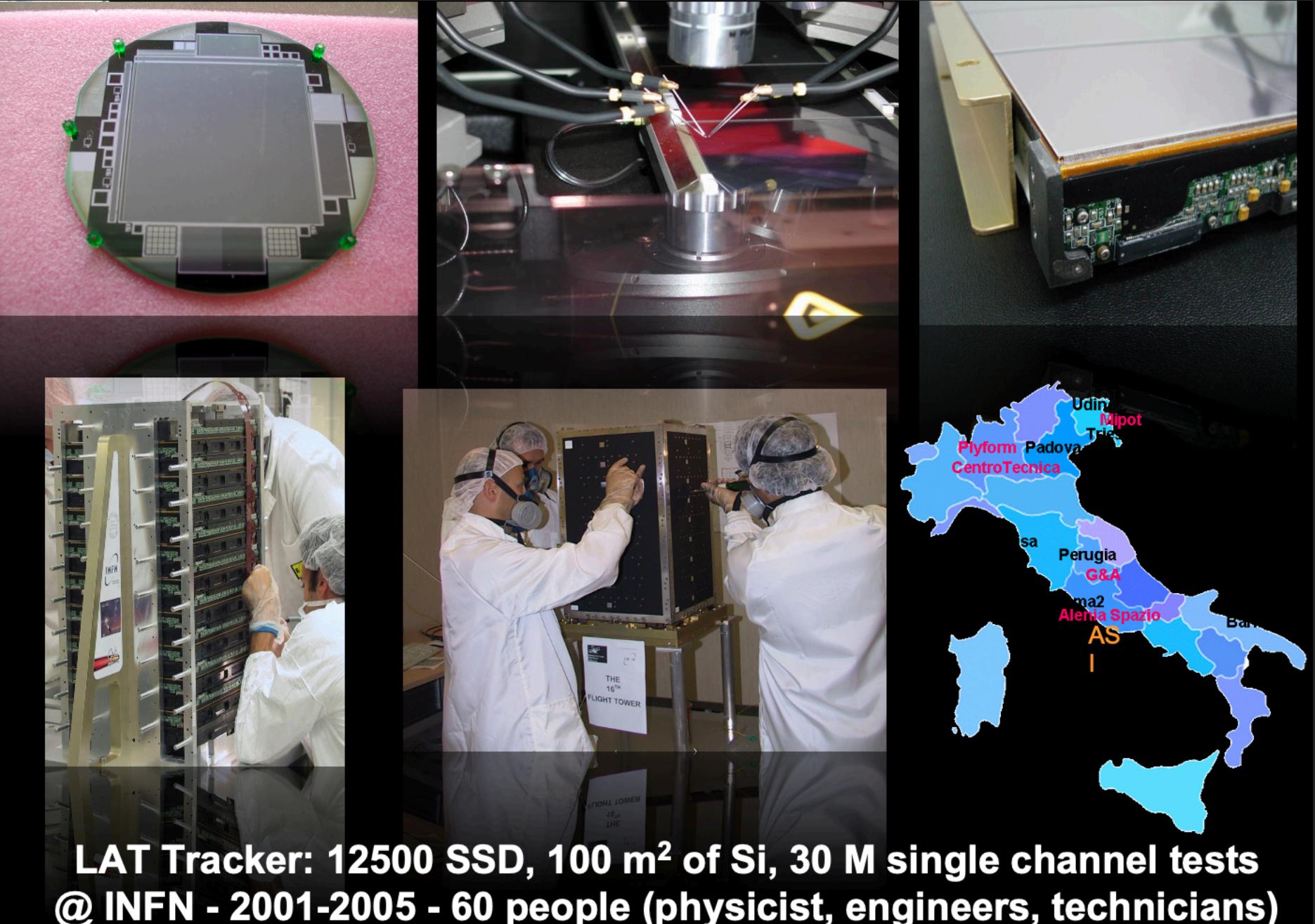
IL CIELO DI FERMI - 11 ANNI

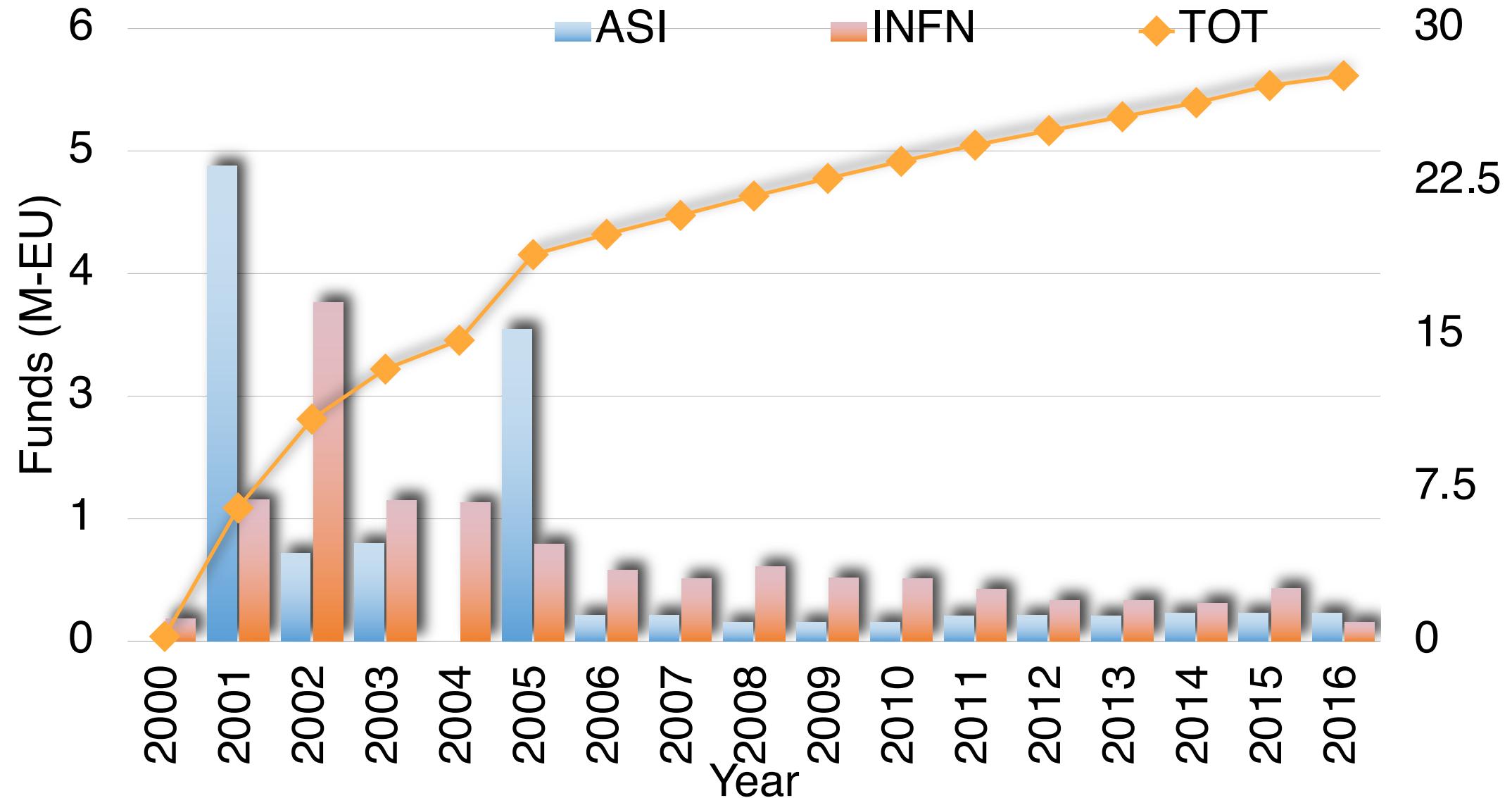


IL CIELO DI FERMI – PRIMA LUCE - 4 GIORNI

5. FERMI – WHERE – *IL TRACCIATORE*







6. FERMI - WHO





WE WANT YOU!