

Nucleon Matrix Elements with $N_f = 2 + 1 + 1$ Maximally Twisted Fermions

Simon Dinter
NIC, DESY Zeuthen

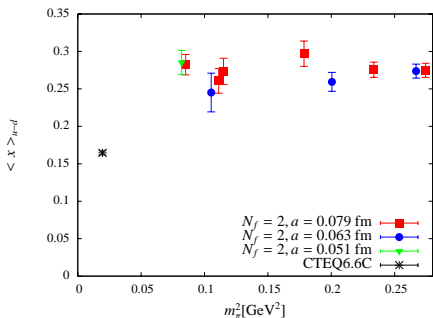
in collaboration with C. Alexandrou, M. Constantinou, V. Drach, K. Jansen,
D. Renner

Lattice 2010, Villasimius, Sardinia, Italy
June 14, 2010



Motivation

- ETMC: successful research program for $N_f = 2$:
 - 4 lattice spacings $0.051 \text{ fm} \lesssim a \lesssim 0.1 \text{ fm}$
 - $m_\pi \gtrsim 280 \text{ MeV}$
 - $m_\pi L > 3.5$
- Research project: $\langle x \rangle_{u-d}$, benchmark for lattice calculation



- Puzzle: too high
- also problem for other collaborations
[Lattice 2009 review,
arxiv:1002.0925 [hep-lat]]

⇒ need to explore $140 \text{ MeV} \lesssim m_\pi \lesssim 300 \text{ MeV}$

Plan of ETMC: go down to $m_\pi = 160$ MeV with a minimal lattice spacing of $a \approx 0.06$ fm in the $N_f = 2 + 1 + 1$ runs

- realistic physical setup
- including charm natural for twisted mass
- $N_f = 4$ runs started for renormalization

First calculation of $\langle x \rangle_{u-d}$ for $2 + 1 + 1$

First moment of parton distribution function (PDF) $q(x, \mu^2)$:

$$\langle x \rangle_{q, \mu^2} = \int_{-1}^1 dx x q(x, \mu^2) = \int_0^1 dx x \{q(x, \mu^2) + \bar{q}(x, \mu^2)\}$$

Moments of PDFs related to local operators \Rightarrow calculable on the lattice

We concentrate on $\langle x \rangle_{u-d}$

$$\langle p, s | \underbrace{\bar{q} \gamma^{[\mu} i D^{\nu]} \tau^3 q}_{O^{\mu\nu}} | p, s \rangle \Big|_{\mu^2} = 2 \langle x \rangle_{u-d, \mu^2} p^{[\mu} p^{\nu]}$$

On the lattice:

- 3-point functions of nucleon with $O_{\mu\nu}$ calculated with sequential method
- source-sink separation gives rise to systematic error

$N_f = 2 + 1 + 1$ twisted mass fermions

- dynamical up, down, strange and charm
- fermionic action

$$S_{\text{tm}}^l = a^4 \sum_x \bar{\chi}_l(x) [D_W[U] + m_0 + i\gamma_5 \tau_3 \mu_l] \chi_l(x)$$

$$S_{\text{tm}}^h = a^4 \sum_x \bar{\chi}_h(x) [D_W[U] + m_0 + i\gamma_5 \tau_1 \mu_\sigma + \mu_\delta \tau_3] \chi_h(x)$$

- strange and charm masses

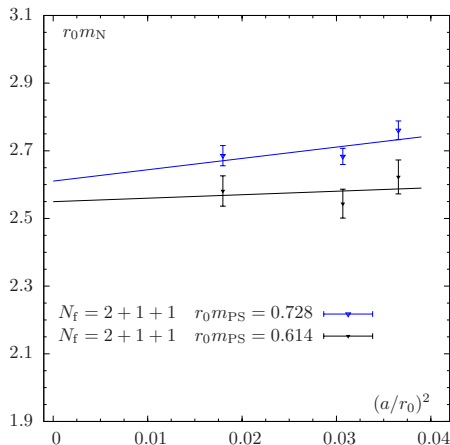
$$(m_s)_R = Z_{\text{PS}}^{-1} (\mu_\sigma - Z_{\text{PS}}/Z_S \mu_\delta),$$

$$(m_c)_R = Z_{\text{PS}}^{-1} (\mu_\sigma + Z_{\text{PS}}/Z_S \mu_\delta)$$

- automatic $\mathcal{O}(a)$ improvement of physical observables
[Frezzotti, Rossi, 2003]
- no operator improvement necessary for $\langle x \rangle_{u-d}$
- for more details → talk by G. Herdoiza

Scaling behaviour

- $\mathcal{O}(a)$ corrections absent
- good scaling in $\mathcal{O}(a^2)$,
shown here for nucleon mass
→ talk by V. Drach
- expect good scaling in $\mathcal{O}(a^2)$
also for $\langle X \rangle_{U-d}$



Renormalization

- want massless scheme \Rightarrow need $N_f = 4$ simulations
- calculation started for bilinears, not yet available for $\langle x \rangle$
- temporary solution: use $N_f = 2 + 1 + 1$ configurations
- momentum source method \rightarrow talk by M. Constantinou
- calculated in RI-MOM scheme at $\mu = 2$ GeV, matched to $\overline{\text{MS}}$
- practically no light sea quark mass dependence observed, but so far only a few masses
- repeat calculation with $N_f = 4$
- for $\langle x \rangle_{u-d}$: $Z_{O_{44}}^{\beta=1.95}(\mu = 2 \text{ GeV}) = 1.073(34)$ (preliminary)

Lattice details

2 + 1 + 1 dynamical flavor configurations from ETM collaboration

→ talk by S. Reker

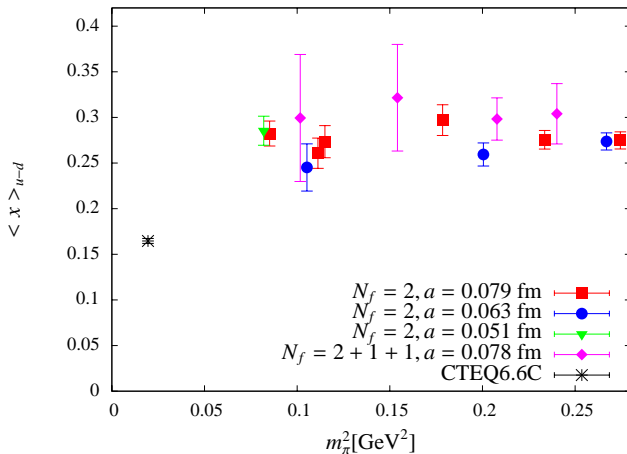
one lattice spacing: $a \approx 0.078$ fm

pion masses from 320 MeV to 490 MeV, $m_\pi L > 4$

Contractions performed with parallel contraction code “ahmidas”

A. Deuzemann, S. Reker, SD → <http://code.google.com/p/ahmidas>

Results



$N_f = 2$ and $N_f = 2 + 1 + 1$ results for $\langle x \rangle_{u-d}$

Summary and Prospects

- first calculation of $\langle x \rangle_{u-d}$ with $2 + 1 + 1$ dynamical flavours
- non-perturbative Z-factor
- agreement with $N_f = 2$ data

future goals:

- second lattice spacing ($a \approx 0.06$ fm)
→ reach physical point
- more observables: g_A , higher derivatives, form factors
- test of a new method