Worm algorithm for the O(N) Gross-Neveu model

V. Maillart Work done in collaboration with Urs Wenger

University of Bern and Regensburg

Lattice 2010, Sardinia

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Massive Thirring Model

Loop gas representation and worm algorithm

Results

Massive Thirring Model

Theory of a self-interacting fermionic field in 2 dimensions

$$\mathcal{L} = \overline{\psi}(\gamma_{\mu}\partial_{\mu} + m)\psi - \frac{\tilde{g}^{2}}{2}(\overline{\psi}\gamma_{\mu}\psi)(\overline{\psi}\gamma_{\mu}\psi)$$

 γ and charge conjugation matrices

$$\gamma_1 = \left(egin{array}{cc} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{array}
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 spectrum: massive fermions, one bosonic bound state [Dashen et al '74]

equivalent to sine-Gordon theory [Coleman '75]

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Gross Neveu Model

Model of N different interacting dirac fields

$$\begin{array}{lll} \mathcal{L} & = & \overline{\psi}(\gamma_{\mu}\partial_{\mu}+m)\psi-\frac{\mathsf{g}^{2}}{2}(\overline{\psi}\psi)^{2} \\ \psi & = & (\psi_{1},\psi_{2},...,\psi_{N})^{T} \end{array}$$

Equivalent to the **Thirring Model** for N = 1 and $\tilde{g} = 2g$.

Majorana fields

$$\psi = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\xi_a + i\xi_b) \quad \text{and} \quad \overline{\psi} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\xi_a^T - i\xi_b^T)C$$
$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2}\overline{\xi}_i(\gamma_\mu\partial_\mu + m)\xi_i - \frac{1}{8}g^2(\overline{\xi}_i\xi_i)^2$$

O(2) symmetry (\mathcal{L} invariant under $\xi_a \rightarrow \xi_b$)

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Loop gas representation

► Wilson fermions ⇒ continuum limit, tune bare mass to critical mass

- Hubbard-Stratonovich transformation
- Expand the Boltzmann factor using nilpotency of Grassman elements
- Integrate out the auxillary field
- Loop gas representation [Gattringer '99]

Configurations

Configurations of non-oriented, self-avoiding loops



single majorana fermion



two majorana fermions

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Worm Algorithm

[Prokof'ev, Svistunov '01; Wenger '08; Wolff '08]



The open string corresponds to the insertion of a Majorana fermion pair $\{\xi^{T}(x)C, \xi(y)\}$ at position *x* and *y*: \Rightarrow open string samples the correlation function

$$G(\mathbf{x},\mathbf{y}) = \int \mathcal{D}\xi \mathbf{e}^{-S}\xi(\mathbf{x})\xi(\mathbf{y})^{\mathsf{T}}\mathcal{C}$$

Bound state

Measure correlation functions $\langle \mathcal{O}(\mathbf{x})\mathcal{O}(\mathbf{y})\rangle$, $\mathcal{O}(\mathbf{x}) = \xi_a^T(\mathbf{x})\mathcal{C}\Gamma\xi_b(\mathbf{x})$



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Different Classes of Configurations



Opportunity to study all possible boundry conditions:

$$Z_{\xi}^{p,p} = Z_{\mathcal{L}_{00}} - Z_{\mathcal{L}_{10}} - Z_{\mathcal{L}_{01}} - Z_{\mathcal{L}_{11}}$$
$$Z_{\xi}^{p,ap} = Z_{\mathcal{L}_{00}} - Z_{\mathcal{L}_{10}} + Z_{\mathcal{L}_{01}} + Z_{\mathcal{L}_{11}}$$
$$Z_{\xi_{a},\xi_{b}}^{ap,p;p,p} = Z_{\mathcal{L}_{00},\mathcal{L}_{00}} - Z_{\mathcal{L}_{00},\mathcal{L}_{10}} + Z_{\mathcal{L}_{10},\mathcal{L}_{00}} \cdots$$

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Results: Determination of Critical mass

$$Z^{\{ap,p;p,p\}}_{\xi}=0 \Rightarrow m_{bare}=m_{crit}$$

[Bär, Rath, Wolff '09]



coupling g = 0.5

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Critical mass



- ▶ no critical slowing down as $m_{bare} \Rightarrow m_{crit}$
- simulations at m_{crit} possible

Fermion mass vs. bare mass



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Correlation Function of Bound State

$$\langle \mathcal{O}(\mathbf{x}) \mathcal{O}(\mathbf{y})
angle = \langle \xi_{\mathbf{a}}^{\mathsf{T}}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathcal{C} \gamma_5 \, \xi_{\mathbf{b}}(\mathbf{x}) \xi_{\mathbf{a}}^{\mathsf{T}}(\mathbf{x}) \, \mathcal{C} \gamma_5 \, \xi_{\mathbf{b}}(\mathbf{x})
angle$$



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Bound state mass vs. fermion mass



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