

Relevant momentum components of gluons for confinement and chiral symmetry breaking

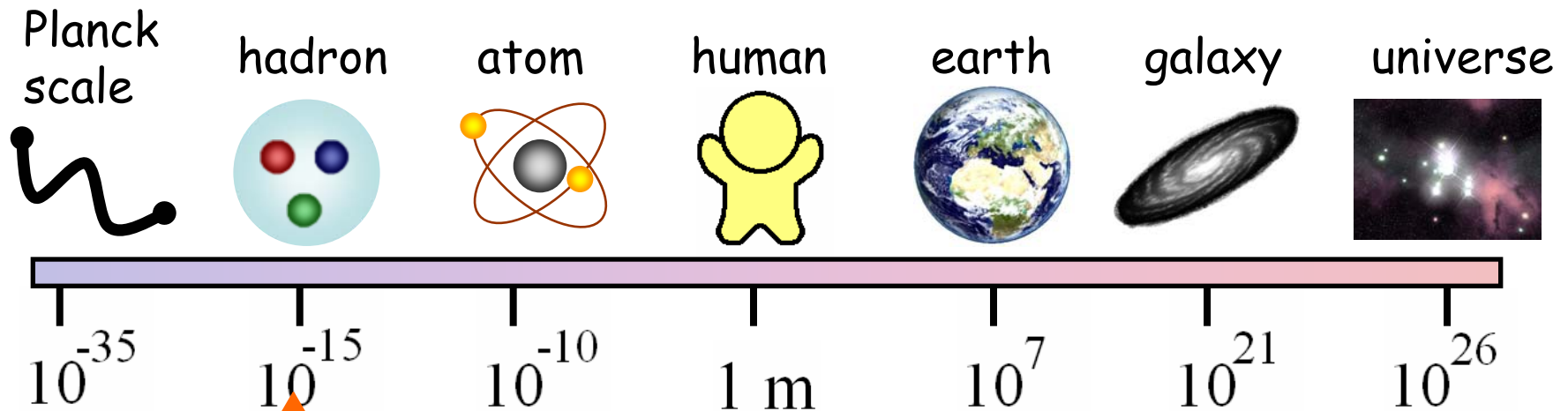
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A. Y. and H. Suganuma, PRL 101, 241601 (2008),
PRD 79, 054504 (2009),
PRD 81, 014506 (2010).

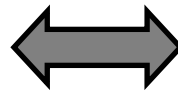
A. Y., PLB 688, 345 (2010),
arXiv:1005.2241 (2010).

Introduction



QCD running coupling constant : $\alpha_s(p^2)$

high energy
weak coupling
perturbative



low energy
strong coupling
non-perturbative

The behavior of a QCD phenomenon depends on the energy scale.

Question:

“Which momentum component of the gluon field induces a QCD phenomenon?”

We analyzed such “relevant momentum components” for

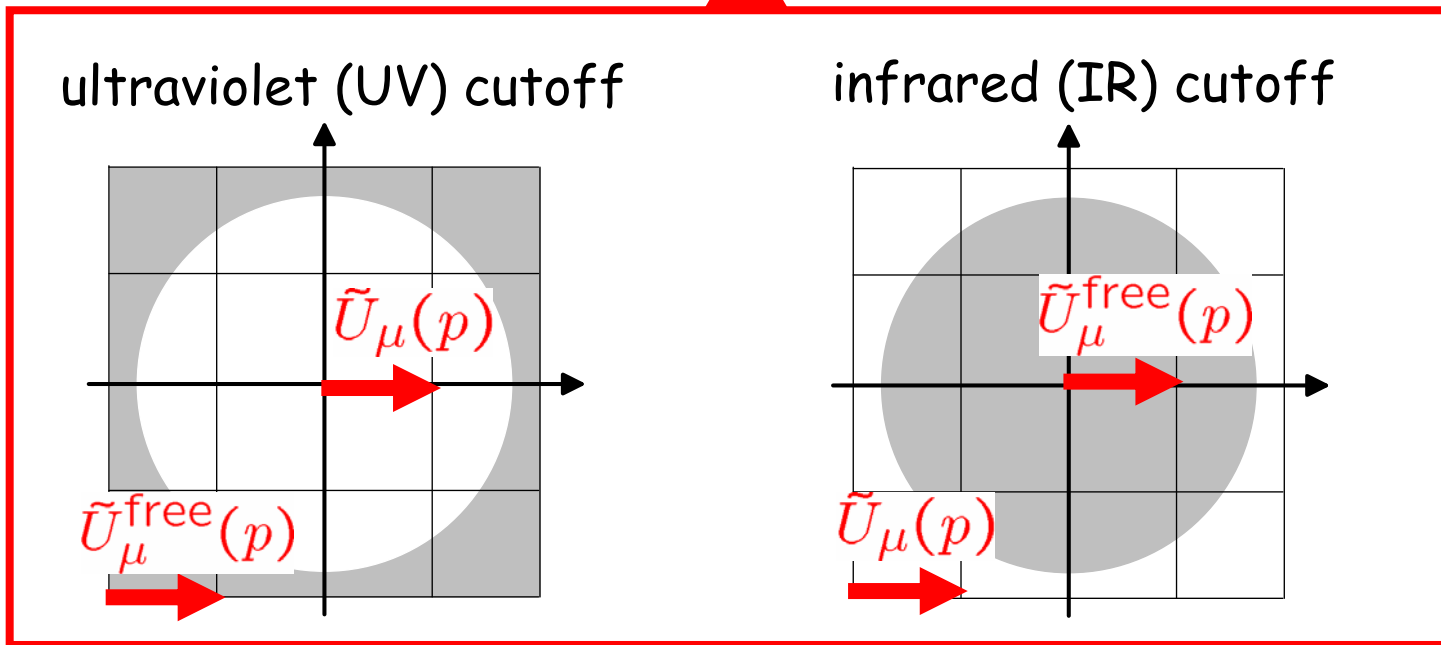
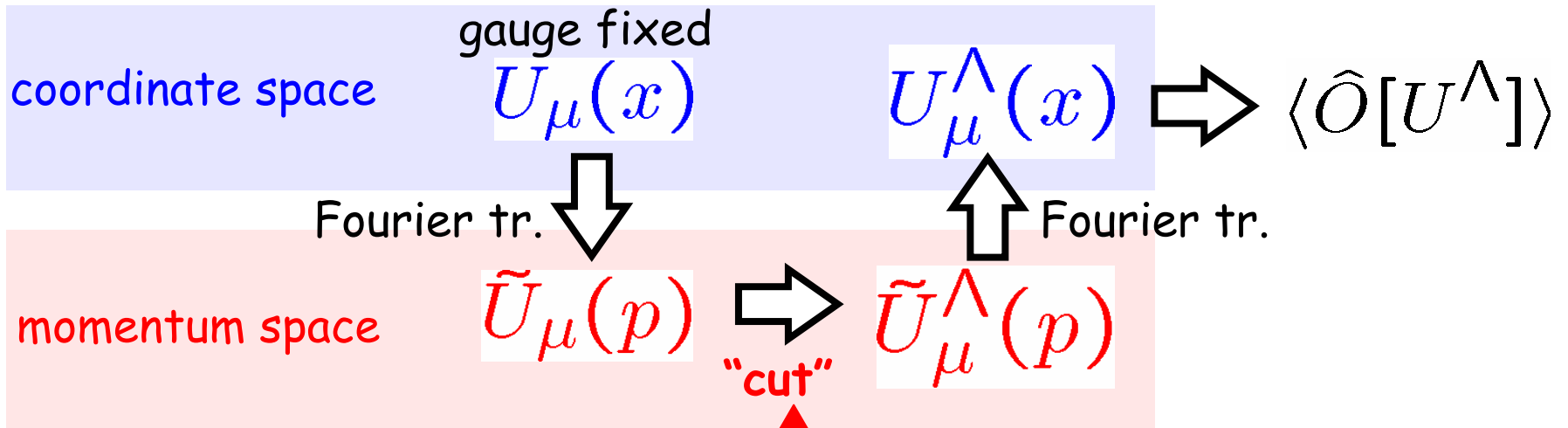
- color confinement
- spontaneous chiral symmetry breaking

in quenched $SU(3)$ lattice QCD.

Relevant momentum component $\stackrel{?}{=}$ Relevant momentum component
for confinement for chiral symmetry breaking

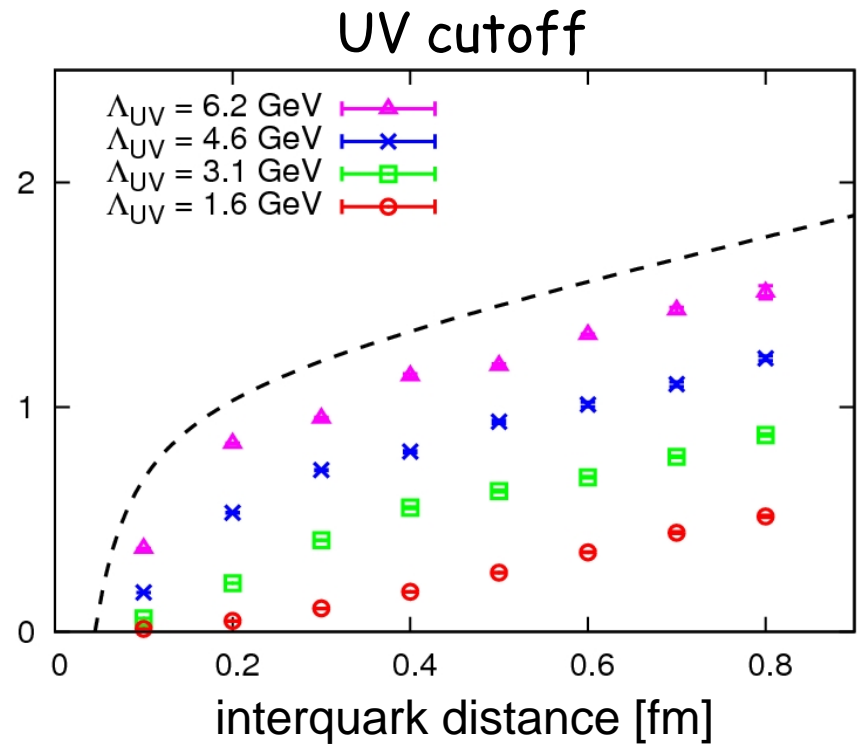
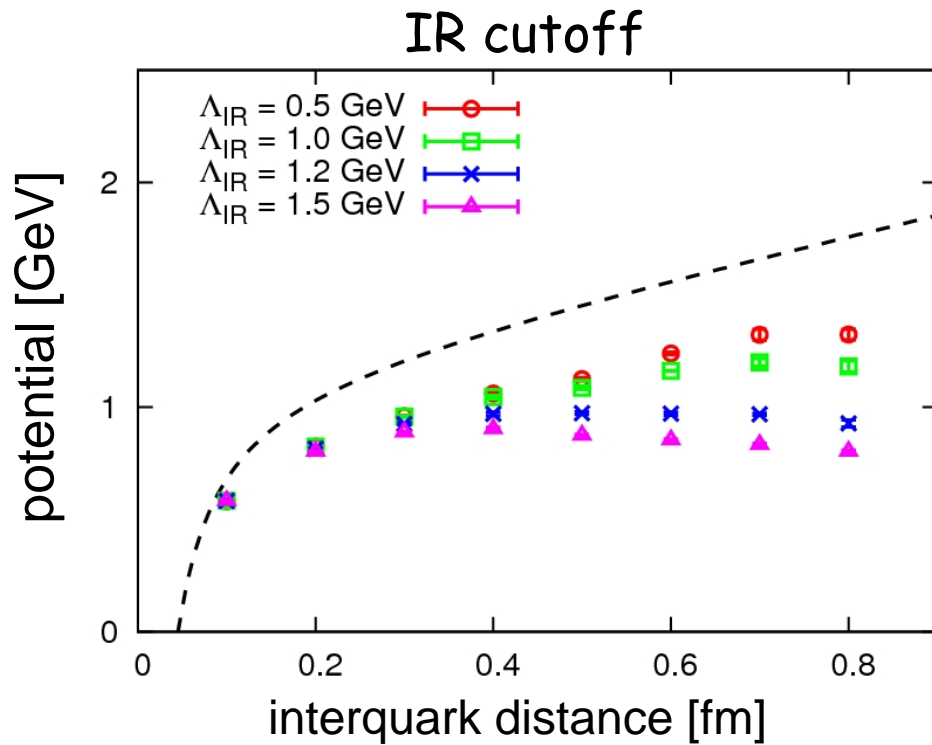
$\stackrel{?}{=} \Lambda_{\text{QCD}} \stackrel{?}{=}$

Formalism in Lattice QCD



Numerical Results

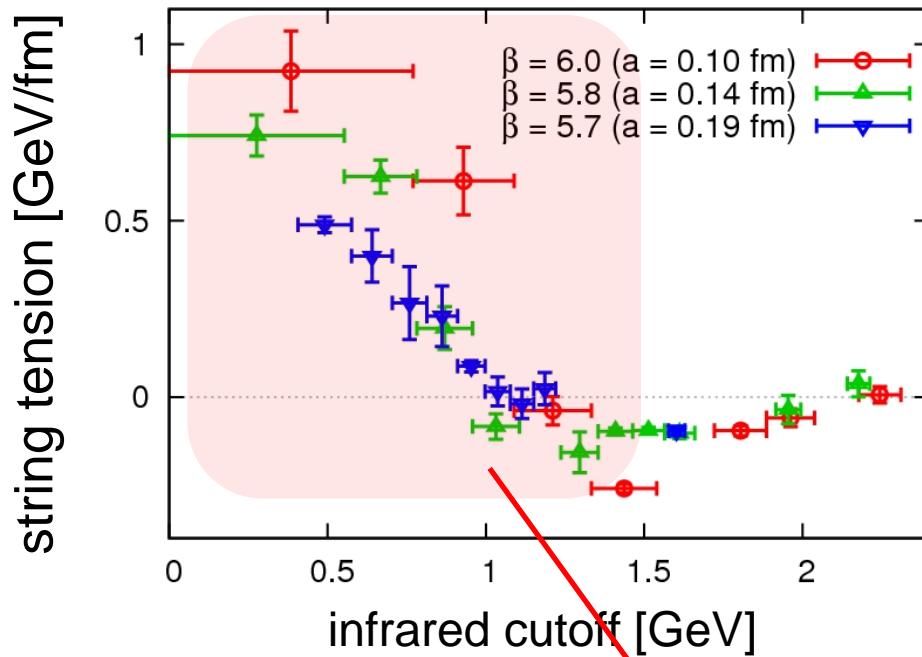
Quark-antiquark potential



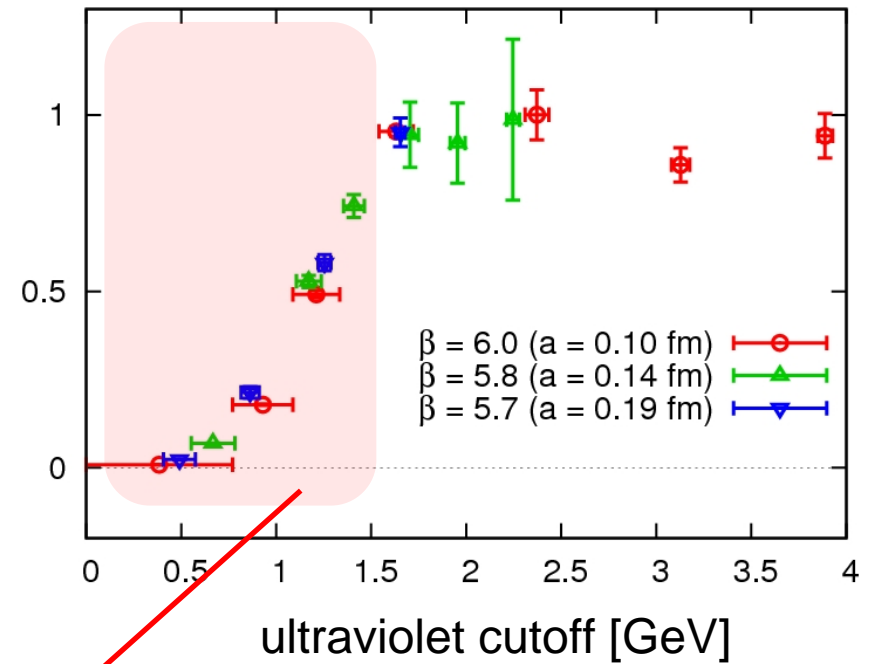
confinement potential (IR) disappears Coulomb potential (UV) disappears

String tension

IR cutoff



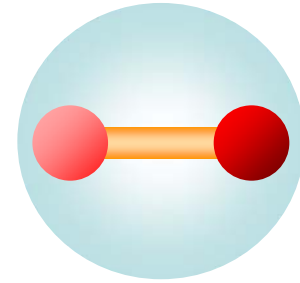
UV cutoff



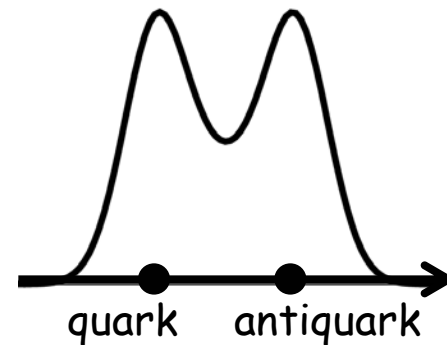
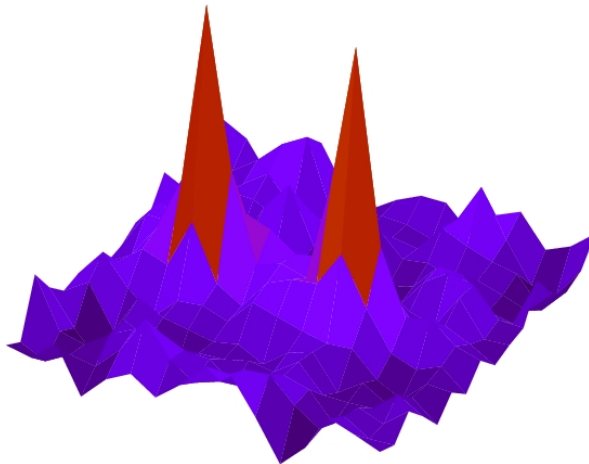
infrared gluon below 1.5 GeV

Color flux tube

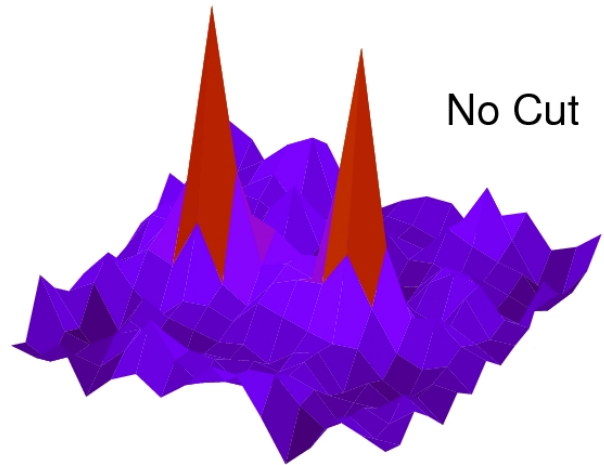
"flux tube" or "string" between static quarks



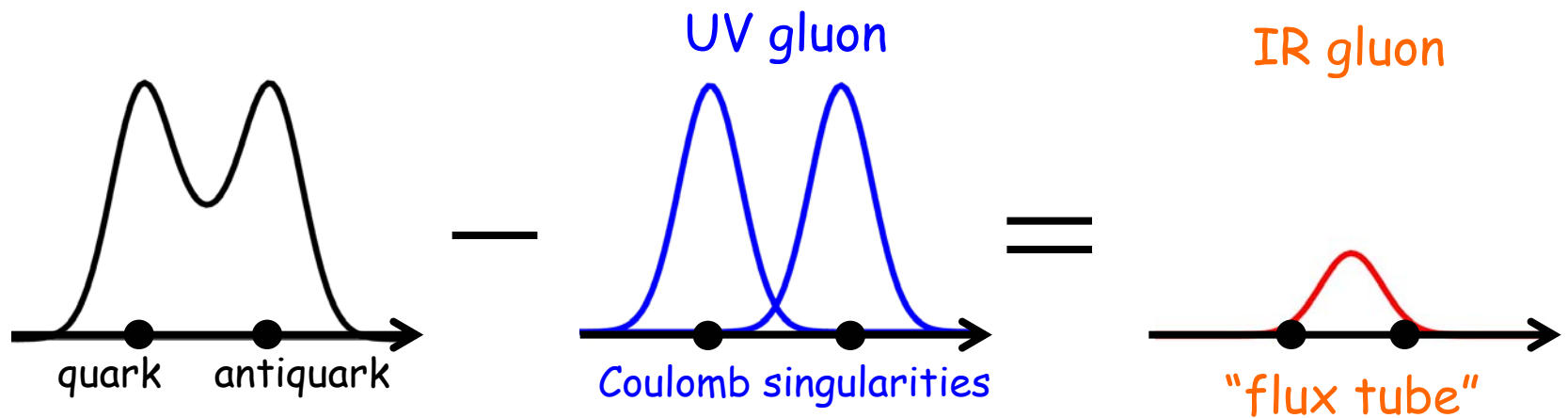
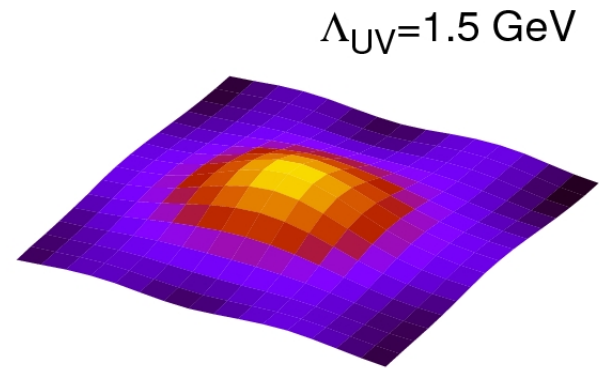
Spatial distribution of action density around the Wilson loop:



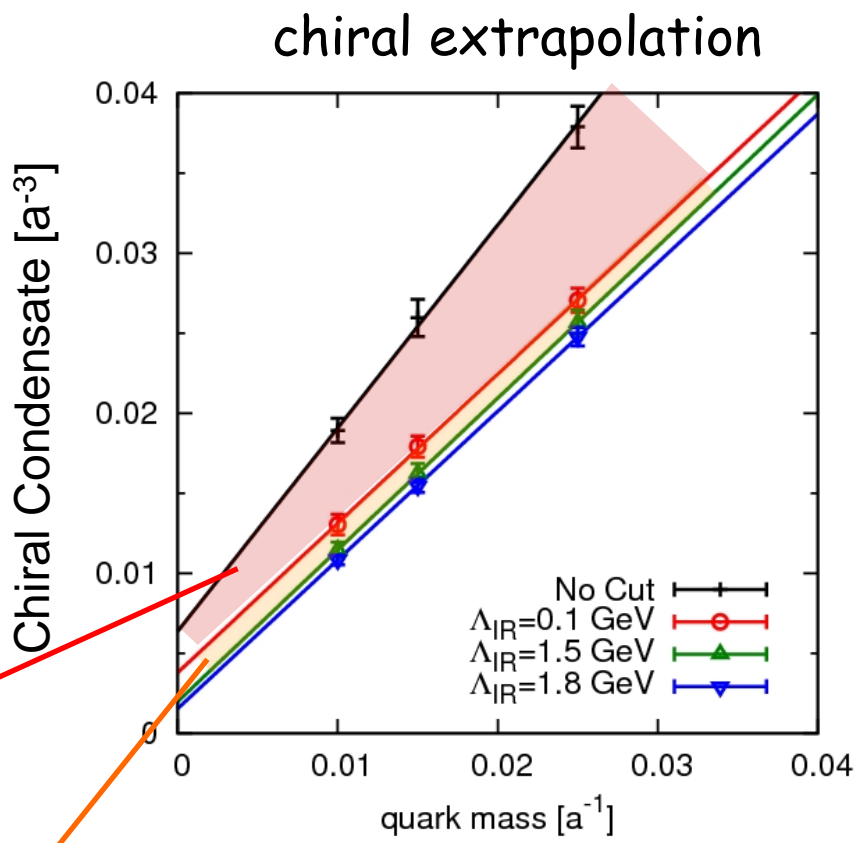
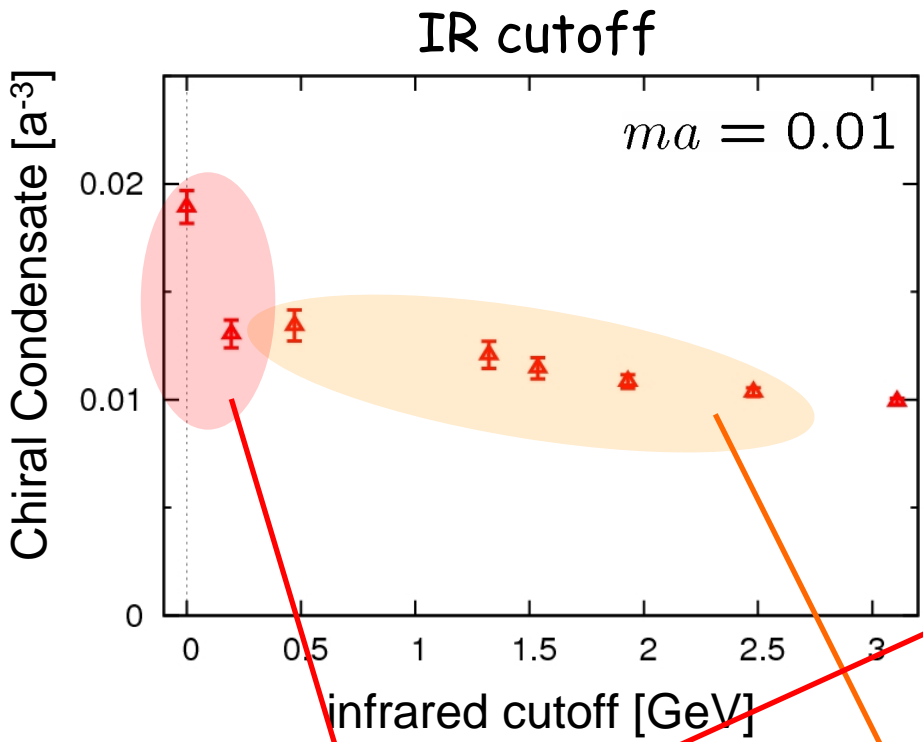
Color flux tube



UV cutoff



Chiral condensate



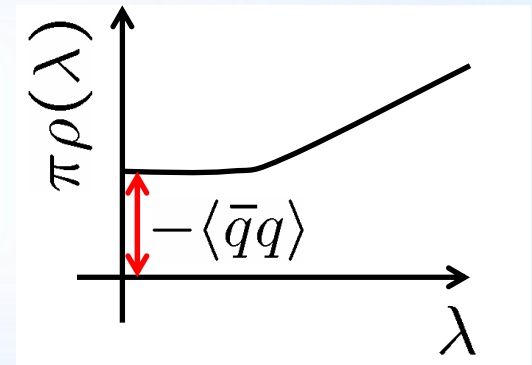
deep-infrared gluon

intermediate-infrared gluon

Chiral condensate

Banks-Casher relation [T.Banks, A.Casher (1980)] :

$$-\langle \bar{q}q \rangle = \pi \rho(0)$$

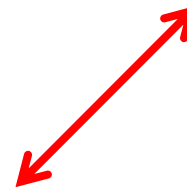
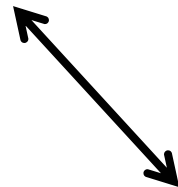


$\rho(\lambda)$: spectral density of the Dirac operator

chiral condensate



Dirac eigenvalue of quarks

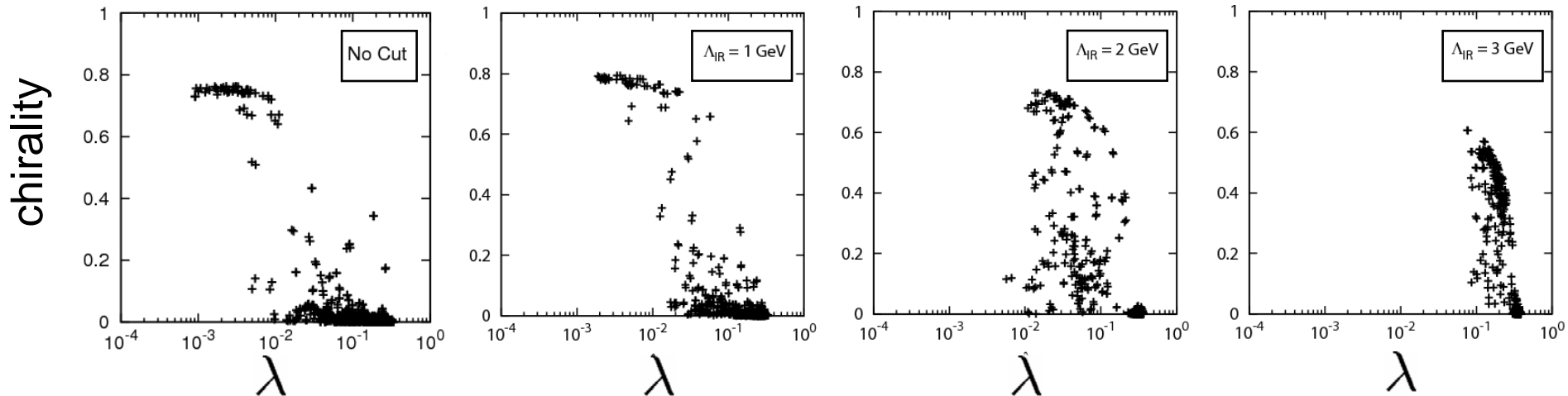


momentum component of gluons

Dirac spectrum

The Dirac eigenvalue spectrum:

$$\gamma_\mu D_\mu \psi = i\lambda \psi$$



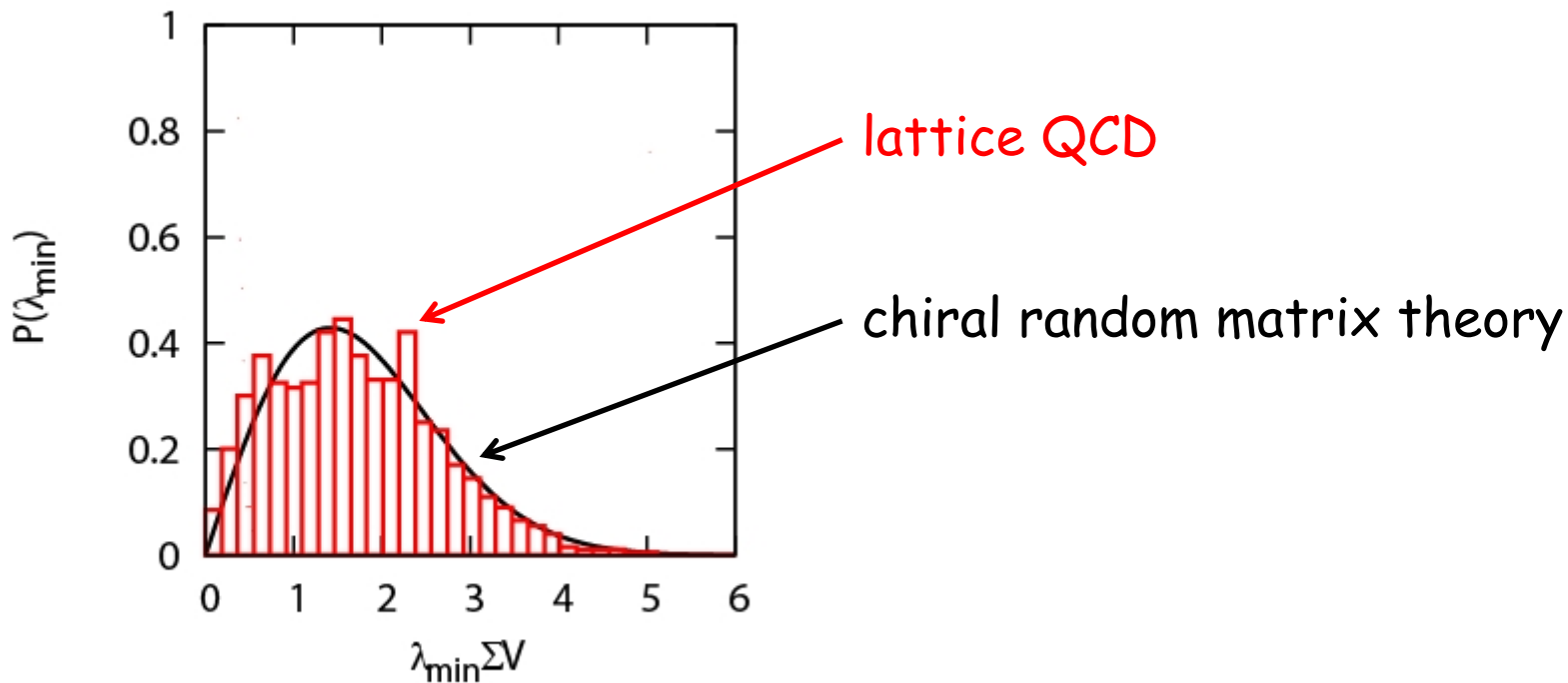
Gradually changed

Dirac spectrum

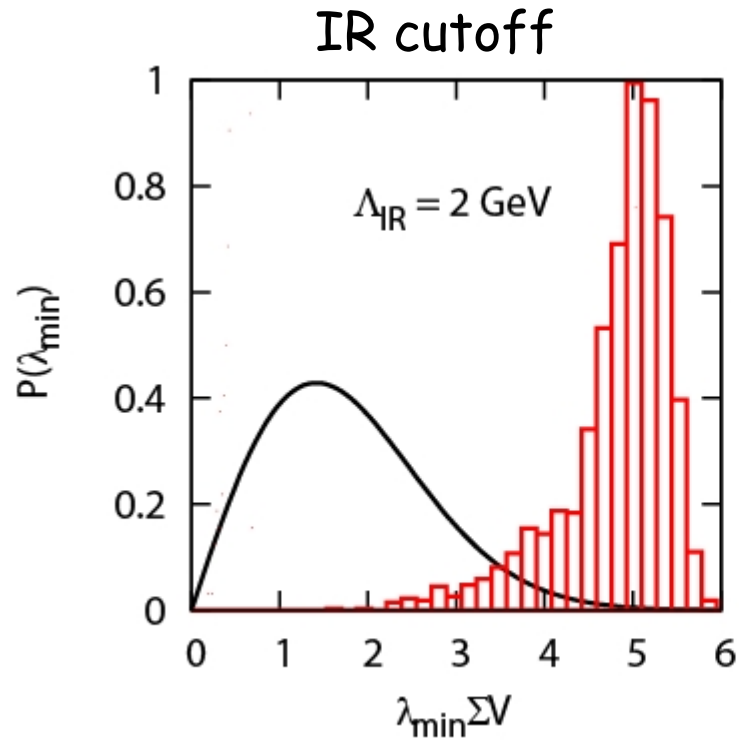
The low-lying Dirac spectrum is described
by **chiral random matrix theory**.

The gluon field is "random".

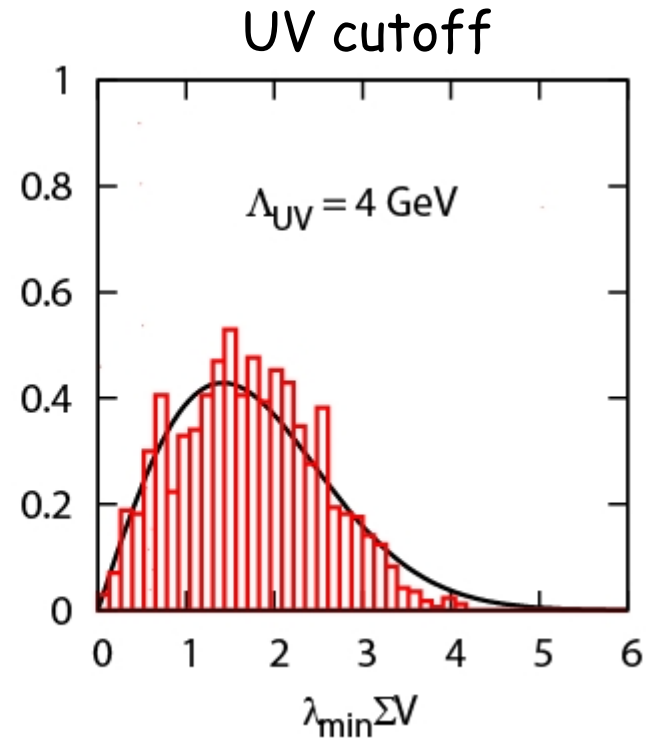
The smallest Dirac eigenvalue ($Q=0$ sector):



Dirac spectrum



Drastically changed



Not changed

Summary

- We formulated a framework to determine the relevant momentum components of gluons for QCD phenomena.
- We analyzed confinement and chiral symmetry breaking in quenched lattice QCD at the Landau gauge.
- The infrared gluon below 1.5 GeV contributes to confinement.
- The broad momentum region of gluons contributes to chiral symmetry breaking.