



Fred 3.0 status report

A. Schiavi

SBAI - URLS - 29/11/2019

Fast paRticle thERapy Dose evaluator

Collaboration network



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- N. Krah - CREATIS, CNRS/University Lyon (France)



- A. Rucinski, J. Gajewski, M. Garbacz, A. Skrzypek, J. Baran - PAN, Krakow (Poland)



- I. Rinaldi - Maastricht clinic, Maastricht (Netherlands)



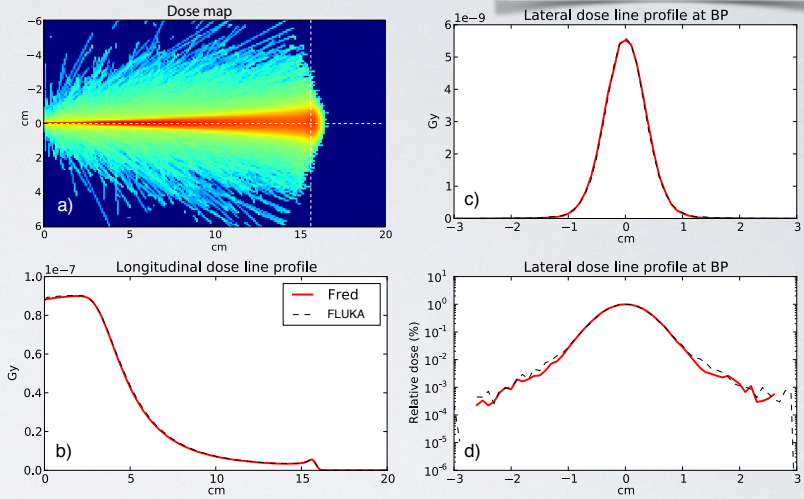
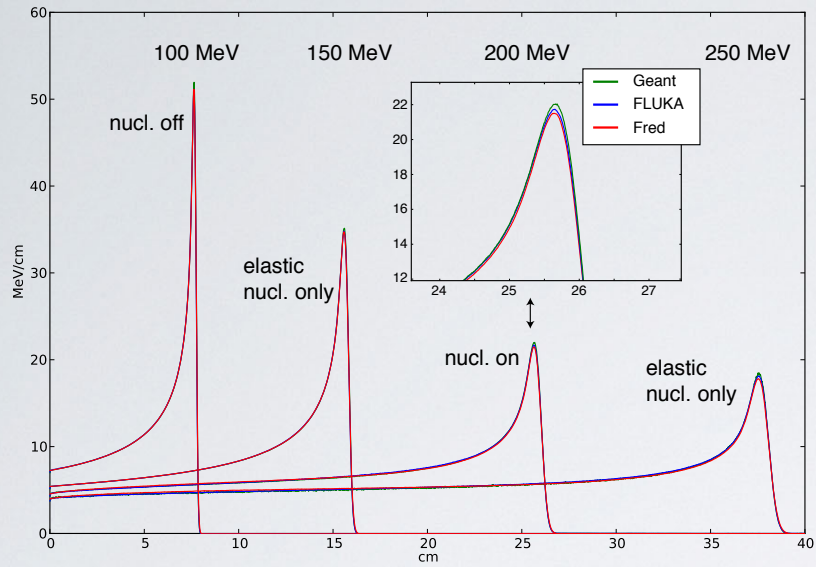
Maastricht

FRED fast-MC platform

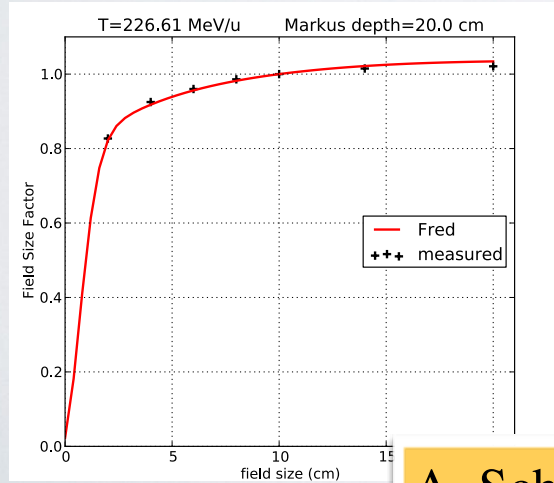
- particle tracking with class II MC algo in voxelized geometry
- Tabulated total stopping power in standard materials (PSTAR-NIST), energy straggling (Gaussian and Landau-Vavilov regimes)
- MCS models: single-,double-,triple-gaussian, gauss+Rutherford
- Nuclear interactions: elastic and inelastic; fragmentation; local deposition of heavy ions; tracking of secondary particles (e.g. protons and deuterons)
- HU to density conversion (Schneider) and stoppow calibration
- MC-TPS: dose optimization using DDO (Lomax)
- RBE models = fixed I.I, LETd-based (Wedenberg, Carabe, Wilkens, Chen,McNamara), table-based (LEMI, MKMPIDE)

Water model

150 MeV protons
in liquid water



Field size factor

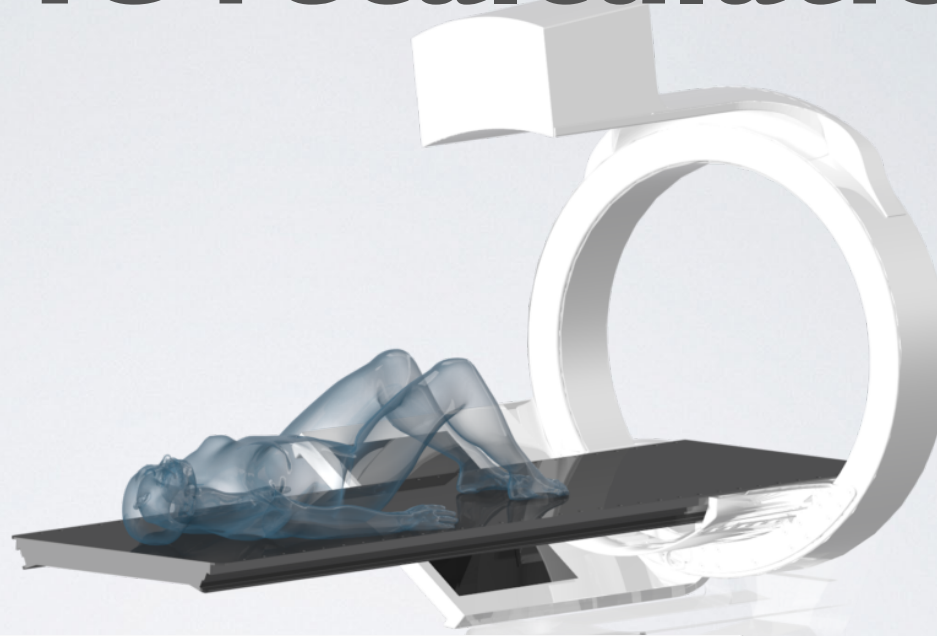


- ddd within 1.5% of full-MC codes
- lateral tails matched at 4 orders of magnitude
- nuclear tails within 1.5% of data at 20 cm away from axis in the F.S.F.

A. Schiavi et al, *PMB* 62 (2017) 7482–7504

fast-MC recalculation

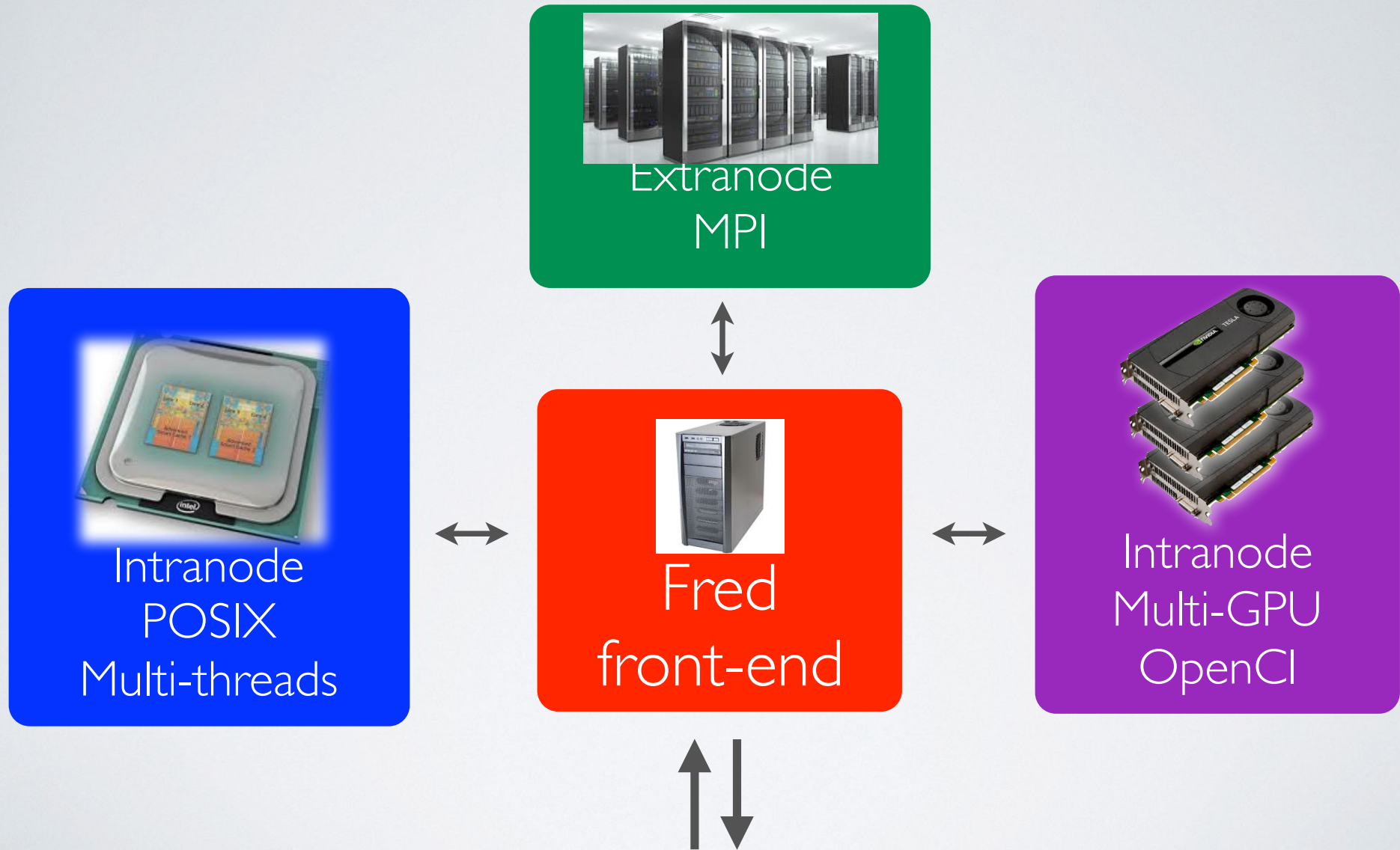
In-room
imaging for
patient
positioning
(CBCT)



- patient positioning
- geometry match
- delivery uncertainties

we need also **dosimetric** verification of TP
on the day of treatment

Parallel execution model in Fred



Tracking performance

Benchmark = dose calculation for 150 MeV protons
in liquid water phantom with 2 mm voxel resolution.

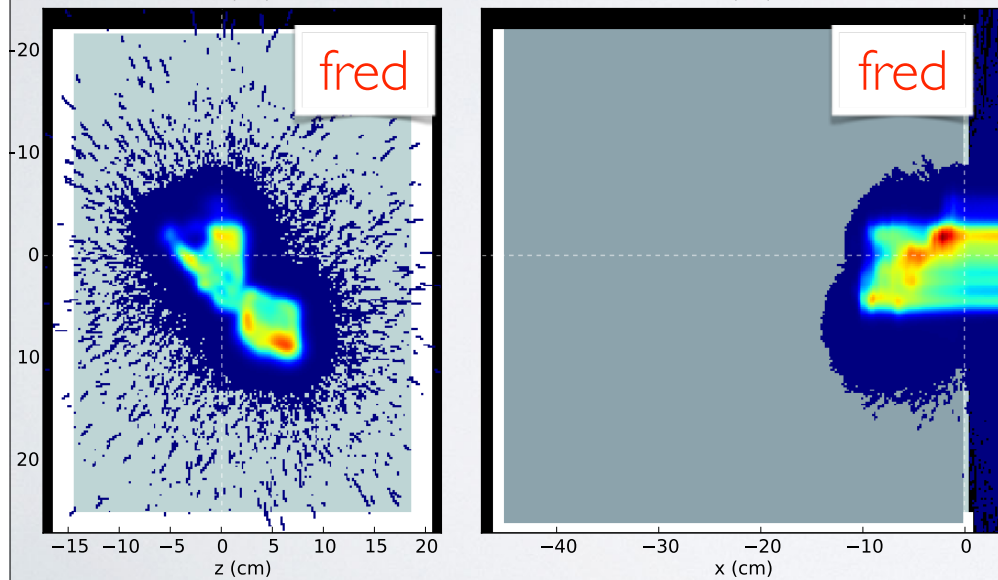
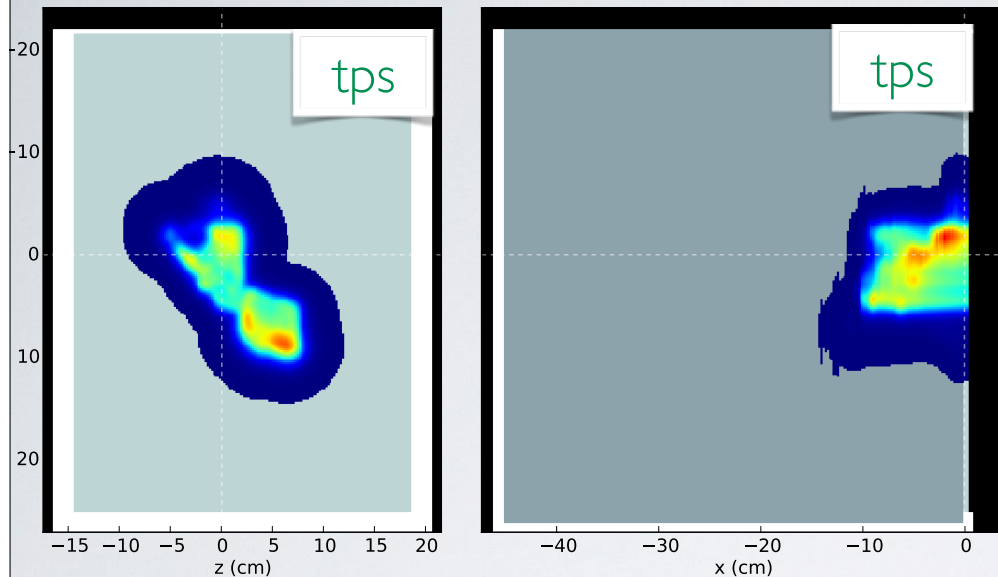
| | Hardware | primary/s | Patient plan recalculation* |
|--------------|--------------------------|-----------|-----------------------------|
| FLUKA/GEANT4 | single CPU core | 750 | 16 days |
| FRED | single CPU core | 15000 | 19 hours |
| FRED | single GPU card | 10 mln | 2,3 min |
| FRED | cluster of 144 GPU cards | 300 mln | 3 s |

* Patient case: 3-fields Head-Neck plan at 1% of total protons = 700 mln primaries

Examples of applications in ongoing collaborations

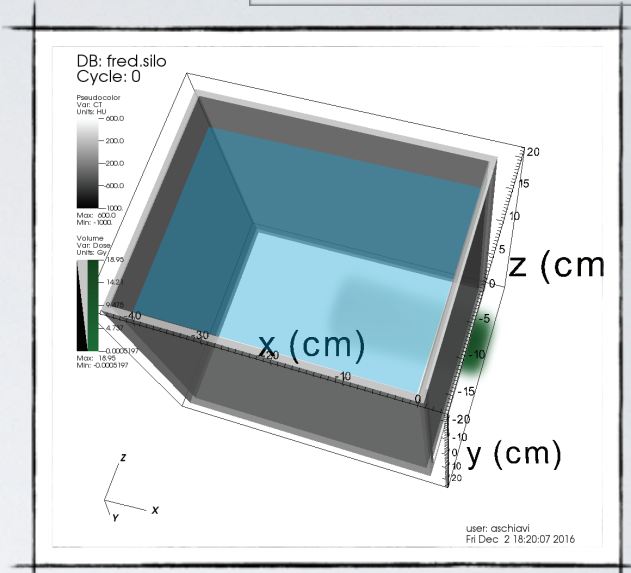
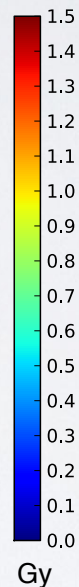
- verification plan and patient plan recalculation (CNAO - Pavia)
- commissioning and RBE models (CCB - Krakow)
- Complex delivery sequence (Maastru)
- Half-Head experiment at CCB
- Carbon fragmentation
- Electromagnetic Fred (plugin development)

Patient verification plan



head-on

side-on



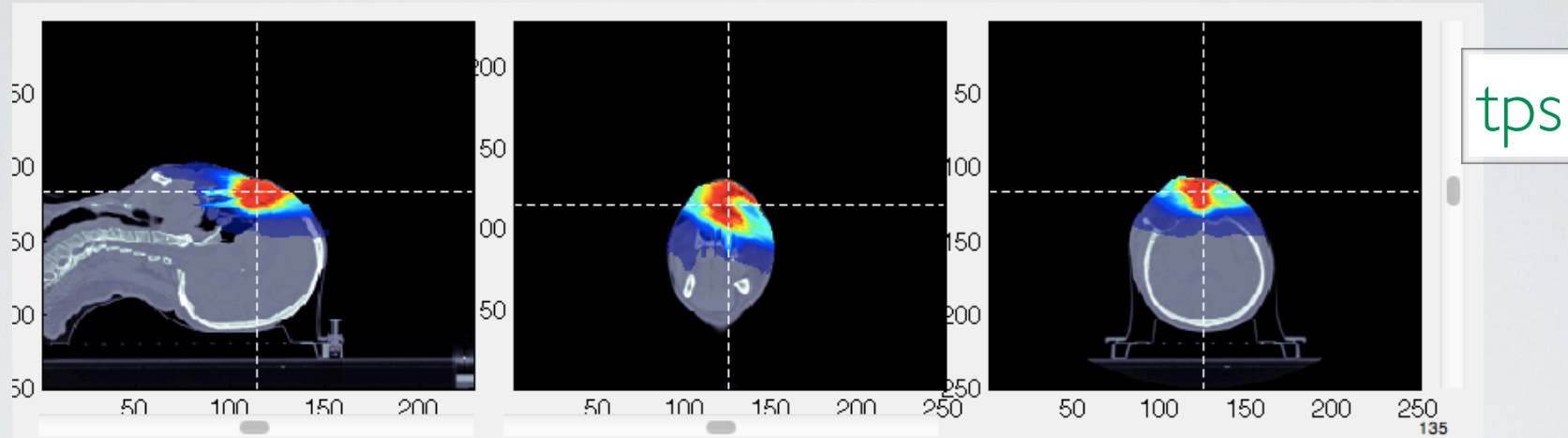
γ -index pass rates
 99.6% @ 2mm/2%
 96.7% @ 1mm/1%

Patient recalculation plan

recalculation at 1% = 700 million primary protons

gamma-index 97% @ 2mm/2%

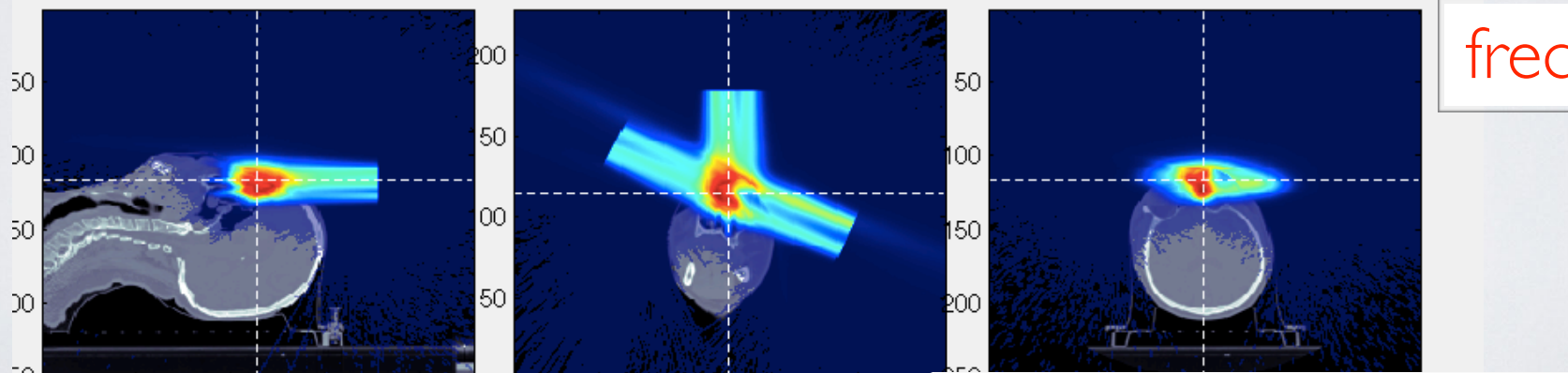
gamma-index 92% @ 1mm/1%



114

125

135



50 100 150 200

50 100 150 200

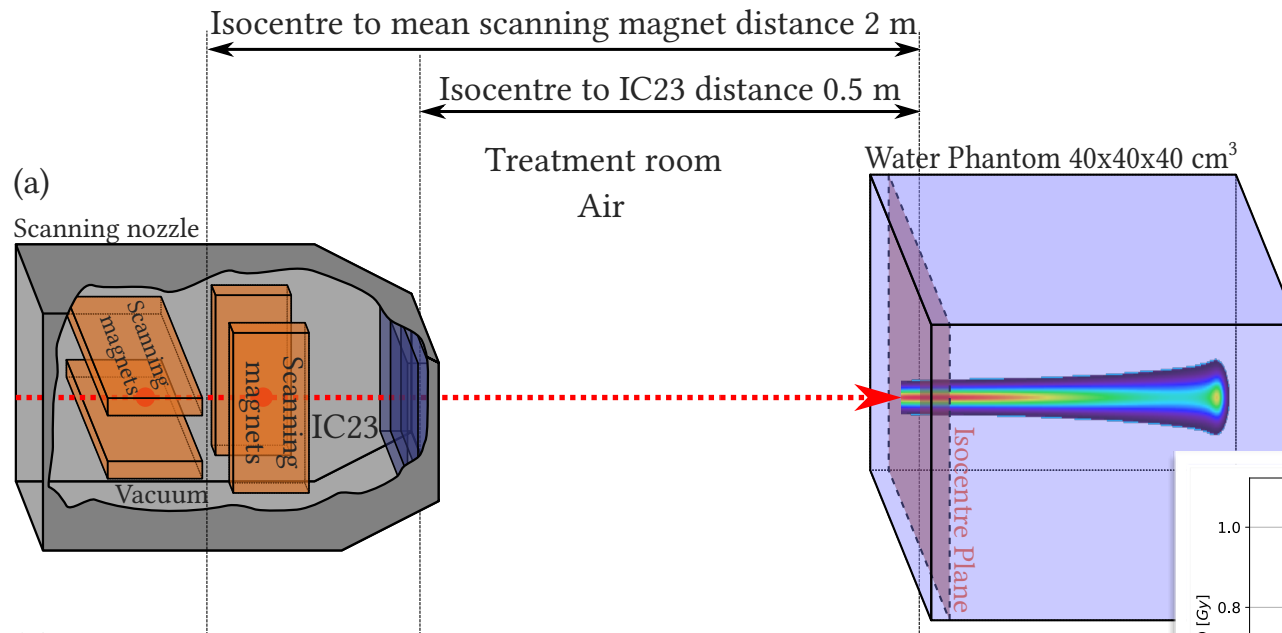
50 100 150 200

simulation time = 72 s

10

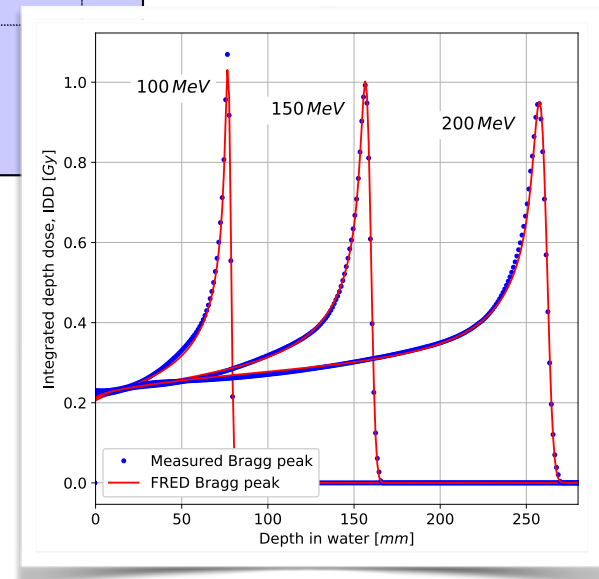


Implementation and validation of the clinical beam model



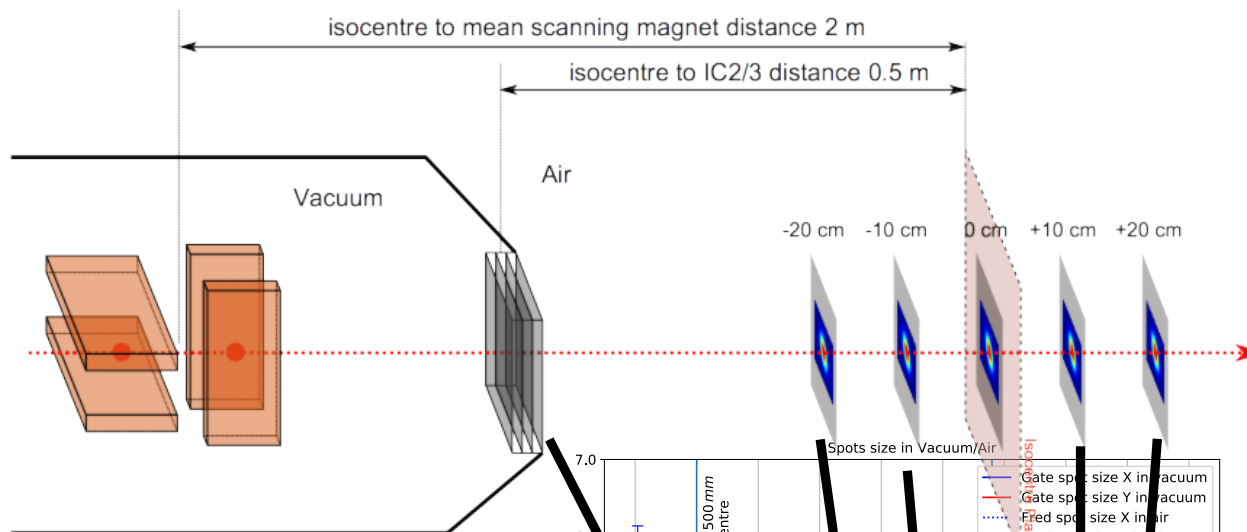
70-230 MeV in 10 MeV steps

Energy & energy spread & dosimetric calibration





Implementation and validation of the clinical beam model

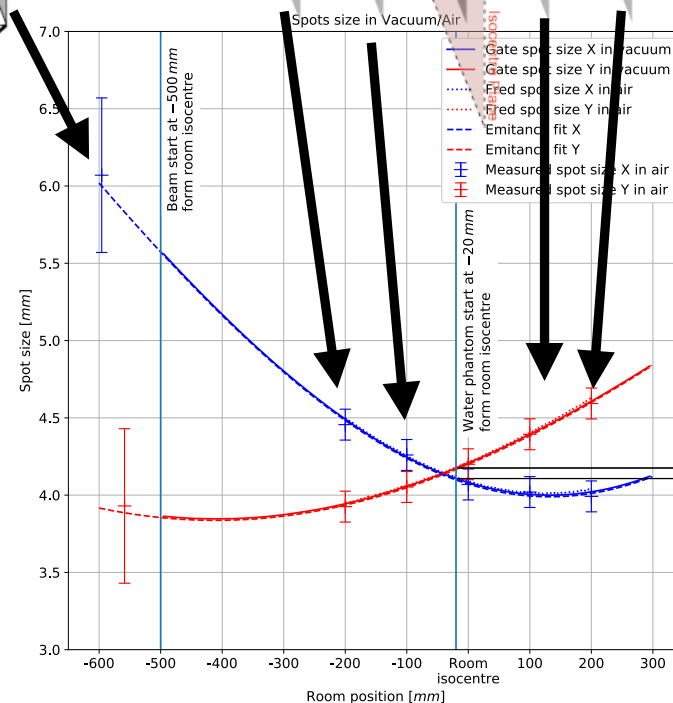


The emittance formalism:

$$\sigma_{x/y}^2(z) = \epsilon_{x/y} \cdot \left(\beta_{x/y} - 2 \cdot \alpha_{x/y} \cdot z + \frac{1 + \alpha_{x/y}^2}{\beta_{x/y}} \cdot z^2 \right)$$

$\epsilon_{x/y}$ - emittance
 α - de/focusing
 β - length over which beam changes its transversal shape

[Twiss et al. 1949]

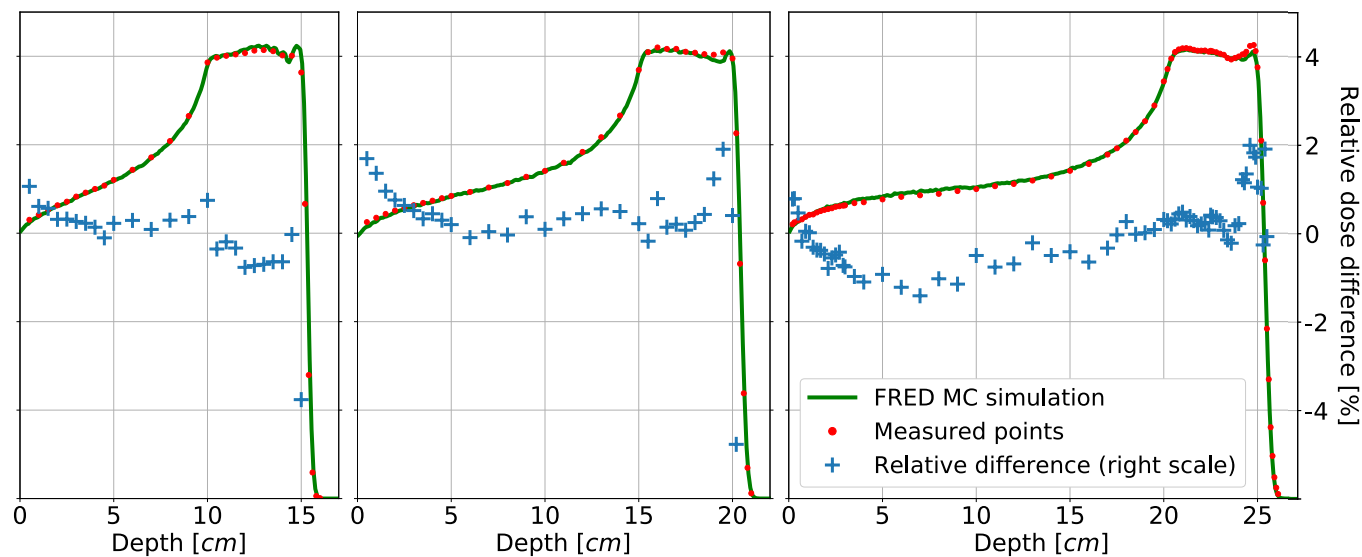




Implementation and validation of the clinical beam model



DATA
FRED

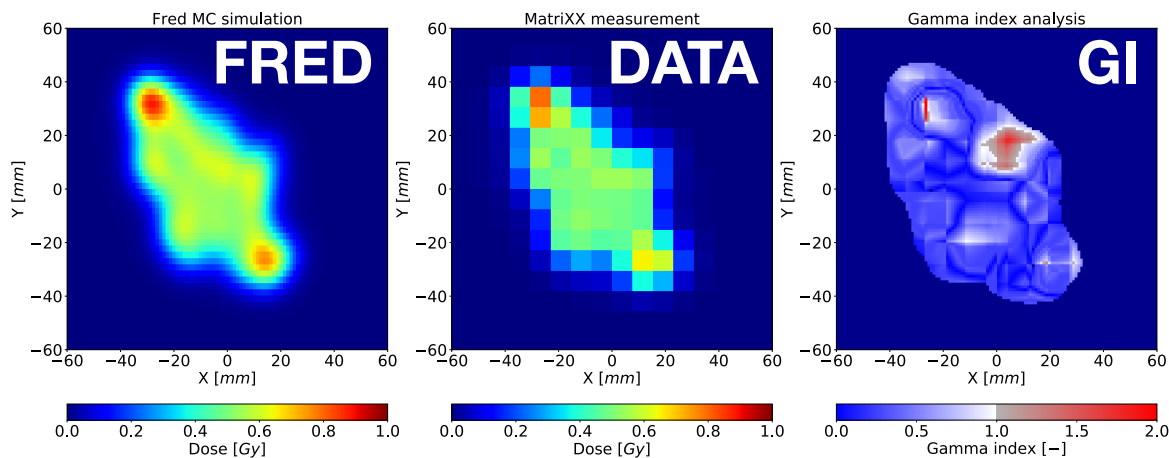
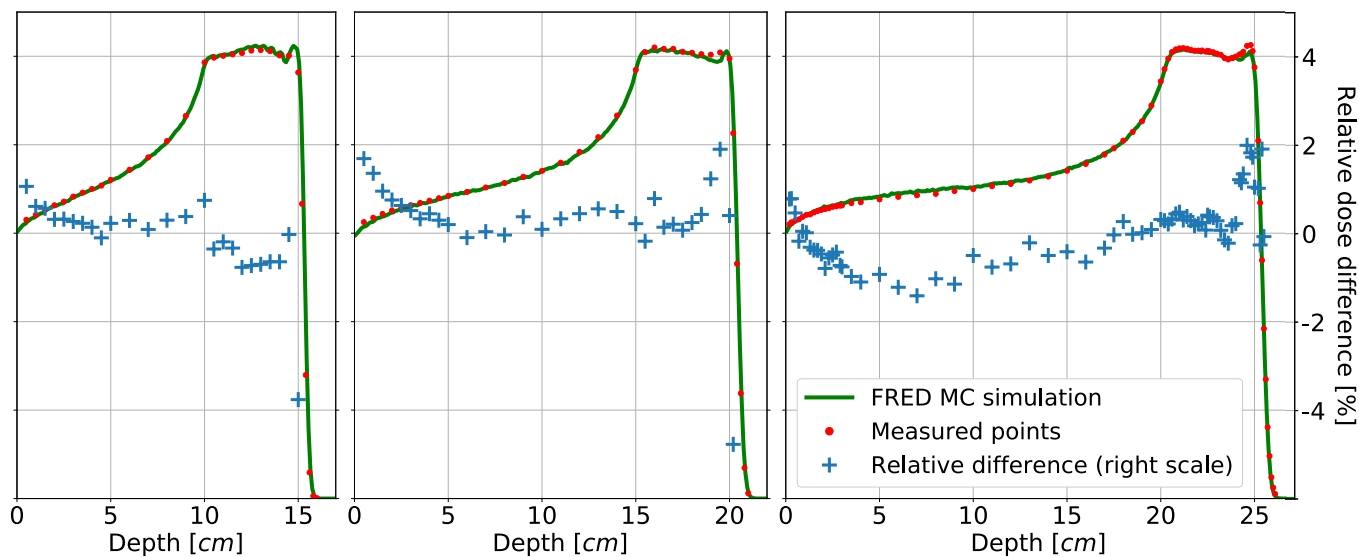




Implementation and validation of the clinical beam model



DATA
FRED

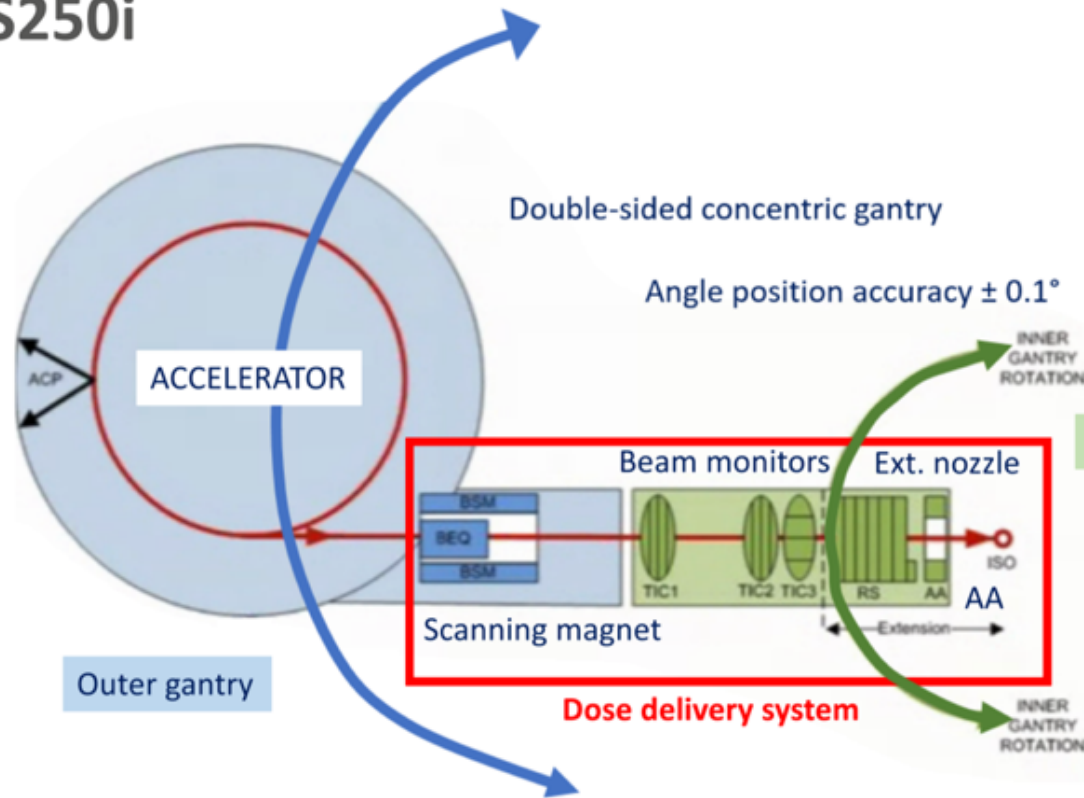


$$\gamma - index = 2mm/3\%$$

182 patient verification fields
GI: 97.9 (3.3)% (1 σ)
3'28 (1'41) min (1 σ)

Beam model and delivery manager for Maastr

Mevion S250i



Inner gantry

Beam model and delivery manager for Maastrro

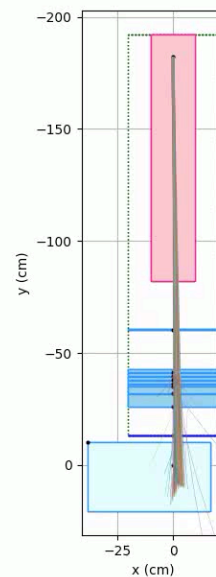
Maastrro

```
# delivery sequence  
transform: gantry rotate 37 y self  
transform: nozzle shift_by 12.2 z gantry  
activate: phantom field_1 gantry  
activate: RS1
```

```
deactivate: ErgBlades  
activate: EB1 EB3 EB12  
deliver: pb 1:34 1
```

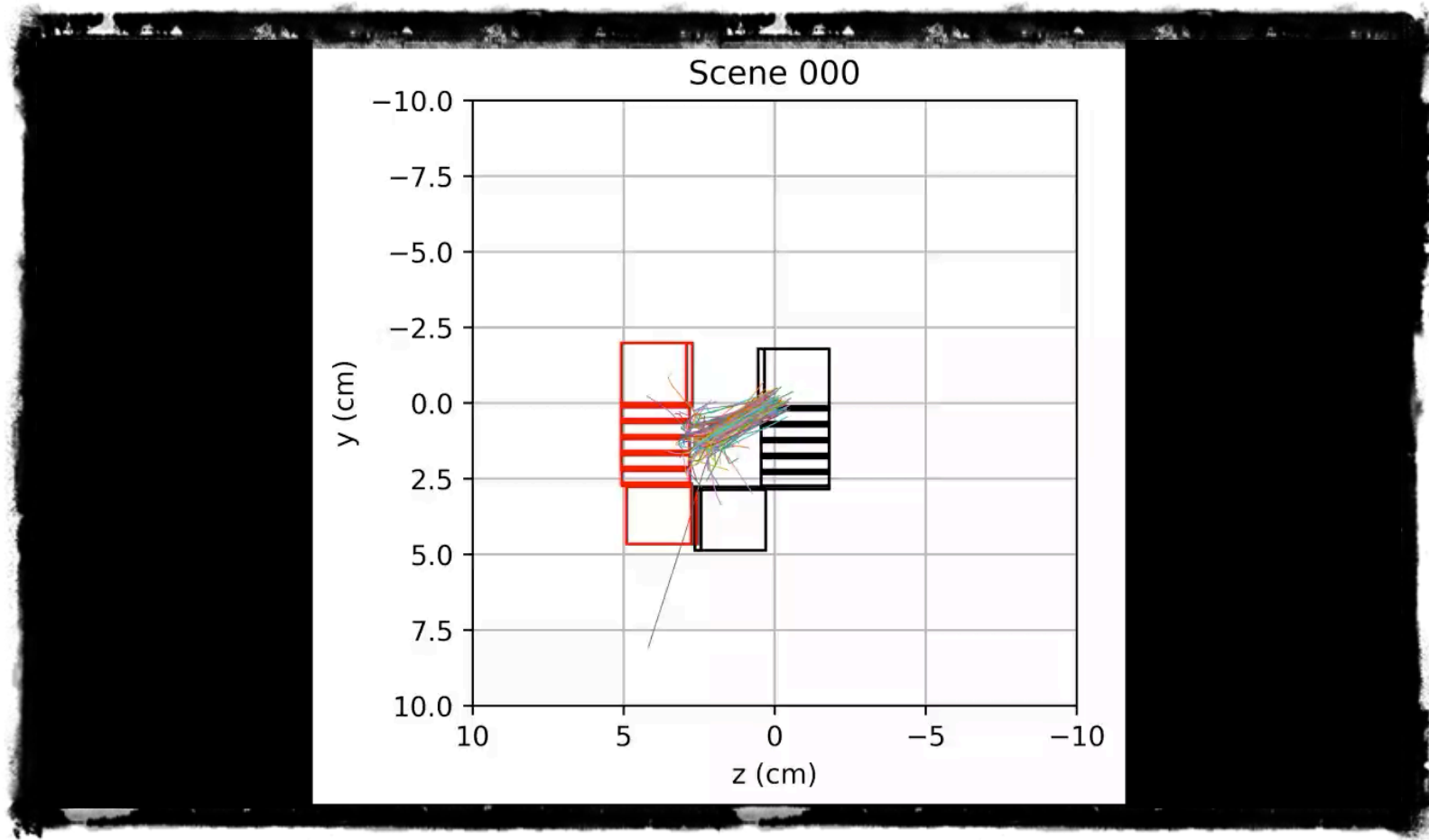
```
deactivate: ErgBlades  
activate: EB1 EB7 EB9  
deliver: pb 35:67 1
```

...



Adaptive Aperture movements from log files

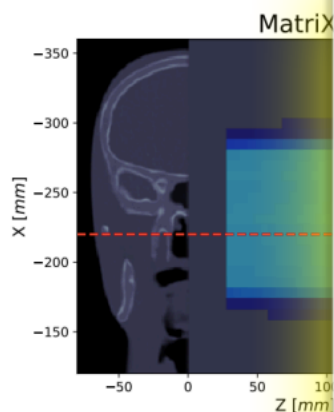
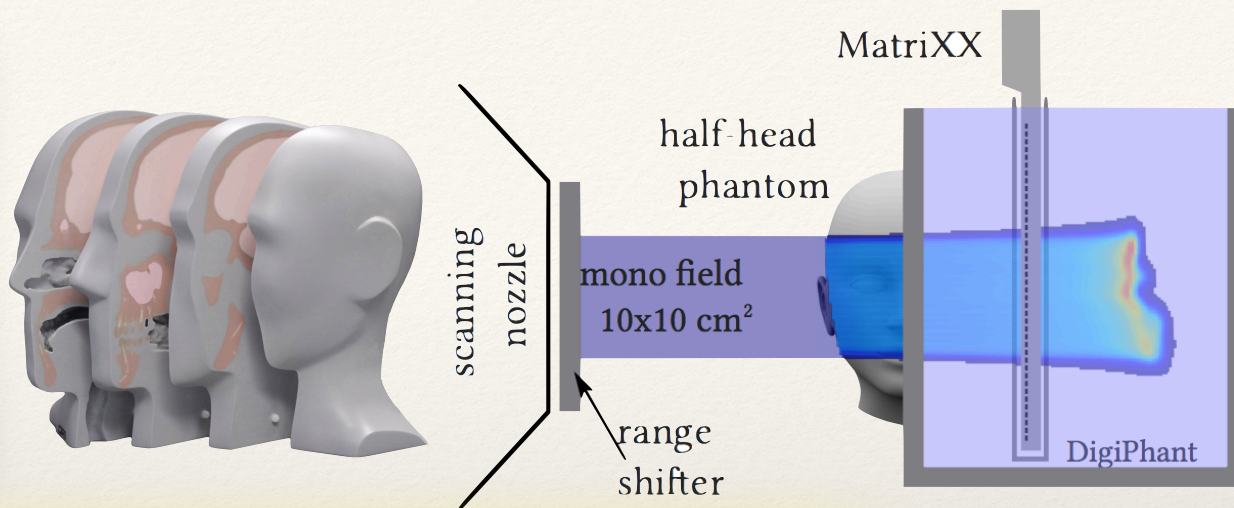
Maastro





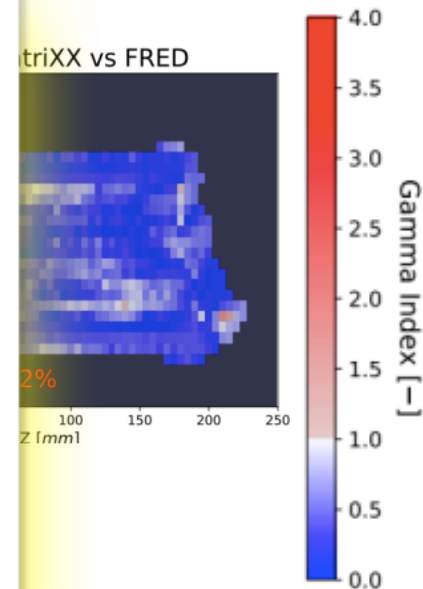
Validation in heterogeneous media

- ❖ Heterogeneous head phantom
- ❖ MatriXX measurement in water
- ❖ Single energy: 100, 150 and 200 MeV
- ❖ Range shifter



3D Gamma Index
rate for

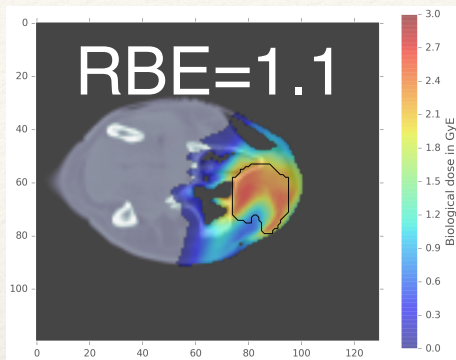
| Energy(RS) | GI (2%/2mm/1%) |
|------------|----------------|
| 100 | 99.97% |
| 100RS | 98.93% |
| 150 | 99.64% |
| 150RS | 99.44% |
| 200 | 98.88% |
| 200RS | 99.44% |



Biological modelling

Generic RBE

clinic



The user can chose several RBE models at once to get a comparative BioDose report

Variable RBE models:

- Wedenberg (Wedenberg et al. 2013)
- Wilkens (Wilkens and Oelfke 2004)
- Chen (Chen and Ahmad 2012)
- Carabe (Carabe at al. 2012)
- McNamara (McNamara et al. 2015)

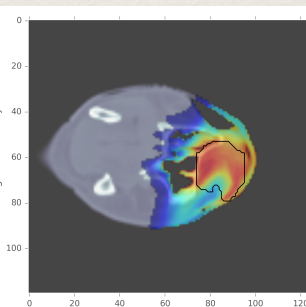
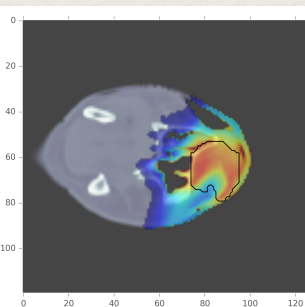
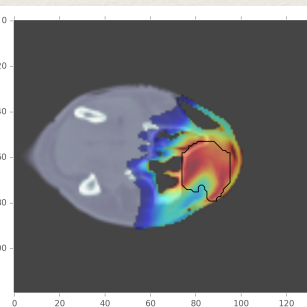
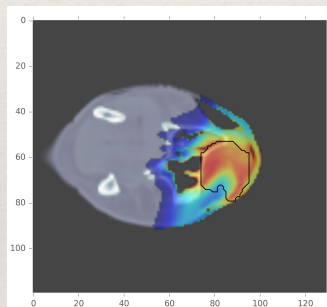
Carabe

Chen

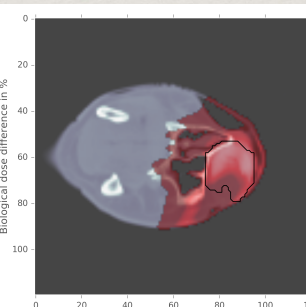
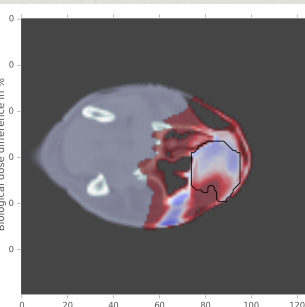
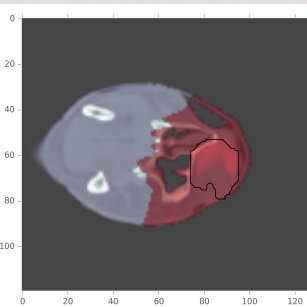
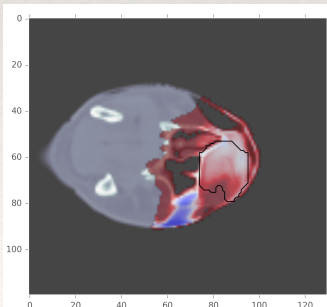
Wedenberg

Wilkens

Variable RBE



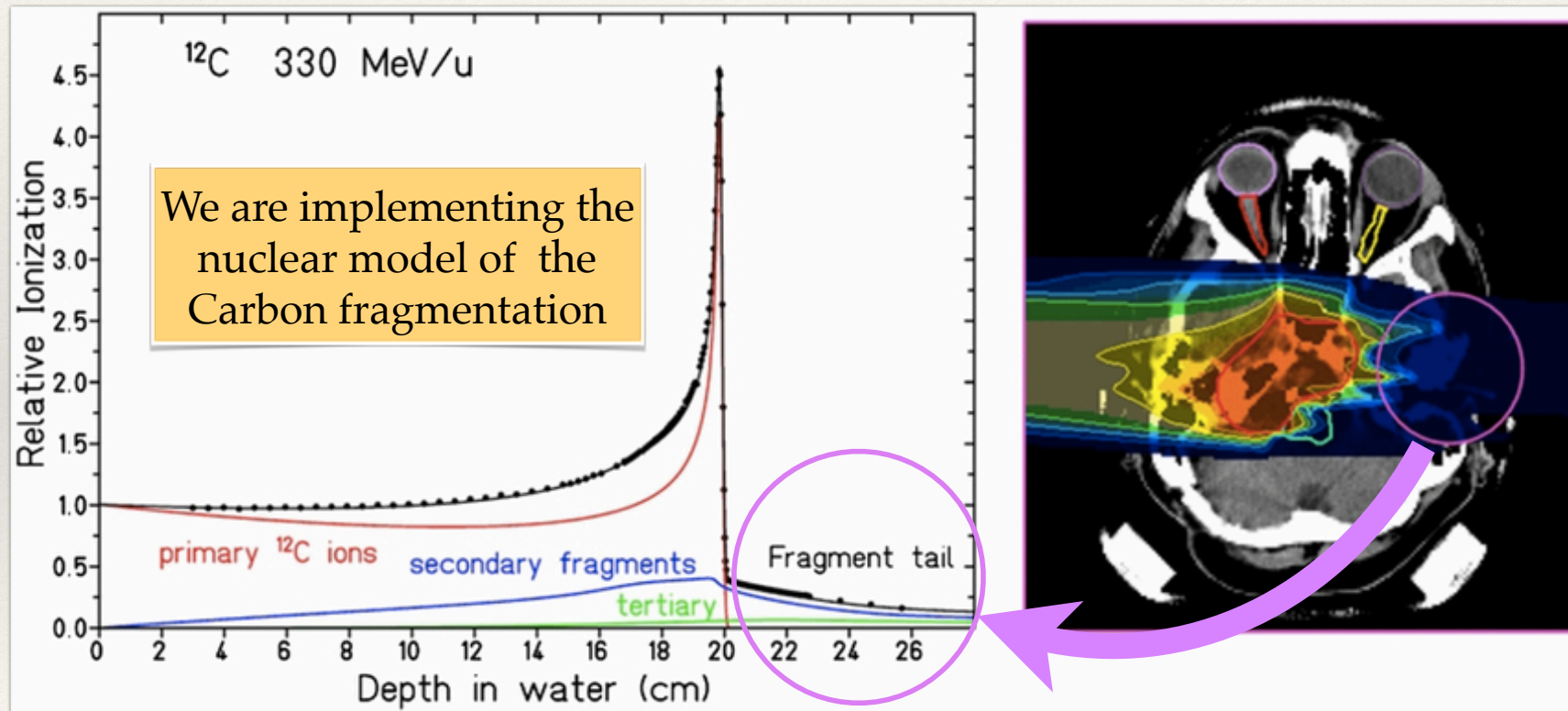
Biological dose in Gy



Biological dose difference in %

Tumor Treatment with Light Ion Beams

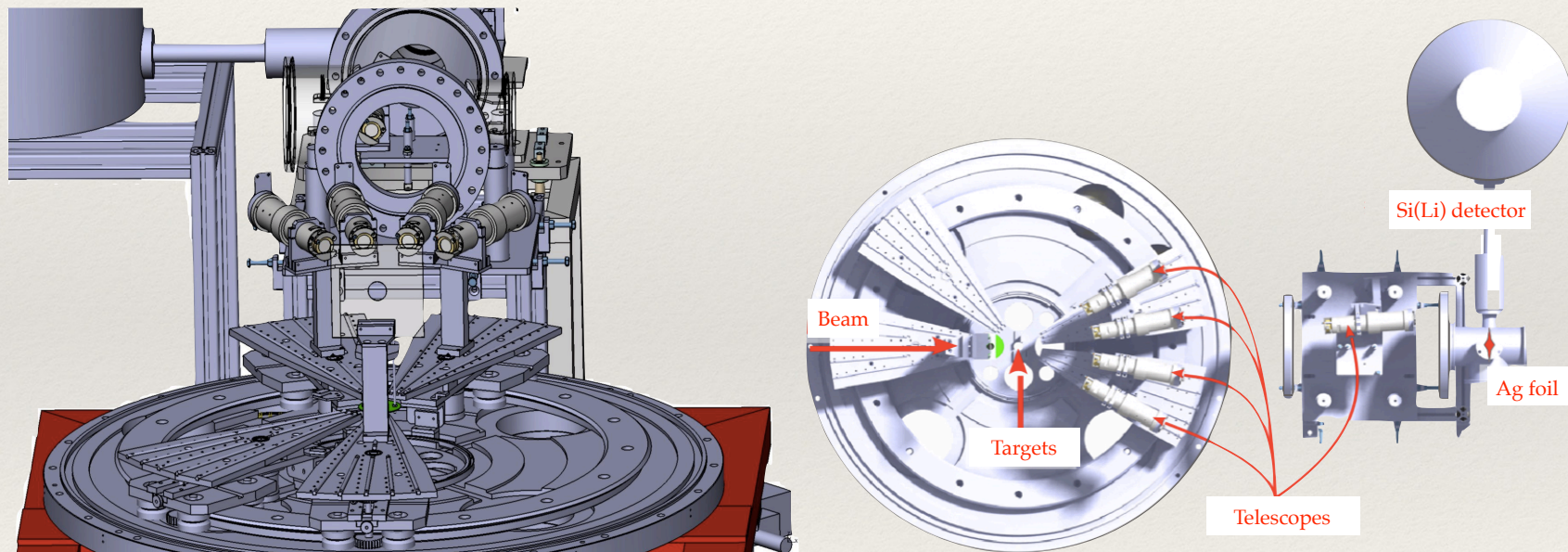
The simulation of light ion nuclear fragmentation, presently not included in the code, gives a significant contribution to the dose deposited inside the patient in the distal region.



Ganil Experiment

Development of the model using data taken during experiments to study the fragmentation of ^{12}C beams on thin targets at GANIL (laboratory of CAEN, France, 2011-2017).

Data consist on: **energy and angular cross-section** distributions on H, C, O, Al, and Ti with beams of ^{12}C with energies of 50 and 95 MeV/n with a detection angle $[-43^\circ, +43^\circ]$

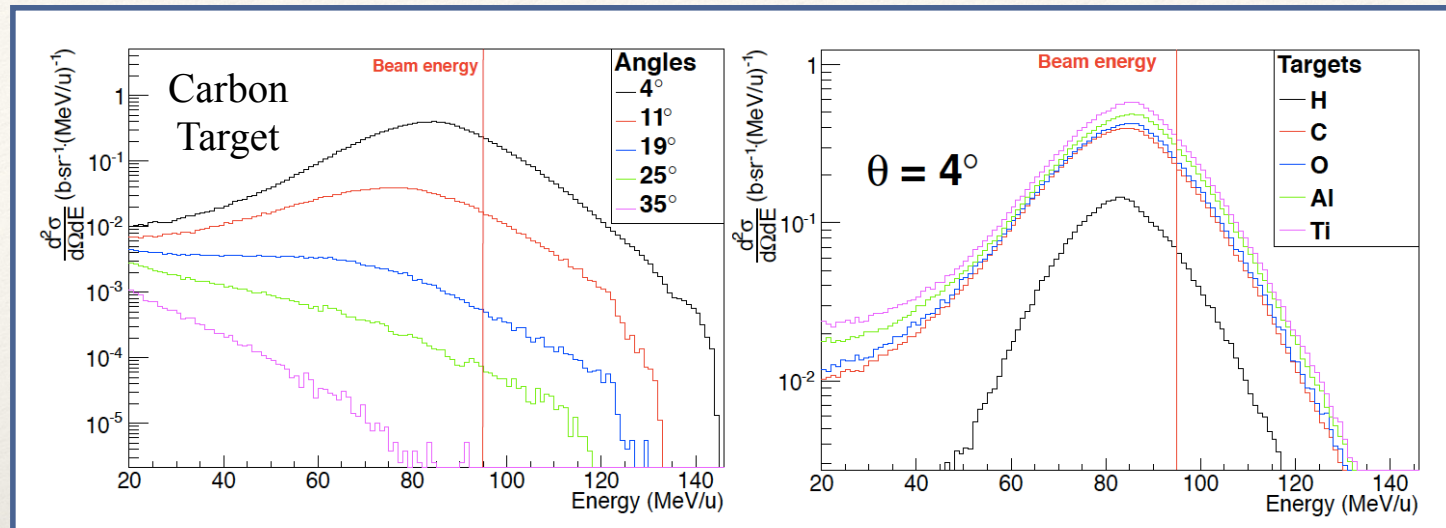


J. Dudouet, et al, C, PHYSICAL REVIEW American Physical Society, 2013

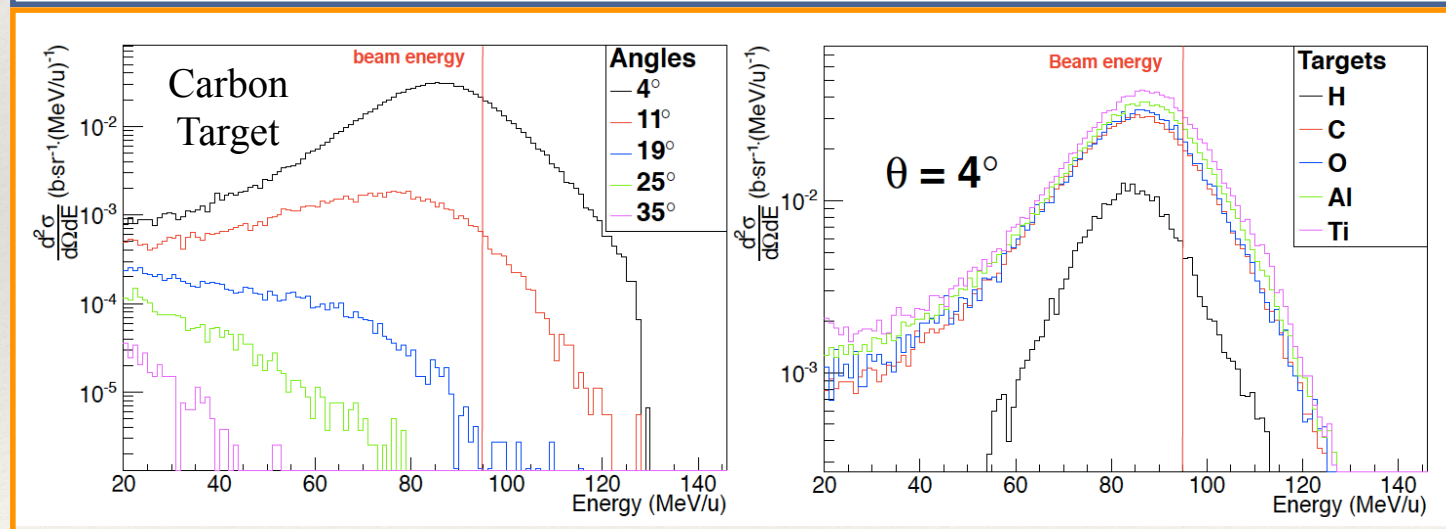
C. Divay et al, PHYSICAL REVIEW C 95, 044602 (2017)

Implementation of ion fragmentation

^4He energy distribution
Beam:
 ^{12}C [95MeV/u]



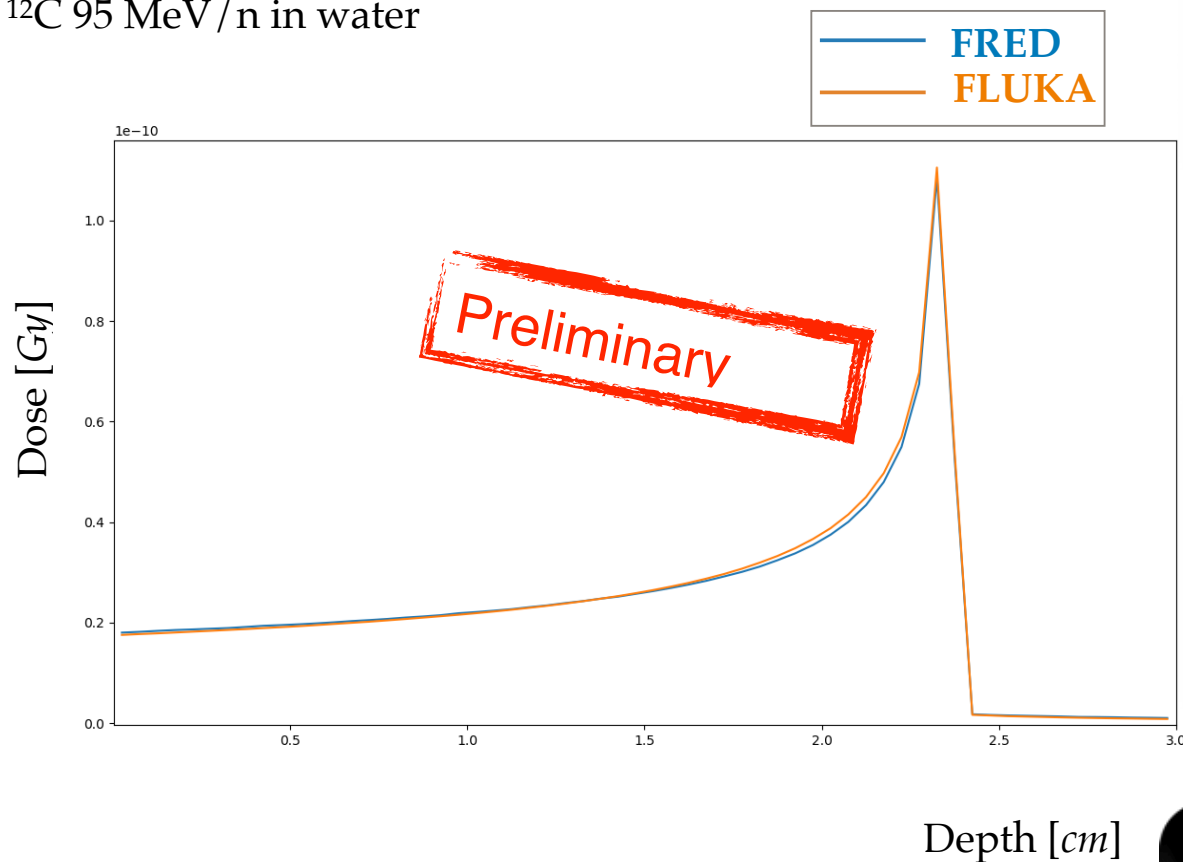
^6Li energy distribution
Beam:
 ^{12}C [95MeV/u]



J. Dudouet, et al, C, PHYSICAL REVIEW American Physical Society, 2013

Waiting for new data

^{12}C 95 MeV/n in water



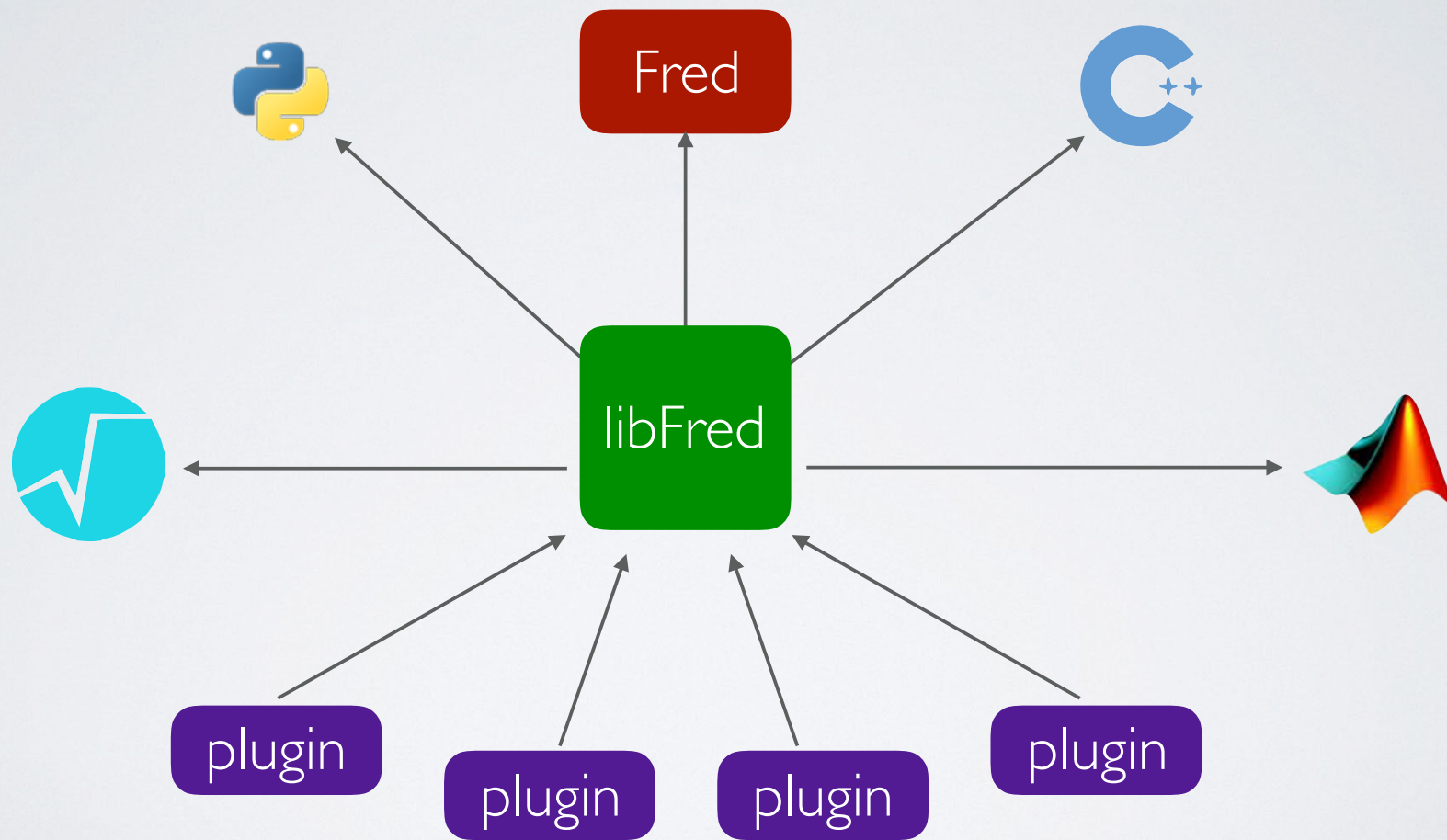
We are presently
tuning
fragmentation
on full-MC codes



New data are
expected from a
dedicated expt on
nuclear
fragmentation

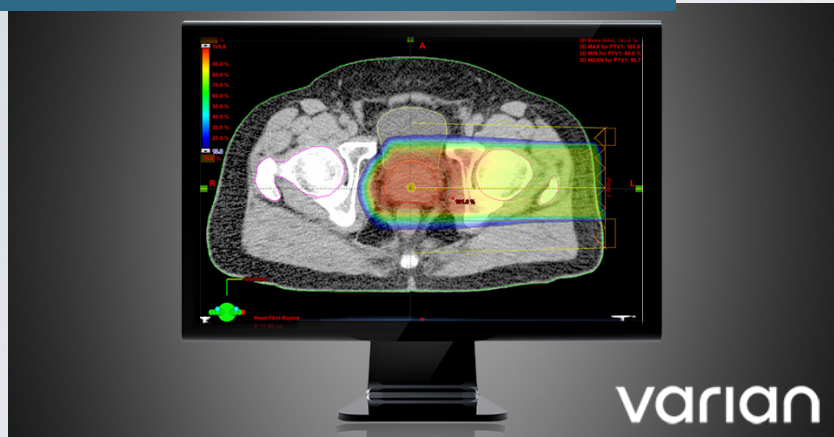


LIBRARY

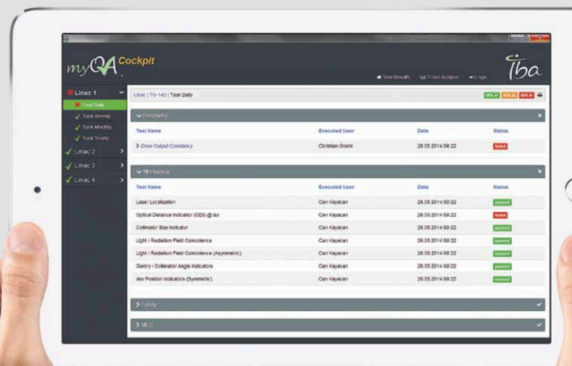


EMBEDDING FRED

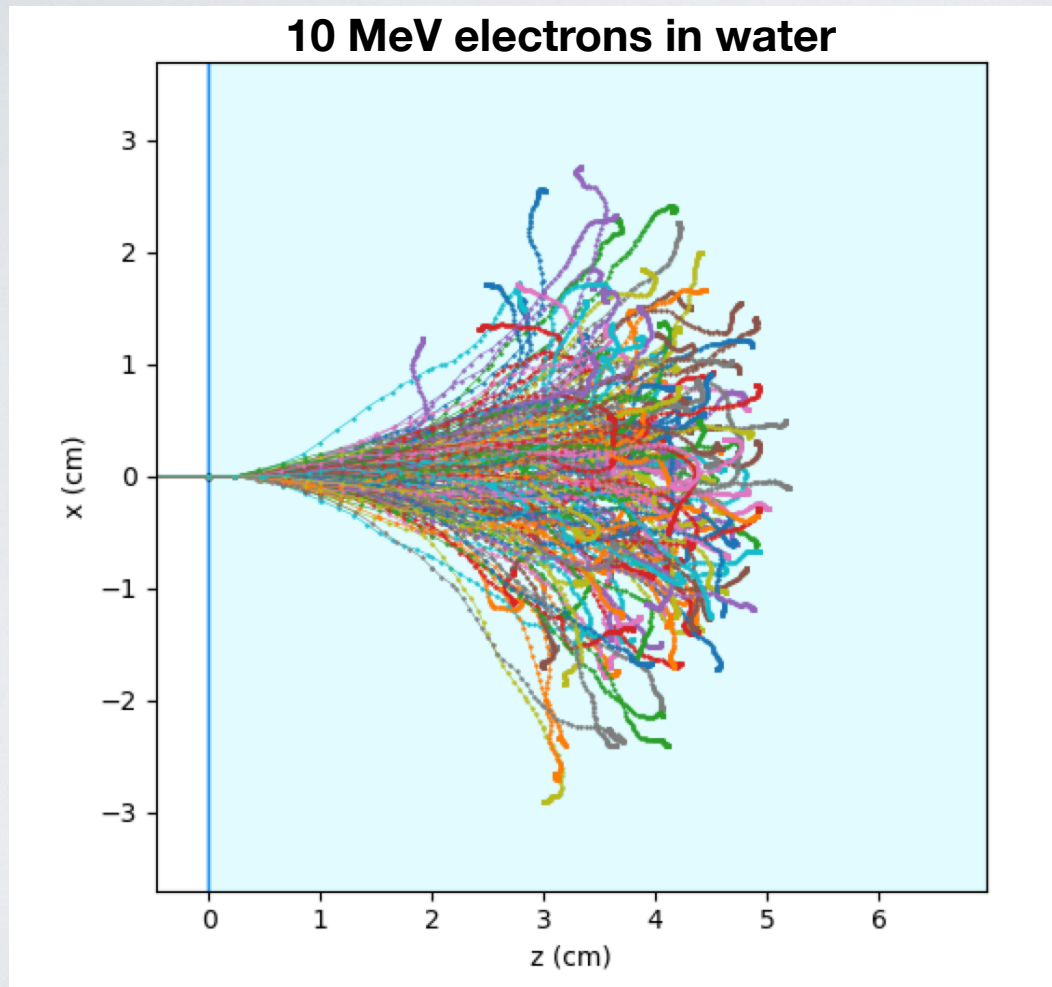
ECLIPSE FOR PROTON



myQA iON



Plugin interface for development



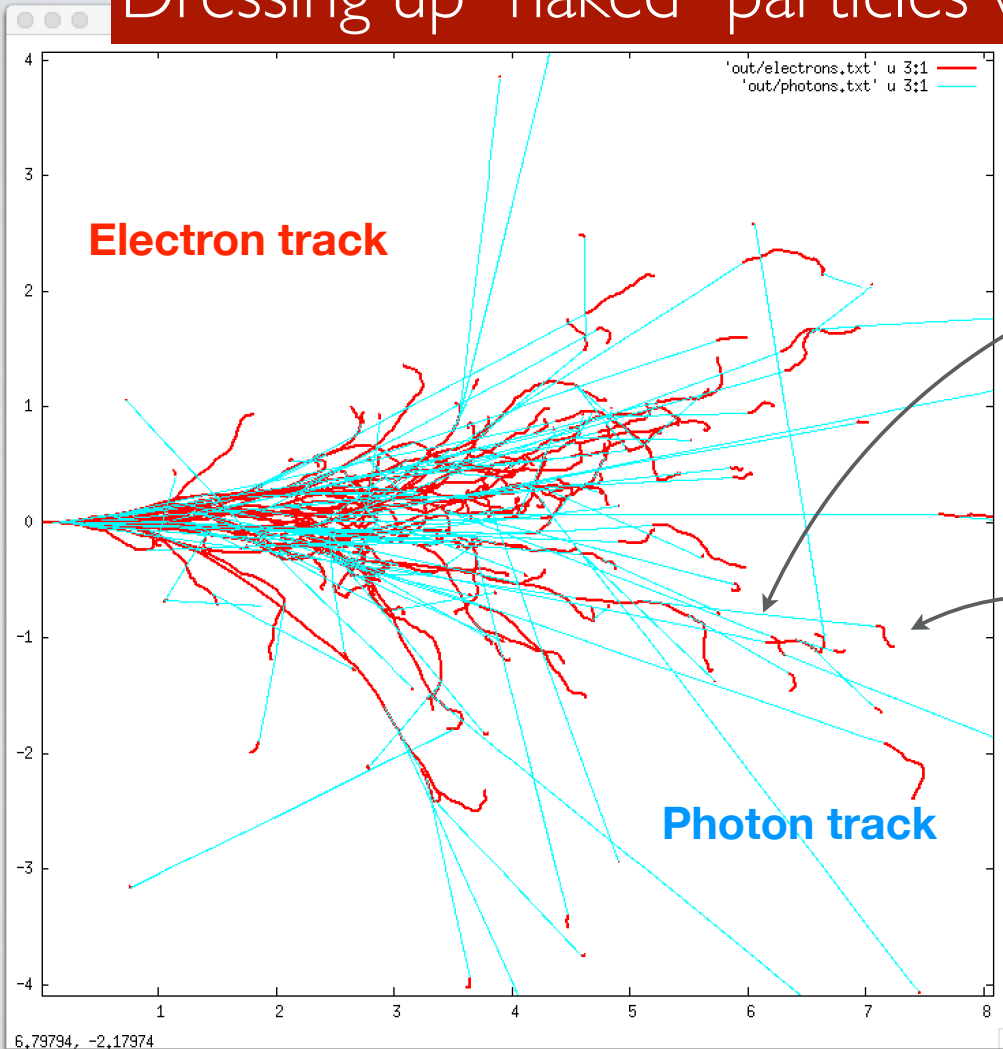
Very simple model
for electrons

Energy loss using
NIST ESTAR
stopping power

Multiple Coulomb
Scattering using
single Gaussian
approx

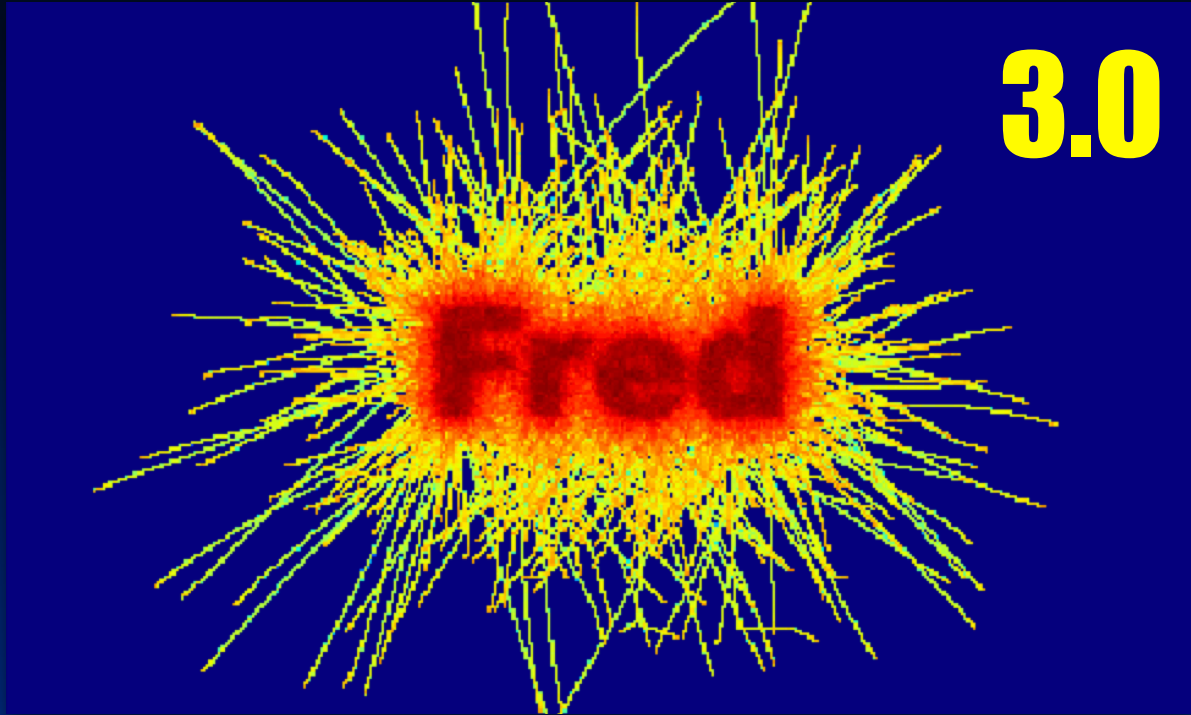
Plugin interface for development

Dressing up “naked” particles via plugin interface



Primary electron
generates photon via
Bremsstrahlung

Photon kicks out an
atomic electron via
photoelectric effect



COMING SOON!