



Flair – Geometry Editor

Advanced FLUKA Course

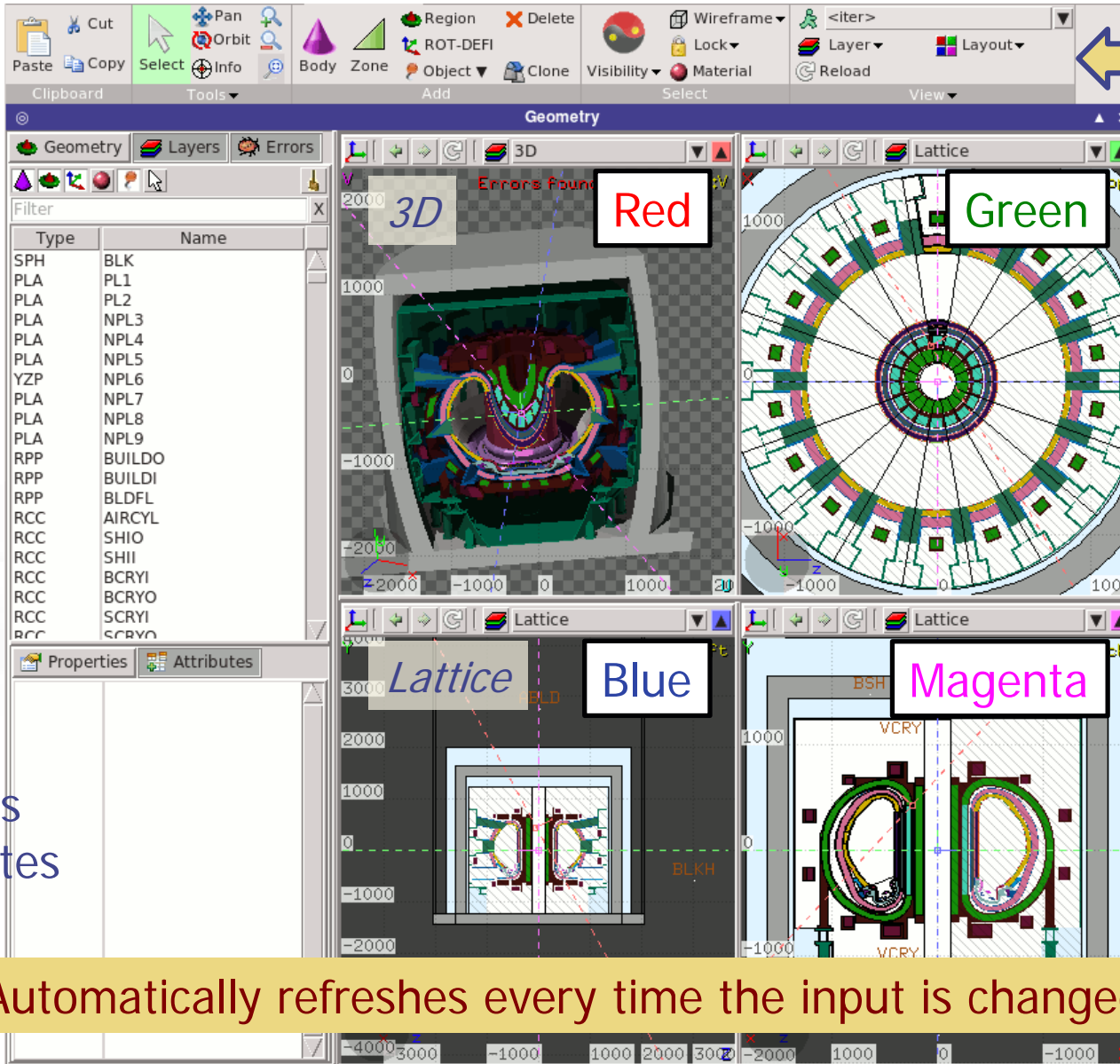
Starting the Geometry Editor

Click on "Geometry" Tab

Geometry Editor Interface:

- Toolbar: Geometry (circled), Region, Delete, Wireframe, Layer, Reload, etc.
- Views: Front, Top, Left, Back
- Status Bar: Inp: x: -72.45762712 y: 52.96610169 z: 0

Geometry Editor: Interface



Tools

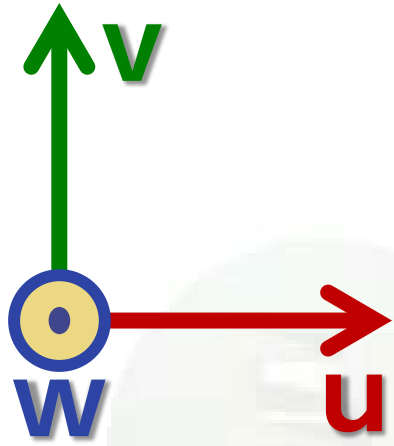
Filter

Filtered Objects

Properties & Attributes

Automatically refreshes every time the input is changed!

Viewport axes System

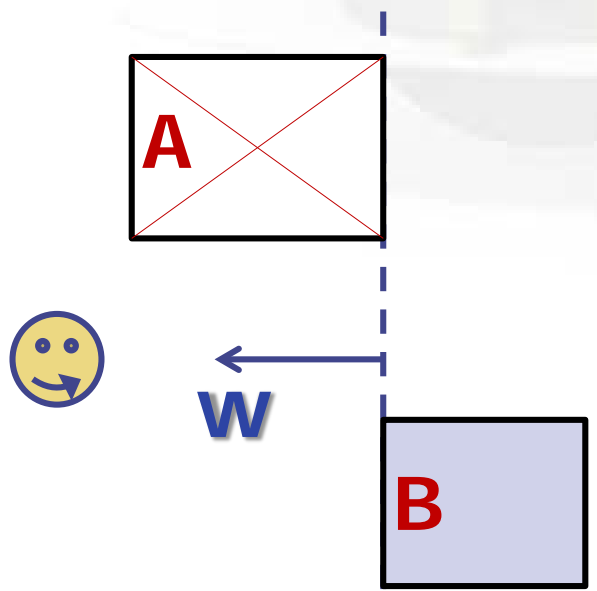


Each viewport is defined by:

- **Origin** center of viewport
- **Basis** relative axes system u, v, w . w is coming out of the screen towards the user
- **Extends** zooming

Note:

- Each viewport is facing towards negative w
- If bodies A, B are touching the viewport like on the plot.
- Only body B will be **visible**



Navigation - Keyboard

- [arrows] pan viewport
- Ctrl + [arrows]
+ [Shift] orbit viewport around **u,v** axes
rotates by 90°
- Page Up/ Page Down pan viewport front/back
- Ctrl + PgUp/PgDn rotate viewport around **w** axis
- = / - zoom in / zoom out
- 0 open projection dialog to set the
o origin/basis/save/recall etc...
- Ctrl-0 (zero) Center to origin
- Ctrl-1, Ctrl-2 **front [X:Y] / back [-X:Y]**
- Ctrl-3, Ctrl-4 **left [Z:Y] / right [-Z:Y]**
- Ctrl-5, Ctrl-6 **top [Z:X] / bottom [-Z:X]**
- Escape undo selection of regions/zones

Assuming: Z = direction of the beam (horizontal)








X = horizontal

Y = vertical


Navigation – Mouse [1/2]

With the **left** mouse button:

1. Select the appropriate action pan/orbit/zoom with:
 - i. Menu → Tools
 - ii. Toolbar
 - iii. Keyboard shortcut
2. Click and drag the desired viewport

| | function | key | description |
|---|----------|------------------|--|
|  | Select | s | Select regions or zones |
|  | Pan | x | Pan viewport |
|  | Orbit | t | Orbit viewport using a virtual t rackball |
|  | Zoom | z | Drag area to zoom In ([Ctrl] to zoom out) |
| | | Shift-Z | Zoom viewport on selected items |
|  | | Alt-Left | Go to previous in history projection |
|  | | Alt-Right | Go to next in history projection |
|  | Center | c | Center all (non 3D) viewports to mouse location |

Navigation – Mouse [2/2]

- With the **middle** mouse button
 - Click centers clicked position (defines it rotation center)
 - drag Pan/Move viewport
 - **Ctrl** orbit projection using a virtual trackball
 - **Ctrl-Middle-Shift** orbit projection using a virtual trackball with steps of 15 degrees
 - **Shift** select rectangle region and zoom into
 - **Shift-Middle-Ctrl** select rectangle region and zoom out
- **Wheel** (if any) zoom in/zoom out
 - **Ctrl-Wheel** pan/move forward or backward
 - **Ctrl-Shift-Wheel** smoother pan/move forward/backward
- With the **right** mouse button
 - alone opens popup menu
 - Shift pan/move viewport
 - Ctrl orbit projection using a virtual trackball
- When **laptop mode** is enabled in  Config/Preferences/Geometry then the **middle** and **right** buttons are **swapped**



Navigation – Viewport lines

Description:

- Dashed lines represent other viewports (the intersection of other viewports with the current one);
- The center is represented with a square;
- Viewing direction is indicated by a short line;
- When another viewport is outside the view window, the viewport-line will be displayed on the closest edge;

3D Viewing direction


Actions: Select  + **left** mouse button

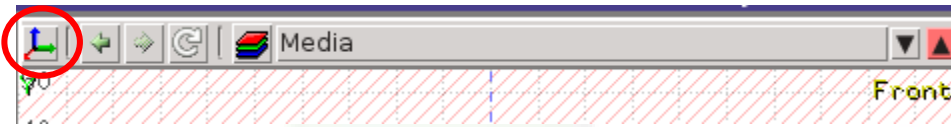
 Drag the center square to reposition the viewport

 Drag the line close to the center to reposition the viewport along the vertical **w** axis

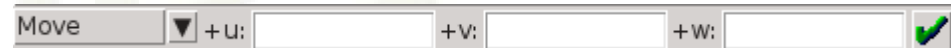
 Drag the extremities to rotate it

Navigation – Projection dialog

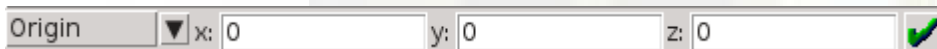
With the projection [o]  button you can change, move, shift, rotate, save and reload the projection of a viewport



Shift the coordinate system



Set the **o** origin of the viewport

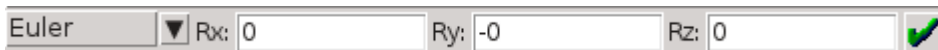


Change the reference axis



Rotate around the Cartesian axis

Shortcut: Ctrl + (1-6)



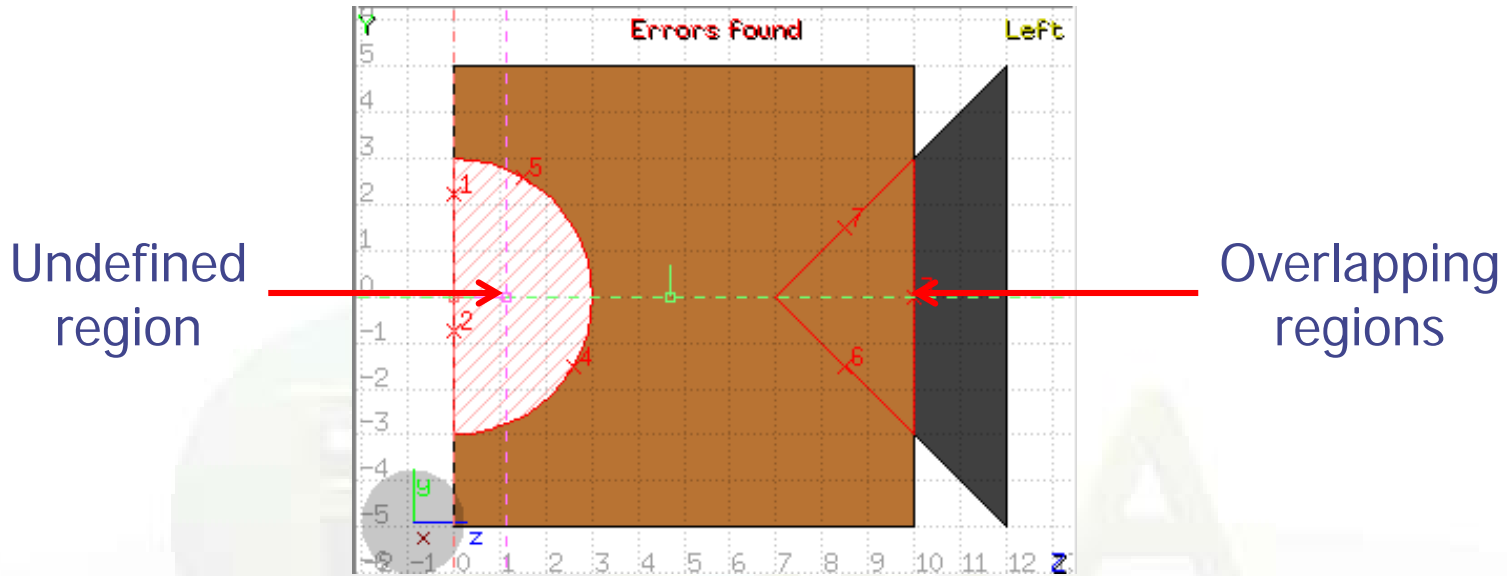
Add and Select Bookmark




Select Transformation



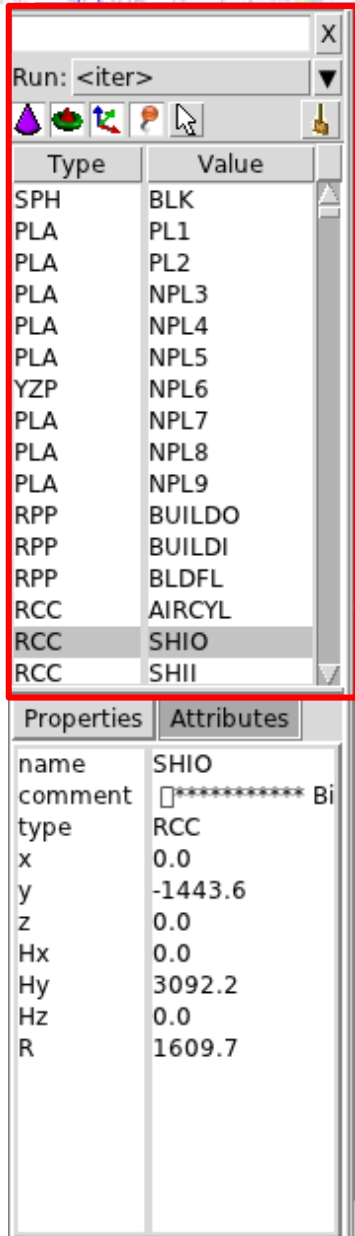
Debugging Geometry Errors



Errors found notifies that are errors in the geometry (on the current projection):







- The areas affected by the errors are outlined with a **Red** stroke:
 - Areas filled with a full color correspond to overlapping regions;
 - Areas filled with red lines correspond to a missing region definition;
 - Body segments that are involved in the errors are numbered;
- Clicking the  Errors tab (on the left) displays the dialog with the errors.
 - Clicking on the "+" sign gives additional information
- Touching surfaces are checked against **10** significant digits
- Non-strictly geometrical errors (i.e. missing Material Assignment to a region, non recognized cards) are also notified

Listbox - Objects

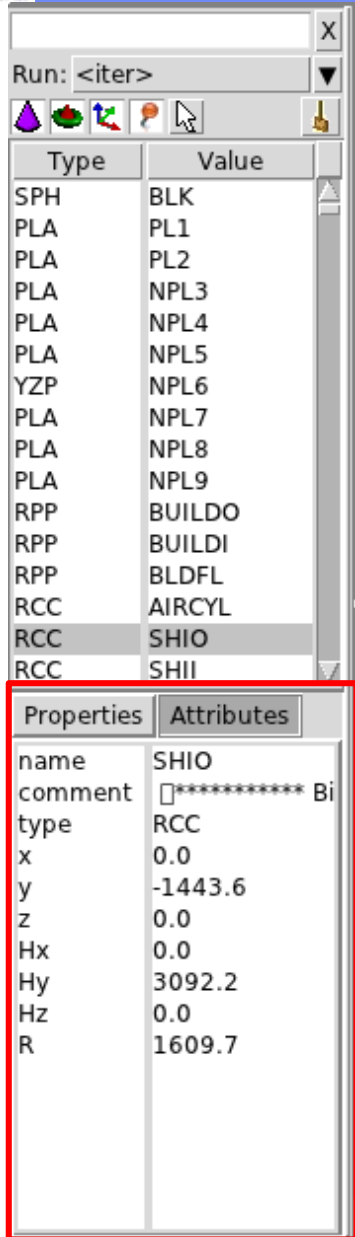


- Lists the type/name of bodies, regions, objects
- Text coloring:
 - **RED** Error in the card description
 - **Magenta** Visible body/object
 - **Orange** Selection locked
- Filtering text box can narrow the list with items containing the typed-in text

Buttons – on/off the display of

-  Bodies
-  Regions
-  Transformations
-  Materials
-  Objects
-  Selected or Visible items

Listbox – Properties / Attributes



Properties:

- Displays the common WHATs of the selected cards
 - REGION:
 - If one REGION and Bodies are selected the REGION will stay visible
 - Additionally one can select the **MATERIAL** and automatically an **ASSIGNMAT** will be created/modified
- WARNING: Only if this region is not part of a range or inside an **#if..#endif**




Tips:

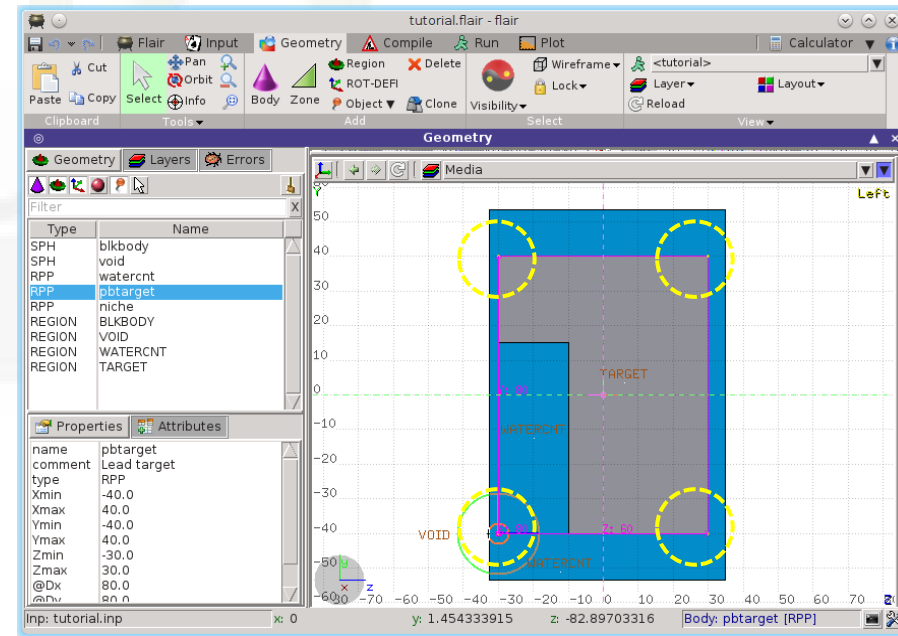
- **[Enter]** moves to the next field
- Typing multiple values splits them into many fields:
e.g. x: **1 2 3** **[Enter]**
will split it to x: 1, y: 2, z: 3

Attributes:

- Displays other information related to the card
- Bodies: Visibility, Selection Locking, Wireframe
- Regions: NAZ, Alpha(Transparency), **ROT-DEFI...**



Selection

- **Objects/Bodies/Regions/Zones** can be selected using:
 - Object and/or Properties list boxes
 - graphically with the action [s]  using the **left mouse button** on the viewport;
- **[Ctrl] + left mouse button**: allows to toggle the selection (select/unselect);
- **Area selection**: Click on the background and drag the mouse to draw a rectangle area. Everything inside the area will be selected.
- The selected bodies are:
 - outlined in **magenta**
 - **yellow** dots appear on their vertices;
 - highlighted also into the object list in the left bar;
 - Their common properties & attributes will be displayed on the list boxes.
- The selected regions are shaded;
- The select zones are shaded with a hash pattern; To select a zone first you have to select the REGION



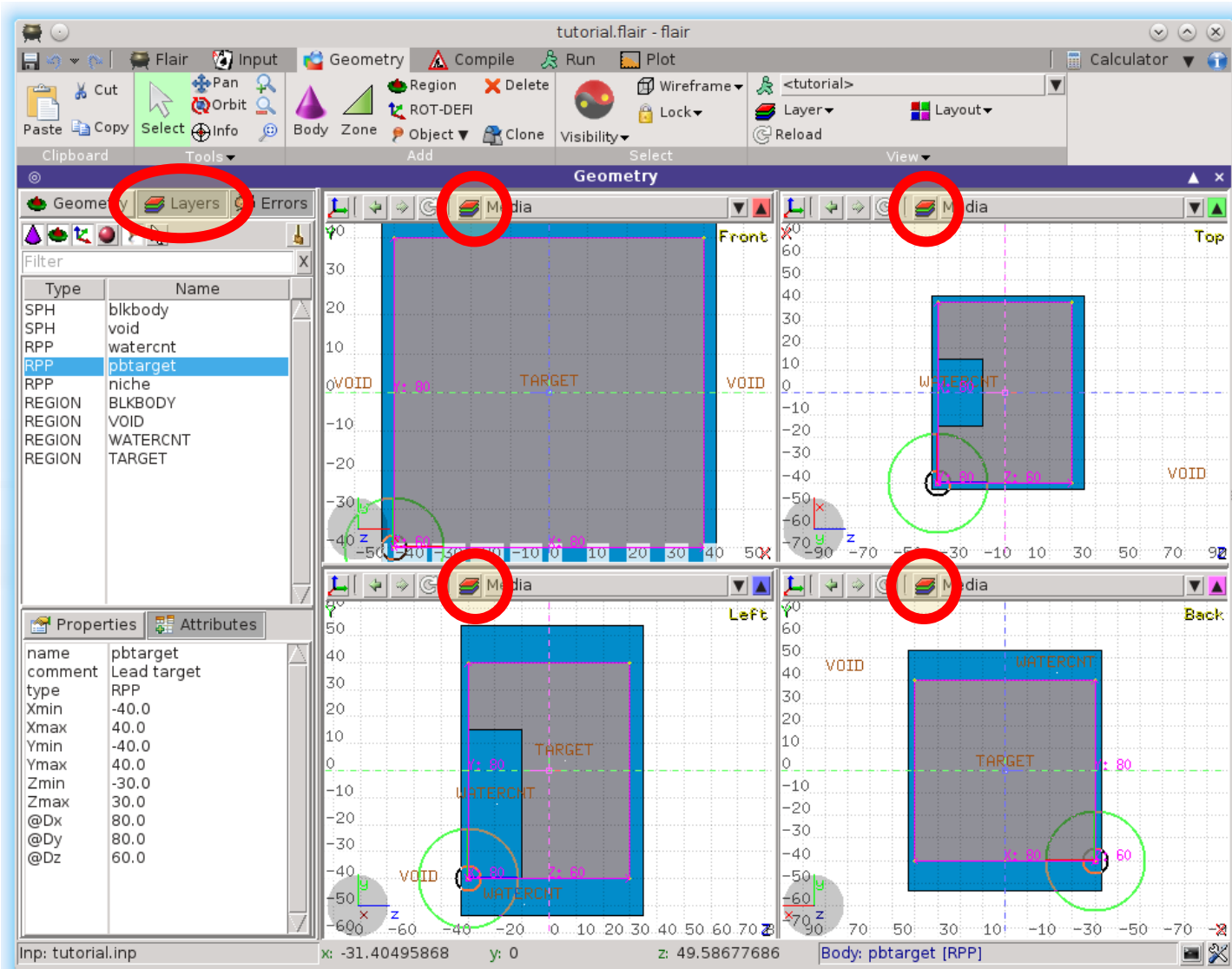
[ESCAPE] cancels the selection

Body Visibility

- Default: Body SEGMENTS ARE ONLY VISIBLE when they represent borders of **REGIONS**
- In order to make them visible (to be able to visually select them):
 - Select the body (from the list box, or from its visible segment) and Either
 - Go to the Attributes and click on **Visible [X]** check box
 - **Right-click → Visibility → Set**
 - Shortcut [**v**]
 - Icon on Toolbar 
- Wireframe (experimental) display an approximate 3D wireframe of the bodies. Useful to select or visualize bodies that do not intersect the viewport
 - Go to the Attributes and click on **Wireframe [X]** check box
 - **Right-click → Wireframe → Set**
 - Shortcut [**#**]
 - Icon on Toolbar 

Geometry Layers [1/7]

Custom Layers can be specified in the "Configure Layer menu" ()

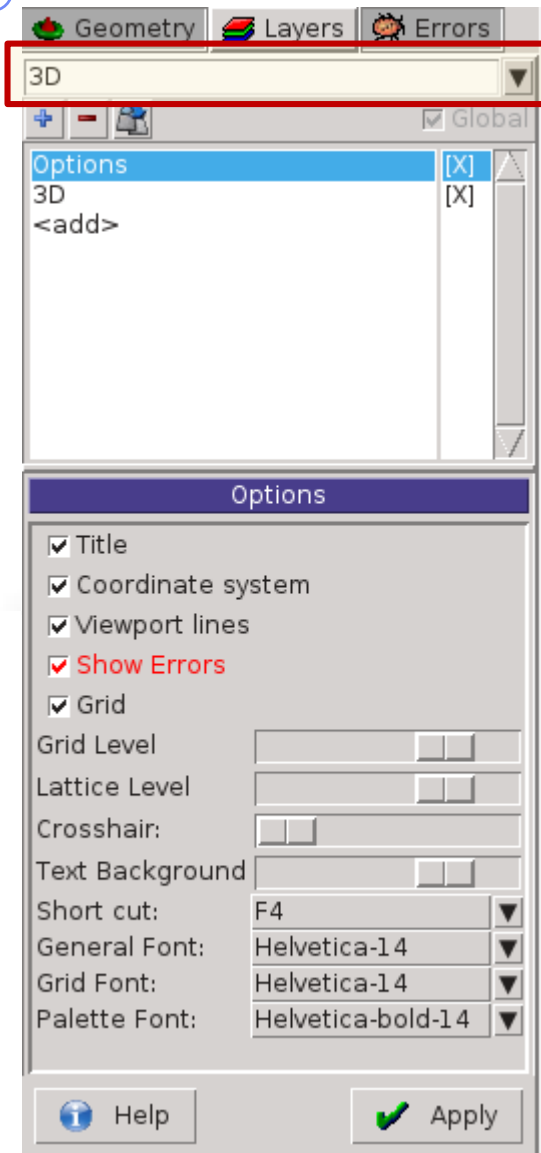


The screenshot displays the Flair software interface with the Geometry Layers menu open. The menu is highlighted with a red circle. The main window shows four 3D views (Front, Top, Left, Back) of a target and water content regions. The target is a blue rectangular prism, and the water content is a smaller blue rectangular prism. The views are labeled with their respective orientations. The status bar at the bottom indicates the current body is 'pbtarget [RPP]'.

| Type | Name |
|--------|----------|
| SPH | blkbody |
| SPH | void |
| RPP | watercnt |
| RPP | pbtarget |
| RPP | niche |
| REGION | BLKBODY |
| REGION | VOID |
| REGION | WATERCNT |
| REGION | TARGET |

| Property | Value |
|----------|-------------|
| name | pbtarget |
| comment | Lead target |
| type | RPP |
| Xmin | -40.0 |
| Xmax | 40.0 |
| Ymin | -40.0 |
| Ymax | 40.0 |
| Zmin | -30.0 |
| Zmax | 30.0 |
| @Dx | 80.0 |
| @Dy | 80.0 |
| @Dz | 60.0 |

Geometry Layers [2/7]



Toolbar:

- **Add/delete/rename/clone layers.**

Options:

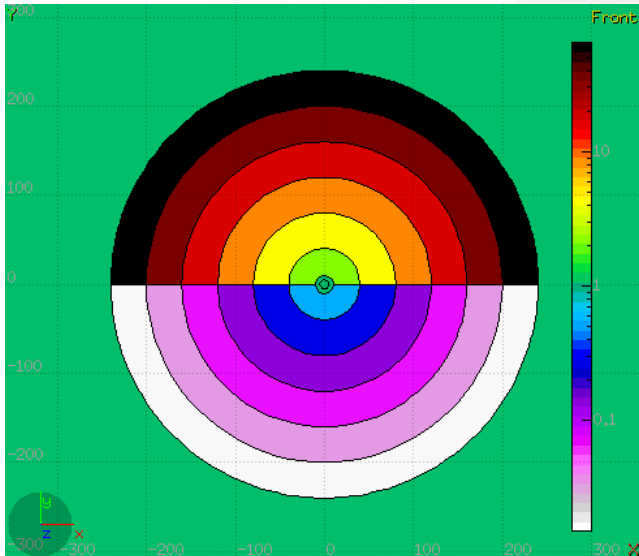
- **Enable/Disable:** Title, Coordinate system, Viewport lines, Vertexes and Grid;
- **Adjust:**
 - **Grid level** (set gridline intensity);
 - **Lattice level** (set lattice hash line intensity);
 - **Crosshair** (dimension of the crosshair in the center of the project)
- All layers can be combined together e.g:
 - USRBIN and 3D
 - Custom color values (EMFCUT) with 3D
 - Image and USRBIN
 - ...

Geometry Layers [3/7]



Show: (2D drawing, and color filling options)

- **Bodies**: display the boundaries of bodies;
- **Vertices**: display the intersection of bodies;
- **Enable/Disable**: Lattice and Voxel;
- **Associate Region Colors to:**
 - Regions
 - Materials
 - Density
 - Importance Biasing
 - Splitting
 - Corrfactor
 - Deltaray
 - Thresholds
 - ...



Geometry Layers [4/7]

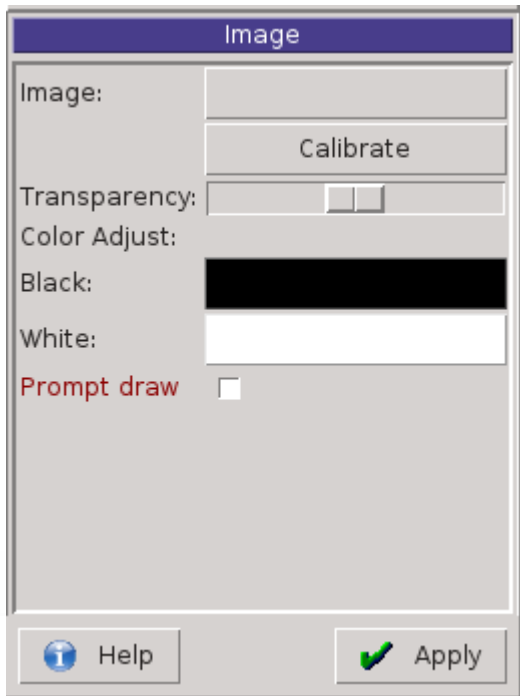
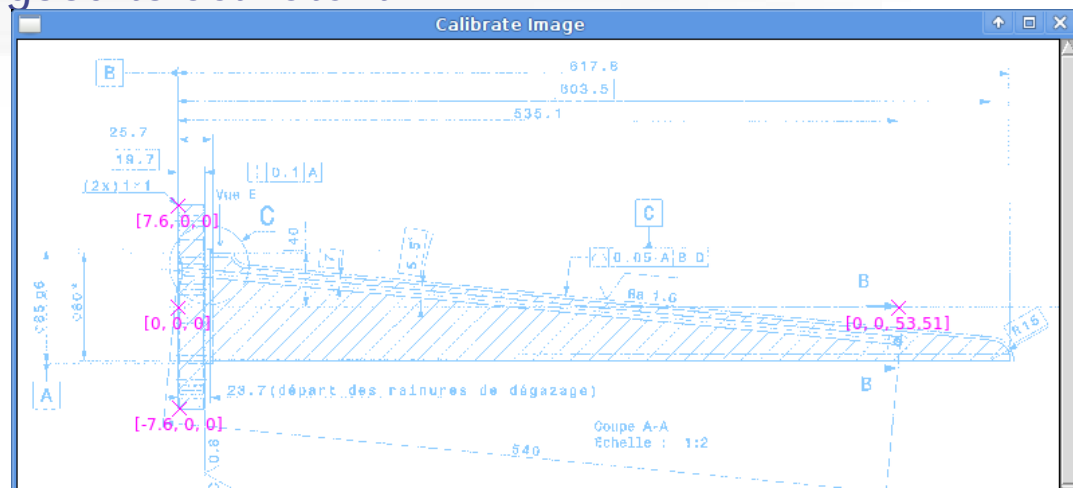
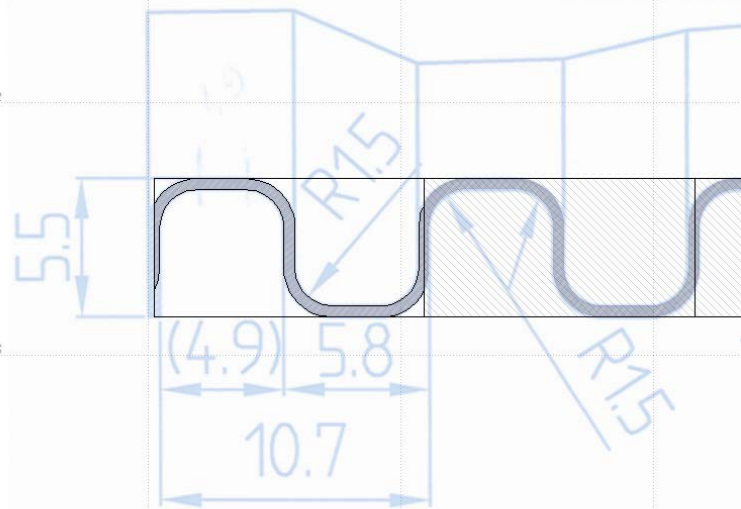
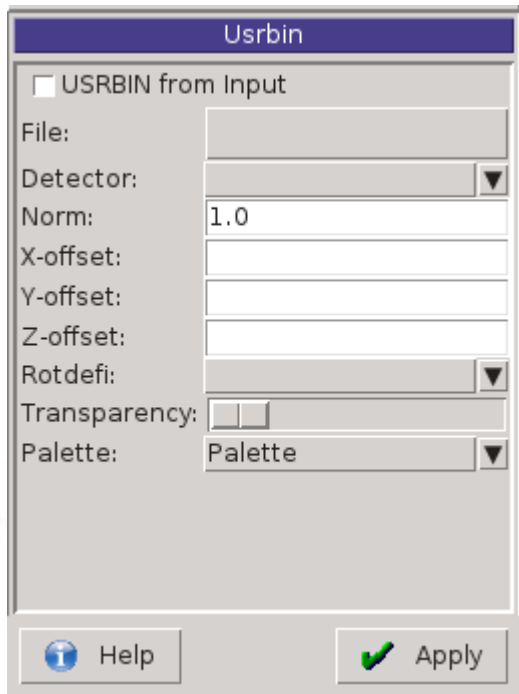


Image: set a background image to the geometry (i.e. a CAD-drawing);

- **Image**: load an image file (.png, .gif or .jpg);
- **Calibrate**: calibrate the image. Define a set of points (min. 3) on the image and specify their coordinate;
- **Alpha**: blending of the image
- **Color Adjust**: readjust the **black** and **white** colors of the loaded image.
- **Prompt draw**: immediate drawing of image (slower) or when display is idle. For editing is good to activate it.



Geometry Layers [5/7]



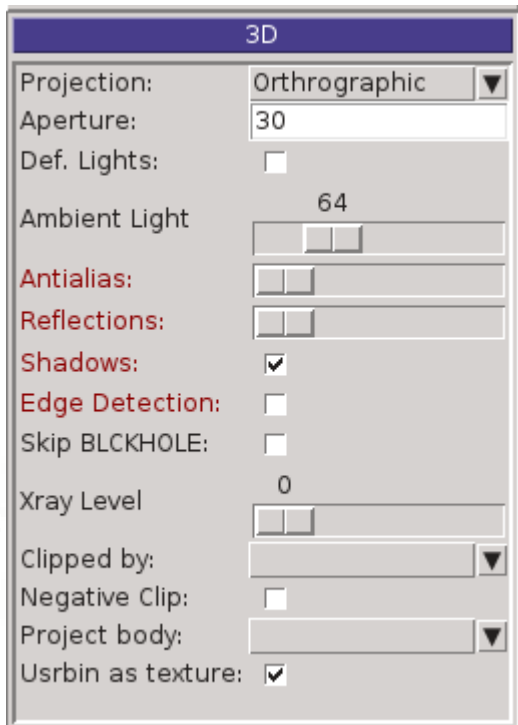
USRBIN:

- Up to 10 USRBINS can be superimposed per layer
- USRBIN from input: To select a USRBIN card from input and displayed with a checker pattern
- Load **USRBIN file** (see SCORING lecture);
- Select a **detector** (or USRBIN) among the ones present in the file;
- **Normalization** constant;
- Associate a **ROT-DEFI** transformation;
- Alpha blending between USRBIN colors and materials colors



USRBIN should be combined with the Colorband to define the color limits

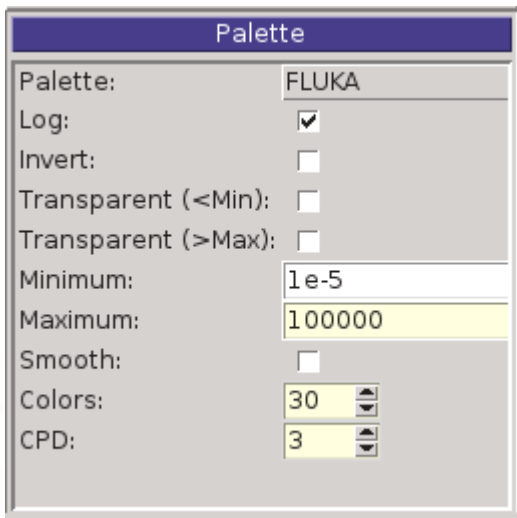
Geometry Layers [6/7]



3D: enable 3D rendering

- Enable/Disable **Perspective**;
- Set camera **aperture** angle;
- Intensity of ambient light;
- **Antialias** for supersampling (slow rendering);
- Xray – automatic transparencies;
- Clipped by: setting a clipping body;
- Negative Clip: Use the –clipping body

Geometry Layers [7/7]



Palette: enable/set color band properties

- Up to 3 palettes can be used per layer
- Change the default color **Palette**;
- **Enable/Disable Log** scale;
- Enable transparency outside the limits useful when combining multiple USRBIN's
- **Set: Maximum, Minimum** and color **steps**.