

# Update CYGNO simulations

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CYGNO meeting 21/11/19

# Summary of simulation activities

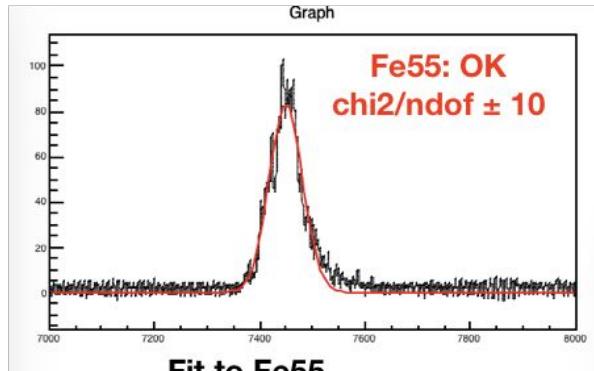
- **Background simulations** with GEANT4
  - ambient gamma/neutrons and shielding studies(Giulia, Gianluca)
  - internal background, radioactivity of the setup (Flavio, Giulia, Gianluca)
- **Signal simulations:** nuclear recoils with SRIM (Emanuele M., Davide)
- **Signal simulation with Geant4:** nuclear and electron recoils (Flavio, Giulia)
- **Drift and detector effect:** simulation of electron drift and diffusion with Garfield (Emanuele M., Davide, Flavio, D. Marques)
- Study of feasibility of **solar neutrino measurements**, electron range in different gas mixtures (Elisabetta, G. Dho, D. Marques)
- **Signal simulation:** PMT waveform (Elisabetta)

21.11.2019

## Goal: simulate PMT signal to start working with Z coordinate

**Strategy:** fit to the Fe55 peak, and rescale for # of primary electrons (and their spatial spread) to have a template for a single ionisation cluster

(after having reverted the waveform and subtracted the baseline)

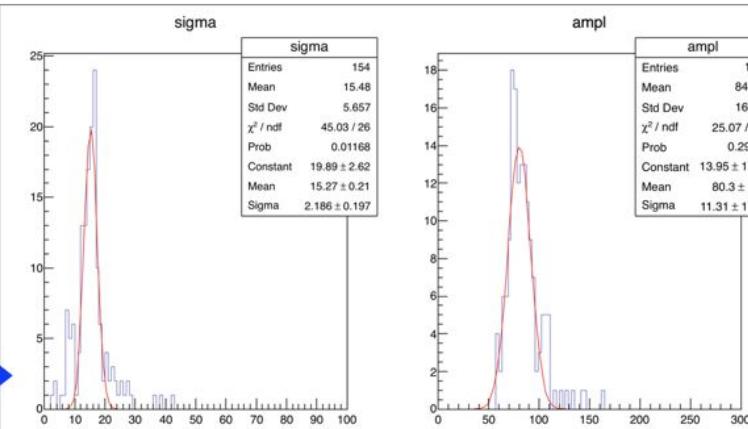
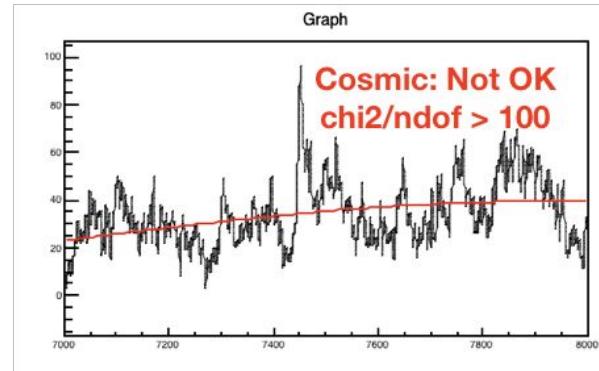


**Fit to Fe55**

Gaussian fit in range [7000,8000]  
Require  $\chi^2/\text{ndof} < 20$

2160	1000	40	Pos 0 - Closest to the GEM
2161	1000	40	Pos 1
2162	1000	40	Pos 2
2163	1000	40	Pos 3
2164	1000	40	Pos 4
2165	1000	40	Pos 5

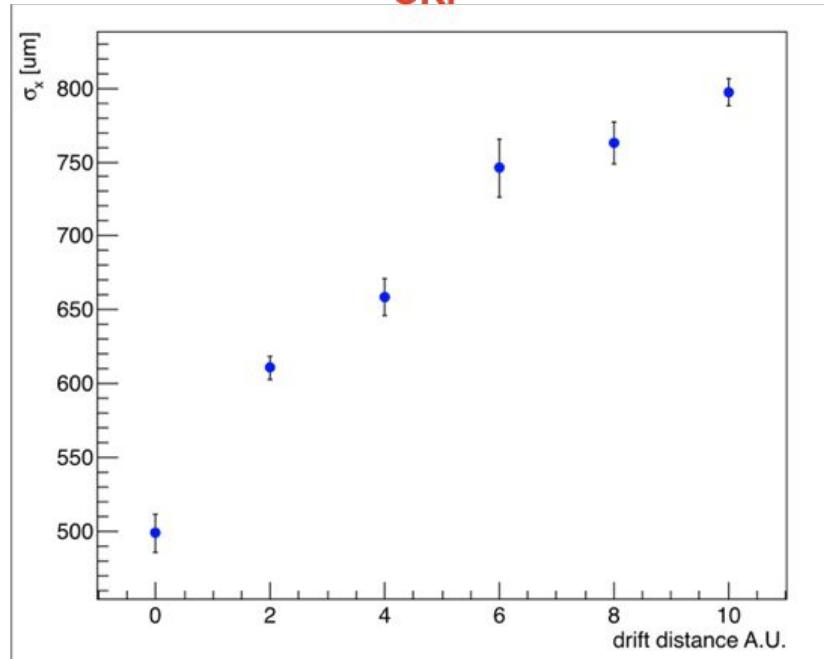
For each position, fit to the distribution of the fitted sigma and amplitude



E. Baracchini

The fitted sigma are expected to show diffusion behaviour as a function of the drift distance —>

OK!



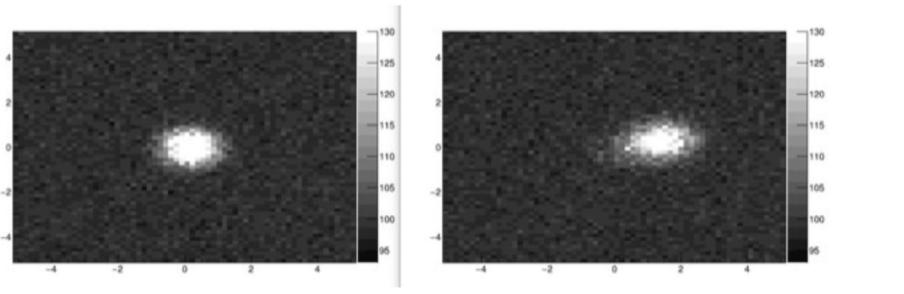
Next step: starting from David simulation of primary ionisation cluster in electron tracks and Fe55, try to generate an electron/cosmic waveform and compare to data

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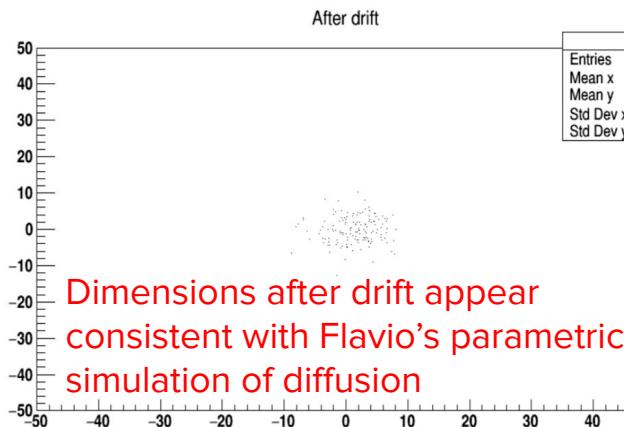
Caveat: will not know real drift distance until lead case is dismounted, but this is just a crosscheck, not really need to determine diffusion from this

## D. Marques: simulation with Geant4-Garfield++

### Data obtained (10 keV nuclei and e- recoil)



### Simulation with GEANT4-Garfield++ interface

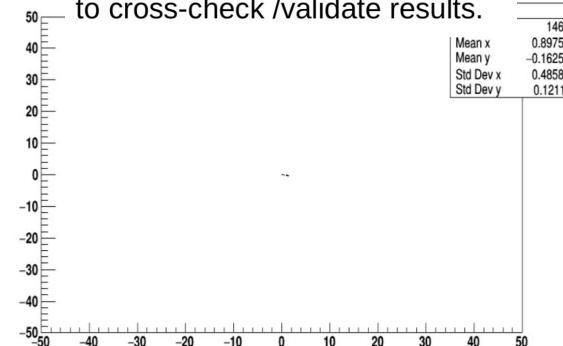


Simulation parameters:

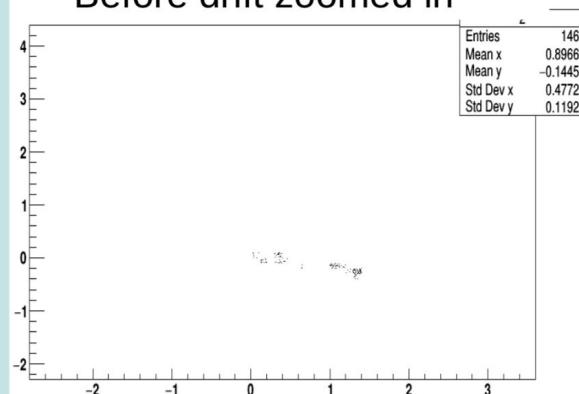
- Energy: 10 keV
- Particle: e-
- Initial position (x,y,z): (0,0,0)
- Momentum (x,y,z): (1,0,0)
- Electric Field: 400 V/cm (top  
-> bottom)
- Readout plane: xy (at z=-  
50cm)
- Chamber size: 1m3
- Drift distance: ~50cm

'Before drift' is a xy projection  
of the track. The actual tracks  
produced are in 3D

**Next step:** Apply the  
"digitalization/ reconstruction"  
software to the simulated tracks  
to cross-check /validate results.

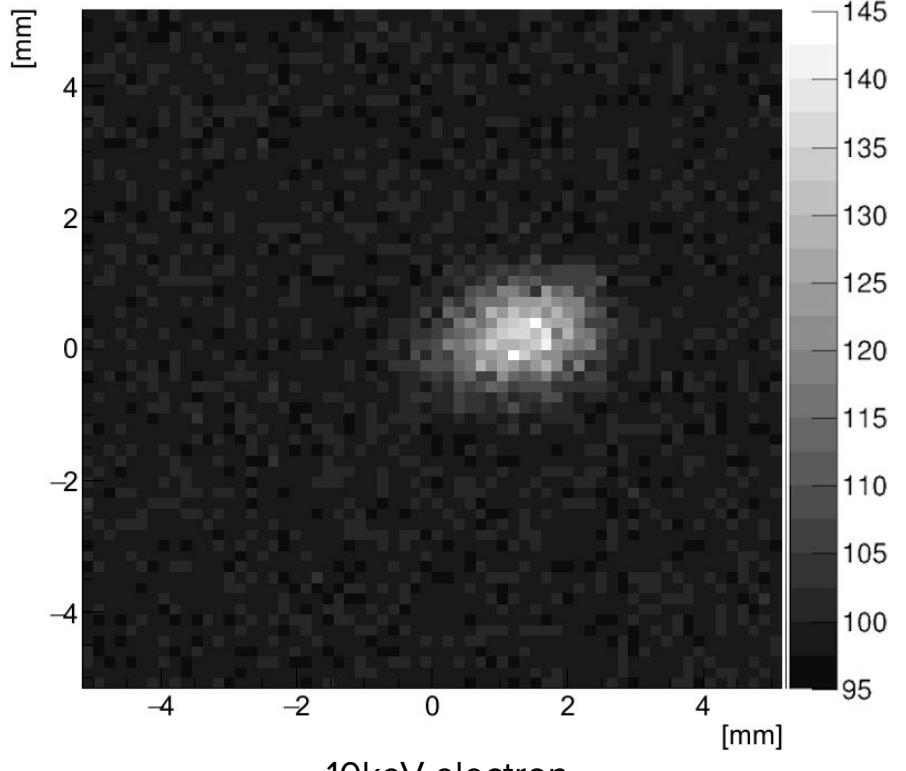


### Before drift zoomed in

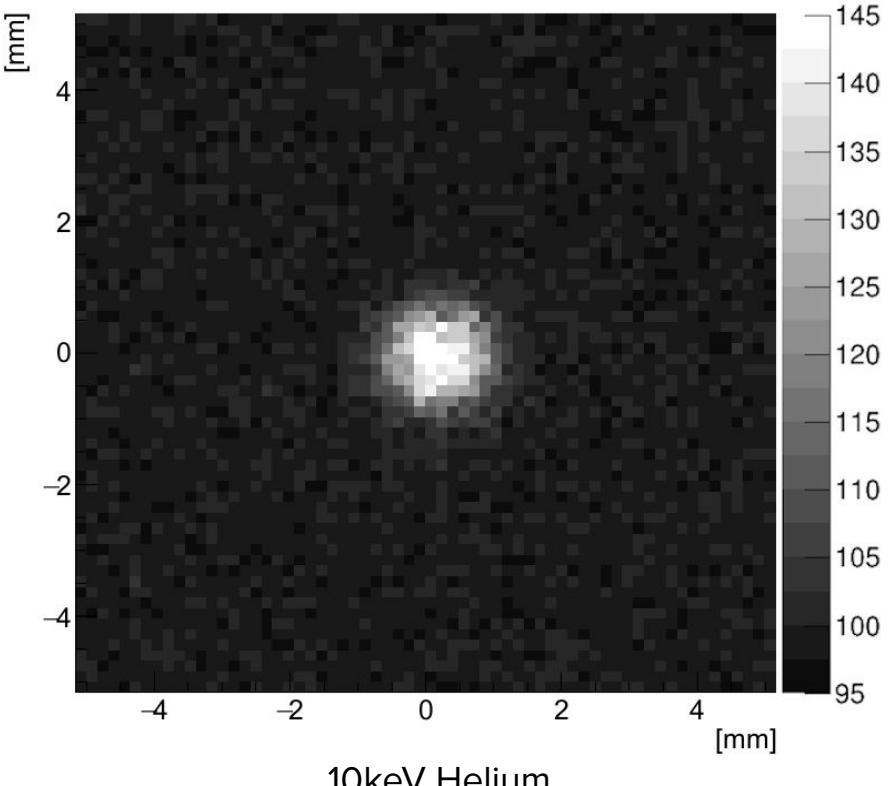




Tracks of low energy produce only a few hits, than they appear like a bubble



10keV electron



10keV Helium

Can **eccentricity** be a good observable  
to distinguish ER and NR at low  
energies (<20keV)?

