

A night sky photograph showing the Milky Way galaxy arching across the frame, with a prominent rock formation in the foreground. The text is overlaid in red.

**DIRECT DARK MATTER DETECTION
WITH THE LUX-ZEPLIN EXPERIMENT**

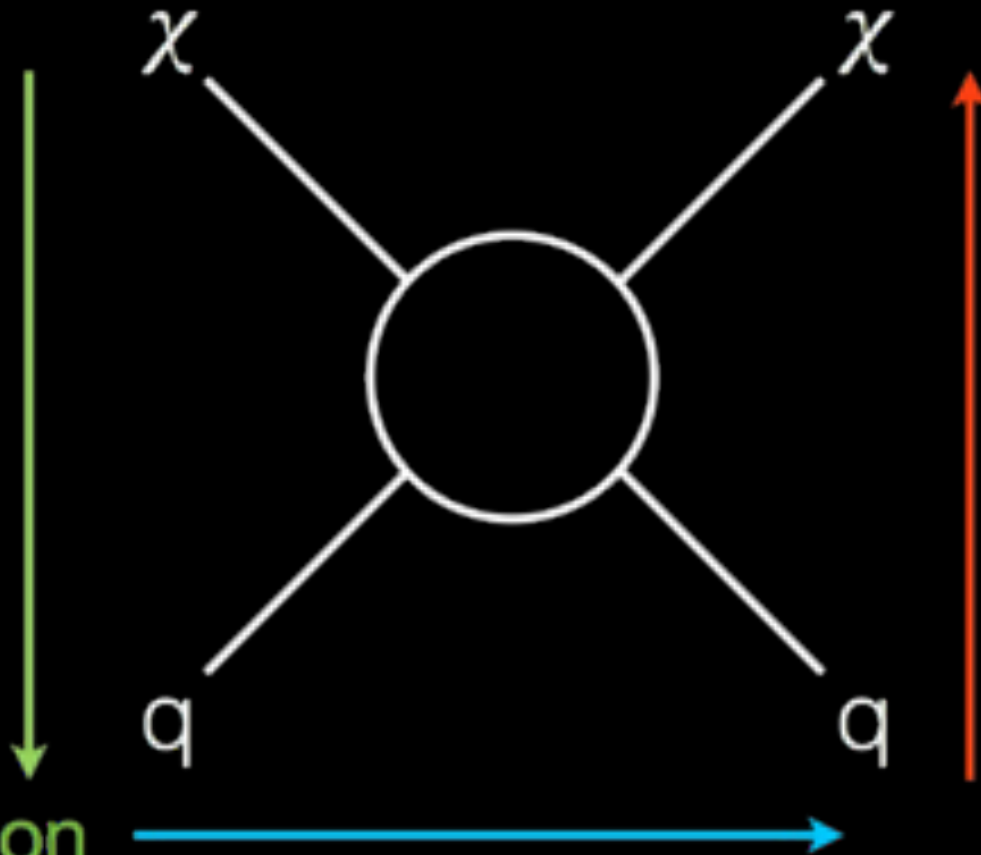
**MARIA ELENA MONZANI
DARK POLLICA, 8 JUNE 2022**



DARK MATTER IS HIDING IN PLAIN SIGHT!

THREE WAYS TO LOOK FOR WIMPS

Annihilation



Production



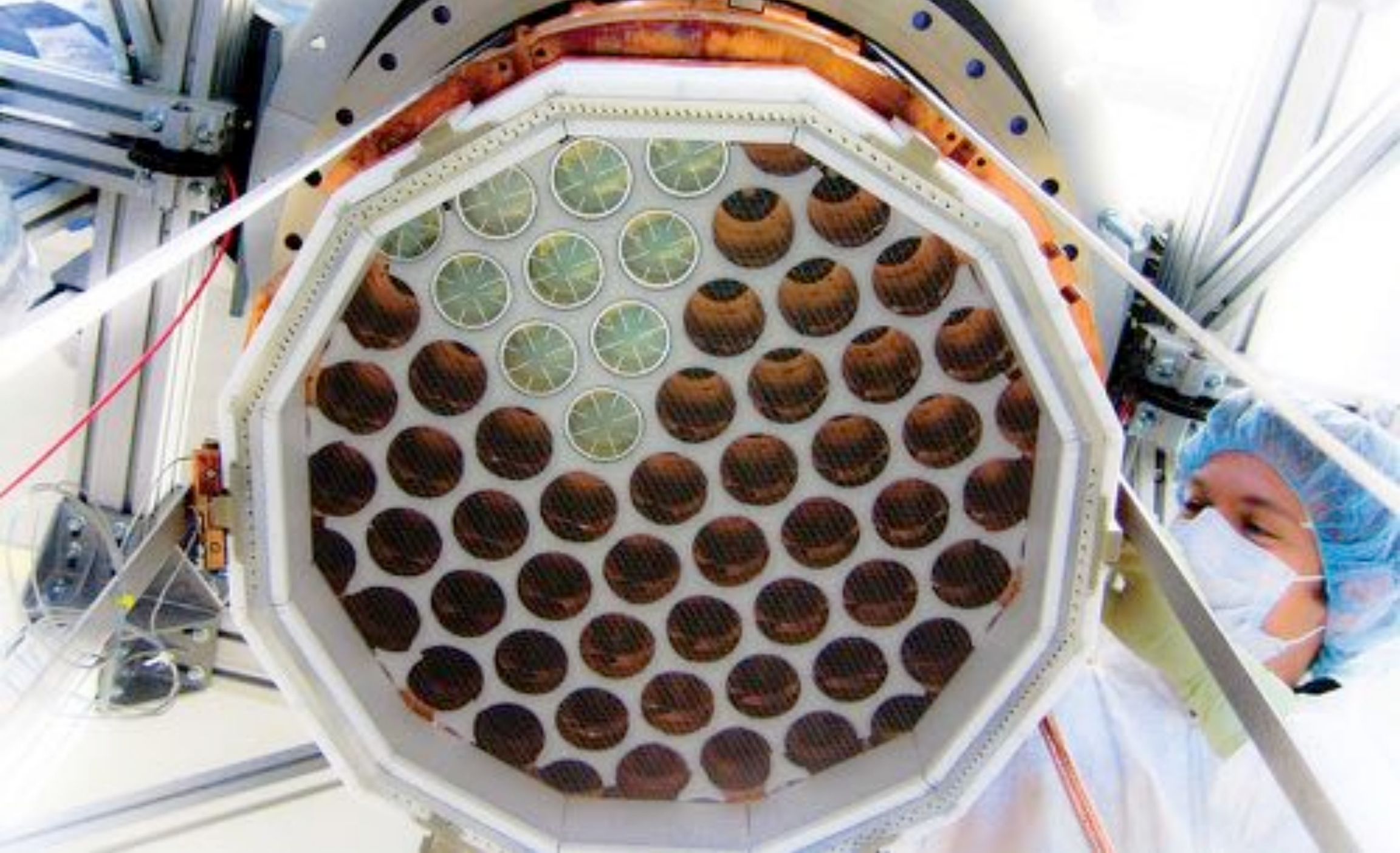
Indirect Detection

Colliders

Scattering



Direct Detection



DIRECT DARK MATTER DETECTION

THE PRINCIPLE OF DIRECT DETECTION



**BUILD A MASSIVE
TANK (OR TOWER)
OF NUCLEI**

**“HIDE” IT DEEP
UNDERGROUND**

**WAIT FOR DARK
MATTER PARTICLES
TO HIT THE NUCLEI**

**LOOK FOR TINY
VIBRATIONS FROM
NUCLEI THAT HAVE
BEEN HIT BY DM**

WAIT! DID YOU JUST SAY UNDERGROUND?



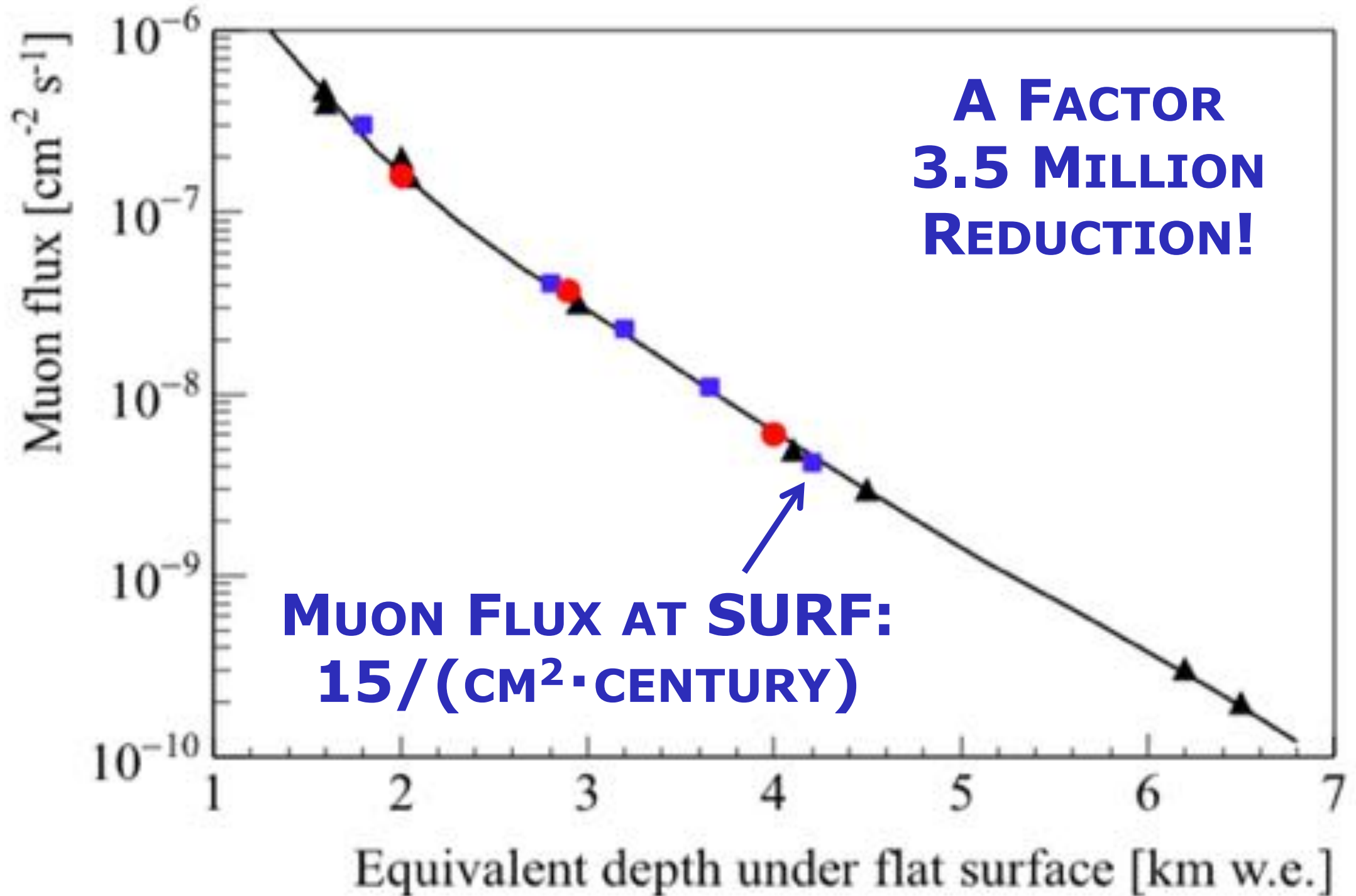
Image courtesy of
the Earth Science and Remote Sensing Unit
NASA Johnson Space Center
Image: Mike Henson

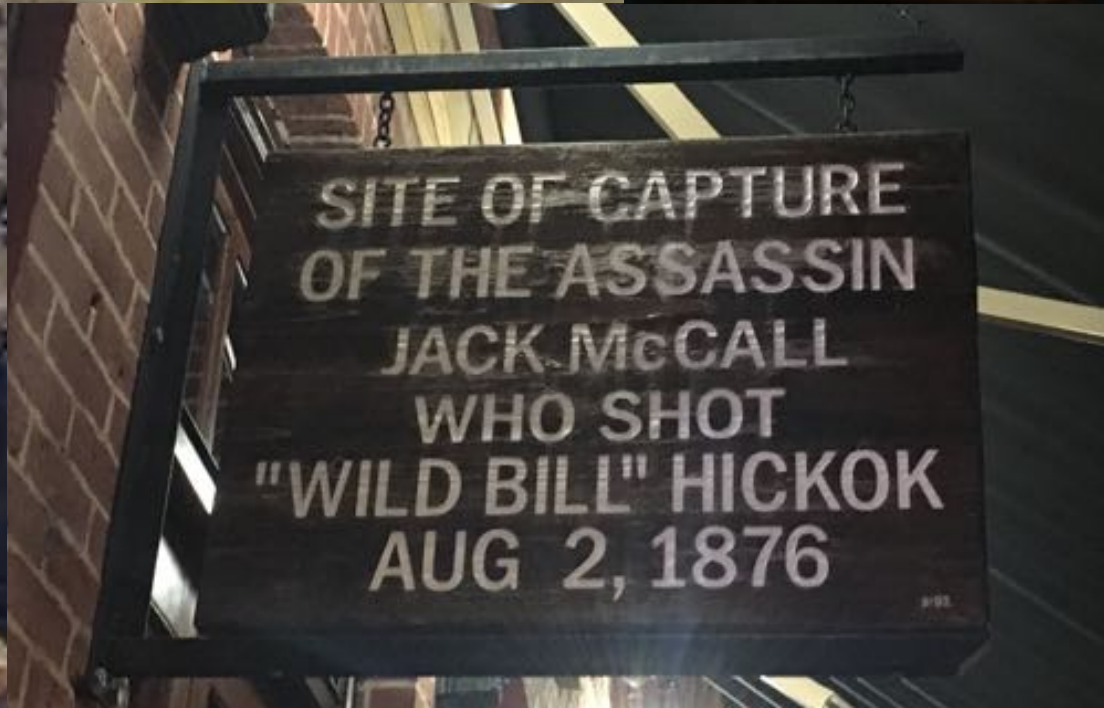


This cosmic ray image is a modified version of an original picture produced by CERN.



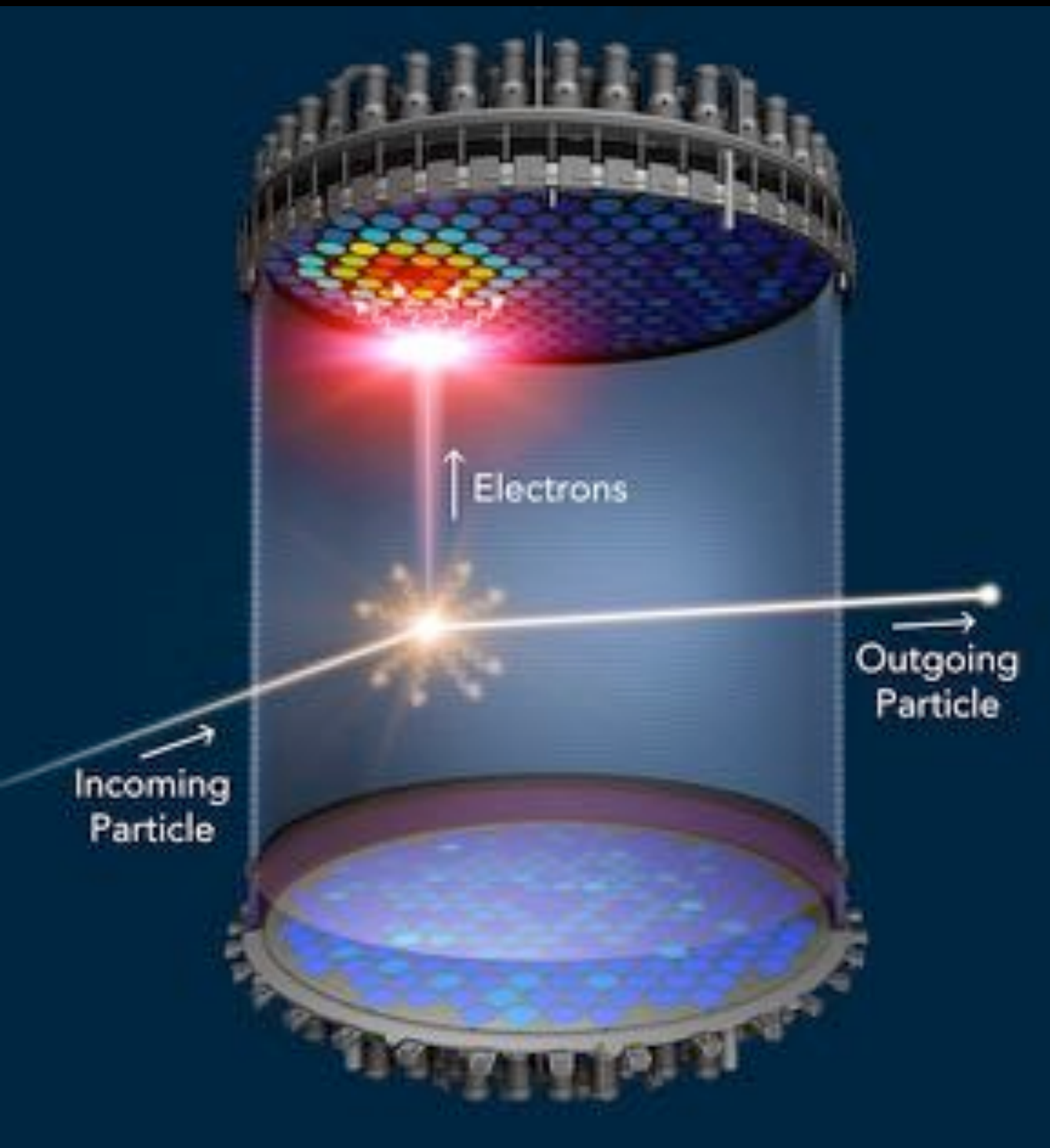
MUON FLUX AT EARTH'S SURFACE: 1/(CM²·MIN)





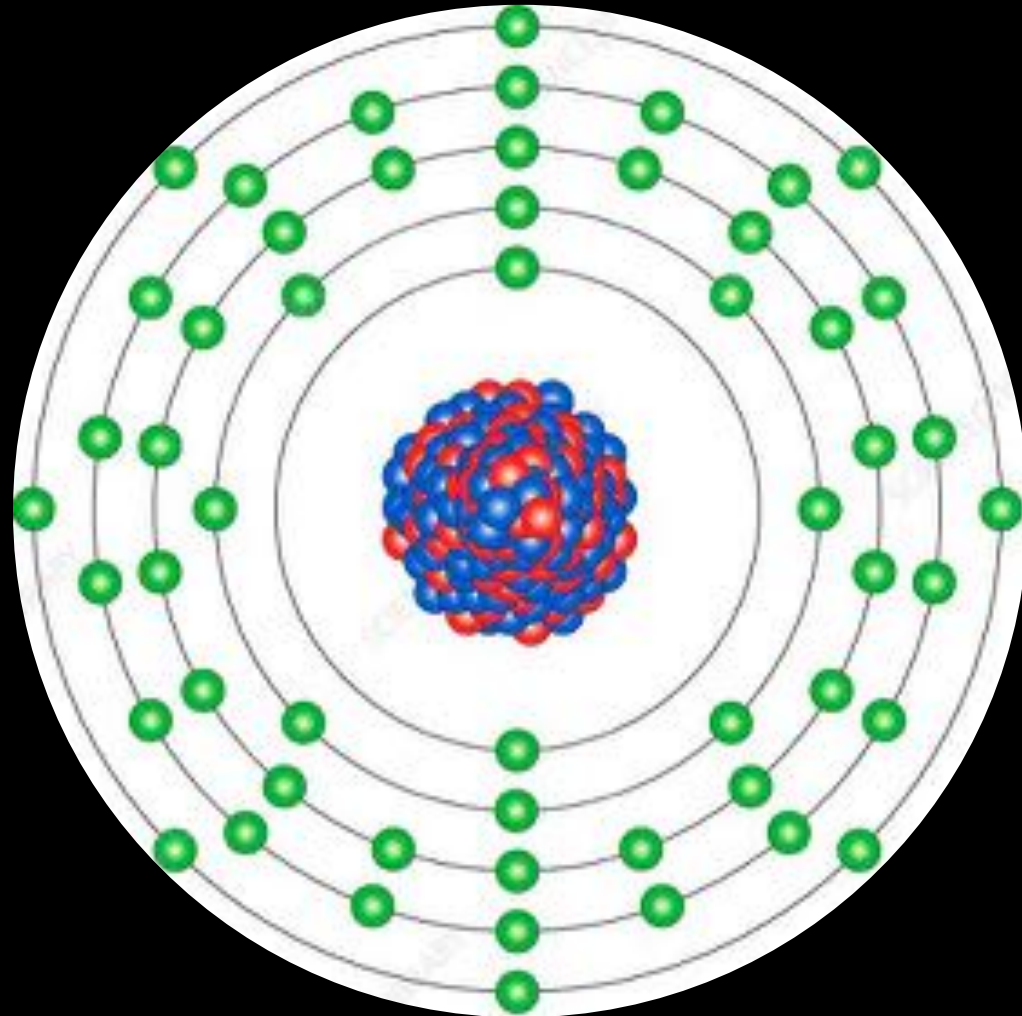
HOMESTAKE, SOUTH DAKOTA

THE LUX-ZEPLIN (LZ) DETECTOR



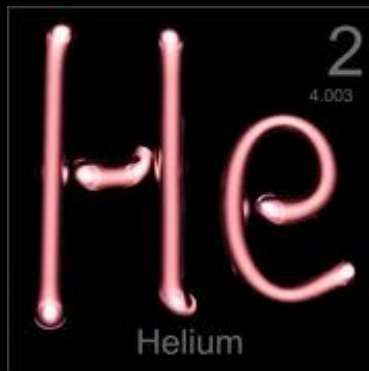
WHY XENON? AND WHY A LIQUID?

- **KINEMATIC MATCHING TO DM PARTICLE**
- **LOTS OF NUCLEONS PER ATOM**



WHY XENON? AND WHY A LIQUID?

- **KINEMATIC MATCHING TO DM PARTICLE**
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- **TRANSPARENT TO ITS OWN LIGHT**



WHY XENON? AND WHY A LIQUID?

- **KINEMATIC MATCHING TO DM PARTICLE**
- **LOTS OF NUCLEONS PER ATOM**
- **TRANSPARENT TO ITS OWN LIGHT**
- **VERY DENSE (SELF-SHIELDING)**
- **BACKGROUND REJECTION (CHARGE/LIGHT)**
- **LIQUID: CAN BE PURIFIED IN A LOOP**
- **“EASY” TO MAKE A LARGER DETECTOR**





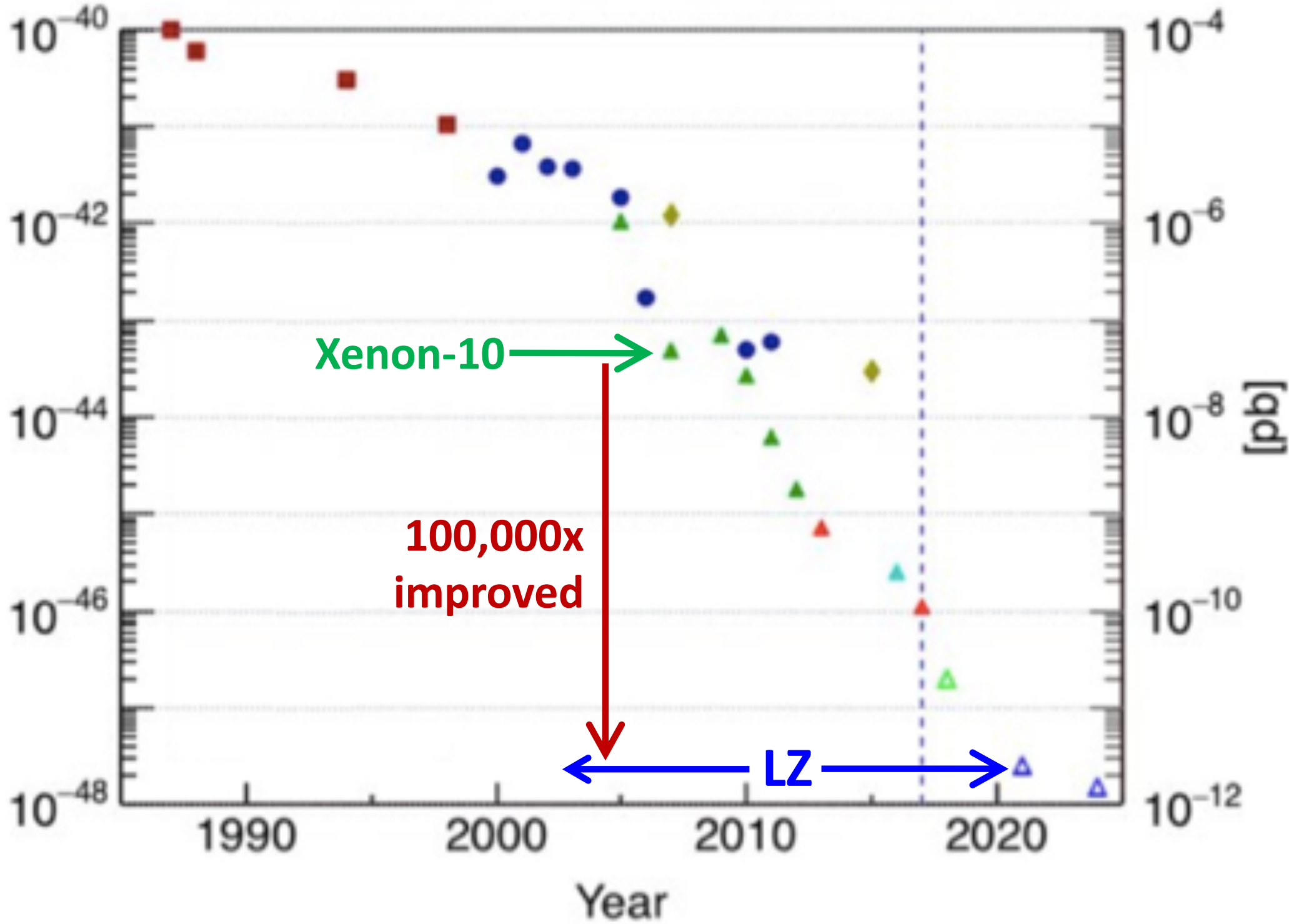
2006



2019

MOORE'S LAW OF DARK MATTER DETECTION

Sensitivity to the Dark Matter Particle [cm²]



HOW TO BUILD A MASSIVE TANK OF NUCLEI

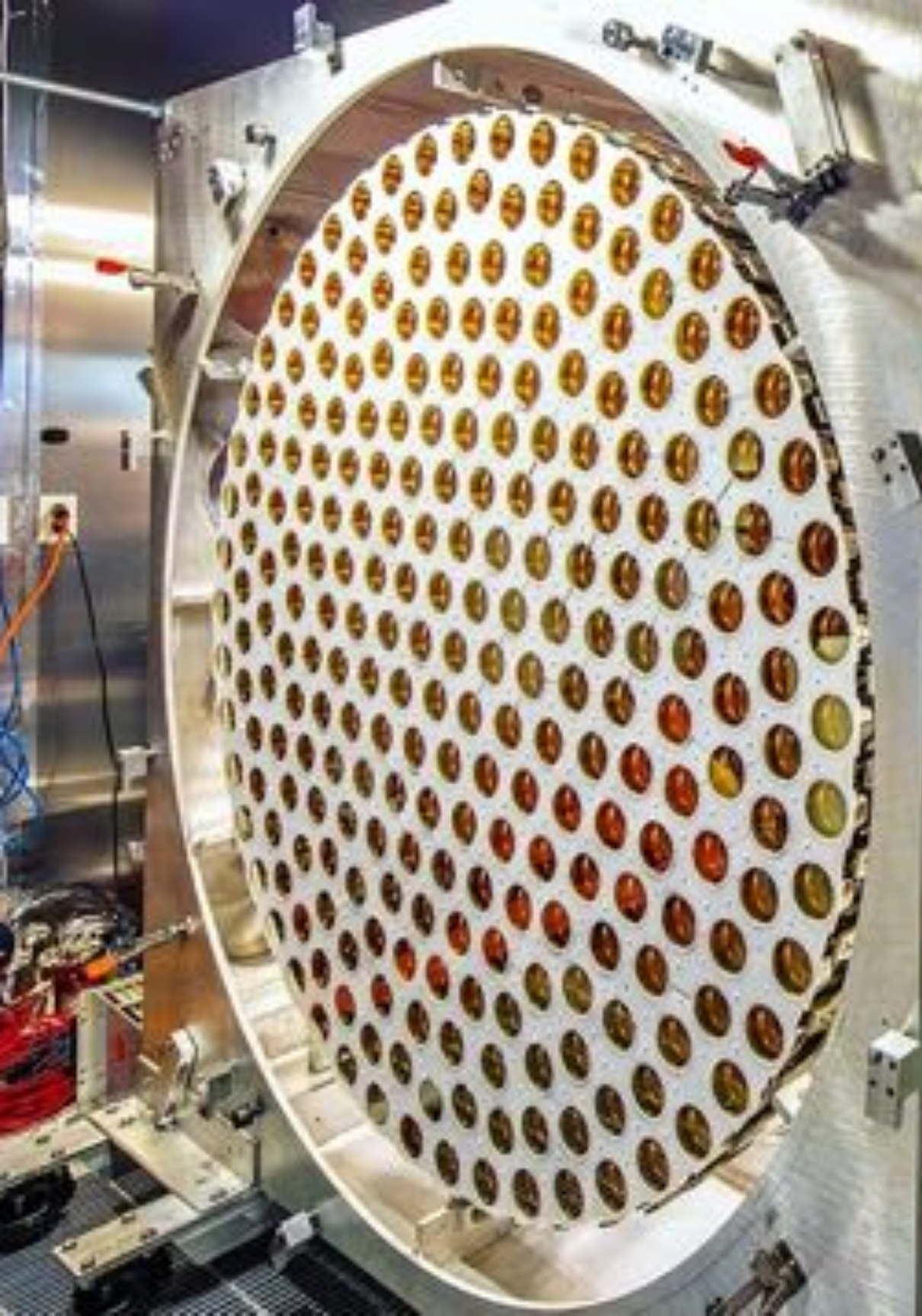




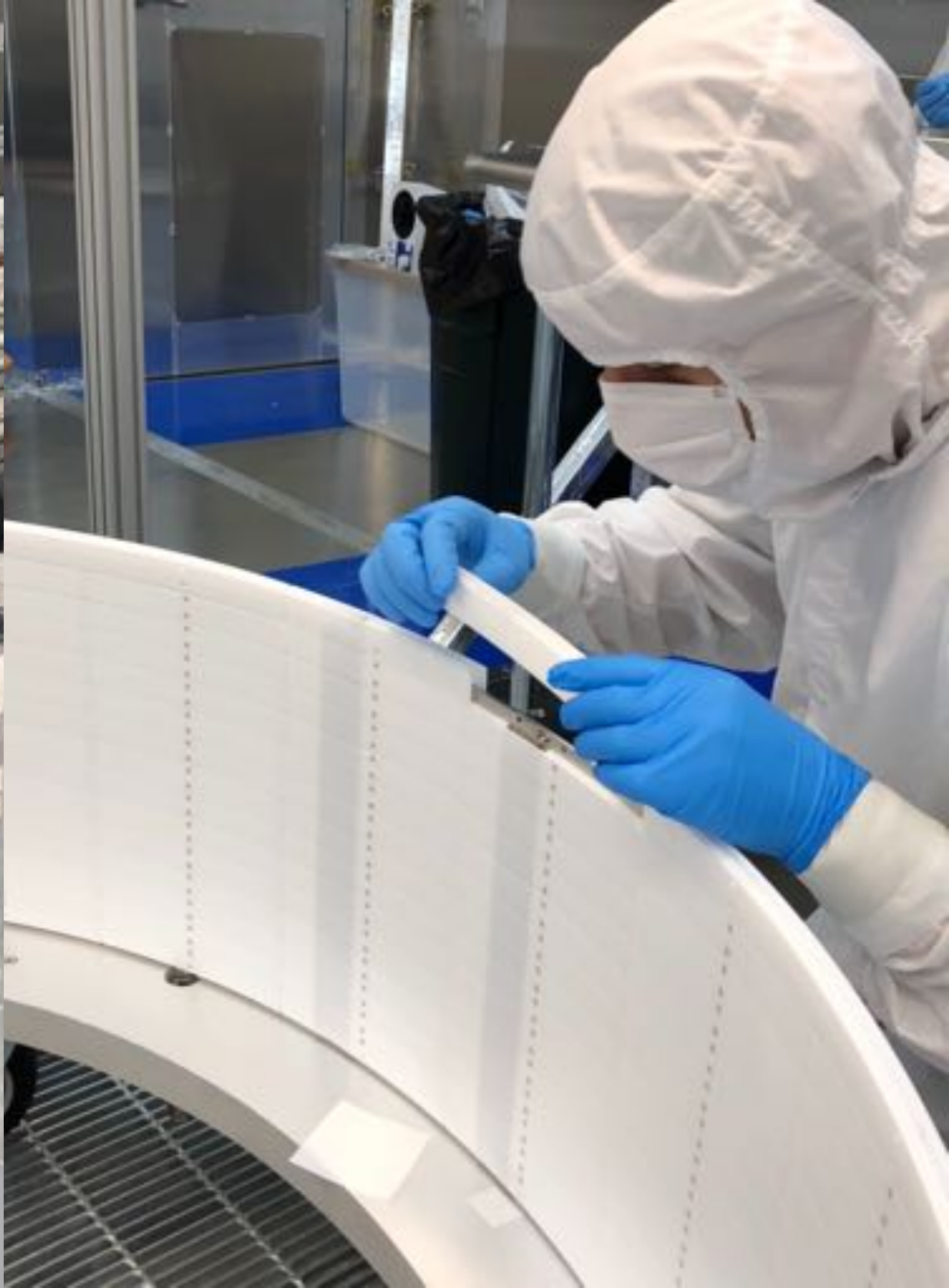
PHOTOSENSORS

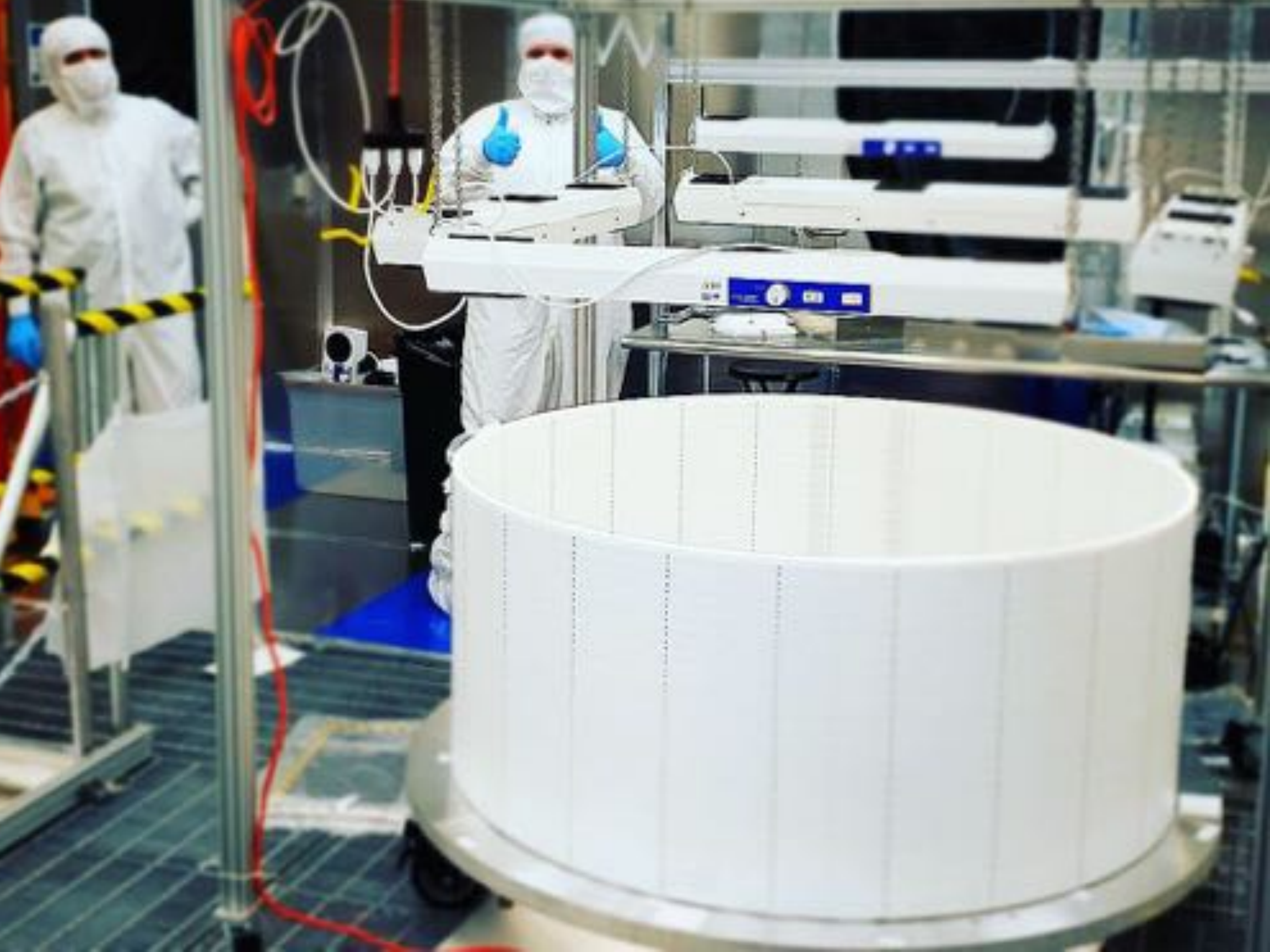




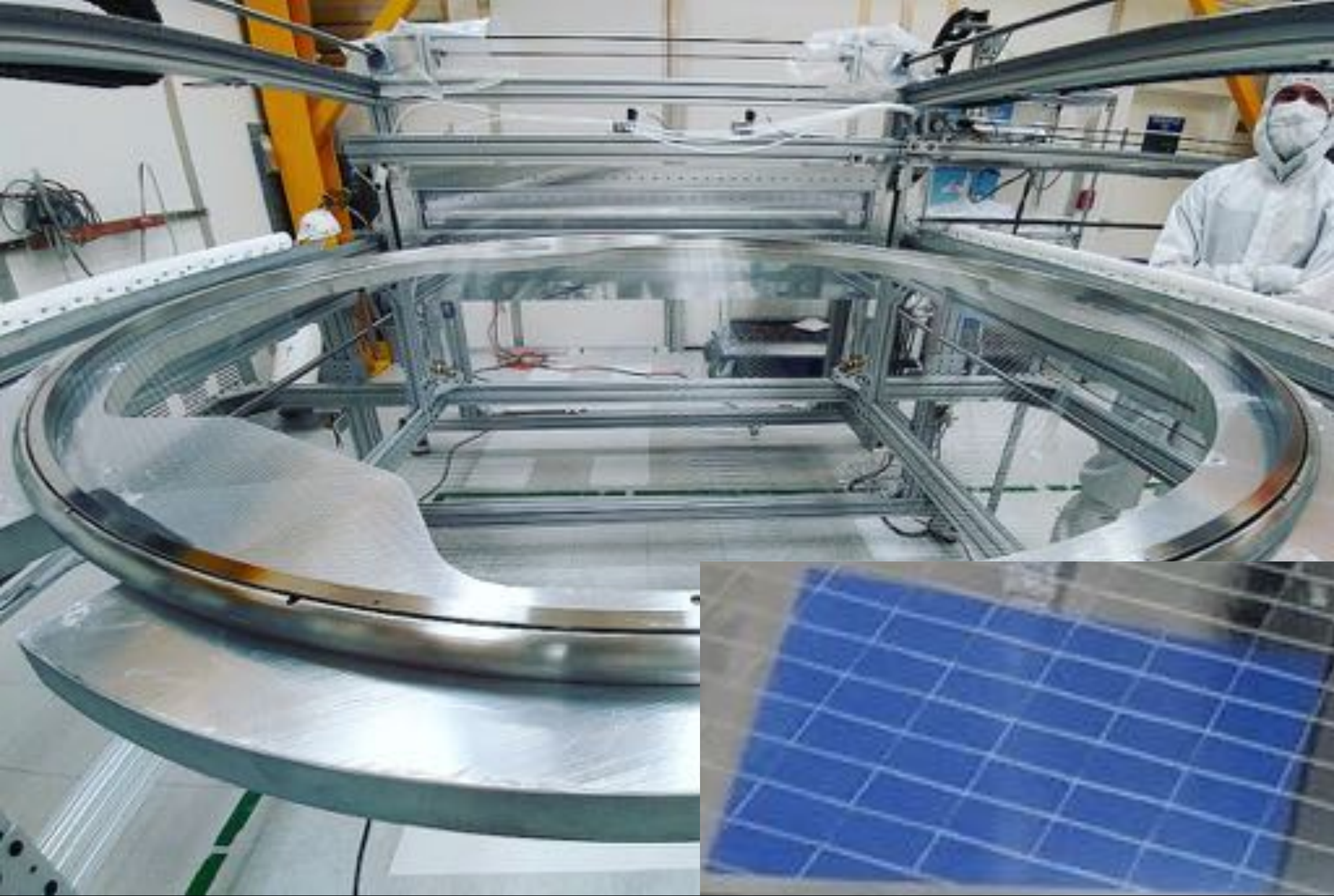


500 PHOTSENSORS









WEAVE A BUNCH OF ELECTRODES (x4)





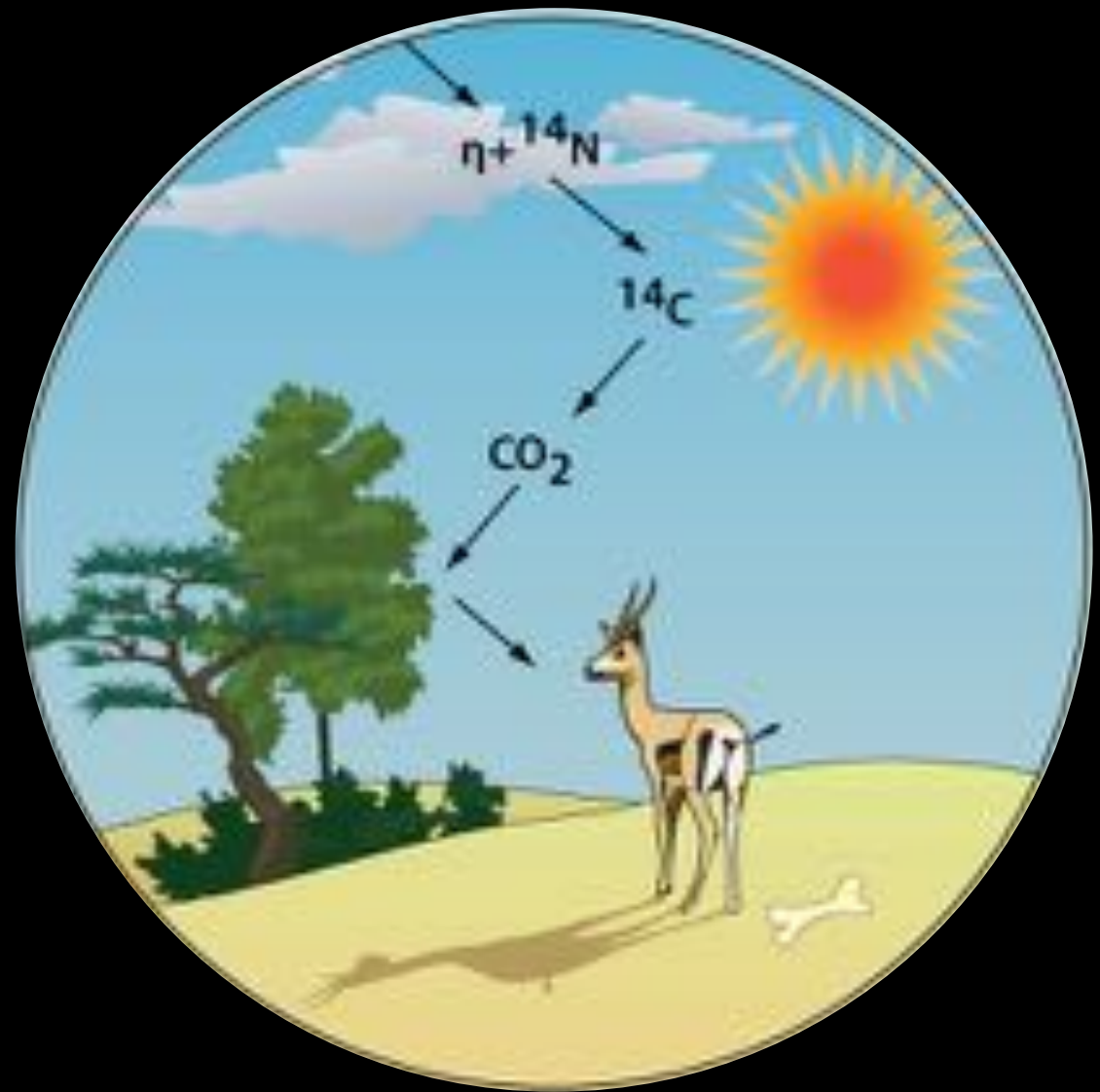




The image shows two individuals in full-body white protective suits, including hoods and gloves, working with a large, cylindrical object. The object is wrapped in a crinkled, reflective material, likely lead or a similar radiation-shielding material. The scene is dimly lit with a strong blue light source, creating a high-contrast, somewhat eerie atmosphere. The workers are positioned on either side of the cylinder, with one on the left reaching up towards the top of the object and the other on the right standing slightly behind it. The background is dark and indistinct, suggesting an industrial or laboratory environment.

**HALFTIME: A FEW
WORDS ABOUT
RADIOACTIVITY...**

EVERYTHING IS RADIOACTIVE!

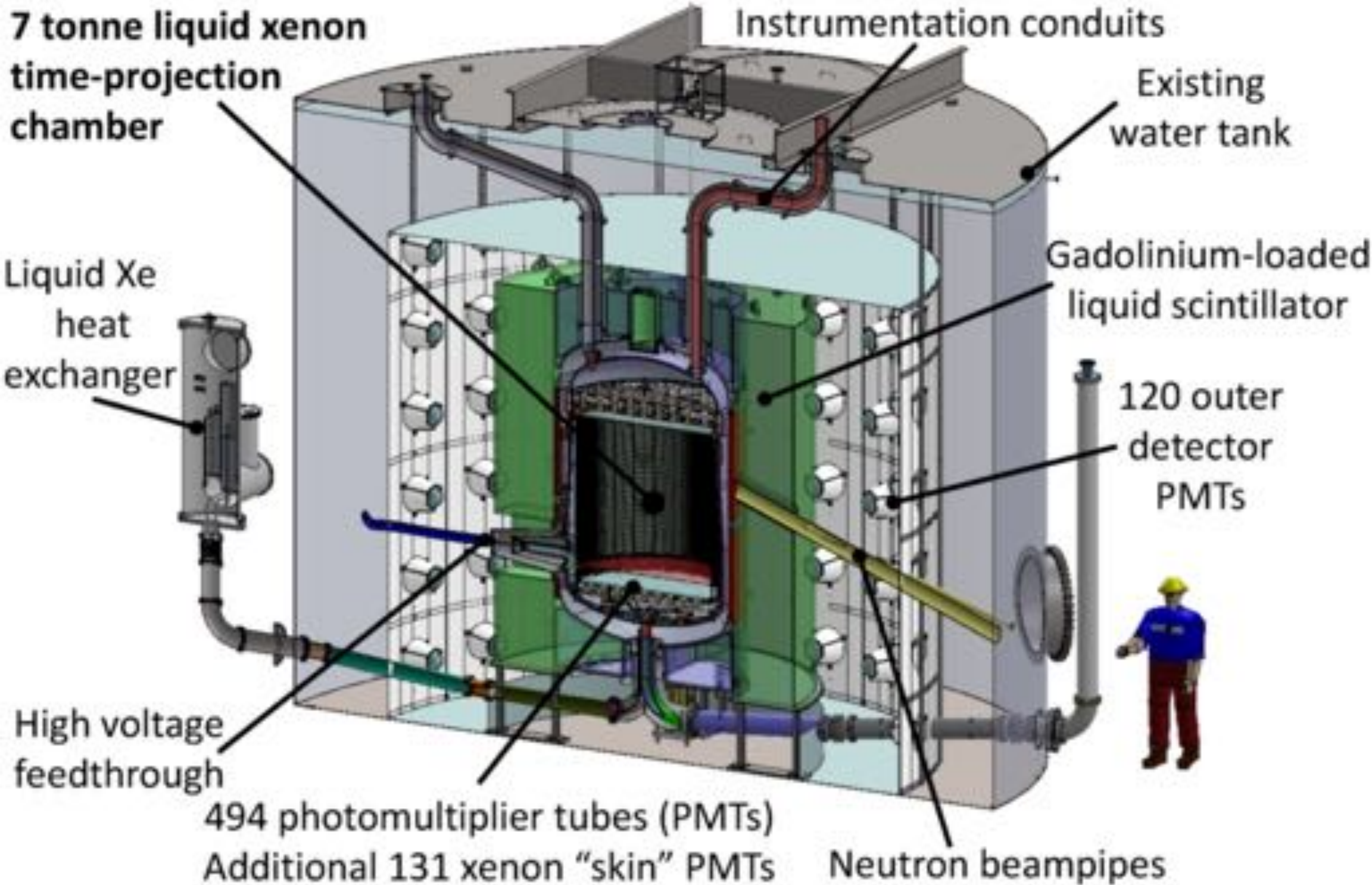


EVERYTHING IS RADIOACTIVE!

- **DARK MATTER: EXTREMELY RARE INTERACTIONS**
- **MUST CONTROL THE RADIOACTIVITY OF DETECTORS!**
- **HUMANS: 100,000X MORE RADIOACTIVE THAN LZ**
- **COMMERCIAL STEEL: 200,000X MORE RADIOACTIVE THAN TITANIUM IN LZ CRYOSTAT**
- **BUT: WE DON'T GET CHOOSE THE ROCK IN THE HOMESTAKE MINE**



LZ WITHIN ITS SHIELDING DETECTORS





















DARK MATTER IS EXTREMELY ELUSIVE!

- **THERE ARE ~ 3 DM PARTICLES PER LITER ON EARTH**
- **STREAMING THROUGH THE EARTH AT 230 KM/SEC**
- **ALMOST 10,000 PARTICLES INSIDE LZ AT ANY TIME, CROSSING THE LZ VOLUME IN ~ 10 MICROSECONDS**
- **1 BILLION PARTICLES GO THROUGH LZ EVERY SECOND!**
- **OF THOSE DARK MATTER PARTICLES, WE ARE HOPING TO DETECT \sim A HANDFUL PER YEAR (IF WE ARE LUCKY)!**

HOW DOES THAT COMPARE TO BACKGROUND?

NEEDLE IN A HAYSTACK

- **UNDERGROUND LABORATORY: 3.5 MILLION REDUCTION IN COSMIC RAYS THAN SURFACE**
- **LOW RADIOACTIVITY MATERIALS + CLEAN ASSEMBLY: 100,000 – 1 MILLION CLEANER THAN “REGULAR”**
- **RESIDUAL EXPECTED PARTICLES: ~5 BILLION OVER THE LIFE OF THE EXPERIMENT (50/SECOND)**
- **EXPECTED DARK MATTER PARTICLES: A FEW DOZENS? IN THE SAME TIMEFRAME (IF NATURE COOPERATES)!**

HOW DO WE FIND THOSE FEW PARTICLES?!?

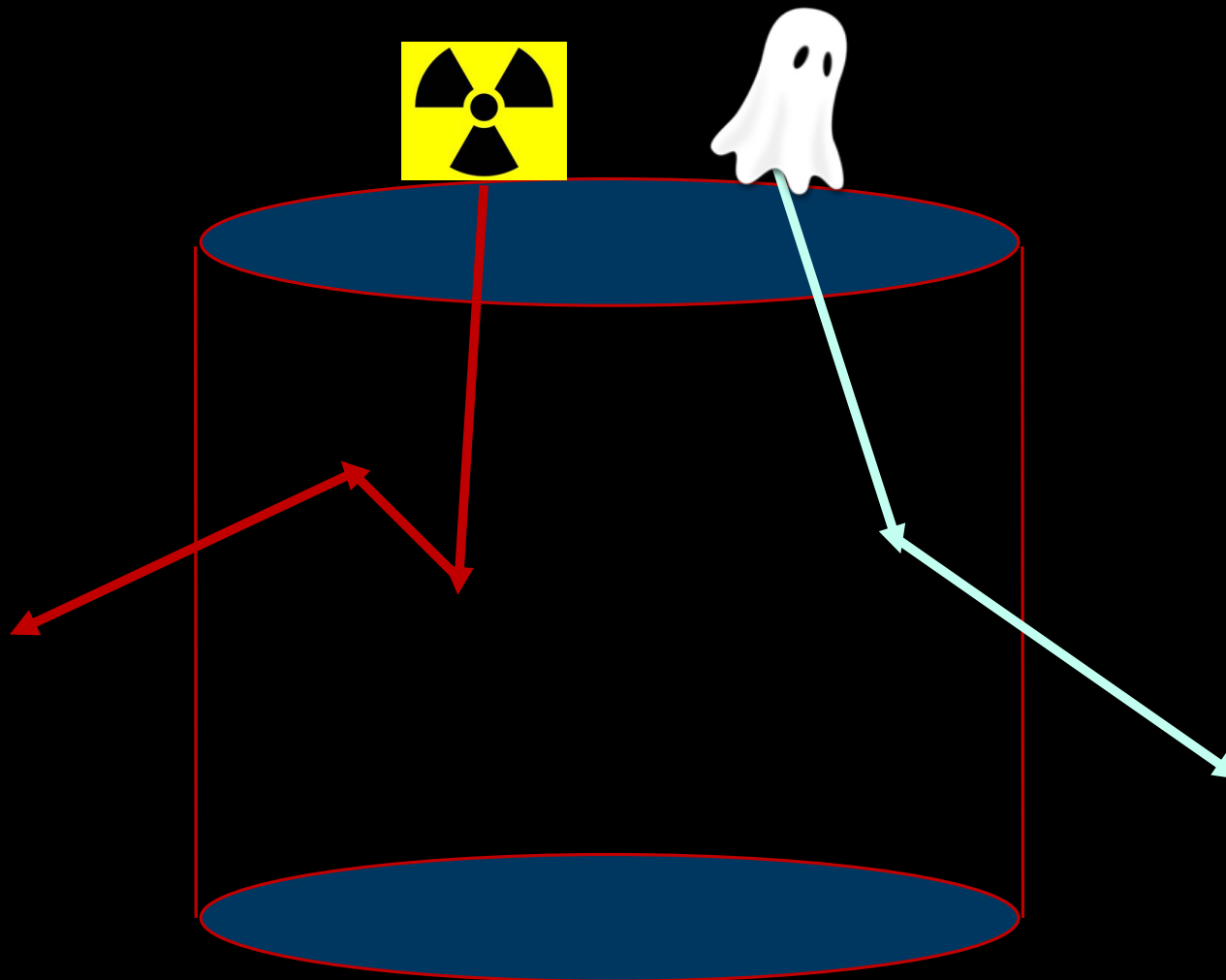
NEEDLE IN A HAYSTACK



HOW DO WE FIND THOSE FEW PARTICLES?!?

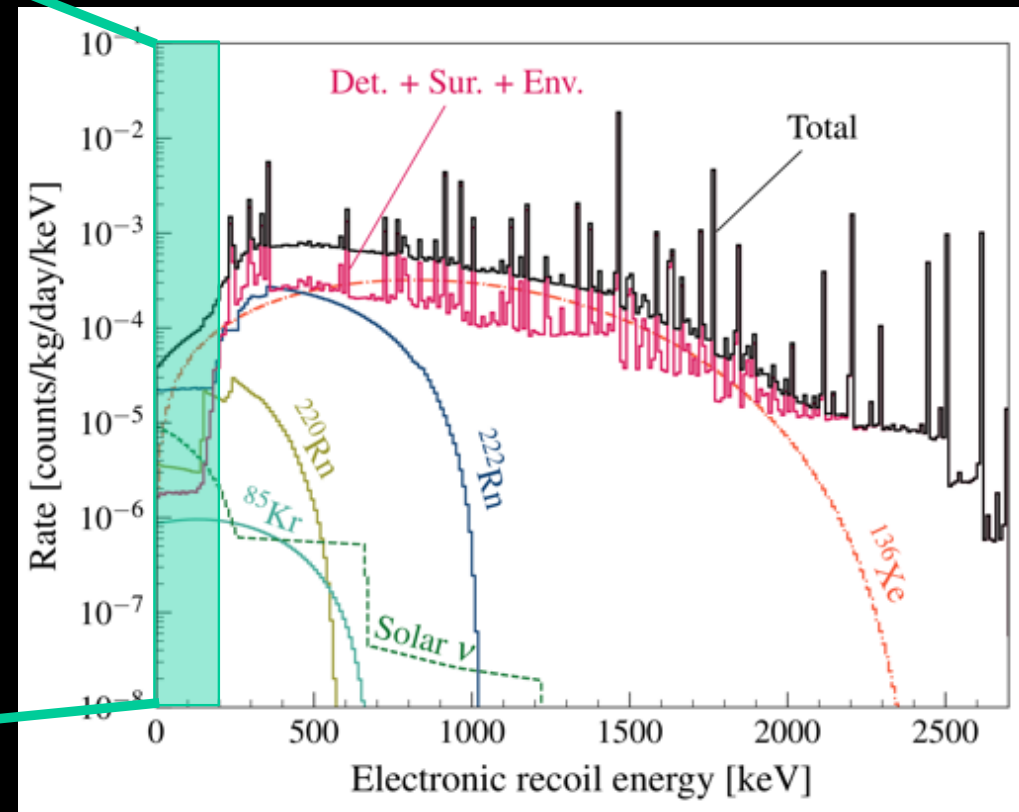
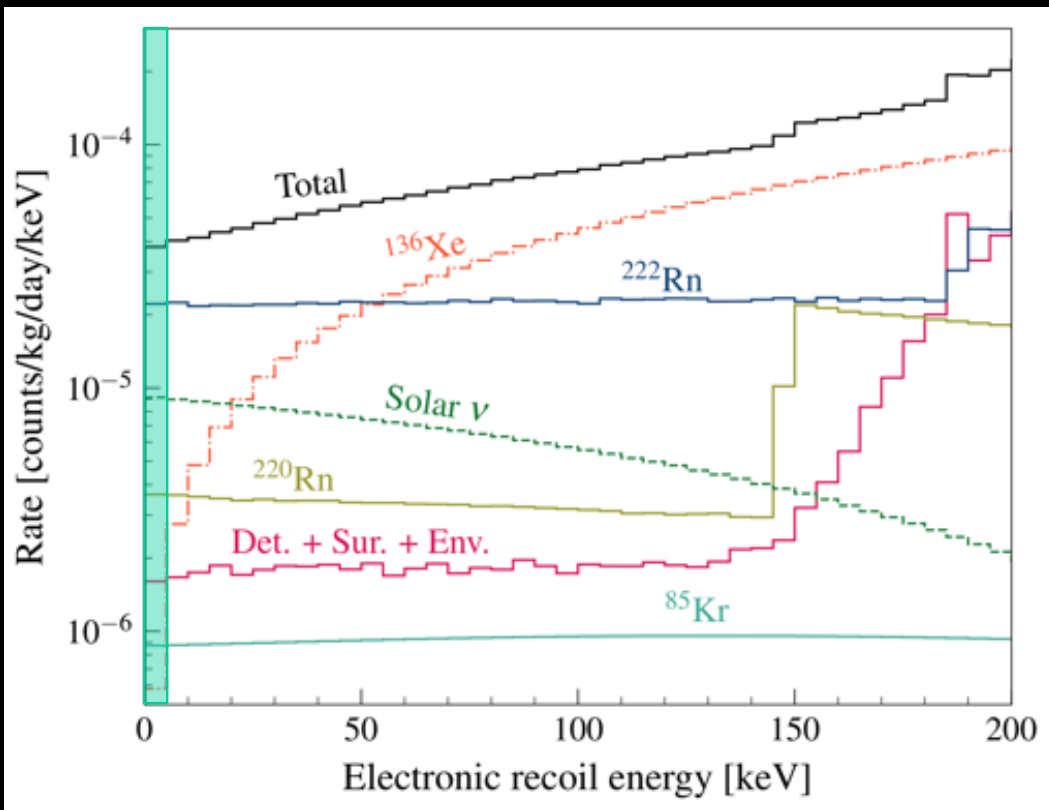
NEEDLE IN A HAYSTACK

Total Collected Particles	100%	5 Billion
Single Site Interactions	5%	250 Million



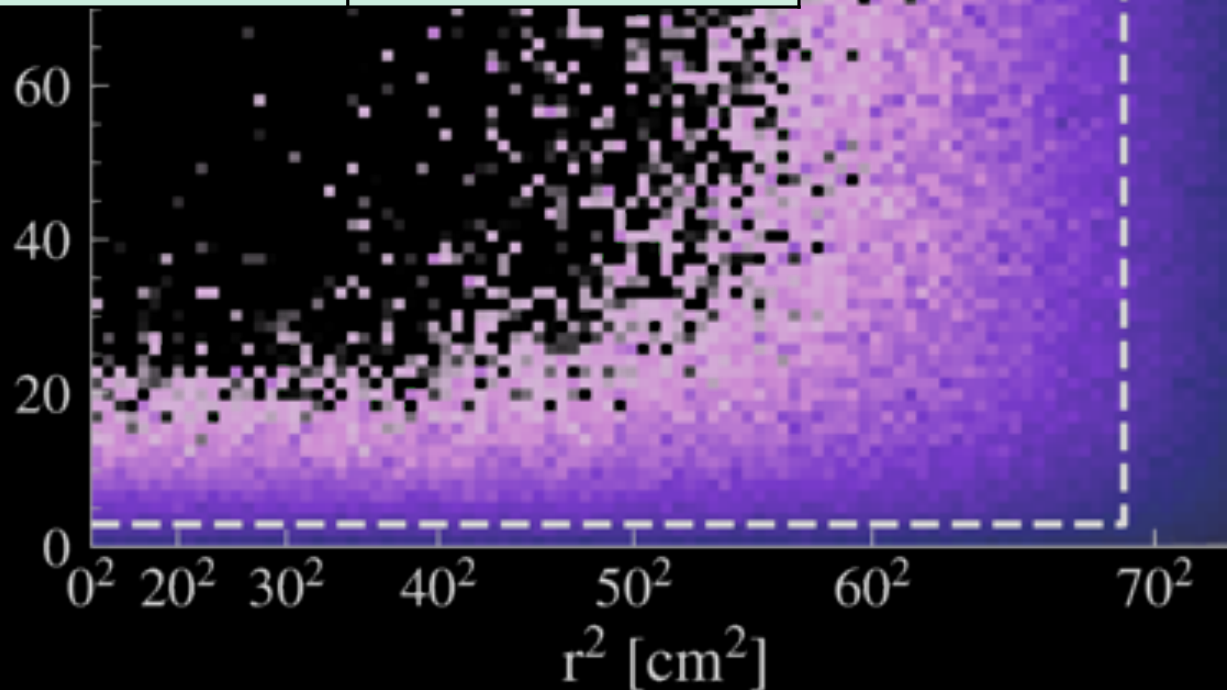
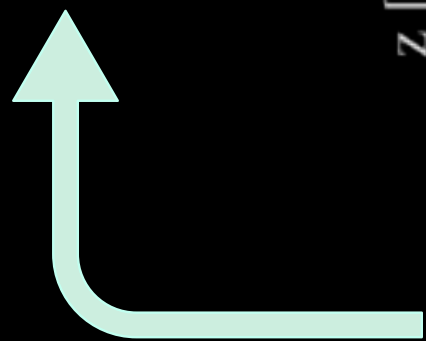
NEEDLE IN A HAYSTACK

Total Collected Particles	100%	5 Billion
Single Site Interactions	5%	250 Million
Low Energy Transfer	0.4%	1 Million



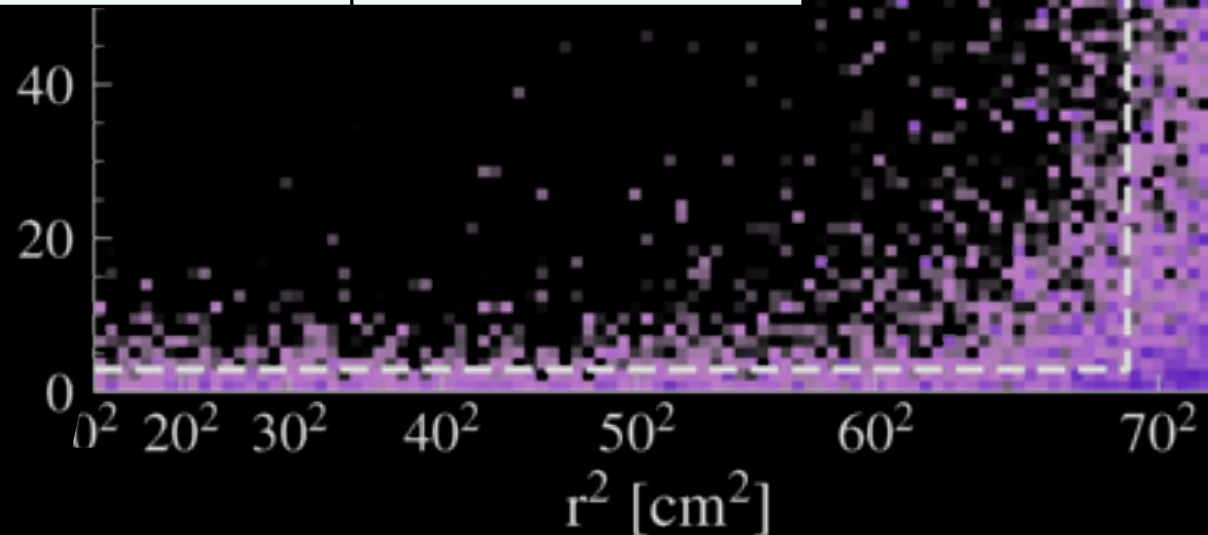
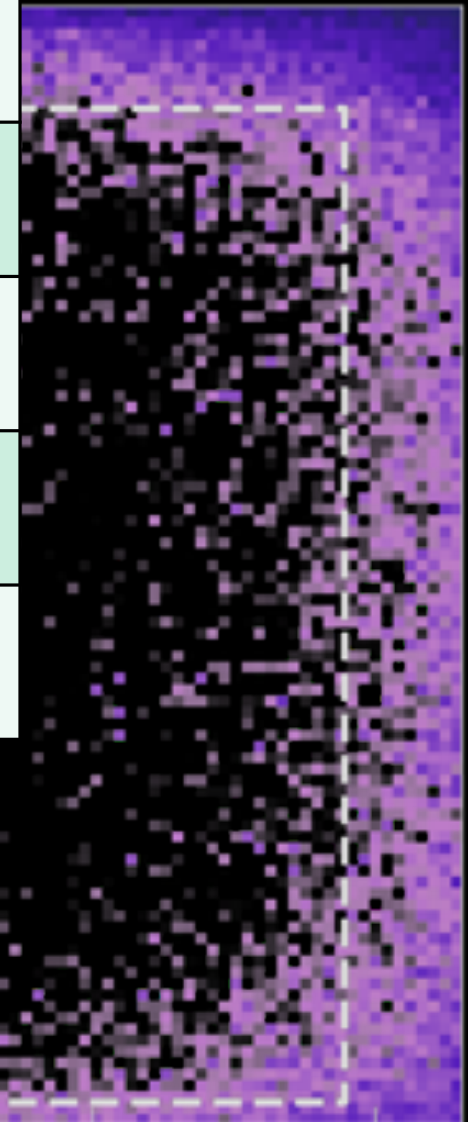
NEEDLE IN A HAYSTACK

Total Collected Particles	100%	5 Billion
Single Site Interactions	5%	250 Million
Low Energy Transfer	0.4%	1 Million
Detectable Charge Level	10%	100,000
Use Inner Volume Only	5%	5,000



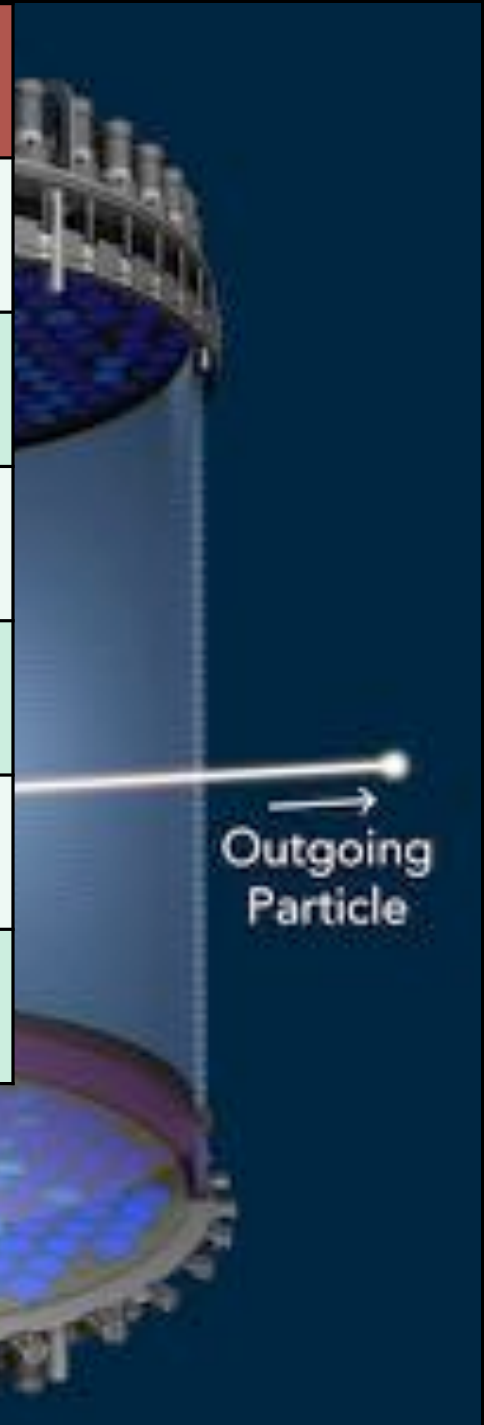
NEEDLE IN A HAYSTACK

Total Collected Particles	100%	5 Billion
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Use Inner Volume Only	5%	5,000
Not Observed in Gadolinium	20%	1,000



NEEDLE IN A HAYSTACK

Total Collected Particles	100%	5 Billion
Single Site Interactions	5%	250 Million
Low Energy Transfer	0.4%	1 Million
Detectable Charge Level	10%	100,000
Use Inner Volume Only	5%	5,000
Not Observed in Gadolinium	20%	1,000
Low Charge / Light Ratio	0.5%	5



NEEDLE IN A HAYSTACK: COMPUTING



**700,000 CPUs
FOR 30 PFLOPS**

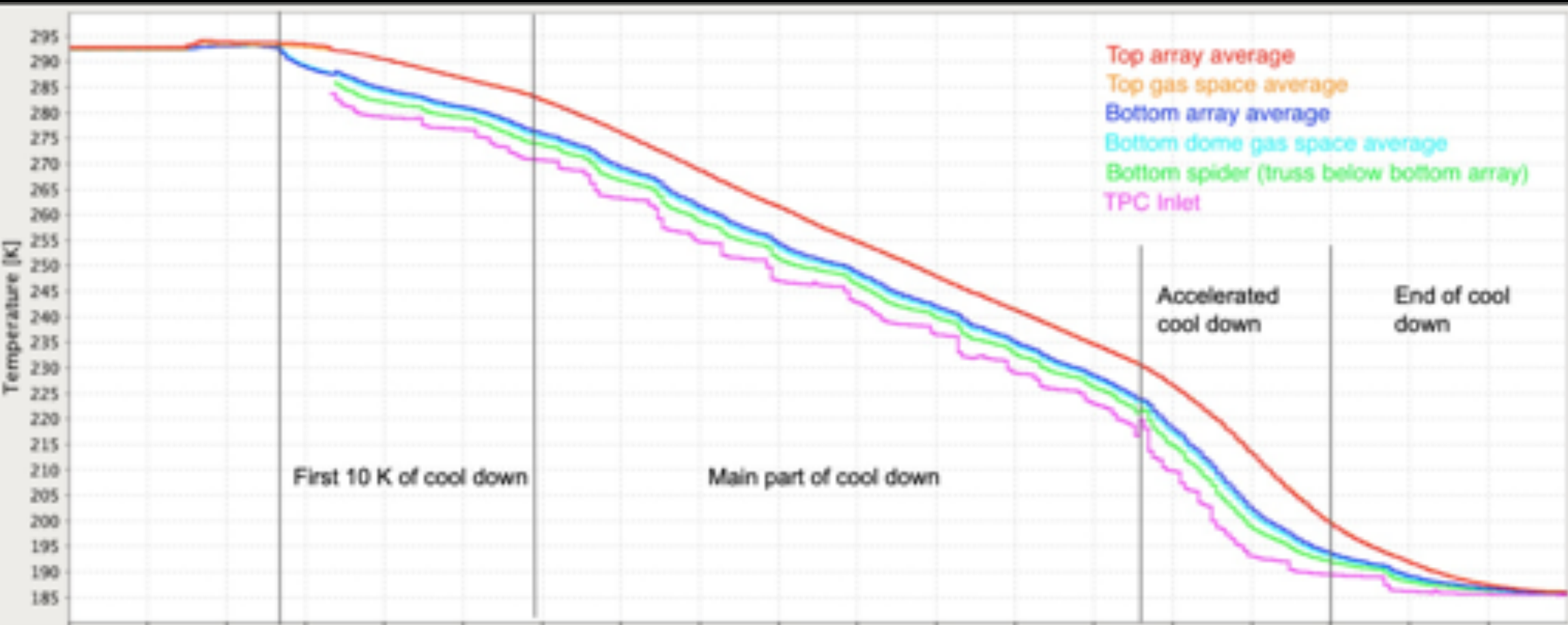
1 PB DATA/YEAR

COMMISSIONING 2 MACHINES AT ONCE!



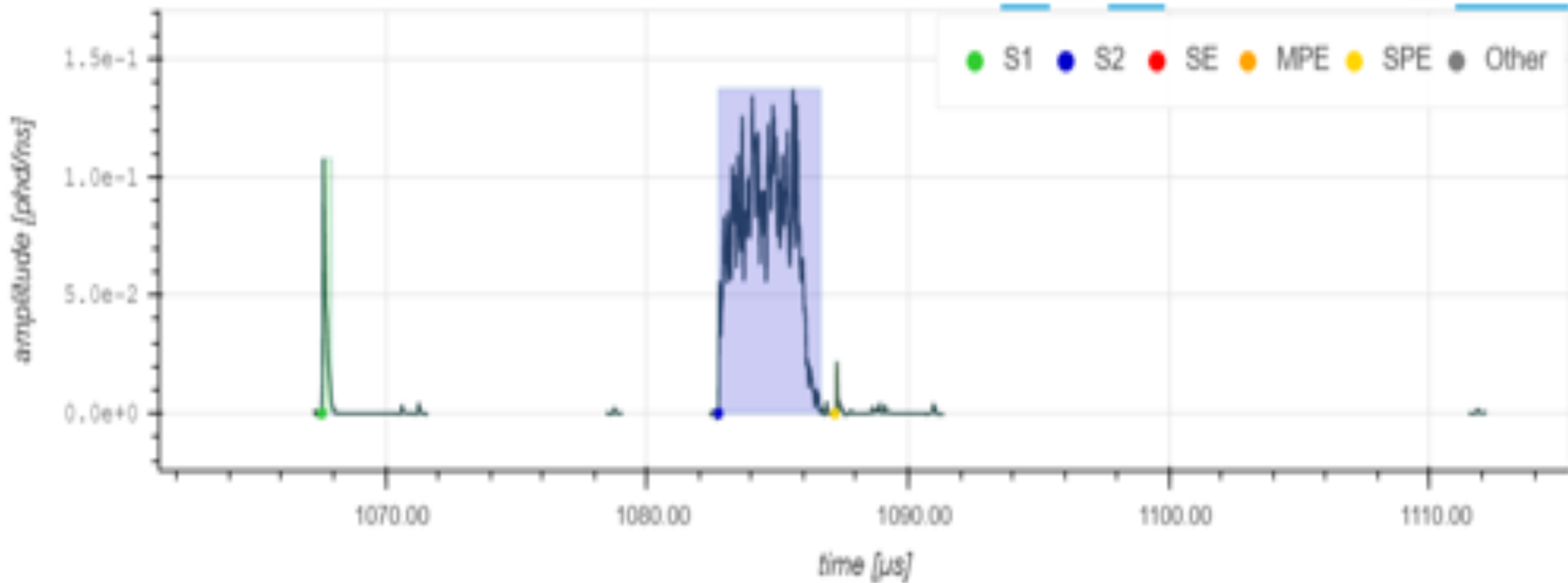
**NEW NERSC SUPERCOMPUTER:
64.6 PFLOPS! CPUs + GPUS!**

LZ COMMISSIONING: COOLDOWN!

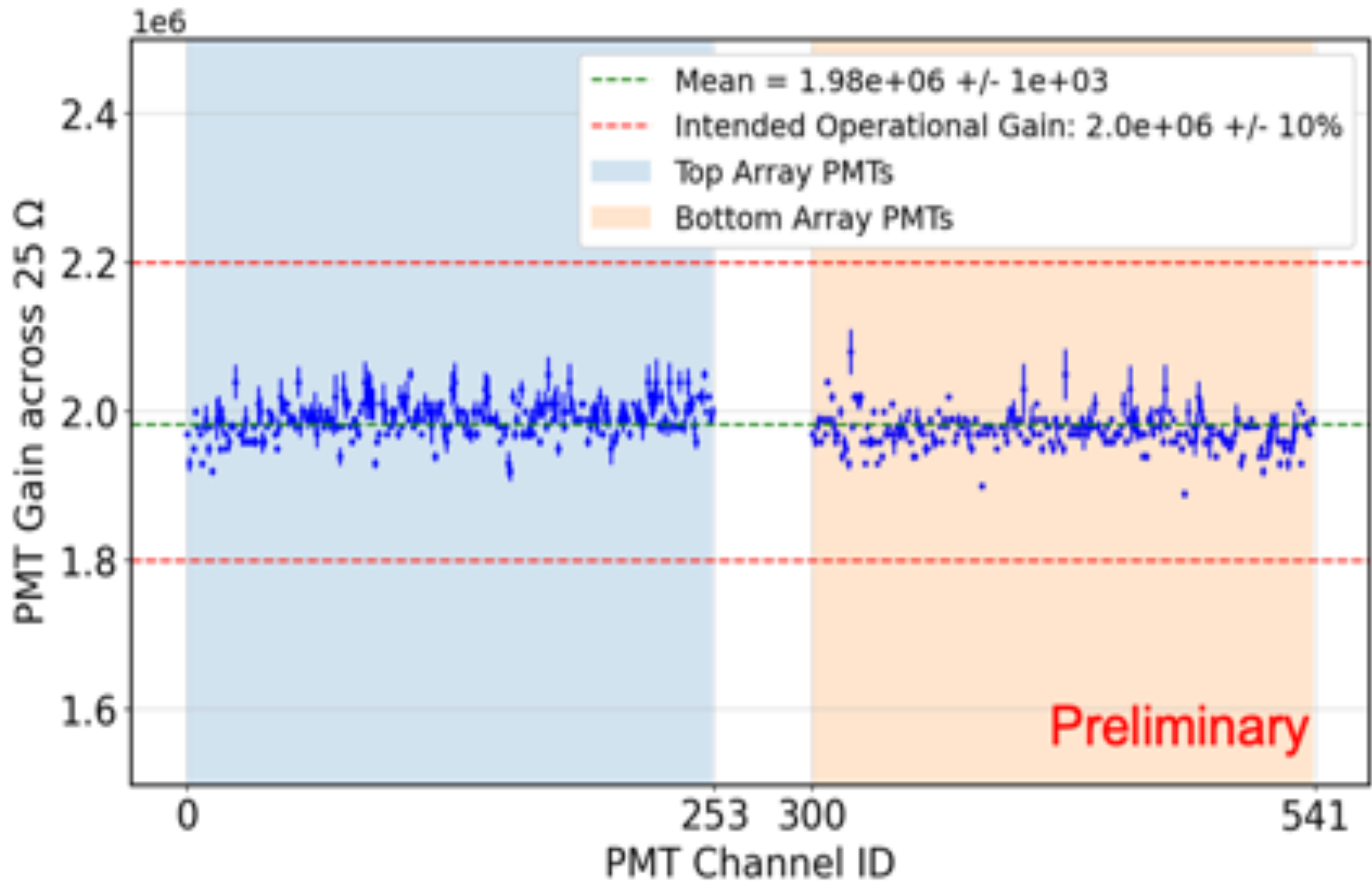


LZ COMMISSIONING: FIRST LIGHT!

TpcHighGain

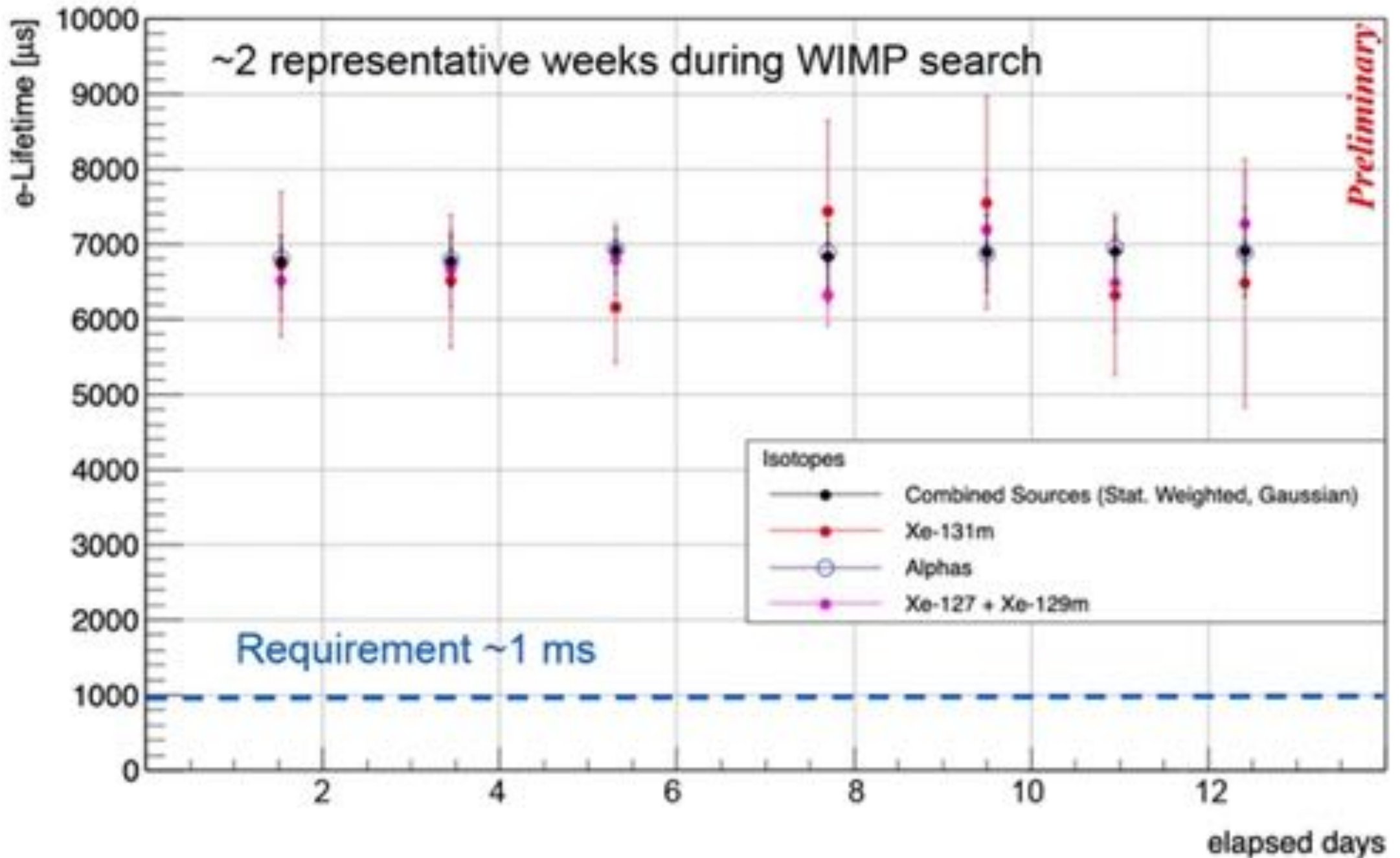


LZ COMMISSIONING: PMT GAIN MATCHING!

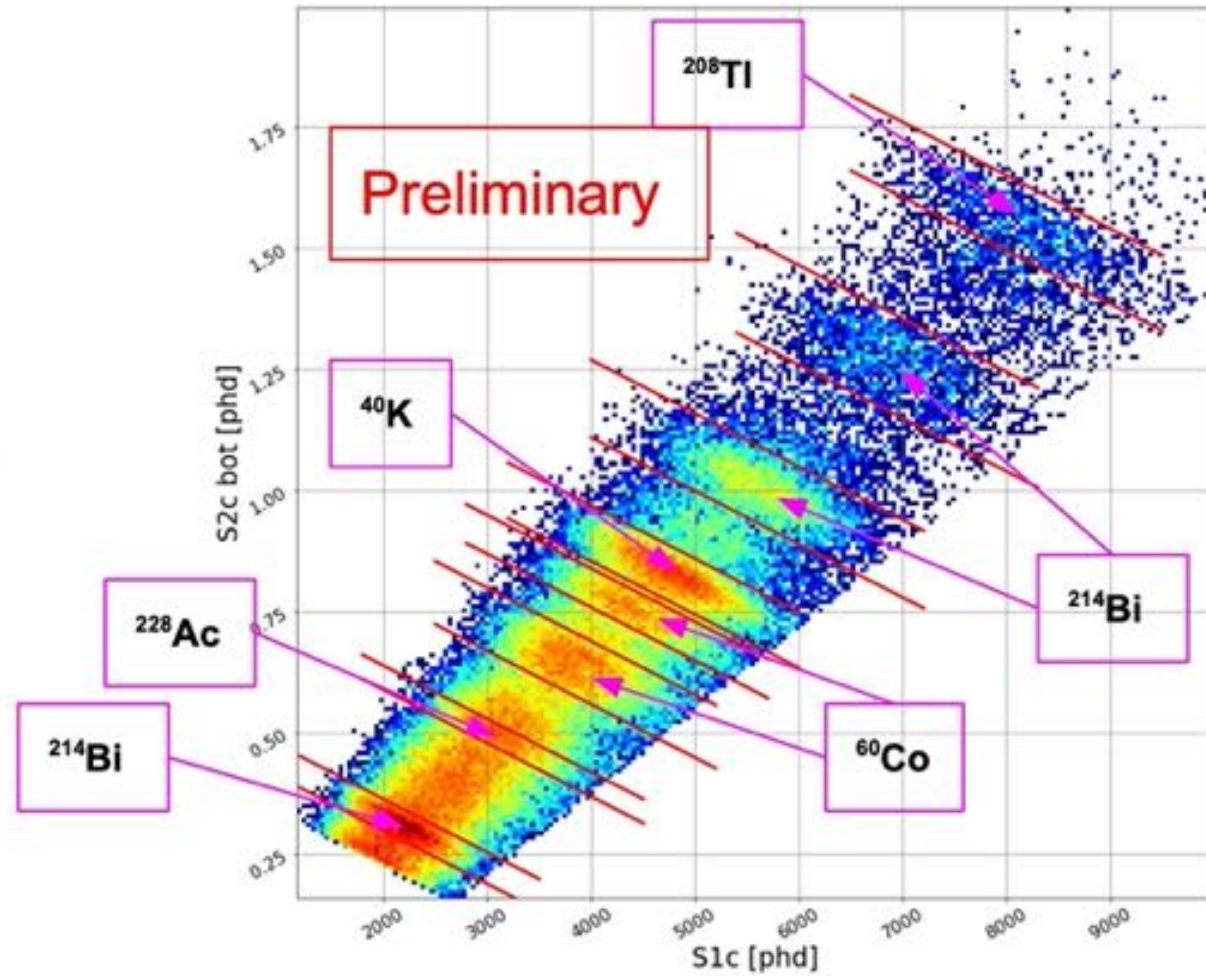
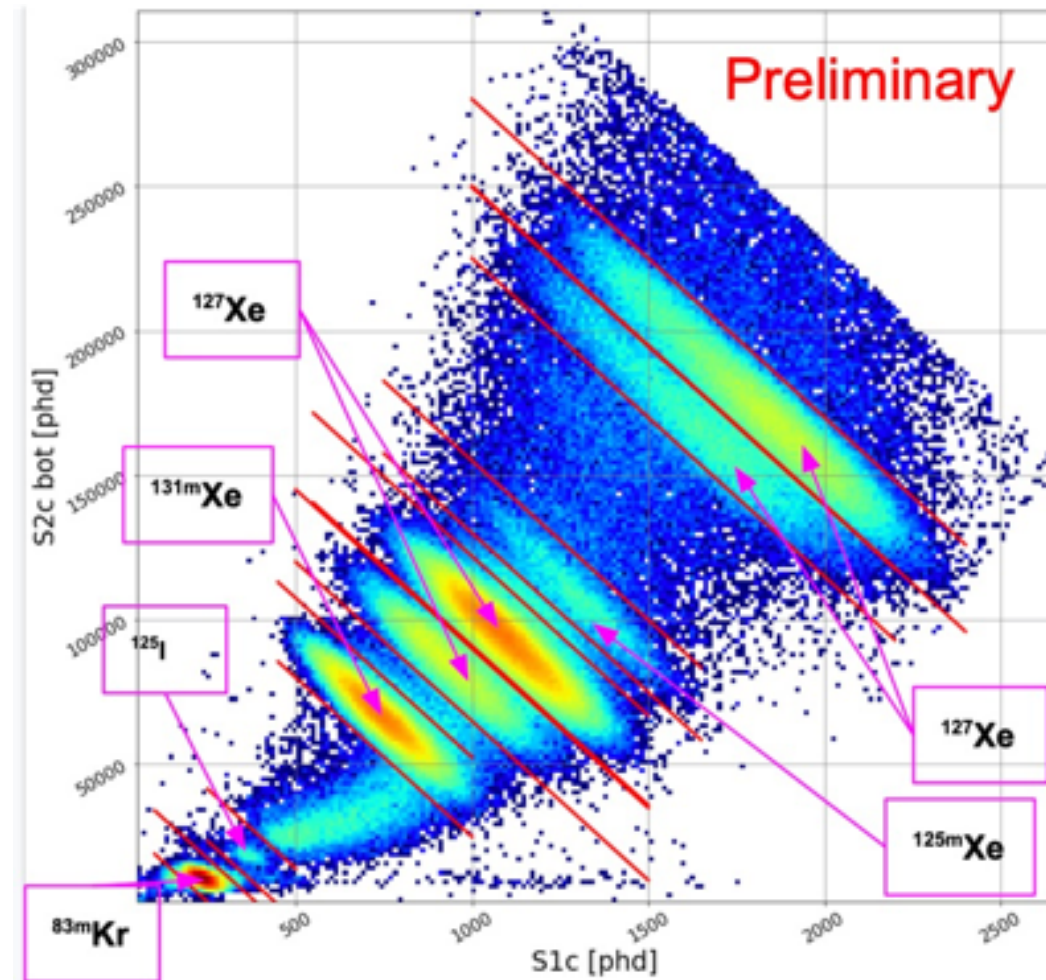


LZ COMMISSIONING: LXE PURITY

e-Lifetime [μs] Vs elapsed days



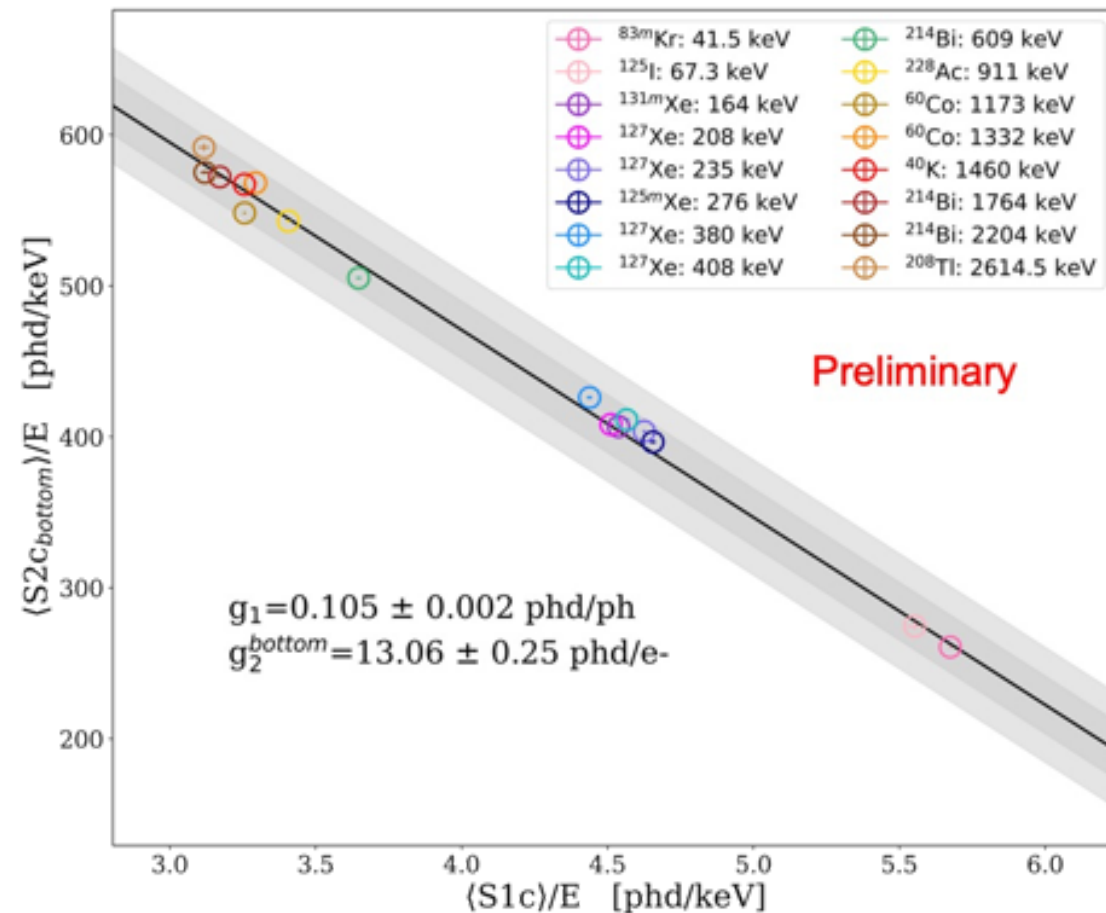
LZ COMMISSIONING: ER CALIBRATIONS



LZ COMMISSIONING: ER CALIBRATIONS

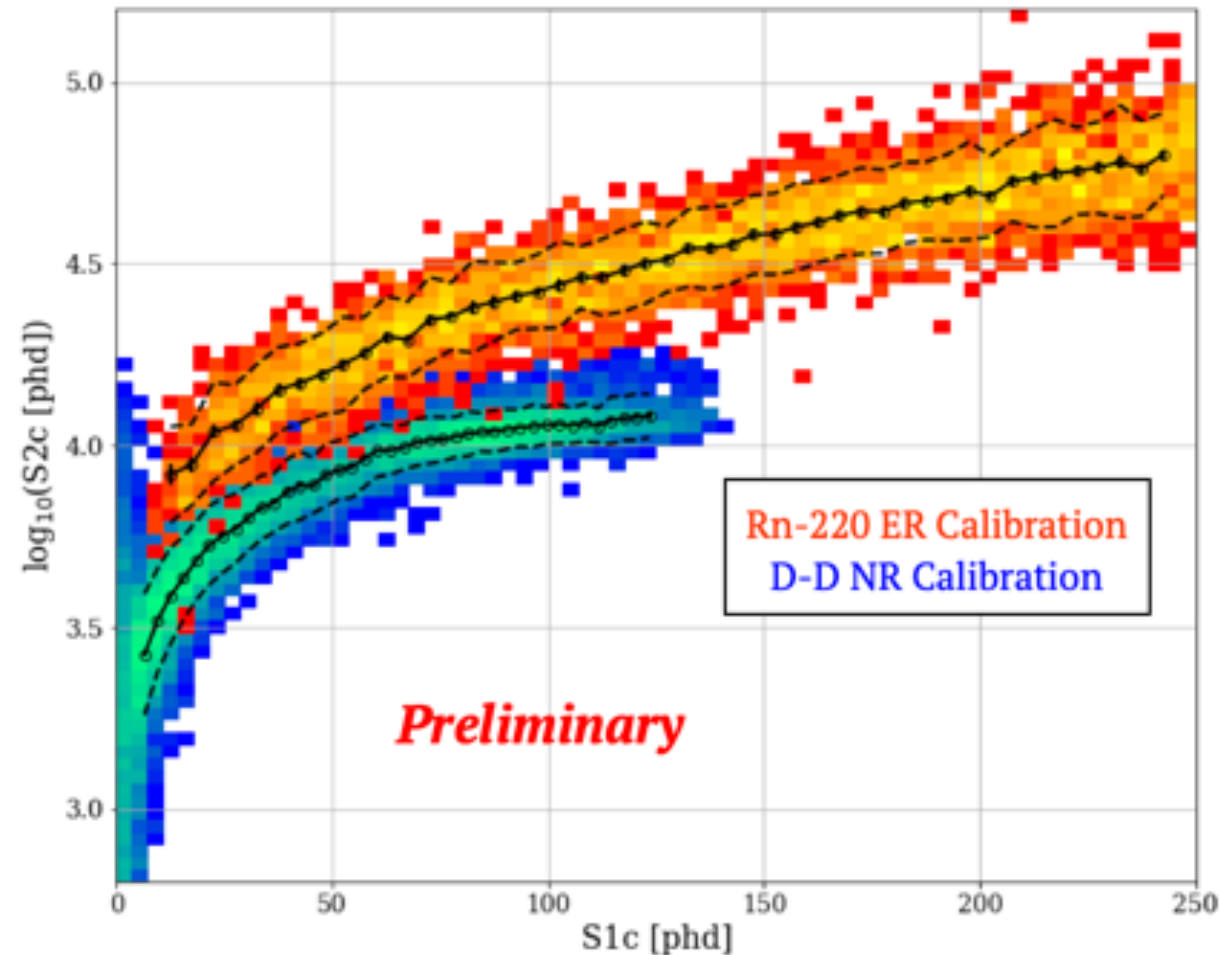
- Mono-energetic ER peaks used to find:
 - ✦ g_1 , photons detected (phd) per prompt scintillation photon
 - ✦ g_2 , phd per ionisation electron

$$E = W \left(\frac{S1_c}{g_1} + \frac{S2_c}{g_2} \right)$$



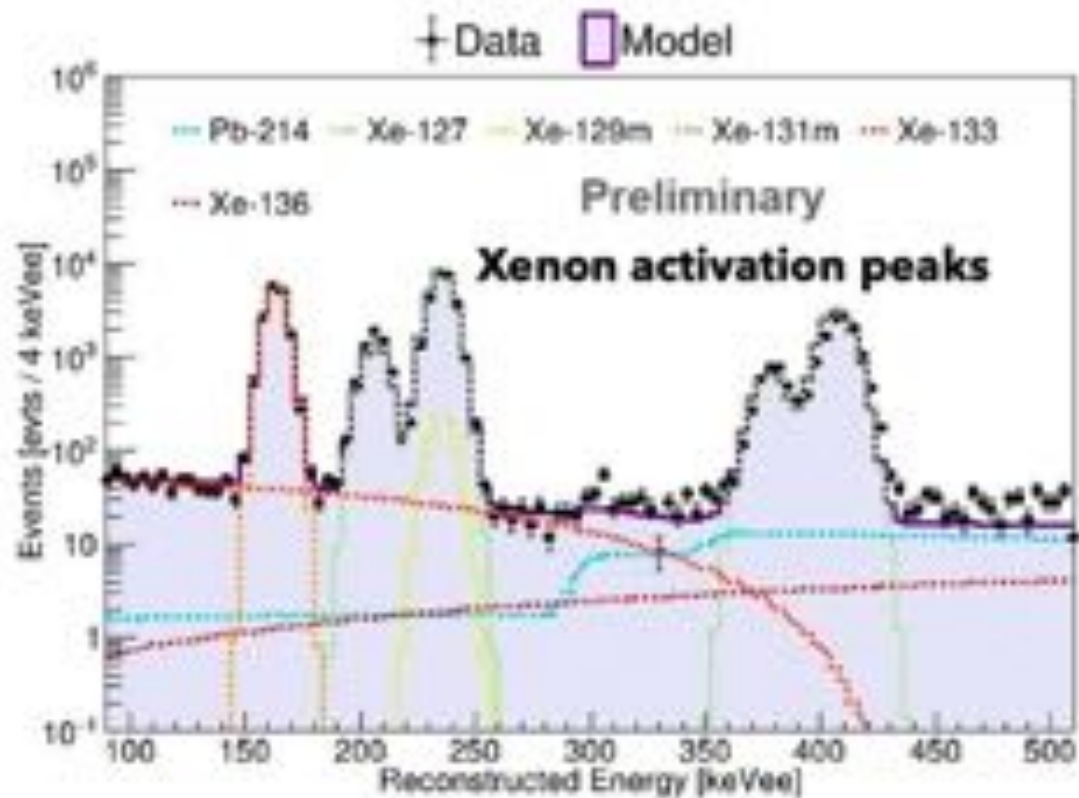
LZ COMMISSIONING: NR CALIBRATIONS

- Neutrons from DD source in **3 modes**
 - Direct mode: 2.45 MeV
 - D-reflector: 350 keV
 - H-reflector: 10-200 keV
- Direct mode
 - Max Xe recoil: **74 keVnr**
 - **Minimal ER rate** due to low γ emission
- Observed data **agrees with NEST** simulations

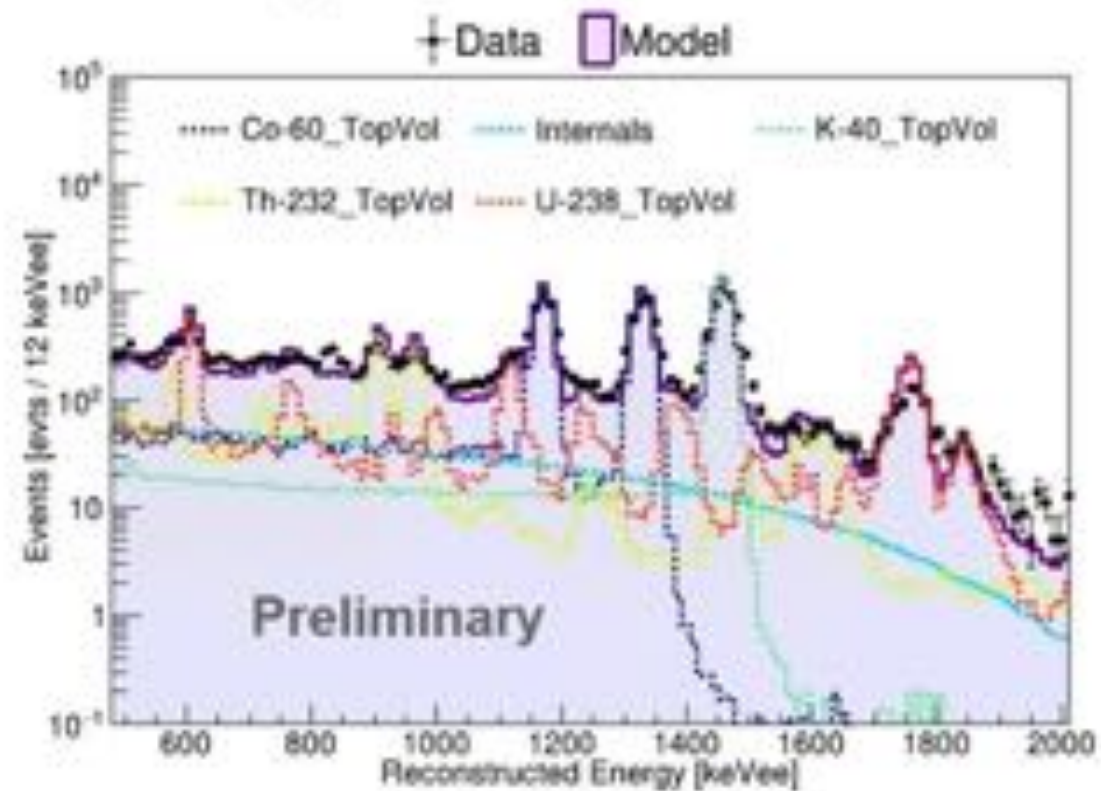


LZ COMMISSIONING: BACKGROUNDS

- Can fit simulated background models to data



- Fitted to detector sub-volume near top



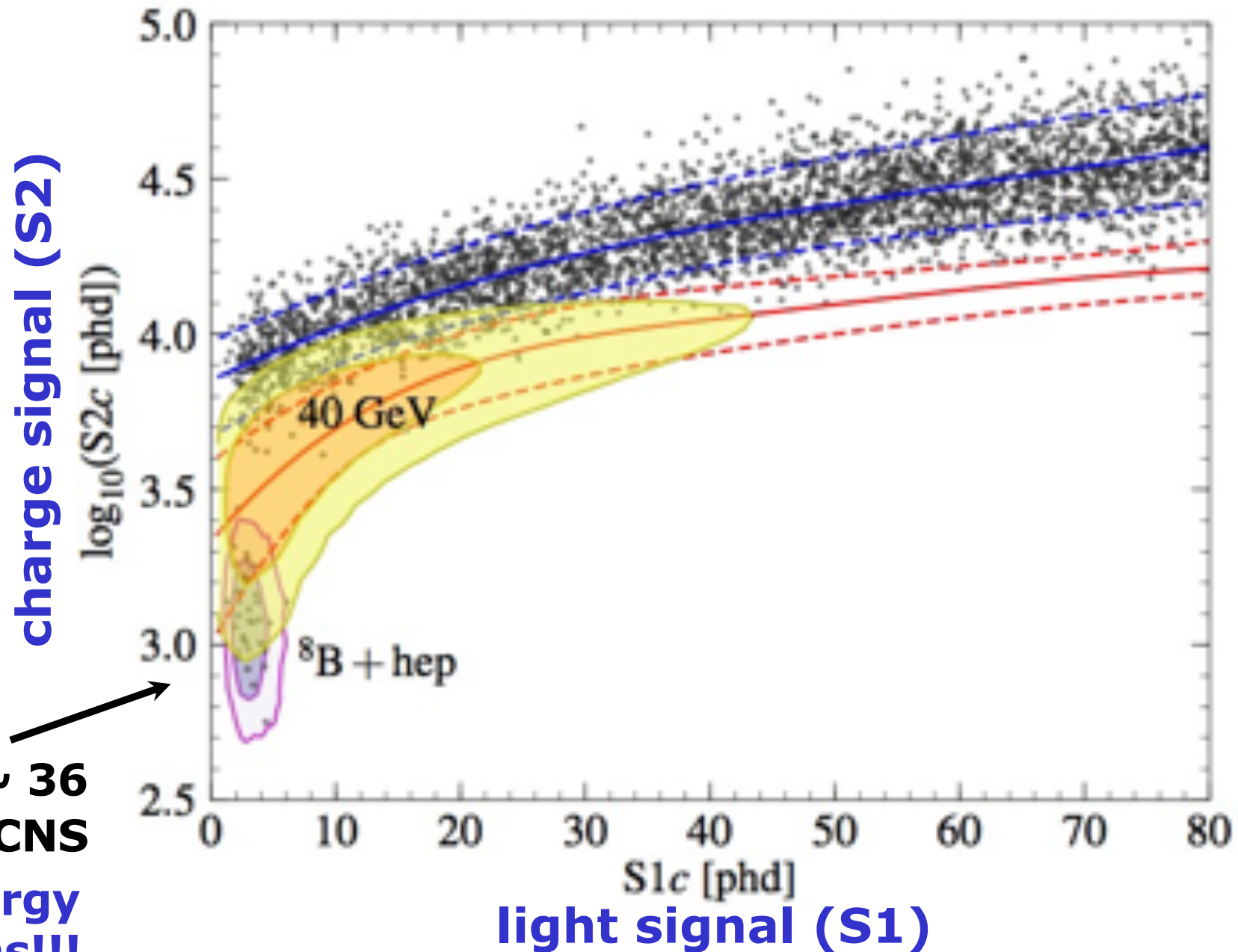
EXPECTED BACKGROUNDS, FULL EXPOSURE

Nominal: 5.6 ton fiducial, 1000 live-days
~1.5 - 6.5 keV, single scatters, no coincident veto

Background Source	ERs	NRs
Detector Components	9	0.07
Dispersed Radionuclides — Rn, Kr, Ar	819	—
Laboratory and Cosmogenics	5	0.06
Surface Contamination and Dust	40	0.39
Physics Backgrounds — 2β decay, neutrinos*	322	0.51
Total (after 99.5% ER discrimination, 50% NR efficiency)	5.97	0.52

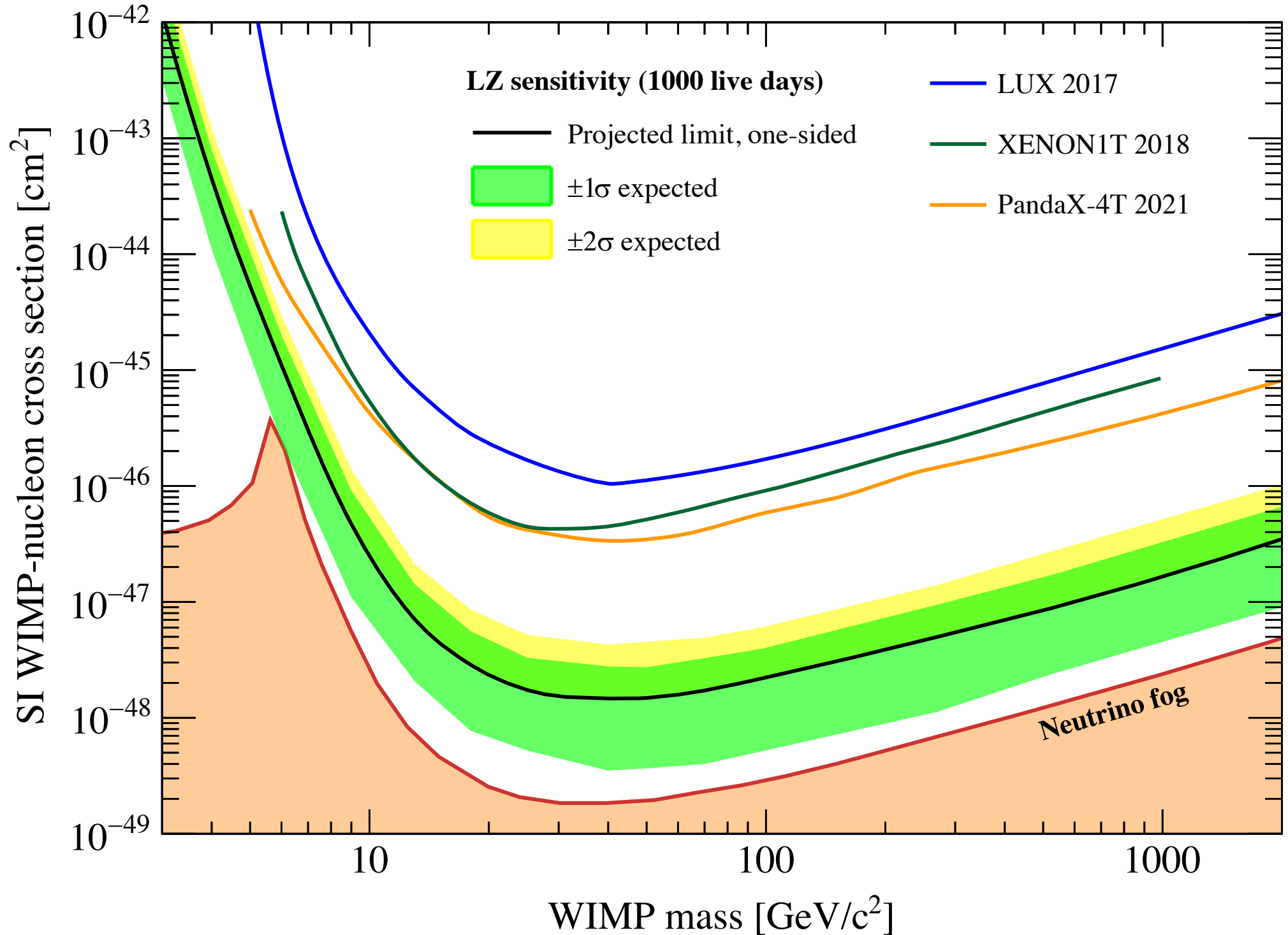
SIMULATED SIGNAL & BACKGROUND

Nominal: 5.6 ton fiducial, 1000 live-days

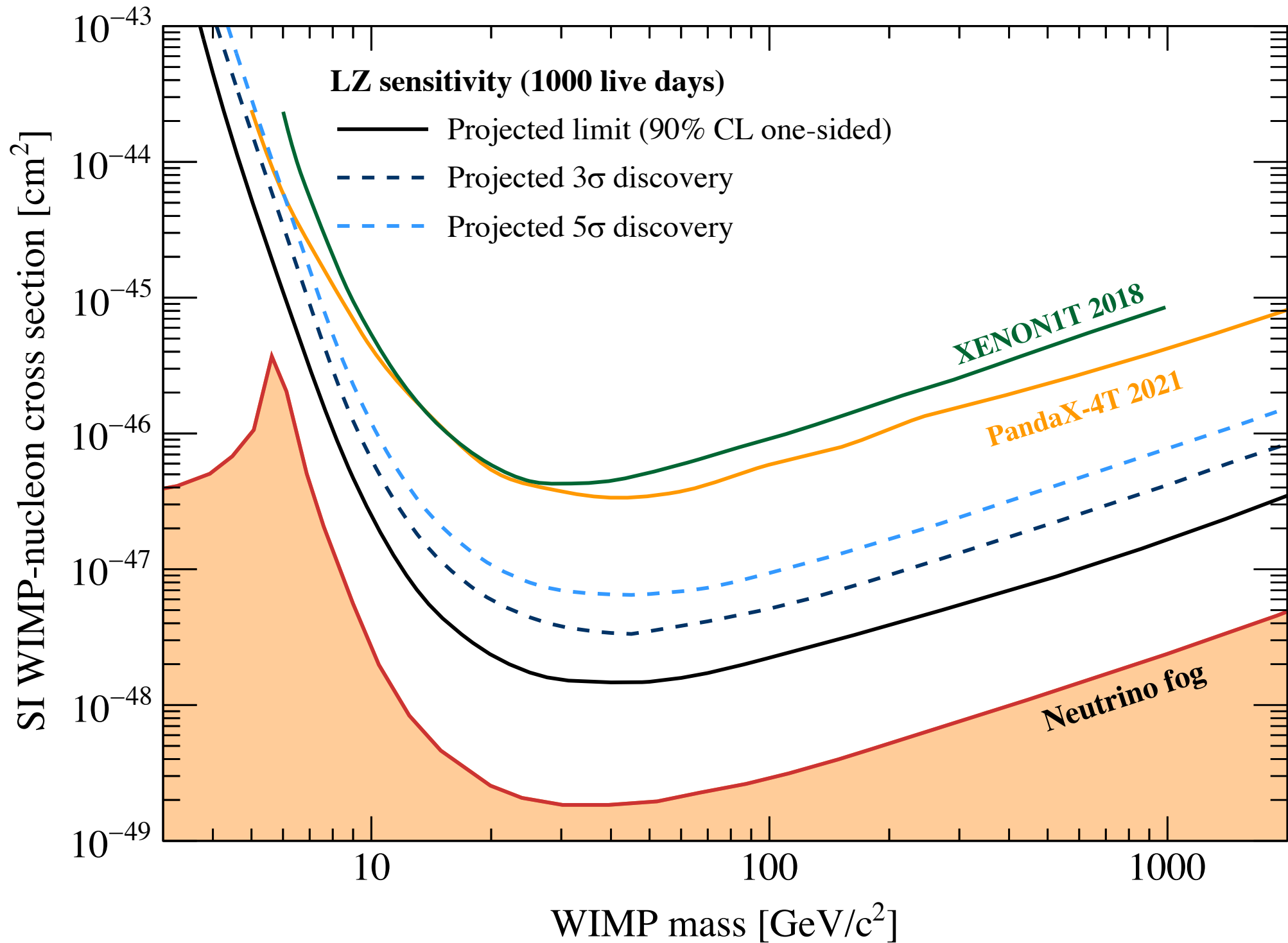


Expected ~ 36
NR from ν CNS
 \rightarrow low-energy
calibrations!!!

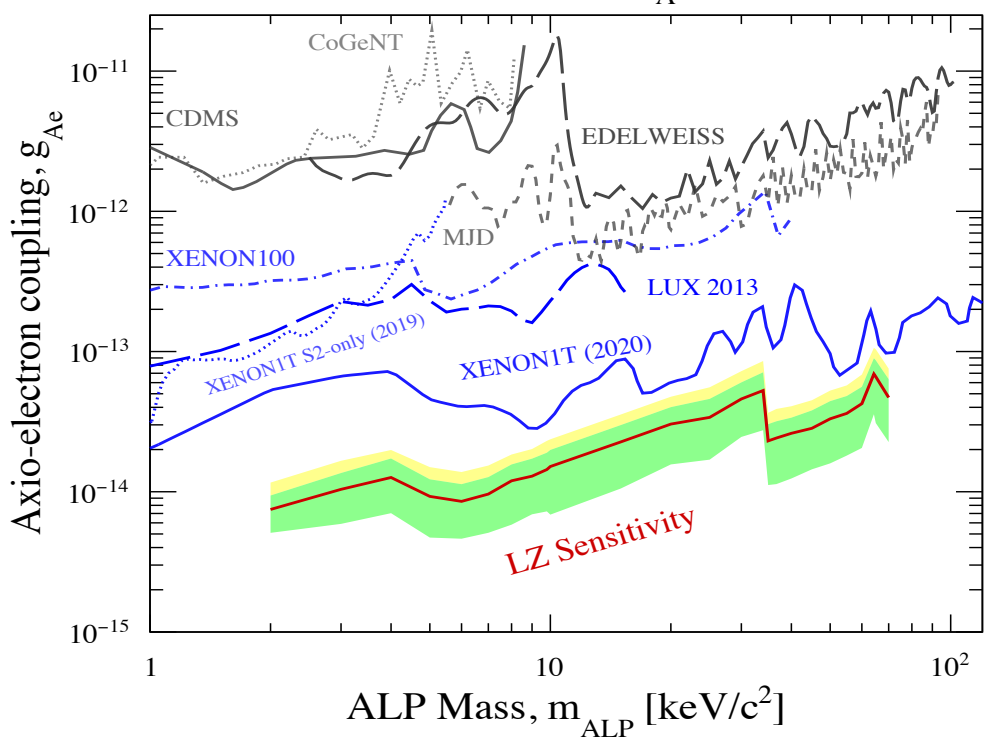
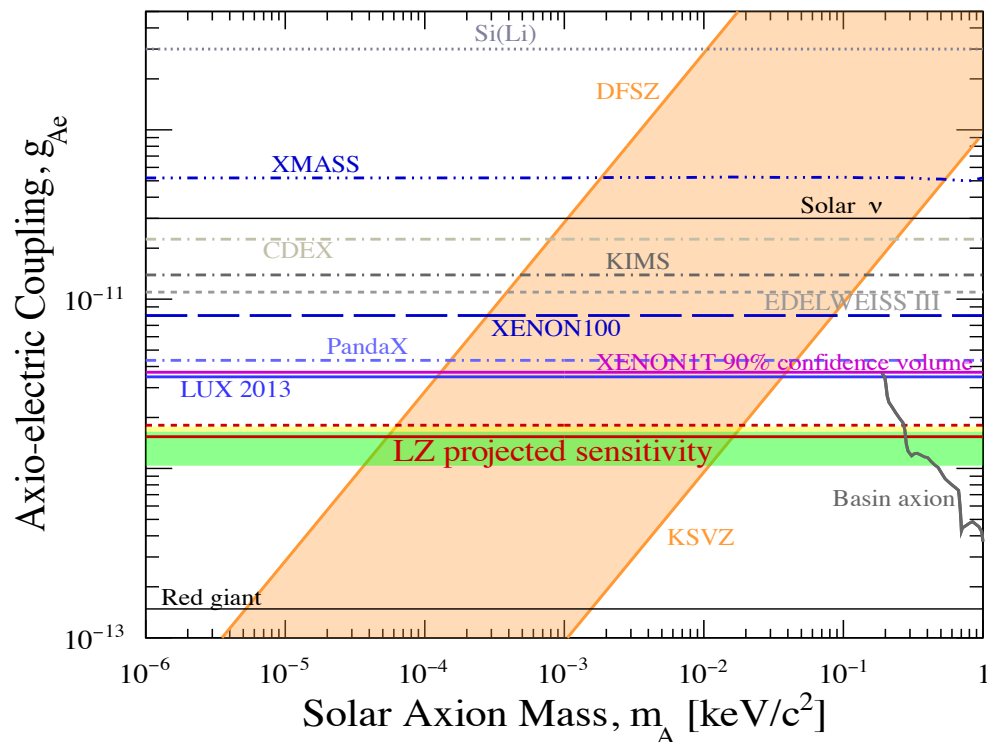
PROJ. WIMP SENSITIVITY: SPIN-INDEPENDENT



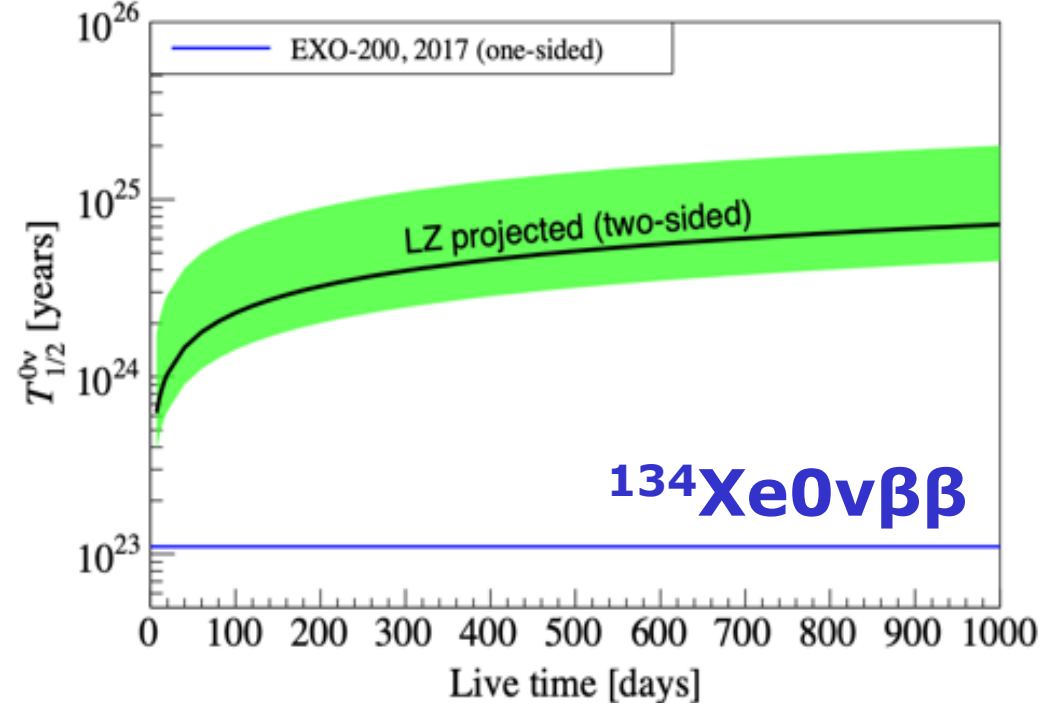
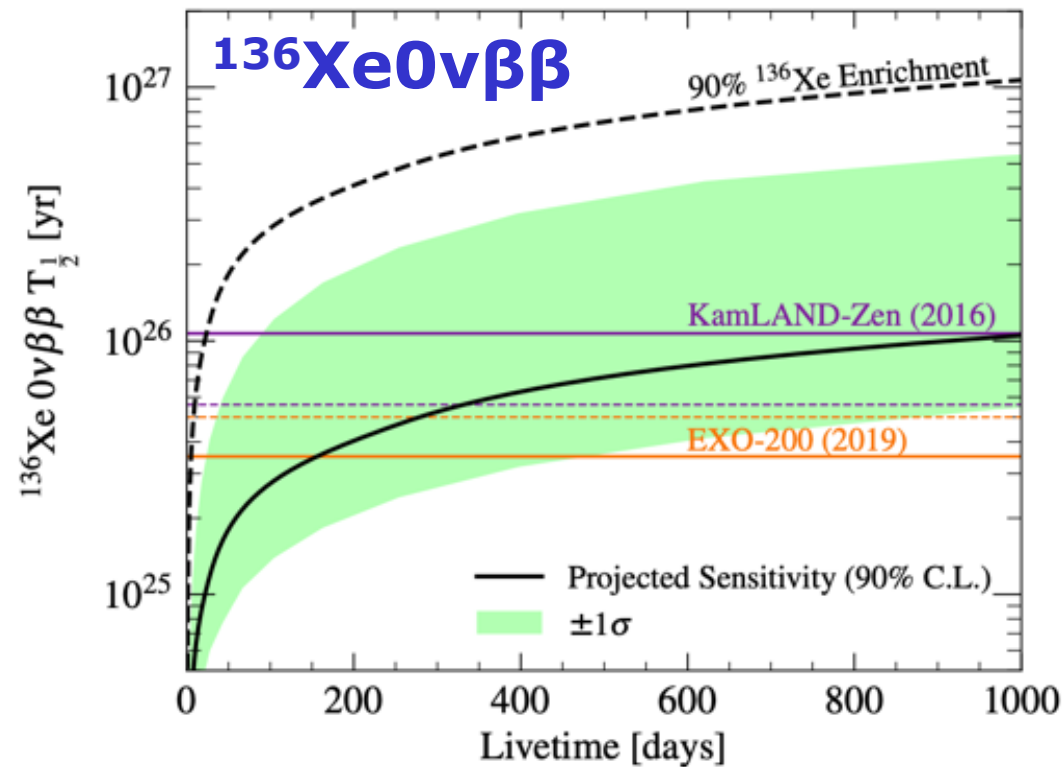
S.I. WIMP SENSITIVITY: DISCOVERY?



LZ PHYSICS REACH: NON-WIMPS



Phys. Rev. D 104, 092009 (2021)



Phys. Rev. C 104, 065501 (2021) Phys. Rev. C 102, 014602 (2020)

A TEAM EFFORT! THE LZ COLLABORATION

Black Hills State University
Brandeis University
Brookhaven National Laboratory
Brown University
Center for Underground Physics
Edinburgh University
Fermi National Accelerator Lab.
Imperial College London
Lawrence Berkeley National Lab.
Lawrence Livermore National Lab.
LIP Coimbra
Northwestern University
Pennsylvania State University
Royal Holloway University of London
SLAC National Accelerator Lab.
South Dakota School of Mines & Tech
South Dakota Science & Technology Authority
STFC Rutherford Appleton Lab.
Texas A&M University
University of Albany, SUNY
University of Alabama
University of Bristol
University College London
University of California Berkeley
University of California Davis
University of California Los Angeles
University of California Santa Barbara
University of Liverpool
University of Maryland
University of Massachusetts, Amherst
University of Michigan
University of Oxford
University of Rochester
University of Sheffield
University of Wisconsin, Madison



LZ Collaboration Meeting - September 8-11, 2021

Thanks to our sponsors and 35 participating institutions!



U.S. Department of Energy
Office of Science



USA UK Portugal Korea

**OUTLOOK & CONCLUSIONS:
HOLD ON FOR RESULTS... 🤯**

**PS: FIRST MEETING OF JOINT LZ/DARWIN
PROTOCOLLABORATION THIS MONTH 🎉**