

Axion-like Particles as Mediators for Dark Matter: Beyond Freeze-out

In collaboration with Aoife Bharucha, Felix Brümmer and Nishita Desai

Sophie Mutzel

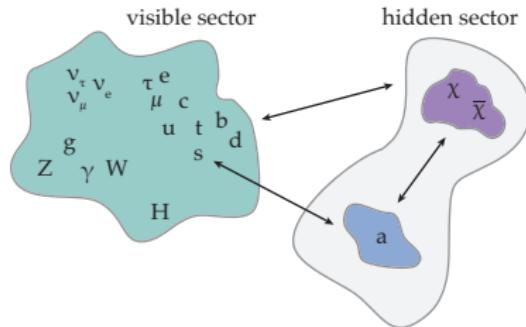
Centre de Physique Théorique Marseille

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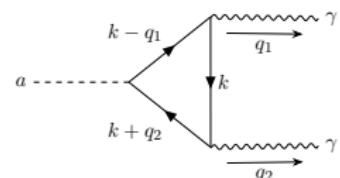
16th Patras workshop on Axions, WIMPs, WISPs

The Model

Axion-like particle (*a*) mediator between the SM fermions (*f*) and the DM (χ), a Dirac fermion



Do not consider coupling to gauge bosons at tree-level but can couple via loops, e.g.

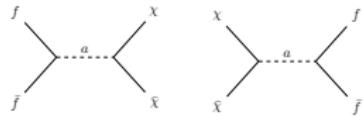


Lagrangian:

$$\mathcal{L} \supset \frac{1}{2} \partial_\mu a \partial^\mu a + \bar{\chi} (i \not{\partial} - m_\chi) \chi - \frac{1}{2} m_a^2 a^2 + i a \sum_f \frac{m_f}{f_a} C_f \bar{f} \gamma_5 f + i a \frac{m_\chi}{f_a} C_\chi \bar{\chi} \gamma_5 \chi$$

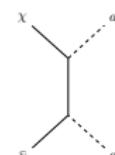
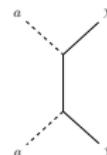
$g_{a\chi\chi} \equiv C_\chi/f_a$ (hidden sector coupling), $g_{aff} \equiv C_f/f_a$ (connector coupling)

Coupled Boltzmann equations



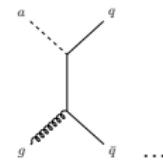
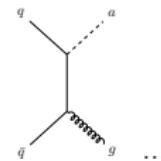
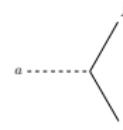
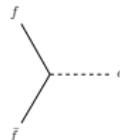
$$\frac{dn_\chi}{dt} + 3Hn_\chi = \sum_f \left\langle \sigma_{\chi\bar{\chi} \rightarrow f\bar{f}} v \right\rangle \left(\overbrace{(n_\chi^{\text{eq}}(T))^2}^{\text{under bracket}} - \overbrace{n_\chi^2}^{\text{under bracket}} \right)$$

$$+ \underbrace{\left\langle \sigma_{aa \rightarrow \chi\bar{\chi}} v \right\rangle}_{\text{under bracket}} n_a^2 - \underbrace{\left\langle \sigma_{\chi\bar{\chi} \rightarrow aa} v \right\rangle}_{\text{under bracket}} n_\chi^2$$

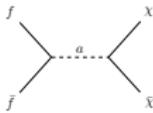


$$\frac{dn_a}{dt} + 3Hn_a = - \underbrace{\left\langle \sigma_{aa \rightarrow \chi\bar{\chi}} v \right\rangle}_{\text{under bracket}} n_a^2 + \underbrace{\left\langle \sigma_{\chi\bar{\chi} \rightarrow aa} v \right\rangle}_{\text{under bracket}} n_\chi^2$$

$$+ \left\langle \Gamma_a \right\rangle \left(\underbrace{n_a^{\text{eq}}(T)}_{\text{under bracket}} - \underbrace{n_a}_{\text{under bracket}} \right) + \sum_{i,j,k} \left\langle \sigma_{ai \rightarrow jk} v \right\rangle \left(\underbrace{n_a^{\text{eq}}(T)n_i^{\text{eq}}(T)}_{\text{under bracket}} - \underbrace{n_a n_i^{\text{eq}}(T)}_{\text{under bracket}} \right)$$

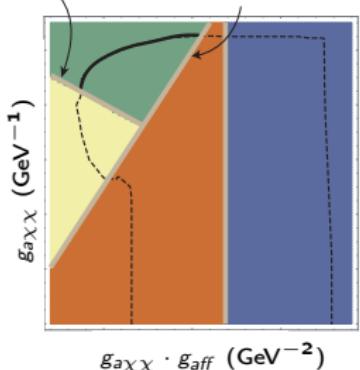
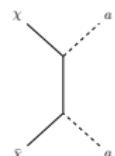
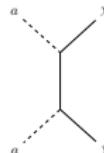


Coupled Boltzmann equations

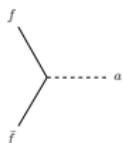


$$\langle \sigma_{aa \rightarrow \chi\bar{\chi}} v \rangle (\textcolor{red}{T'}) n_a^{\text{eq}}(\textcolor{red}{T'}) \simeq H \quad \langle \sigma_{ai \rightarrow jk} v \rangle n_i^{\text{eq}} \simeq H$$

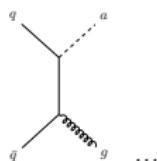
$$\frac{dn_\chi}{dt} + 3Hn_\chi = \sum_f \left\langle \sigma_{\chi\bar{\chi} \rightarrow f\bar{f}} v \right\rangle \overbrace{(n_\chi^{\text{eq}}(T))^2}^{+ \langle \sigma_{aa \rightarrow \chi\bar{\chi}} v \rangle (\textcolor{red}{T'}) n_a^2 - \langle \sigma_{\chi\bar{\chi} \rightarrow aa} v \rangle (\textcolor{red}{T'}) n_\chi^2}$$



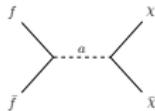
$$\frac{dn_a}{dt} + 3Hn_a = - \overbrace{\langle \sigma_{aa \rightarrow \chi\bar{\chi}} v \rangle (\textcolor{red}{T'}) n_a^2 + \langle \sigma_{\chi\bar{\chi} \rightarrow aa} v \rangle (\textcolor{red}{T'}) n_\chi^2}^{+ \langle \Gamma_a \rangle \overbrace{n_a^{\text{eq}}(T)}^{+ \sum_{i,j,k} \left\langle \sigma_{ai \rightarrow jk} v \right\rangle \overbrace{n_a^{\text{eq}}(T) n_i^{\text{eq}}(T)}^{q \quad a \\ \bar{q} \quad g \quad \dots}}}$$



$$+ \sum_{i,j,k} \left\langle \sigma_{ai \rightarrow jk} v \right\rangle \overbrace{n_a^{\text{eq}}(T) n_i^{\text{eq}}(T)}^{q \quad a \\ \bar{q} \quad g \quad \dots}$$

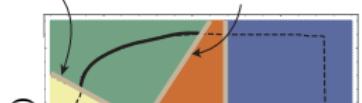


Coupled Boltzmann equations



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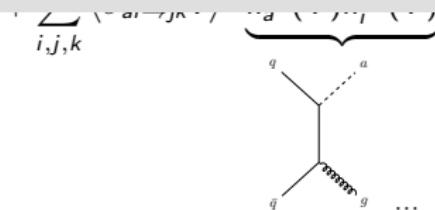
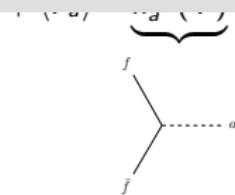
$$\langle \sigma_{aa \rightarrow \chi\bar{\chi}} v \rangle (\textcolor{red}{T'}) n_a^{\text{eq}}(\textcolor{red}{T'}) \simeq H \quad \langle \sigma_{ai \rightarrow jk} v \rangle n_i^{\text{eq}} \simeq H$$



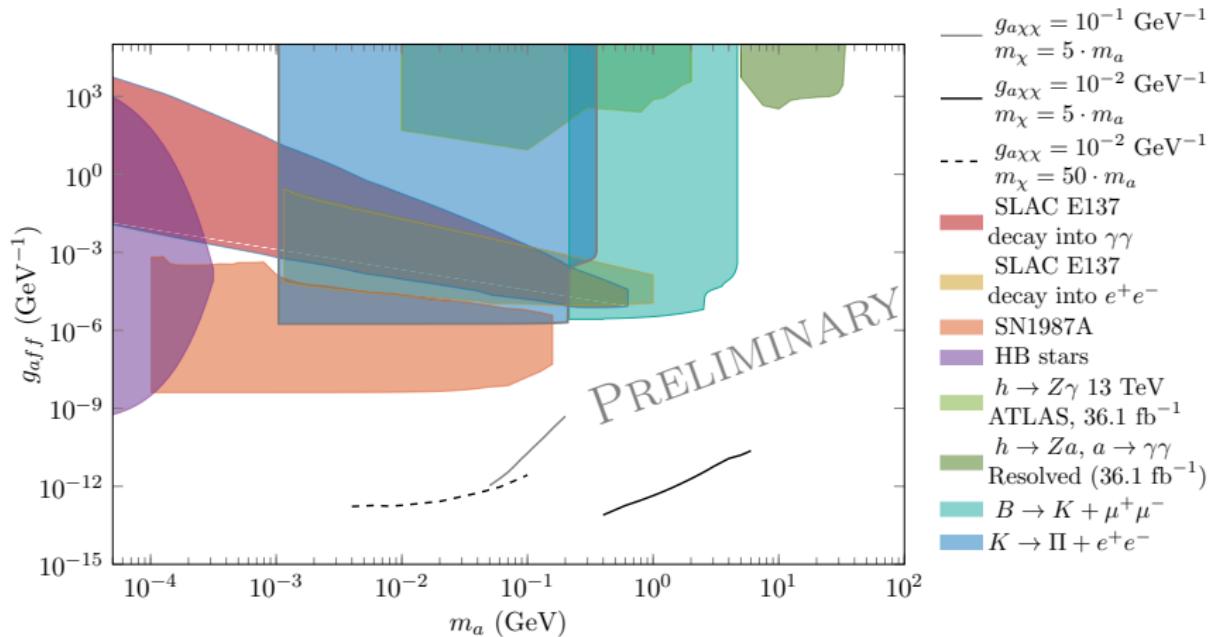
Hidden sector and visible sector thermally decoupled, $\textcolor{red}{T'} \ll T$

$$\frac{\partial \rho'(\textcolor{red}{T'})}{\partial t} + 3H (\rho' + P') (\textcolor{red}{T'}) = \int \frac{d^3 p}{(2\pi)^3} C[f(p, t)]$$

Need to solve system of 3 (unfortunately stiff) coupled differential equations

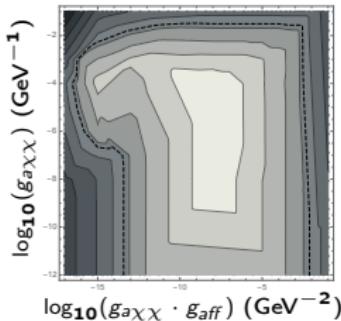


Results: Reannihilation vs. constraints on our ALP



Conclusion

What we have done



- Our simple simple framework of an axion-like particle mediating DM leads to various alternative DM genesis scenarios
- Performed a detailed numerical calculation of full region of parameter space giving the correct relic density in various regimes, in particular reannihilation regime non-trivial
- Brand-new calculation of constraints (normally constraints for ALPs for photon coupling) to verify if these regions of parameter space are allowed

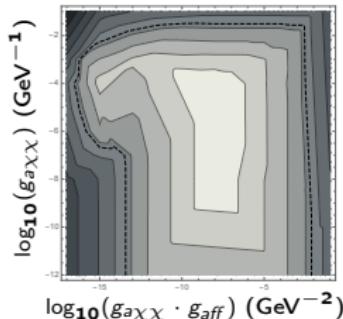
Future work

- Improve accuracy, in particular in freeze-in but also in reannihilation region, by solving unintegrated Boltzmann equation
- Apply future expected constraints to our model

$$E(\partial_t - H p \partial_p) f = C[f]$$

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Future work

$$E(\partial_t - Hp\partial_p)f = C[f]$$

Exciting time for axions! We look forward to seeing the impact of future experimental results on our model!