

# COSINUS - Direct Search for Dark Matter with Cryogenic Nal Detectors













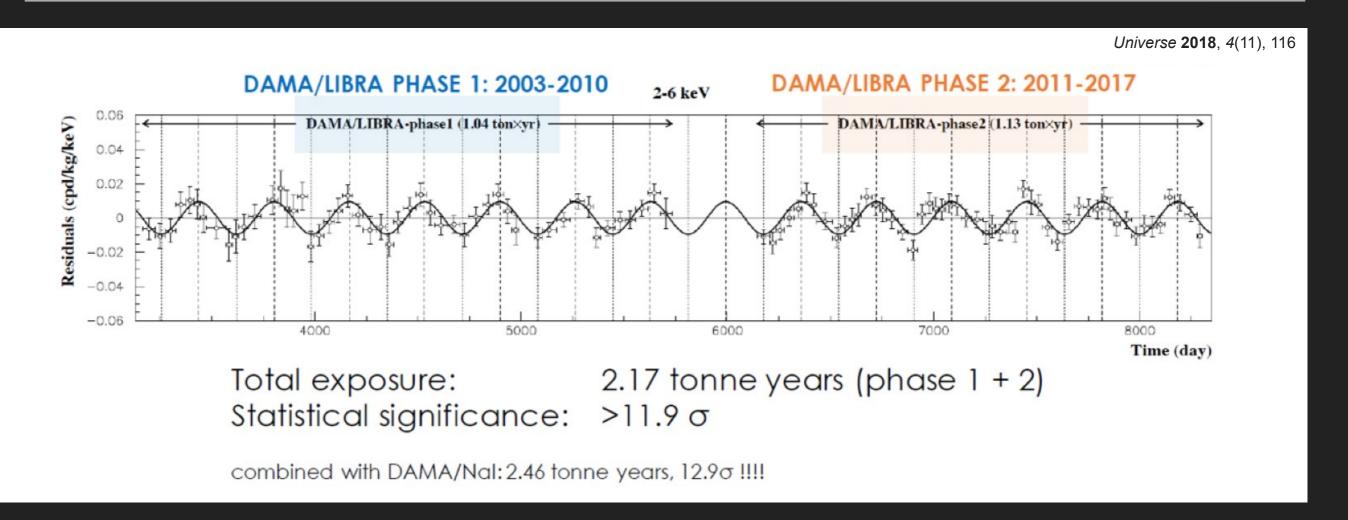






Martin Stahlberg for the COSINUS Collaboration





- Positive evidence for the presence of DM particles in the galactic halo
- Strong tension with other direct DM detection experiments but different target materials used
- Up to now, source of the modulation is unknown
- → Emergence of several Nal-based direct detection experiments in the last years

DM-lce17

South pole 17 kg Nal

threshold: 4 keVee

3.5 y physics run no hint

ANAIS-112

LSC - Spain 112.5 kg Nal

threshold: < 1 keV<sub>ee</sub>

since spring 2017

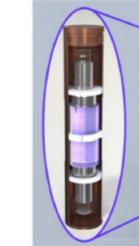


COSINE-100

Y2L Korea KIMS Nal + DM-Ice 40-50 kg Nal 106 kg

threshold: ~2 keVee

since Sept. 2016



SABRE

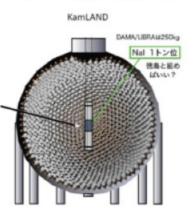
Gran Sasso/Australia PICO

construction phase



KamLand/Japan 1t Nal

planning/ prototyping phase

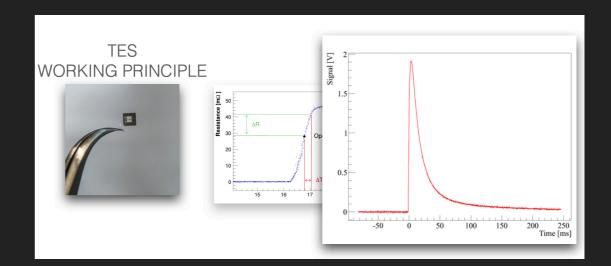




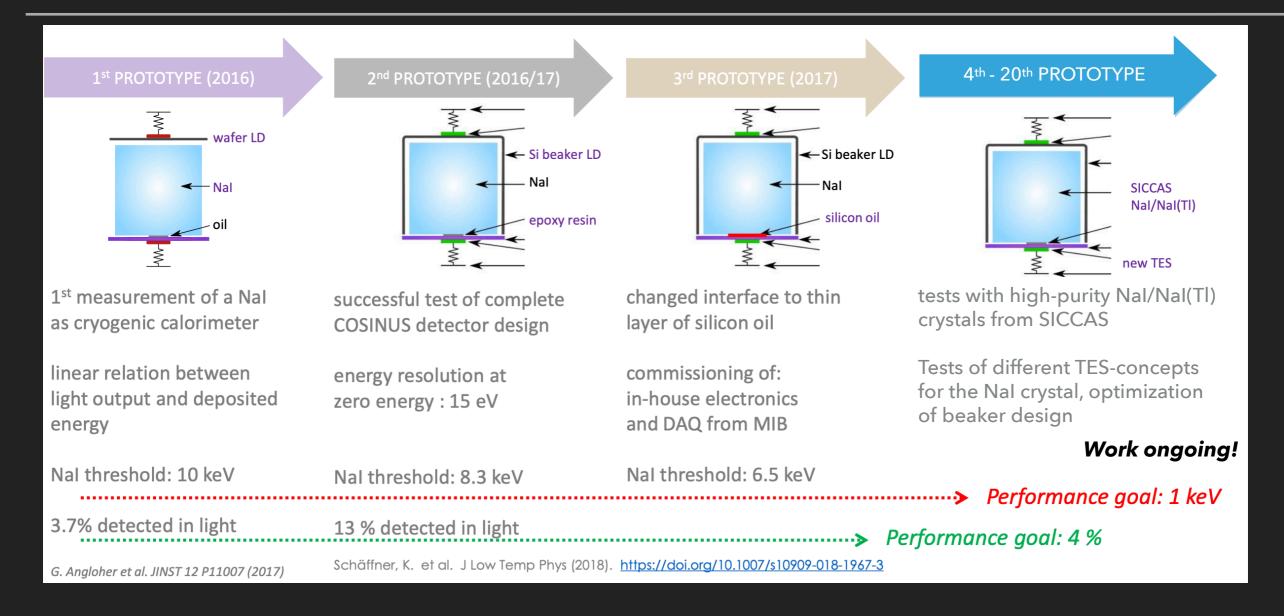
- Results from ANAIS & COSINE also in strong tension with DAMA
  - Physical review letters 123.3 (2019): 031302
  - Physical Review D 103.10 (2021): 102005

- Idea: Operate Nal crystals as cryogenic detectors
- Well-established technique
- Two channels, read out via TES sensors + SQUIDs:
  - Heat (phonons)
  - Scintillation light
- Example: "Beaker" design use Si beaker to collect light



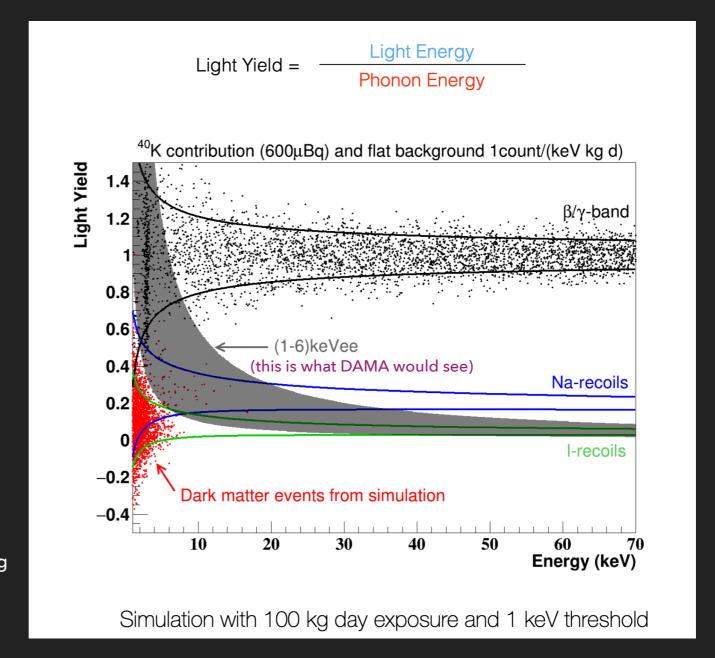


M. Stahlberg - COSINUS: Direct Search for Dark Matter with Cryogenic Nal Detectors, Patras Workshop 2021



- Crystals of few cubic centimeters (10-100g)
- Collaboration with SICCAS; production of high-purity NaI crystals

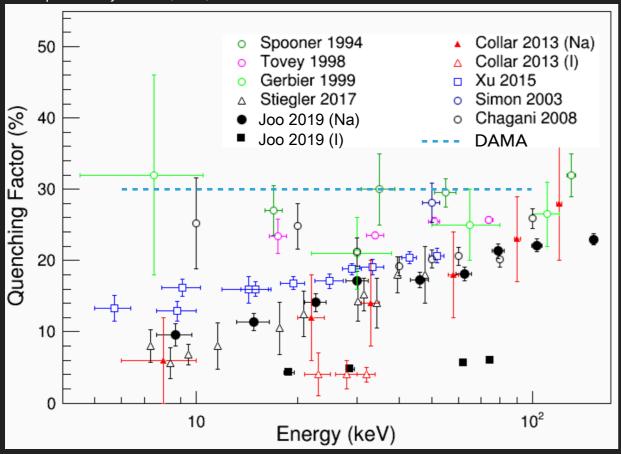
- With TES, achievable thresholds on the order of a few keV (in recoil energy)
- Additional scintillation light allows for particle discrimination
- Quenched bands



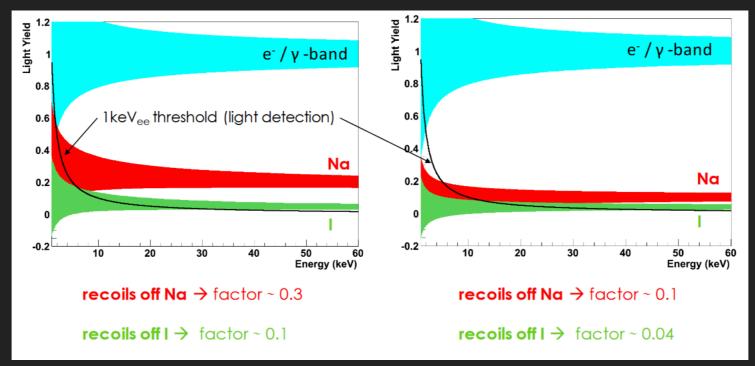
"The COSINUS project: perspectives of a NaI scintillating calorimeter for dark matter search."

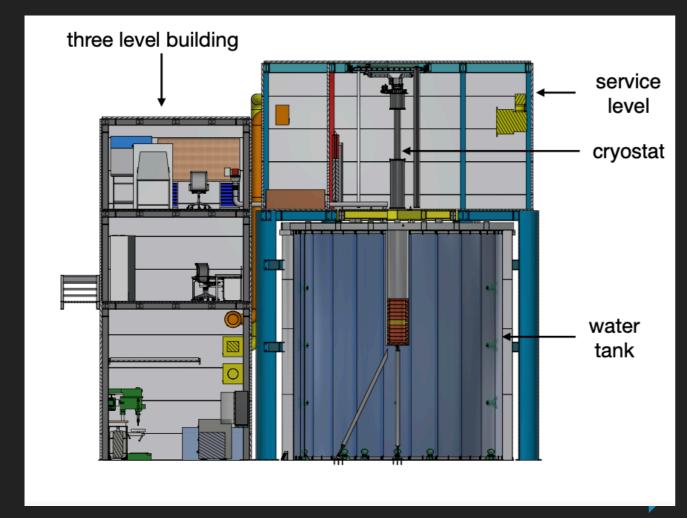
The European Physical Journal C 76.8 (2016): 1-7.

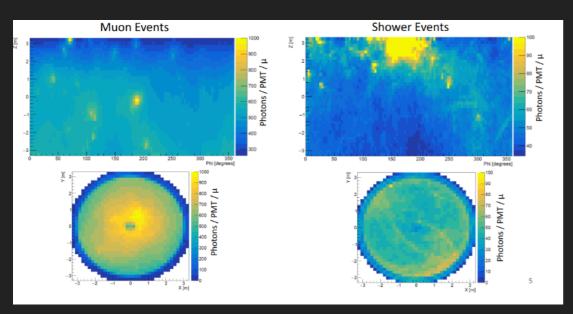
Modified from: Joo, H. W., et al. "Quenching factor measurement for NaI (TI) scintillation crystal." Astroparticle Physics 108 (2019): 50-56.



- Measurements of quenching factors (QF) at room temperature do not agree
- In particular, role of TI is unclear (usually crystals are doped)
- Strong influence of QF on signal interpretation
- COSINUS will provide the first cryogenic QF measurement for Nal







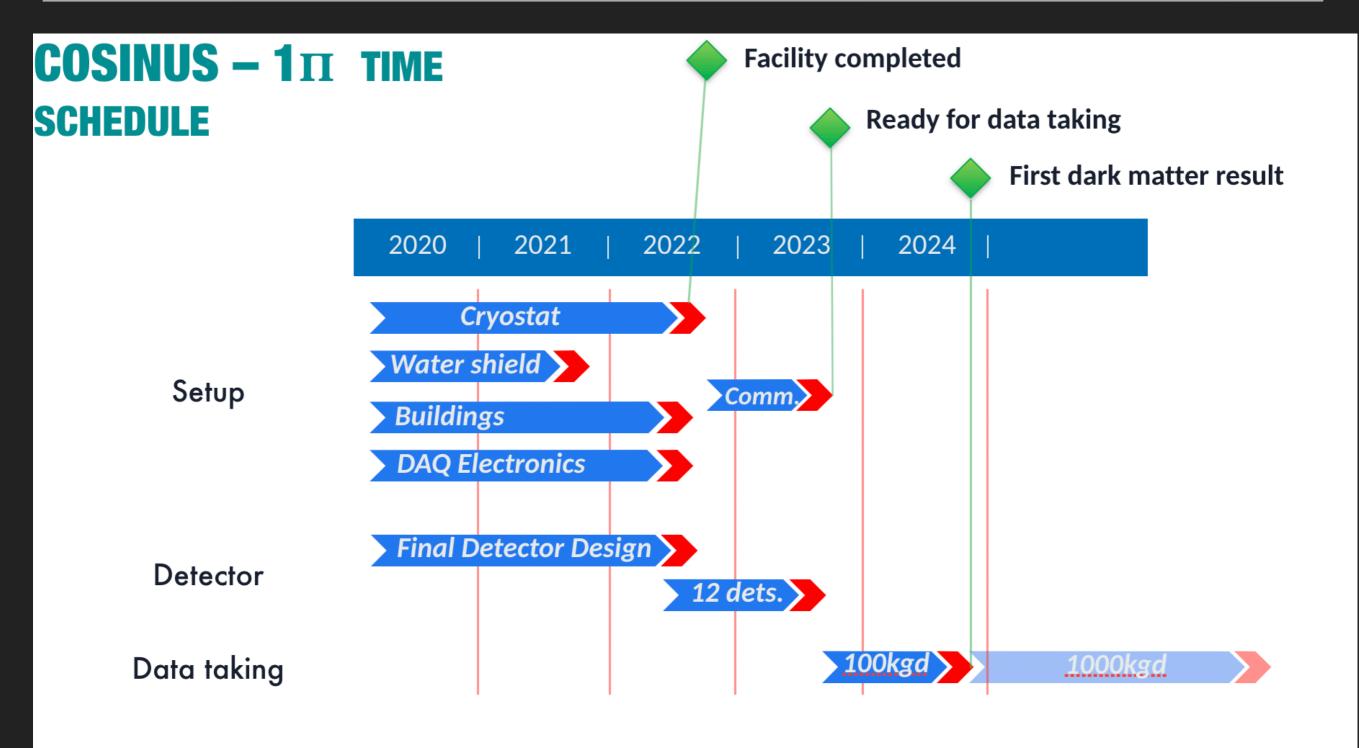
#### (GEANT simulation for muon veto)

#### Construction site:

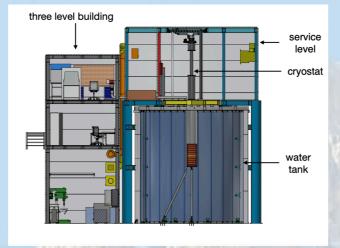
Laboratory Nazionali del Gran Sasso (Italy)

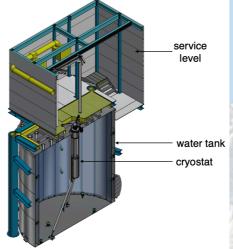
### <u>Planned facility:</u>

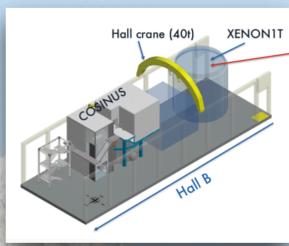
- ("Dry") cryostat with detector modules
- Cu shielding
- Water Cherenkov veto for active muon tagging
- Decoupling system to reduce vibrations
- Clean room for detector assembly



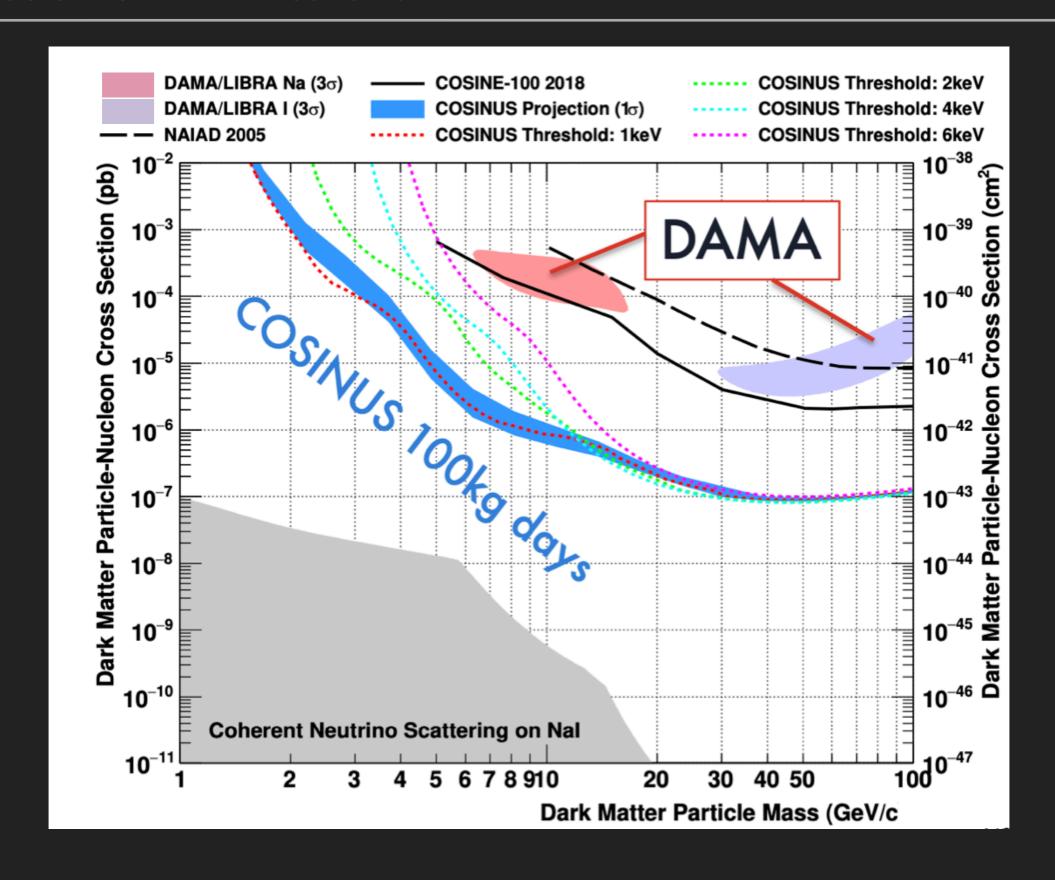












## **COSINUS** will provide:

- Cross-check of DAMA modulation using same target material (Nal) and highly radiopure crystals
- Dual-channel readout, threshold of few keV
- Model-independent check (with sufficient exposure)
- First application of Nal as cryogenic detector

- Construction of COSINUS facilities started
- Expecting first data in 2023

▶ Thank you!

▶ COSINUS detectors provide background discrimination on event-by-event basis!

