

# SPring-8/LEPS2 experiment to search for the K-pp bound state



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# Introduction



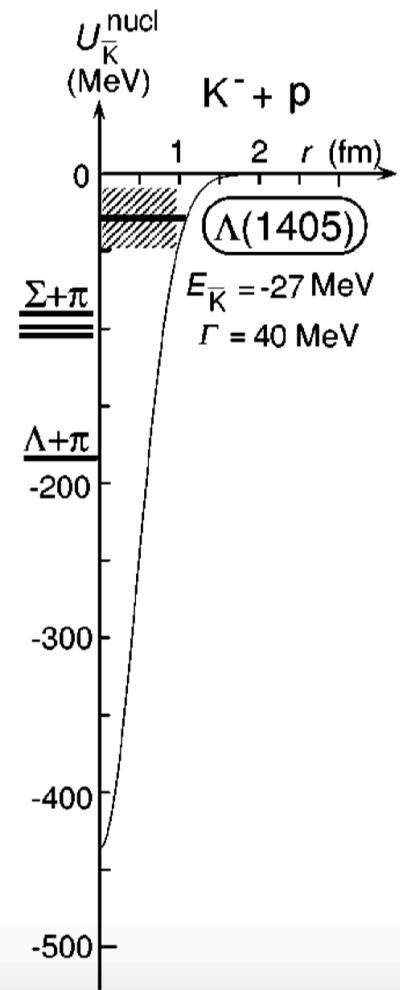
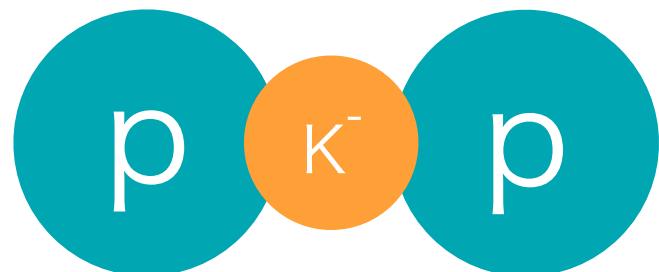
# Physics Motivation

## $\bar{K}N$ interaction

It is known that  $\bar{K}N$  interaction is attractive from Kaonic-hydrogen X-ray data and  $\bar{K}N$  scattering data.

Y. Akaishi and T. Yamazaki calculated  $\bar{K}N$  potential.

- $\bar{K}N$  interaction is strongly attractive.
- **Kaonic nucleus** can exist.
- The simplest kaonic nucleus
  - … **K-pp bound state**



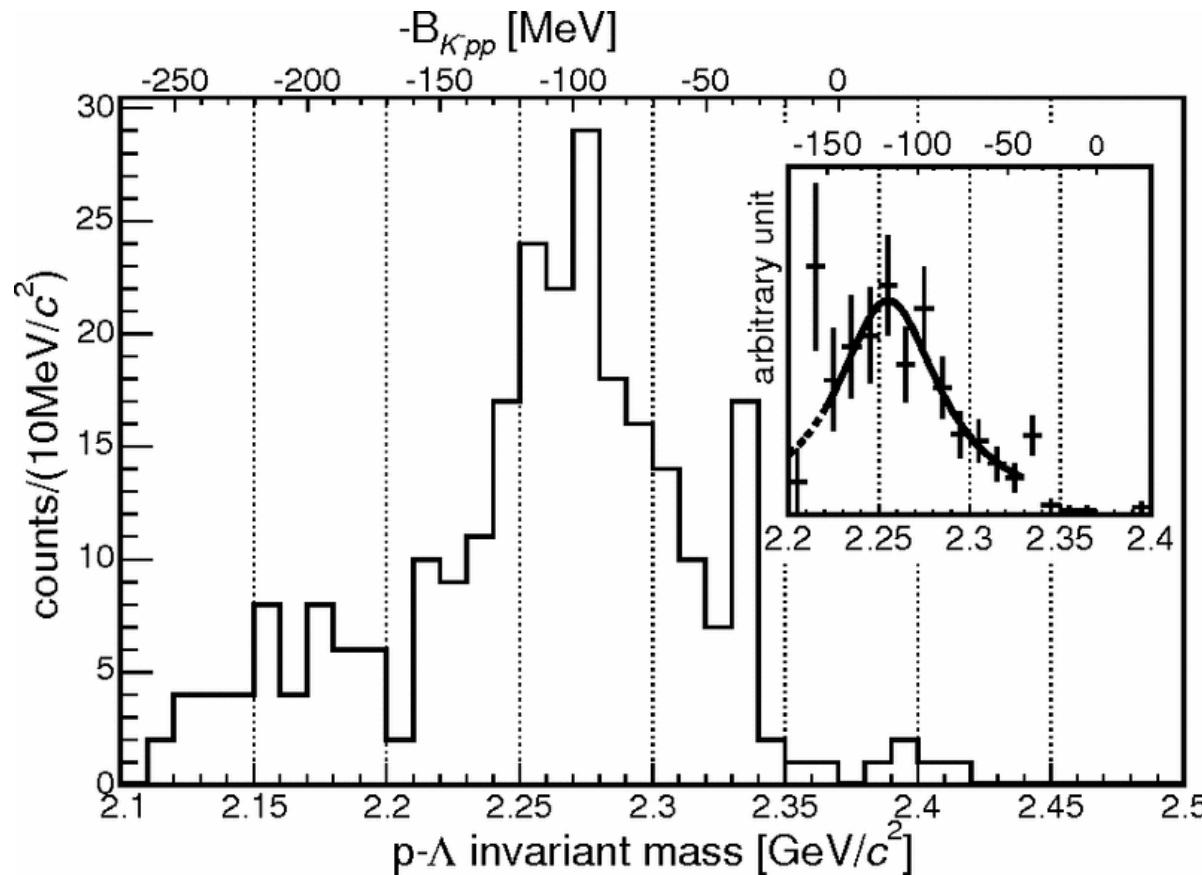
# Physics Motivation

## Search for K-pp bound state

FINUDA at DAΦNE

stopped K- reaction (target :  ${}^6Li$ ,  ${}^7Li$ ,  ${}^{12}C$  ...)

invariant mass spectrum ( $\Lambda p$ )



B.E. :  $115^{+6}_{-5}(stat)^{+3}_{-4}(syst) \text{ MeV}$

$\Gamma$  :  $67^{+14}_{-11}(stat)^{+2}_{-3}(syst) \text{ MeV}$

# Physics Motivation

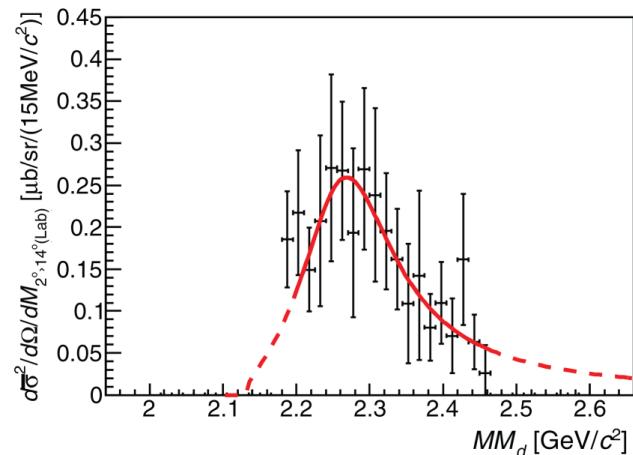
## Search for K-pp bound state

J-PARC E27

- $\pi^+d \rightarrow K^+X$
- missing mass spectrum + identification of final state ( $\Sigma^0 p$ )

B.E. :  $95^{+18}_{-17}(stat)^{+20}_{-21}(syst)$  MeV

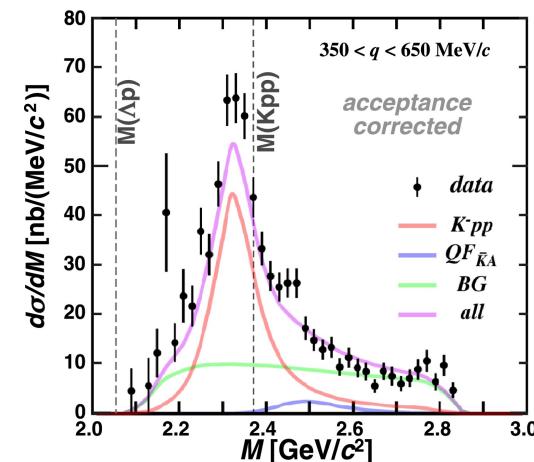
$\Gamma$  :  $162^{+87}_{-45}(stat)^{+66}_{-78}(syst)$  MeV



- $K^- {}^3\text{He} \rightarrow nX$
- missing mass spectrum + invariant mass spectrum ( $\Lambda p$ )

B.E. :  $47^{+3}_{-3}(stat)^{+3}_{-6}(syst)$  MeV

$\Gamma$  :  $115^{+7}_{-7}(stat)^{+10}_{-20}(syst)$  MeV



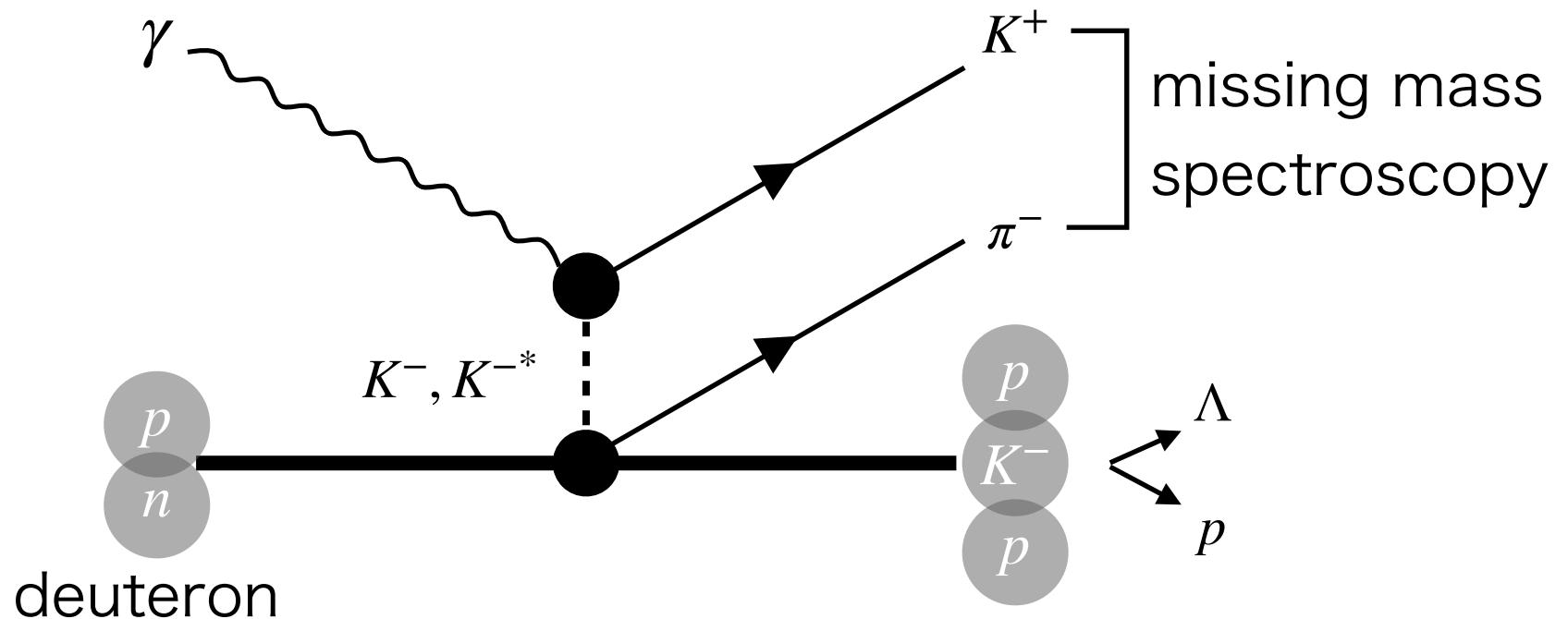
Y. ichikawa *et al.*, Prog. Theor. Exp. Phys (2015) 021D01

S. Ajimura *et al.*, Phys. Lett. B 789, 620-625(2019)

# Physics Motivation

**Search for K-pp bound state via photo production**

LEPS at SPring-8



$E_\gamma = 1.5 - 2.4 \text{ GeV}$ , intensity  $\sim 10^6 \text{ cps}$ , acceptance region  $< 20^\circ$

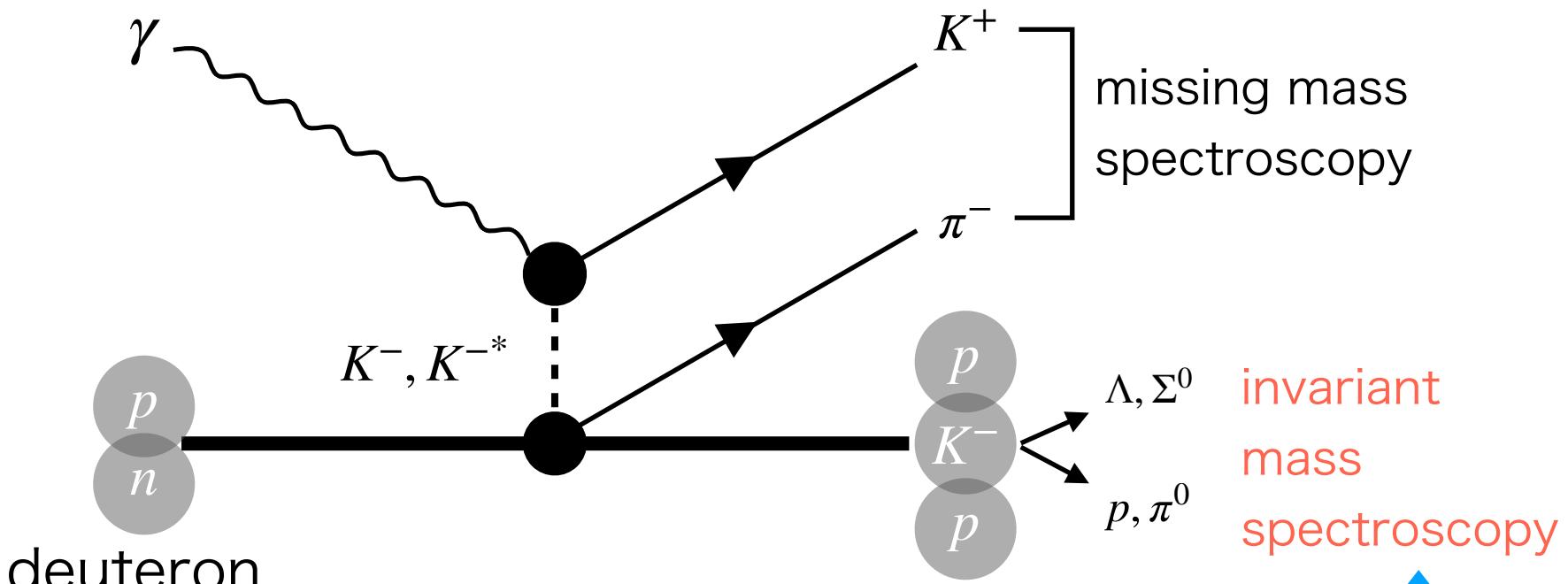
upper limits of differential cross section for  $\Gamma = 20, 60, 100 \text{ MeV}$

…  $(0.17 - 0.55) \mu\text{b}$ ,  $(0.55 - 1.7) \mu\text{b}$ ,  $(1.1 - 2.9) \mu\text{b}$

# Physics Motivation

**Search for K-pp bound state via photo production**

LEPS2 at SPring-8



we can reduce main background :  $\gamma p \rightarrow K^+ \Lambda(1520)$ ,  $\gamma p/n \rightarrow K^+ \pi^- \pi^0 \Lambda/\Sigma$

$E_\gamma = 1.5 - 2.9 \text{ GeV}$ , intensity  $\sim 5 \times 10^6 \text{ cps}$

acceptance region (charged particle) :  $7 - 110^\circ$

acceptance region (gamma ray) :  $40 - 110^\circ$

# SPring-8

## Super Photon Ring - 8 GeV

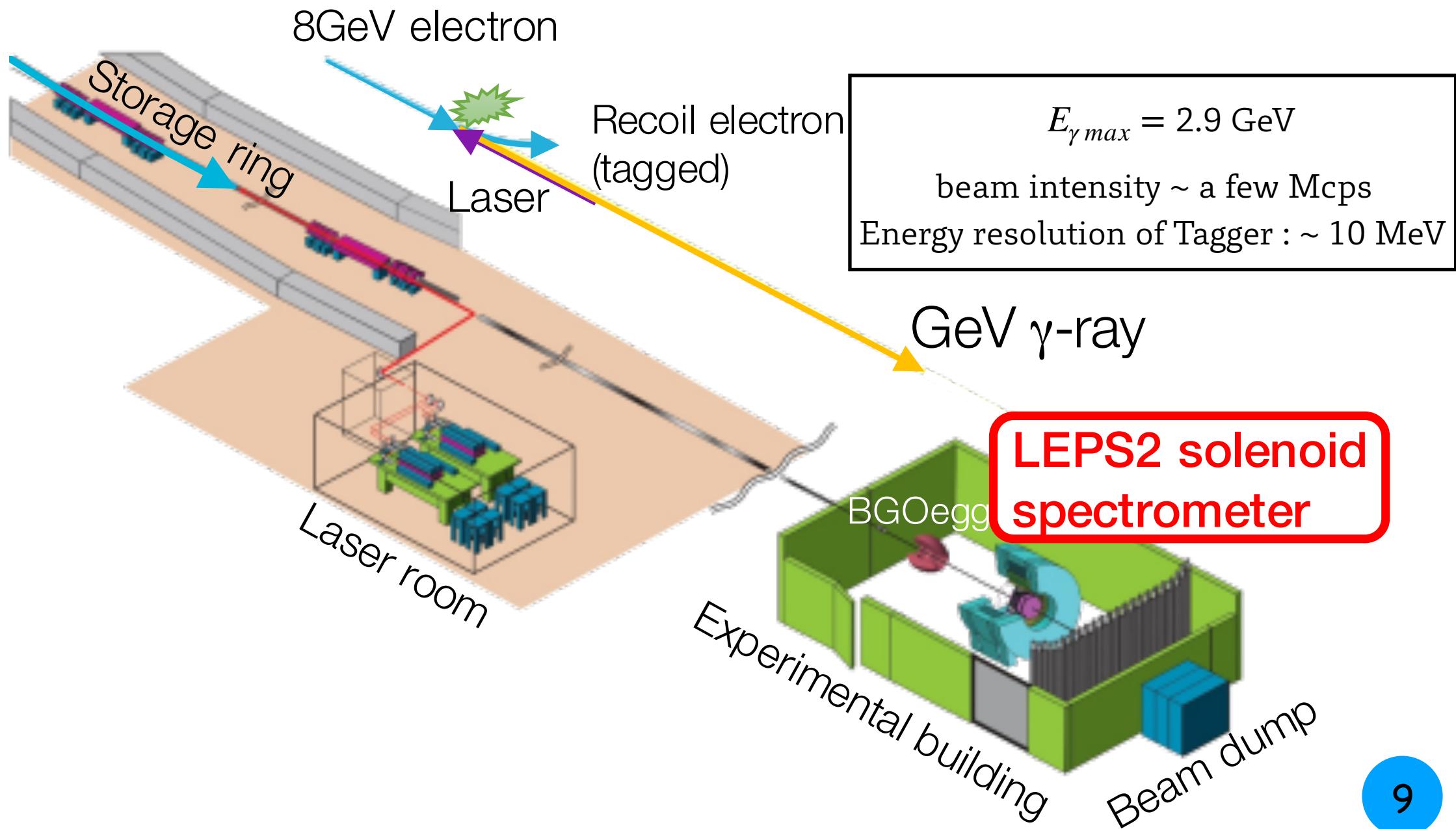
Diameter : ~ 457 m  
Beam energy : 8 GeV  
Beam current : 100 mA

LEPS2 building      8 GeV storage ring

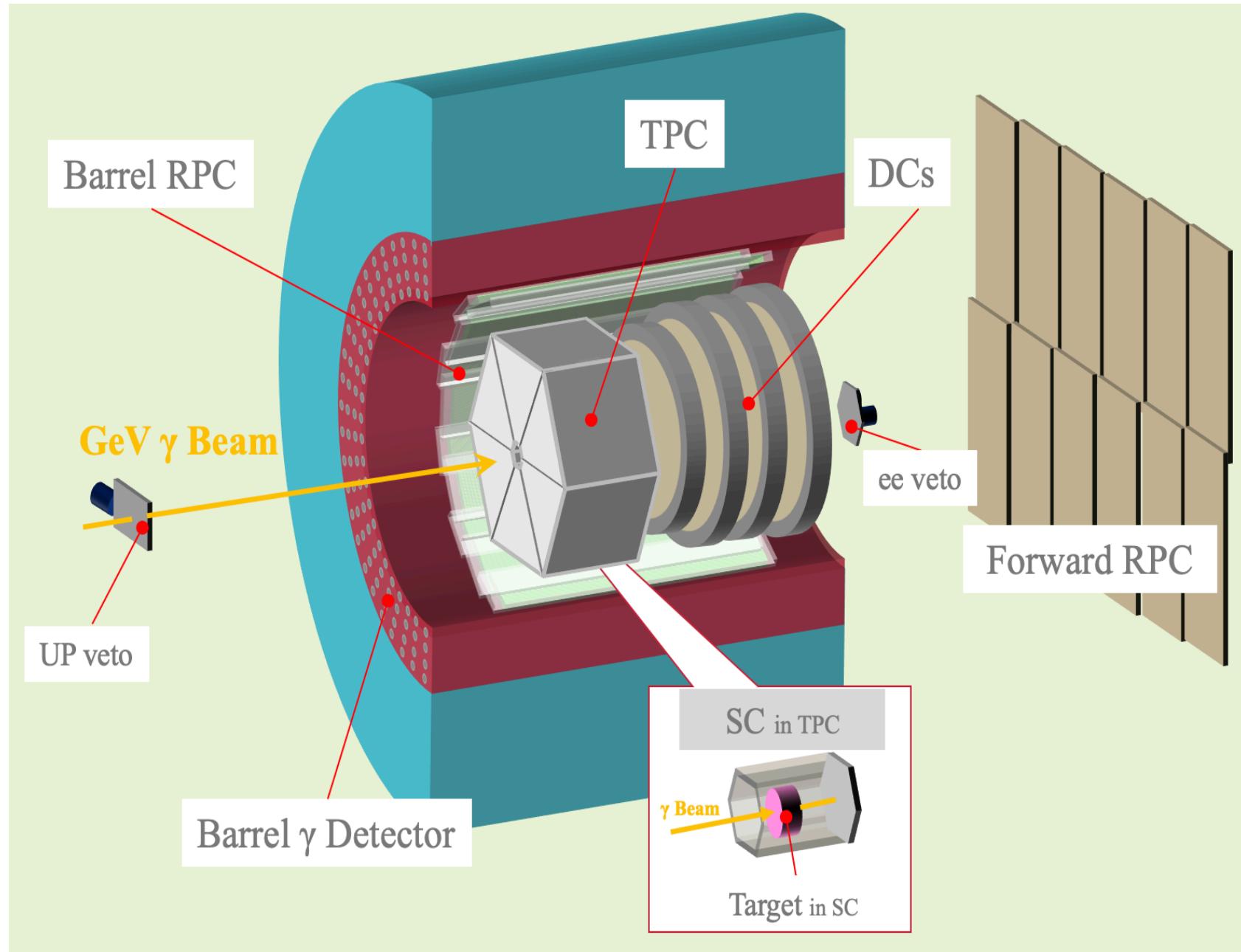
e<sup>-</sup>



# LEPS2 beamline

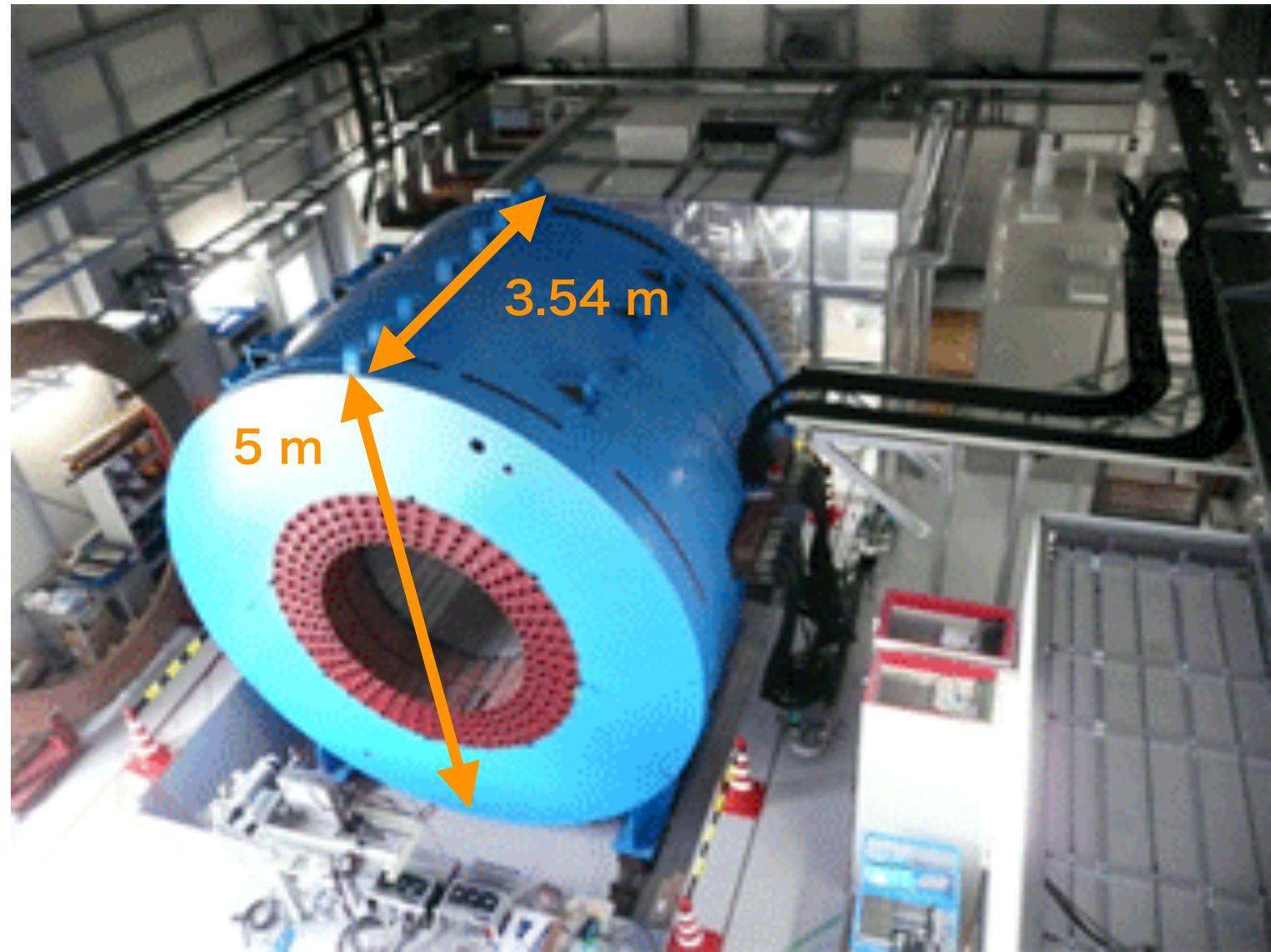


# LEPS2 solenoid



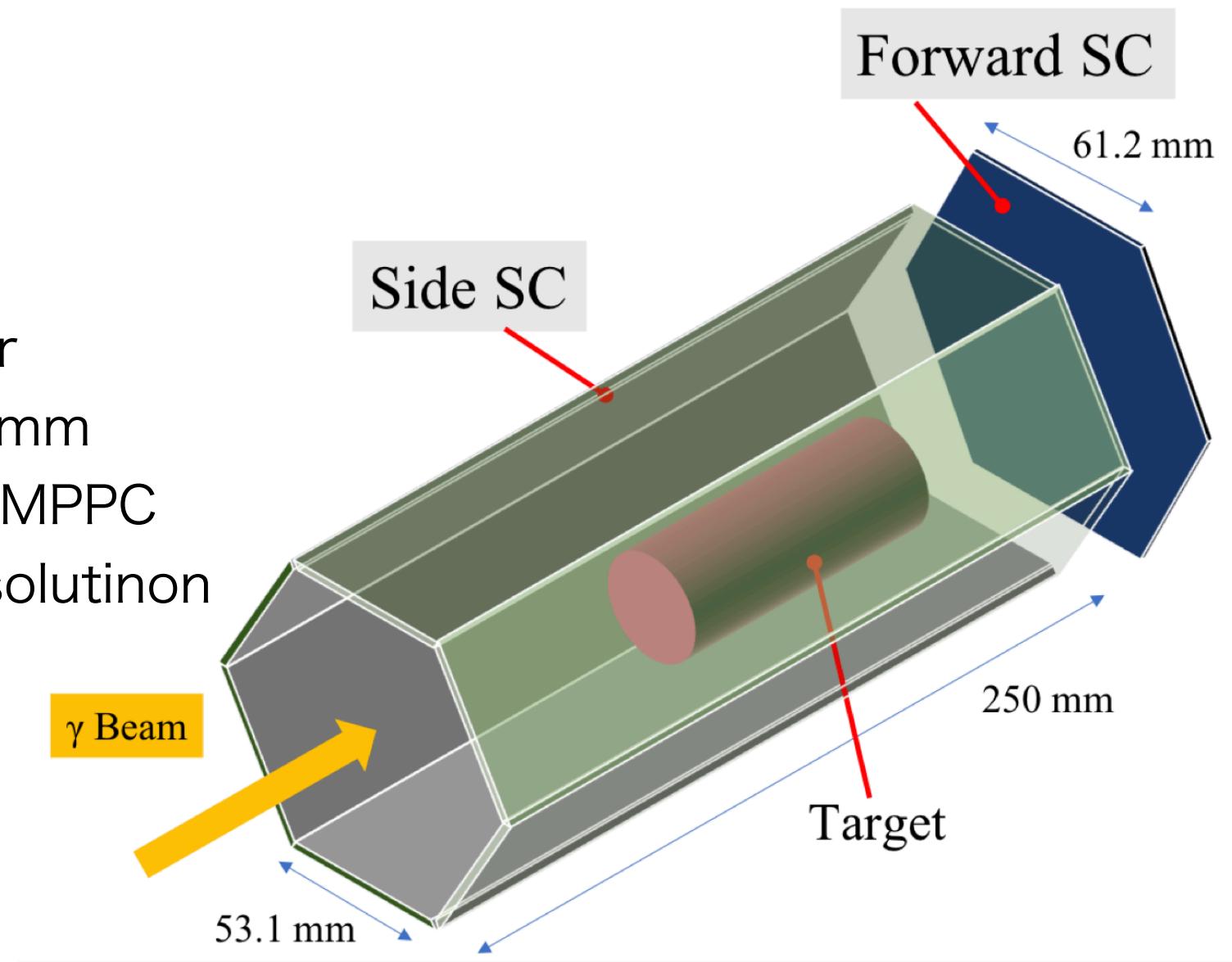
# Solenoid magnet

- E949 at BNL
- weight : ~ 400 t
- $B = 1 \text{ T}$

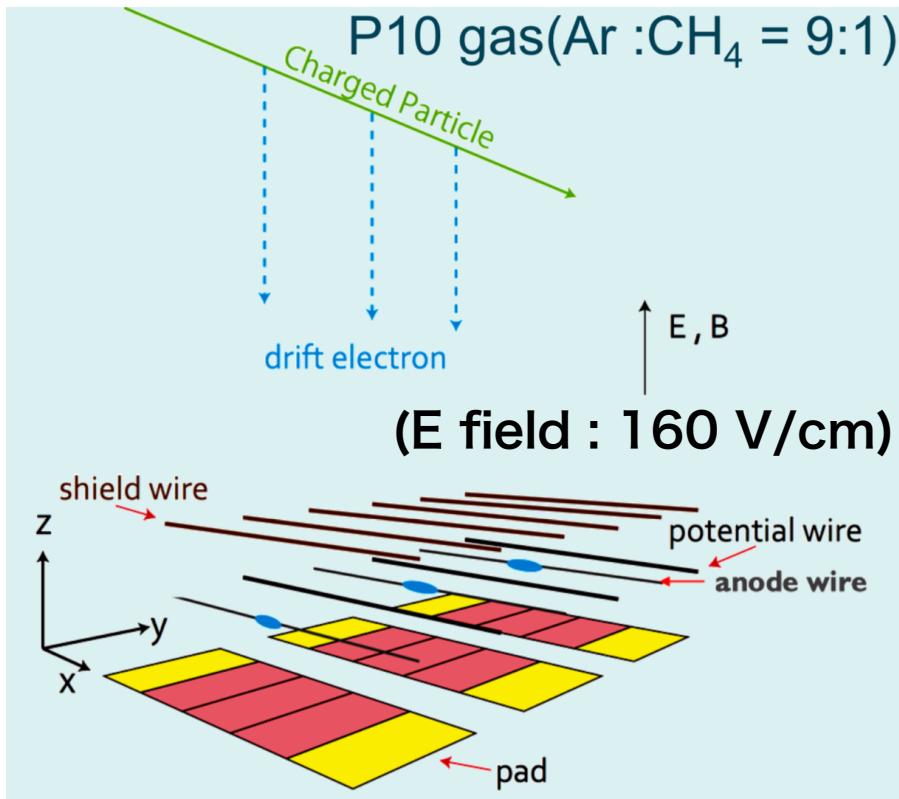


# Start Counter (SC)

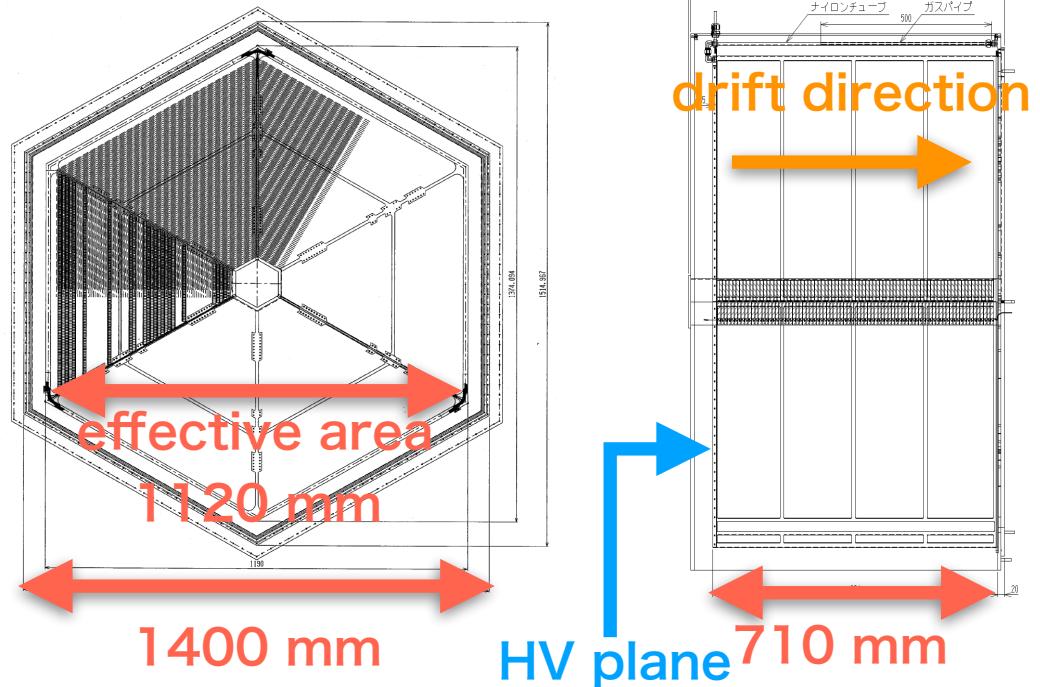
- Plastic Scintillator
  - Thickness : 4 mm
- Photo detector : MPPC
- typical timing resolution  
… 300 ps



# Time Projection Chamber (TPC)

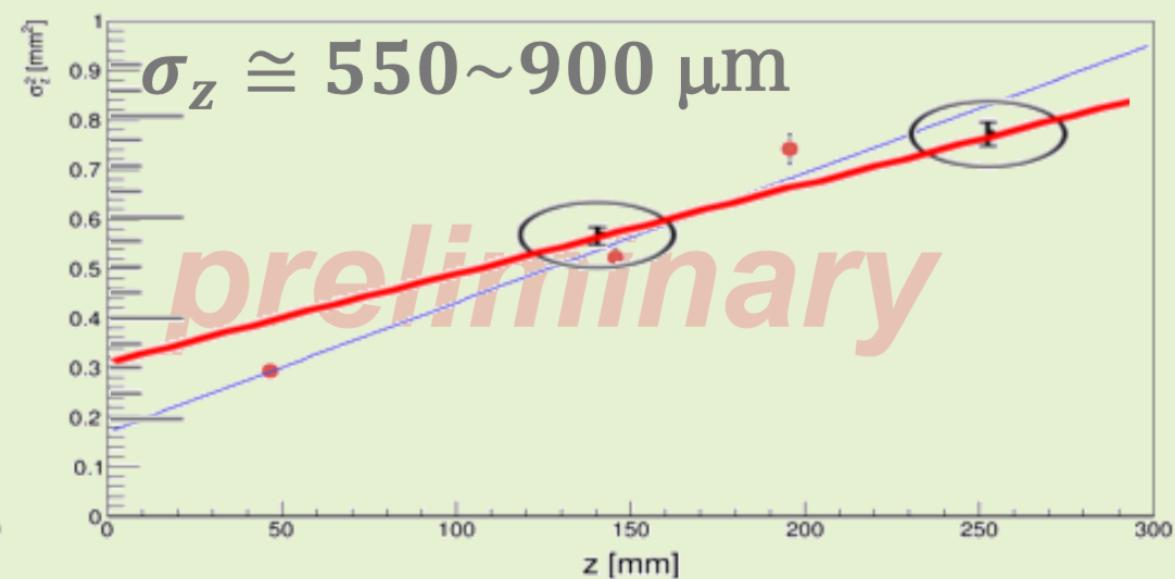
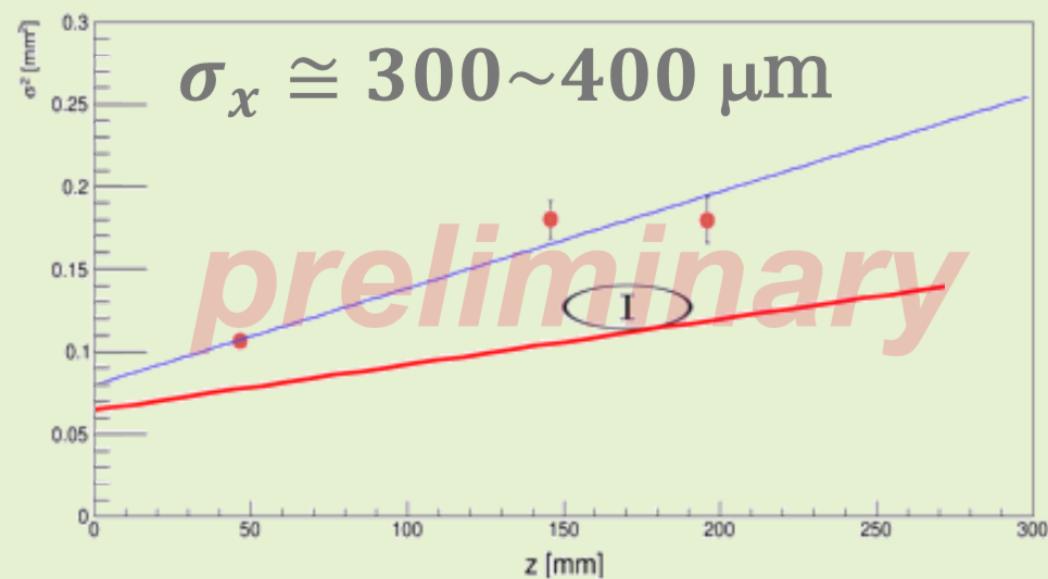
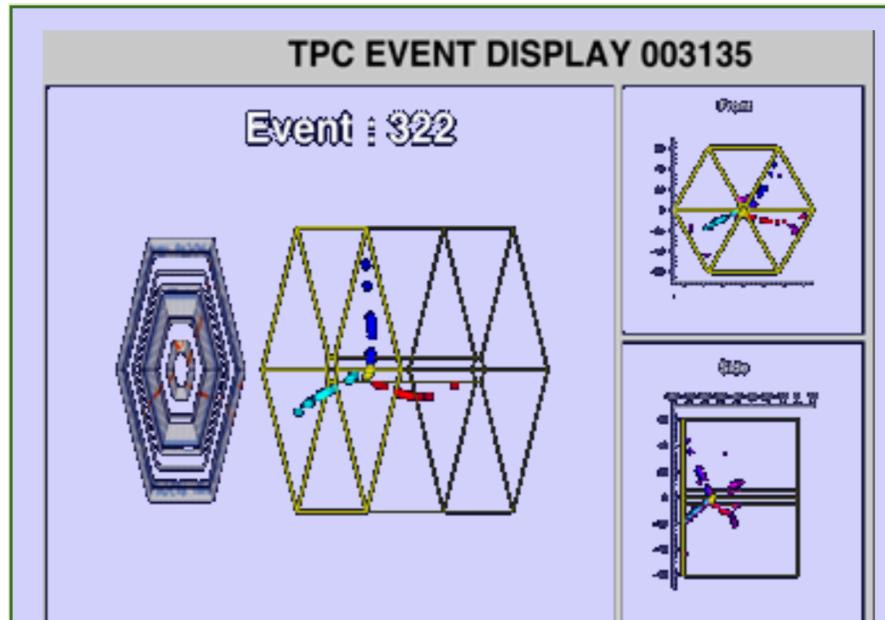


- x position
  - … the center of charge in pads
- y position
  - … the center of layer
- z position
  - … the drift time of electron

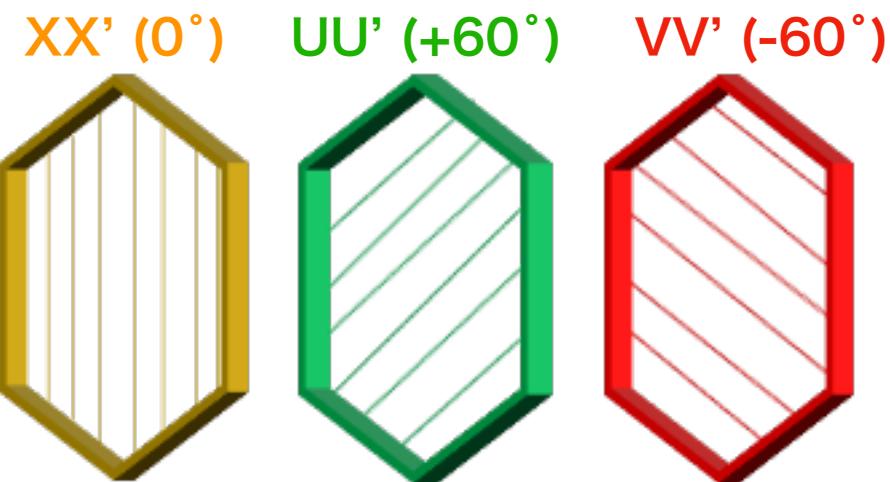


- Pad size
  - x : 4.6 mm, y : 10 mm
- Pad layer : 24 layers
- Pad number : 10830 pads

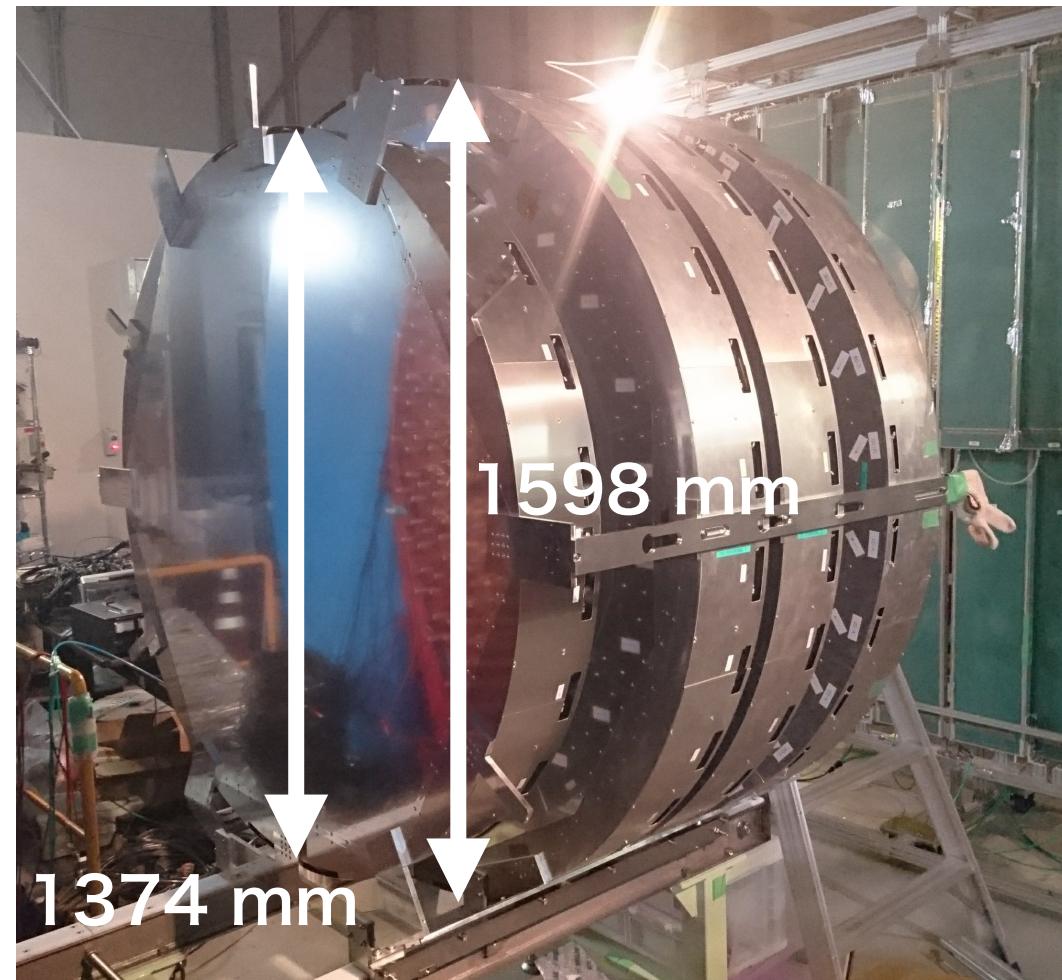
# Position resolution of TPC



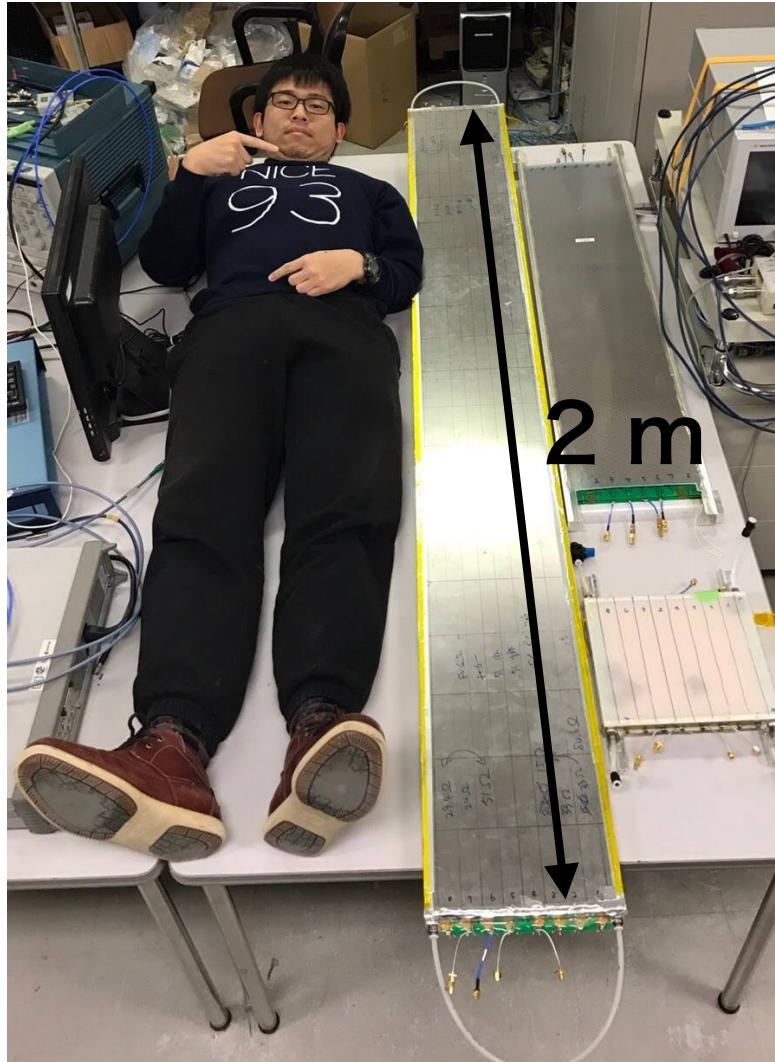
# Drift Chamber (DC)



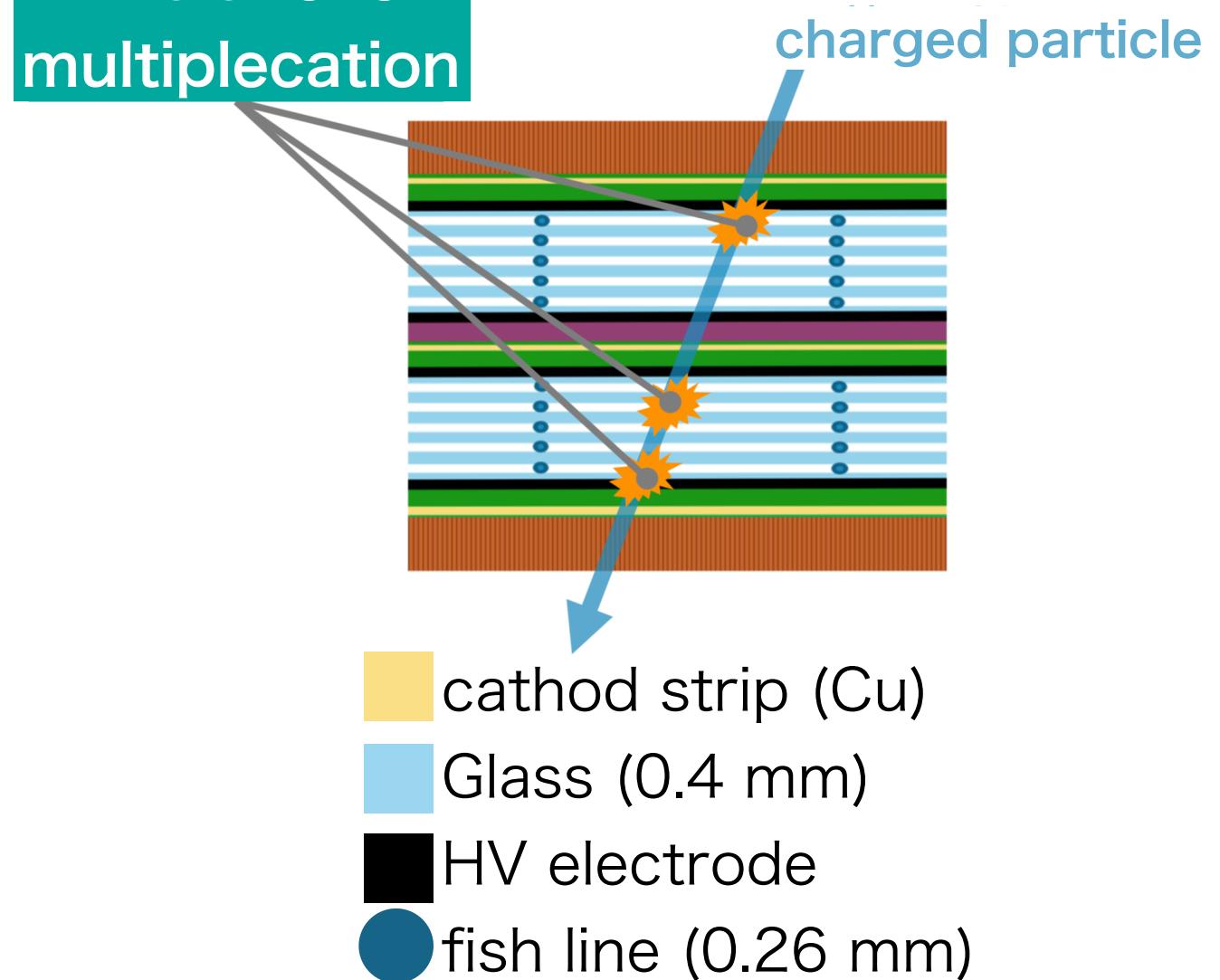
- $80 \text{ ch/layer} \times 6 \text{ layer} = 480 \text{ ch}$
- Position resolution < 150  $\mu\text{m}$



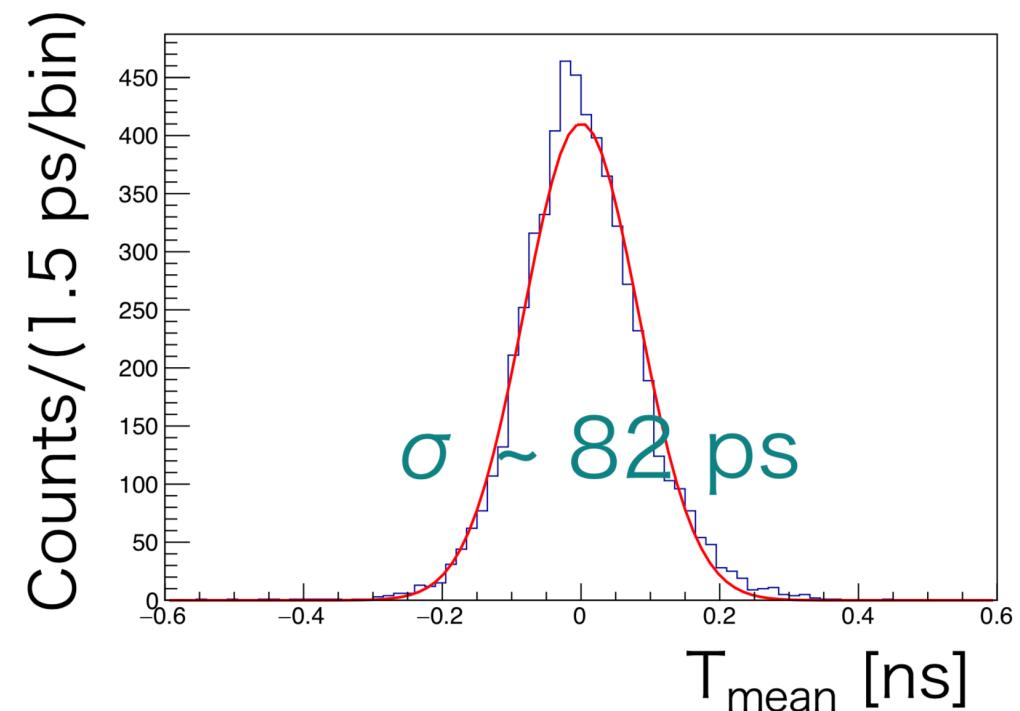
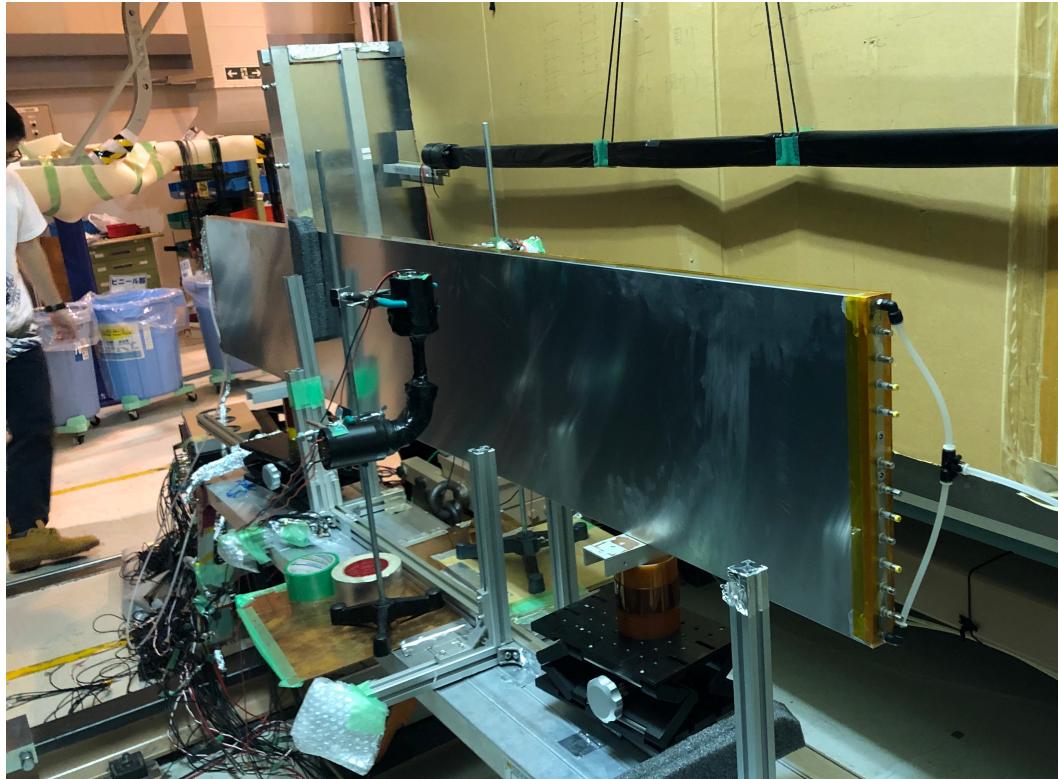
# Resistive Plate Chamber (RPC)



Avalanche  
multiplication

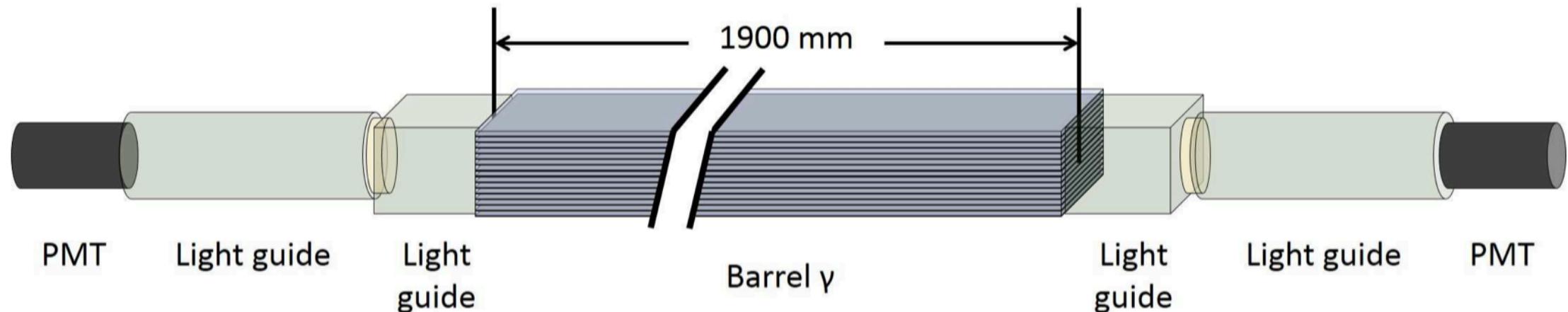


# Time resolution of RPC



Typical time resolution : 70 ps

# Barrel Gamma detector



- Lead (1 mm)
- Plastic scintillator (5 mm)
- 48 modules/layer × 4 layers
  - … length of 4 layers :  $14.3 X_0$
- 2 layers are installed now.



# Aerogel Cherenkov counter

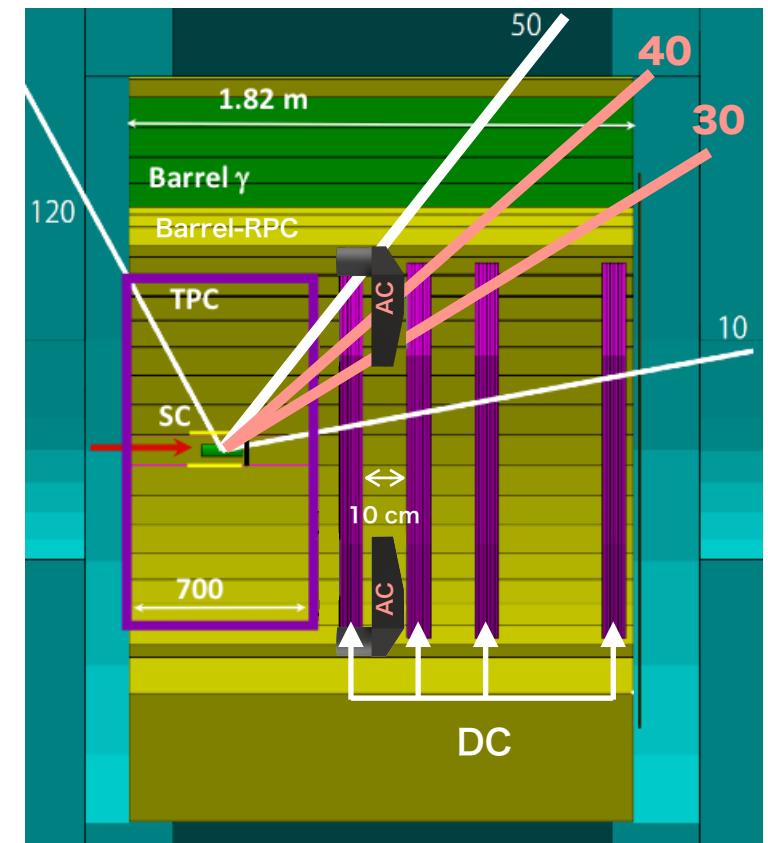
Purpose : separate  $\pi$ /K in the momentum region 1 - 2 GeV/c

- This region cannot separate clearly using RPC-TOF system.

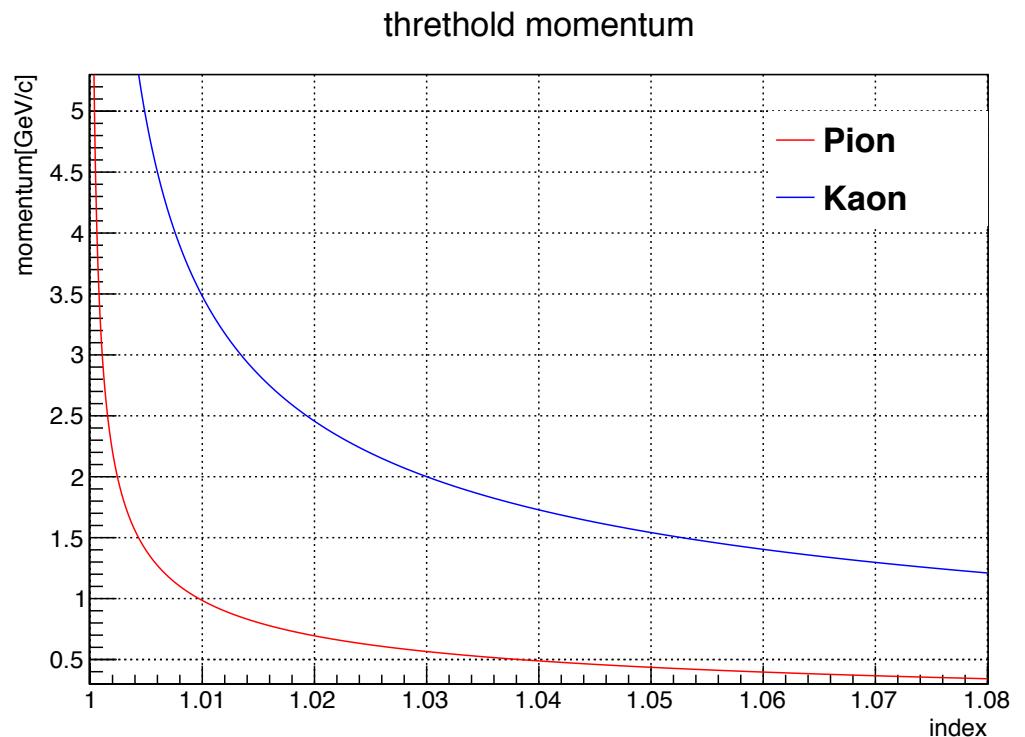
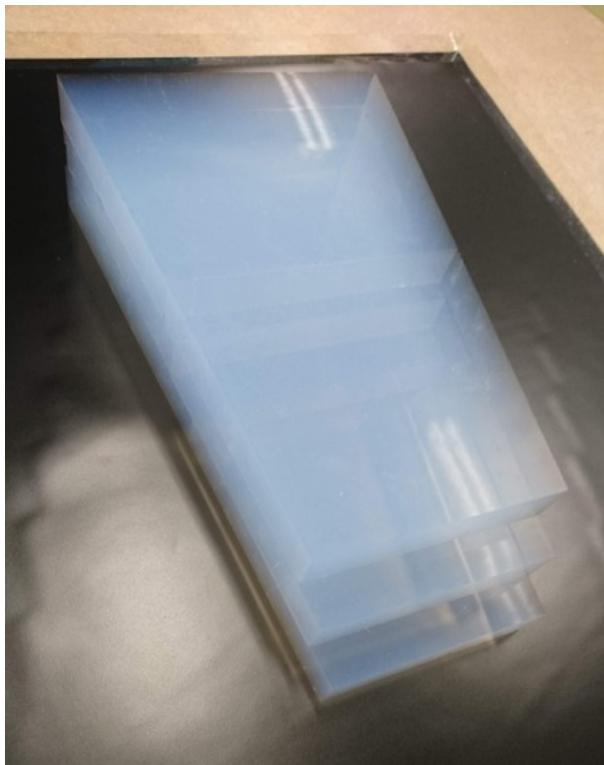
Requirement

- $\pi$  detection efficiency > 95%
- acceptance region :  $30^\circ$  -  $40^\circ$
- install in the small gap (10 cm)
- work in the magnetic field
- minimize the material budget

→ We use aerogel and fine-mesh PMTs.



# Aerogel



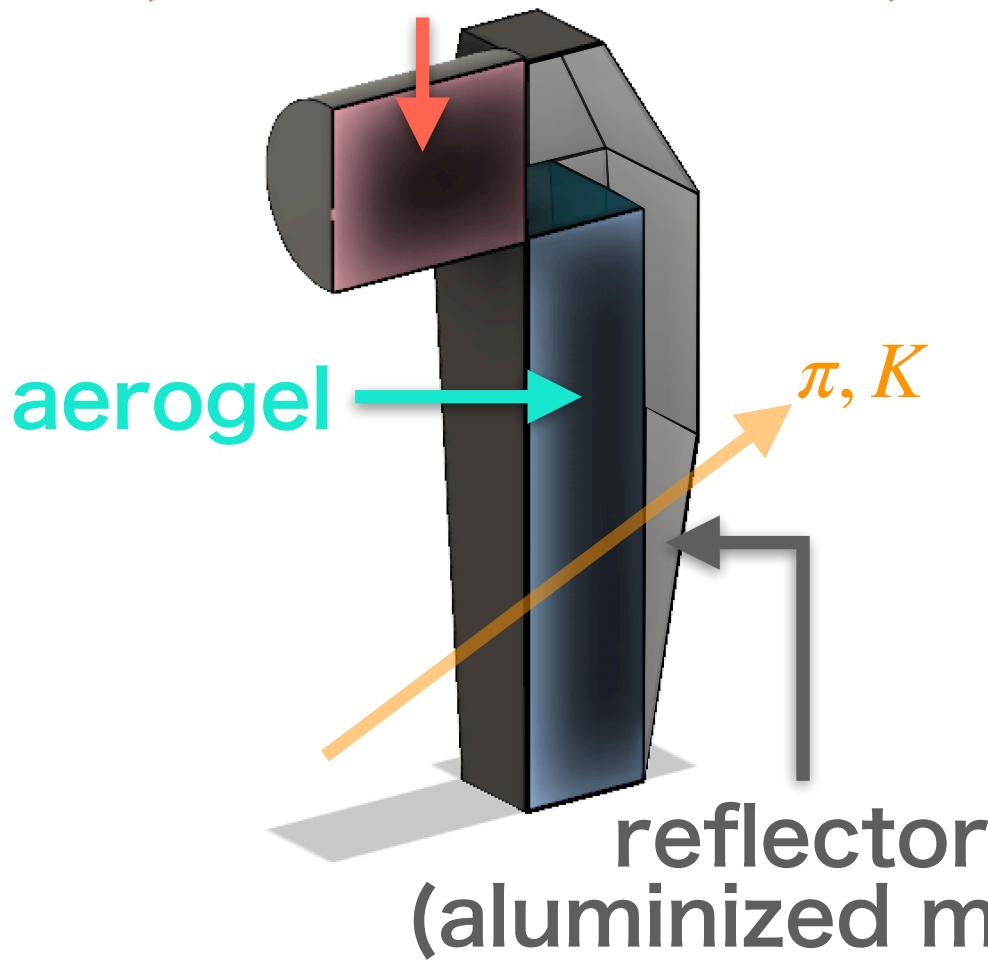
Threshold velocity and momentum

$$\beta_{th} = \frac{1}{n}, p_{th} = \frac{m}{\sqrt{n^2 - 1}}$$

$$n \text{ (refractive index)} = 1.03$$

# Shape of AC

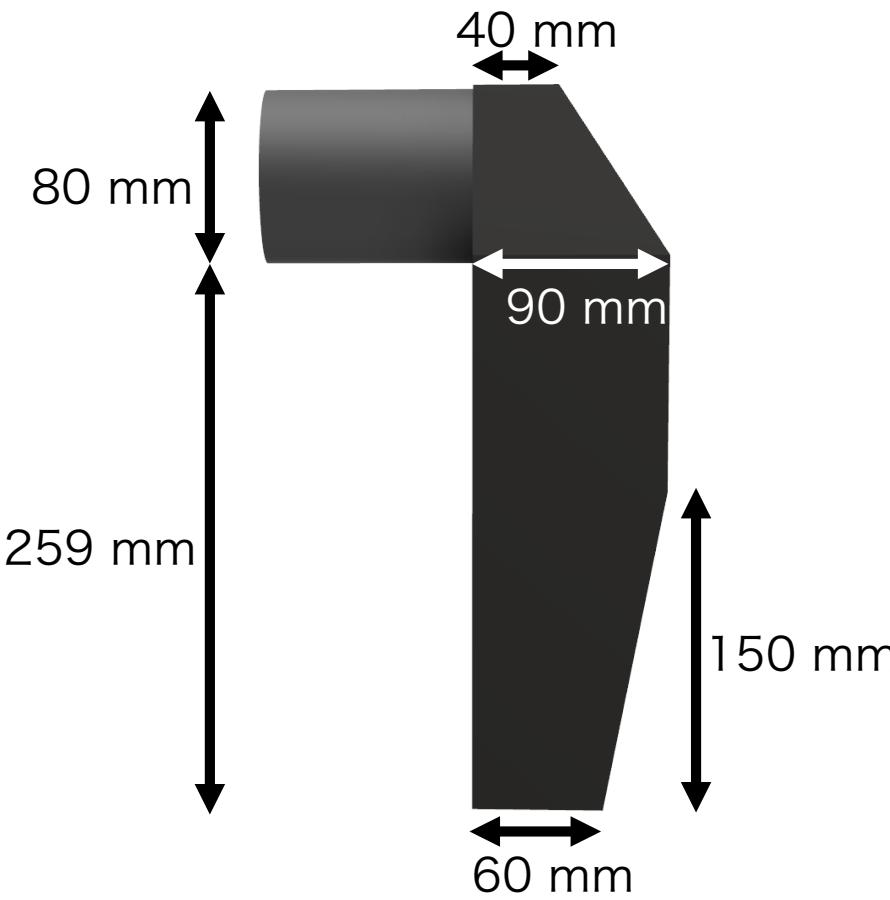
3 inch Fine mesh PMT  
(HAMAMATSU R5543)



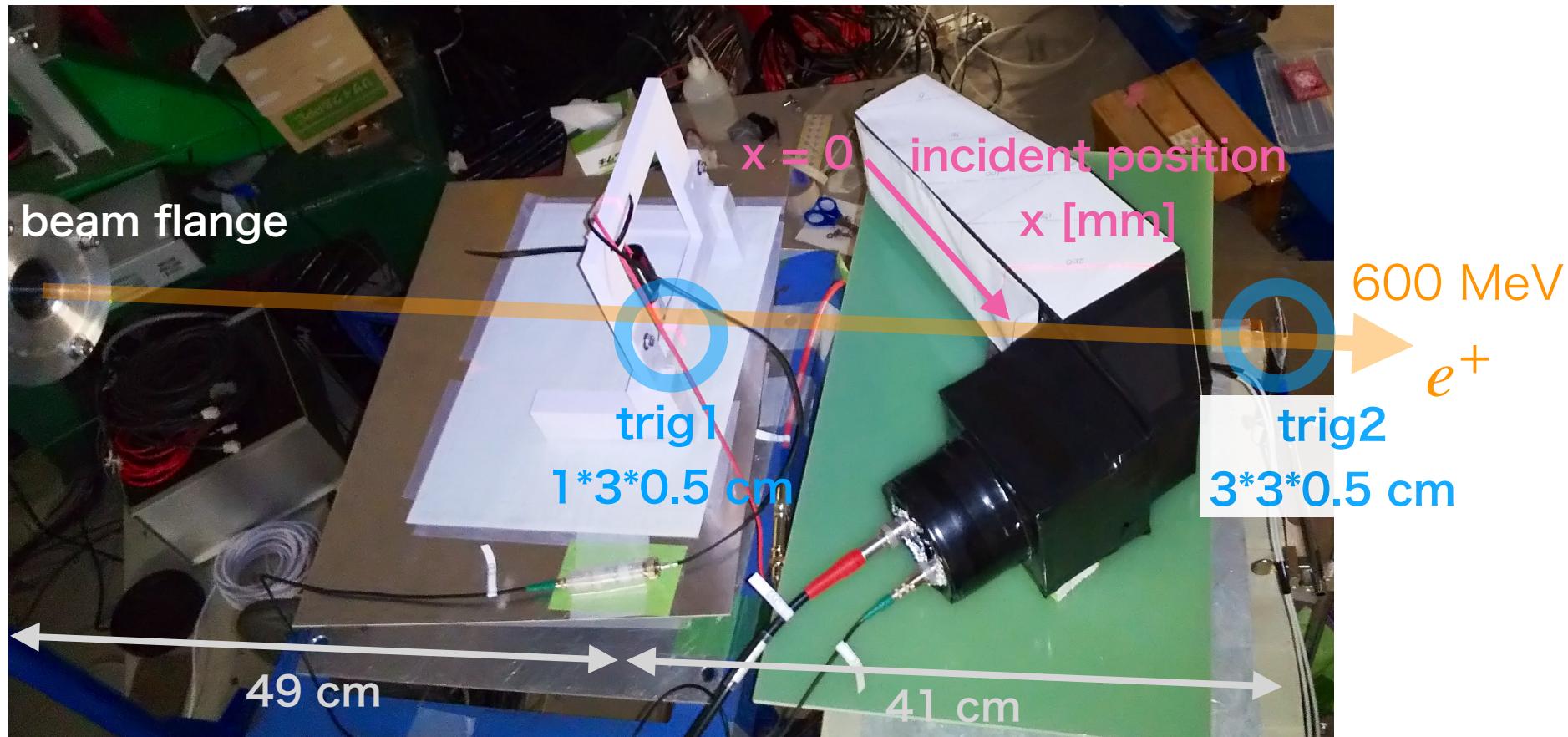
front view



side view



# positron beam test @ELPH

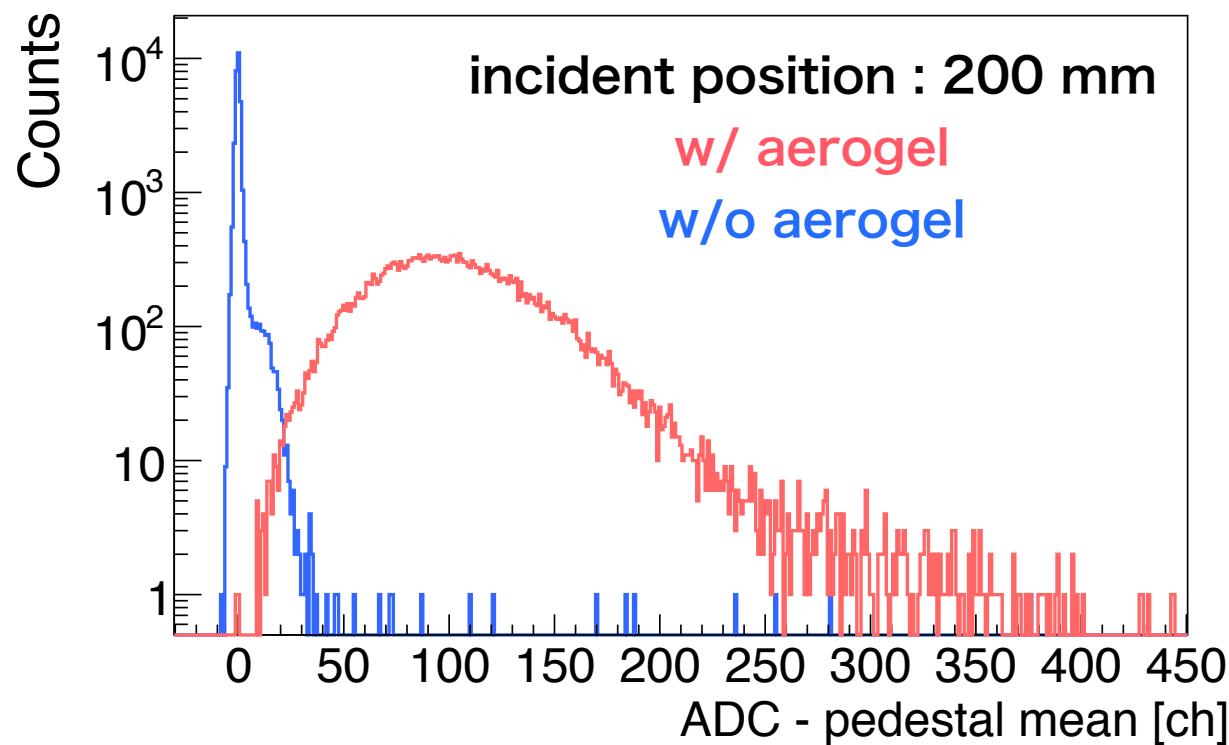


- trigger : trig1 & trig2
- trigger rate : ~ 80 Hz
- incident position [mm]
  - w/ aerogel : 0,50,100,150,200
  - w/o aerogel : 0,100,200

# $\pi$ detection efficiency

Charge distribution (w/ aerogel or w/o aerogel)

…estimate  $\pi$  detection efficiency or K misidentification probability



$\pi$  detection efficiency > 95%

K misidentification probability < 10%

# Status and Schedule

main detectors	status
SC	installed
TPC	under repair
DC	installed
RPC	Mass production was finished.
AC	will be installed in Jan
Barrel gamma	installed

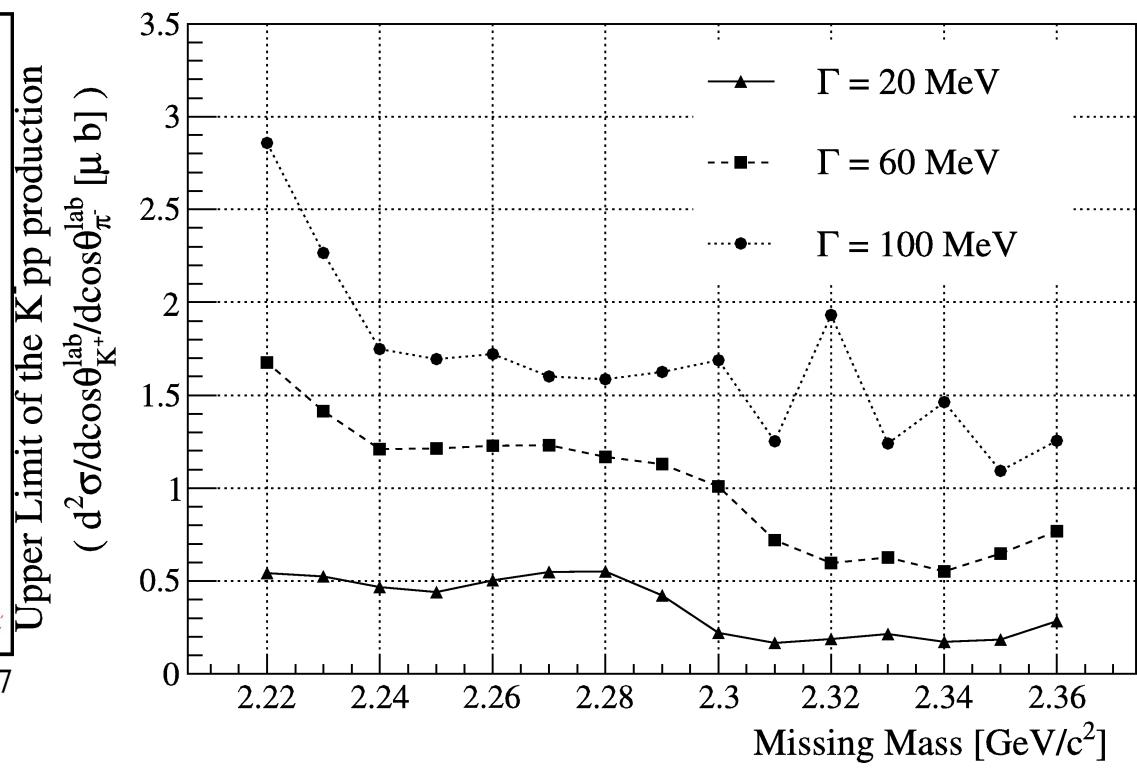
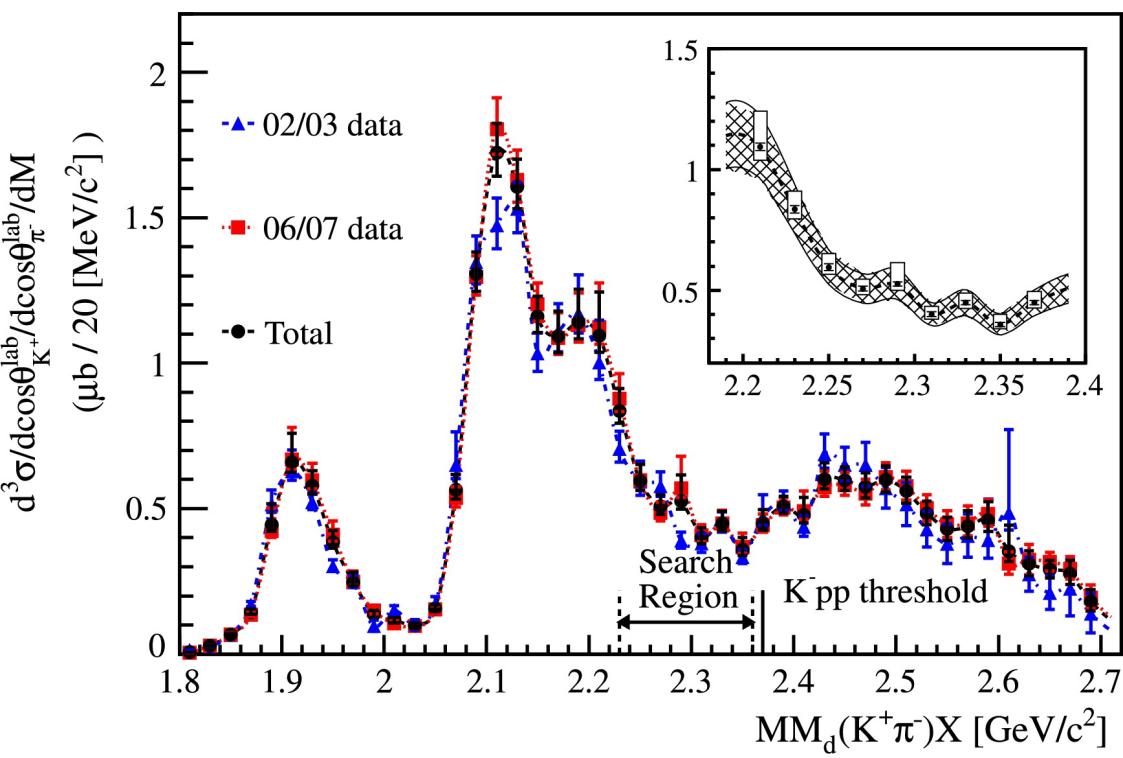
Commissioning is performed until the end of this FY.  
Physics data will be taken from next FY !

# Summary

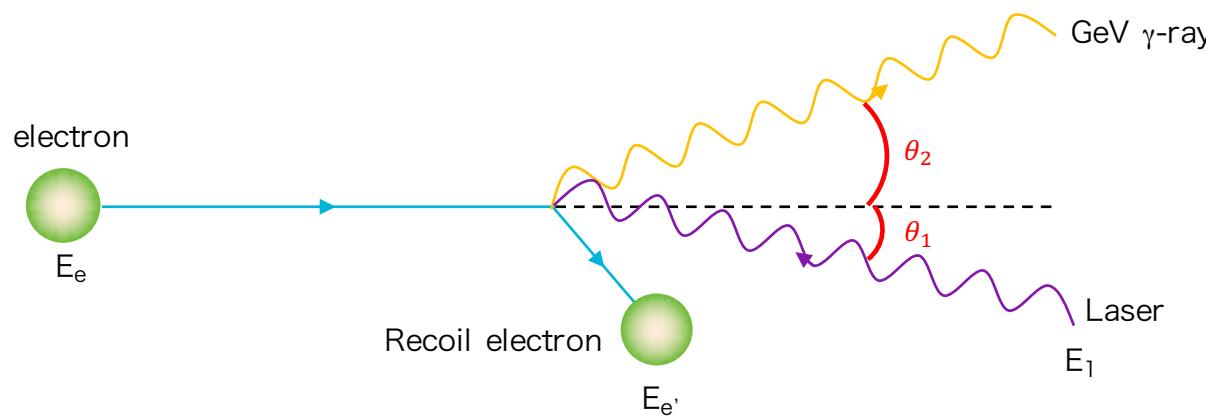
- $\bar{K}N$  interaction is strongly attractive.
  - Kaonic nuclei can exist. The simplest one is K-pp bound state.
- A signal of the K-pp bound state has been observed at J-PARC.
  - However, the property of the bound state has not been determined yet. A new experiment with different production channel, such as photo production, is important.
  - LEPS2 experiment : We will search for K-pp bound state via photo production.
- Almost all detectors are already installed in the solenoid magnet. Commissioning is ongoing now.
- Physics data will be taken from next FY.

appendix

# results of LEPS



# $\gamma$ ray generated by backward Compton scattering



$$E_\gamma = E_1 \frac{1 - \beta \cos \theta_1}{(1 - \beta \cos \theta_2) + \frac{E_1}{E_e} (1 - \cos(\theta_2 - \theta_1))}$$

$E_{\gamma max} \sim 2.9 \text{ GeV}$  (laser wave length : 266 nm)

$E_{\gamma max} \sim 2.4 \text{ GeV}$  (laser wave length : 355 nm)

