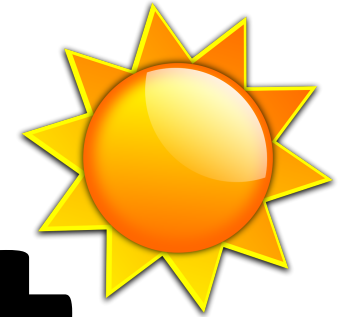


Conclusions

Compact



| | | Goals | DC | S vb | S mc | C vb | S/X | X mc |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-----------|----------|---------|---------|--------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Charge (Q) | pC | 75 | 10 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| Beam energy | Me V | 300 | 270 | 313 | 280 | 346/341 | 300 | 300 |
| rms bunch length (σ_t) | fs | 350 | 700 | 367 | 300 | 323/350 | 133-350 | 353.5 (83.7 after BC1) |
| Peak current ($Q12\sigma_t$) | A | 60 | 4 | 57 | 60 | 67/62 | 65-162 | 61.23 |
| rms Energy Spread | % | 0.5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.3/0.4 | 0.3 | 0.48%(BC1) |
| Projected rms norm. emittance | μm | 0.2 | 0.25 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.23/0.15 | 0.13 | 0.17 |
| Peak Field at Cathode | Mv/m | / | 10 | 120 | 120 | 240/160 | 120 | 200 - 250 |
| Repetition rate | Hz | 100 -1000 | 750-1000 | 100-400 | 100-400 | 100 Hz-1 KhZ | 1kHz x-band 400 Hz s-band | 100 - 400 |
| Total Length | m | / | 11.3 | <15 | <15+8 | 10 | 8.6 m | 7 m + Ka-band + chicane |
| TRL | | / | | 8 | 8 | 2 | 8/5 | 4 |
| Priority | | | ? | Medium | Medium | High | Medium | Low |

G. Technology readiness levels (TRL)

Where a topic description refers to a TRL, the following definitions apply, unless otherwise specified:

- TRL 1 – basic principles observed
- TRL 2 – technology concept formulated
- TRL 3 – experimental proof of concept
- TRL 4 – technology validated in lab
- TRL 5 – technology validated in relevant environment (industrially relevant environment in the case of key enabling technologies)
- TRL 6 – technology demonstrated in relevant environment (industrially relevant environment in the case of key enabling technologies)
- TRL 7 – system prototype demonstration in operational environment
- TRL 8 – system complete and qualified
- TRL 9 – actual system proven in operational environment (competitive manufacturing in the case of key enabling technologies; or in space)



Funded by the
European Union

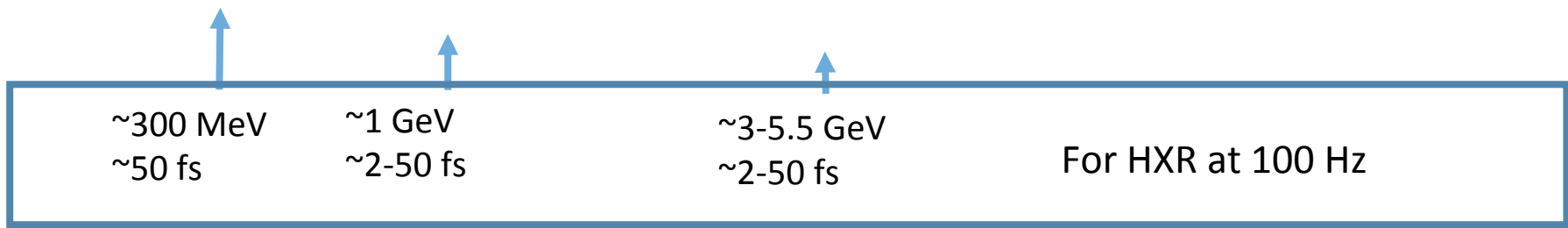
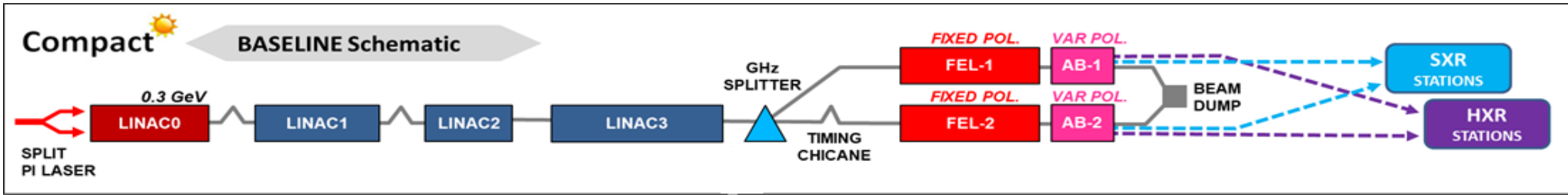
Compact 

Parameter Sets

Avni Aksoy

Institute of Accelerator Technologies





- 100 Hz, two bunch; to drive two HXR line with 65 MV/m gradient
- 250 Hz, two bunch to drive two SXR line with ~20 MV/m gradient
- 100 Hz, two bunch to drive SXR & HXR line with 65 MV/m gradient





Funded by the European Union

Electron Beam Parameters

Compact

| Parameter | Unit | HXR | | | SXR | | |
|-------------------------|---------|--------|-------|-------|-------|---------|------------|
| | | | | | | | |
| Beam Energy | GeV | 5,5 | 3,9 | 2,75 | 1,95 | 1,37 | 0,97 |
| Photon Energy Range | keV | 16 - 8 | 8 - 4 | 4 - 2 | 2 - 1 | 1 - 0.5 | 0.5 - 0.25 |
| Minimum Peak Current * | kA | 5.0 | 2.5 | 1.5 | 0.925 | 0.65 | 0.35 |
| RMS Slice Energy Spread | % | 0.01 | 0.014 | 0.02 | 0.028 | 0.04 | 0.056 |
| Peak Current-1 | pC/fs | 75/15 | 75/30 | 75/50 | 75/75 | 75/115 | 75/200 |
| Peak Current-2 | pC/fs | 50/10 | 50/20 | 50/30 | 50/50 | 50/75 | 50/75 |
| Peak Current | pC/fs | 75/15 | | | 75/50 | | |
| Photon Pulse duration | fs | 0.1-15 | | | 1-50 | | |
| Normalised Emittance | mm-mrad | 0.2 | | | | | |



Instability is driven by strong wake field of high frequency structure.

Transverse wake potential

$$V_{\perp}(s) = \int_{-\infty}^s ds' \lambda(s') W_{\perp}(s - s')$$

Causes transverse deflection along bunch

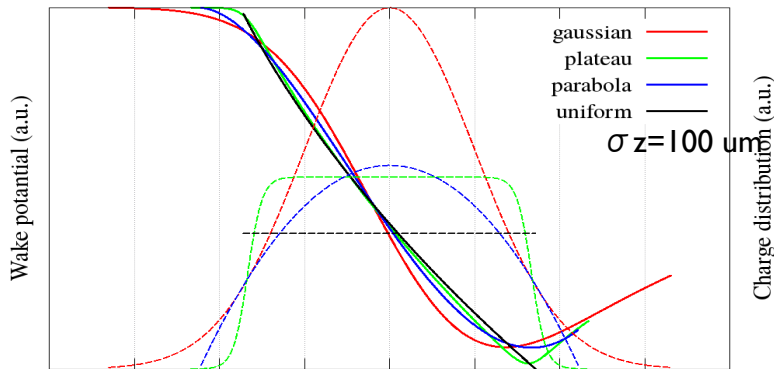
Longitudinal wake potential

$$V_{\parallel}(s) = \int_{-\infty}^s ds' \lambda(s') W_{\parallel}(s - s')$$

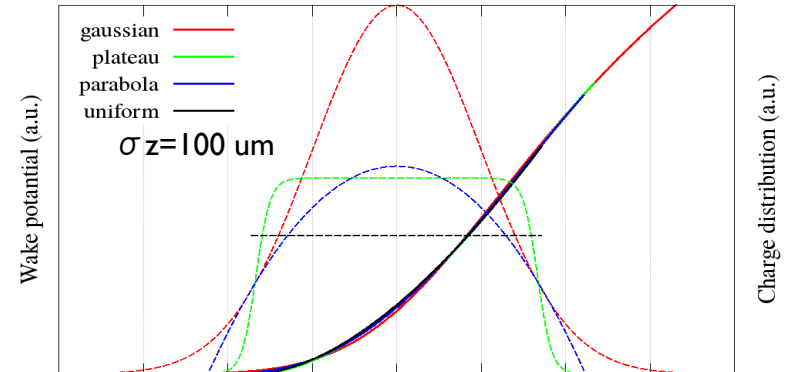
Causes energy change along bunch

To reduce the wake effect → Optimize charge distribution

Longitudinal wake potential

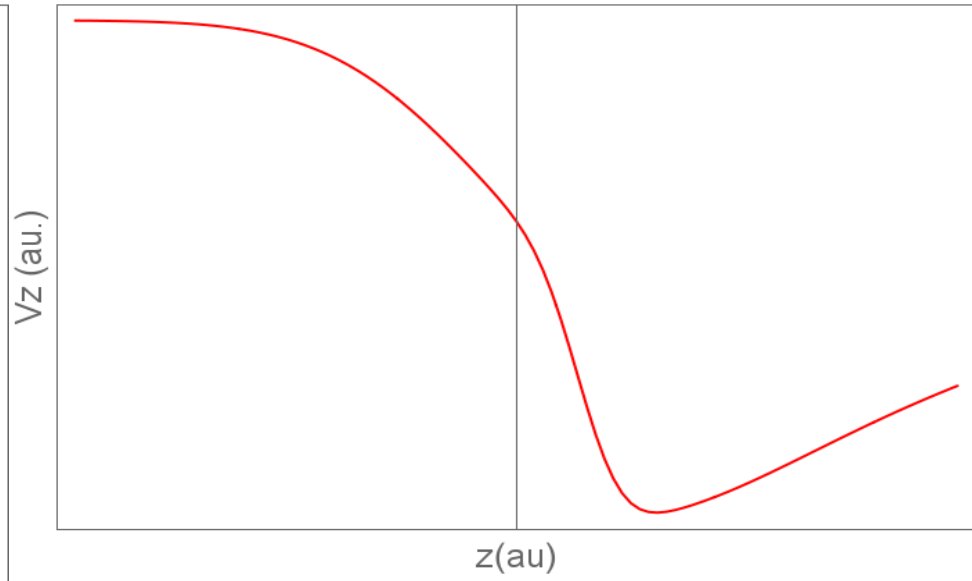
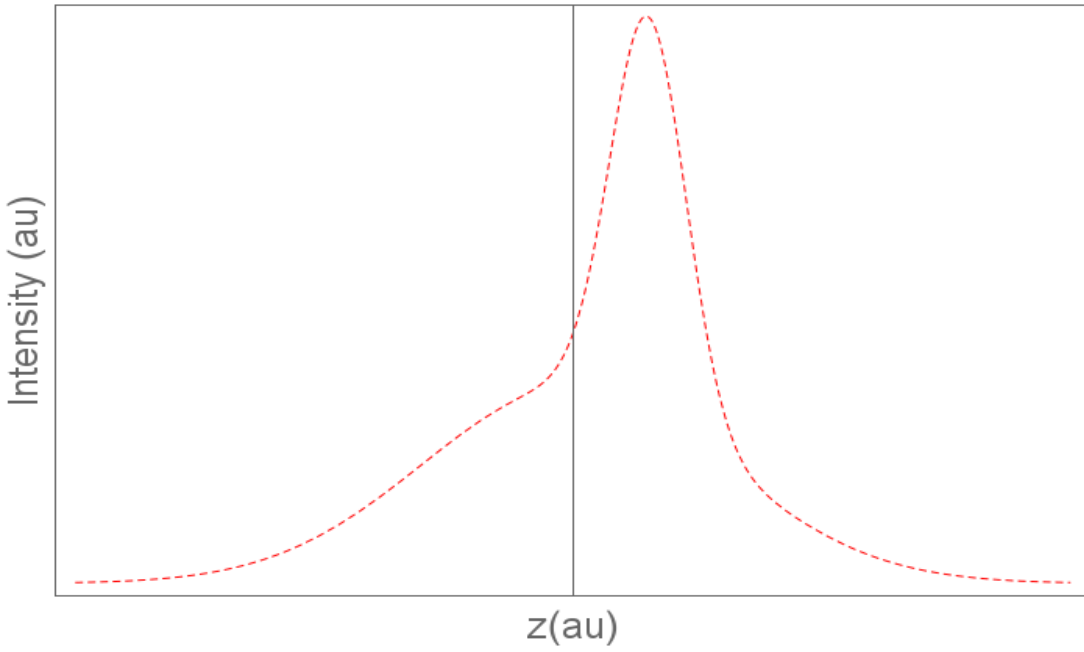


Transverse wake potential



► For both transverse and longitudinal case

- uniform bunch distribution and no tail is preferred
- Bunch distribution is fixed in injector → try to make it uniform on bunch compressors





- Uniform bunch charge (as uniform as possible)
- Minimum uncorrelated energy spread (as minimum as possible)
 - → The longitudinal emittance
- Beam energy arround 100 MeV
 - We need to adjust RF phase for optimum compression
- Is it possible to have better bunch parameters if the bunch charge lower?
 - What is the minimu bunch length requirement?



How to exchange results

- A text file describing the simulation
- i.e. For Asrtra
 - RF gun at $z=0$ peak field= xx V, phase= yyy Deg, field map= \llcorner field.dat \lrcorner
 - Solenoid at $z=0$, axis field= xx T, field map= \llcorner field.dat \lrcorner
 - TW accelerator, $z=1$ m, peak field = xx V, phase= yy Deg, Field map= \llcorner field.dat \lrcorner , no of cell
 - Quad $z=1.3$, strength= xx $1m/^2$, length= xx m
 - ...
- In addition to that we need field maps and and parameters of all elements
- i.e. Cavity:
 - Bore radi
 - Gap length
 - Cell radiu
 - No of cells + coupler cells
 - Max gradient
 - Phase lenth
 - Wake file (if exists)
- i.e. Solenoid:
 - Bore radi
 - Total length

And also 6D input / output particle distribution
For linacs we can use Placet's notation





Funded by the European Union

Thank you!

Compact

CompactLight@elettra.eu

www.CompactLight.eu



CompactLight is funded by the European Union's Horizon2020 research and innovation programme under Grant Agreement No. 777431.

