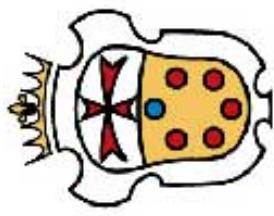


ROMA, APR. 7 2010

**Paolo Lodone**  
*SNS of Pisa*  
*and INFN*



SCUOLA  
NORMALE  
SUPERIORE  
PISA

(part of a project in collaboration with:  
**R. Barbieri, E. Bertuzzo, M. Farina,  
D. Pappadopulo**)

**Increasing the Higgs mass  
bound of the MSSM**

# 1/5) Motivations

- Test of Low Energy Supersymmetry:  
crucial at the LHC

L. E. SUSY

Perturbativity

**EWPT**

**Unification**  
(manifest)

Naturalness

# 1/5) Motivations

- Test of Low Energy **Suspersymmetry**:  
crucial at the LHC
- Status of the MSSM:

L. E. SUSY  
 $(m_h > 114.4 \text{ GeV})$

MSSM after LEP



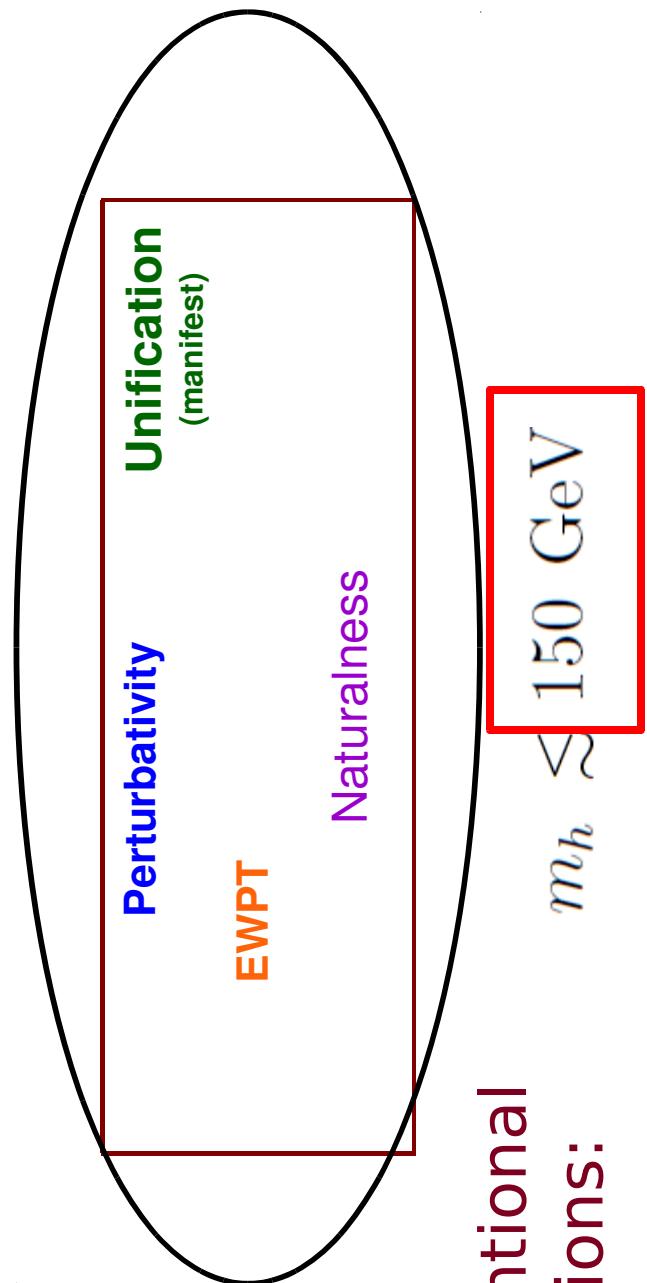
Naturalness ?

$m_h \lesssim 120 \text{ GeV}$

# 1/5) Motivations

- Test of Low Energy Supersymmetry:  
crucial at the LHC
- Status of the MSSM:

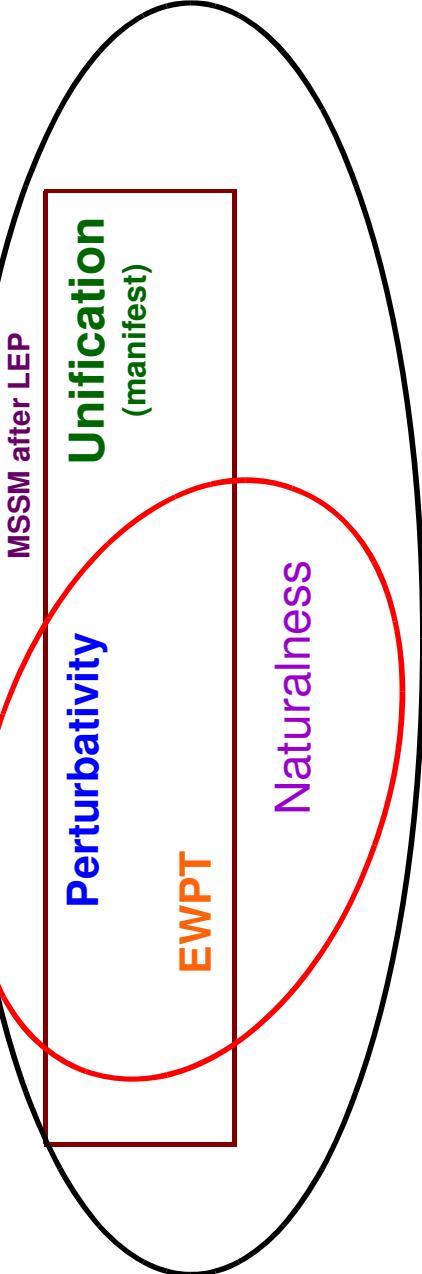
L. E. SUSY       $m_h > 114.4 \text{ GeV}$



# 1/5) Motivations

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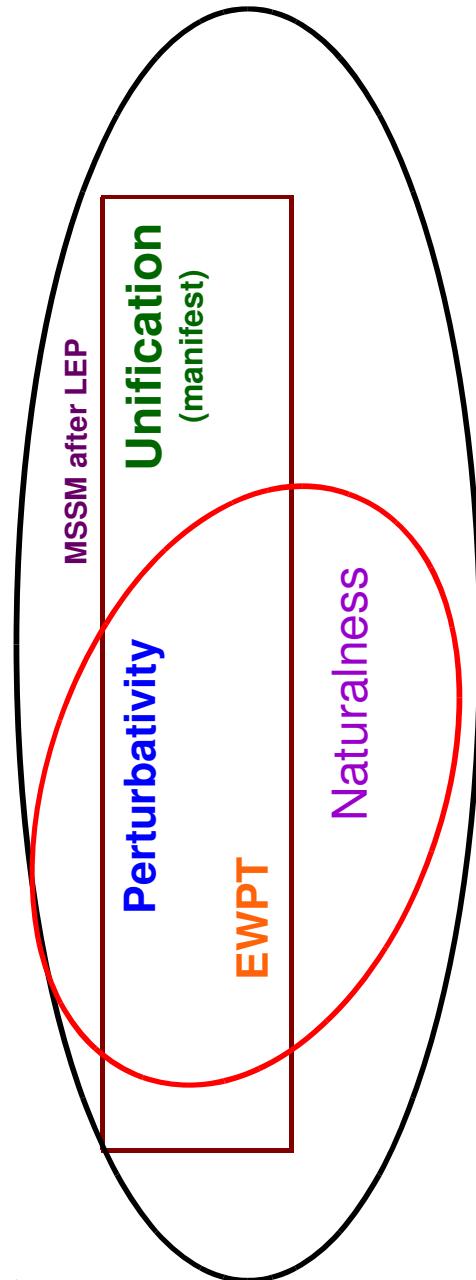
L. E. SUSY



## 1/5) Motivations

- Test of Low Energy Supersymmetry:  
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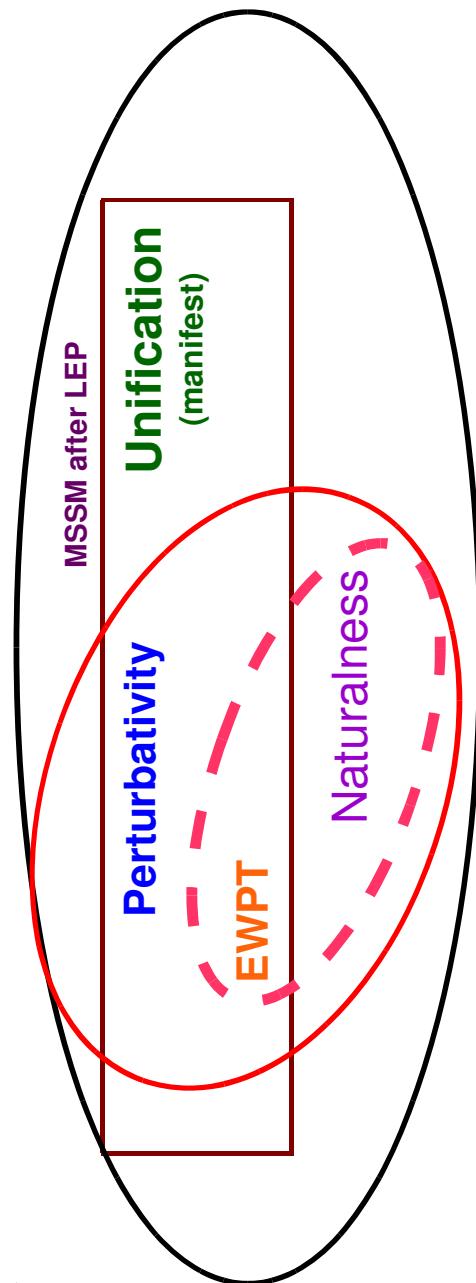


- → we look for increase of  $m_h$  at tree level  
allowing change of regime at  $\Lambda$

## 1/5) Motivations

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## 2/5) Models

$\left( \begin{array}{l} \text{lightest Higgs mass} \\ \leftrightarrow \text{quartic coupling} \end{array} \right)$

- MSSM:  
 $m_h \leq m_Z |\cos 2\beta|$

# 2/5) Models

$\left( \begin{array}{c} \text{lightest Higgs mass} \\ \leftrightarrow \text{quartic coupling} \end{array} \right)$

---

## ■ MSSM:

$$m_h \leq m_Z |\cos 2\beta|$$

$$\text{Gauge ext U(1): } m_h^2 \leq (m_Z^2 + \frac{g_x^2 v^2}{2(1 + \frac{M_X^2}{2M_\phi^2})}) \cos^2 2\beta$$

P. Batra, A. Delgado, E. Kaplan, T. M. P. Tait, (2004)

$$\text{Gauge ext SU(2): } m_h^2 \leq m_Z^2 \frac{g'^2 + \eta g^2}{g'^2 + g^2} \cos^2 2\beta$$

P. Batra, A. Delgado, E. Kaplan, T. M. P. Tait, (2004)  
A. Maloney, A. Pierce, J. G. Wacker, (2006)

$$\eta = \frac{1 + \frac{g_I^2 M_\Sigma^2}{g^2 M_X^2}}{1 + \frac{M_\Sigma^2}{M_X^2}}$$

## ■ $\lambda$ SUSY:

$$m_h^2 \leq m_Z^2 (\cos^2 2\beta + \frac{2\lambda^2}{g^2 + g'^2} \sin^2 2\beta)$$

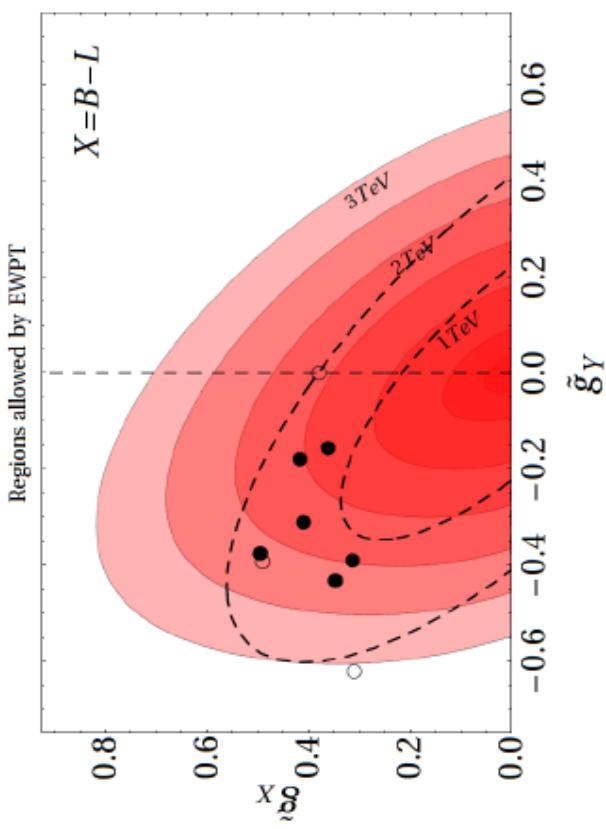
R. Barbieri, L. J. Hall, Y. Nomura, V. S. Rychkov (2007)

# 3/5) Electroweak Precision Tests

- Gauge ext U(1):  $M_X \gtrsim 5$  TeV



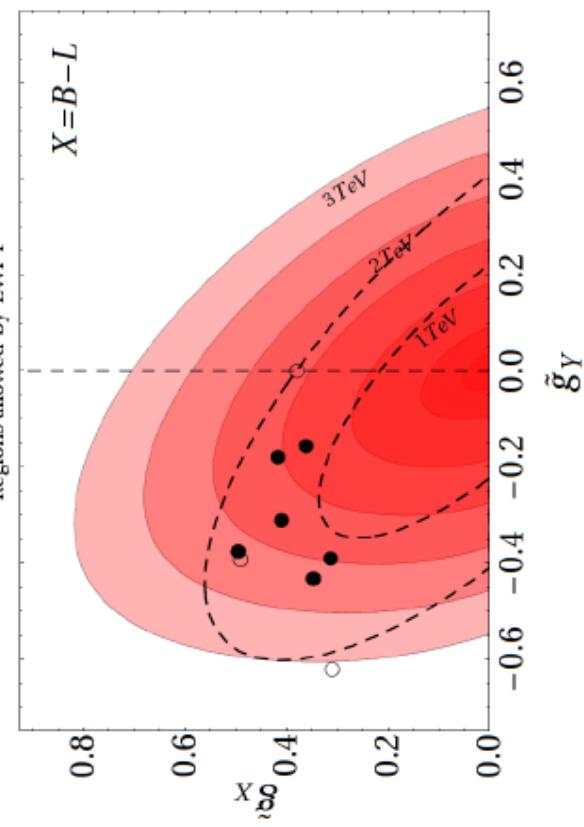
$$(m_h = 2m_Z)$$



E. Salvioni, A. Strumia, G. Villadoro, F. Zwirner  
(2010)

# 3/5) Electroweak Precision Tests

- Gauge ext U(1):  $M_X \gtrsim 5 \text{ TeV}$   
 $(\textcolor{brown}{m_h} = \textcolor{brown}{2m_Z})$
- Gauge ext SU(2):  $\frac{M_X}{5 \text{ TeV}} \gtrsim \frac{g_X}{g_Z}$   
 $\left( \text{estimate} \right)$

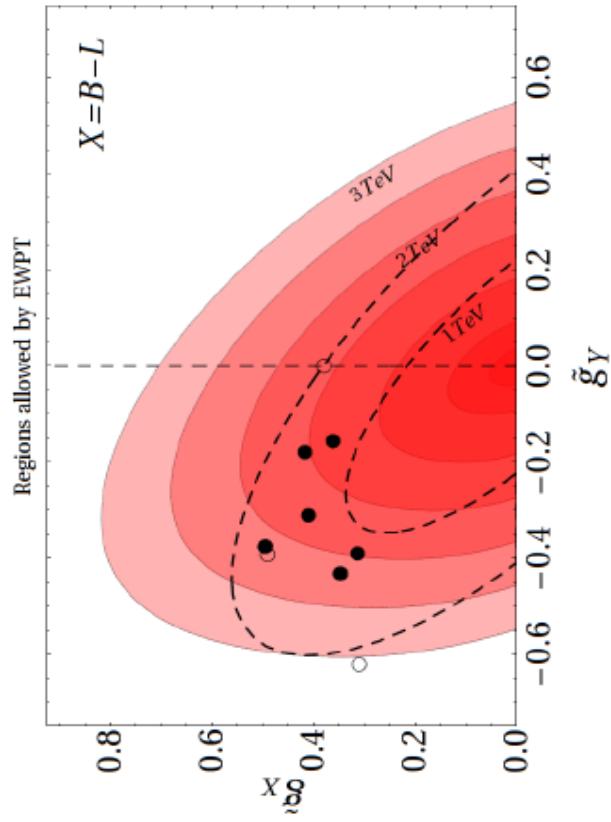
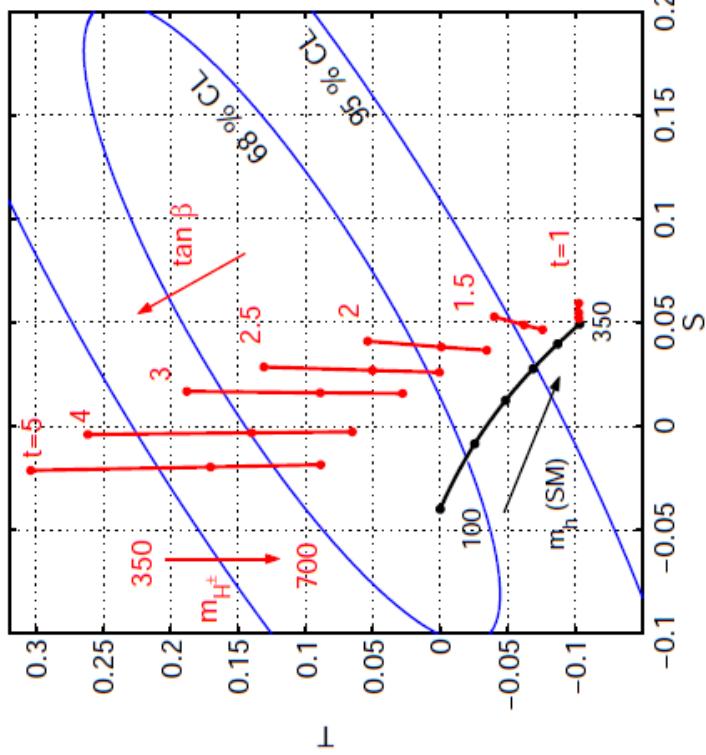


E. Salvioni, A. Strumia, G. Villadoro, F. Zwirner  
(2010)

# 3/5) Electroweak Precision Tests

- Gauge ext U(1):  $M_X \gtrsim 5 \text{ TeV}$   
 $(m_h = 2m_Z)$
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■ ASUSY:



E. Salvioni, A. Strumia, G. Villadoro, F. Zwirner  
(2010) R. Barbieri, L. J. Hall, Y. Nomura, V. S. Rychkov  
(2007)

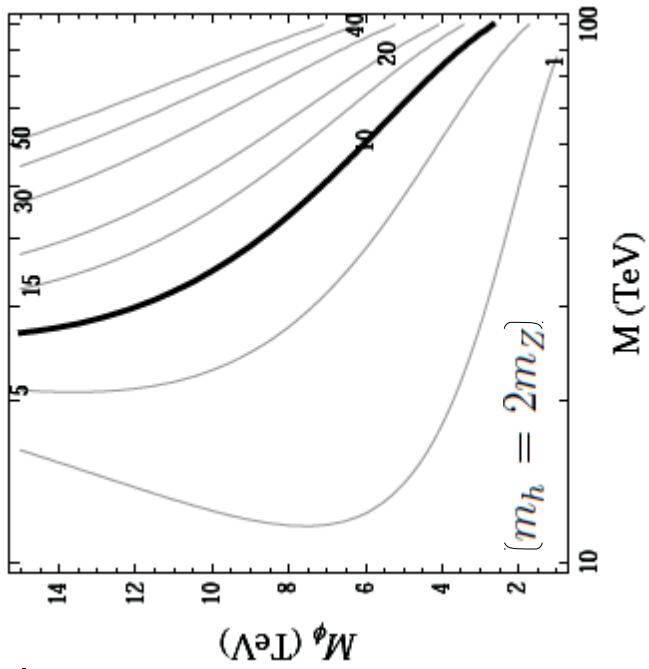
R. Barbieri, L. J. Hall, Y. Nomura, V. S. Rychkov  
(2007)

## 4/5) Naturalness bounds: tree + loop

■ Gauge ext U(1):

$$M_X \leq 0.40 M_\phi$$

+



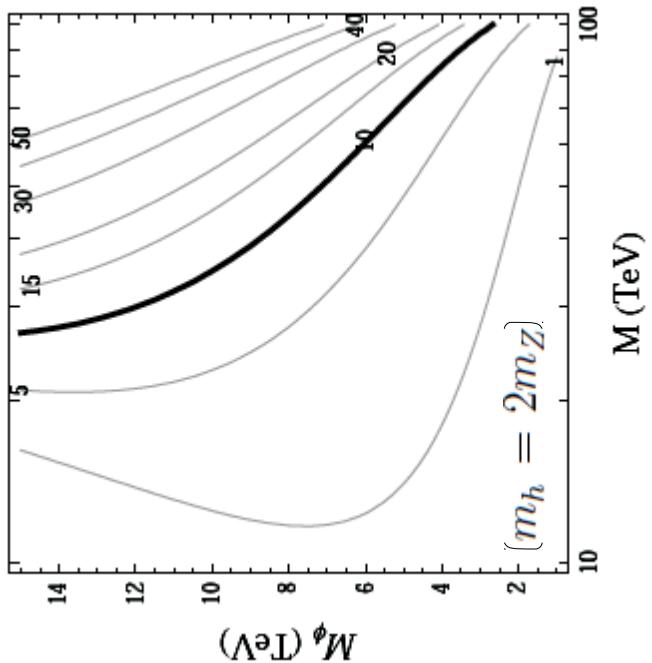
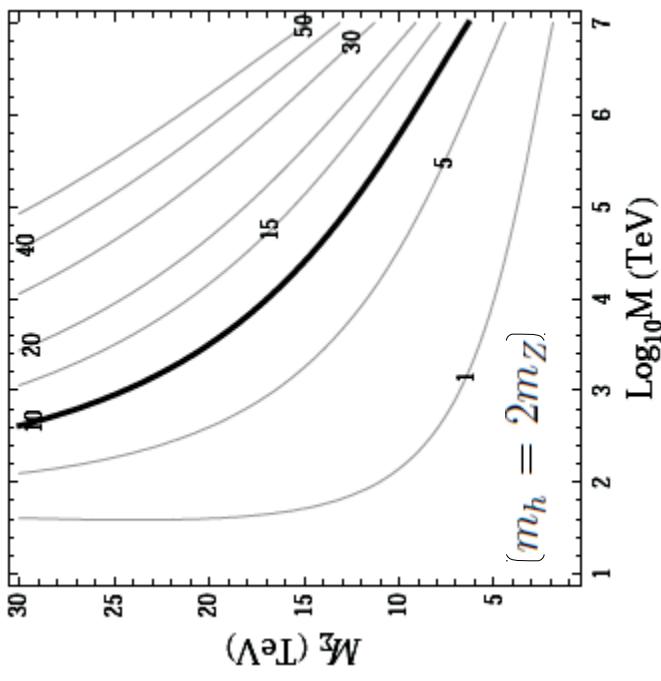
## 4/5) Naturalness bounds: tree + loop

■ Gauge ext U(1):

$$M_X \leq 0.40 M_\phi$$

■ Gauge ext SU(2):

$$+ M_X \leq 0.22 M_\Sigma$$



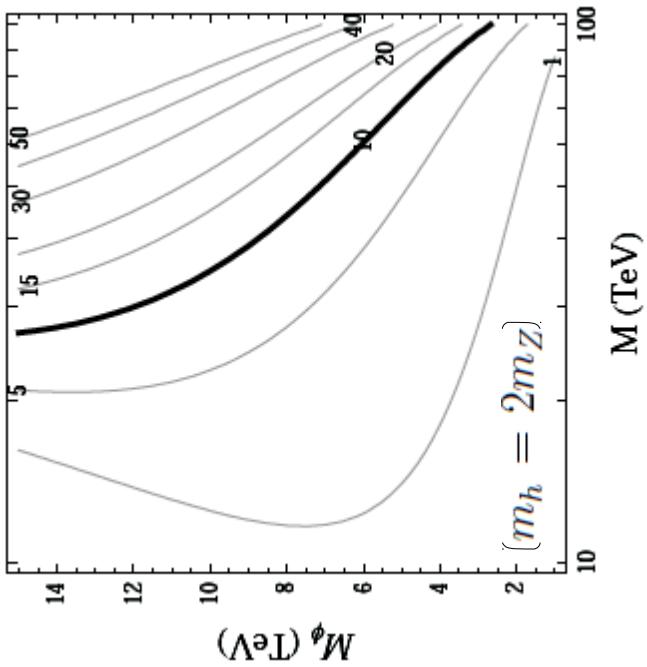
## 4/5) Naturalness bounds: tree + loop

■ Gauge ext U(1):

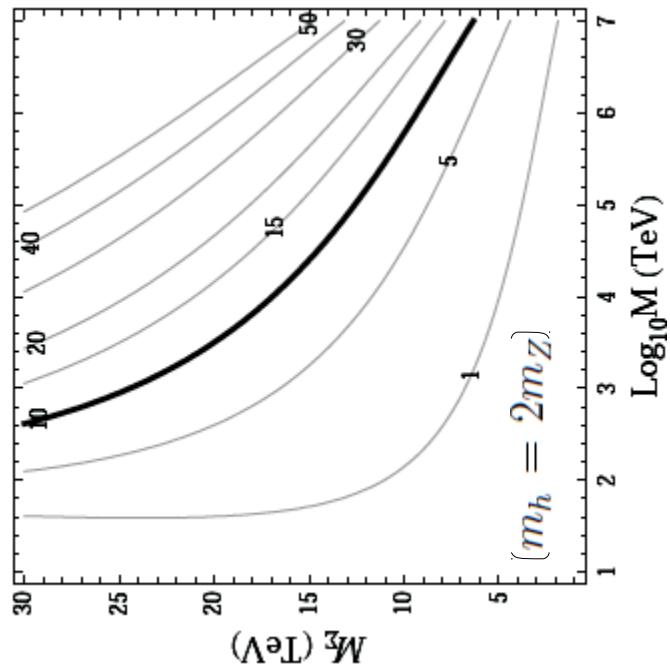
$$M_X \leq 0.40 M_\phi$$

■ Gauge ext SU(2):

$$+ M_X \leq 0.22 M_\Sigma$$

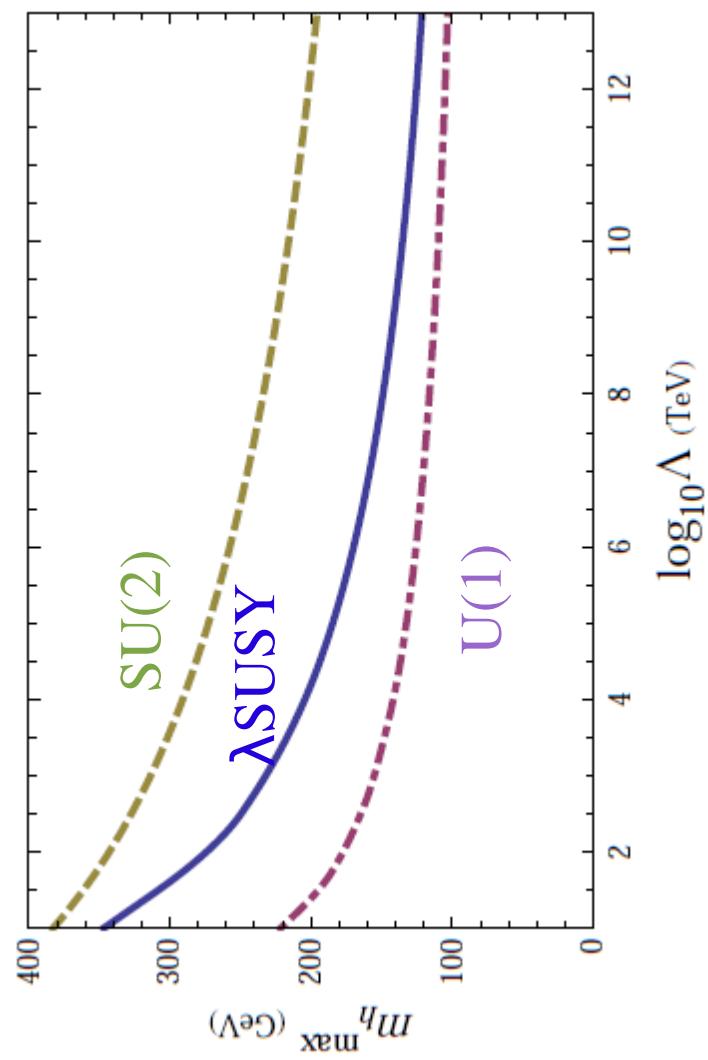


■ λSUSY:  $m_s \lesssim 1$  TeV  
but OK



# 5/5) Conclusions

From a bottom-up  
point of view, the  
goal can be achieved.



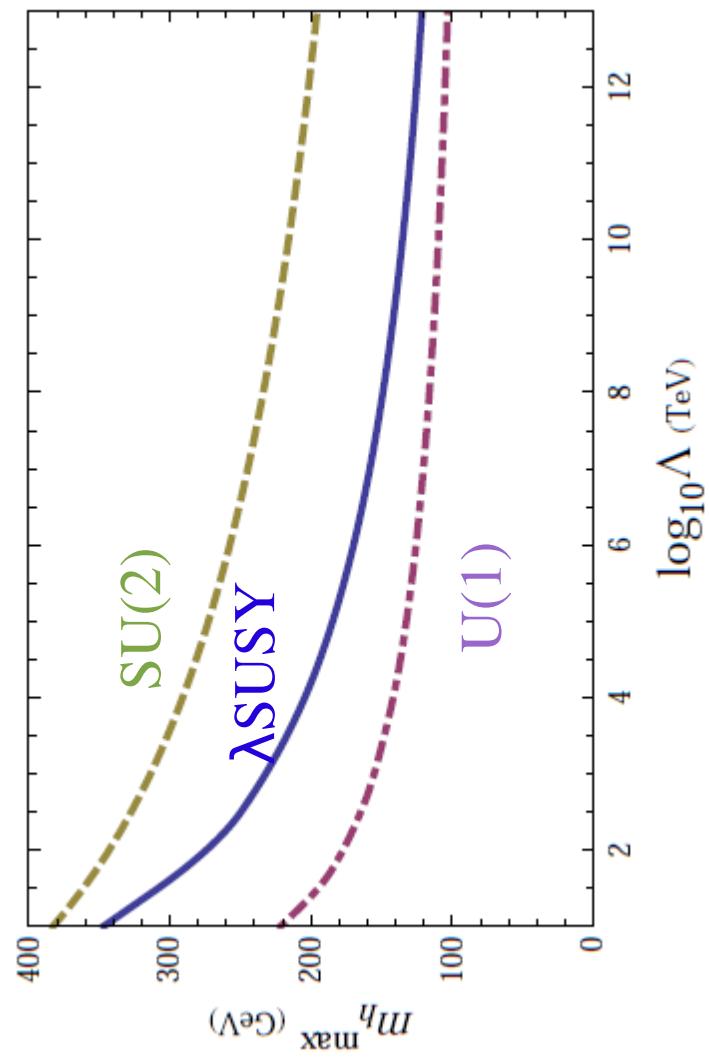
# 5/5) Conclusions

From a bottom-up  
point of view, the  
goal can be achieved.

Price to pay:

- 1) low  $\Lambda$
- 2) low  $M$
- 3) diff. soft scales
- 4) need  $\Delta T$ :

	$m_h^{max} / m_Z$	Price to pay
$U(1)$	2	(1),(2),(3)
$SU(2)$	2	(3)
$SU(2)$	3	(2),(3)
$SU(2)$	4	(1),(2),(3),(4)
$\lambda$ SUSY	2	—
$\lambda$ SUSY	3	(1)



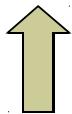
# Backup Slides

## B1) Motivations in detail

### I) Is SUSY excluded if Higgs boson heavy?

- LEP2:  $m_h > 114$  GeV
- Increasing it radiatively:  
 $m_h < 115\text{-}120$  GeV otherwise  
finetuning!  
[for example: S.P.Martin hep-ph/0910.2732]

We look for  
tree level  
contribution  
to  $m_h$



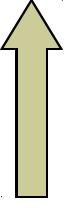
### II) (If possible) ameliorate flavour problem

$$\text{Naturalness: } m_z^2 \approx -2 \mu_u^2 \quad \rightarrow \quad |\delta m_{H_u}^2| = \Delta \frac{m_Z^2}{2}$$

but if:  $m_z^2 + .. \approx -2 \mu_u^2$     then     $|\delta m_{H_u}^2| = \Delta \frac{m_Z^2 + ..}{2}$

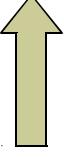
Heavier Higgs allows Heavier  $1^\circ$  and  $2^\circ$  gen. sferm.

## B2) Flavour problem: hierarchy discussion

- Flavour prob.  
 $\left( \text{How to suppress corrections from squark mass matrices and trilinears} \right)$ 

  - Only hierarchy:  
**not enough**

$$\begin{cases} m_{\tilde{q}_{1,2}} \gtrsim 35 \text{ TeV} & (\text{from } \Delta S = 2) \\ m_{\tilde{q}_{1,2}} \gtrsim 800 \text{ TeV} & (\text{from } \epsilon_K) \end{cases}$$
  - If:
$$\begin{cases} \delta^{LL} \gg \delta^{RR}, \delta^{LR} \text{ (or } \delta^{RR} \gg \delta^{LL}, \delta^{LR}) \\ \delta_{12}^{LL} \approx \lambda, \frac{|m_1^2 - m_2^2|}{(m_1^2 + m_2^2)/2} \approx \lambda \\ \sin \phi_{CP} \approx 0.3 \end{cases}$$

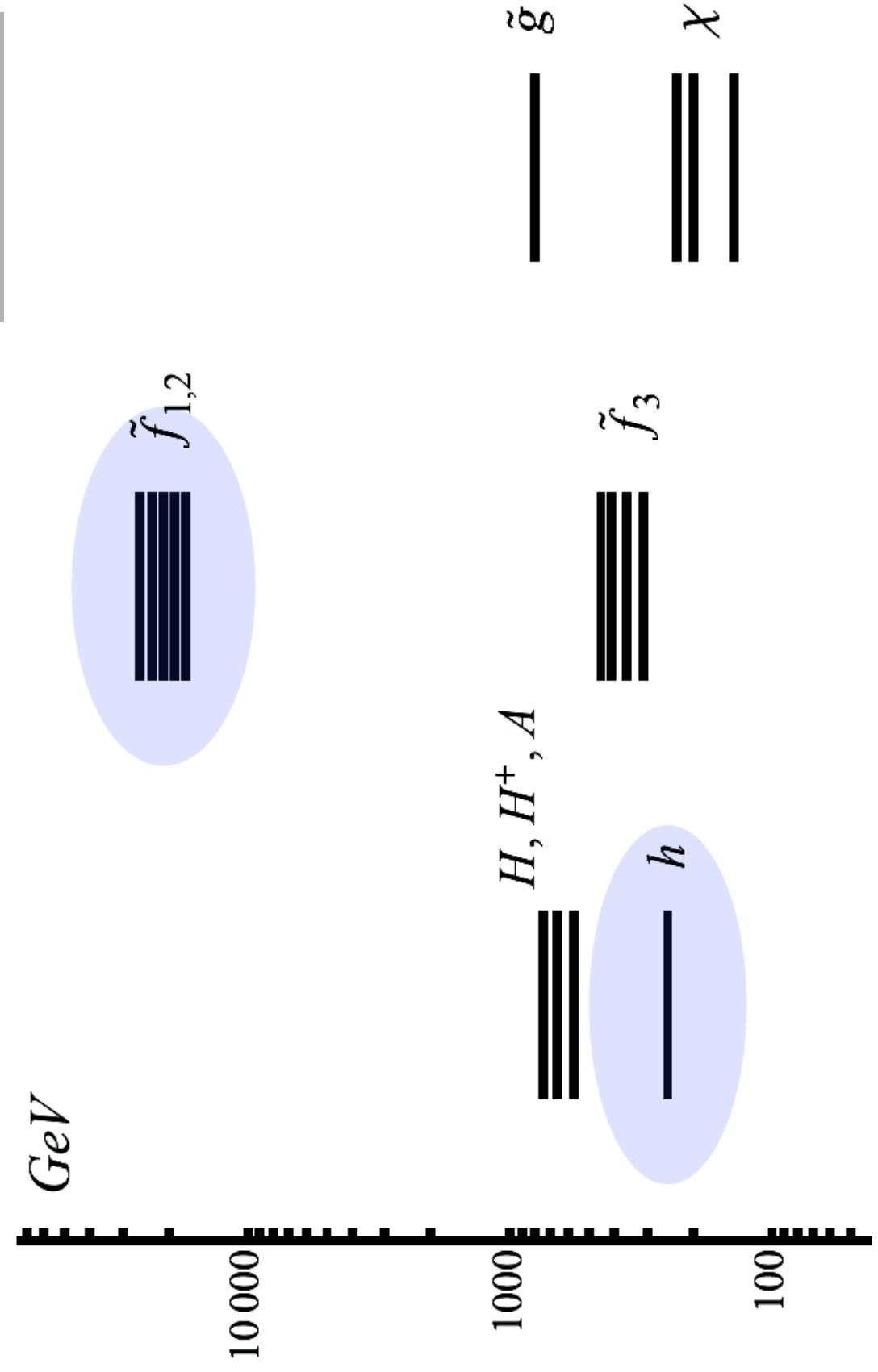
$$\delta_{i3} \approx \frac{m_{\tilde{q}_3}^2}{m_{\tilde{q}_{1,2}}^2}$$


  - Then one can defend:
$$m_{\tilde{q}_{1,2}} \gtrsim 15 \text{ TeV}$$

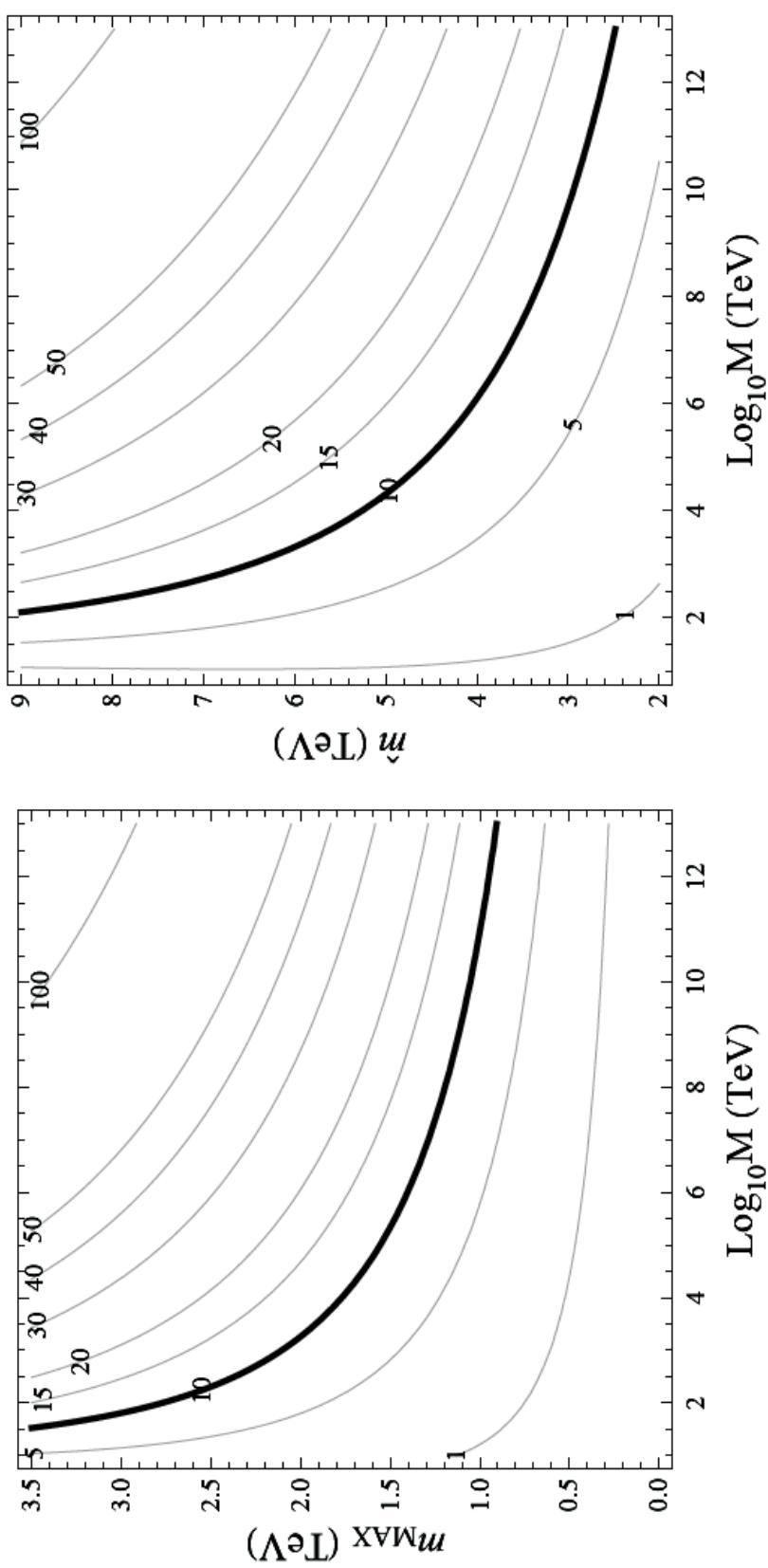
- Statement based on the analysis:  
 $\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{G. F. Giudice, M. Narduccia, A. Romanino, Hierarchical soft terms and} \\ \text{flavour physics, Nucl Phys B 813 (2009) 156-173.} \end{array} \right\}$

# B3) ‘A Non Standard Supersymmetric Spectrum’

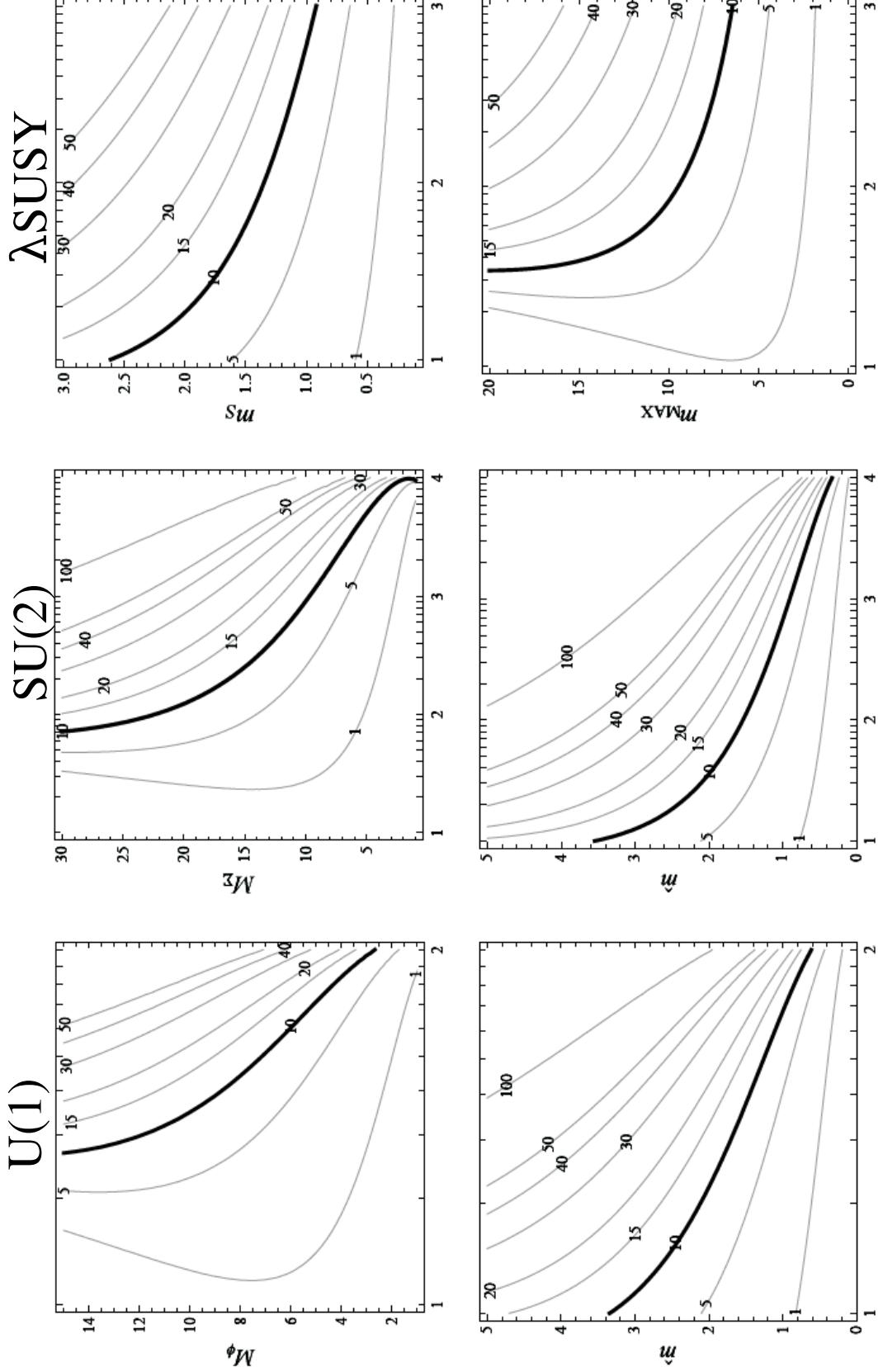
R. Barbieri, E. Bertuzzo, M. Farina, P.L., D. Pappadopulo, IN PREPARATION



## B4) Naturalness in MSSM ( $1^\circ$ - $2^\circ$ gen)



## B5) Naturalness in Extended Models



# B6) Gauge extension U(1)

- Idea: increase D-term:

-New gauge group  $U(1)_x$

-Extra scalars  $s, \phi, \phi^c$

	$\phi$	$\phi^c$	$H_u$	$H_d$	$d$	$u$	$Q$	$e$	$n$	$L$
$Y$	0	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{3}$	$-\frac{2}{3}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	1	0	$-\frac{1}{2}$
$X = \frac{L-B}{2} + X_\phi$	$q$	$-q$	0	0	$\frac{1}{6}$	$\frac{1}{6}$	$-\frac{1}{6}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$
$Y + X$	$q$	$-q$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\frac{1}{2}$	$-\frac{1}{2}$	0

- Potential for scalars:  $V = V_{MSSM} + V_{H\phi} + V_\phi$

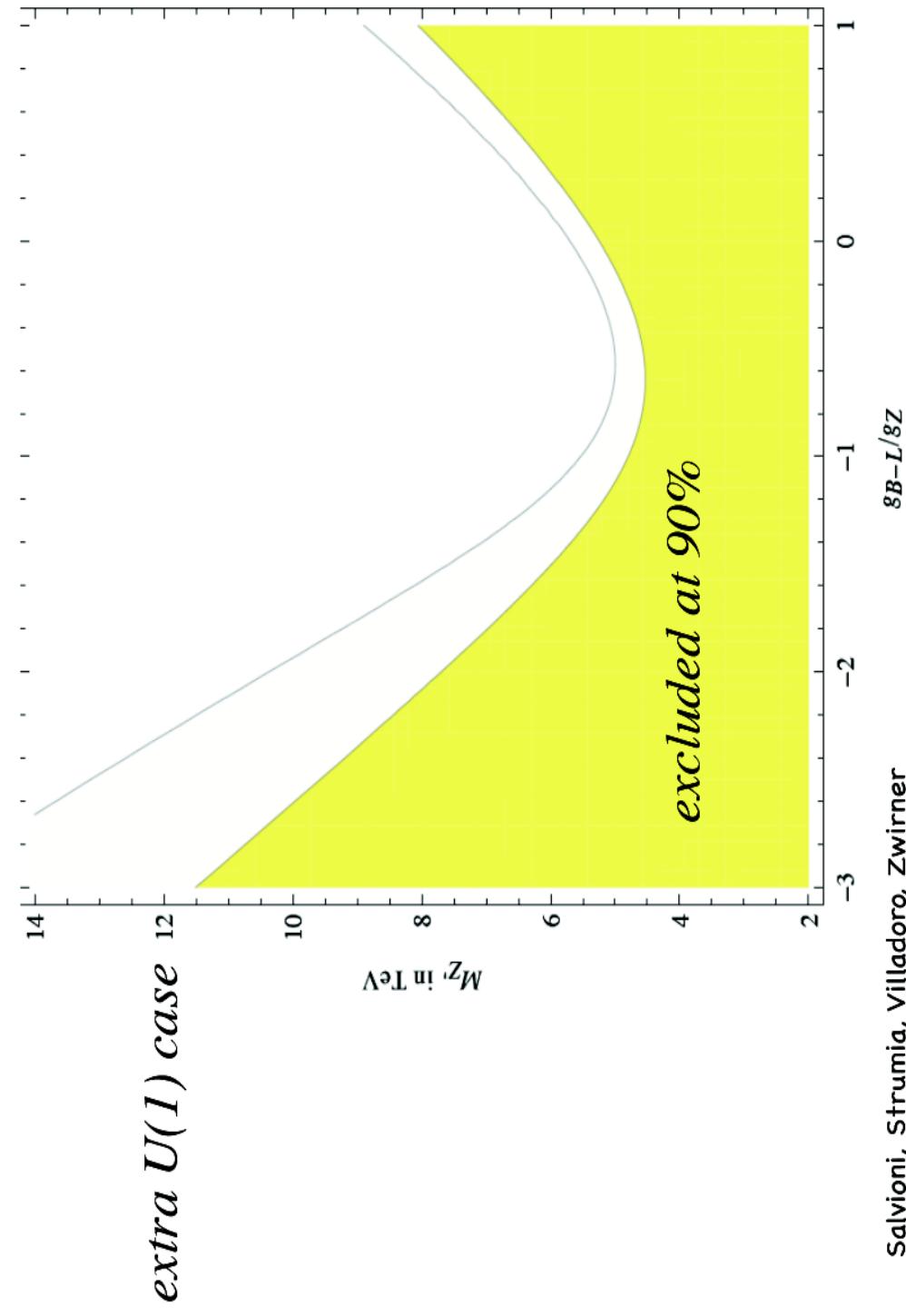
new D-term

$$V_{H\phi} = \frac{1}{2} g_x^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} |H_u|^2 - \frac{1}{2} |H_d|^2 + q |\phi|^2 - q |\phi^c|^2 + .. \right)^2$$

$$V_\phi = \lambda^2 |\phi|^2 |\phi^c|^2 - B(\phi \phi^c + h.c.) + M_{(\phi)}^2 |\phi|^2 + M_{(\phi^c)}^2 |\phi^c|^2$$

$$W = \lambda s (\phi \phi^c - w^2) + \text{soft terms}$$

## B7) EWPT in U(1) case



## B8) Gauge extension SU(2)

- **Gauge group:**  $SU(2)_I \times SU(2)_{II} \times U(1)_Y$
  - **Fields:**  $\Sigma(2, 2)$ ,  $S$  (singlet), MSSM fields charged under  $SU(2)_I$
  - **Potential of scalar sector:**  $V = V_{H\Sigma} + V_\Sigma$
- $$\begin{aligned} V_{H\Sigma} &= \mu_u^2 |H_u|^2 + \mu_d^2 |H_d|^2 + \mu_3^2 (H_u H_d + h.c.) \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{2} g'^2 \left( \frac{1}{2} |H_u|^2 - \frac{1}{2} |H_d|^2 + .. \right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} g_{II}^2 \sum_a (\text{Tr} [\Sigma^a \Sigma^+])^2 \\ &\quad + \frac{1}{2} g_I^2 \sum_a (\text{Tr} [\Sigma^+ T^a \Sigma] + H_u^+ T^a H_u + H_d^+ T^a H_d + ..)^2 \end{aligned}$$

## B9) $\Lambda$ SUSY

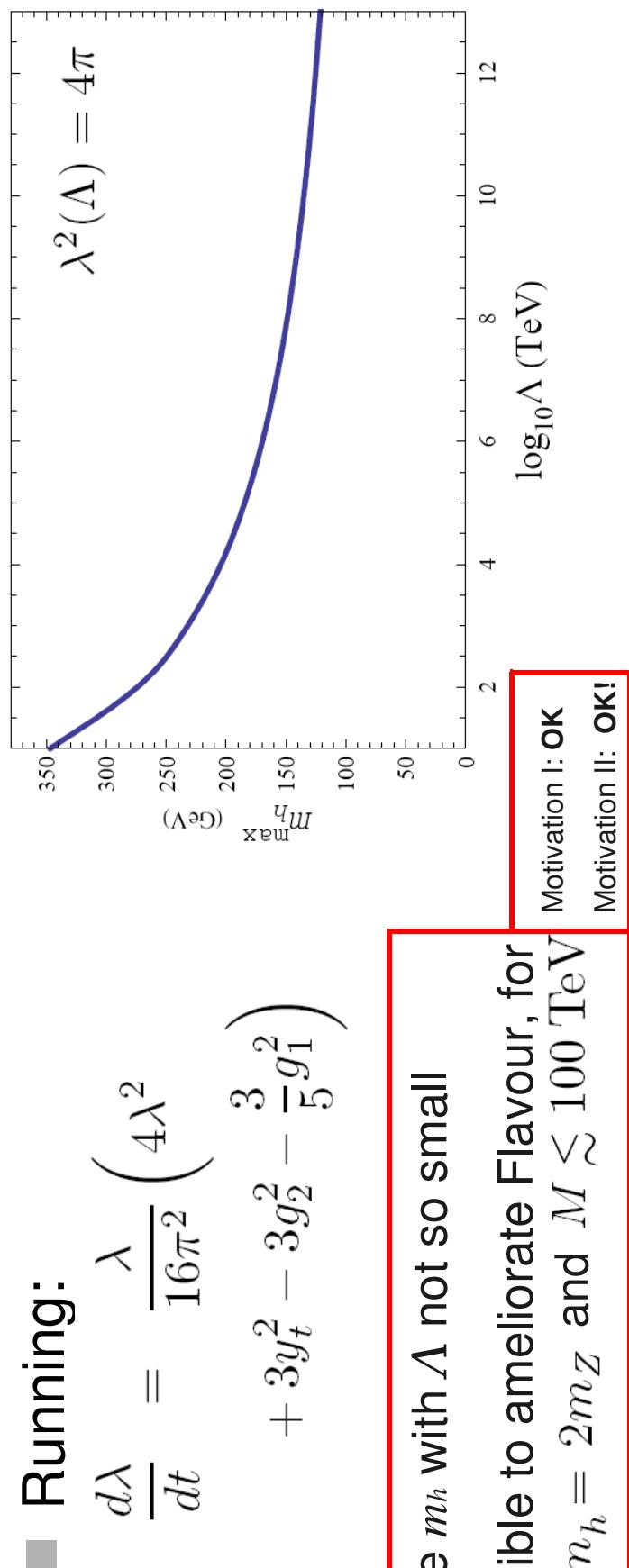
- Model: add to superpotential:  
(just one singlet) which takes a vev.

$$\lambda S H_u H_d$$
$$m_h \leq \boxed{\lambda v} \sin\beta$$

- Minimization of potential  $\rightarrow \hat{m} \rightarrow$  unchanged!
- Naturalness constraints on

$$M_{\max}^h \rightarrow$$

(no additional interactions)



-Large  $m_h$  with  $\Lambda$  not so small

-Possible to ameliorate Flavour, for  
ex. if  $m_h = 2m_Z$  and  $M \lesssim 100$  TeV

SUSY

## B10) Conclusions in words

MSSM after LEP

Perturbativity & EWPT

Unification (manifest)

Naturalness

- There exist extensions of the MSSM in which  $m_h$  can be raised at up to 200-300 GeV.
- This often requires low  $\Lambda$  and/or low  $M$ .
- Gauge extensions: naturalness and EWPT force low  $M$ . The abelian model has low  $\Lambda$ . Sferm. of 1° and 2° gener. are lighter than 2 TeV. No improvement in non universal model.
- $\lambda$ SUSY:  $\Lambda$  low (depends on  $m_h$ ),  $M$  unconstrained. Sferm. of 1°-2° gen. can be heavier  $\rightarrow$  flavor problem ameliorated if hierarchy and low  $M$ .
- Phenomenology: larger  $m_h$ , hierarchical scenarios (MSSM-like)