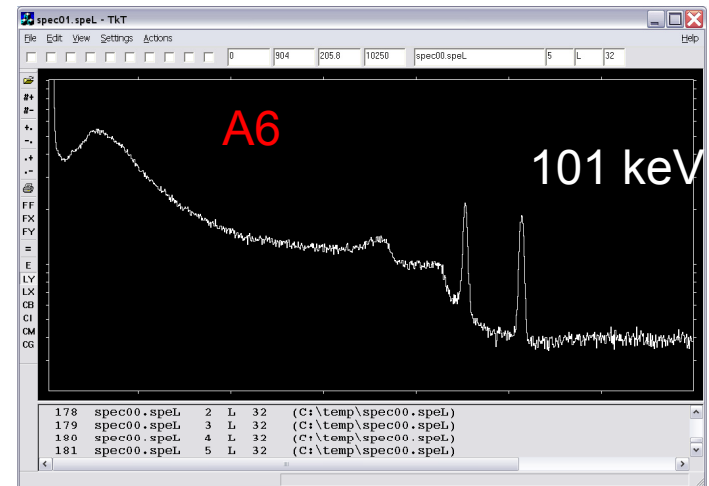
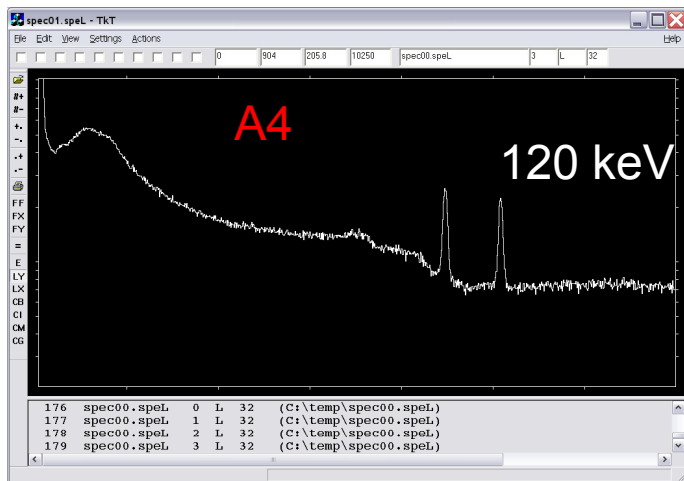
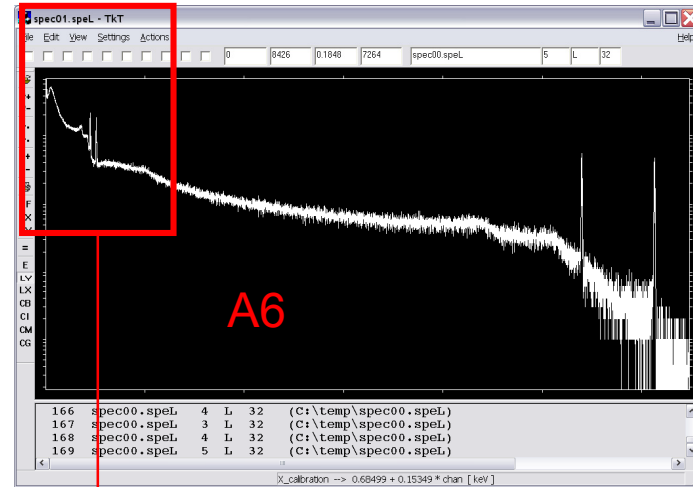
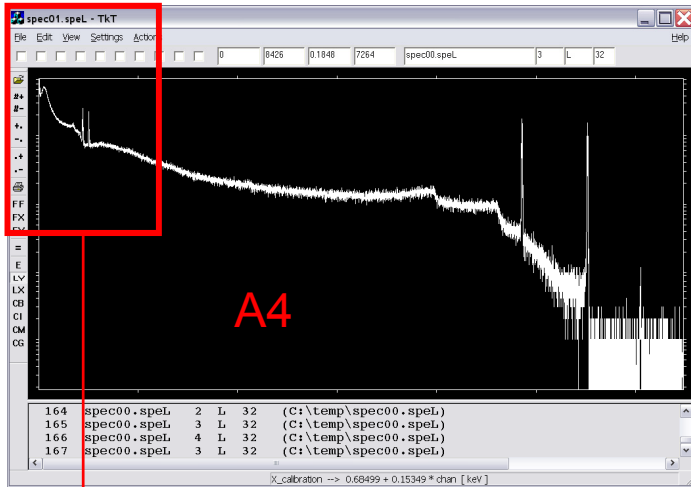




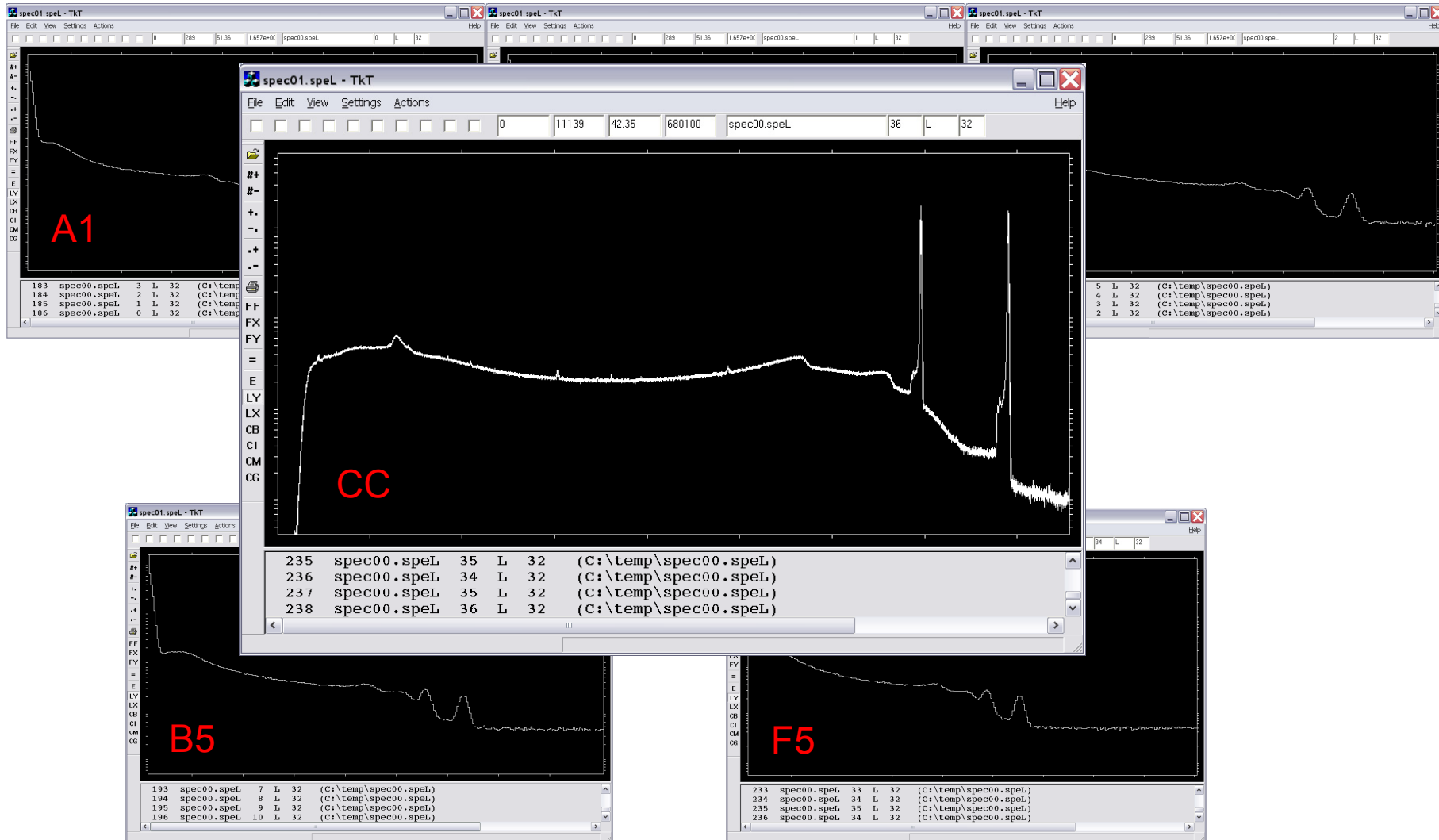
Dealing with partly missing energy information

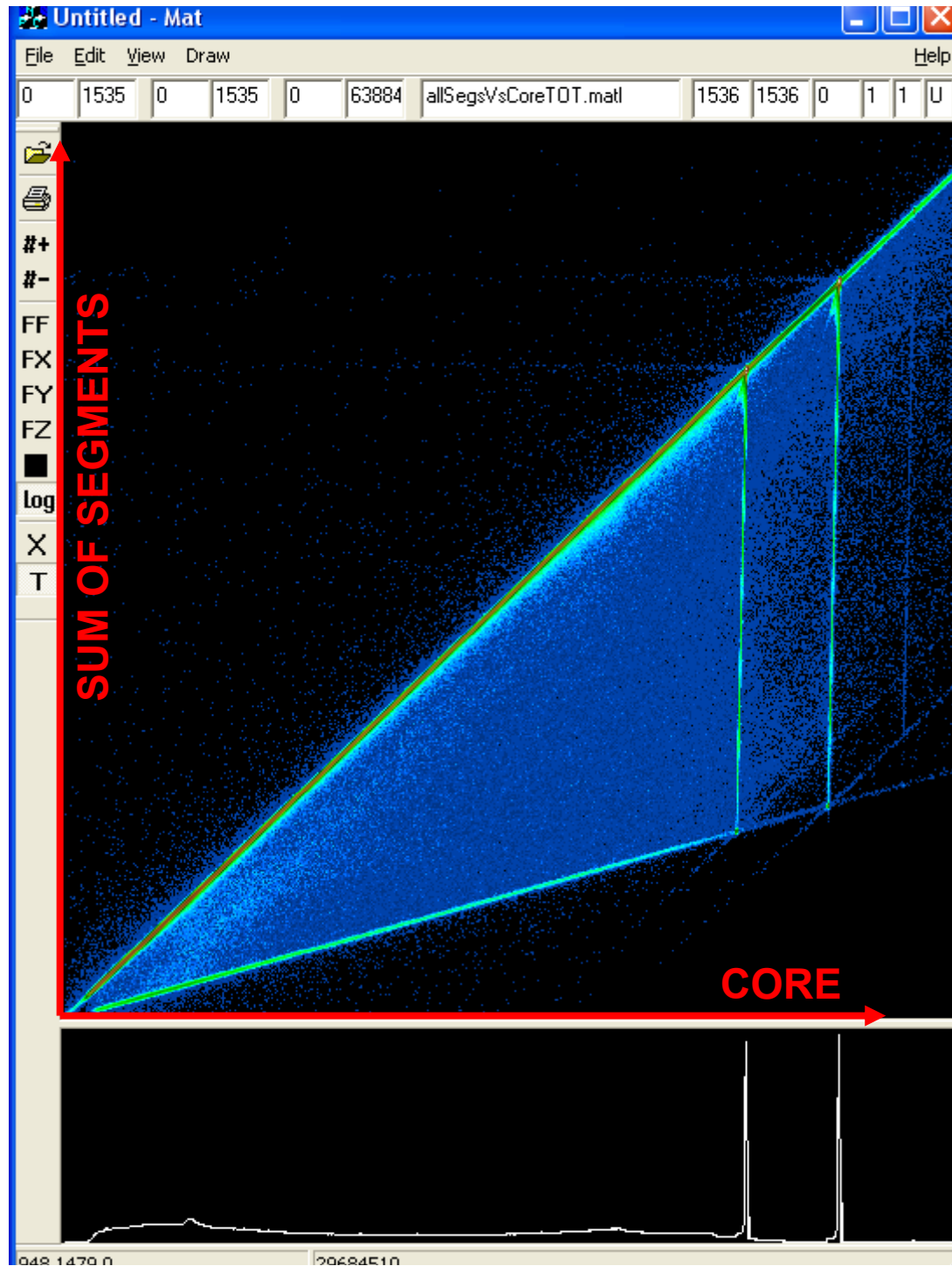
Francesco Recchia
University and INFN Padova

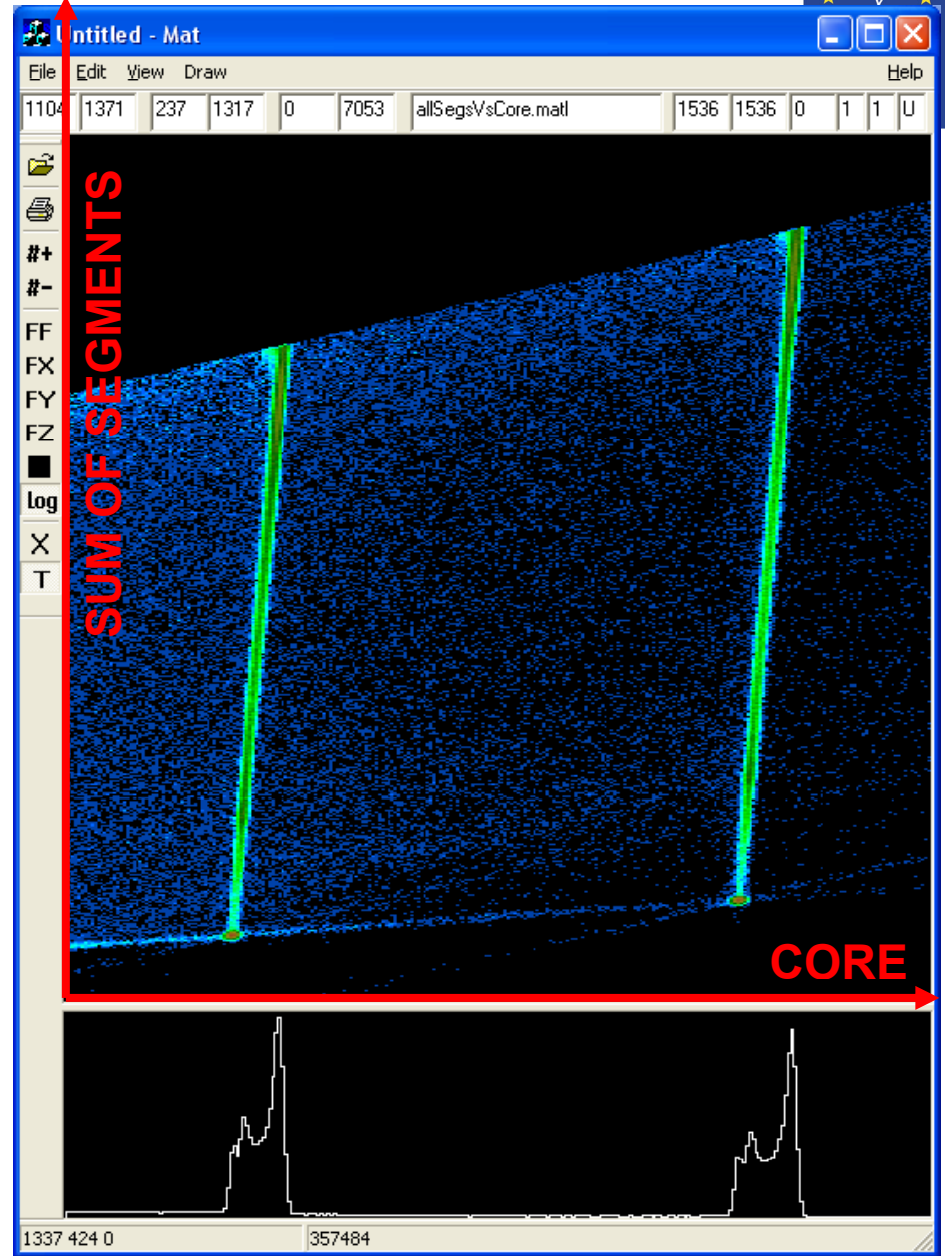
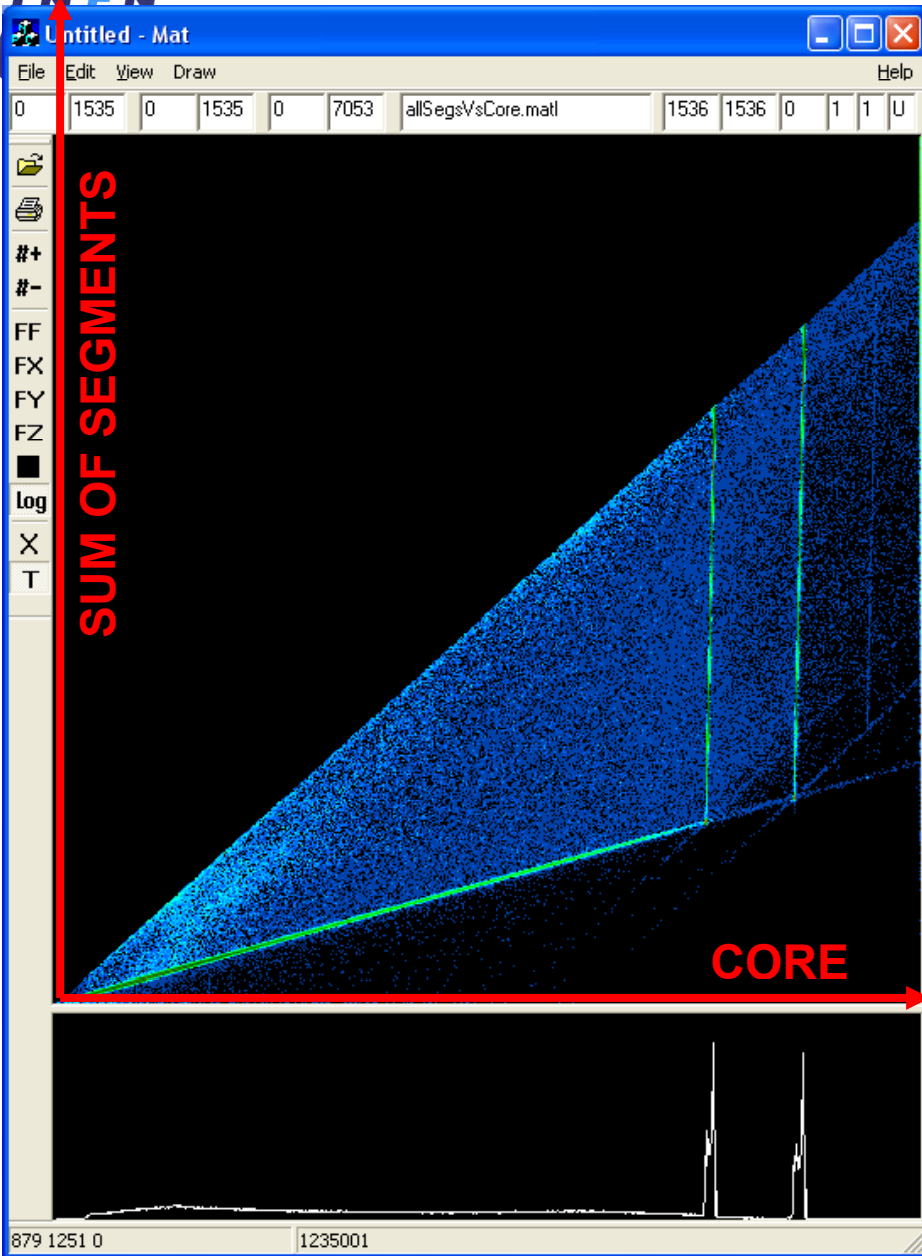
Effects of a broken segment (A5)

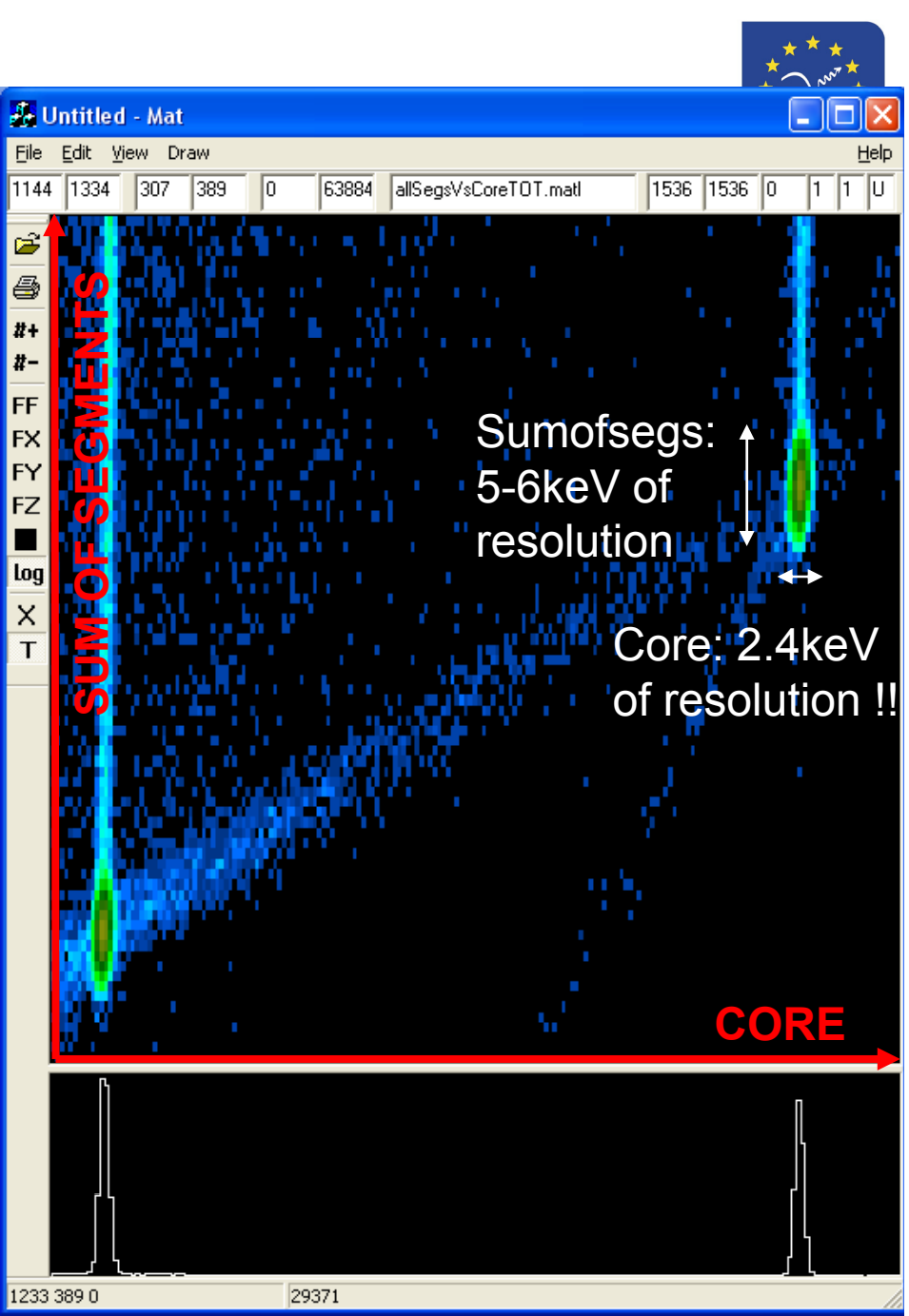
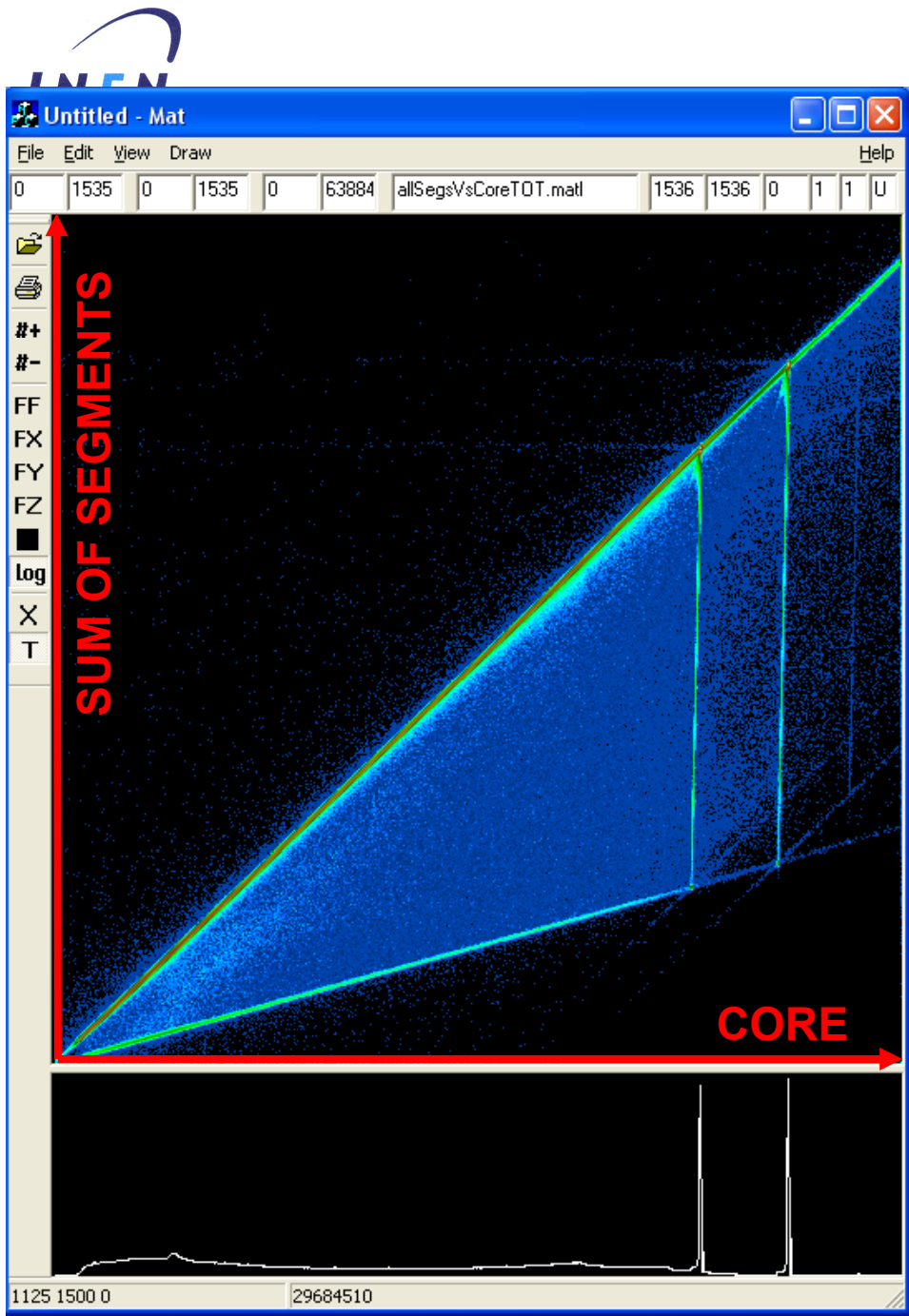


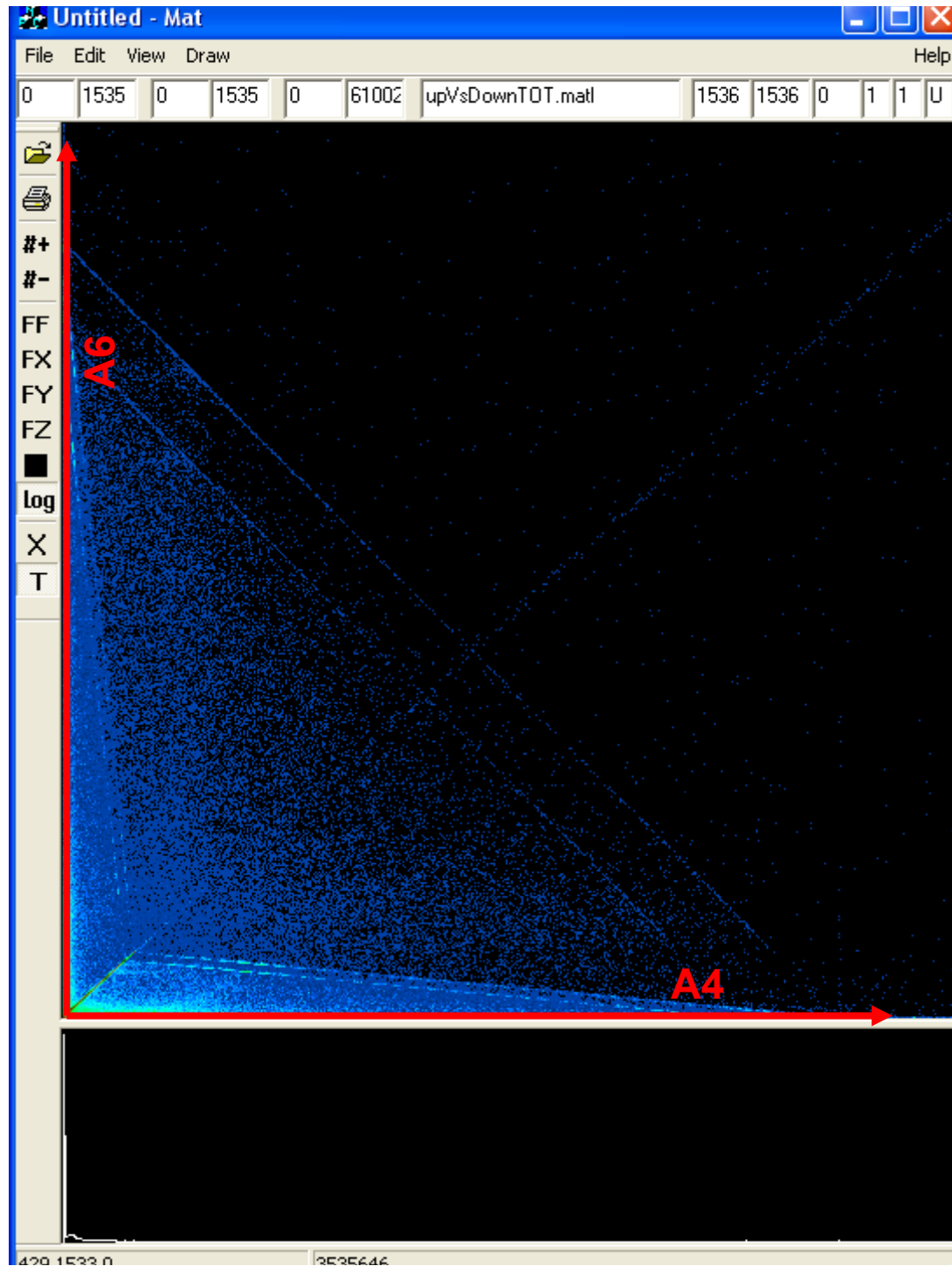
Effects of a broken segment

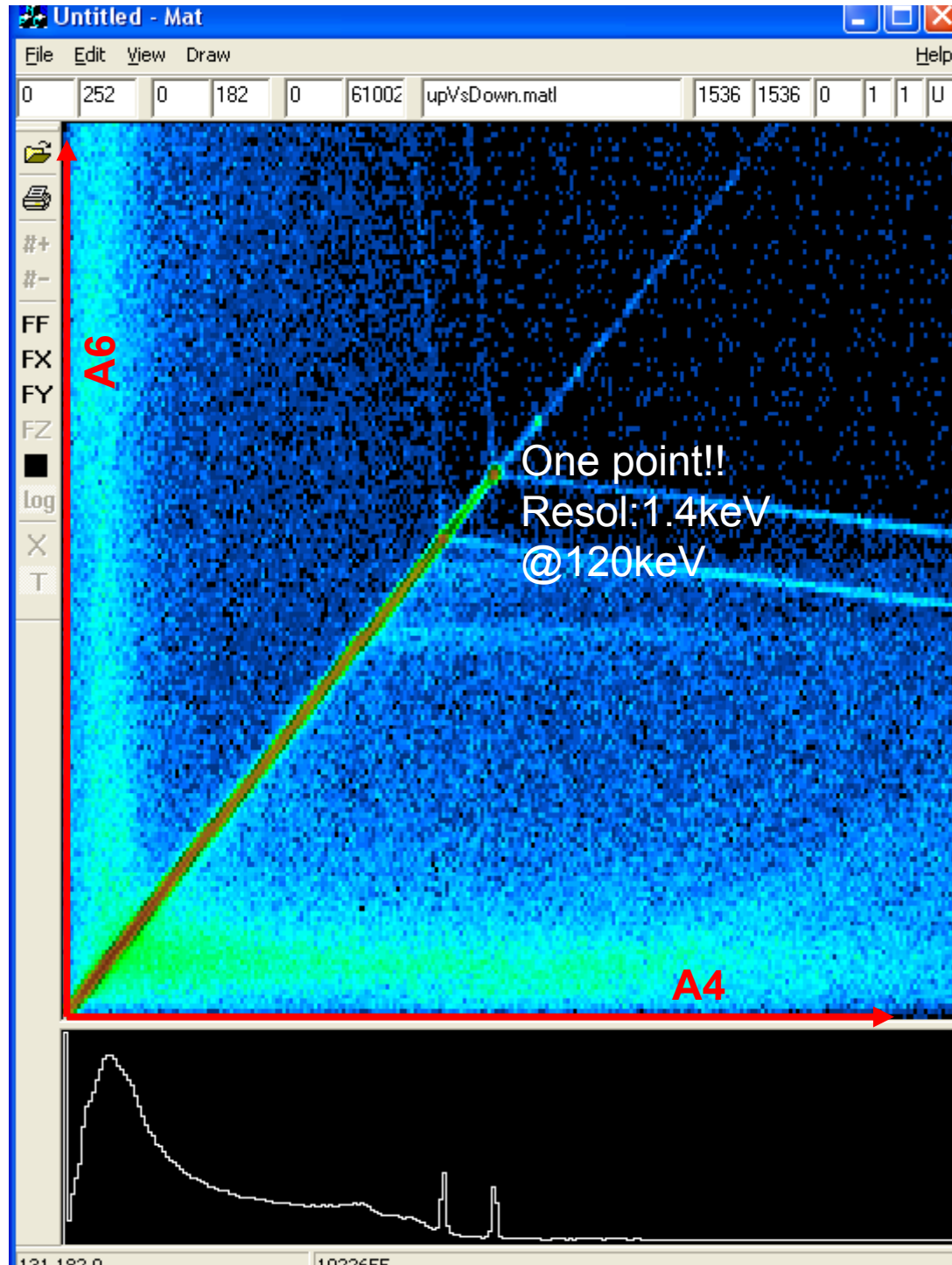












-> Energy seen by neighbors segments does not depend on the position of the interaction

->XTalk like!

Recovering the missing energy

1 MeV in A5

Problems:

- Missing energy
- $XT \gg$ “normal” XT
 - Wrong multiplicity of segments firing
- Strong XTalk to CC
 - Around 20 keV
 - Segment dependent calibration is not possible

BACK

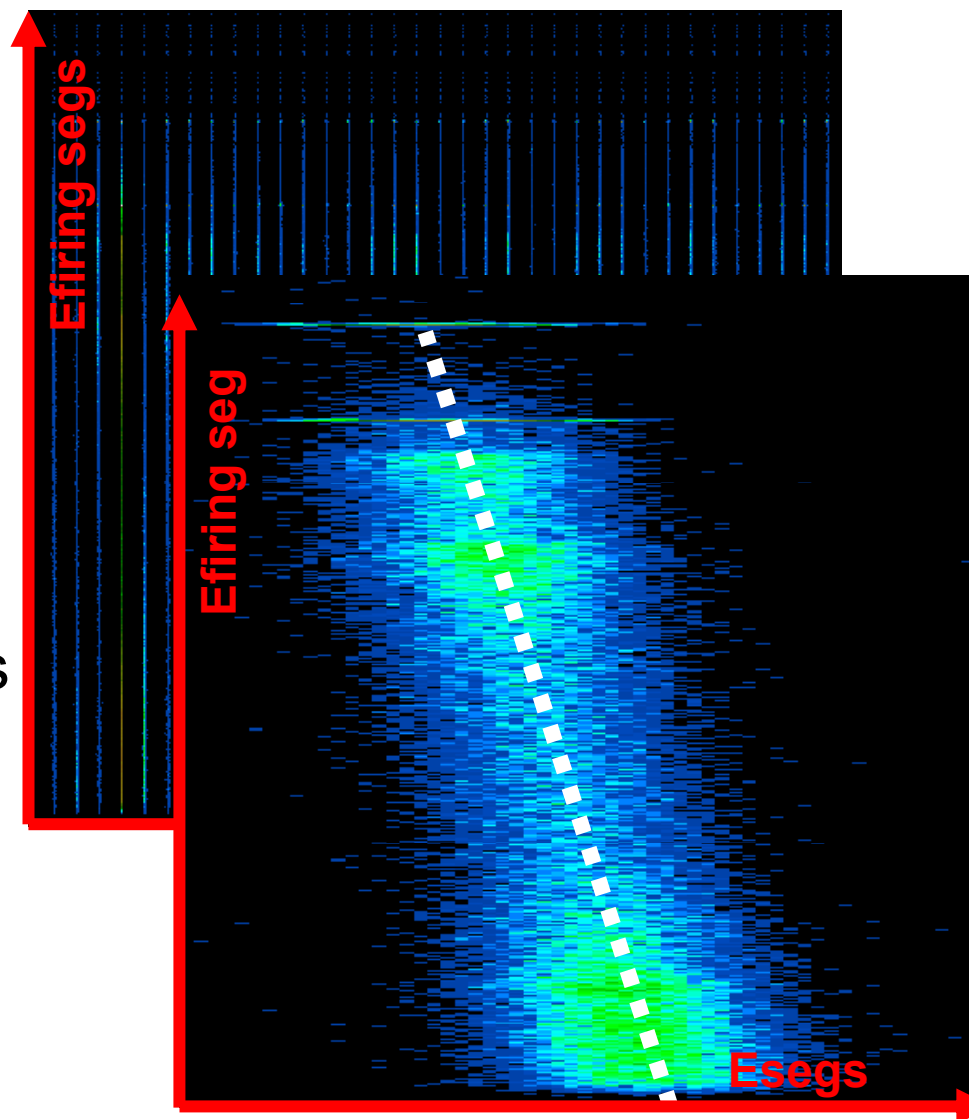
	3	80	3		
E6	F6	A6	B6	C6	D6
	25	A5	25		
E5	F5	A5	B5	C5	D5
	3	90	3		
E4	F4	A4	B4	C4	D4
		25			
E3	F3	A3	B3	C3	D3
		25			
E2	F2	A2	B2	C2	D2
		20			
E1	F1	A1	B1	C1	D1

FRONT

Core: 985 keV(-15 keV)
 Sum of segs: ~350 keV

The usual way we correct XTalk

- Estimate the XT matrix
 - Selecting fold 1 of segment firing
 - The matrix elements are the energies seen by the other segments



The usual way we correct XTalk

- Estimate the XT matrix
 - Selecting fold 1 of segment firing
 - The matrix elements are the energies seen by the other segments
- The measured energies (E_i^*) are a biased estimation of the deposited energies (E_i)
- Use the inversion of XT matrix to extract the good E_i from the biased E_i^*

$$XT = \begin{pmatrix}
 1 & x_{12} = \frac{E1}{E2} & x_{13} = \frac{E1}{E3} & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & x_{1N} = \frac{E1}{EN} \\
 x_{21} = \frac{E2}{E1} & 1 & x_{23} = \frac{E2}{E3} & & & & & \dots \\
 x_{31} = \frac{E3}{E1} & x_{32} = \frac{E3}{E2} & 1 & & & & & \dots \\
 \dots & & & \dots & & & & \dots \\
 \dots & & & & \dots & & & \dots \\
 \dots & & & & & \dots & & \dots \\
 x_{N1} = \frac{EN}{E1} & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots & 1
 \end{pmatrix}$$

Measured when segment 1 is firing alone

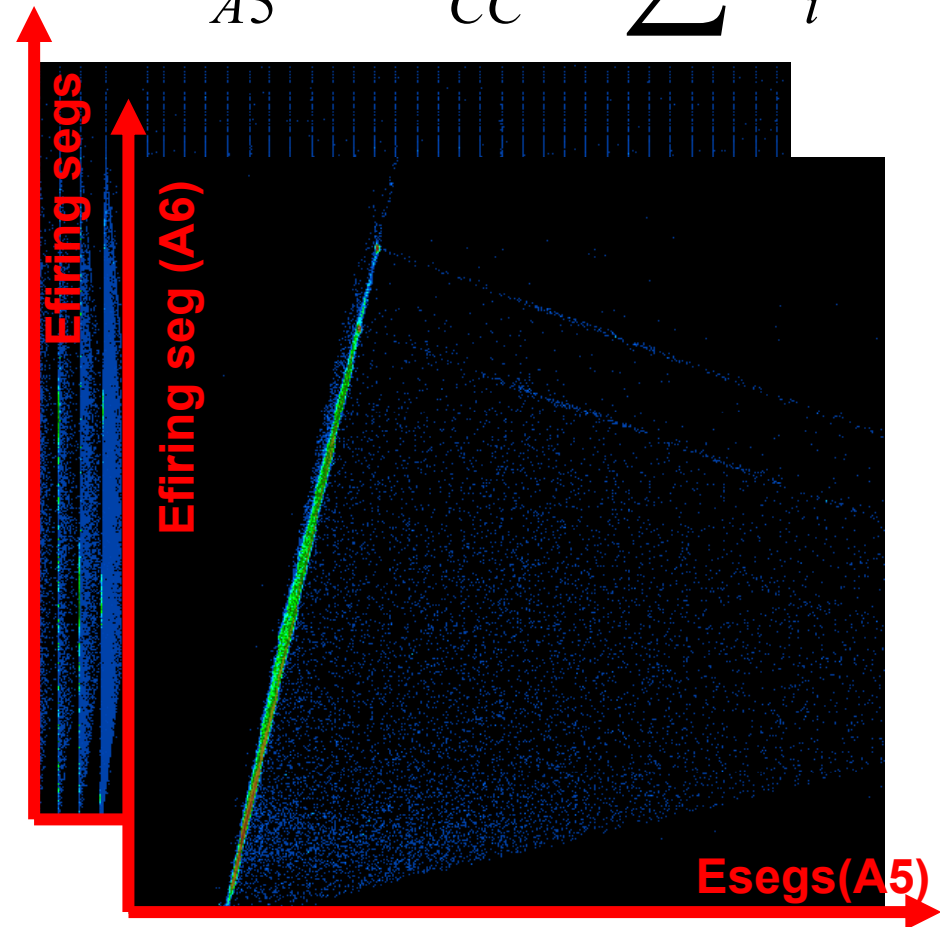
$$\vec{E}^* = XT \cdot \vec{E}^* \approx XT \cdot \vec{E}$$

$$\vec{E} \approx XT^{-1} \cdot \vec{E}^*$$

Recovering the missing energy

- Starting point: biased measure of the energy in A5
- Calibration of the new E_{A5}
- XT matrix
 - high fold of segments has to be used →

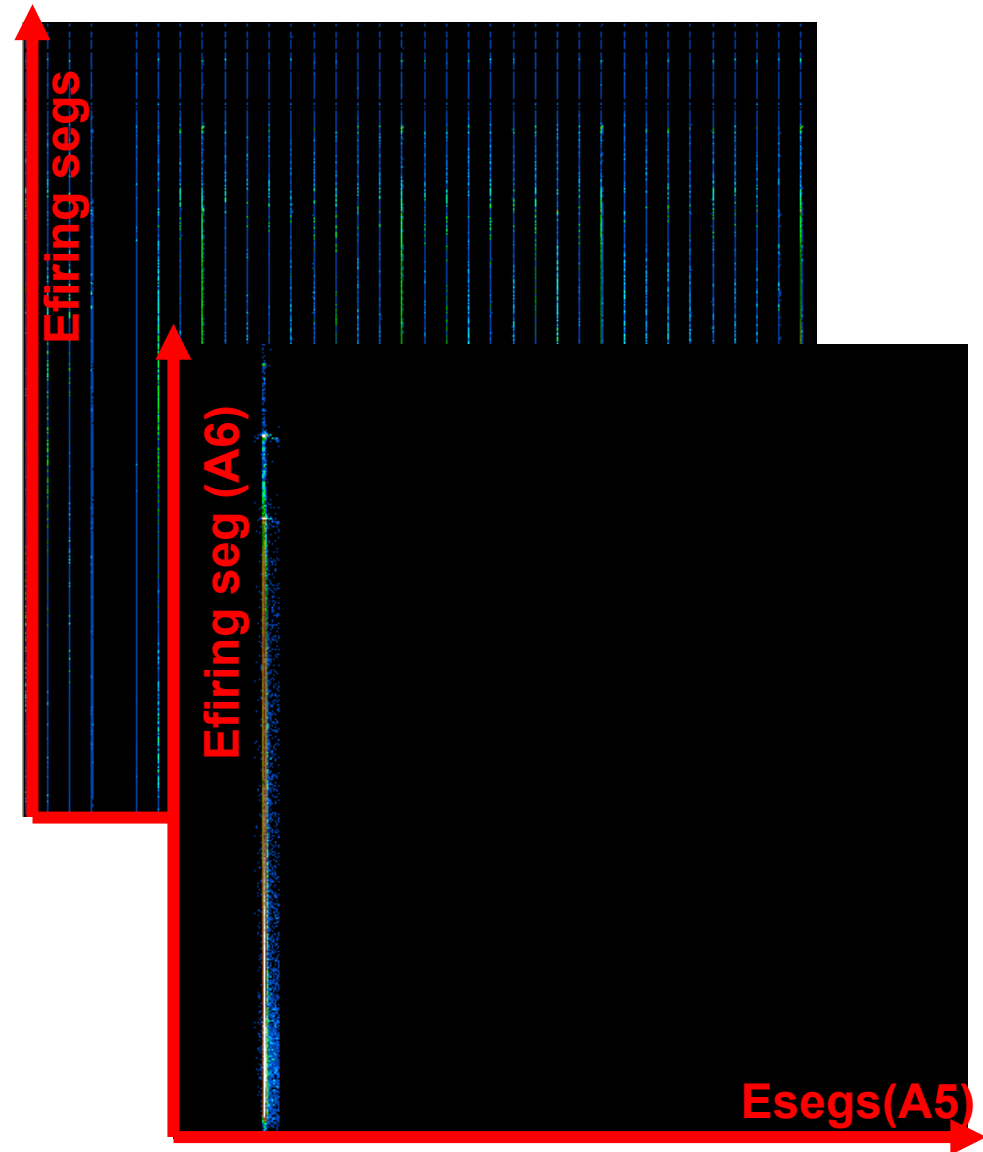
$$E_{A5} = E_{CC} - \sum E_i$$



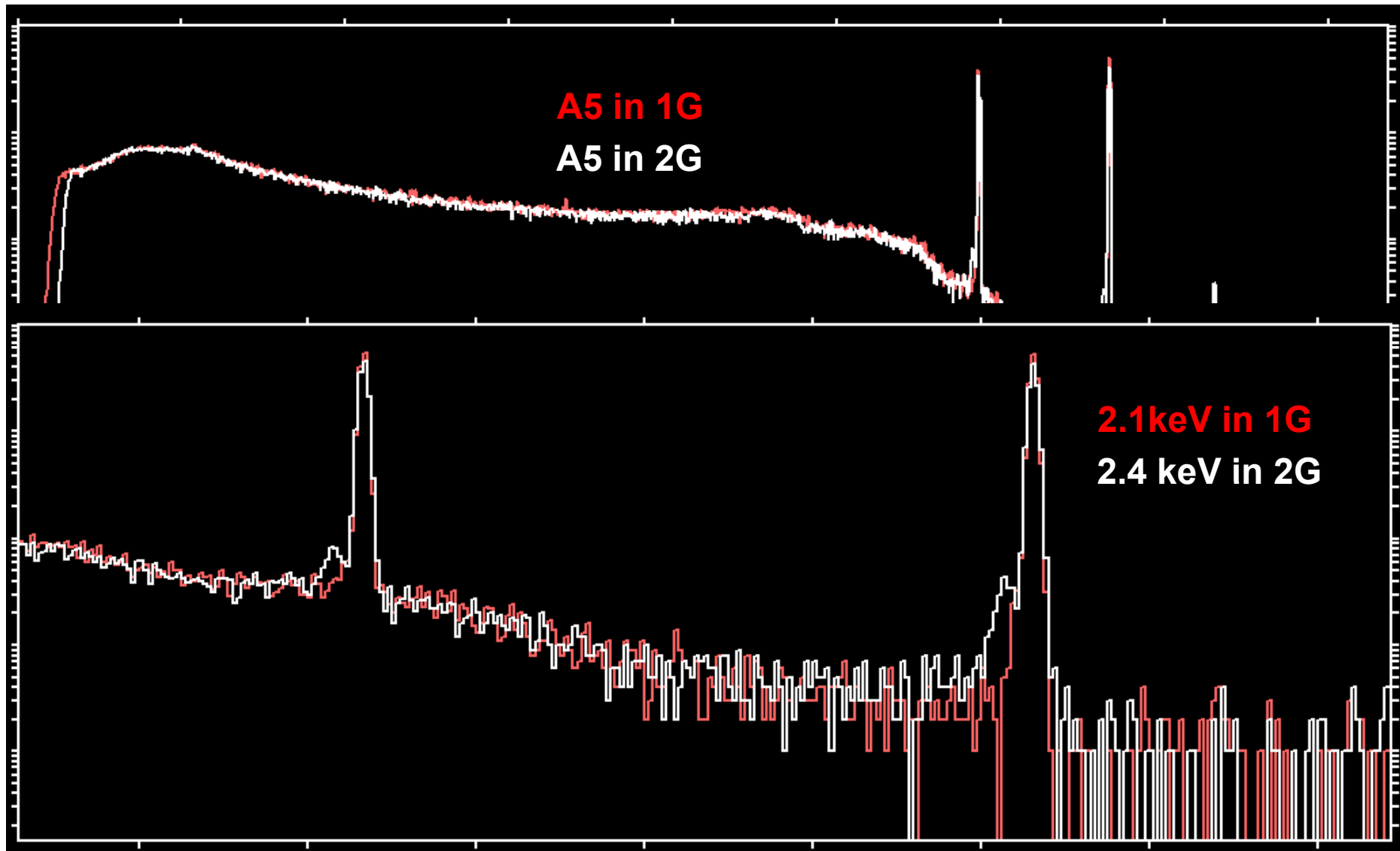
Recovering the missing energy

- Recover XTalk

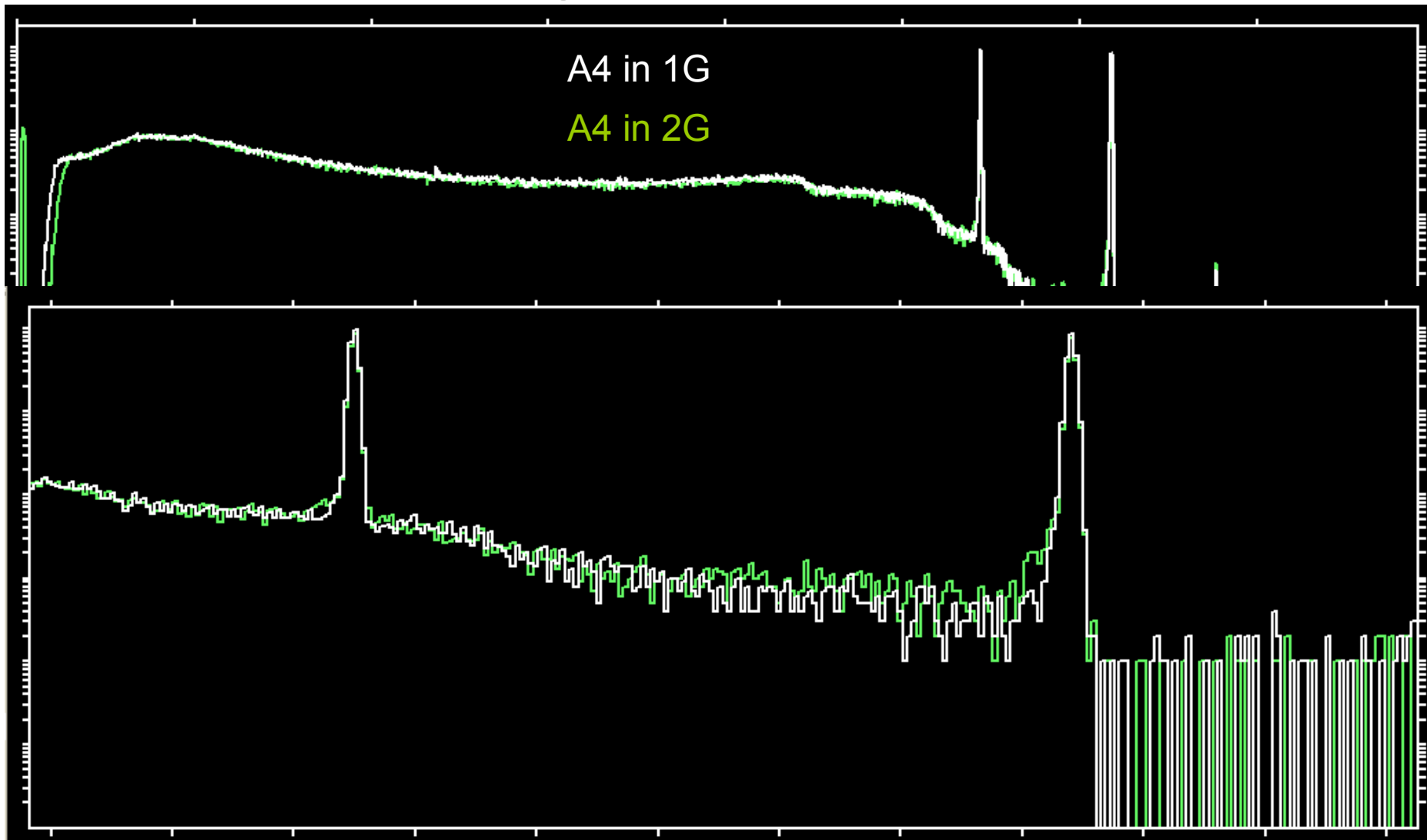
$$\vec{E} \approx XT^{-1} \cdot \vec{E}^*$$
- Recalculate multiplicity
- Recalibrate core in coincidence with the broken segment



Performance: missing segment[A5]



Performance: neighboring segments [A4]



Performance:CC

