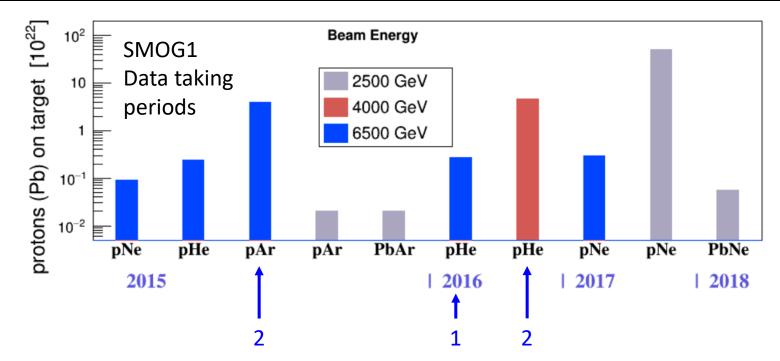


## A luminometer for the FT at LHCb

- 1. Feedback from SMOG1
- 2. SMOG2
- 3. luminometer



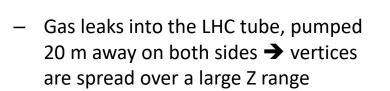
- Since 2015, LHCb started to take data in fixed-target configuration
- Two analyses performed with these data:
  - 1. Measurement of antiproton production in pHe collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}$ =110 GeV,
  - 2. First measurement of charm production in fixed-target configuration (pAr+pHe)
- Ongoing analyses with pNe and PbNe data

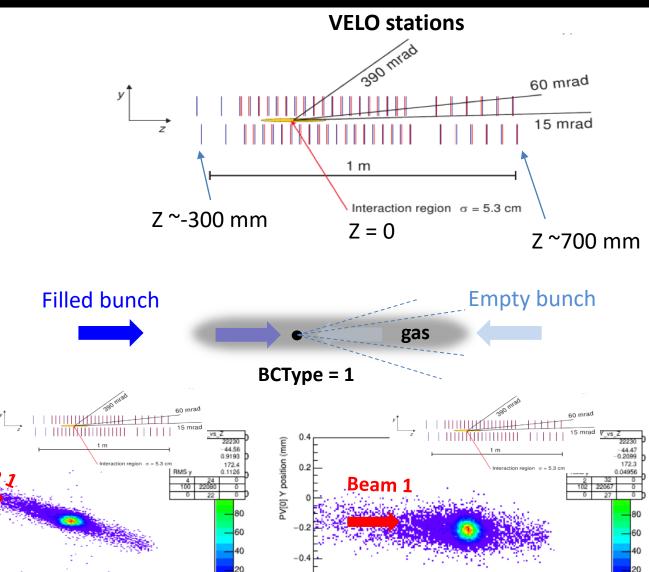
Phys. Rev. Lett. 121 (2018) 222001 Phys. Rev. Lett. 122 (2019) 132002



## 1. Feedback from SMOG1 – operations

- Data taking conditions
  - Plots based on pNe 2017 data
    - ~1100 colliding bunches
    - ~700 non-colliding bunches
  - Gas injected into the VELO tank (VELO pumps switched off)
  - Use BCType=1 → fully filled beam 1
     bunch meets empty beam 2 bunch at IP





Primary Vertex X .vs. Z position

PV[0] Z position (mm)

v[0] X po

0.2E

PV[0] Z position (mm)

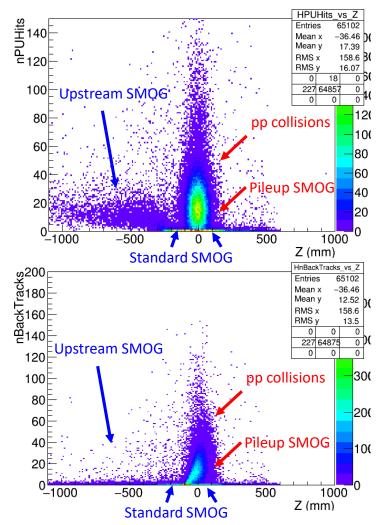
Primary Vertex Y .vs. Z position

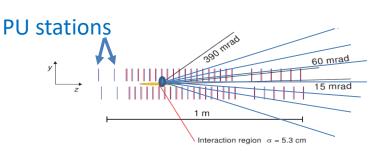


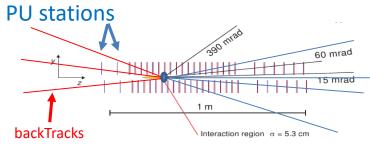
• Based on backward information

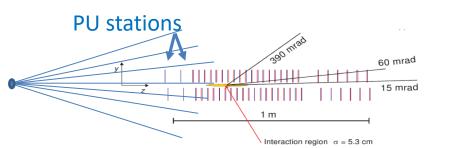
**nPUHits** = number of hits in PileUp stations

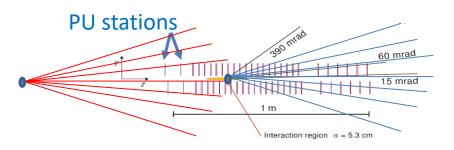
nBackTracks = number of VeloTracks going backward











1. Standard SMOG events Number of hits in PU ~ 0 Number of backTracks ~ 0

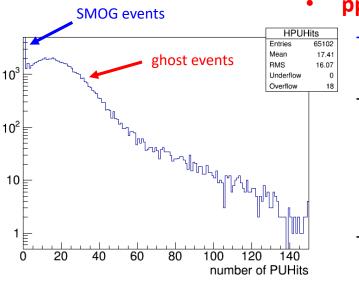
# 2. pp Collisions Number of hits in PU > 0 Number of backTracks > 0



3. Upstream SMOG events (PVZ < -200 mm) Number of hits in PU > 0 Number of backTracks ~ 0

4. Pileup SMOG events
Number of hits in PU > 0
Number of backTracks > 0
►►► IP

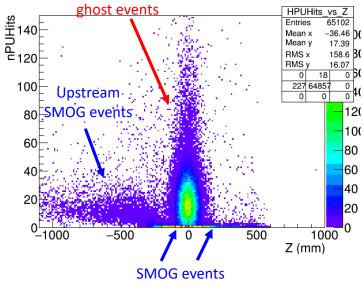


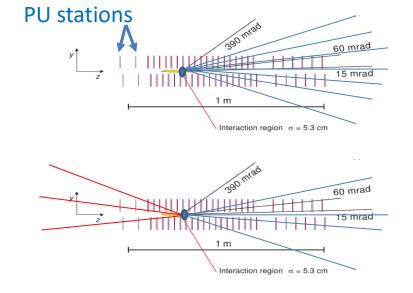


- **pp collisions** in BCType=1 due to Ghost charge contamination
  - BCType = 1 → fully filled beam1 bunch meets empty beam2 bunch at IP



- In principle, beam2 bunch is empty, but some protons from previous fully filled beam2 bunch can migrate to downstream empty beam2 bunches → empty bunches may not be fully empty. Debunched protons are called « ghost charges ».
- Those « ghost charges » may interact with fully filled beam1 bunches at IP, producing a proton-proton collision at 5 TeV





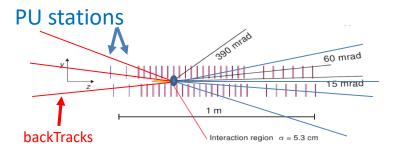
« regular » SMOG events
Number of hits in PU ~ 0
Number of backtracks ~ 0



- Global event selection in antiproton and charm analyses
  - Backward information is used to remove background; cuts depend on the analysis strategy.



- Use nPUHits
- Use nBackTracks



390 mrad

Interaction region  $\sigma = 5.3$  cm

1 m

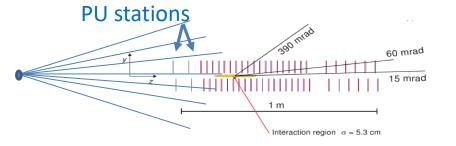
60 mrad

15 mrad

#### pp Collisions Number of hits in PU > 0 Number of backTracks > 0



- Removing upstream SMOG
  - Use nPUHits
  - Use PVZ (Primary Vertex Z position)



**PU** stations

Upstream SMOG events (PVZ < -200 mm) Number of hits in PU > 0 Number of backTracks ~ 0



Pileup SMOG events Number of hits in PU > 0 Number of backTracks > 0



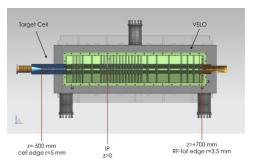
#### Removing Pileup SMOG

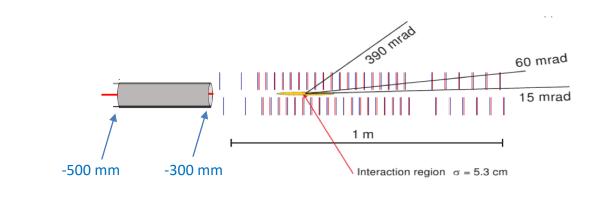
- Use nPUHits
- Use PVZ



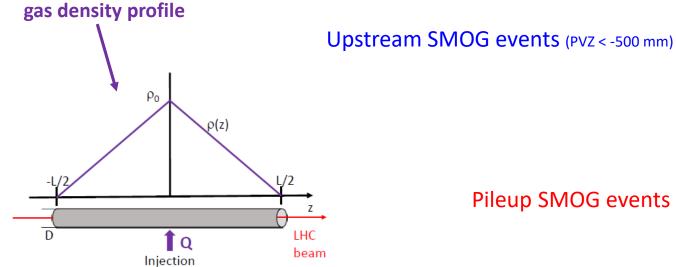
## 2. SMOG2 - operations

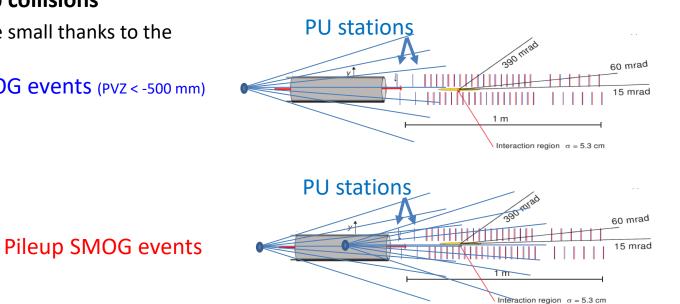
- Storage cell located upstream of the VELO
  - Position: -500 < PVZ < -300 mm</li>





- Thanks to displaced vertex, ghost charge contamination negligible
  - Can be estimated with VELO backward information
- Main source of background: upstream and pileup collisions
  - No quantitative estimate available, but expect to be small thanks to the gas density profile

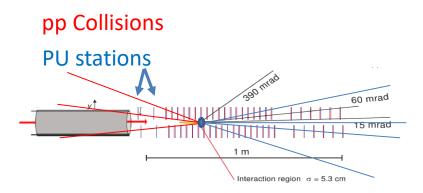


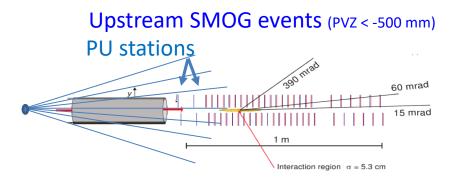


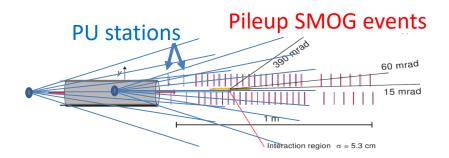


## 2. SMOG2 - analysis

- Storage cell located upstream of the VELO
  - Ghost charge (pp collisions) events can be removed with cut on PVZ
  - Upstream SMOG events can be removed with cut on PVZ
  - No simple cut to remove Pileup SMOG events
- Analysis
  - Some analysis depend on event multiplicity
    - **Nucleus-Nucleus collisions:** centrality of the collision is determined with the particle multiplicity and the energy deposited in the CALO.
    - **Proton-Nucleus collisions:** (for instance) the suppression of quarkonia due to their interaction with comoving particles is studied .vs. event multiplicity
    - Flow analysis: use particle correlation
  - Pileup SMOG events may introduce a biais in event multiplicity determination
  - Although this background is expected to be small, the estimation of the systematic uncertainty related to pileup contamination may be tricky.
  - A detector upstream of the target would help to remove/estimate pileup contamination

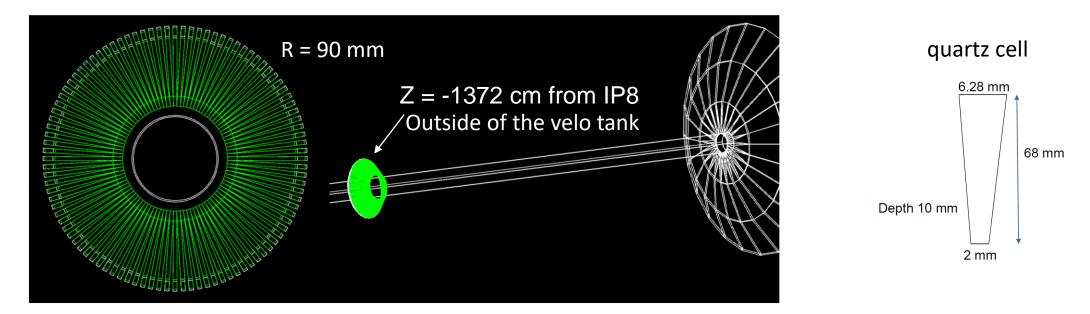








- A proposal for a quartz sector counter for luminosity measurement
  - https://indico.cern.ch/event/824952/contributions/3451280/attachments/1858700/3053920/quartz\_lumi.pdf
  - Main goal:
    - Alarm for LHC based on single BX ample
    - On(off)line luminosity measurement
    - Veto/monitor PileUp for SMOG2
  - Proposed technique:
    - Count fired quartz sectors using Cherenkov light
    - Small-size sectors → yes/no response
    - Count number of BX with no collisions (in addition, count number of collisions), then determine poissonian mean
    - Quartz sector readout: 100 400 channels (depending on the chosen option)

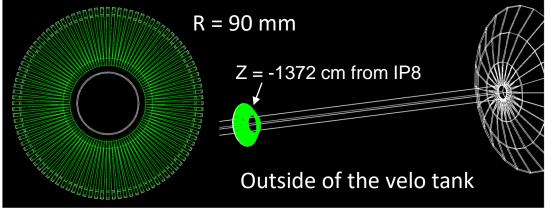


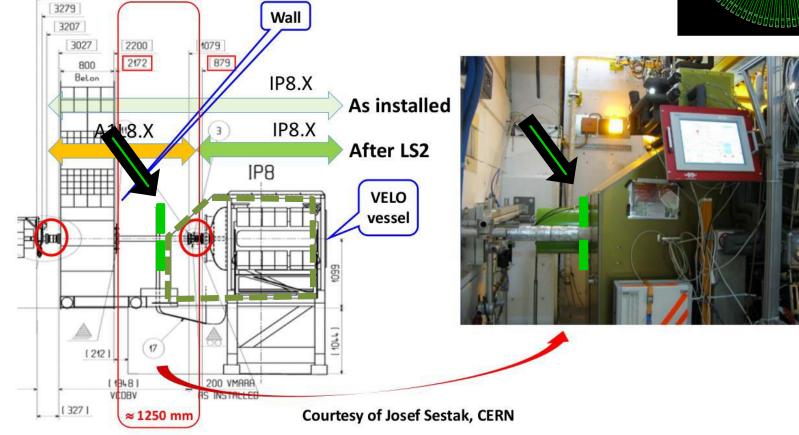


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## **3.** Luminometer - position

- the luminometer would be installed outside the VELO tank
  - Closest position ~ 80 cm upstream of the target cell







#### • Feedback from SMOG1

- Main background source coming from ghost charge contamination
- Background removed with backward and PVZ information
- SMOG2:
  - Thanks to displaced vertex, **ghost charge contamination will be negligible** (can be monitored with VELO information)
  - Main source of background should come from pileup SMOG events
  - The installation of a luminometer upstream of the target would help to veto/monitor pileup SMOG events
- For SMOG3 (spin): Suggest to consider adding an upstream tracking/veto station in the setup

