

The RENOIR Experiment at the LNGS

“Radiation ENvirOnment triggers biological Responses in flies: physical and biological mechanisms”

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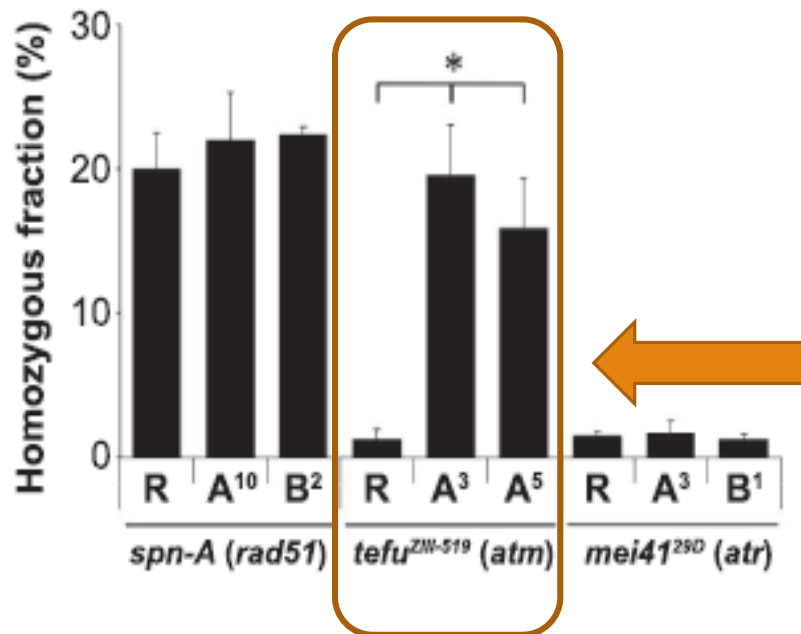




The LNGS results on *Drosophila melanogaster*

So far, we collected and published the **first data at organism level** using **different *Drosophila* strains** grown in parallel in low radiation environment at LNGS (**LRE**) and in the reference laboratory (**RRE**)

R = reference flies (at RRE)
A, *B* = different generations at LRE

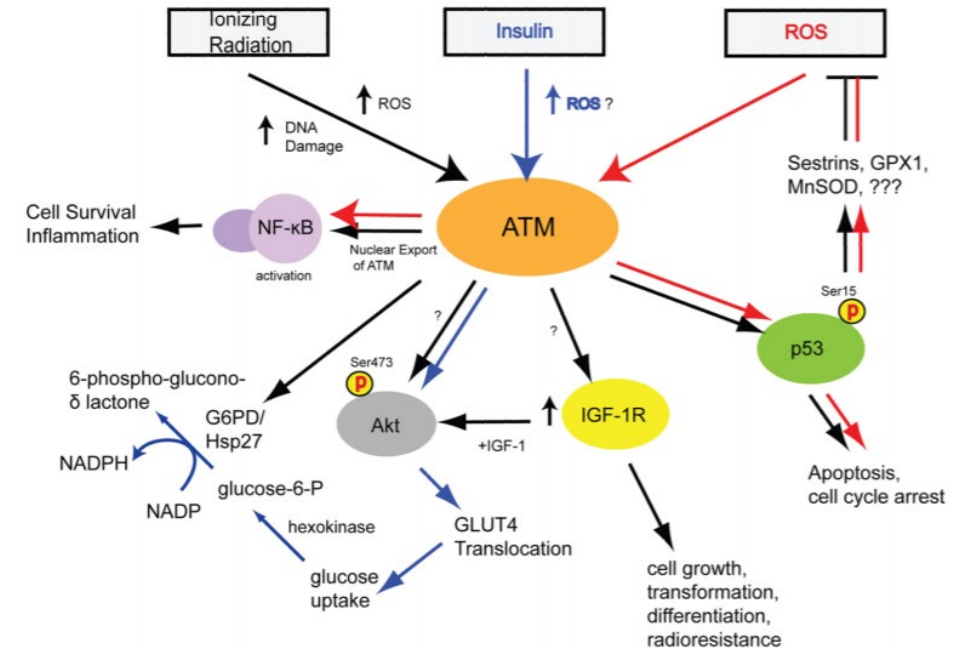


| End point | Result |
|------------|--|
| Life span | <u>Increased life span (up to 15%)</u> in flies growing at LRE: effect observed after 1 generation and maintained constant for several generations |
| Fertility | <u>Reduced fertility (up to 40%)</u> of both male and female adults growing at LRE: effect observed after 1 generation and maintained constant for several generations |
| DNA repair | <u>Positive selection</u> on the survival of <u>mutant atm/tefu homozygous flies</u> (with <u>little ATM protein</u>) at LRE: surprising effect observed even when mutant flies are moved back to RRE |

ATM is crucial protein of the DNA Damage Response (DDR), involved in different pathways, among them in the early sensing of DNA double strand breaks

■ It is reasonable to expect that the fitness of organisms lacking in ATM is strongly reduced in the above ground environment, where radiation represent a constant stimulus in the day life

■ In a «cosmic silence» environment no activation of DDR is needed so individuals lacking in ATM are not disadvantaged

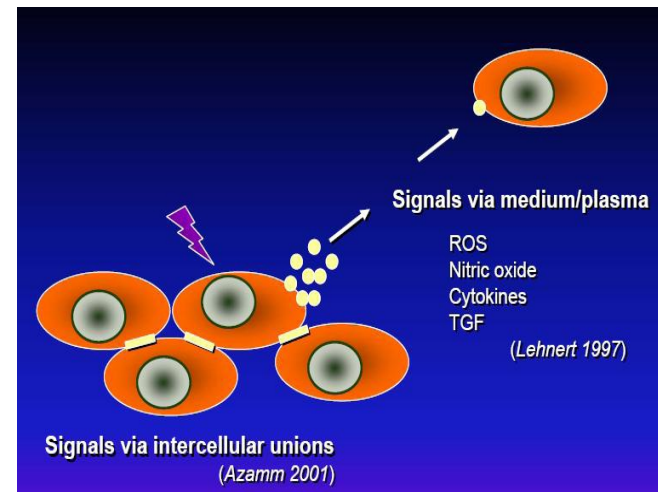


It is interesting to note that *Drosophila melanogaster*, well known to be a **radioresistant** organism, **responds so promptly** to changes in the environmental radiation

- *The doses/fluences of concern are so low that we should speculate about the **triggering of bystander mechanisms**, typical of the so-called «non-targeted effects», that involve **cell-cell communication phenomena** for amplifying such small signal(s)*

Bystander mechanisms

The target for radiation damage is greater than the initial irradiated volume



RENOIR experimental plans for the next 3 years

Two main aims:

1. To **improve the knowledge of the radiation field** inside the external (reference) and underground laboratories, with dosimetric and spectroscopic **measurements** and with **simulations**
2. To obtain information about the **involvement** of the **different components** of the radiation field, **starting from gamma rays**, on the biological **responses of the fruit fly** *Drosophila melanogaster*

The **radiation environment characterization** of the different **experimental sites** where the biological experiments are performed **is crucial** for the interpretation of results

*We have scheduled a new campaign of measurements **underground** inside the **COSMIC SILENCE facility** and in the reference **external LNGS laboratory** (located at the Servizio di Chimica e Impianti Chimici)*



Measurements will include the **characterization of the gamma field** through:

- a) gamma **dose rate** measurements with Reuter Stokes, Automess and TLD 700H
- b) in field **gamma spectrometry** with portable HpGe spectrometer

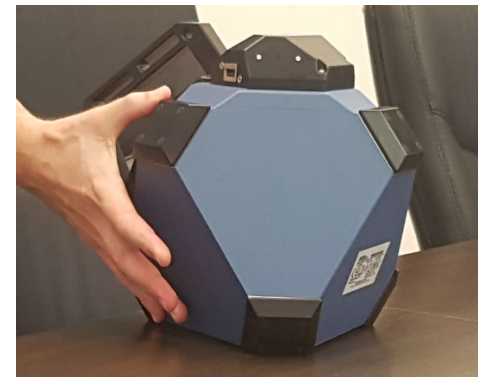
As for the **neutron component**:

so far, *measurements have been carried out using **BF₃ detectors** (in horizontal and vertical position) in the bypass of the Pulex-Cosmic Silence area, showing a “geometric effect” (observed range: 0.12 nSv/h - 0.55 nSv/h)*



*We are presently in touch with Politecnico di Milano colleagues for testing the sensitivity of their **neutron spettrometer** in our labs*

*We will try to get information on neutron dose rate by comparing **TLD 600H and 700H***



Other detectors/approaches ???

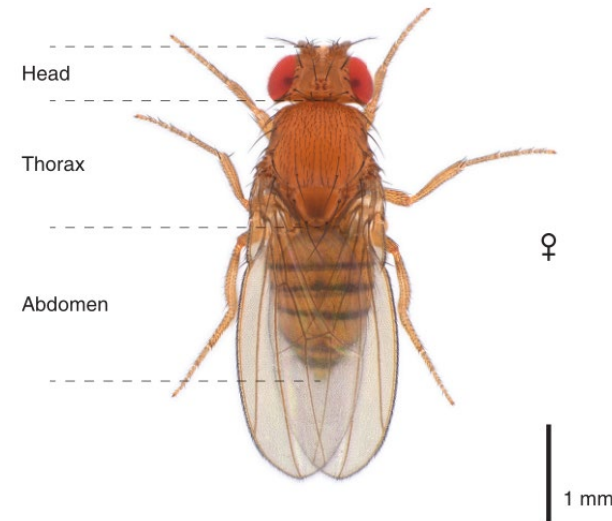
Simulations by means of FLUKA, GEANT4 and MCNP6 Monte Carlo codes will give information on the **fluxes/doses to the biological target** induced by **gamma rays and neutrons** both outside and inside LNGS laboratories

A ***Drosophila* geometric model** will also be implemented in the simulations

INPUT

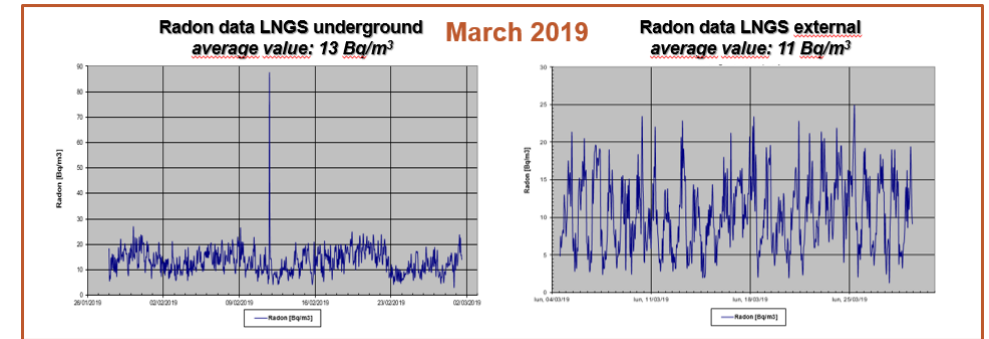
gamma ray flux spectrum measured both outside and inside LNGS laboratories

neutron flux spectrum both outside and inside LNGS laboratories obtained by literature data and possibly measurements



Simulation results will also help to **optimize the experimental set up**

The **first planned experiments** will be focused to evaluate whether the **restoring of underground radon** level to values **similar to the external one** have any influence on our previous findings



- ➡ We will carry out the **fertility analysis** and the maintenance of **positive selection of specific DNA repair mutants** already identified in previous experiments as a quick and reliable “sentinel” tests
- ➡ Furthermore, we will study the **molecular mechanisms** underlying the influence of environmental radiation in *Drosophila* **using different mutants** and undertaking **genome wide approaches** to understand which **changes at both protein and DNA/RNA levels** undergo flies kept at LRE with respect to RRE

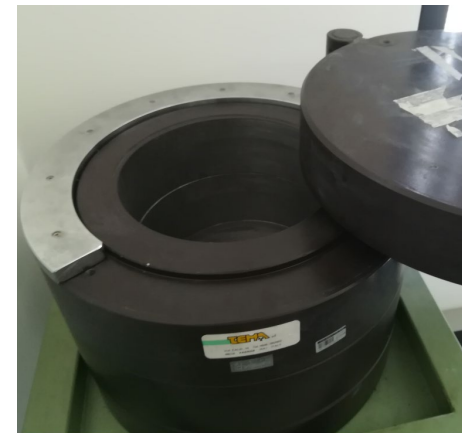
We will also focus on the possibility to modify the external environment (RRE now at the LNGS) using **shielding** or **natural sources (tuff/pozzolana)** to **reduce** or **increase** the gamma component

We already collected in vitro evidence, changing the location of the reference laboratory or removing the 5 cm thick iron shield around the PULEX cell culture incubator, that a limited reduction of the gamma dose rate does not significantly change the biological response. We want further investigate this aspect in vivo, possibly making negligible this component

To this aim we will adapt to our purposes a standard **gamma spectrometry shield**. It is **10 cm thick Pb hollow cylinder**, that allows the reduction of the gamma component by some orderd of magnitude

TLD will be used to monitor the dose rate inside and outside the shield

*Biological sample will be put inside the hollow cylinder that **will be further shielded in the bottom**. Small holes through the bottom shield will allow the **passage of humidified warmed air and light** (to provide a day/night cycle)*



Shielding the gamma component

We want also **to increase the gamma exposure** obtaining a spectrum similar to the external radiation background

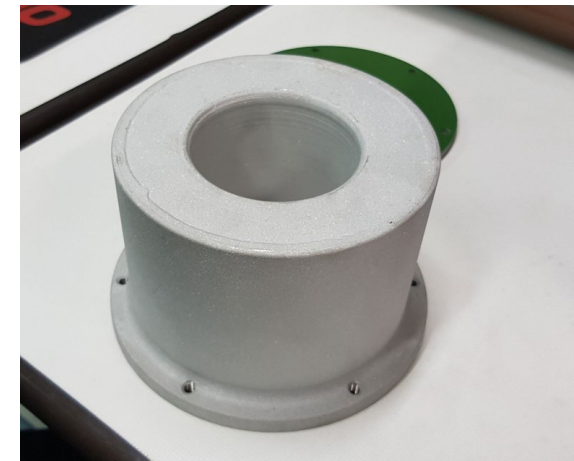
To this purpose, **we will realize and use large “Marinelli beakers”**, able to fit all the available volume inside the shield, **filled with natural building material** (*tuff and/or pozzolana*) and **sealed** to avoid any radon exposure

As an example, after filling the toroidal volume of a standard Marinelli beaker (3 l volume) with a mix of tuff and/or pozzolana we have carried out at ISS dose rate measurement inside the inner hole (8.5 cm dia x 8 cm h) using the Automess dose meter, obtaining a value above background of at least 150 nSv/h



With this approach we are able **to increase the gamma-component underground by a factor of about 10**

Starting from the value of about 20 nSv/h, that is the gamma-dose rate contribution at LNGS, we can gradually increase the gamma-dose rate value up to the external value and even beyond. We are planning to test 3 different dose-rates in the interval 20-150 nSv/h



Increasing the gamma component

| | LNGS RRE w Pb-shield | LNGS External (RRE) | LNGS LRE w Tuff/Pozzolana | LNGS LRE w Pb-shield | LNGS Underground (LRE) | LNGS LRE w Tuff/Pozzolana |
|--|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Photons and directly ionizing cosmic rays (low LET) (<i>nSv/h</i>) | | 41.5 ^a | | | negligible | |
| Neutrons from cosmic rays (high LET) (<i>nSv/h</i>) | | 21.2 ^a | | | 0.12-0.55* | |
| Total γ -rays (terrestrial, low LET) (<i>nSv/h</i>) | <<< | 22 ^b | > 100 above bk | <<< | 20 ^c | > 100 above bk |
| ⁴⁰ K (internal exposure, low LET) (<i>nSv/h</i>) | | 19 ^a | | | 19 ^a | |
| ²²² Rn (high LET) (<i>Bq/m³</i>) | | 11 | | | 13 | |

(a) Evaluation based on UNSCEAR 2008 (United Nations Scientific Committee on the Effects of Atomic Radiation) Vol I. Sources and Effects of Ionizing Radiation

(b) G. Di Carlo, personal communication

(c) Reuter Stokes, Automess and TLD measurements (just terrestrial, no cosmic rays)

* neutrons measurements **underground** (dependent on the device axis of measurement)

Previously: γ -rays at UNIVAQ (RRE) = 75 nSv/h ; radon at LNGS (LRE) = 72 Bq/m³

| Milestones | Year 1 | | | | | Year 2 | | | | | Year 3 | | | | |
|------------|--------|--|--|--|--|--------|--|--|--|--|--------|-------|--|--|--|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M1 | 0-34 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M2 | 0-10m | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M3 | 0-10m | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| M4 | | | | | | 10-22m | | | | | | | | | |
| M5 | | | | | | | | | | | | 22-34 | | | |
| M6 | | | | | | 10-36 | | | | | | | | | |

- M1.** Characterization of the radiation environment in the scenarios of interest: measurements and simulations
- M2.** Biological measurements underground and in the reference lab to confirm the previous results in similar conditions of radon concentration
- M3.** Implementation of devices for biological measurements after modulation of the gamma dose rate
- M4.** Biological measurements at the external laboratory in conditions of shielded γ -rays and underground after increasing the gamma dose rates
- M5.** Biological measurements underground in conditions of shielded γ -rays and at the external laboratory after increasing the gamma dose rates
- M6.** Statistical analysis of the biological results

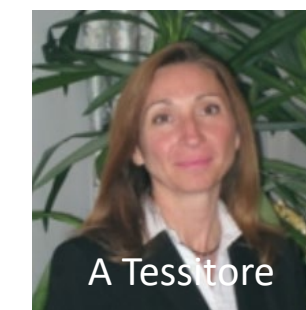
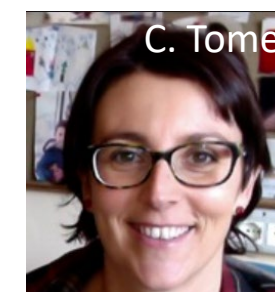
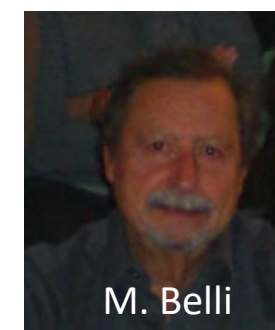
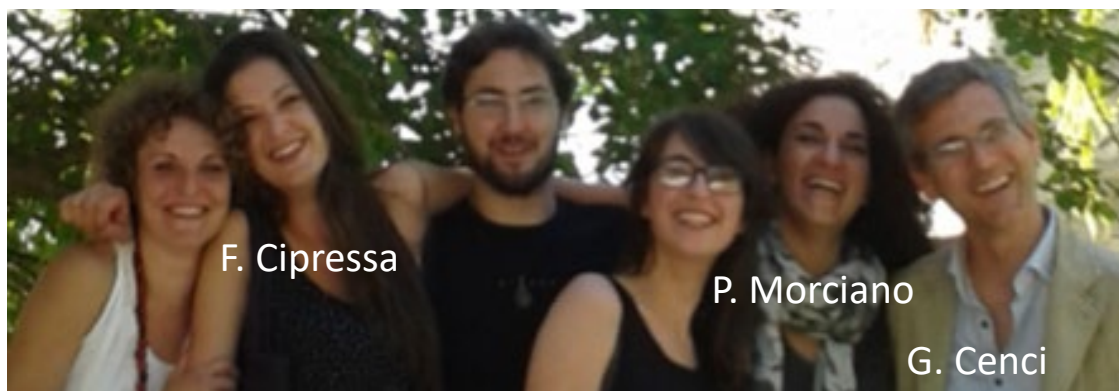
The COLLABORATION

Institutions involved:

1. **Istituto Superiore di Sanità** (Centro nazionale tecnologie innovative in sanità pubblica; Centro nazionale protezione dalle Radiazioni e fisica computazionale; Servizio grandi strumentazioni e core facility) **and INFN-Sezione di Roma 1**
2. **INFN - LNGS** (Divisione Ricerca; Servizio di Chimica e Impianti Chimici)
3. **INFN - LNF** (Servizi tecnici della Fisica Sanitaria)
4. Department of Clinical and Biotechnological Sciences, **L'Aquila University**
5. Department of Biology & Biotechnology "C. Darwin", Section of Genetics, "**La Sapienza**" **University, Rome**
6. ***Radon laboratory** of Istituto Nazionale di Metrologia delle Radiazioni Ionizzanti (**INMRI**) of Ente nazionale per le nuove tecnologie, l'energia e lo sviluppo economico sostenibile (**ENEA**)*

Other collaborations:

- **New Mexico State University and WIPP** Facility, underground repository, **New Mexico, USA**
- **Flinders University, Adelaide, Australia**



On behalf of the PULEX-COSMIC SILENCE collaboration

Thank you for the attention !