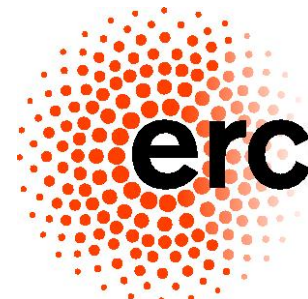


Heavy Flavour in LHCb - results and prospects

Shanzhen Chen, on behalf of the LHCb collaboration
Universita e INFN, Cagliari

Second LHCb Heavy Ion Workshop
5th September 2019



LHCb heavy-ion recent results

- **Antiproton production in fixed-target configuration**
 - LHCb-PAPER-2018-031, [PRL 121 \(2018\) 222001](#)
- **Charm production in fixed-target configuration**
 - LHCb-PAPER-2018-023, [PRL 122 \(2019\) 132002](#)
- **Heavy flavour production in p Pb collisions**
 - $D^0@5.02\text{TeV}$: LHCb-PAPER-2017-015, [JHEP \(2017\) 090](#)
 - $\Lambda_c^+@5.02\text{TeV}$: LHCb-PAPER-2018-021, [JHEP 02 \(2019\) 102](#)
 - $B^+, B^0, \Lambda_b^0@8.16\text{TeV}$: LHCb-PAPER-2018-048, [PRD99 052011 \(2019\)](#)
 - $J/\psi@8.16\text{TeV}$: LHCb-PAPER-2017-014, [PLB774 \(2017\) 159](#)
 - $\Upsilon(nS)@8.16\text{TeV}$: LHCb-PAPER-2018-035, [JHEP 11 \(2018\) 194](#)
- **Exclusive photonuclear J/ψ production in ultra-peripheral PbPb collisions @5TeV**
 - LHCb-CONF-2018-003

LHCb heavy-ion recent results

- **Antiproton production in fixed-target configuration**

- LHCb-PAPER-2018-031, [PRL 121 \(2018\) 222001](#)

→ Saverio Mariani

- **Charm production in fixed-target configuration**

- LHCb-PAPER-2018-023, [PRL 122 \(2019\) 132002](#)

- **Heavy flavour production in p Pb collisions**

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→ This talk

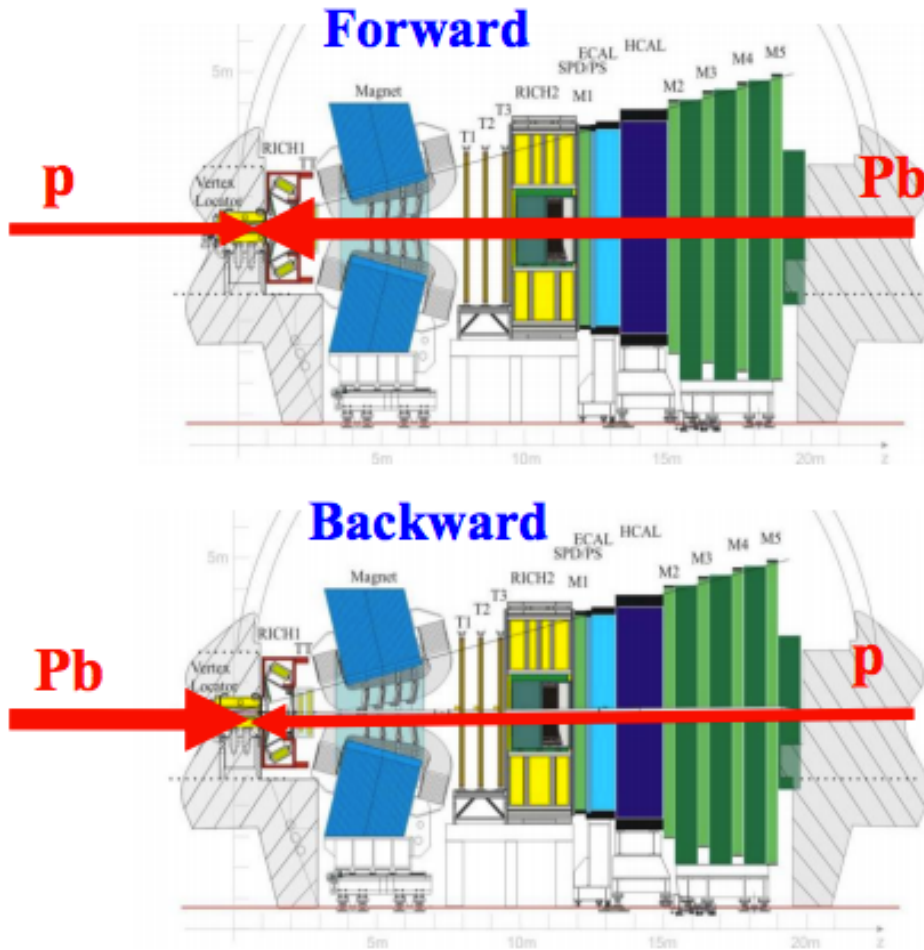
- **Exclusive photonuclear J/ψ production in ultra-peripheral PbPb collisions @5TeV**

- LHCb-CONF-2018-003

→ Albert Bursche

→ Jana Crkovska

Proton-lead modes setups at LHCb



Ion = $^{208}_{82}\text{Pb}$

Forward region:

- $y^* = y_{\text{lab}} - 0.465$
- $p\text{Pb}: 1.5 < y^* < 4.0$

Backward region:

- $y^* = -(y_{\text{lab}} + 0.465)$
- $\text{Pb}p: -5.0 < y^* < -2.5$

2013 data taking: $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 5.02 \text{ TeV}$

- 1.1 nb^{-1} (Fwd), 0.5 nb^{-1} (Bwd)

2016 data taking: $\sqrt{s_{\text{NN}}} = 8.16 \text{ TeV}$

- 13.6 nb^{-1} (Fwd), 20.8 nb^{-1} (Bwd)

Proton-lead collisions

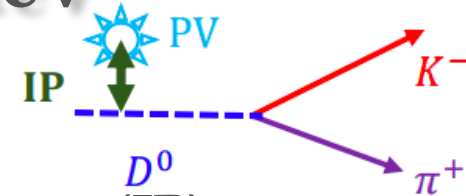
- **Study of cold nuclear matter effects**
- **(Hot nuclear matter effects contributing?)**
- **Nuclear effects quantified by nuclear modification factor:**

$$R_{p\text{Pb}}(p_T, y^*) \equiv \frac{1}{A} \frac{d^2\sigma_{p\text{Pb}}(p_T, y^*)/dp_T dy^*}{d^2\sigma_{pp}(p_T, y^*)/dp_T dy^*}, A = 208$$

where reference σ_{pp} at 5.02 TeV are from pp 5 TeV measurements, and reference σ_{pp} at 8.16 TeV are from interpolations with pp 2.76, 5, 7, 8, 13 TeV data

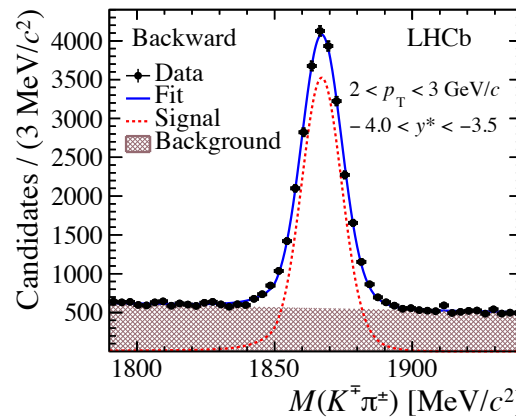
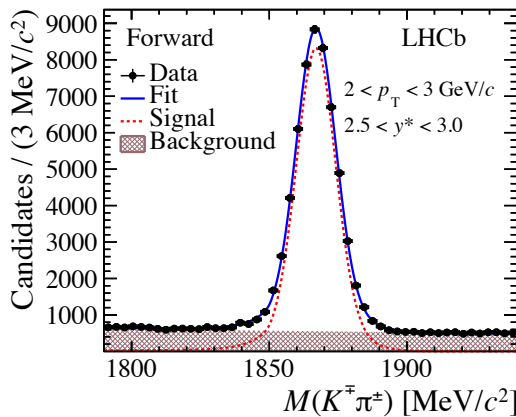
Prompt D^0 production in $p\text{Pb}$ at 5.02 TeV

- Reconstructed through $D^0 \rightarrow K^- \pi^+$ decays
- Simultaneous 2D fit to D^0 mass and impact parameter (IP)

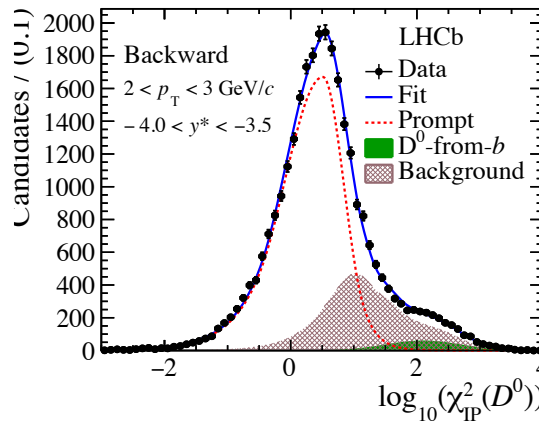
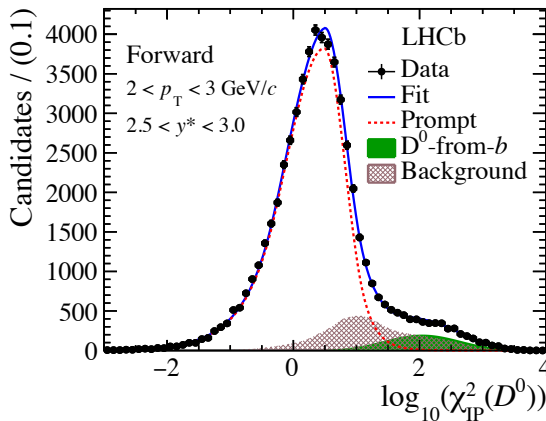


Forward

backward

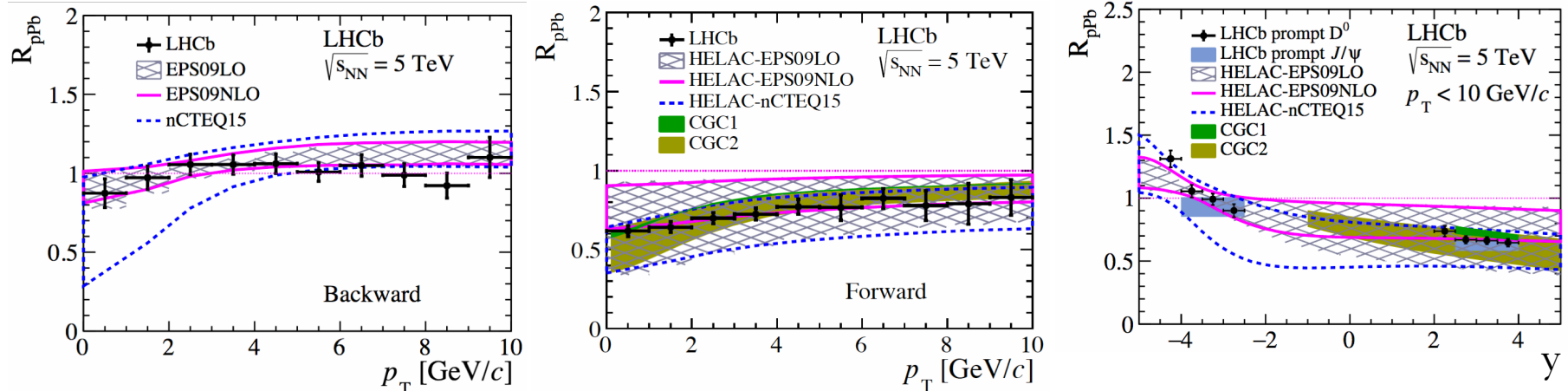


Mass distribution:
Signal: Crystal Ball
Background: Linear



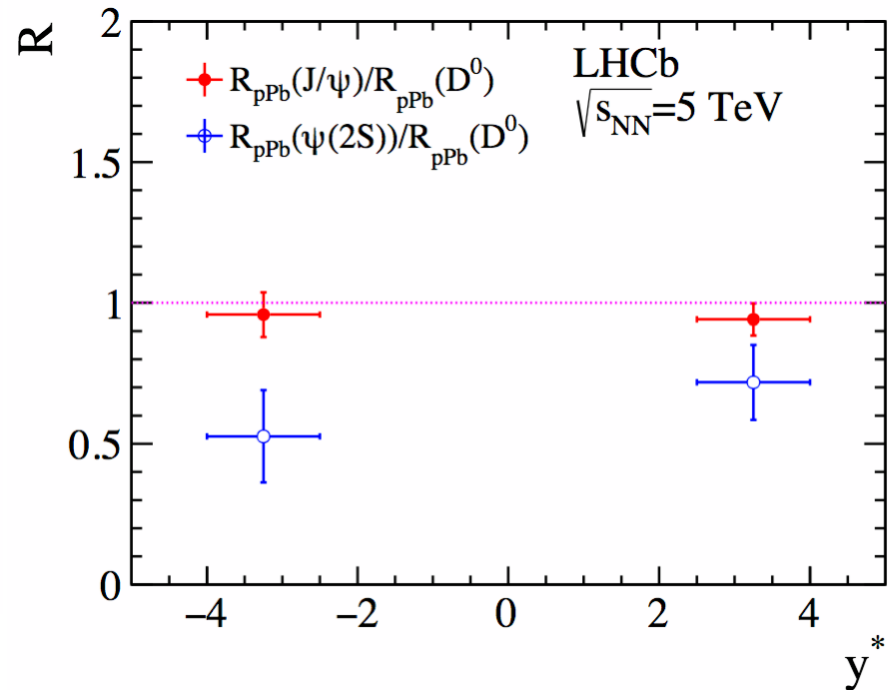
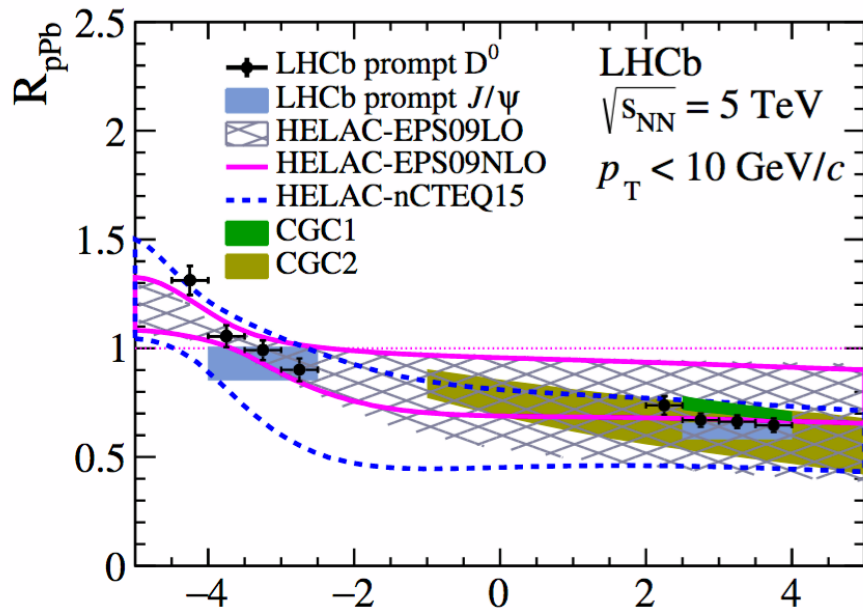
IP distribution:
Prompt signal: from simulation
D0 from b: from simulation
Background: shape from sidebands

Prompt D^0 nuclear modification factor



- **Strong suppression at forward rapidity ($\sim 30\%$),**
- **Backward rapidity: compatible with no suppression and hint of enhancement \rightarrow different nuclear effect in forward and backward regions**
- **Suppression-enhancement pattern predicted by nPDFs [[Eur. Phys. J. C77 \(2017\) 1](#), [Comput. Phys. Commun. 184 \(2013\) 2562](#), [Comput. Phys. Commun. 198 \(2016\) 238](#)]**
- **At forward rapidity region also consistent with Colour Glass Condensate (CGC) models [[Phys. Rev. D91 \(2015\) 114005](#), [arXiv:1706.06728](#)], with a proper saturation scale**

Prompt D^0 nuclear modification factor

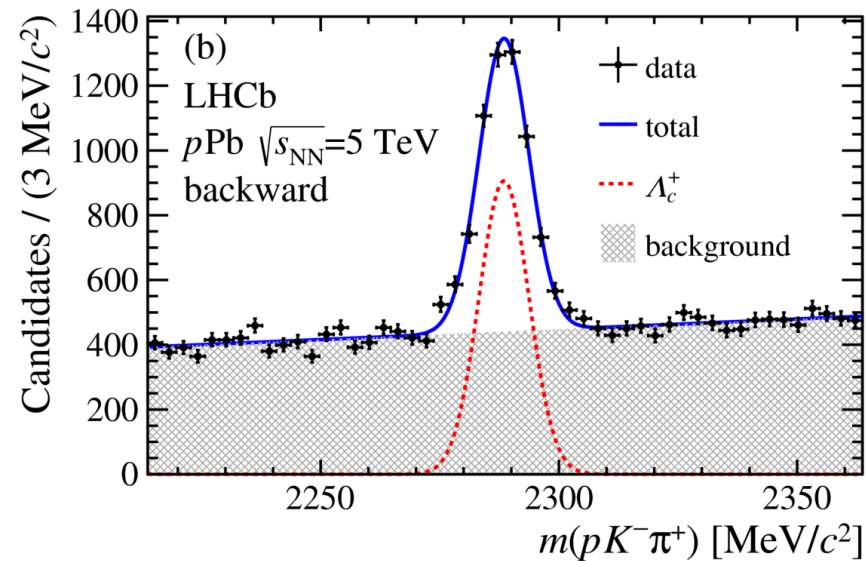
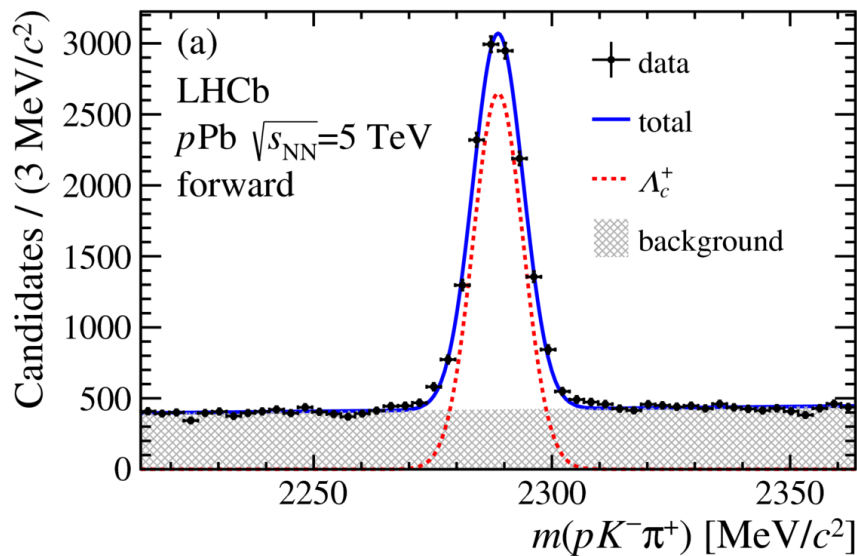


- Compare with J/ψ and $\psi(2S)$ results at 5 TeV
- Similar nuclear modification factor for J/ψ to D^0 ,
- More suppressed for $\psi(2S)$ to D^0

$$\frac{R_{pPb}(J/\psi)}{R_{pPb}(D^0)} \sim 1$$

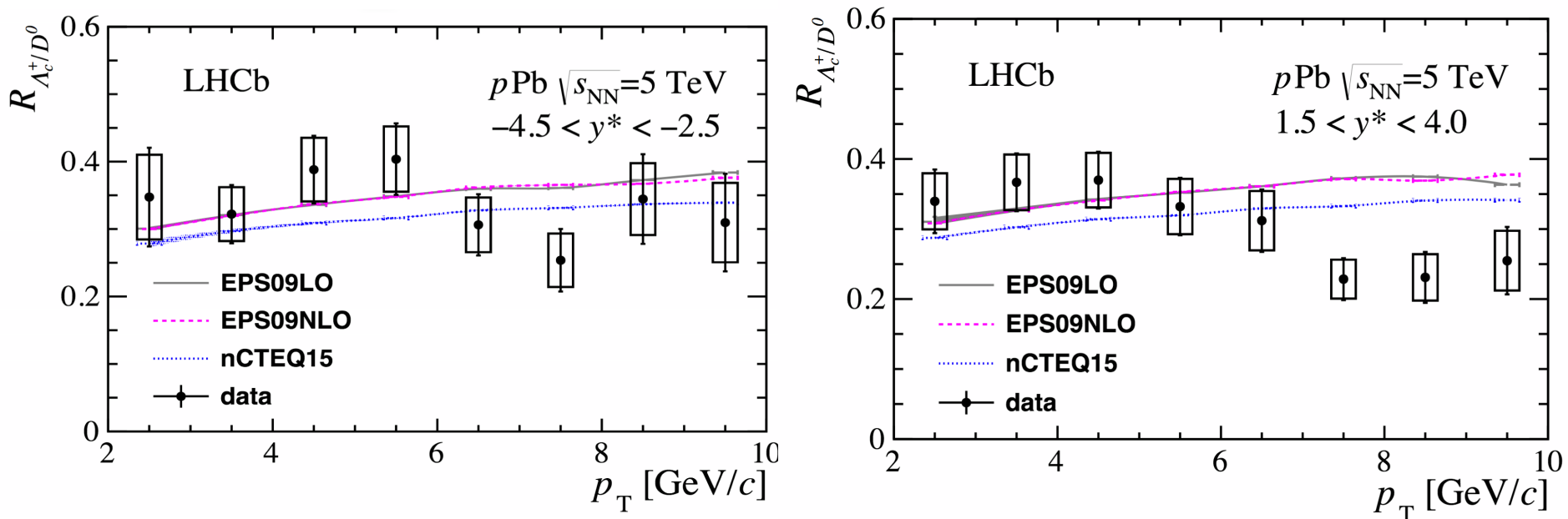
Prompt Λ_c^+ production in $p\text{Pb}$ at 5.02 TeV

- Reconstructed through $\Lambda_c^+ \rightarrow pK^-\pi^+$ decays



- Similar analysis strategy as D^0

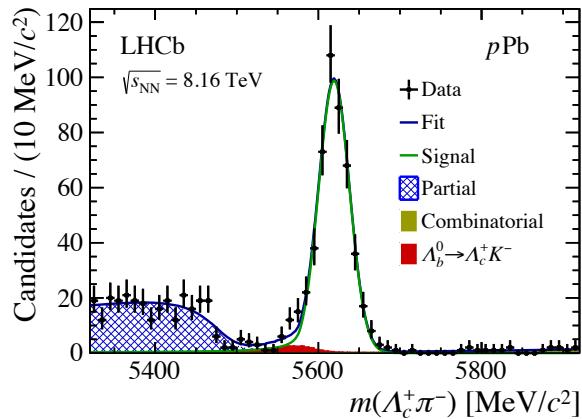
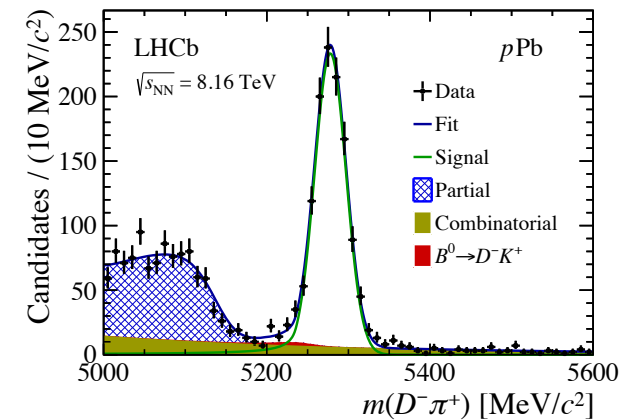
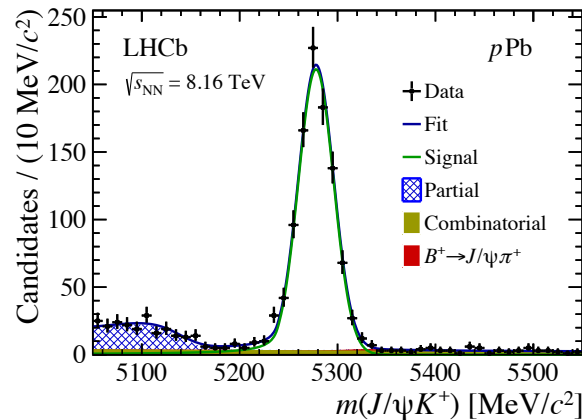
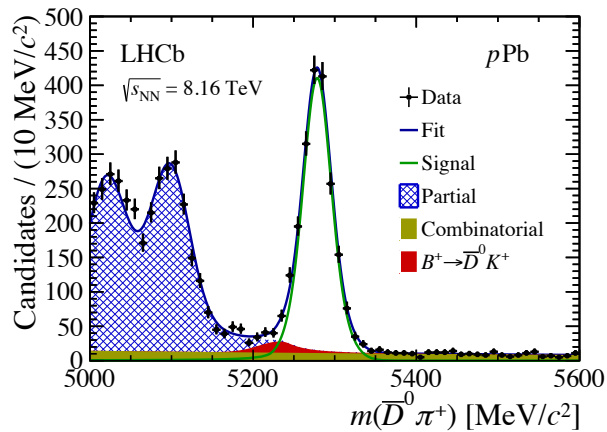
Prompt Λ_c^+ production in $p\text{Pb}$ at 5.02 TeV



- Λ_c^+/D^0 similar in forward and backward directions
- Generally consistent with expectations from pp data $\Lambda_c^+/D^0 \sim 0.3$,
- Compared with nPDFs [[JHEP 04 \(2009\) 065](#), [EPJ C77 \(2017\) 1](#), [Comput. Phys. Commun. 198 \(2016\) 238](#)], hint of discrepancy at high p_T in forward direction

b -hadron production in $p\text{Pb}$ at 8.16 TeV

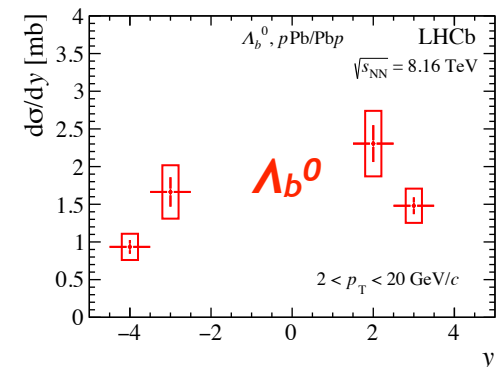
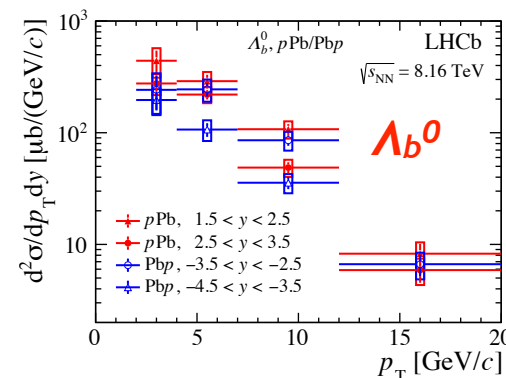
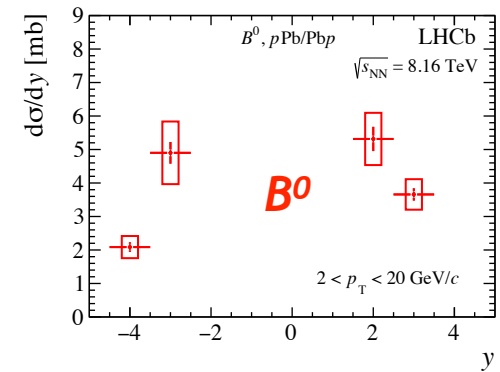
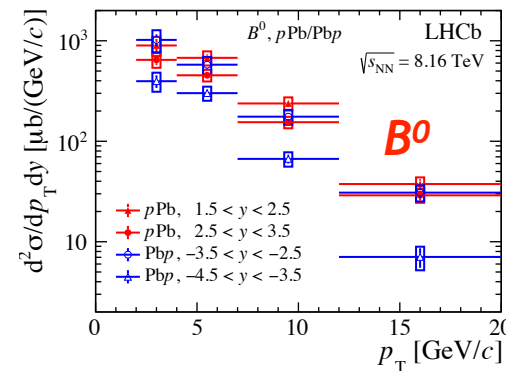
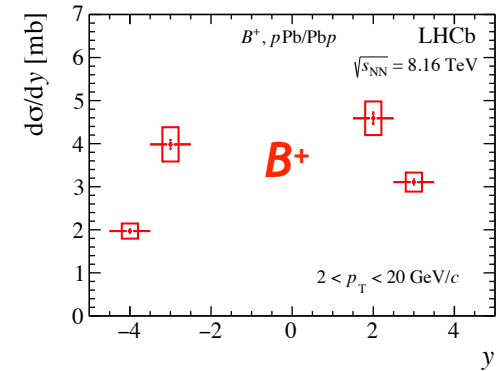
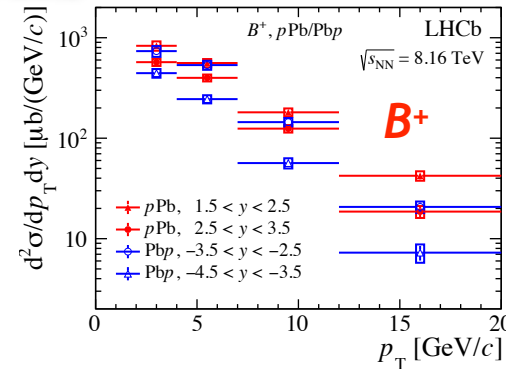
- Exclusive decay modes: $B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$, $B^+ \rightarrow D^0 \pi^+$, $B^0 \rightarrow D^- \pi^+$, $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \pi^-$



Decay	$p\text{Pb}$	PbPb
$B^+ \rightarrow \bar{D}^0 \pi^+$	1943 ± 58	1824 ± 64
$B^+ \rightarrow J/\psi K^+$	883 ± 32	905 ± 33
$B^0 \rightarrow D^- \pi^+$	1155 ± 39	886 ± 34
$\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow \Lambda_c^+ \pi^-$	484 ± 24	397 ± 23

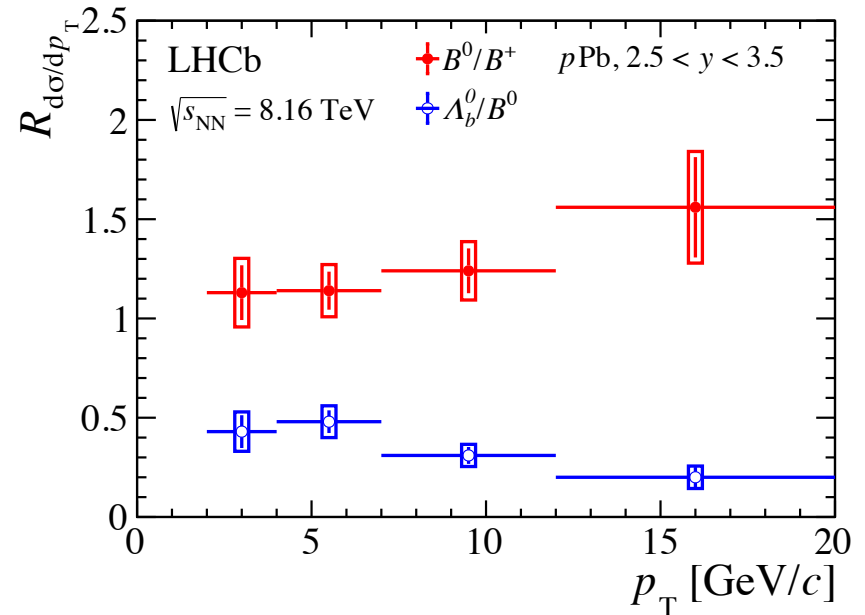
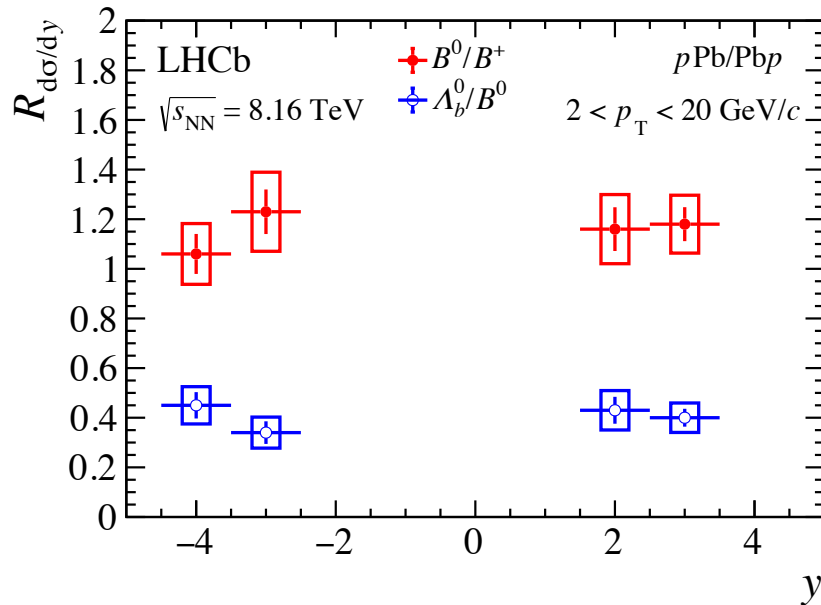
b -hadron cross-sections

- B^+ cross-section studied in $J/\psi K^+$ and $D^0 \pi^+$ modes. Both modes consistent. Weighted average shown here
- Similar p_T and y distributions for B^+, B^0 and Λ_b^0 hadrons



b -hadron cross-section ratios

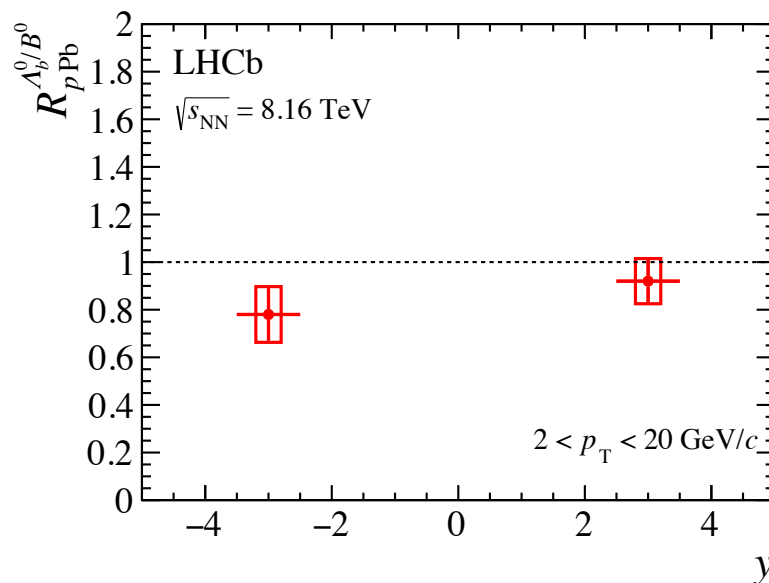
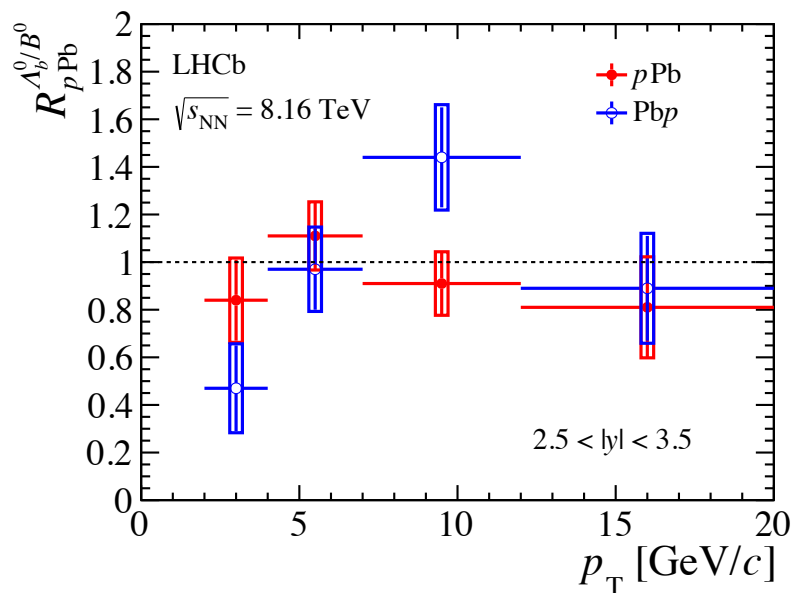
- Probing relative b -quark fragmentation into different b -hadrons



- B^0/B^+ ratio independent of y and p_T , slightly above unity (isospin symmetry)
- $\Lambda_b^0/B^0 \approx 40\%$, decreasing with p_T , no hint of strong rapidity dependence. similar to results in LHCb pp data [[JHEP 08 \(2014\) 143](#)]
- Λ_b^0/B^0 ratio reaches LEP data at high p_T , 0.20 ± 0.02 [[arXiv:1612.07233](#)]

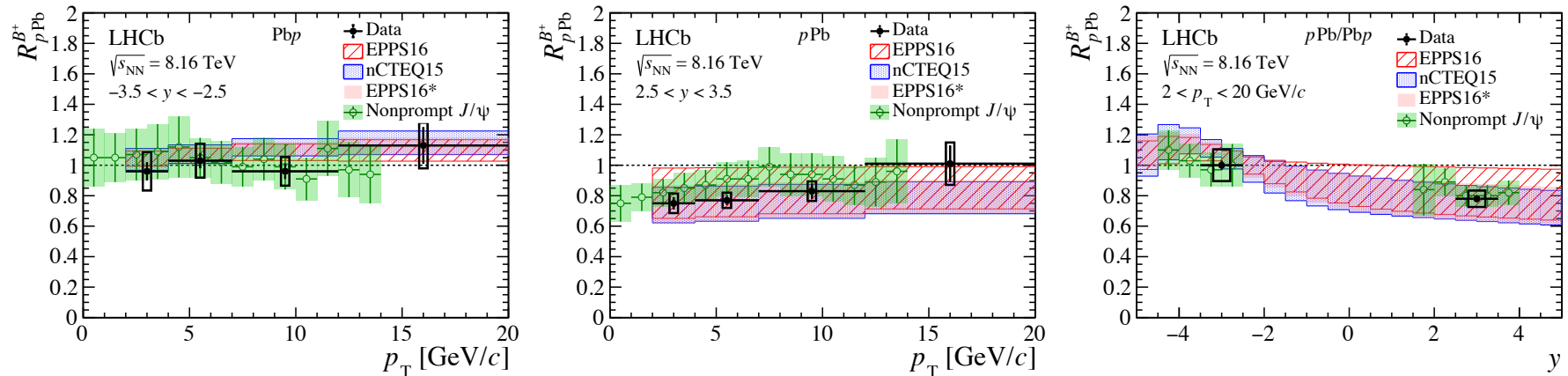
Λ_b^0 and B^0 relative modification

- Ratio of R_{pA} between Λ_b^0 and B^0 hadrons

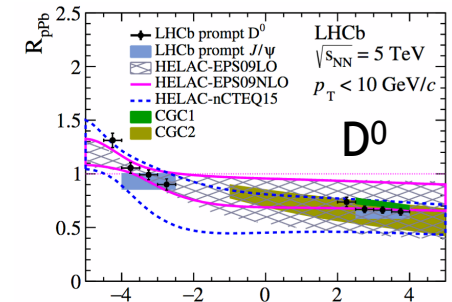


- **Forward rapidity: consistent with unity in all kinematic bins** \rightarrow b -quark fragmentation function at forward rapidity similar to pp
- **Backward rapidity: hint of stronger suppression for Λ_b^0 compared with B^0 . Demanding more statistics for a firm conclusion.**

B^+ nuclear modification factors



- Pattern consistent with R_{pA} of D^0 hadron
- Significant suppression ($\approx 25\%$) in forward rapidity, suppression decreased at large p_T
- Consistent with unity at backward rapidity
- Measurements in good agreement with J/ψ -from- b decay data and calculations using nPDF sets [[JHEP 04 \(2009\) 065](#), [EPJ C77 \(2017\) 1](#), [Comput. Phys. Commun. 198 \(2016\) 238](#)]



Conclusions

- **Heavy flavour production in $p\text{Pb}$ collisions**
 - **Tested heavy-flavour bound state hadronisation & fragmentation down to low- p_T**
 - **Nuclear suppressions in $p\text{Pb}$ forward: up to 20-30%**
 - **Analyses on open charm production at 8.16 TeV in progress, targeting QuarkMatter2019**
 - **Stay tuned!**

Backups