



EP-DT
Detector Technologies

Performance studies of RPC detectors with new environmentally friendly gas mixtures in presence of LHC-like radiation background

R. Guida, B. Mandelli, G. Rigoletti

CERN

CERN, 8 March 2019

Foremost parameters for selected mixtures

More than 50 gas mixtures tested

	Chem struc	GWPmix	HV (V)	Streamer (%)	Pulse charge (pC)	ΔV Eff-Stream (V)	Clu Size (strip)
R32-iC ₄ H ₁₀ -SF ₆ 0.6	c	1030	7500	14	0.5 / 6.5	600	1.5
R134a-iC₄H₁₀-SF₆ 0.3	c-c	1490	9600	1.5	0.5 / 6	1000	1.5
R152a-iC ₄ H ₁₀ -SF ₆ 0.6	c-c	430	10000	10	1 / 8.5	760	1.6
R245fa-iC ₄ H ₁₀ -SF ₆ 0.6-He 50	c-c-c	1260	6600	20	1 / 7	610	2
HFO-iC ₄ H ₁₀ -SF ₆ 0.3-Ar 42.5	c=c-c	130	8900	70	2 / 15	160	4
HFO-iC ₄ H ₁₀ -SF ₆ 0.6-He 50	c=c-c	370	9000	20	1.5 / 8	700	4
HFO-R134 37.45-iC₄H₁₀-SF₆ 0.6-He 20	c=c-c	890	10500	1.8	0.5 / 6	970	1.6
HFO-R134a 50-iC ₄ H ₁₀ -He 20	c=c-c	430	10800	50	1.5 / 8	400	2.5
HFO-R134a 22.5 -iC₄H₁₀-CO₂ 50- SF₆ 1	c=c-c	560	10500	5	1.5 / 7.5	950	1.5

- C and C2 structures → direct operation
- C3 structure (HFO) → addition of Ar, He or CO₂
 - Ar brings to high streamer probability
 - He and CO₂ based gas mixtures look promising but need to add more SF₆
- Still necessary to have R134a in the mixture to be competitive to standard gas mixture




*Parameters given at the efficiency knee

RPC 2016: <https://indico.ugent.be/event/0/session/18/contribution/40/material/slides/0.pdf>

TIPP 2017: <https://indico.ihep.ac.cn/event/6387/session/55/contribution/49/material/slides/0.pdf>

CERN Gamma Irradiation Facility (GIF++)

RPC performance studied at different gamma rates for 3 gas mixtures:
standard gas mixture and two eco-friendly gas mixtures

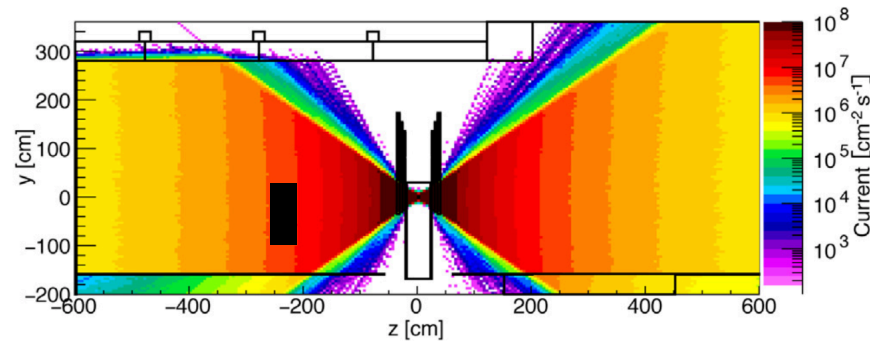
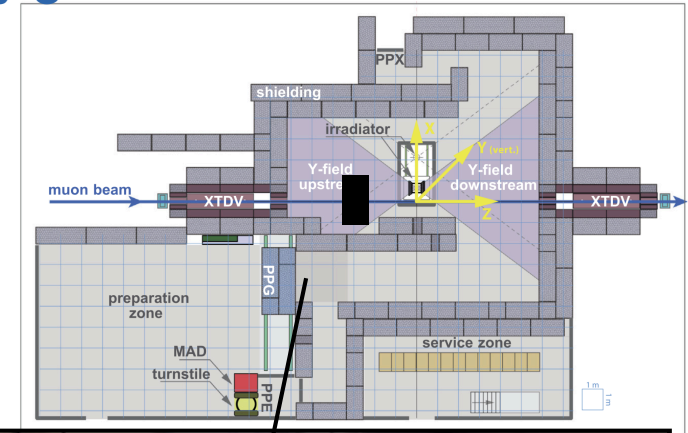
	95.2/4.5/0.3 R134a/iC4H10/SF6
	22.25/22.25/50/4.5/1 R134a/HFO/CO2/iC4H10/SF6
	27.25/27.25/40/4.5/1 R134a/HFO/CO2/iC4H10/SF6

- Gamma source

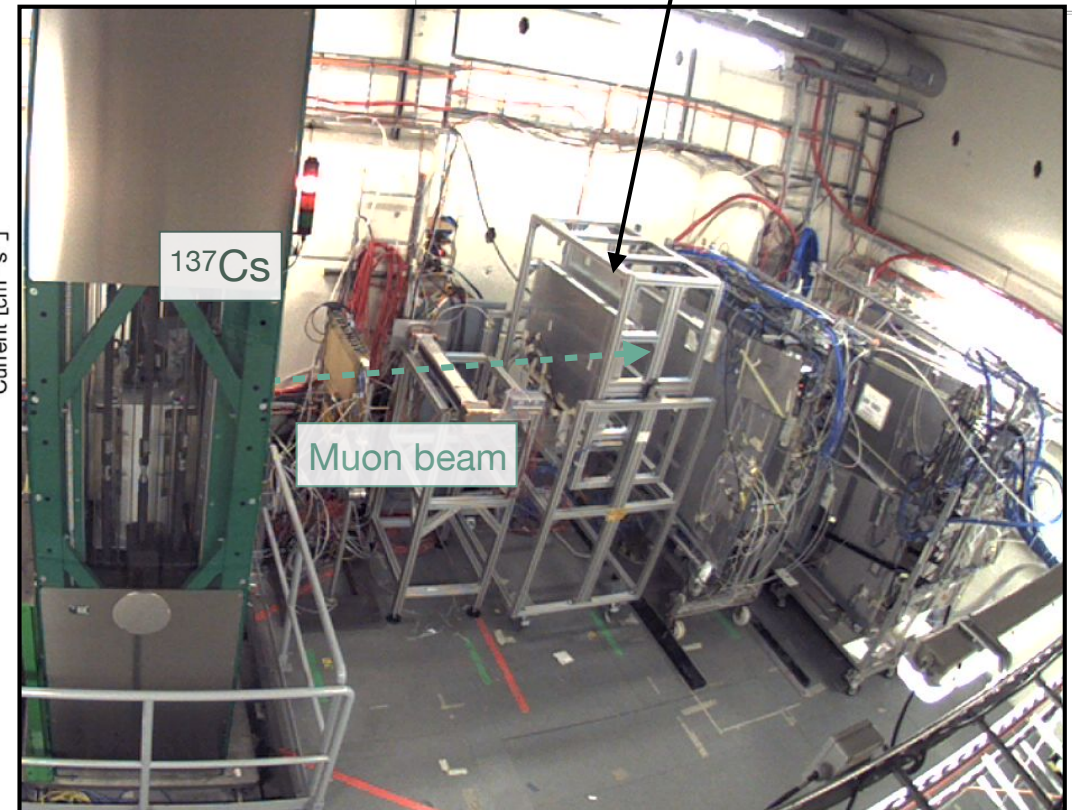
- ^{137}Cs of 14 Tb \rightarrow 662 keV gamma
- Lead filters to allow attenuation factors (ABS) between 1 and 46000

- Muon Beam

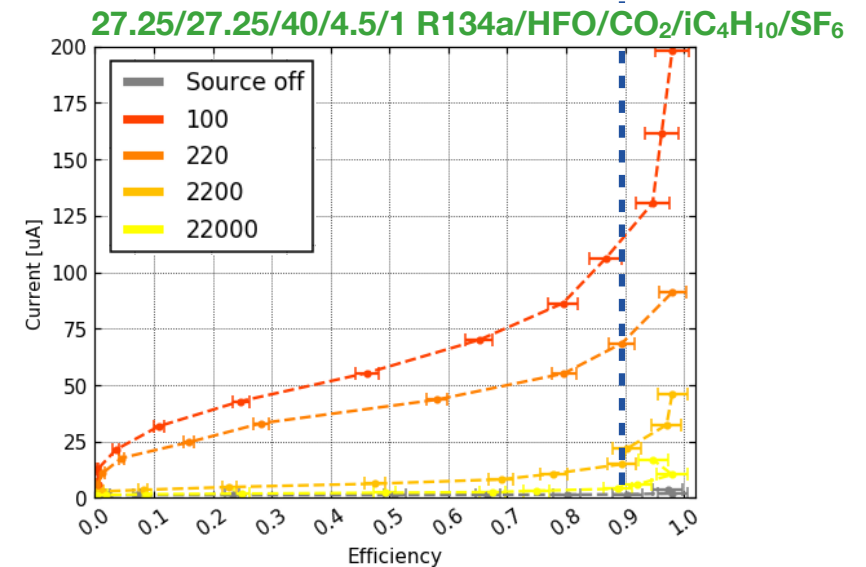
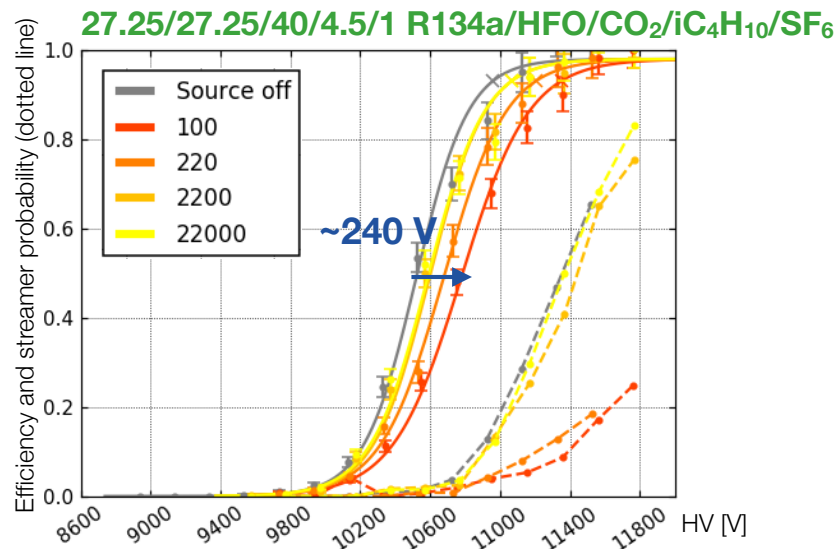
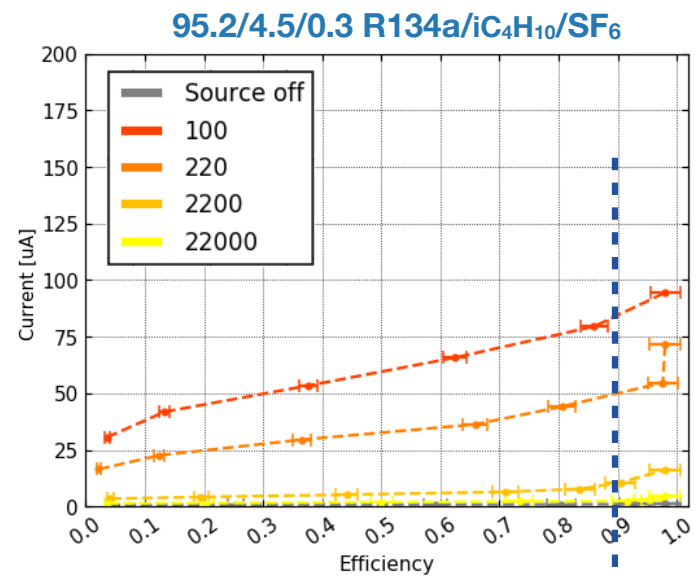
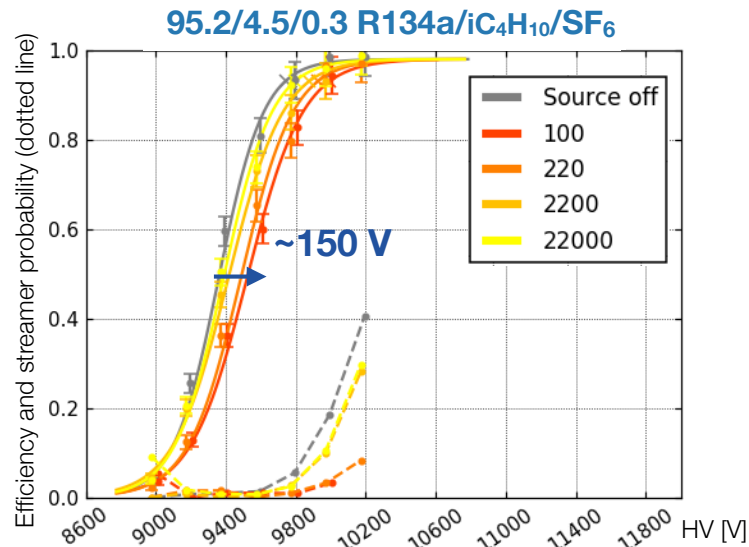
- 100 GeV and 10^4 muons/spill (core beam size 10 cm x 10 cm)



ABS	Gamma Rate (kHz/cm ²)
100	55.3
220	41.2
2200	3.75
22000	0.774



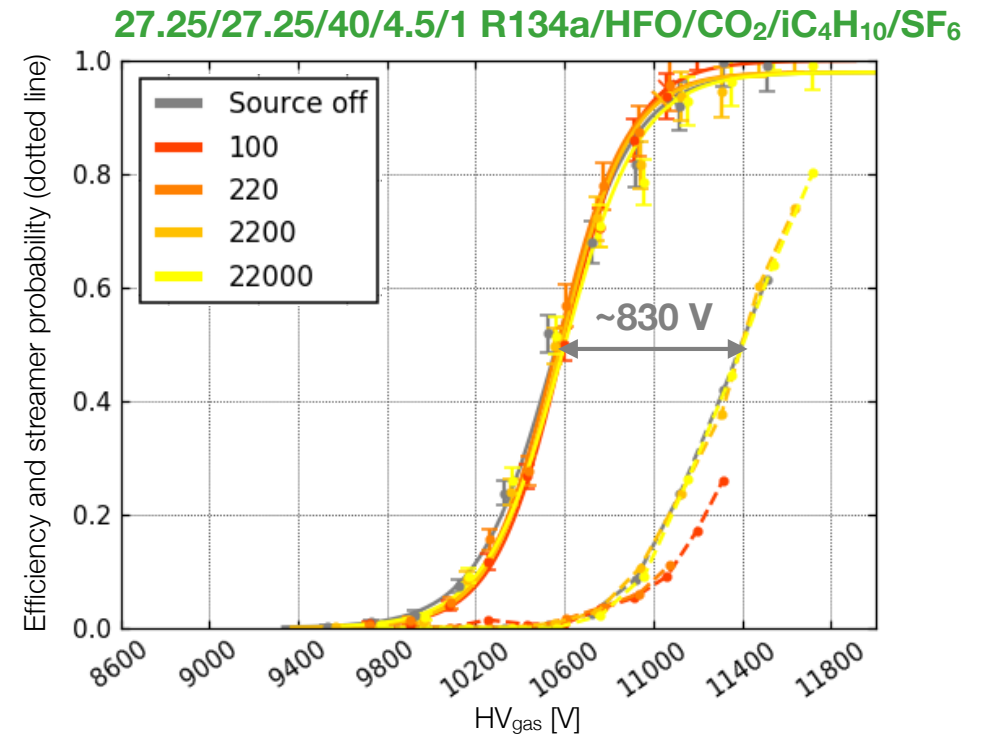
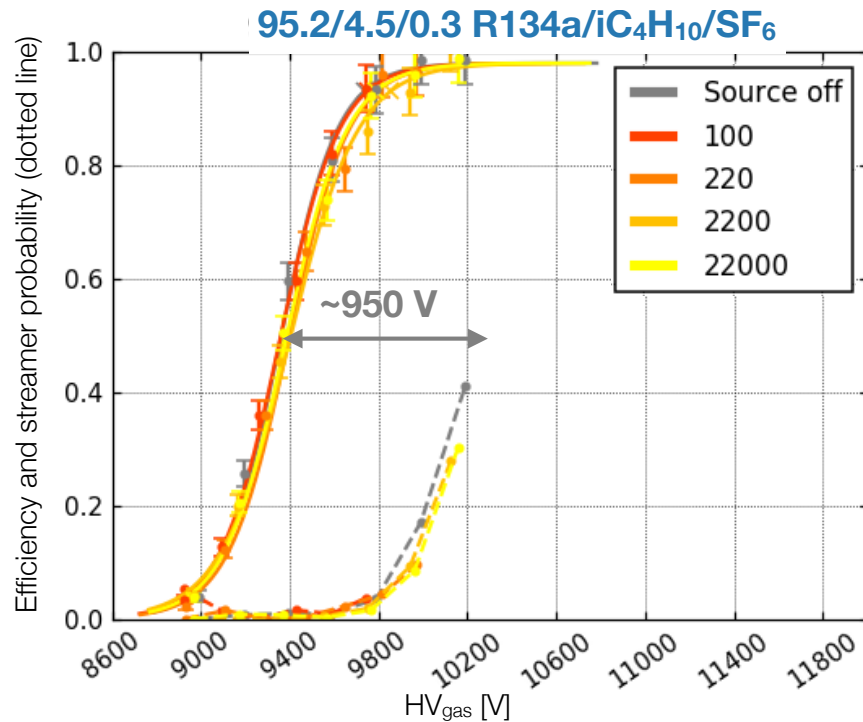
Muon efficiency and detector currents



- The voltage drop is higher with the HFO-based gas mixture at different radiation rates
- At same efficiency, the currents of RPC operated with HFO-based gas mixture are higher with respect to the standard gas mixture

Muon efficiency and streamer probability

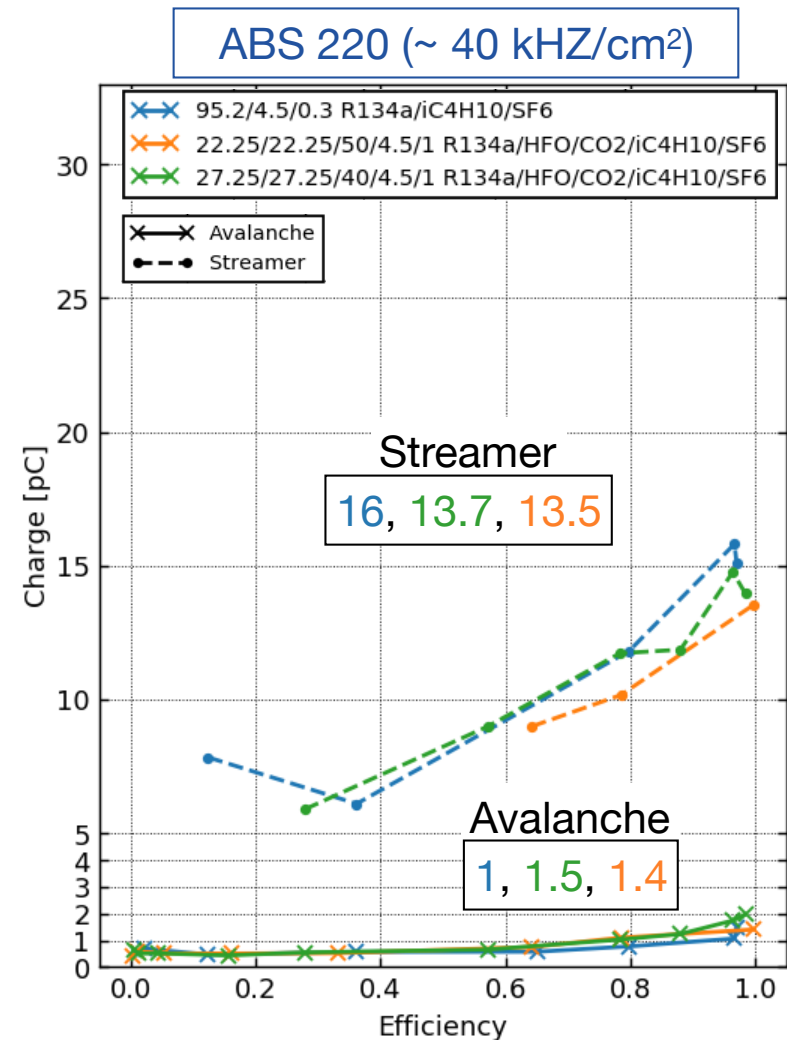
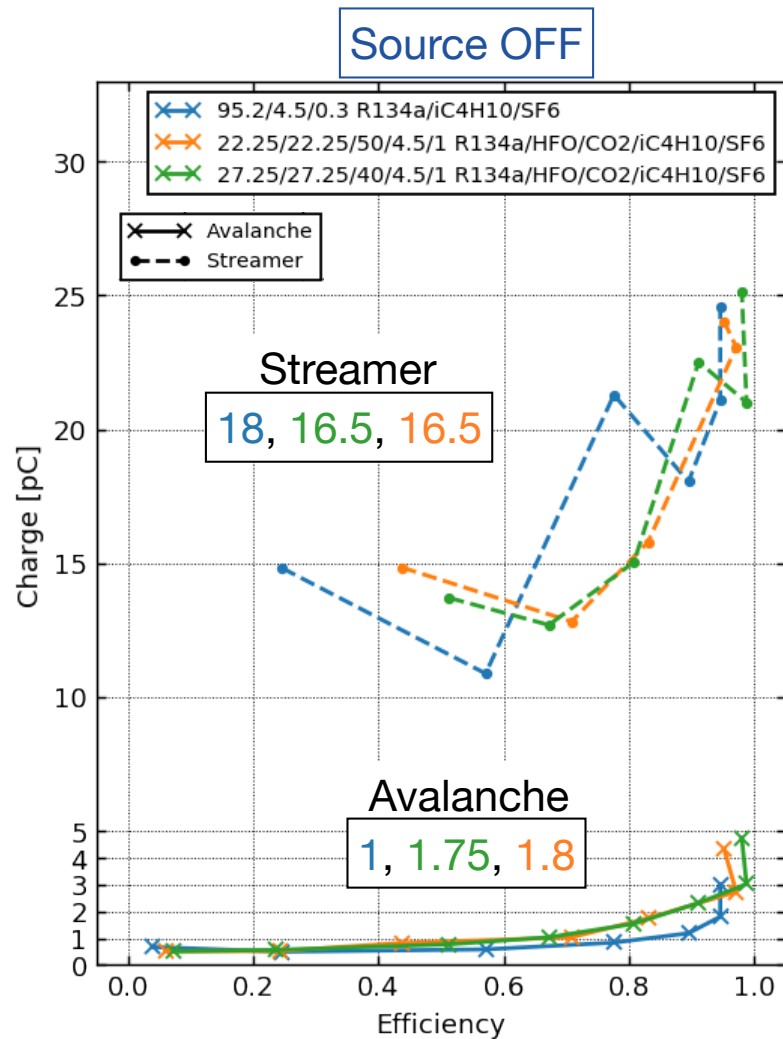
- The effective voltage applied to the gas is: $HV_{\text{gas}} = HV - RI$
- The efficiency plotted as a function of HV_{gas} does not depend on the background radiation for both gas mixtures



Streamer probability at ABS 220 (counting rate ~ 250 Hz/cm²)

Gas mixture	At HV knee	At efficiency (+150 V)
Standard gas mixture	3%	13%
HFO + 40% CO ₂	8%	25%
HFO + 50% CO ₂	15%	23%

Pulse charge

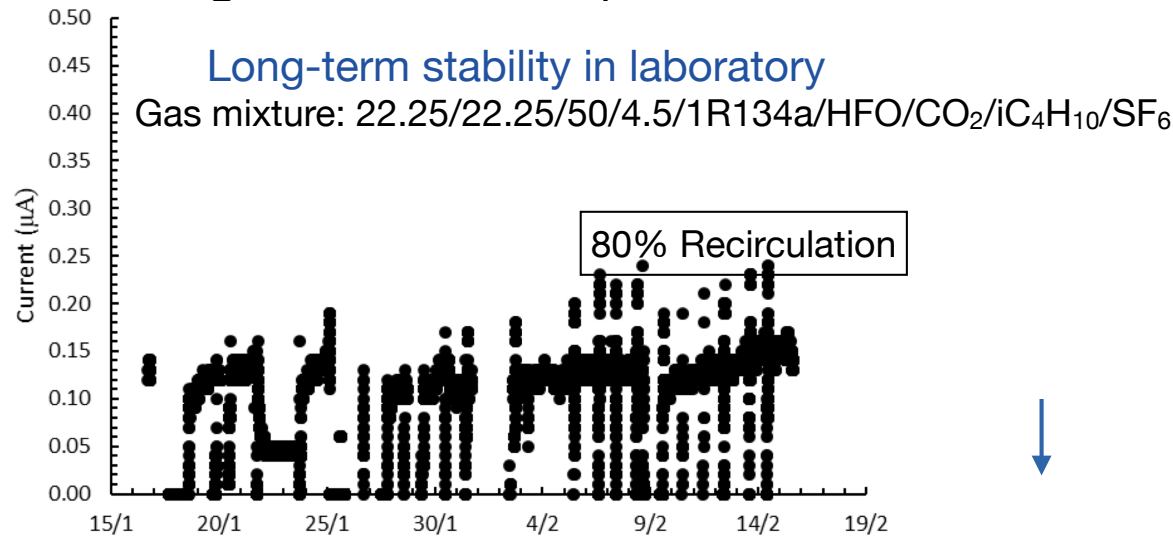


- The avalanche charge is higher for these eco-friendly gas mixtures
- The streamer charge is lower for these eco-friendly gas mixtures
 - They decrease with the increase of radiation probably due to charge development effects

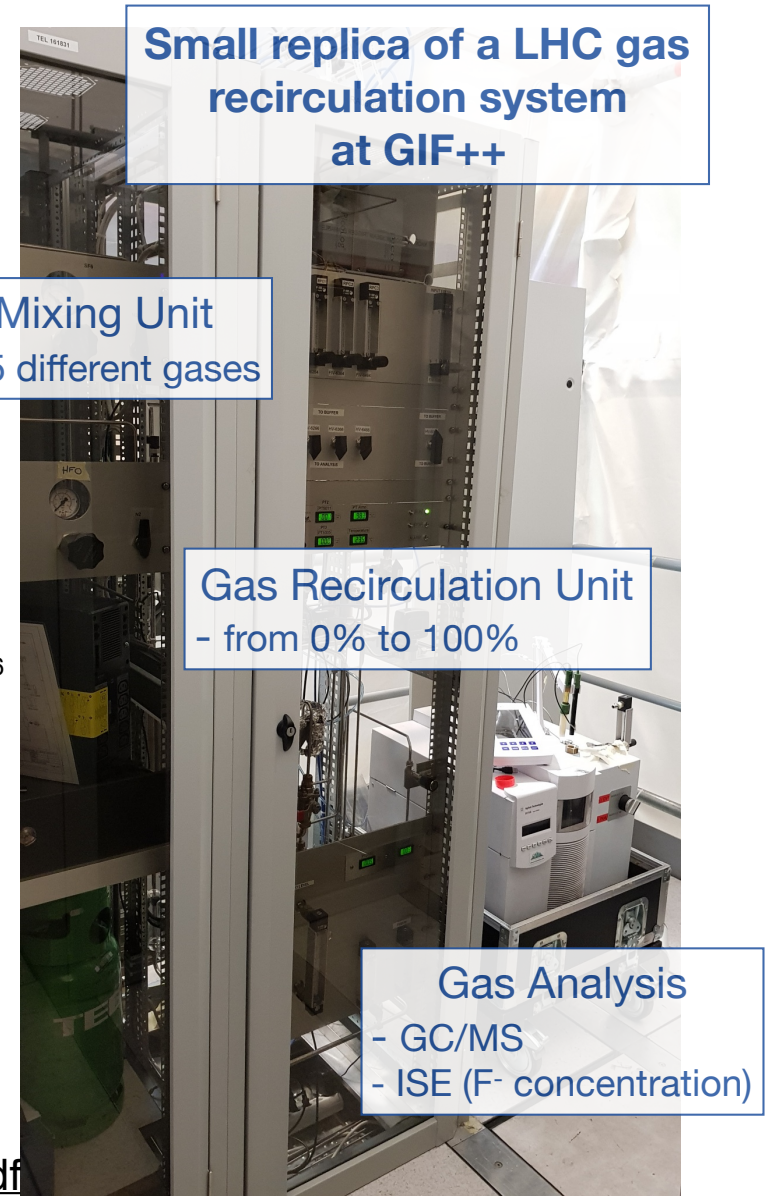
Gas recirculation with new eco-friendly gases

**RPC detectors at LHC are working under gas recirculation:
important to validate RPC operation under gas recirculation and high background rate**

- RPCs operated under gas recirculation with eco-friendly gas mixture in laboratory
- Cosmics (low currents)
- Performance were stable
- Now RPCs under gas recirculation at GIF++
- Very high gamma rate
- Up to 100% recirculation
- Creation of impurities with radiation
- Monitoring of currents and performance



RPC2018: https://indico.cern.ch/event/644205/contributions/2866962/attachments/1604692/2545485/RPC2018_Roberto_v3.pdf



Creation of impurities under irradiation: R134a

Impurities created from $C_2H_2F_4$ breaking

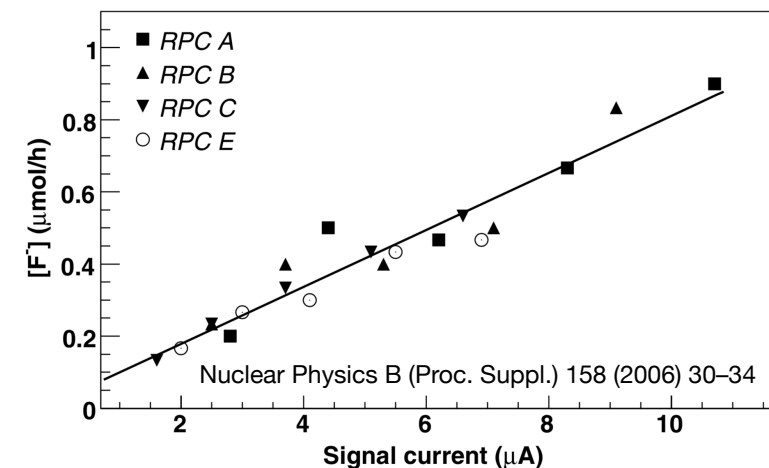
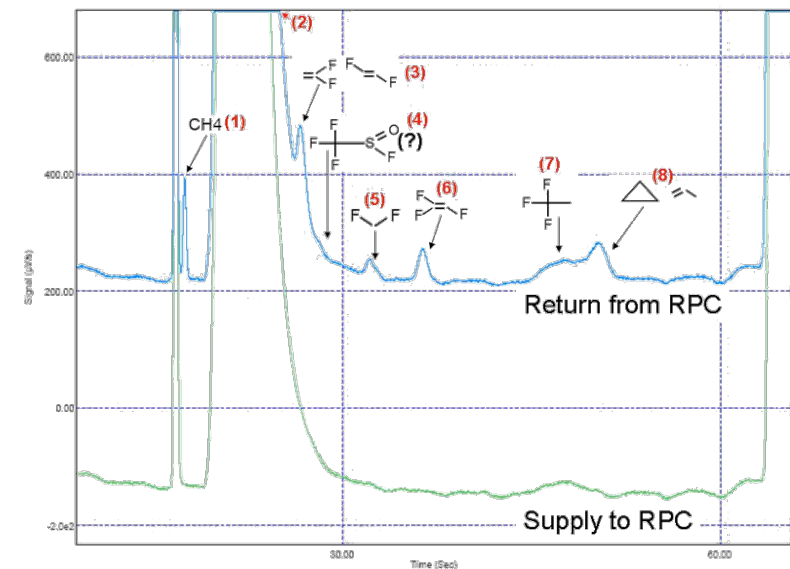
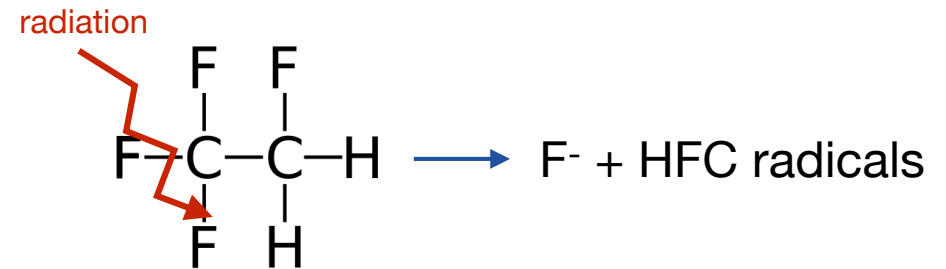
- Under the effects of high background radiation and electric field, $C_2H_2F_4$ molecule breaks into fluorine radicals
- Creation of F^- radical free: very chemical reactive
- Sub-products in the order of hundreds ppm
- Accumulation in case of closed loop system
- Creation of these impurities also present in the RPCs at LHC experiments in Run 2
- Not well know the maximum limit for safety of the detector



RPC2018: https://indico.cern.ch/event/644205/contributions/2862258/attachments/1604693/2545475/BMandelli_RPC2018.pdf

What about HFOs?

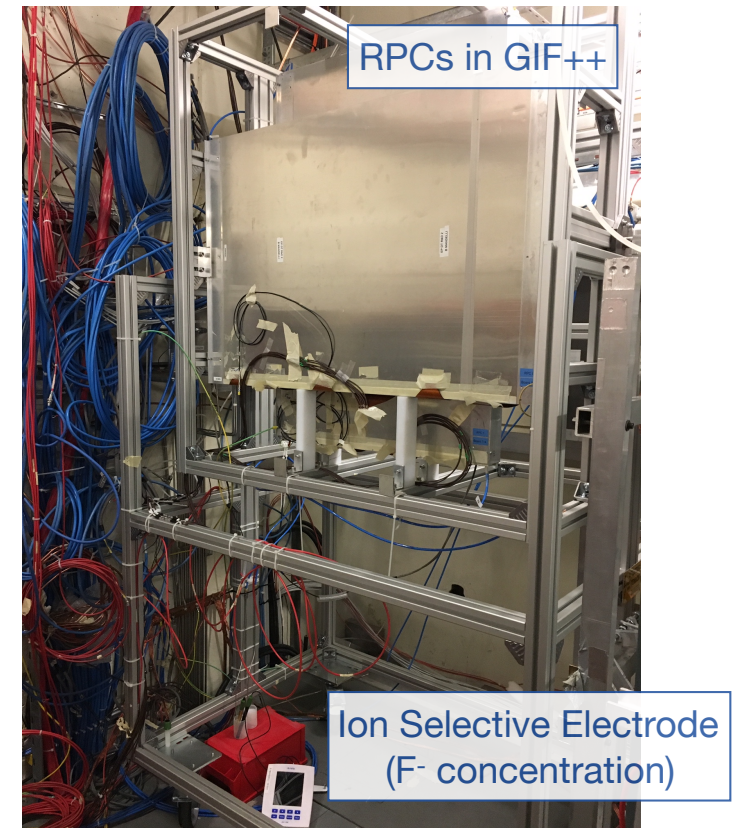
- HFOs have a very short atmospheric lifetime
- They are destroyed easier than $C_2H_2F_4$
- RPC operated with HFO-based gas mixture have higher currents with respect to std gas mixture



Creation of impurities under irradiation: HFO

Radiation measurements with HFO-based gas mixture

- Test performed at GIF++ by irradiating 2 RPCs detectors with 662 keV gamma
- Scan in HV and at different ABS
- Gas mixtures tested: RPC standard and selected eco-friendly
- Comparison between the production of impurities
- Impurities measured with different analysers
 - GC/MS
 - Ion Selective Electrode station for free F⁻



At detector efficiency

95.2% C₂H₂F₄
+ 4.5% iC₄H₁₀ + 0.3 % SF₆
(40% relative humidity) $\xrightarrow{F^- \text{ production}}$ **3 ppm/h**

27.25% C₂H₂F₄ + 27.25% HFO
+ 40% CO₂ + 4.5% iC₄H₁₀ + 1 % SF₆
(40% relative humidity) $\xrightarrow{F^- \text{ production}}$ **5 ppm/h**

By assuming other components inert in the process

HFO breaks 5 times more easily than C₂H₂F₄

Preliminary

Is there any risk for long-term detector operation?

Conclusions

***R&D goal: to find a eco-friendly gas mixture
that is compatible with the current ATLAS and CMS RPC systems***

Eco-friendly gas mixtures for RPCs

- Direct substitution of C₂H₂F₄ (R134a) with HFOs not possible
- No many alternatives available on the market
- Need to work with 4-6 components gas mixtures

Characterisation of RPCs with different eco-friendly gas mixtures

- More than 50 gas mixtures tested
- Necessary to add an inert gas to lower the HV working point of HFO-based gas mixtures
- Few eco-eco-friendly gas mixtures show similar properties with respect to standard gas mixture

RPC operation with eco-friendly gas mixtures under high background radiation

- RPC tested up to ~ 300 Hz/cm²
- Slightly higher currents and streamer probability with HFO-based gas mixtures
- HFO seems to break more easily than R134a: studies on-going to understand possible effects