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A Multi-Benefit Solution of Dark Energy problem based on the IR behavior of asymptotic safe gravity

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Infrared corrections that arise in some theoretical attempts to

understand Quantum Gravity may be the solution to one tantalizing problem of modern physics. Recently a novel Asymptotically Safe cosmology suggested a simple and attractive mechanism towards resolving naturally the structure

of dark energy and its associated cosmic coincidence problem. The novel idea is that the recent accelerated expansion of the universe happens due to infrared quantum gravity modifications at intermediate astrophysical scales galaxies or galaxy clusters. The reason is that structures of matter are associated with a non zero positive cosmological constant of quantum origin. In this context no extra unproven energy scales or fine-tuning are

used. Furthermore, this model was confronted with the most recent observational data from low-redshift probes. Measurements of the Hubble parameter, standard candles (Pantheon SnIa, Quasi-stellar objects), Baryonic Acoustic Oscillations (BAOs) and high redshift probes (CMB shift

parameters) were used to test the model. The overall likelihood analysis constrained the free parameters of the model. Moreover, it was tested against the concordance model (flat Λ CDM) utilizing a large family of information criteria. This Asymptotically Safe model proved to be statistically equivalent with Λ CDM, suggesting it as a very

interesting and realistic minimal solution to the problem of dark energy.

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