CNAF Summer School 2018

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StoRM metrics and logs parsing and retrieval

Customary workflow for StoRM debugging

A ticket is opened, signaling that an experiment has trouble accessing data. Example files are provided;

The operator search for the example file in Frontend;

Follows it through backend and gridftp to find where it ‘got stuck’;

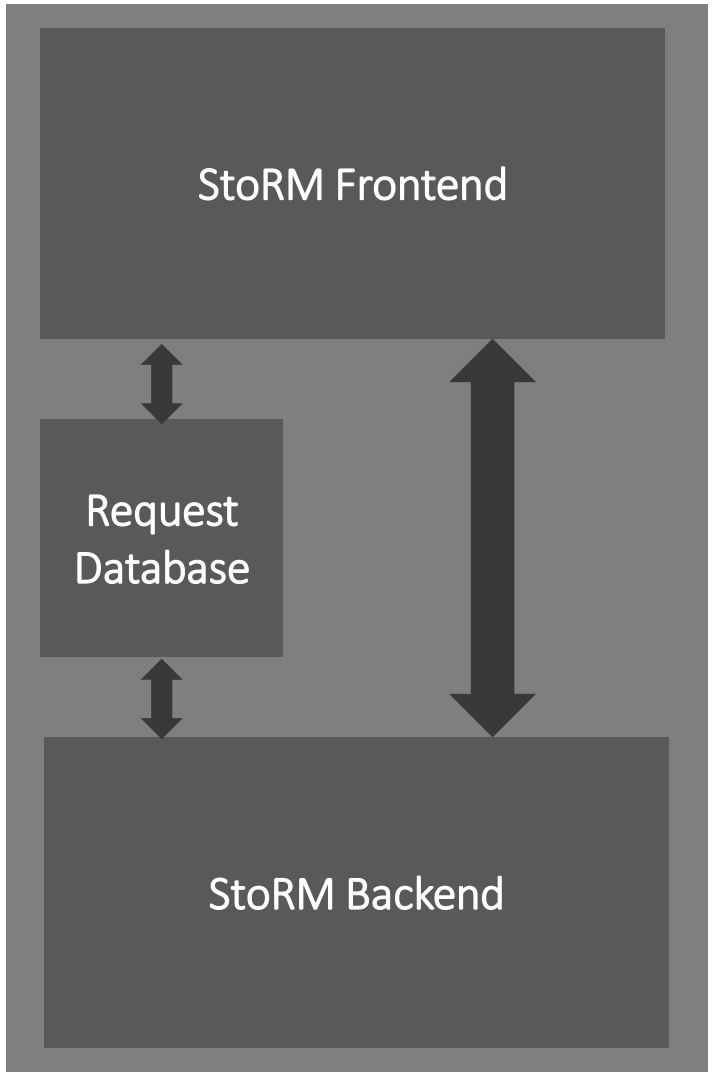
Establish the error timestamp;

Looks to monitoring logs and metrics to determine if StoRM was behaving errouneously.

StoRM
STOrage Resource Management

Disk based storage management service
Built for cluster file system
Direct access (I/O) to shared files and folders

- Frontend – Manages user authentication and stores requests data
- Backend – Executes SRM functionalities, takes care of space and authorization



Inserts SRM requests in database
- Logs with requests
- **Logs with operation metrics**

Manages SRM requests
- Logs with success report
- **Logs with operation metrics**

Identification of key components in log file

- Timestamps
- Metrics
- Messages
- Descriptive keys and separators

heartbeat-2018-09-07.log

```
1031  [2018-09-07 17:10:35,941]: Set HEARTHBEAT in Timer Task (DELAY: 100
1032  [2018-09-07 17:10:35,943]: HEART MONITOR Initialized
1033  [2018-09-07 17:10:36,952]:  [#.....1 lifetime=0:00.01] Heap Free:17
1034  [2018-09-07 17:11:36,963]:  [#.....2 lifetime=0:01.01] Heap Free:16
1035  [2018-09-07 17:12:36,948]:  [#.....3 lifetime=0:02.01] Heap Free:20
1036  [2018-09-07 17:13:36,948]:  [#.....4 lifetime=0:03.01] Heap Free:14
1037  [2018-09-07 17:14:36,946]:  [#.....5 lifetime=0:04.01] Heap Free:17
1038  [2018-09-07 17:15:36,945]:  [#.....6 lifetime=0:05.01] Heap Free:20
1039  [2018-09-07 17:16:36,944]:  [#.....7 lifetime=0:06.01] Heap Free:18
```

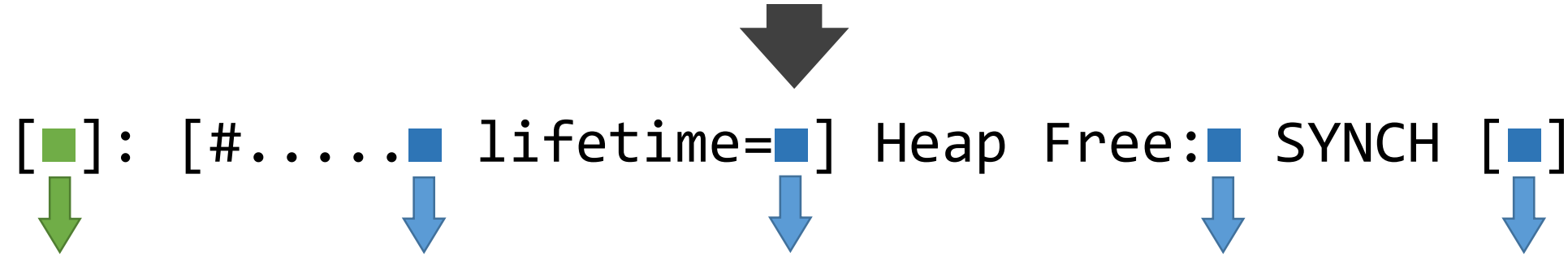
monitoring.log

```
1   2018-09-06 03:08:36.000000 : [# 887 lifetime=14:48:00,1405495] S [OK:44448,
2   2018-09-06 03:09:36.000000 : [# 888 lifetime=14:48:00,1405495] S [OK:44487,
3   2018-09-06 03:10:36.000000 : [# 889 lifetime=14:49:00,1406580] S [OK:44552,
4   2018-09-06 03:11:36.000000 : [# 890 lifetime=14:50:00,1407624] S [OK:44594,
5   2018-09-06 03:12:36.000000 : [# 891 lifetime=14:51:00,1401088] S [OK:44621,
6   2018-09-06 03:13:36.000000 : [# 892 lifetime=14:52:00,1407621] S [OK:44632,
7   2018-09-06 03:14:36.000000 : [# 893 lifetime=14:53:00,1410882] S [OK:44654,
8   2018-09-06 03:15:36.000000 : [# 894 lifetime=14:54:00,1407622] S [OK:44702,
9   2018-09-06 03:16:36.000000 : [# 895 lifetime=14:55:00,1414165] S [OK:44756,
10  2018-09-06 03:17:36.000000 : [# 896 lifetime=14:56:00,1416507] S [OK:44842,
```

storm-backend-metrics-2018-09-07.log

```
5136  05:02:56.603 - synch.af [(count=15, m1_rate=4.593735041920608E-277, m5_r
5137  05:02:56.603 - synch.ar [(count=962, m1_rate=0.38365078545253634, m5_rat
5138  05:02:56.603 - synch.efl [(count=0, m1_rate=0.0, m5_rate=0.0, m15_rate=0
5139  05:02:56.603 - synch.gsm [(count=595, m1_rate=0.333335678143597, m5_rate
5140  05:02:56.604 - synch.gst [(count=222717, m1_rate=45.47865962219539, m5_r
5141  05:02:56.604 - synch.ls [(count=2201969, m1_rate=799.4118643786481, m5_r
5142  05:02:56.604 - synch.mkdir [(count=3121, m1_rate=0.8842941739049464, m5_
5143  05:02:56.605 - synch.mv [(count=74110, m1_rate=21.243476403771144, m5_ra
5144  05:02:56.605 - synch.pd [(count=221013, m1_rate=46.04638139057983, m5_ra
5145  05:02:56.605 - synch.ping [(count=1248845, m1_rate=595.3080436735095, m5
5146  05:02:56.606 - synch.rf [(count=1060829, m1_rate=546.8029319368186, m5_r
5147  05:02:56.606 - synch.rm [(count=86958, m1_rate=6.664913726807848, m5_rat
```

```
[2018-09-07 17:10:36,952]: [#.....1
lifetime=0:00.01] Heap Free:1778895480 SYNCH [0]
```



Timestamp	Index	Lifetime	Heap Free	Synch
2018-09-07 17:10,36	1	0:00.01	1778895480	0

Extract information by isolating descriptors

Step by step procedure

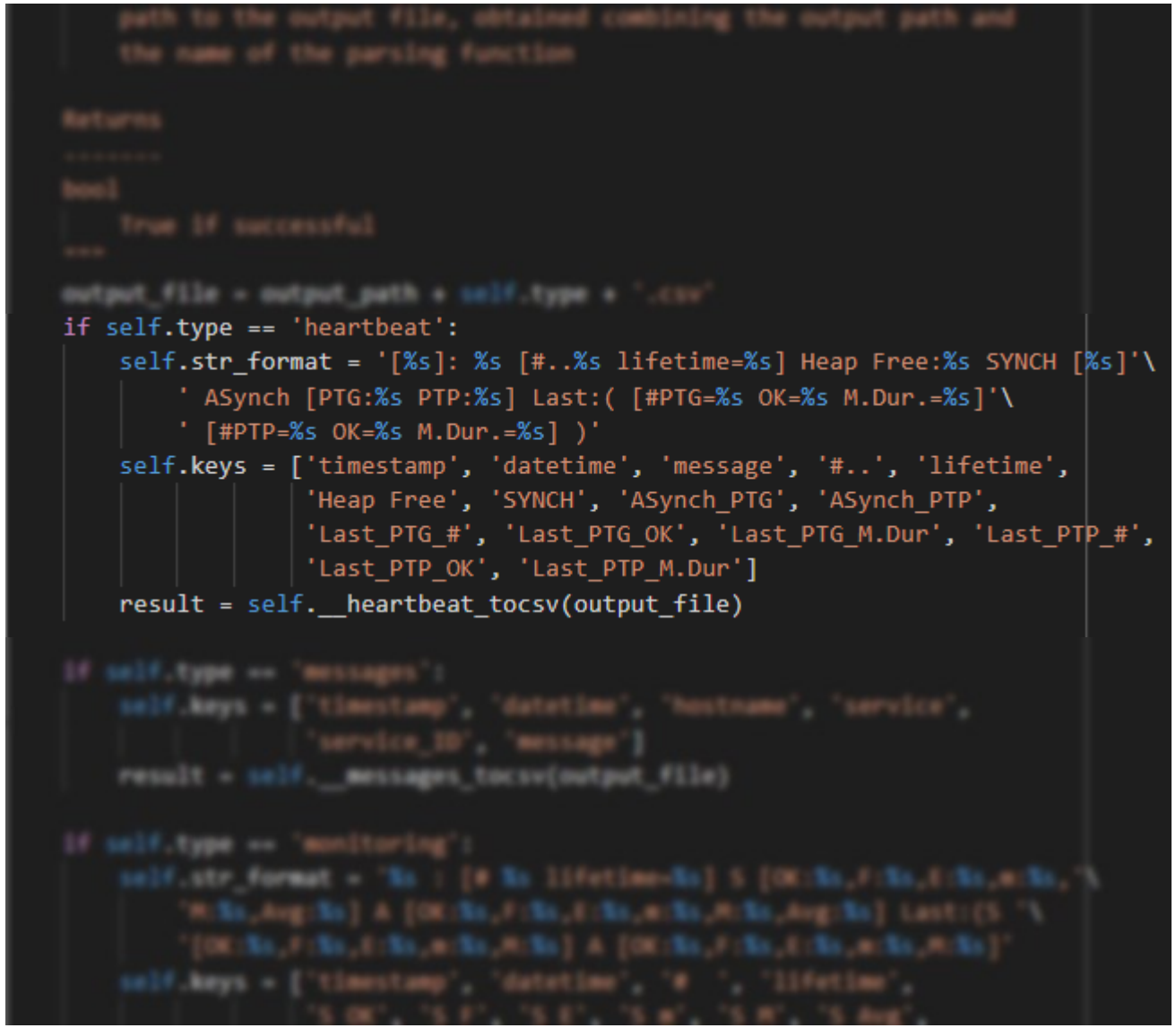
- **Establish working directory and input files**
- Determine format and keys
- Extract the values
- Convert date time in UNIX Epoch Time
- Export the .csv file

config.yaml

```yaml
INPUT_DIR: ../
OUTPUT_DIR: ../
PARSING_FUNCTION: gridftp
gridftp:
- storm-gridftp-session.log-20180901
heartbeat:
- heartbeat-2018-09-07.log
messages:
- messages
monitoring:
- monitoring.log-20180907
storm-be:
- storm-backend-2018-09-07.log
storm-be-metrics:
- storm-backend-metrics-2018-09-07.log
storm-fe:
- storm-frontend-server.log-20180901
```

Step by step procedure

- Establish working directory and input files
- **Determine format and keys**
- Extract the values
- Convert date time in UNIX Epoch Time
- Export the .csv file



```
    path to the output file, obtained combining the output path and
    the name of the parsing function

Returns
-------
bool
    True if successful
"""
output_file = output_path + self.type + '.csv'
if self.type == 'heartbeat':
    self.str_format = '[%s]: %s [#..%s lifetime=%s] Heap Free:%s SYNCH [%s]'\
        ' ASynch [PTG:%s PTP:%s] Last:( [#PTG=%s OK=%s M.Dur.=%s]'\
        ' [#PTP=%s OK=%s M.Dur.=%s] )'
    self.keys = ['timestamp', 'datetime', 'message', '#..', 'lifetime',
                 'Heap Free', 'SYNCH', 'ASynch_PTG', 'ASynch_PTP',
                 'Last_PTG_#', 'Last_PTG_OK', 'Last_PTG_M.Dur', 'Last_PTP_#',
                 'Last_PTP_OK', 'Last_PTP_M.Dur']
    result = self.__heartbeat_tocsv(output_file)

if self.type == 'messages':
    self.keys = ['timestamp', 'datetime', 'hostname', 'service',
                 'service_ID', 'message']
    result = self.__messages_tocsv(output_file)

if self.type == 'monitoring':
    self.str_format = '%s : [# %s lifetime=%s] S [OK:%s,F:%s,E:%s,W:%s,'\
        'M:%s,Aug:%s] A [OK:%s,F:%s,E:%s,W:%s,M:%s,Aug:%s] Last:[S '\
        '[OK:%s,F:%s,E:%s,W:%s,M:%s] A [OK:%s,F:%s,E:%s,W:%s,M:%s]'
    self.keys = ['timestamp', 'datetime', '#  ', 'lifetime',
                 'S OK', 'S F', 'S E', 'S W', 'S M', 'S Aug',
```

Step by step procedure

- Establish working directory and input files
- Determine format and keys
- **Extract the values**
- Convert date time in UNIX Epoch Time
- Export the .csv file

```
def parse_str(line, format_string):
    format_list = format_string.split('%')
    output_values = []
    if format_string[0] != '%':
        line = line.split(format_list[0], 1)[1]
    for i in range(len(format_list)-1):
        if i < len(format_list)-1:
            if format_list[i+1][0] == 's':
                format_list[i+1] = format_list[i+1][1:]
            else:
                continue
        try:
            value, line = line.split(format_list[i + 1], 1)
            output_values.append(value)
        except ValueError:
            value = line.split(format_list[i + 1], 1)[0]
            output_values.append(value)
            break
    return output_values
```

Step by step procedure

- Establish working directory and input files
- Determine format and keys
- Extract the values
- **Convert date time in UNIX Epoch Time**
- Export the .csv file

```
def parse_datetime(datetime_string, format_string='%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S.%f'):
    datetime_string = datetime_string.replace(',', '.')
    try:
        input_date = datetime.strptime(datetime_string, format_string)
        if input_date.year == 1900:
            input_date = input_date.replace(year=datetime.today().year)
        unix_ts = (input_date - datetime(1970, 1, 1)).total_seconds()
        formatted_dt = input_date.strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S.%f')
    except ValueError:
        return False
    return unix_ts, formatted_dt
```

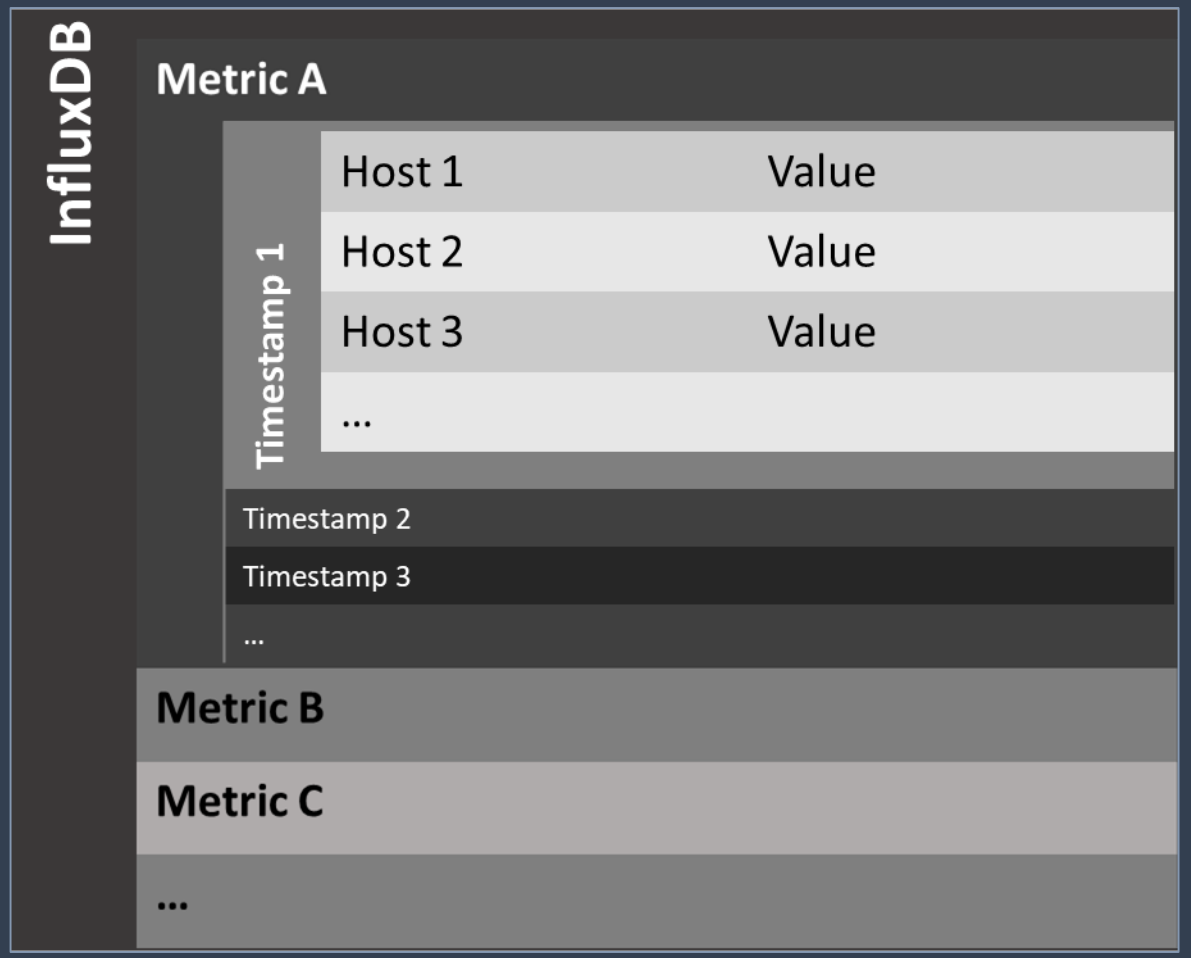
Step by step procedure

- Establish working directory and input files
- Determine format and keys
- Extract the values
- Convert date time in UNIX Epoch Time
- **Export the .csv file**

Timestamp	Datetime	Message	#..	Lifetime	Heap Fre
1536340235.94	2018-09-07 17...	Set HEARTHBEAT in Time...			
1536340235.94	2018-09-07 17...	HEART MONITOR Initializ...			
1536340236.95	2018-09-07 17...		...1	0:00.01	177889
1536340296.96	2018-09-07 17...		...2	0:01.01	160139
1536340356.95	2018-09-07 17...		...3	0:02.01	209239
1536340416.95	2018-09-07 17...		...4	0:03.01	147542
1536340476.95	2018-09-07 17...		...5	0:04.01	176361
1536340536.94	2018-09-07 17...		...6	0:05.01	201569
1536340596.94	2018-09-07 17...		...7	0:06.01	183327
1536340656.94	2018-09-07 17...		...8	0:07.01	164381
1536340716.95	2018-09-07 17...		...9	0:08.01	182104
1536340776.94	2018-09-07 17...		..10	0:09.01	168524
1536340836.94	2018-09-07 17...		..11	0:10.01	169727
1536340896.94	2018-09-07 17...		..12	0:11.01	207892
1536340956.94	2018-09-07 17...		..13	0:12.01	153871

InfluxDB structure

- Non-relational database
- Optimized for metrics storage
- Different time policies
  - Data is written into 1 week retention policy by default.
  - Every 15 minutes/30 minutes/1 hour the data is down sampled into 1 month/6 month/1 year retention policy.



Metrics storage

- Multiple metrics stored for every host
- Measure performance and load of various server depending on the experiment

i.e. ATLAS experiment

- storm-atlas.cr.cnaf.infn.it
  frontend and backend
- storm-fe-atlas-07.cr.cnaf.infn.it
  second frontend
- ds-808.cr.cnaf.infn.it
- ds-908.cr.cnaf.infn.it
  gridftp

Querying the database

- Establish a connection to the client
- Determine the measurement types
- Query for a specific host

```
influx -host=HOST -port=PORT -username=“NAME" -
password=“PASSWORD" -database=“DATABASE”



SHOW MEASUREMENTS



SELECT * FROM ‘MEASUREMENT’ WHERE "host" =
‘HOSTNAME’
```

Timestamp	Domain	Duration	Host	Metric	Tag1	Tag2	Value
1539019365	cr.cnaf.infn.it	0.22	storm-atlas.cr.cnaf.infn.it	metrics-load	storm	atlas	0.09
1538956963	cr.cnaf.infn.it	0.21	storm-atlas.cr.cnaf.infn.it	metrics-load	storm	atlas	0.33
1538957563	cr.cnaf.infn.it	0.23	storm-atlas.cr.cnaf.infn.it	metrics-load	storm	atlas	0.23
1538957863	cr.cnaf.infn.it	0.21	storm-atlas.cr.cnaf.infn.it	metrics-load	storm	atlas	0.21
1538958163	cr.cnaf.infn.it	0.25	storm-atlas.cr.cnaf.infn.it	metrics-load	storm	atlas	0.18
1538958463	cr.cnaf.infn.it	0.21	storm-atlas.cr.cnaf.infn.it	metrics-load	storm	atlas	0.17
1538958763	cr.cnaf.infn.it	0.22	storm-atlas.cr.cnaf.infn.it	metrics-load	storm	atlas	0.2
1538959063	cr.cnaf.infn.it	0.25	storm-atlas.cr.cnaf.infn.it	metrics-load	storm	atlas	0.22
1538959363	cr.cnaf.infn.it	0.21	storm-atlas.cr.cnaf.infn.it	metrics-load	storm	atlas	0.21

Every query is done through the Python client:
InfluxDB-Python

Timestamp	Datetime	Load_avg.fifteen	Load_avg.five	Load_avg.one
1539914884	2018-10-19 02:08:04.000000	0.29	0.56	1.47
1539914584	2018-10-19 02:03:04.000000	0.15	0.2	0.27
1539914284	2018-10-19 01:58:04.000000	0.12	0.15	0.19
1539913984	2018-10-19 01:53:04.000000	0.1	0.1	0.12
1539913684	2018-10-19 01:48:04.000000	0.1	0.08	0.09
1539913384	2018-10-19 01:43:04.000000	0.11	0.09	0.08
1539913084	2018-10-19 01:38:04.000000	0.11	0.09	0.1
1539912784	2018-10-19 01:33:04.000000	0.13	0.1	0.1
1539912484	2018-10-19 01:28:04.000000	0.14	0.13	0.21
1539912184	2018-10-19 01:23:04.000000	0.15	0.1	0.06

Extract csv tables

- Should follow a host-first structure
- Should merge different measurements by category
- Should maintain the UNIX timestamp format

Log frequency

One line every minute

- Heartbeat log
- Monitorging log

Multiple lines every minute

- Backend metrics logs
  (one for each command)

One line every five minutes:

- InfluxDB metrics

Concatenation rules

- Backend metrics are split by type
- Timestamp is rounded off to one-minute precision
- In case of overlap the more recent is kept
- Every .csv is concatenated and ordered by timestamp

```
def run(config_file=CONFIG_FILE, start_dt=datetime(1970, 1, 1), stop_dt=datetime.today
    '''
    The main script, reads the config file and merges the input csv
    '''
    (in_dir, out_dir, files_tonorm,
     files_tosplit) = read_config(config_file)
    dfList = []
    files_list = {}
    for _filename in files_tosplit:
        filepath = in_dir + _filename
        df = open_df(filepath, start_dt, stop_dt)
        dfs_dict = split_category(df, _filename, 'group')
        files_list.update(dfs_dict)

    for _filename in files_tonorm:
        filepath = in_dir + _filename
        df = open_df(filepath, start_dt, stop_dt)
        files_list[_filename] = df

    for key in files_list:
        df = files_list[key]
        df = add_minutes(df)
        df.columns = [key + '_' + name if (name != 'minute')
                      else name for name in df.columns]
        df = df.set_index('minute')
        df = df[~df.index.duplicated(keep='first')]
        dfList.append(df)

    result = pd.concat(dfList,
                       sort=False, axis=1)
    result.to_csv(out_dir + 'merged.csv', index='minute')
    return result
```

Query for specific timestamp

- Queries InfluxDB using the most accurate retention policy
- Creates a merged logs database with values included between two timestamp

```
TODAY_STR = datetime.today().strftime('%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')


def main(in_datetime):
    print(in_datetime)
    my_datetime = datetime.strptime(in_datetime, '%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S')
    beg_dt = my_datetime - timedelta(minutes=60)
    end_dt = my_datetime + timedelta(minutes=10)
    print(beg_dt, end_dt)
    dfs = get_hosts_metrics(start_dt=beg_dt, stop_dt=end_dt)
    for key in dfs:
        print (key)
        dataframes.to_csv(dfs[key], '../'+key+'.csv')
    metrics_csv_merger.run(start_dt=beg_dt, stop_dt=end_dt)
    pass


if __name__ == '__main__':
    if len(sys.argv) == 3:
        main(sys.argv[1]+' '+sys.argv[2])
```

Conclusions

Increased the readability of logs

Introduced toolkit to access specific logs and metrics

Prepared the foundation for machine learning algorithms

The code produced is well documented to allow for easier pick-up by different people

For more information on InfluxDB

Documentation: https://docs.influxdata.com/influxdb/v1.7/

Python library: https://influxdb-python.readthedocs.io/en/latest/

The repository for the code presented is available through the following git:
https://baltig.infn.it/summerstudentscnaf/log-parsing

Simone Rossi Tisbeni

Grad student in Applied Physics

A.A 2018/19

Will continue working on predictive maintenance at CNAF for his graduate thesis with Prof. Bonacorsi Daniele and Martelli Barbara