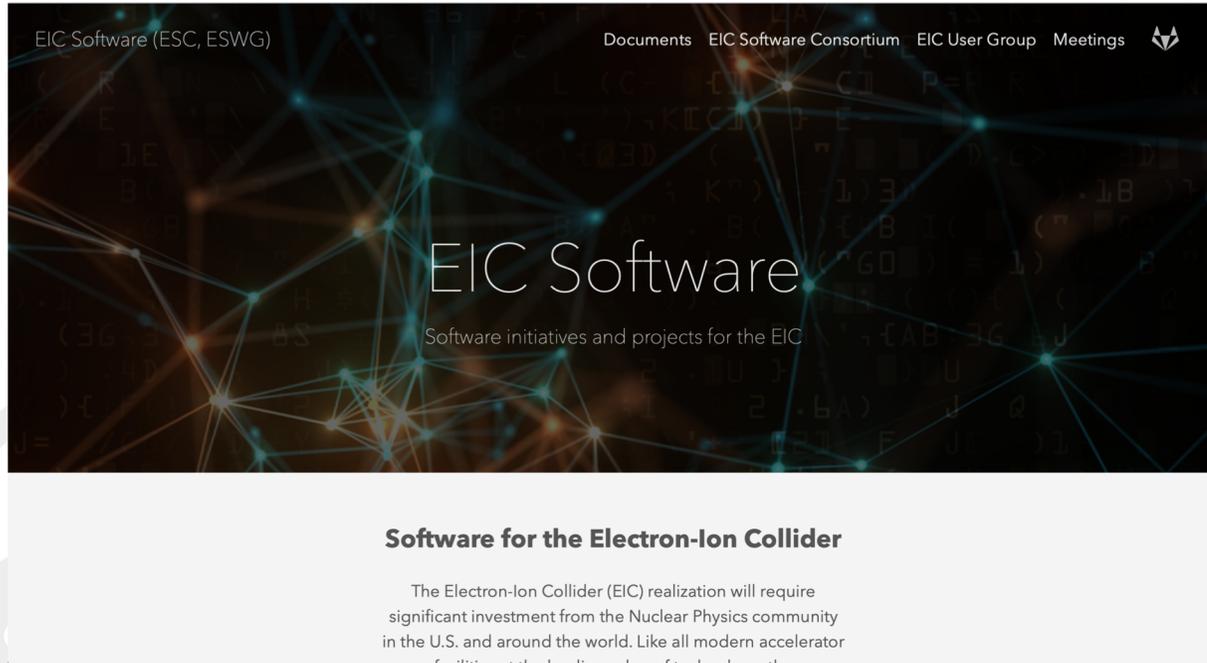
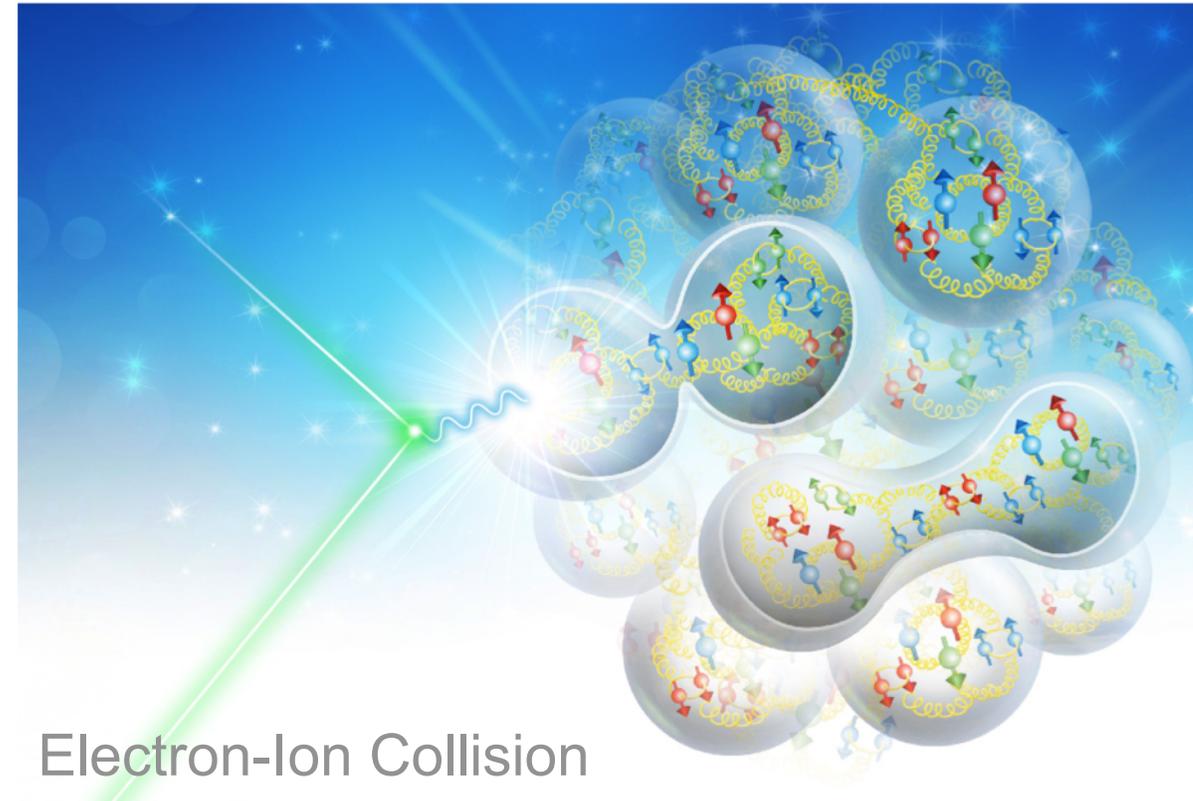


Software Initiatives for the Electron-Ion Collider



The screenshot shows the homepage of the EIC Software website. At the top left, it says "EIC Software (ESC, ESWG)". At the top right, there are links for "Documents", "EIC Software Consortium", "EIC User Group", and "Meetings", along with a small logo. The main heading is "EIC Software" in a large, white font, with the subtitle "Software initiatives and projects for the EIC" below it. The background is a dark, abstract network of glowing blue and orange nodes connected by lines. Below the main heading, there is a section titled "Software for the Electron-Ion Collider" with a paragraph of text: "The Electron-Ion Collider (EIC) realization will require significant investment from the Nuclear Physics community in the U.S. and around the world. Like all modern accelerator facilities at the leading edge of technology, the..."

Markus Diefenthaler (Jefferson Lab)

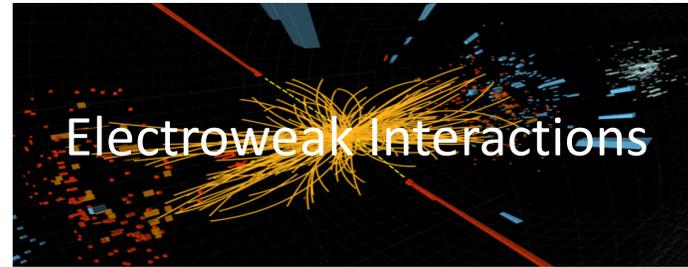


Electron-Ion Collision

A New Frontier in Nuclear Physics

The Electron-Ion Collider (EIC)

The Standard Model of Physics

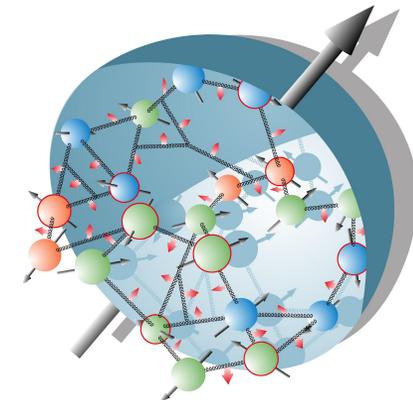


Further exploration of the Standard Model

Dark matter searches

Electroweak symmetry breaking

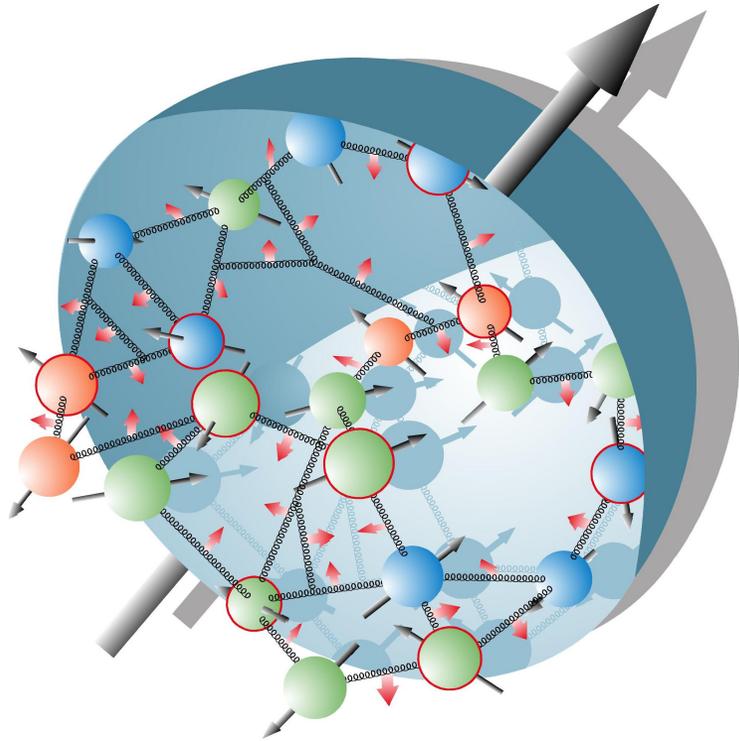
Deeper understanding of QCD:



Study of nuclear matter

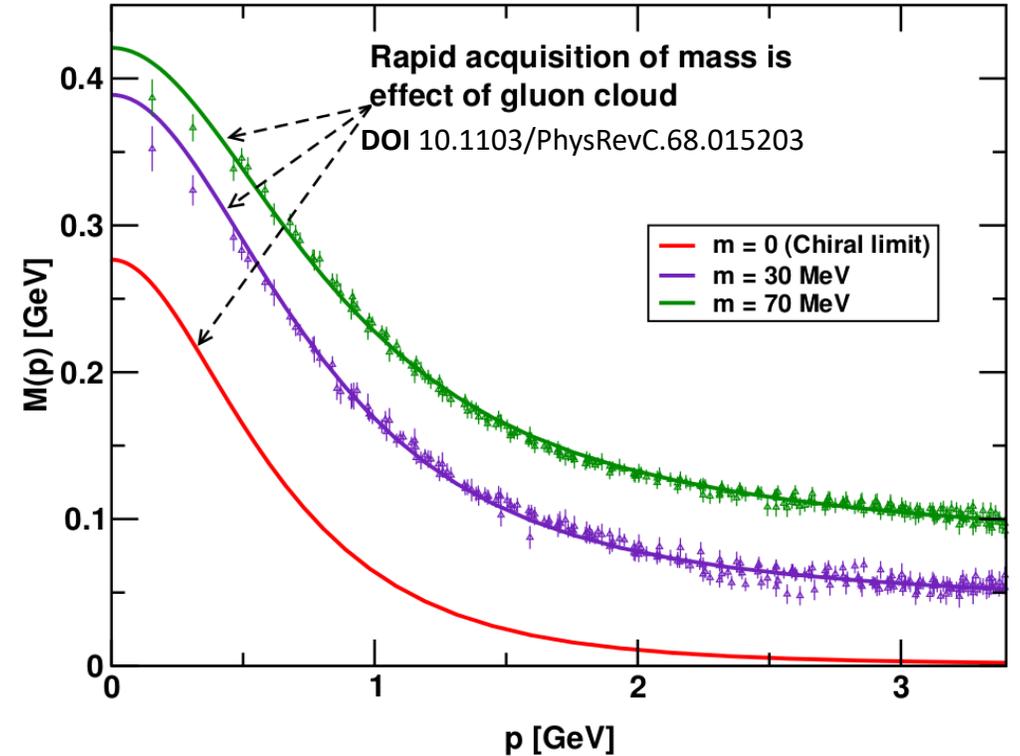
The dynamical nature of nuclear matter

Nuclear Matter Interactions and structures are inextricably mixed up.



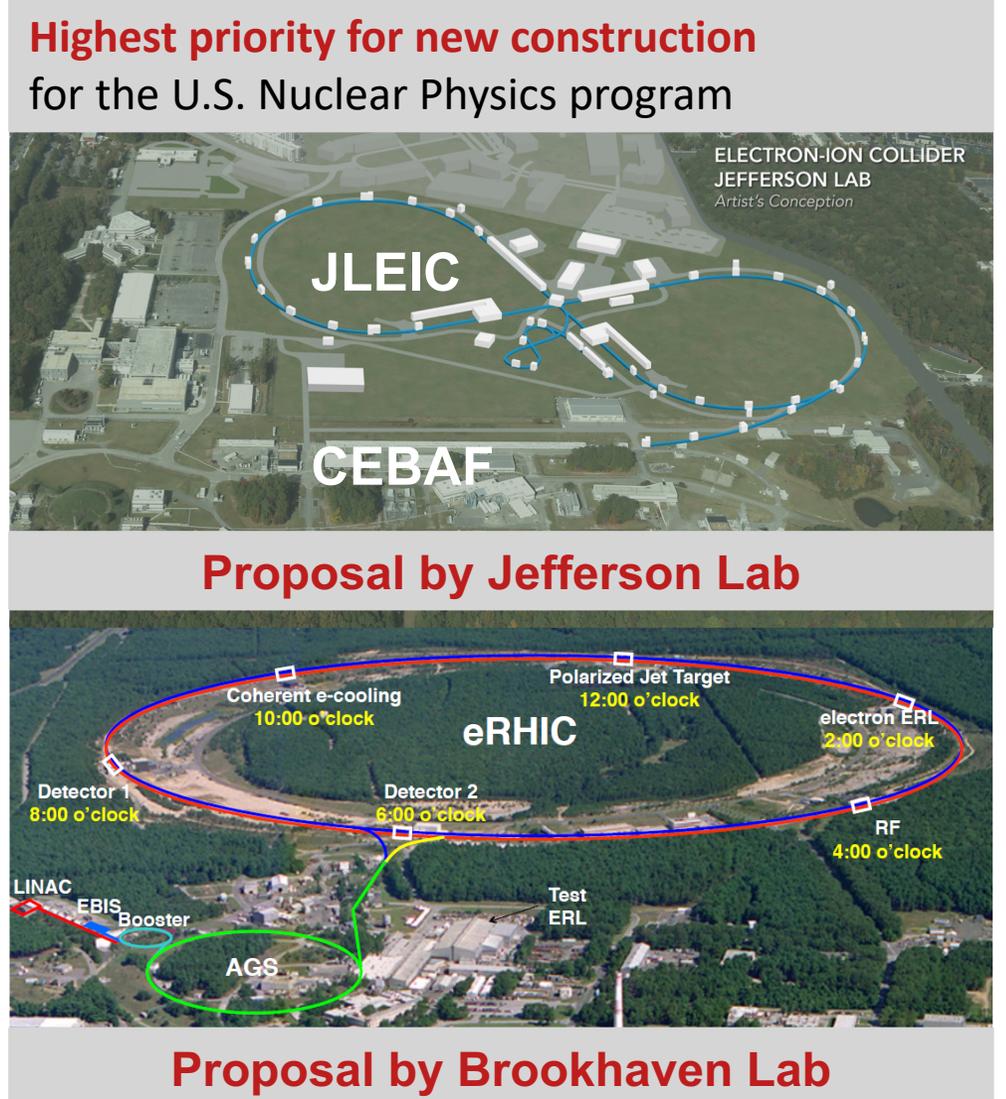
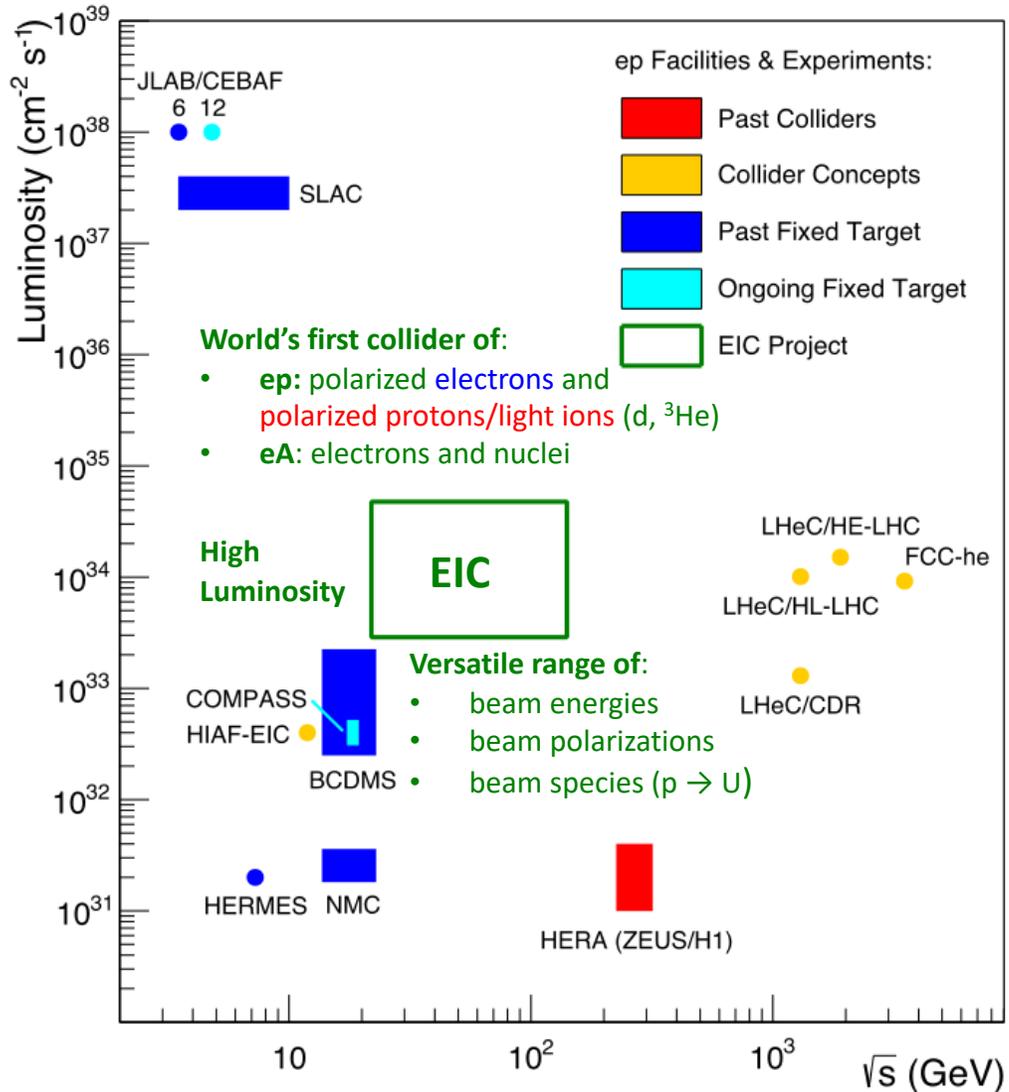
Ultimate goal Understand how nuclear matter at its most fundamental level is made.

Observed properties such as mass and spin emerge out of the complex system.



To reach goal precisely image quarks and gluons and their strong interactions in nuclear matter.

The Electron-Ion Collider: Frontier accelerator facility in the U.S.

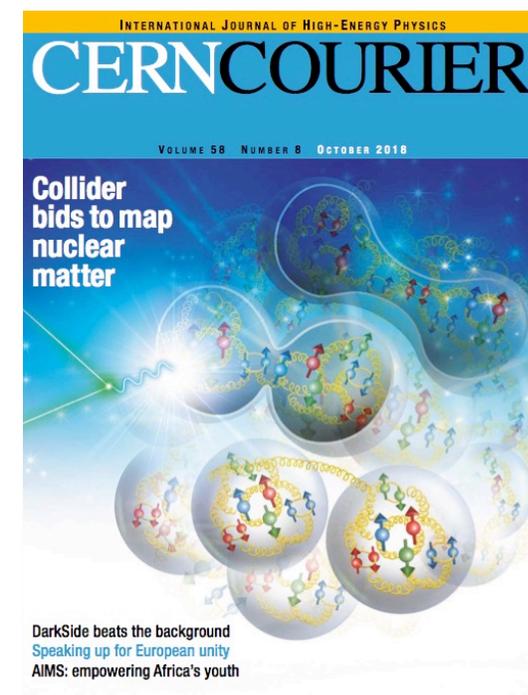
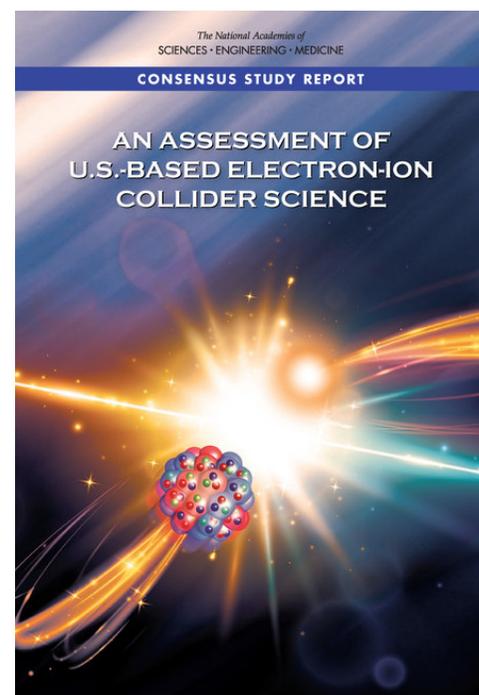
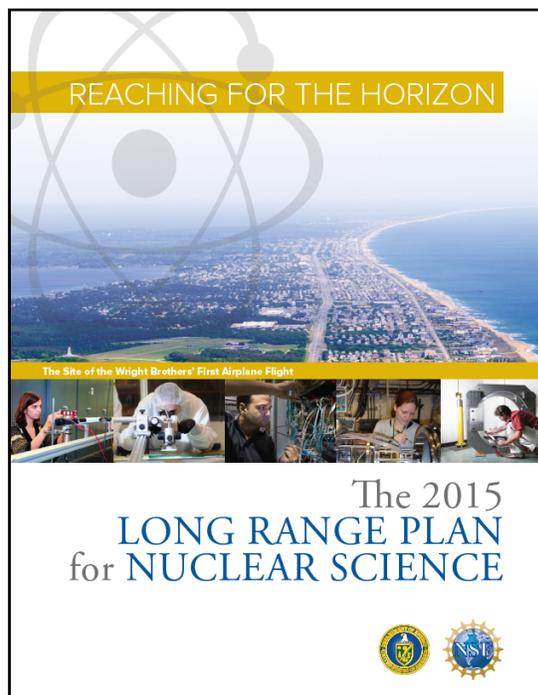
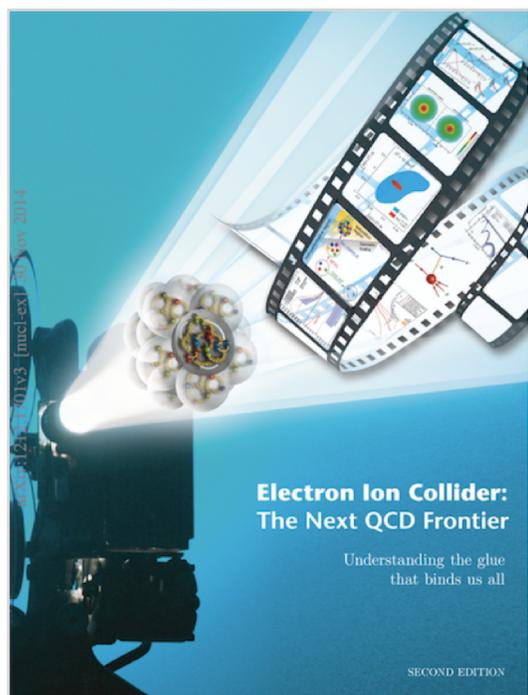


Why an Electron-Ion Collider?

Right tool:

- to precisely **image quarks and gluons** and their interactions
- to explore the new **QCD frontier of strong color fields in nuclei**
- to understand **how matter at its most fundamental level is made.**

Understanding of nuclear matter is transformational, perhaps in an even more dramatic way than how the understanding of the atomic and molecular structure of matter led to new frontiers, new sciences and new technologies.



Status of the EIC project

President's Budget FY 2020 Budget Justification

See Volume 4 – Science, pages 269-326 for Nuclear Physics

Page 270

“The 2015 NSAC LRP for Nuclear Science recommended a high-energy, high-luminosity polarized Electron-Ion Collider (EIC) as the highest priority for new facility construction following the completion of FRIB. Consistent with that vision, in 2016 NP commissioned a National Academy of Sciences (NAS) study by an independent panel of external experts to assess the uniqueness and scientific merit of such a facility. The report, released in July 2018, **strongly supports the scientific case for building a U.S.-based EIC, documenting that an EIC will advance the understanding of the origins of nucleon mass, the origin of the spin properties of nucleons, and the behavior of gluons.**”

Page 272

“The Request for Construction and Major Items of Equipment (MIEs) includes:”

(...)

Other Project Costs (OPC) funding to support high priority, critically needed accelerator R&D to retire high risk technical challenges for the proposed U.S.-based EIC. Subsequent to the FY 2018 National Academy of Science Report confirming the importance of a domestic EIC to sustain U.S. world leadership in nuclear science and accelerator R&D core competencies. **Critical Decision-0, Approve Mission Need, is planned for FY 2019.**”

Computing Vision for the EIC

“The purpose of computing is insight, not numbers.”

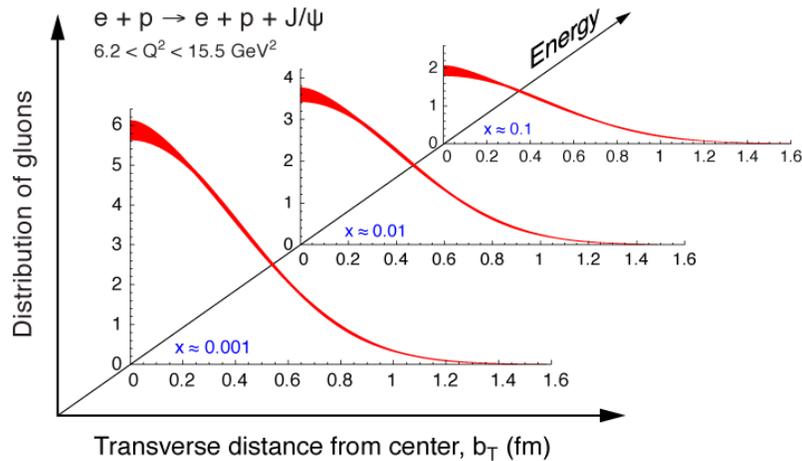
Richard Hamming (1962)

Computing Challenges in Nuclear Physics

NP experiments driven by beam intensity, polarization, exquisite control of background and systematics

multi-dimensional challenges

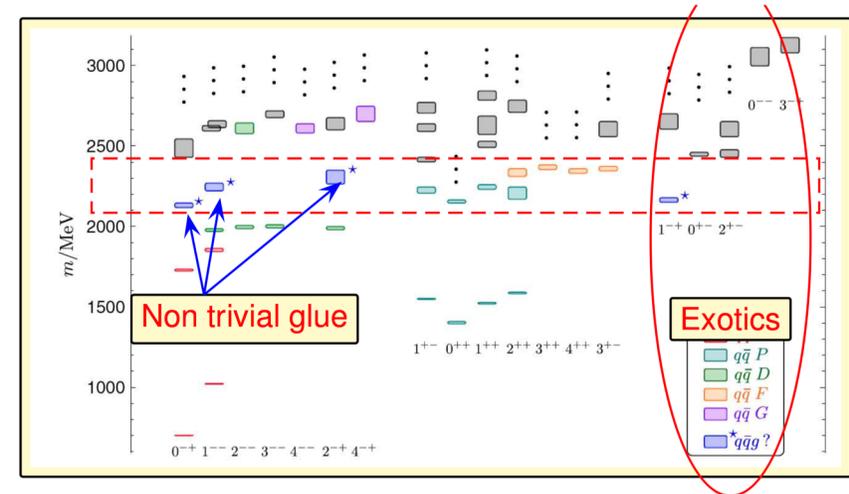
example 3D imaging of quarks and gluons



high statistics in five or dimensions and multiple final-state particles

multiple channel challenges

example discovery search of gluon-based exotic particles (PWA, 1000s of waves)



strongly iterative analysis for reliable, model-independent analysis

Computing trends and EIC Computing

EIC rates

- expected data rates similar to next phase LHCb
- not enormous rates creates opportunity for other initiatives

Future compatibility hardware and software

- **Exascale Computing** Most powerful future computers will likely be very different from the kind of computers currently used in Nuclear Physics.
- This requires a modular design with structures robust against likely changes in computing environment so that changes in underlying code can be handled without an entire overhaul of the structure.

Think out of the box

- The way analysis is done has been largely shaped by kinds of computing that has been available.
- Computing begins to grow in very different ways in the future, driven by very different forces than in the past (e.g., Exascale Computing Initiative).
- This is a unique opportunity for Nuclear Physics to think about new possibilities and paradigms that can and should arise.

User centered design to enhance scientific productivity

- Engage wider community of physicists, whose primary interest is not computing, in software design to:
 - understand the user requirements first and foremost
 - make design decisions largely based on user requirements.

Future Trends in Nuclear Physics Computing

FUTURE TRENDS IN
**NUCLEAR PHYSICS
COMPUTING**

SYMPOSIUM: MAY 2 • 1:00 p.m.
Main Auditorium • Free Admission

 NUCLEAR PHYSICS IN A DECADE
Donald Geesaman (ANL)

 NUCLEAR PHYSICS COMPUTING IN A DECADE
Martin Savage (INT)

 MONTE-CARLO EVENT SIMULATION IN A DECADE
Stefan Hoeche (SLAC)

 SYNERGY OF COMPUTING AND THE NEXT GENERATION
OF NUCLEAR PHYSICS EXPERIMENTS
Rolf Ent (JLAB)

RECEPTION TO FOLLOW

WWW.JLAB.ORG/CONFERENCES/TRENDS2017 



Donald Geesaman (ANL, former NSAC Chair) *“It will be **joint progress of theory and experiment** that moves us forward, not in one side alone”*

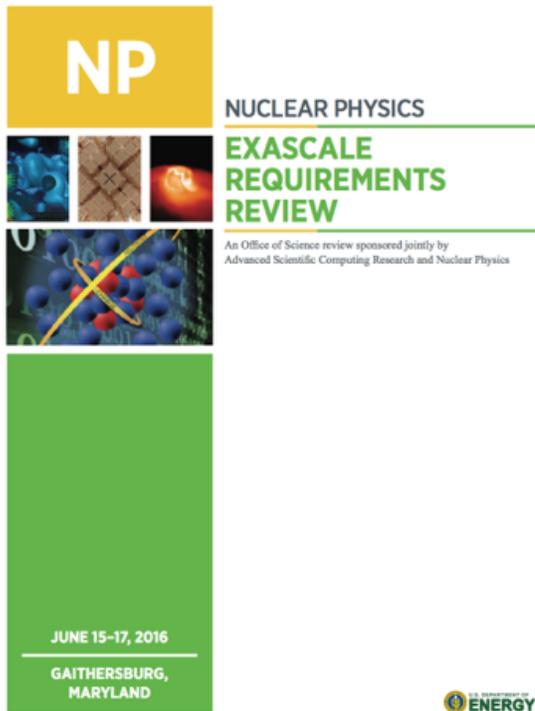


Martin Savage (INT) *“The next decade will be looked back upon as a **truly astonishing period in Nuclear Physics** and in our understanding of fundamental aspects of nature. This will be **made possible by advances in scientific computing** and in how the Nuclear Physics community organizes and collaborates, and how DOE and NSF supports this, to take full advantage of these advances.”*

Implications of Exascale Computing

Past efforts in lattice QCD in collaboration with industry have driven development of new computing paradigms that benefit large scale computation. These capabilities underpin many important scientific challenges, e.g. studying climate and heat transport over the Earth.

The EIC will be the facility in the era of high precision QCD and the first Nuclear Physics facility in the **era of Exascale Computing**. This will affect the interplay of experiment, simulations, and theory profoundly and result in a new computing paradigm that can be applied to other fields of science and industry.



Petascale-capable systems at the beamline

- **unprecedented compute-detector integration**, extending work at LHCb
- requires fundamentally new and different algorithms
- computing model with AI at the DAQ and analysis level and a compute-detector integration to deliver **analysis-ready data from the DAQ system**:
 - responsive calibrations in real time
 - real-time event reconstruction and filtering
 - physics analysis in real time

A similar approach would allow **accelerator operations** to use real-time simulations and artificial intelligence over operational parameters to tune the machine for performance.

Streaming Readout and Real-Time Processing



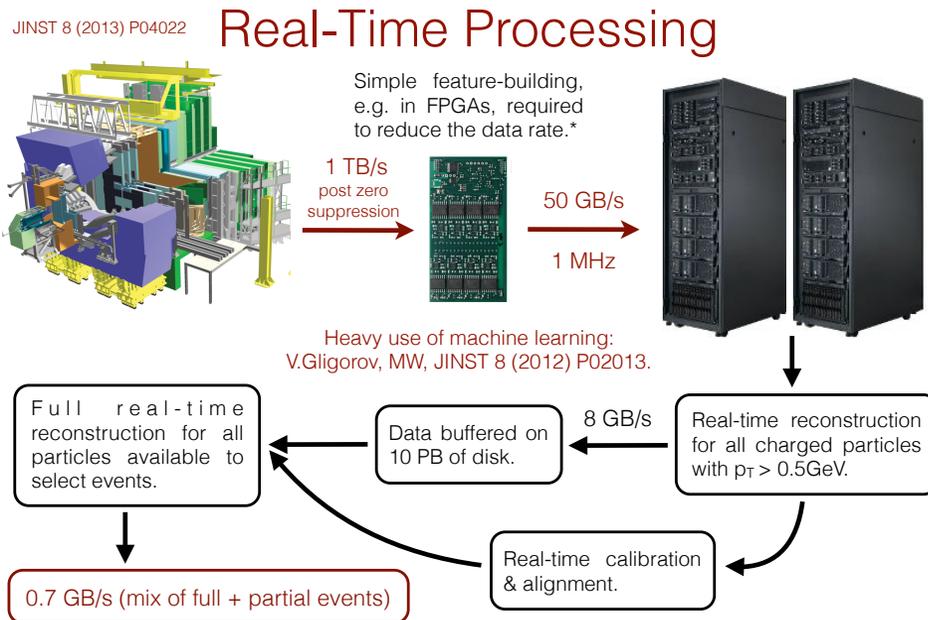
Data Processor

- assembles the data into events
- outputs data suitable for final analysis (**Analysis data**)

Features (among others)

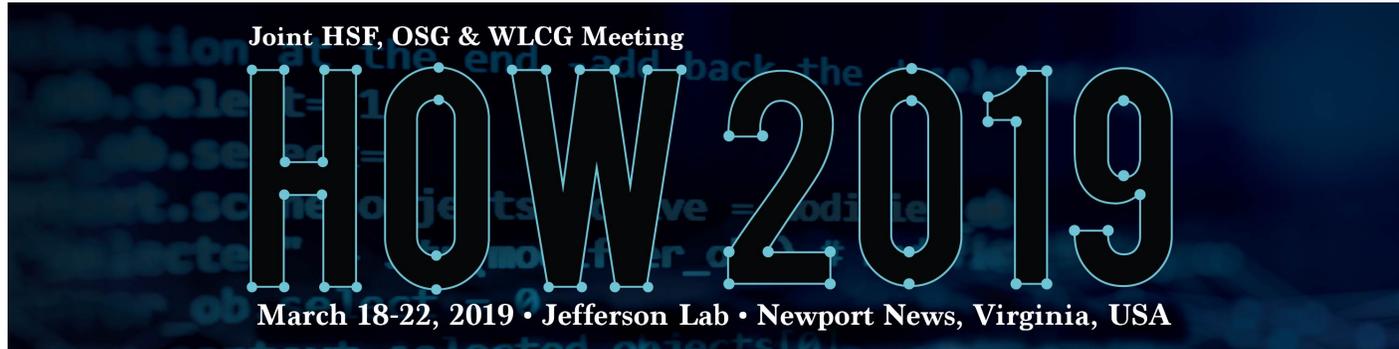
- ideal for machine learning
- automated calibration and alignment
- real-time reconstruction of events
- event selection and/or labeling into analysis streams
- automated anomaly detection
- responsive detectors (conscious experiment)

LHCb Example



*LHCb will move to a **triggerless-readout** system for LHC Run 3 (2021-2023), and process 5 TB/s in real time on the CPU farm.

HOW 2019



Request at HOW 2019

Writeup on EIC Computing

- Rates
- Requirements
- Vision

ToDo

- Drafting committee?
- Community document: Circulate among EICUG?

Software Initiative for the EIC

EIC Software Consortium

Existing software frameworks for the EIC

ANL TOPSiDE detector concept (ILC software variant)

BNL BeAST detector concept: EICroot (FairRoot variant)

BNL ePHENIX detector concept (fun4all)

JLAB JLEIC detector concept (GEMC)

Software Review by EIC Community in November 2017

- EicRoot, Fun4All , GEMC, and the ANL software are actively maintained.
- The analysis environments for the EIC will be chosen when the EIC experimental collaborations will form.
- Until then, we will examine the **requirements** for the EIC analysis environment and work on the **R&D** aspects of the EIC analysis environment.

EIC Software Consortium



EIC SOFTWARE CONSORTIUM

Goals and focus

- work on common interfaces among EIC simulation tools
- explore new avenues of software development (e.g., AI)
- **reach out to the EIC community**
 - communicate present status of EIC software
 - bring existing EIC software to end users
 - produce publicly available consensus-based documents on critical subjects
 - provide vision for the future

ESC members

ANL, BNL, JLAB, LUND,
INFN, SLAC, Trieste,
W&M

Part of EIC Generic
Detector R&D program



EIC User Group

EIC User Group (EICUG)

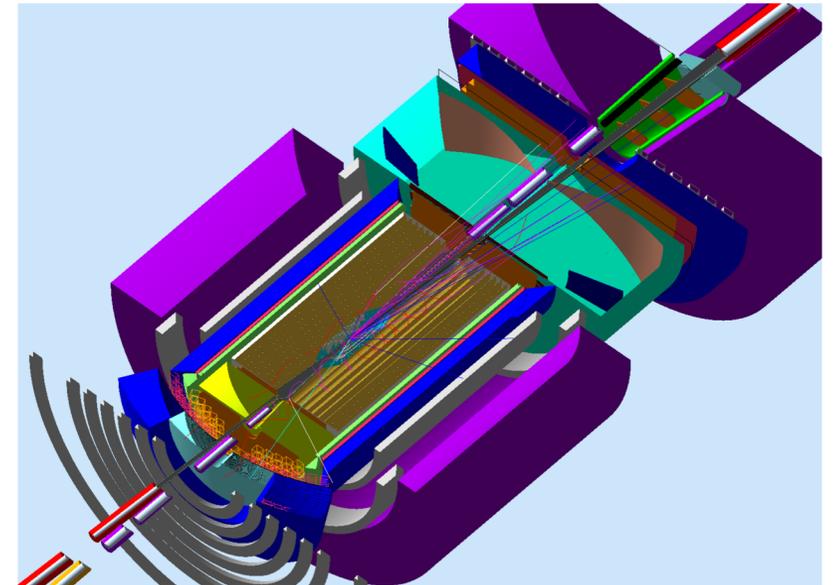
Currently **866 members** from **184 institutions** from **30 countries**.



Physicists around the world are thinking about and are defining the **EIC science program**.

EICUG Software Working Group

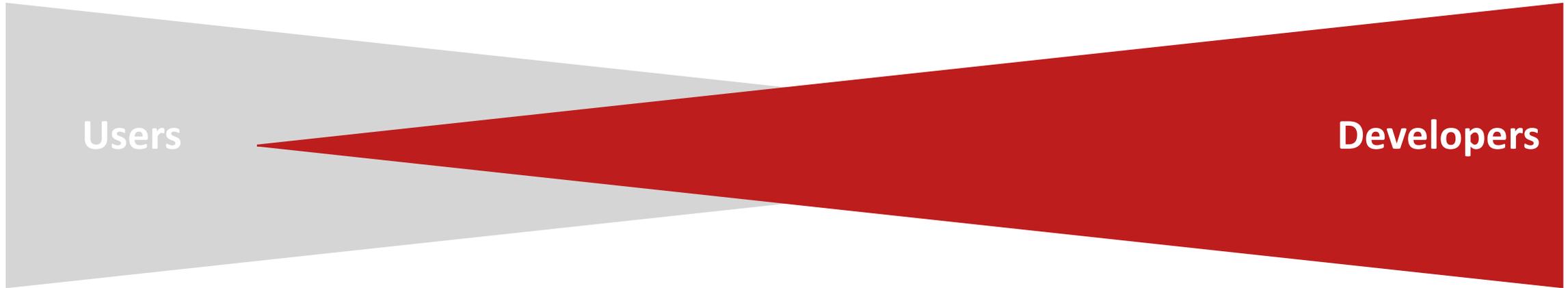
- simulations of physics processes and detector response to enable quantitative assessment of measurement capabilities and their physics impact
- build on ESC effort, conveners chosen from ESC



EIC Software Users

Novice: No experience

Expert: Highly experienced



User involved in

Ongoing EIC project

Software ✓
Documentation ✓
Requests none

EIC User Group

Common Software ✗
Common Documentation ✗
Requests software, documentation

Generic Detector R&D projects

Software ✓
Documentation ✗ - ✓
Requests common software

EIC Software Groups (beyond the simulation effort at the labs)

High Energy Physics **ToDo** Cooperation and collaboration

CERN ROOT

Possible collaboration

Geant4

Established collaboration

HEP Software Foundation

Possible collaboration

Mcnet

Started collaboration

Nuclear Physics **ToDo** Joined efforts and common projects

EIC Software Consortium

Community Endorsement **X**
Funding **✓**

Same software suite Seamless data processing from DAQ to data analysis using AI

EIC Streaming Readout Consortium

Community Endorsement **X**
Funding **✓**

EICUG Software Working Group

Community Endorsement **✓**
Funding **X**

EIC Software Consortium (ESC)

Software projects for the EIC

ESC Initiatives



EIC² Jefferson Lab
EIC Center at Jefferson Lab

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 6

MACHINE LEARNING SEMINAR

Machine Learning Seminar
CEBAF Center F113

- 11:00 **Opportunities for infusing physics and domain knowledge into AI/ML algorithms**
Prof. Animeshree Anandkumar (Caltech)
- 13:00 **DOE Scientific Machine Learning & AI Overview**
Dr. Steven Lee (DOE Advanced Scientific Computing Research)
- 13:30 **Study of neural network size requirements for approximating functions relevant to particle physics**
Jessica Stietzel (Notre Dame)
- 14:00 **NERSC's Machine Learning strategy**
Dr. Wahid Bhimji (NERSC)
- 14:30 **Discussion**
- 15:30 **Tag jet identification through the use of neural networks**
Anne-Katherine Burns (William & Mary)
- 15:50 **Machine intelligence applications for particle physics at Fermilab**
Dr. Aristeidis Tsaris (Fermilab)
- 16:30 **Overview of bayesian optimization applied to the GlueX case**
Cristiano Fanelli (MIT)

www.jlab.org/indico/event/247



February 20-22, 2019
DESY Hamburg, Germany

EIC User Group and MCnet present

MCEGs

for future ep and eA facilities

PROGRAM

- Updates to general-purpose MCEG for ep /eA
- Status of NLO simulations for ep/eA
- GPDs and TMDs in MCEGs
- QED+QCD effects in ep/eA simulations

ORGANIZERS

- Elke-Caroline Aschenauer (BNL)
- Simon Plätzer (University of Vienna)
- Andrea Bressan (INFN Trieste)
- Stefan Prestel (Lund University)
- Markus Diefenthaler (JLAB)
- Hannes Jung (DESY)

www.desy.de/mceg2019



EIC Software Meeting

May 20-21, 2019
Trieste, Italy

We will discuss the status of the simulation software for the EIC and will provide the tutorials for simulation tools. There will be contributions by members of the EIC Software Consortium and the EICUG Software Working Group as well as members from the HEP community. The meeting will also include a joint session with the INFN School on "Machine learning in High Energy Physics" that will be held in parallel to our meeting.

Organizers:
Andrea Bressan (INFN Trieste), Markus Diefenthaler (JLab), Alexander Kiselev (BNL)

For More Information:
<https://agenda.infn.it/event/17249/>

Monte Carlo Initiative

- collaboration with MCnet



- online catalogue of MCEGs

- EICUG documents:

- MCEG requirements
- MCEG event model

- MCEG R&D:

- containers and tutorials for EIC MCEGs
- library for QED radiative effects

Example MCEG container

Pythia8 with Jupyter notebook interface

Pythia 8 standalone

This notebook gives a basic idea of the Pythia 8 event generator, by using the Python interface of Pythia 8. You can adjust a set of parameters and choose from different different histograms to be plotted.

First, lets import all necessary modules.

```
In [1]: import os, sys, pythia8
from plotting import MULTHIST
import py8settings as py8s
```

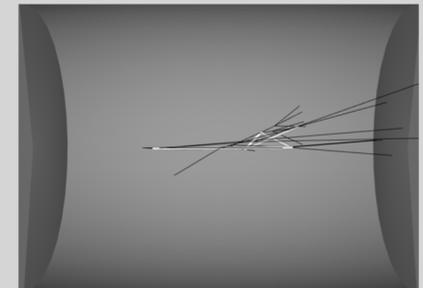
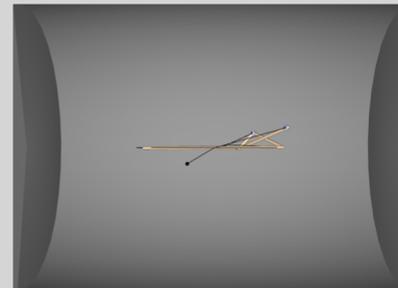
Now we create a Pythia 8 object and apply the settings to define the incoming beams. More settings can be adjusted later.

```
M In [2]: # Setup pythia, apply beam settings.
pythia = pythia8.Pythia()
py8s.beam_settings(pythia)
```

You can now set the parameters for the incoming beams:

beam A id [Beams:idA]	<input type="text" value="e-"/>
beam B id [Beams:idB]	<input type="text" value="p"/>
beam frame type [Beams:frameType]	<input type="text" value="2: back-to-back beams with different energies, set Beams:eA and Beams:eB"/>
CMS energy for Beams:frameType = 1 [Beams:eCM]	<input type="text" value="65.7"/>
beam A energy for Beams:frameType = 2 [Beams:eA]	<input type="text" value="10.8"/>
beam B energy for Beams:frameType = 2 [Beams:eB]	<input type="text" value="100"/>

Visualization of ep collision



Detector Simulation

- **collaboration with Geant4 International Collaboration**
 - liaison: Makoto Asai (SLAC)
- reach out to EIC Community
 - online catalogue of detector simulations
- **Detector Simulation R&D**
 - containers and tutorials for EIC detector simulations
 - coordinate input for Geant4 validation based on EIC physics list maintained by SLAC Geant4 group

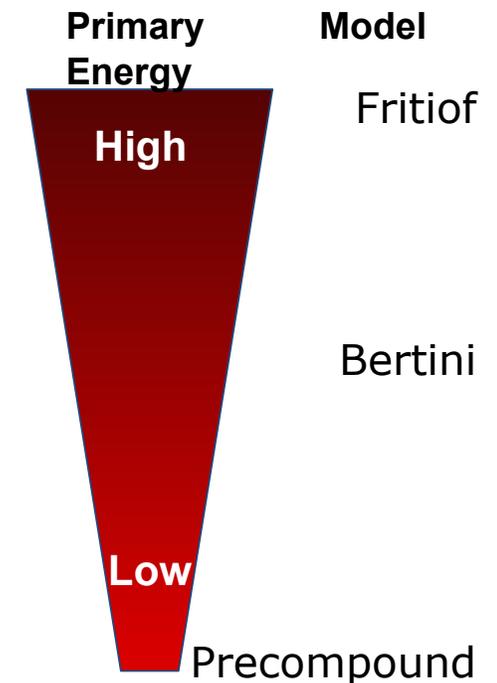
Technical forum on EIC as part of

09/23 – 09/27 Geant4 Collaboration Meeting (JLAB)

coordinate with EIC Detector R&D

EIC

- energy range is different from LHC
- validation, tuning and extension including test beam studies



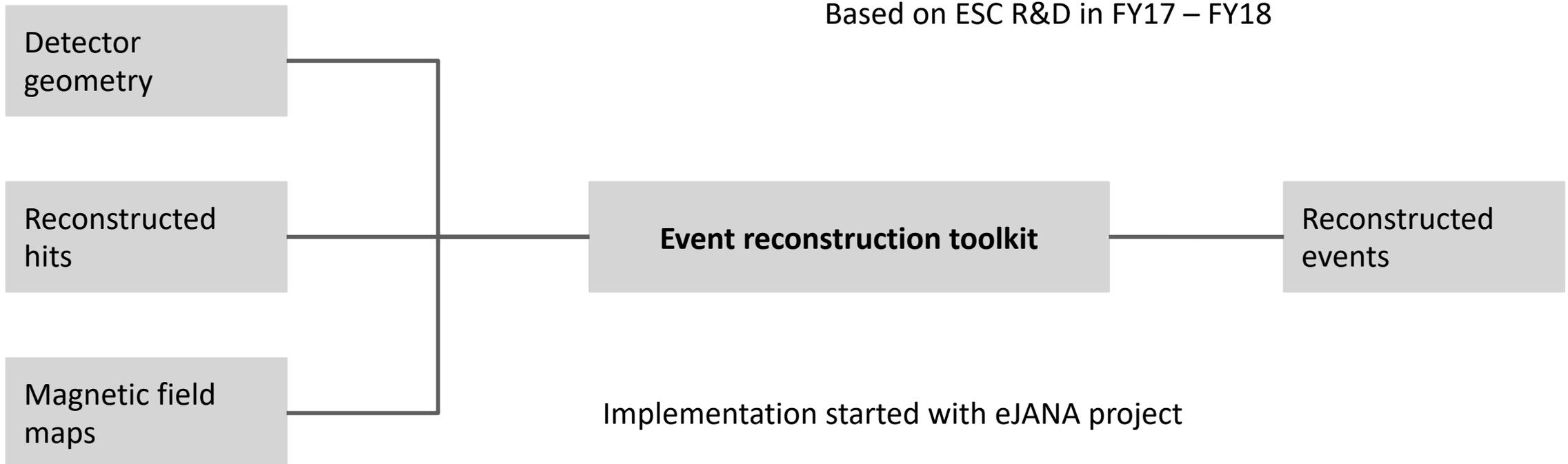
Community reference reconstruction

Charge “The EICUG Software Working Group’s initial focus will be on simulations of physics processes and detector response to enable **quantitative assessment of measurement capabilities and their physics impact**. This will be pursued in a manner that is **accessible, consistent, and reproducible** to the EICUG as a whole.

Modular reconstruction based on EIC tracking tools (ANL, BNL, JLab)

- for interoperability of lab software tools
- for comparing / validating EIC results
- for testing new algorithms

Based on ESC R&D in FY17 – FY18



User interface for EIC simulations for EICUG

ejana-gui container image

JupyterLab web interface (work in progress)

ejana-app container image (work in progress)

eJana (beta version)

Fast simulations (work in progress)

Monte Carlo event generators

eic-smear used for EIC Whitepaper

Alternative for fast simulations (tbd)

Monte Carlo event generators

Geant4 in fast mode

Full simulations (beta)

Monte Carlo event generators

Geant4

Event reconstruction toolkit

Single point of entry

EIC Software (ESC, ESWG)

Documents EIC Software Consortium EIC User Group Meetings

EIC Software

Software initiatives and projects for the EIC

Software for the Electron-Ion Collider

The Electron-Ion Collider (EIC) realization will require significant investment from the Nuclear Physics community in the U.S. and around the world. Like all modern accelerator facilities at the leading edge of technology, the

EIC Software website <https://eic.gitlab.io>

Meeting schedule

Date	Topic(s)
05/20 – 05/22	EIC Software Meeting in Trieste, Italy
06/06	Benchmarks and validation (only remote)
07/11	Review of theory tools (only remote)
07/11 – 07/12	EIC Generic Detector R&D Meeting at BNL
07/23	Tutorial during EICUG Meeting in Paris, France
08/	Summer break
09/05	FY20 planning (only remote)
09/23 – 09/27	Geant4 Collaboration Meeting at JLAB Technical Forum on EIC
tbc	

Summary

Electron-Ion Collider (EIC)

- precision study of the nucleon and the nucleus at the scale of sea quarks and gluons
- extremely broad science program

Computing vision for the EIC

- seamless data processing from DAQ to data analysis using artificial intelligence
- integration of DAQ, analysis and theory
- flexible, modular analysis ecosystem

Software Initiatives for the EIC

- EIC Software Consortium
- EICUG Software Working Group
- Website <https://eic.gitlab.io>

