

Spontaneous Hawking radiation, black-hole lasing and beyond: Observing the time evolution of an analogue black hole

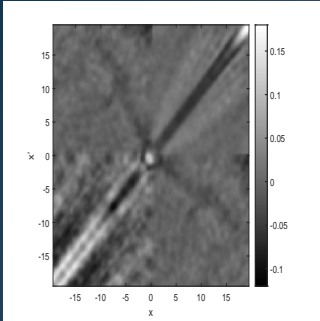
Jeff Steinhauer

Juan Ramón Muñoz de Nova

Victor I. Kolobov

Katrine Golubkov





Theoretical background

Black hole thermodynamics (entropy, temperature)

Bekenstein, J. D. Black holes and entropy. *Phys. Rev. D* **7**, 2333 (1973).

Hawking radiation

Hawking, S. W. Black hole explosions? *Nature* **248**, 30 (1974).

Hawking, S. W. Particle creation by black holes. *Commun. Math. Phys.* **43**, 199 (1975).

Hawking combined general relativity with quantum field theory.

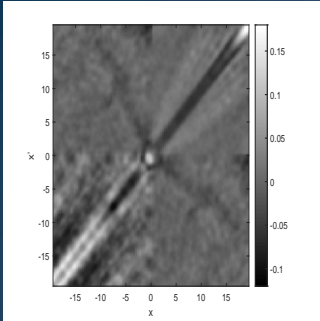
$$k_B T_H = \hbar g / 2\pi c$$

Information paradox

Hawking, S. W. Breakdown of predictability in gravitational collapse. *Phys. Rev. D* **14**, 2460 (1976).

Wald, R. M. On particle creation by black holes. *Commun. Math. Phys.* **45**, 9 (1975).





Theoretical background

Graybody factors

Page, D. N. Particle emission rates from a black hole: Massless particles from an uncharged, nonrotating hole. *Phys. Rev. D* **13**, 198 (1976).

Visser, M. Thermality of the Hawking Flux. *J. High Energ. Phys.* **9** (2015).

Hawking radiation from very small black holes

Page, D. N. Particle emission rates from a black hole: Massless particles from an uncharged, nonrotating hole. *Phys. Rev. D* **13**, 198 (1976).

Dimopoulos, S. & Landsberg, G. Black holes at the large hadron collider. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **87**, 161602 (2001).

Giddings, S. B. & Thomas, S. High energy colliders as black hole factories: The end of short distance physics. *Phys. Rev. D* **65**, 056010 (2002).

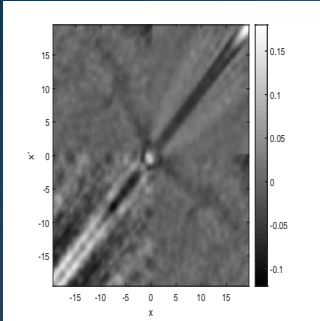
Hawking radiation in an analogue black hole

Unruh, W. G. Experimental black-hole evaporation? *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **46**, 1351 (1981).

“Black-hole evaporation is one of the most surprising discoveries of the past ten years.”

$$k_B T_H = \hbar g / 2\pi c$$





Theoretical background

Bose-Einstein condensates

Garay, L. J., Anglin, J. R., Cirac, J. I. & Zoller, P., Sonic analog of gravitational black holes in Bose-Einstein condensates. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **85**, 4643 (2000).

Barceló, C., Liberati, S. & Visser, M. Analogue gravity from Bose-Einstein condensates. *Class. Quant. Grav.* **18**, 1137 (2001).

Recati, A., Pavloff, N. & Carusotto, I. Bogoliubov theory of acoustic Hawking radiation in Bose-Einstein condensates. *Phys. Rev. A* **80**, 043603 (2009).

Zapata, I., Albert, M., Parentani, R. & Sols, F. Resonant Hawking radiation in Bose-Einstein Condensates. *New J. Phys.* **13**, 063048 (2011).

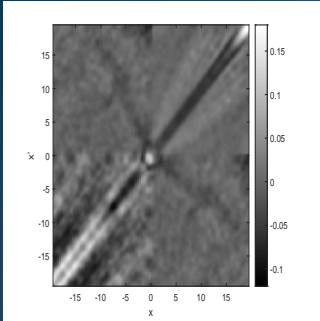
Balbinot, R., Fabbri, A., Fagnocchi, S., Recati, A. & Carusotto, I. Nonlocal density correlations as a signature of Hawking radiation from acoustic black holes. *Phys. Rev. A* **78**, 021603(R) (2008).

Macher, J. & Parentani, R. Black-hole radiation in Bose-Einstein condensates. *Phys. Rev. A* **80**, 043601 (2009).

Carusotto, I., Fagnocchi, S., Recati, A., Balbinot, R. & Fabbri, A. Numerical observation of Hawking radiation from acoustic black holes in atomic Bose-Einstein condensates. *New J. Phys.* **10**, 103001 (2008).

Larré, P.-É., Recati, A., Carusotto, I. & Pavloff, N. Quantum fluctuations around black hole horizons in Bose-Einstein condensates. *Phys. Rev. A* **85**, 013621 (2012).





Theoretical background

Bose-Einstein condensates (continued)

Busch, X. & Parentani, R. Quantum entanglement in analogue Hawking radiation: When is the final state nonseparable? *Phys. Rev. D* **89**, 105024 (2014).

Finazzi, S. & Carusotto, I. Entangled phonons in atomic Bose-Einstein condensates. *Phys. Rev. A* **90**, 033607 (2014).

Steinhauer, J. Measuring the entanglement of analogue Hawking radiation by the density-density correlation function. *Phys. Rev. D* **92**, 024043 (2015).

de Nova, J. R. M., Sols, F. & Zapata, I. Violation of Cauchy-Schwarz inequalities by spontaneous Hawking radiation in resonant boson structures. *Phys. Rev. A* **89**, 043808 (2014).

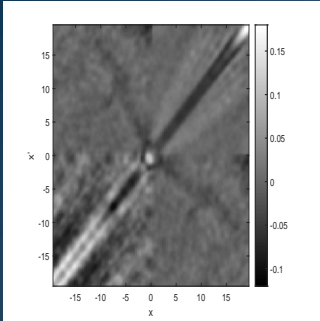
Doukas, J. Adesso, G. & Fuentes, I. Ruling out stray thermal radiation in analogue black holes. arXiv 1404.4324.

Boiron, D., Fabbri, A., Larré, P.-É., Pavloff, N., Westbrook, C. I. & Ziñ, P. Quantum signature of analog Hawking radiation in momentum space. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **115**, 025301 (2015).

de Nova, J. R. M., Sols, F. & Zapata, I. Entanglement and violation of classical inequalities in the Hawking radiation of flowing atom condensates. *New J. Phys.* **17**, 105003 (2015).



Theoretical background



Bose-Einstein condensates (continued)

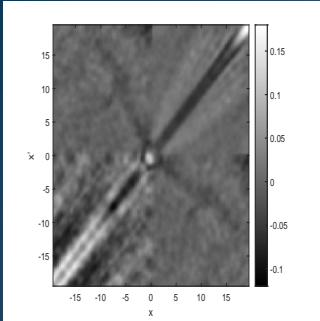
Michel, F., Coupechoux, J.-F. & Parentani, R. Phonon spectrum and correlations in a transonic flow of an atomic Bose gas. *Phys. Rev. D* **94**, 084027 (2016).

Coutant A. & Weinfurter, S. Low-frequency analogue Hawking radiation: The Bogoliubov-de Gennes model. *Phys. Rev. D* **97**, 025006 (2018).

Fabri, A. & Pavloff, N. Momentum correlations as signature of sonic Hawking radiation in Bose-Einstein condensates. *SciPost Phys.* **4**, 019 (2018).

Robertson, S., Michel, F. & Parentani, R. Assessing degrees of entanglement of phonon states in atomic Bose gases through the measurement of commuting observables. *Phys. Rev. D* **96**, 045012 (2017).





Theoretical background

Superfluid ^3He

Jacobson T. A. & Volovik, G. E. Event horizons and ergoregions in ^3He . *Phys. Rev. D* **58**, 064021 (1998).

Electromagnetic waveguide

Schützhold, R. & Unruh, W. G. Hawking radiation in an electromagnetic waveguide? *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **95**, 031301 (2005).

Ultracold Fermions

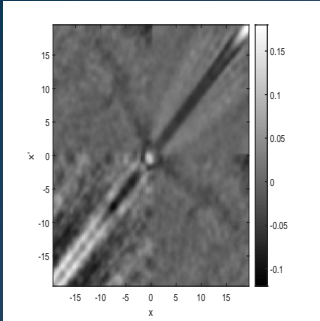
Giovanazzi, S. Hawking radiation in sonic black holes. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **94**, 061302 (2005).

Giovanazzi, S. Entanglement entropy and mutual information production rates in acoustic black holes. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **106**, 011302 (2011).

Ring of trapped ions

Horstmann, B., Reznik, B., Fagnocchi, S. & Cirac, J. I. Hawking radiation from an acoustic black hole on an ion ring. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **104**, 250403 (2010).





Theoretical background

Light in a nonlinear liquid

Elazar, M. Fleurov, V. & Bar-Ad, S. All-optical event horizon in an optical analog of a Laval nozzle. *Phys. Rev. A* **86**, 063821 (2012).

Exciton-polariton condensates

Solnyshkov, D. D., Flayac, H. & Malpuech, G. Black holes and wormholes in spinor polariton condensates. *Phys. Rev. B* **84**, 233405 (2011).

Magnons in a magnetic wire

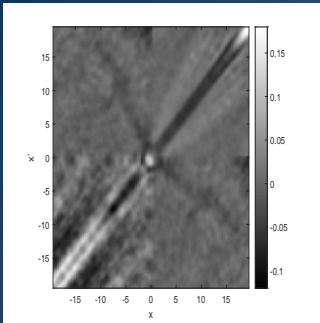
Roldan-Molina, A., Nunez, A. S. & Duine R. A. Magnonic Black Holes. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **118**, 061301 (2017).

Jannes, G, Maïssa, P., Philbin, T. G. & Rousseaux, G. Hawking radiation and the boomerang behavior of massive modes near a horizon. *Phys. Rev. D* **83**, 104028 (2011).

Weyl semimetals

Volovik, G. E. Black Hole and Hawking Radiation by Type-II Weyl Fermions. *JETP Letters* **104**, 645 (2016).





Experimental background

Bose-Einstein condensates

Lahav, O., Itah, A., Blumkin, A., Gordon, C., Rinott, S., Zayats, A. & Steinhauer, J.

Realization of a sonic black hole analog in a Bose-Einstein condensate. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **105**, 240401 (2010).

Shammas, I., Rinott, S., Berkovitz, A., Schley, R. & Steinhauer, J. Phonon dispersion relation of an atomic Bose-Einstein condensate. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **109**, 195301 (2012).

Schley, R., Berkovitz, A., Rinott, S., Shammas, I., Blumkin, A. & Steinhauer, J. Planck Distribution of Phonons in a Bose-Einstein Condensate. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **111**, 055301 (2013).

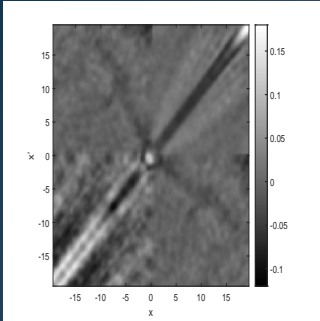
Steinhauer, J. Observation of self-amplifying Hawking radiation in an analog black hole laser. *Nature Phys.* **10**, 864 (2014).

Steinhauer, J. Observation of quantum Hawking radiation and its entanglement in an analogue black hole. *Nature Phys.* **12**, 959 (2016).

de Nova, J. R. M., Golubkov, K., Kolobov, V. I. & Steinhauer, J. Observation of thermal Hawking radiation and its temperature in an analogue black hole. *Nature* **569**, 688 (2019).

Kolobov, V. I., Golubkov, K., de Nova, J. R. M. & Steinhauer, J. Spontaneous Hawking radiation and beyond: Observing the time evolution of an analogue black hole. arXiv:1910.09363 (2019).





Experimental background

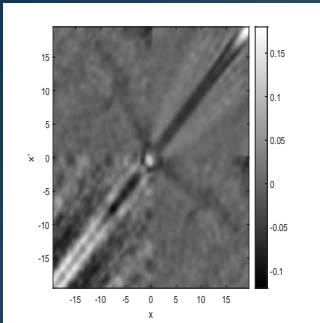
Surface waves in water

Rousseaux, G., Mathis, C., Maïssa, P., Philbin, T. G. & Leonhardt, U. Observation of negative-frequency waves in a water tank: a classical analogue to the Hawking effect? *New J. Phys.* **10**, 053015 (2008).

Weinfurtner, S., Tedford, E. W., Penrice, M. C. J., Unruh, W. G. & Lawrence, G. A. Measurement of stimulated Hawking emission in an analogue system. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **106**, 021302 (2011).

Euvé, L.-P., Michel, F., Parentani, R., Philbin, T. G. & Rousseaux, G. Observation of noise correlated by the Hawking effect in a water tank. *PRL* **117**, 121301 (2016).





Experimental background

Non-linear optical fibers

Philbin, T. G., Kuklewicz, C., Robertson, S., Hill, S., König, F. & Leonhardt, U. Fiber-optical analog of the event horizon. *Science* **319**, 1367-1370 (2008).

Belgiorno, F., Cacciatori, S. L., Clerici, M., Gorini, V., Ortenzi, G., Rizzi, L., Rubino, E., Sala, V. G. & Faccio, D. Hawking Radiation from Ultrashort Laser Pulse Filaments. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **105**, 203901 (2010).

Unruh, W. & Schützhold, R. Hawking radiation from “phase horizons” in laser filaments? *Phys. Rev. D* **86**, 064006 (2012).

Liberati, S., Prain, A. & Visser, M. Quantum vacuum radiation in optical glass. *Phys. Rev. D* **85**, 084014 (2012).

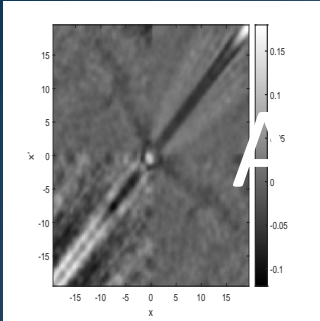
Drori, J., Rosenberg, Y., Bermudez, D., Silberberg, Y. & Leonhardt, U. Observation of stimulated Hawking radiation in an optical analogue. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **122**, 010404 (2019).

Exciton-polariton condensate

Nguyen, H. S., Gerace, D., Carusotto, I., Sanvitto, D., Galopin, E., Lemaître, A., Sagnes, I., Bloch, J. & Amo, A. Acoustic Black Hole in a Stationary Hydrodynamic Flow of Microcavity Polaritons.

Phys. Rev. Lett. **114**, 036402 (2015).





Analogue expanding universe

Gibbons-Hawking Effect (theory) *Similar to the Unruh Effect*

Fedichev, Petr O. & Fischer, Uwe R. Gibbons-Hawking Effect in the Sonic de Sitter Space-Time of an Expanding Bose-Einstein-Condensed Gas. *PRL* **91**, 240407 (2003).

Analogue cosmological particle production (theory) *Similar to the Dynamical Casimir Effect*

Barceló, C., Liberati, S. & Visser, M. Analogue models for FRW cosmologies. *Int. J. Mod. Phys. D* **12**, 1641 (2003).

Barceló, C., Liberati, S. & Visser, M. Probing semiclassical analog gravity in Bose-Einstein condensates with widely tunable interactions. *PRA* **68**, 053613 (2003).

Fedichev, Petr O. & Fischer, Uwe R. “Cosmological” quasiparticle production in harmonically trapped superfluid gases. *PRA* **69**, 033602 (2004).

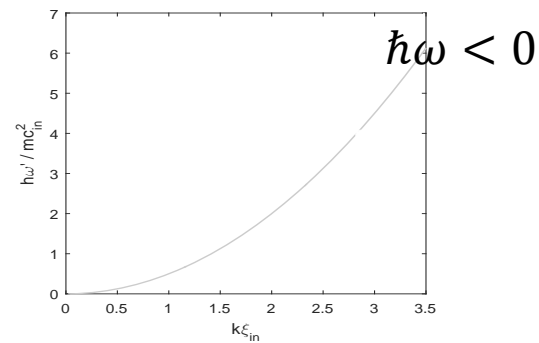
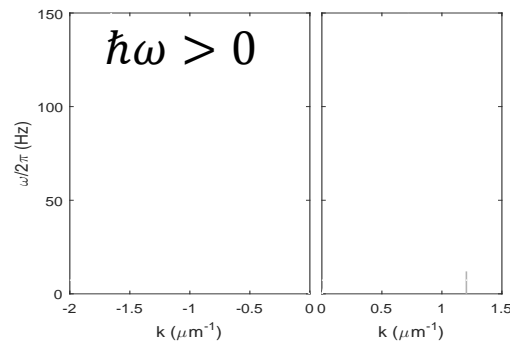
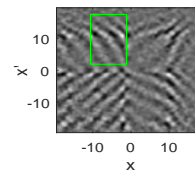
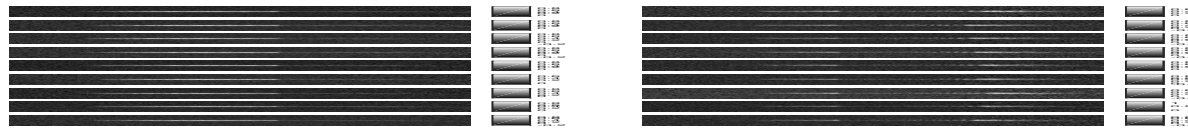
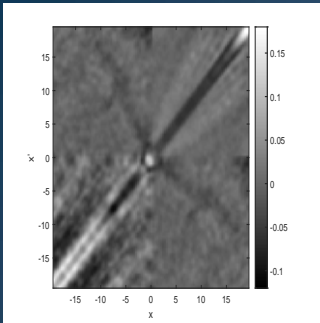
Fischer, Uwe R. & Schützhold, R. Quantum simulation of cosmic inflation in two-component Bose-Einstein condensates. *PRA* **70**, 063615 (2004).

Nonlinear dynamics (experiment)

Eckel, S., Kumar, A., Jacobson, T., Spielman, I. B., & Campbell, G. K. A rapidly expanding Bose-Einstein condensate: An expanding universe in the lab. *PRX* **8**, 021021 (2018).



Analogue black hole



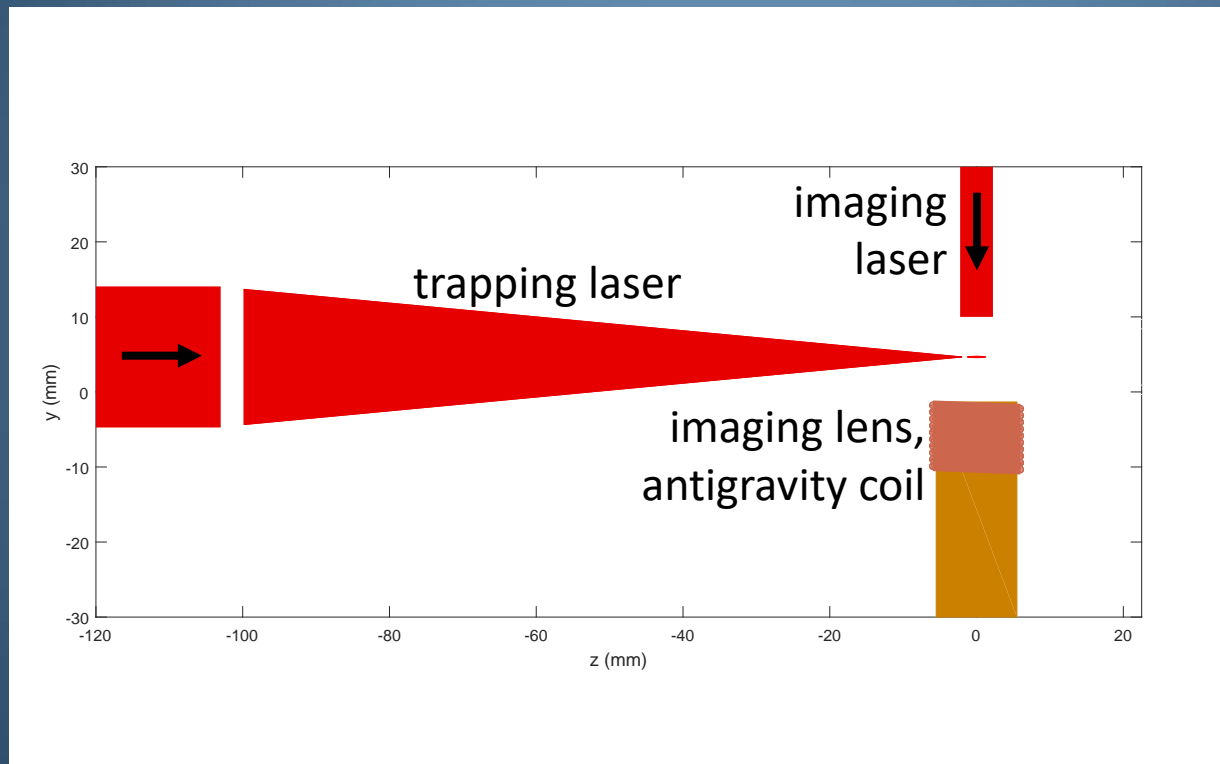
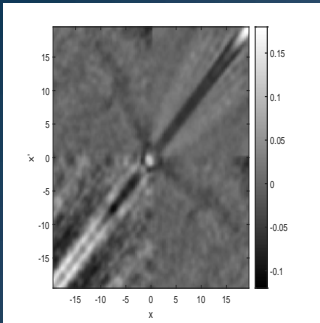
$$E_{\text{pair}} = 0$$

Hawking radiation

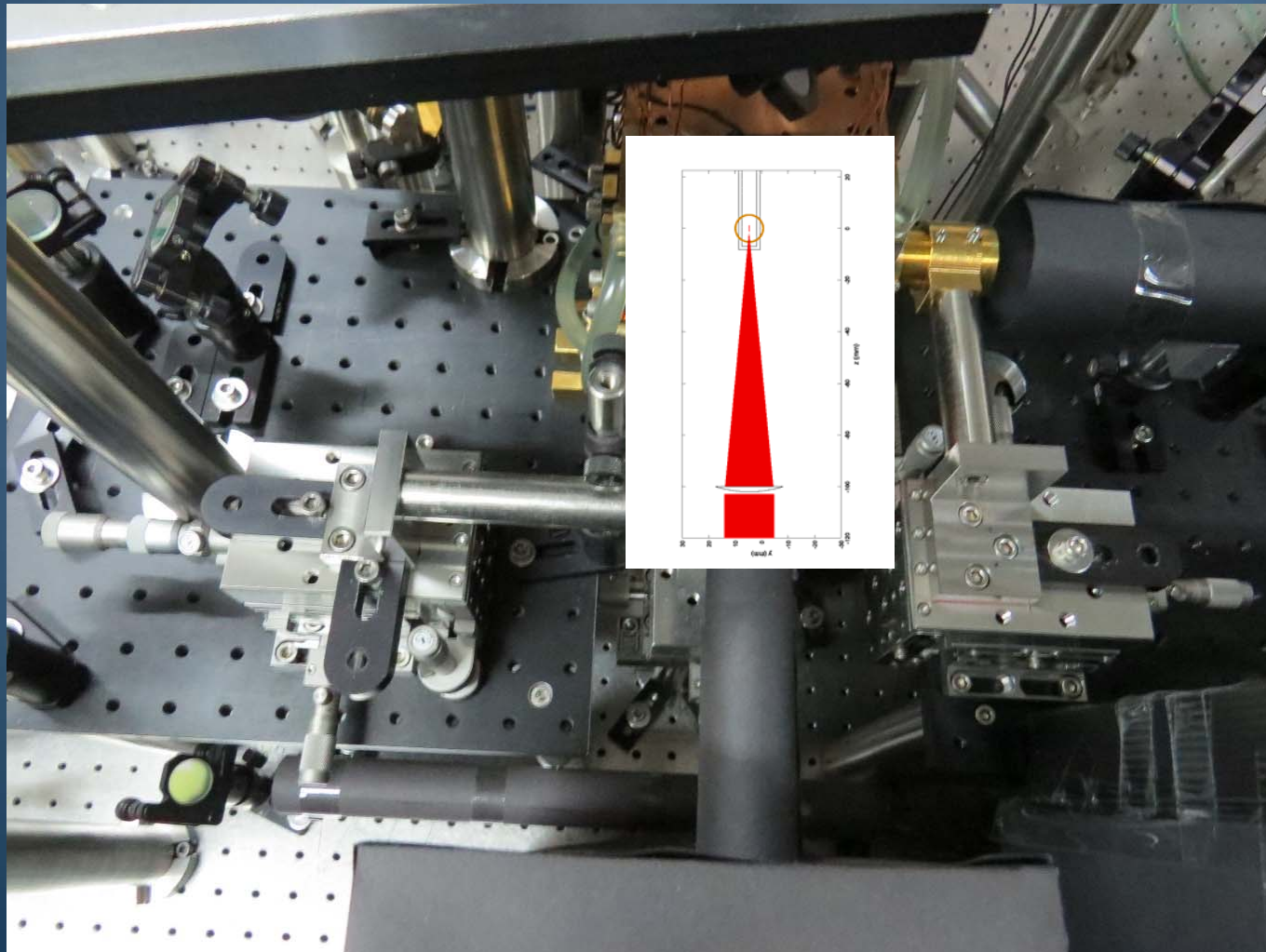
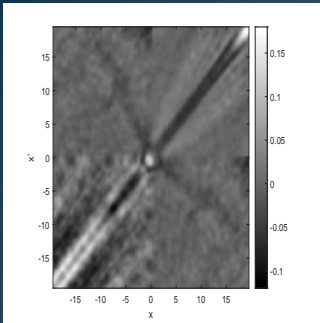
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analogue black hole. *Nature* 569, 688 (2019).



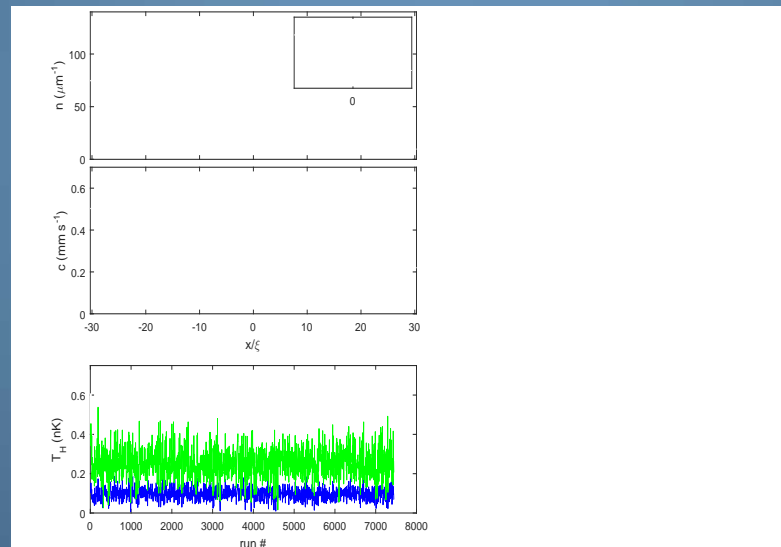
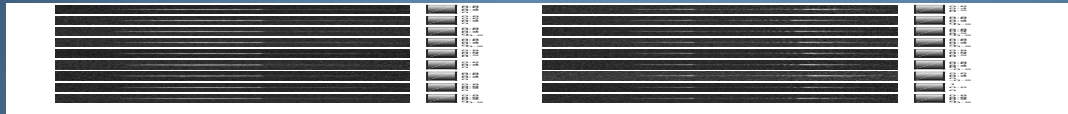
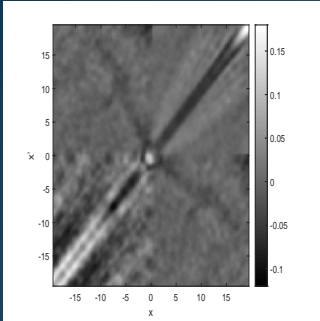
Experimental system



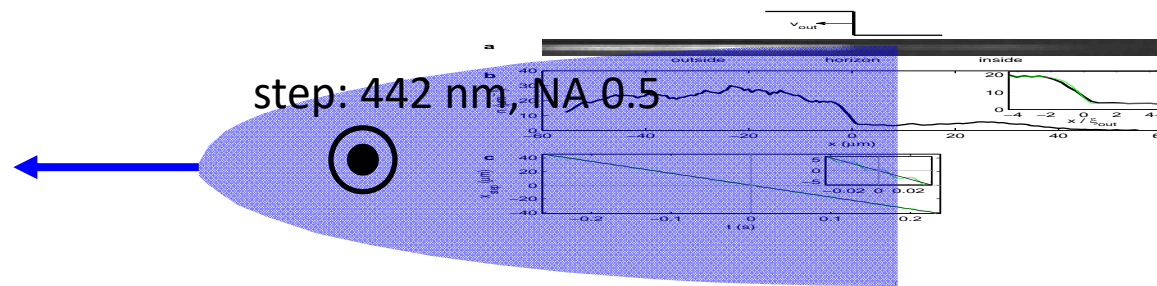
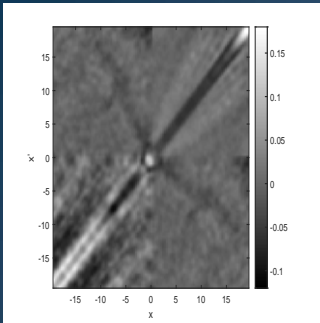
Apparatus (top view)



Waterfall potential



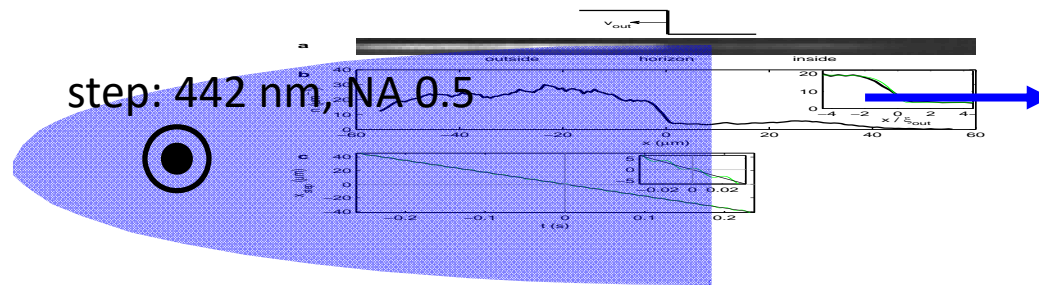
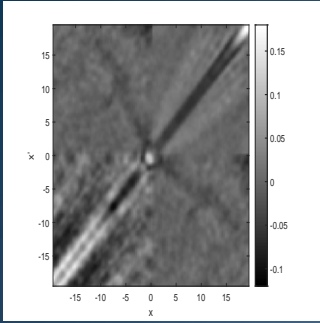
Experimental Technique



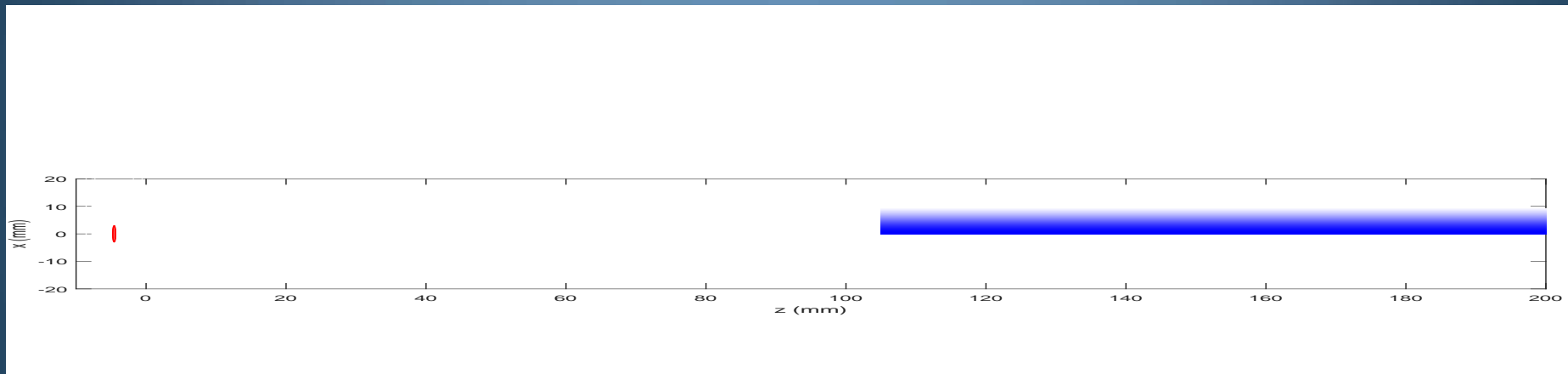
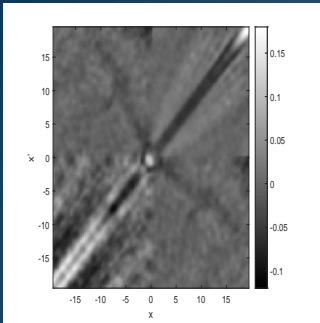
Lahav, O., Itah, A., Blumkin, A., Gordon, C., Rinott, S., Zayats, A. & Steinhauer, J. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **105**, 240401 (2010).



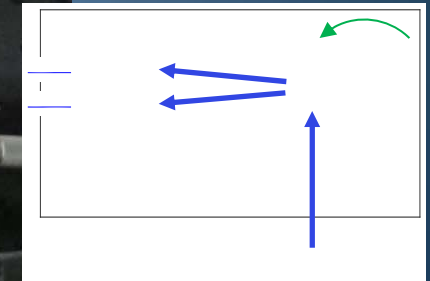
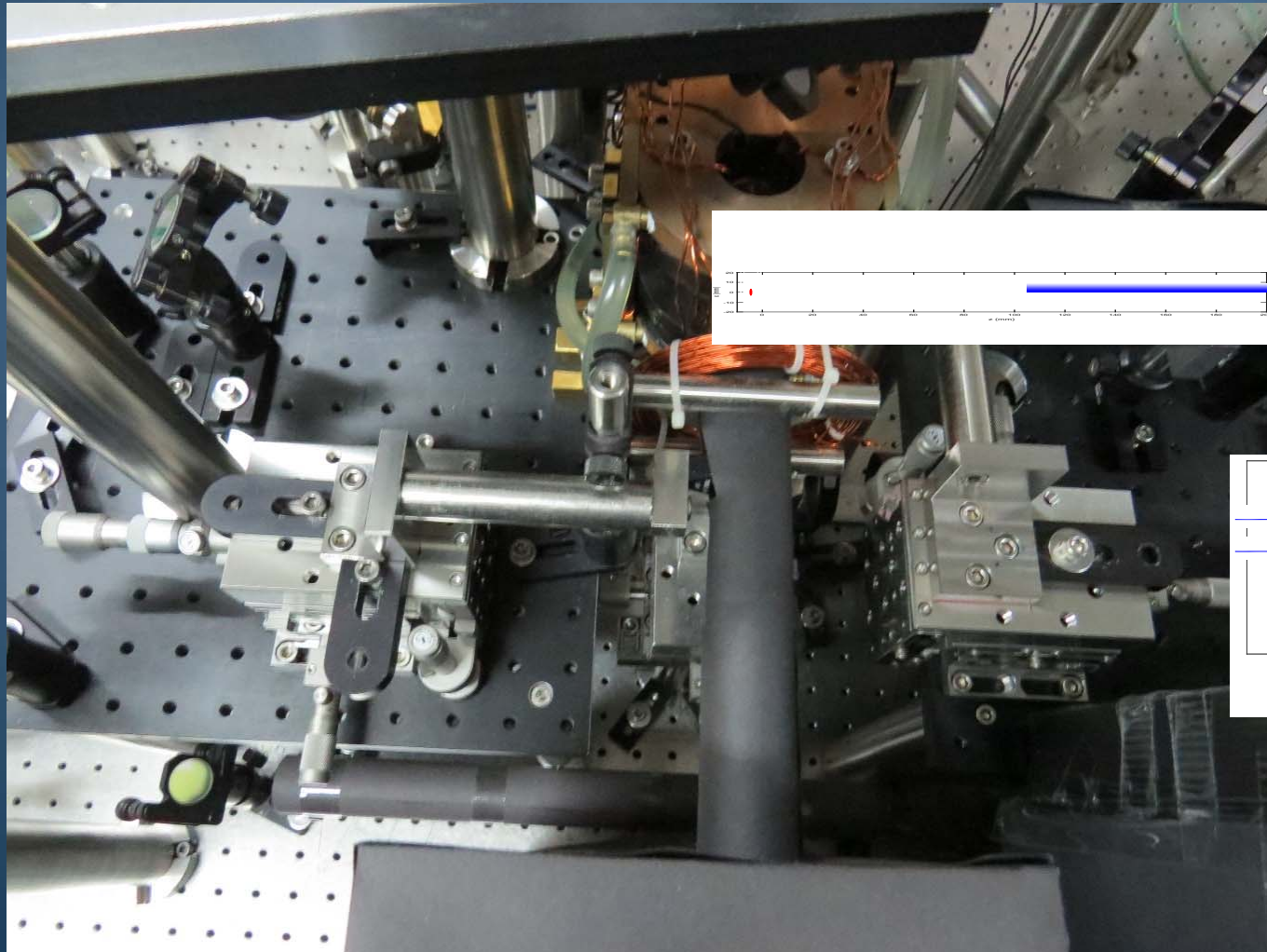
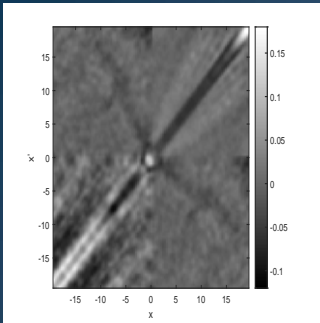
Experimental Technique



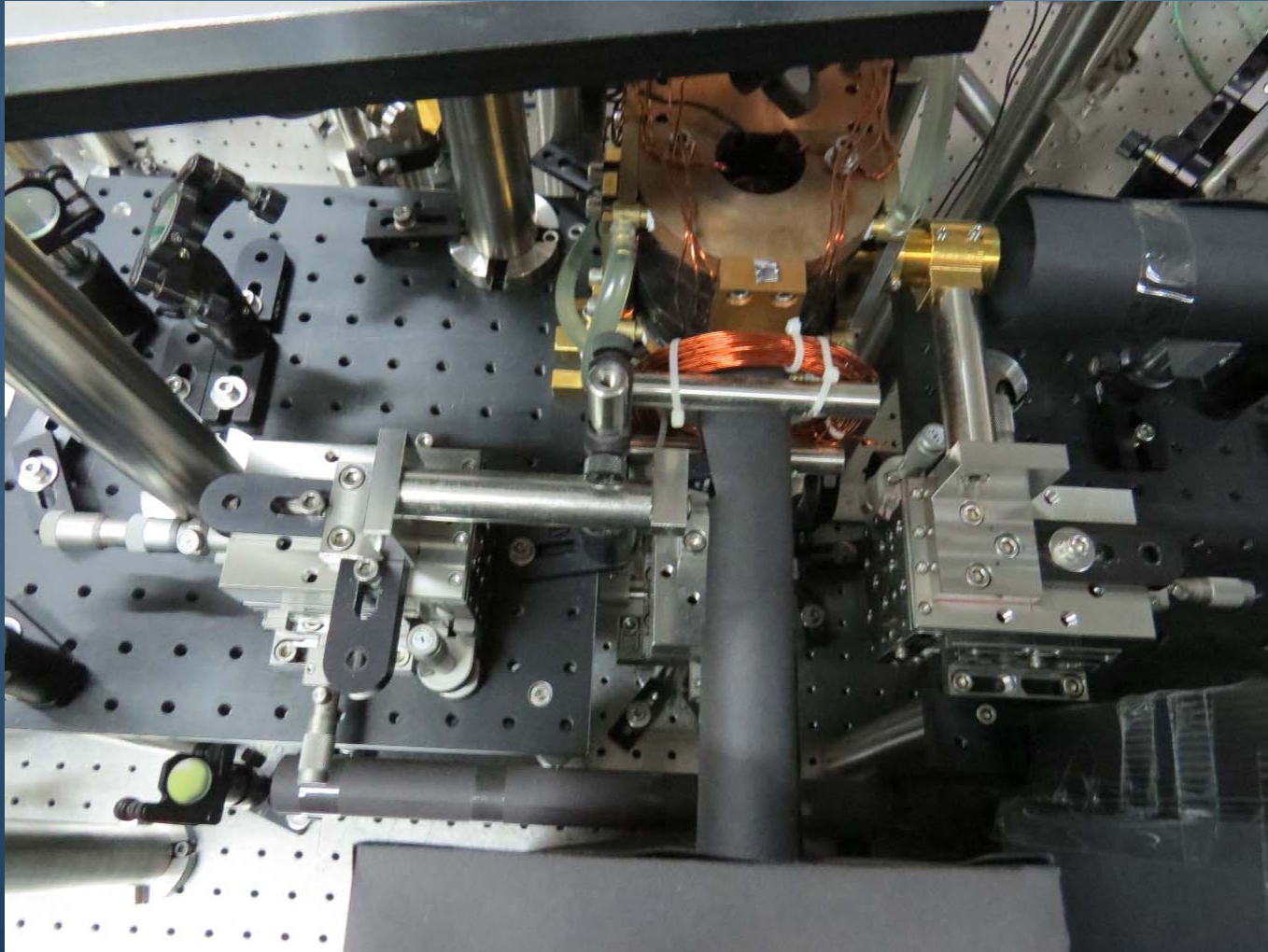
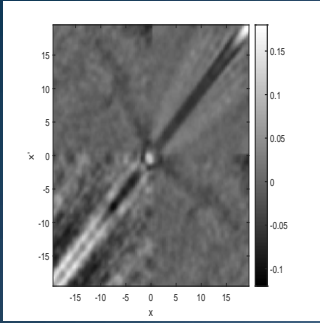
Waterfall objective lenses



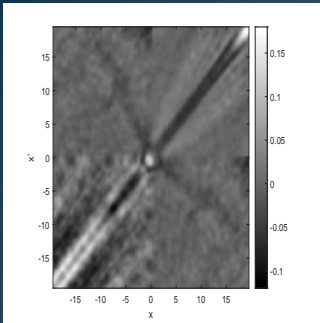
Apparatus



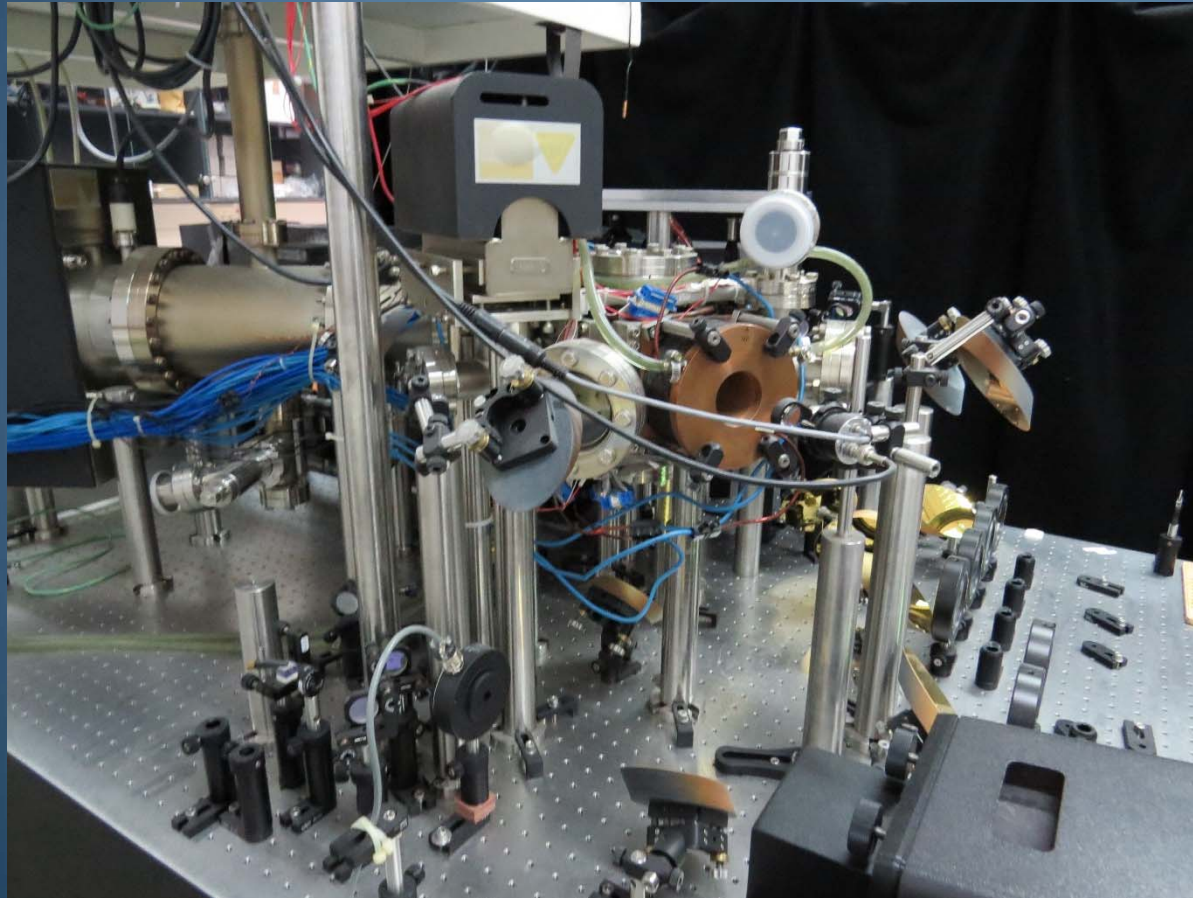
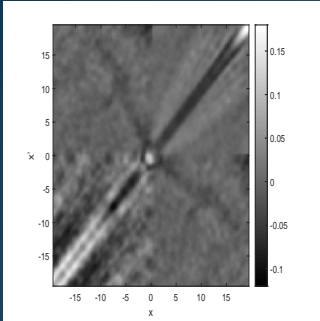
Reference images



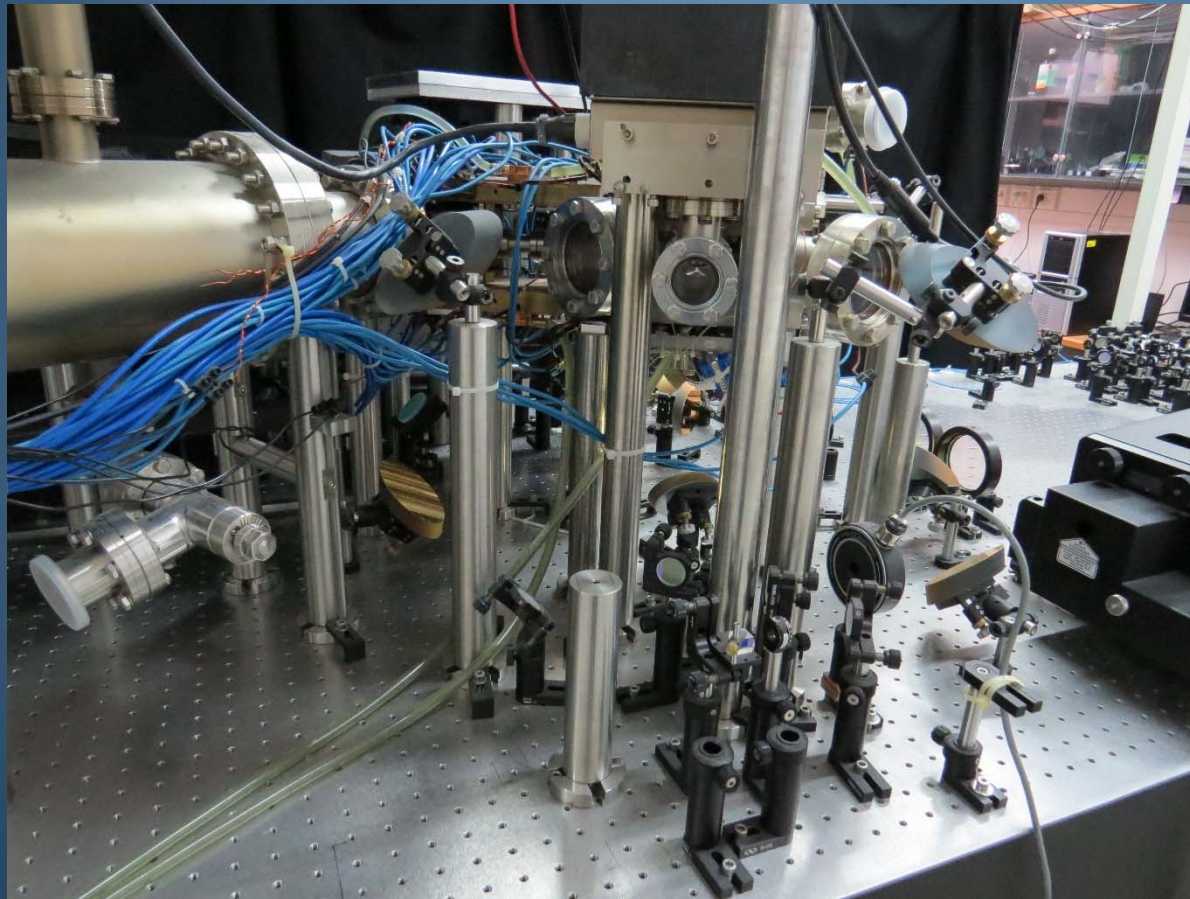
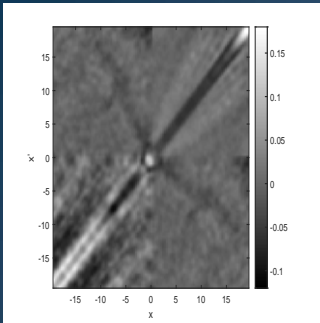
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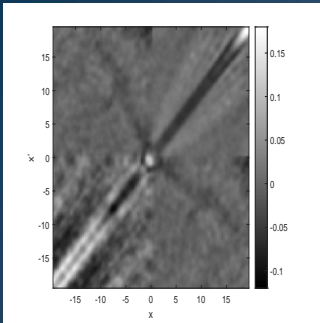
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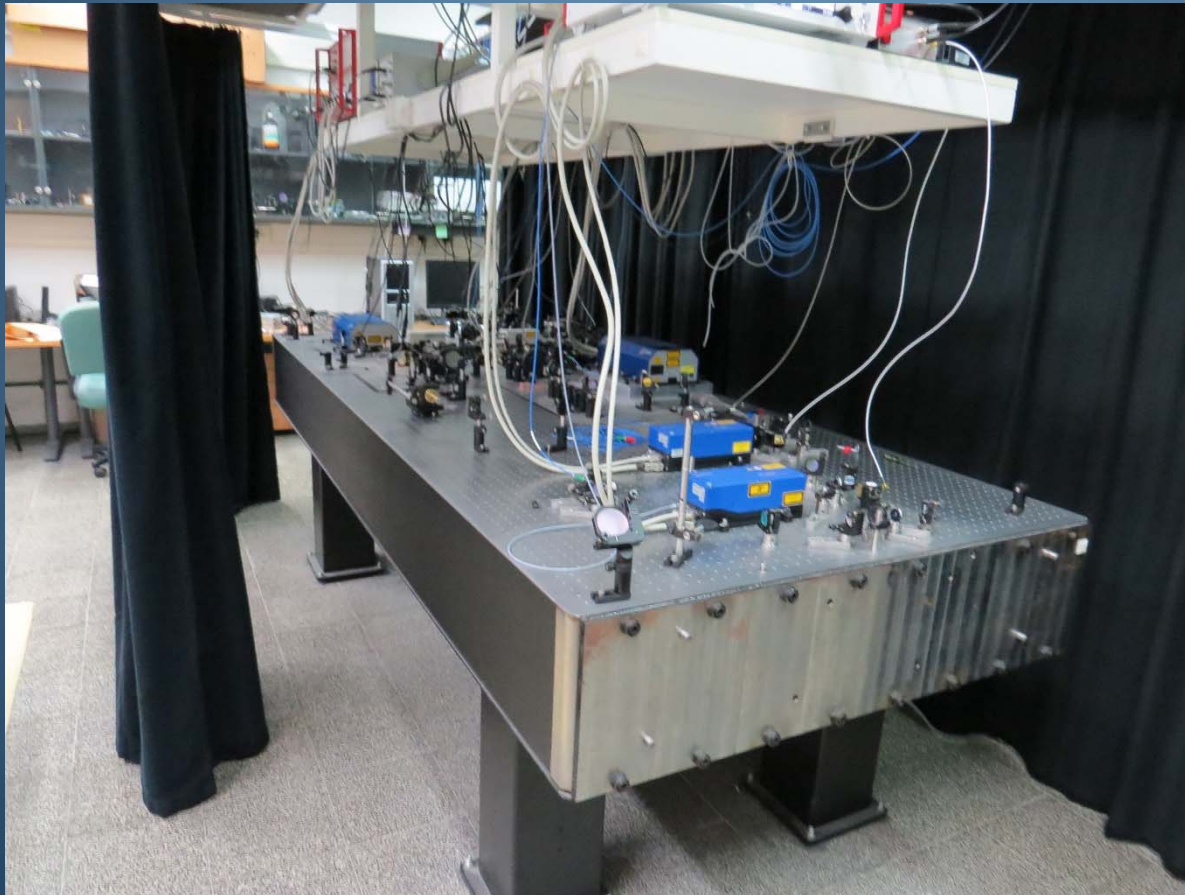
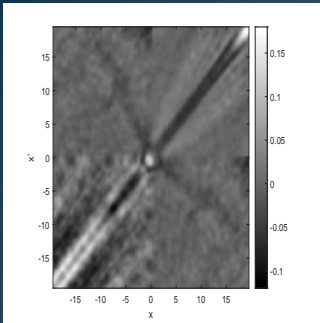
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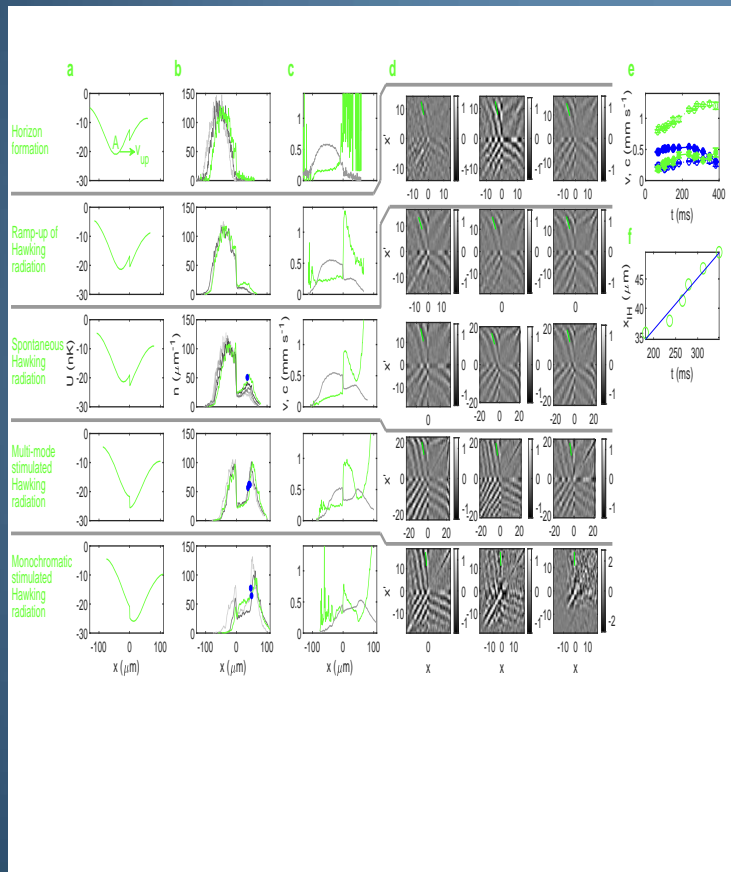
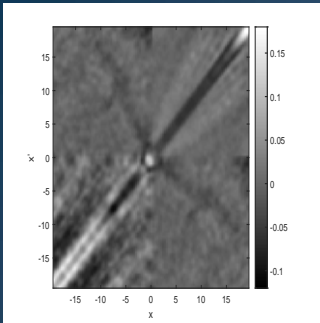
Apparatus



Apparatus



The metric



$$k_B T_H = \hbar g / 2\pi c$$

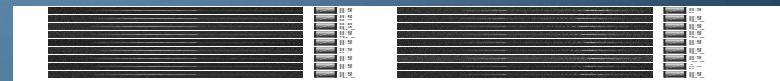
$$g = c \left(\frac{dv}{dx} - \frac{dc}{dx} \right) \Big|_{x=0}$$

Visser, M. *Class. Quantum Grav.*
15, 1767-1791 (1998).

based on linear dispersion

$$J = nv = \text{constant}$$

$$k_B T_H = - \frac{\hbar}{2\pi} \left(\frac{c}{n} \frac{dn}{dx} + \frac{dc}{dx} \right) \Big|_{x=0}$$

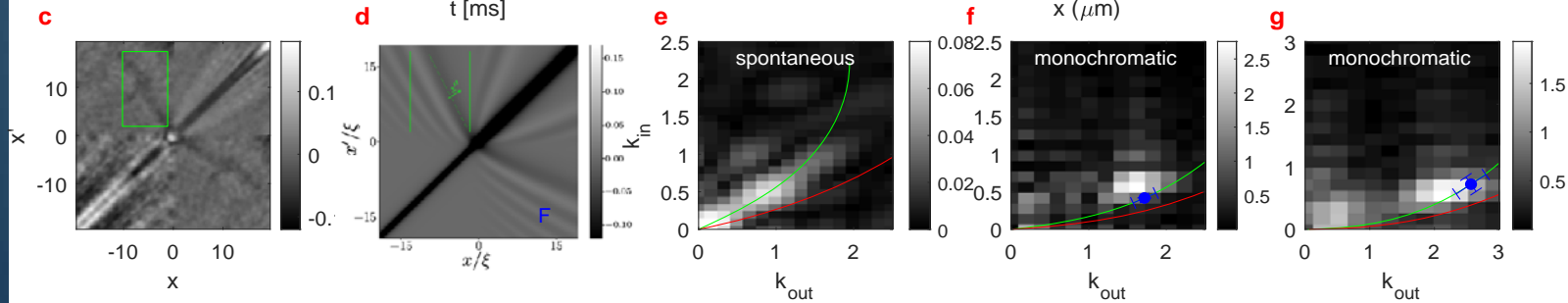
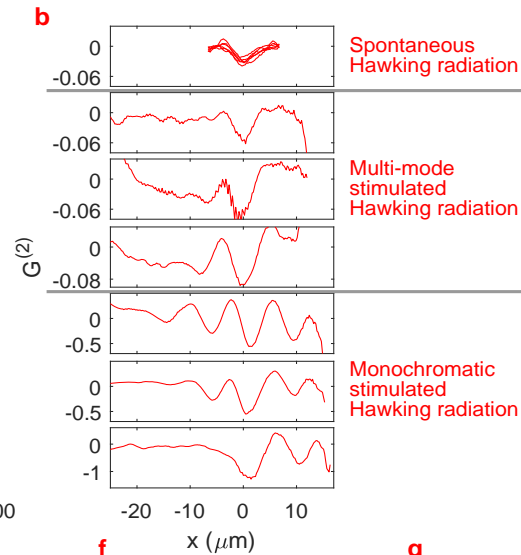
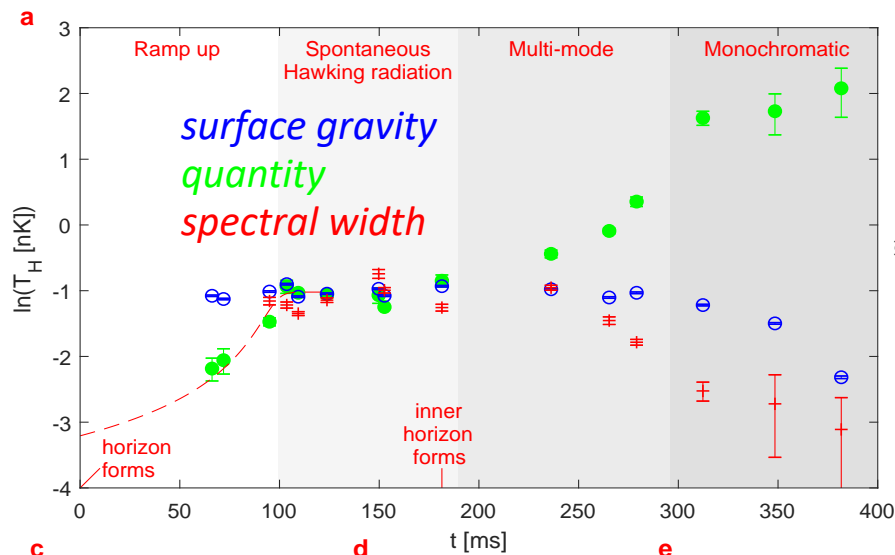
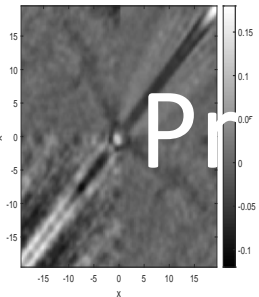


Kolobov, V. I., Golubkov, K., de Nova, J. R. M. & Steinhauer, J., arXiv:1910.09363 (2019).

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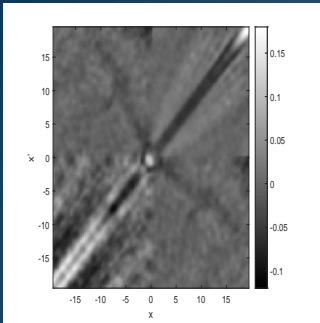
Predicted Hawking temperature



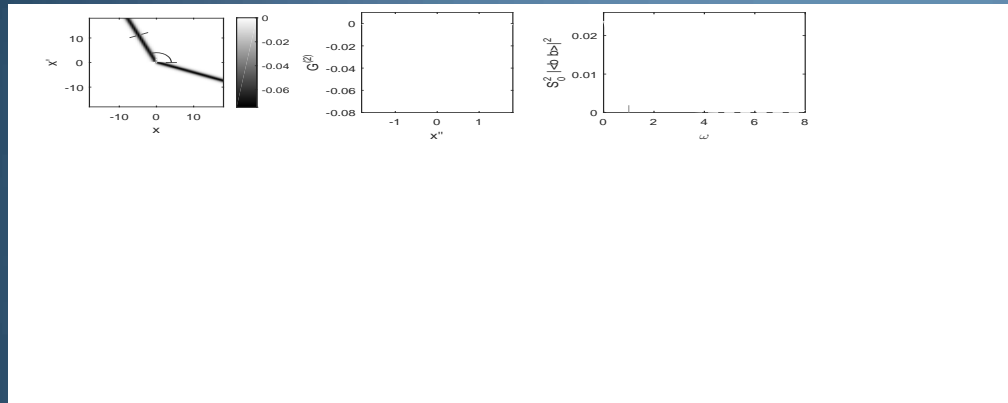
Kolobov, V. I., Golubkov, K., de Nova, J. R. M. & Steinhauer, J., arXiv:1910.09363 (2019).



Correlation function



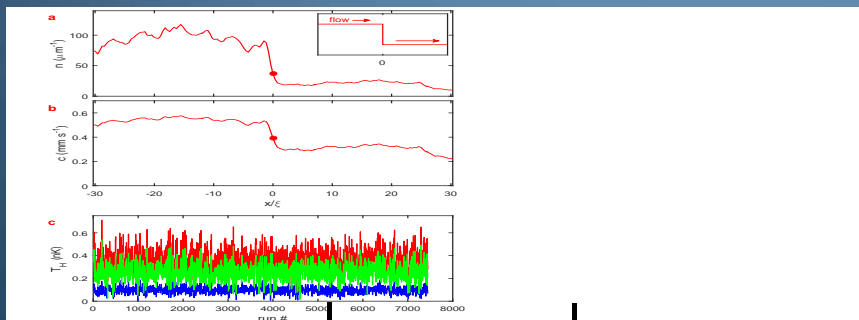
Balbinot, R., Fabbri, A., Fagnocchi, S., Recati, A. & Carusotto, I. *Phys. Rev. A* **78**, 021603(R) (2008).



*This is how we observe
Hawking radiation*

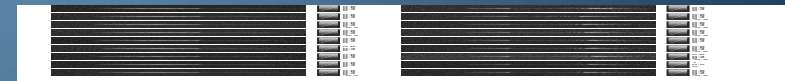
Giovanazzi, S. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **106**, 011302 (2011).

$$G^{(2)}(x, x') = \sqrt{n_{\text{out}} n_{\text{in}} \xi_{\text{out}} \xi_{\text{in}}} \langle \delta n(x) \delta n(x') \rangle / n_{\text{out}} n_{\text{in}}$$



x

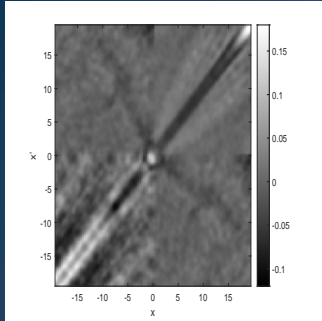
x'



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Time dependence of Hawking radiation

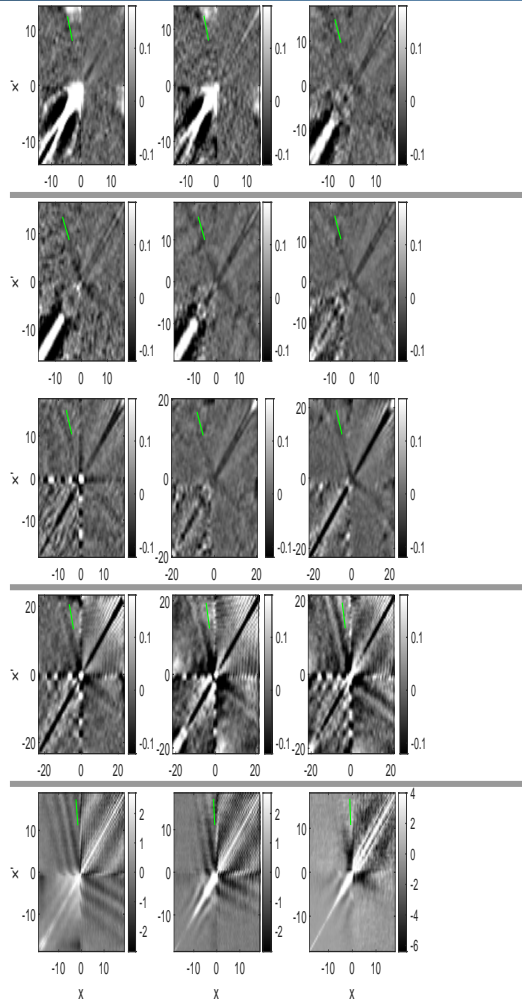


**Correlations
between
Hawking and
partner particles**

**Total of 97,000
images**

**Corresponds to
124 days**

Kolobov, V. I.,
Golubkov, K., de
Nova, J. R. M. &
Steinhauer, J.,
arXiv:1910.09363
(2019).



$t = 66, 72, 95$ ms

$t = 104, 109, 124$ ms

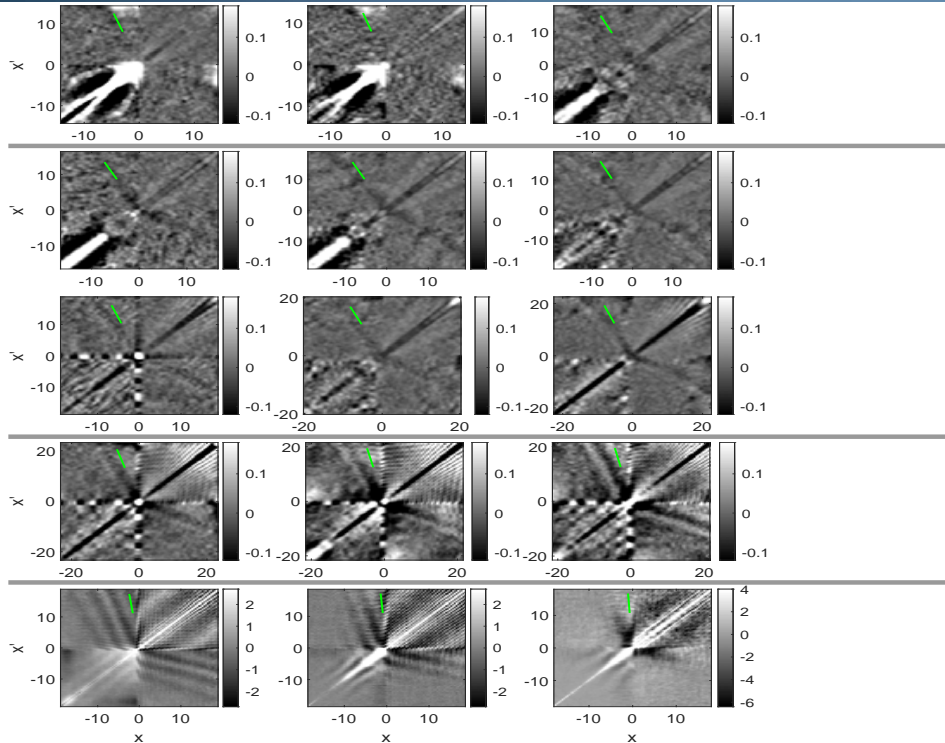
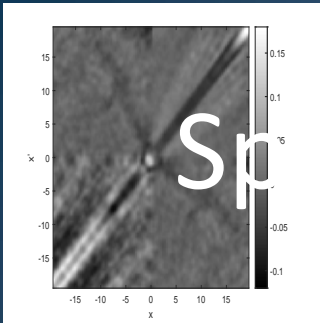
$t = 150, 153, 181$ ms

$t = 236, 265, 279$ ms

$t = 312, 348, 382$ ms



Spontaneous Hawking radiation

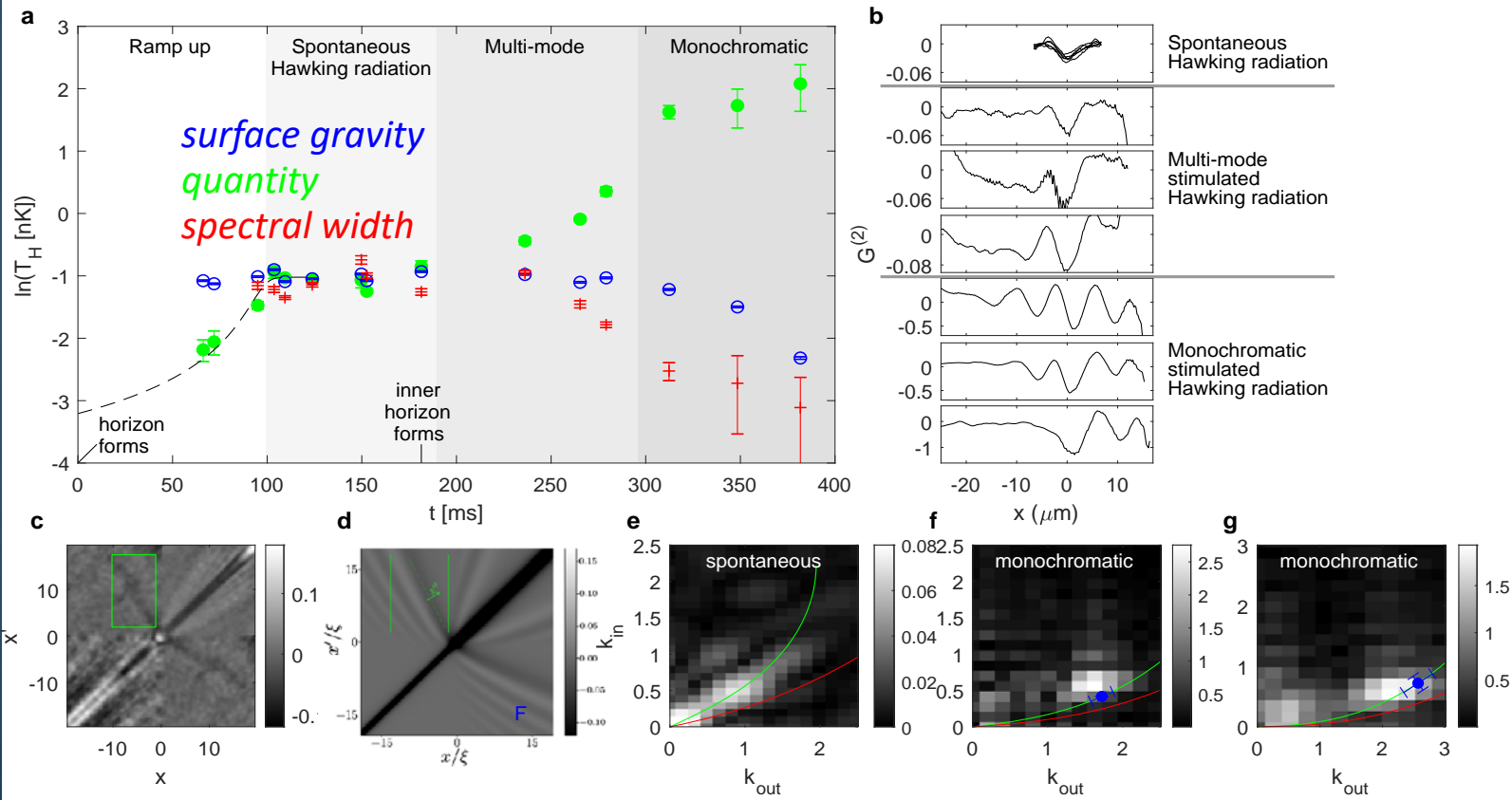
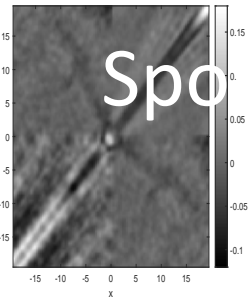


deeper band \Rightarrow
More Hawking
radiation \Rightarrow
high temperature

$t = 104, 109, 124,$
 $150, 153, 181 \text{ ms}$



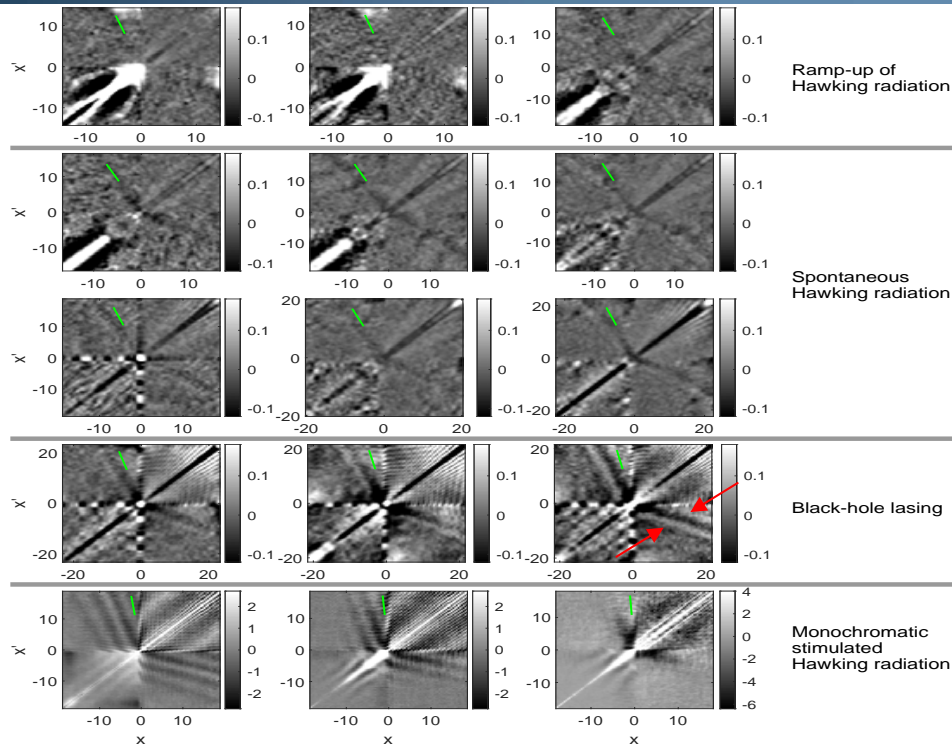
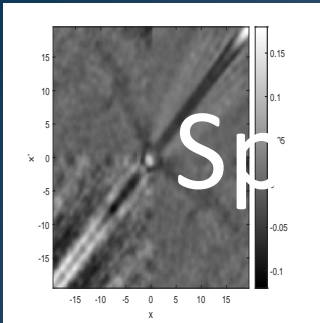
Spontaneous, stationary Hawking radiation at the predicted Hawking temperature



Kolobov, V. I., Golubkov, K., de Nova, J. R. M. & Steinhauer, J., arXiv:1910.09363 (2019).



Spontaneous Hawking radiation

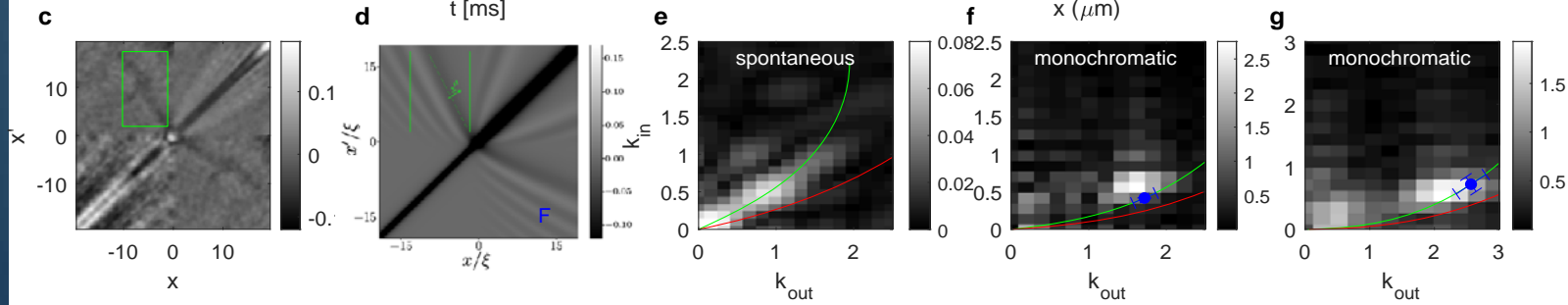
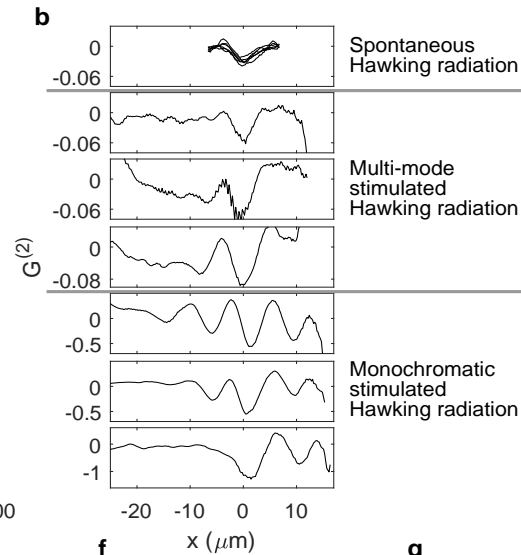
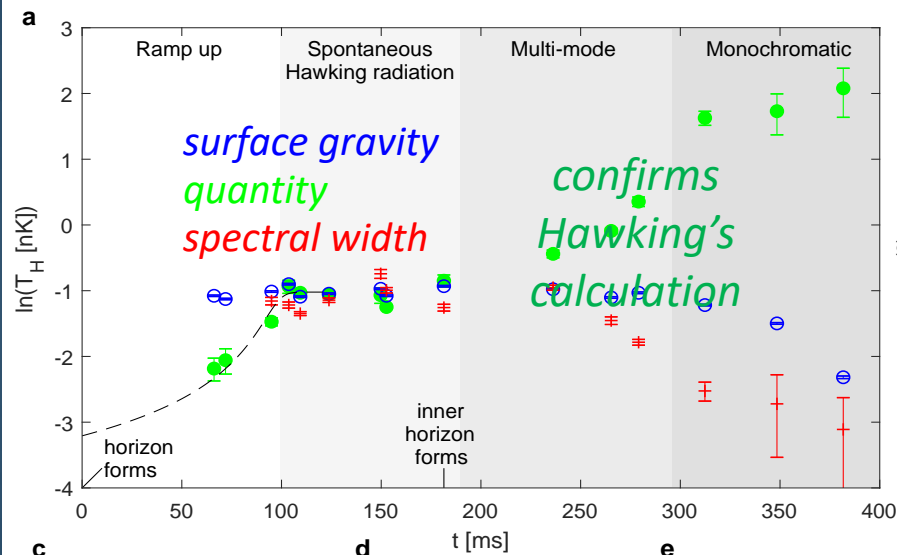
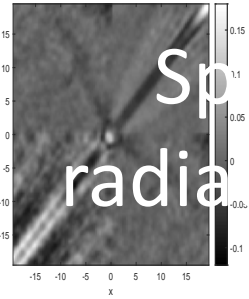


narrow width \Rightarrow
short wavelength \Rightarrow
high temperature

$t = 104, 109, 124,$
 $150, 153, 181 \text{ ms}$



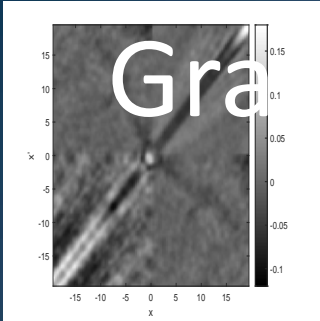
Spontaneous, thermal, stationary Hawking radiation at the predicted Hawking temperature



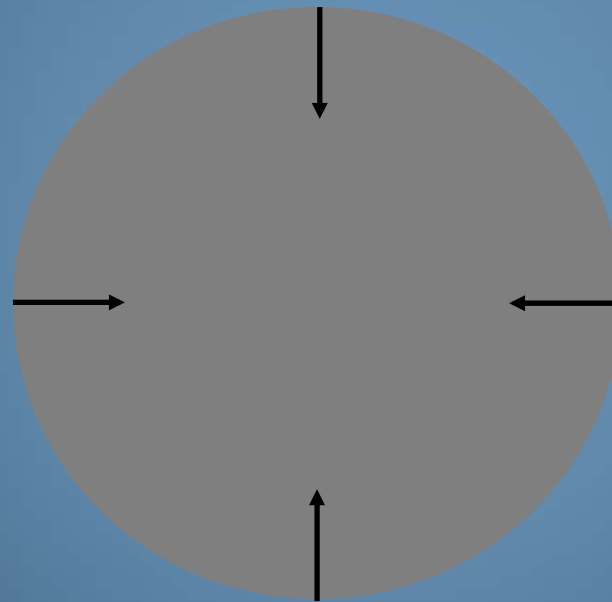
Kolobov, V. I., Golubkov, K., de Nova, J. R. M. & Steinhauer, J., arXiv:1910.09363 (2019).



Gravitational collapse of a cloud of dust



170 solar masses

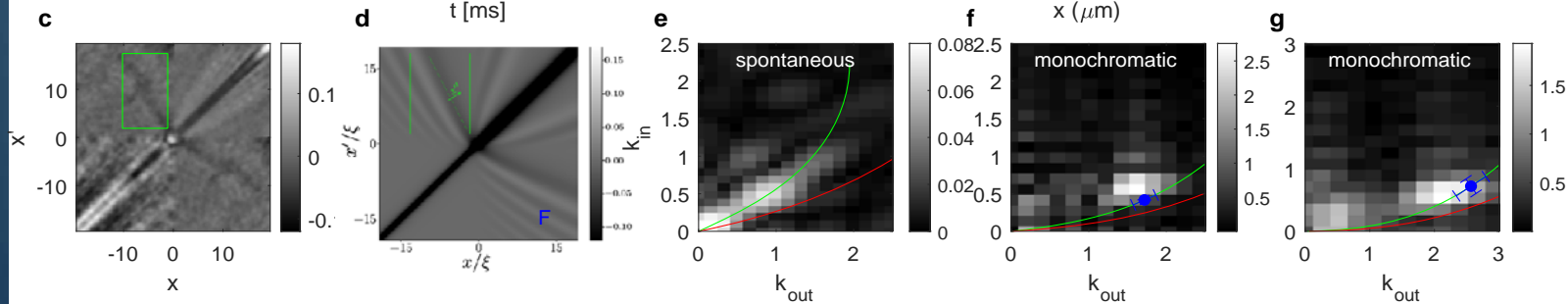
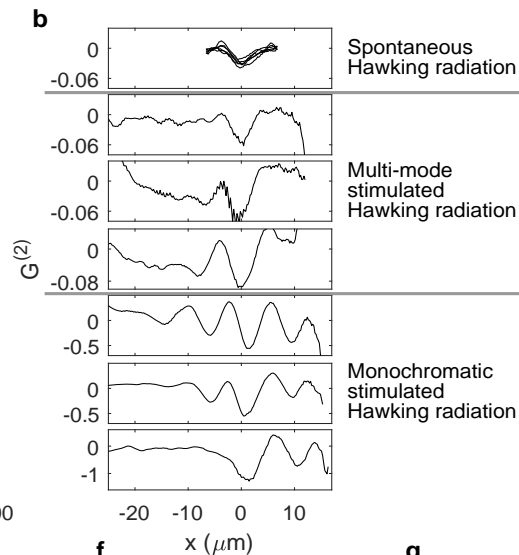
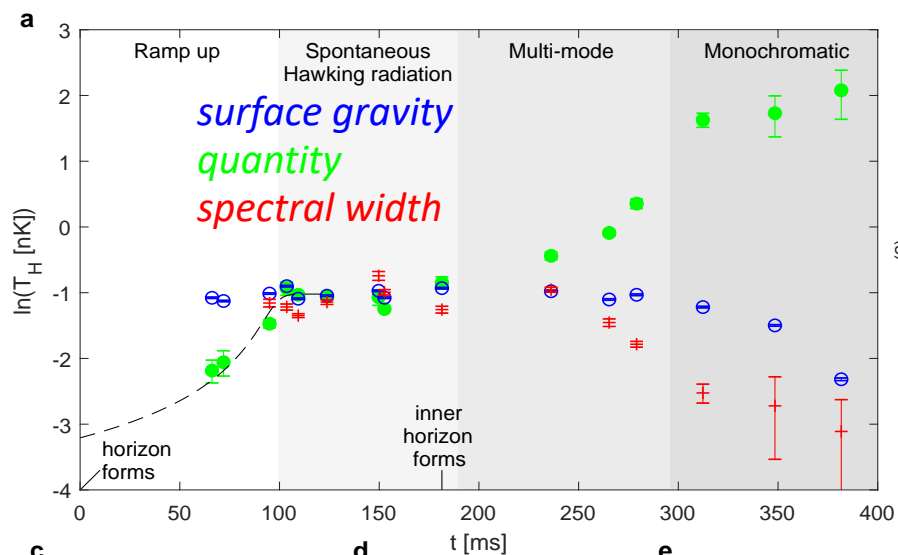
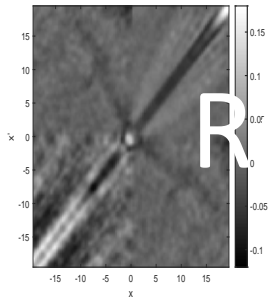


$$\Phi_{\infty} \propto T_H^4$$
$$t_{\infty}$$

R. Brout, S. Massar, R. Parentani, and Ph. Spindel, A primer for black hole quantum physics. Phys. Rept. **260**, 329-446 (1995).



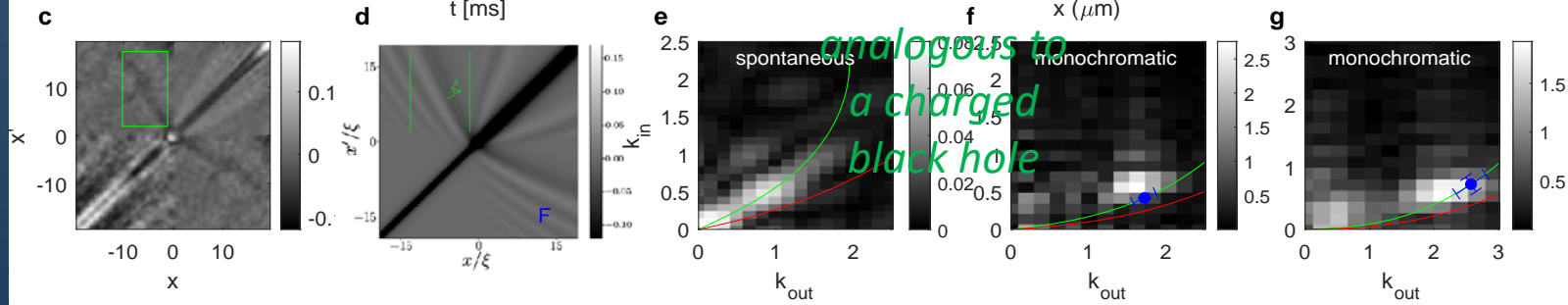
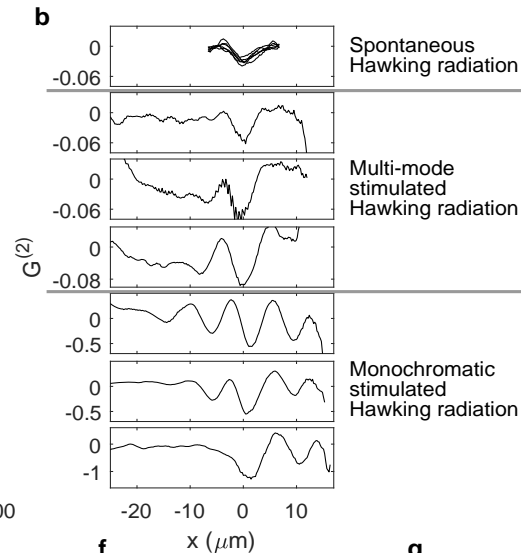
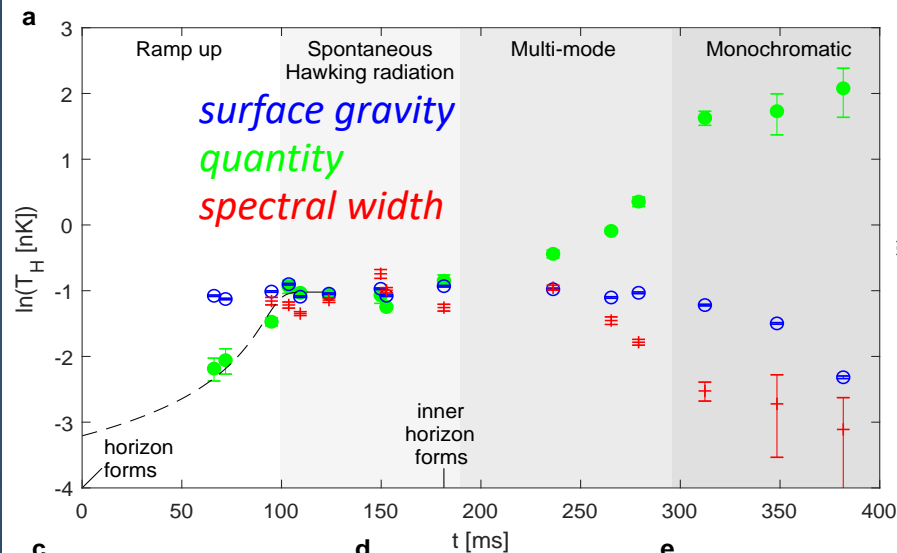
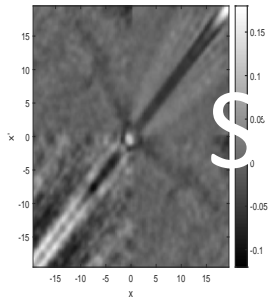
Ramp up of Hawking radiation



Kolobov, V. I., Golubkov, K., de Nova, J. R. M. & Steinhauer, J., arXiv:1910.09363 (2019).



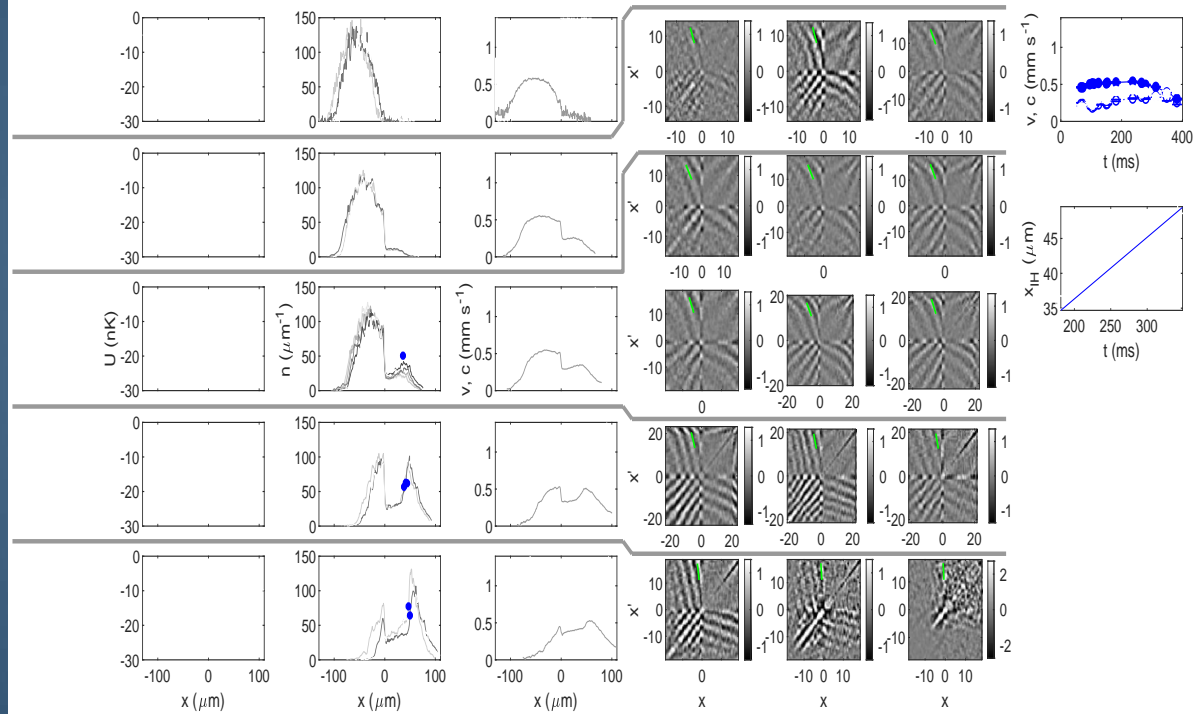
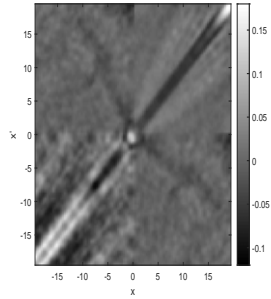
Simulated Hawking radiation



Kolobov, V. I., Golubkov, K., de Nova, J. R. M. & Steinhauer, J., arXiv:1910.09363 (2019).



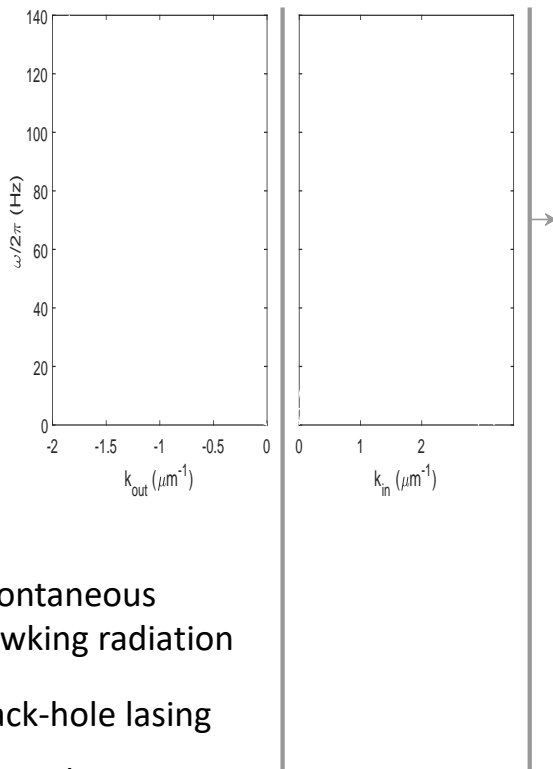
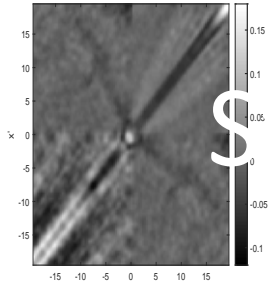
The metric



Kolobov, V. I.,
Golubkov, K., de
Nova, J. R. M. &
Steinhauer, J.,
arXiv:1910.09363
(2019).



Simulated Hawking radiation



Spontaneous
Hawking radiation

Black-hole lasing

Monochromatic
stimulated
Hawking radiation

$$\omega = k_0 v_{\text{IH}}$$

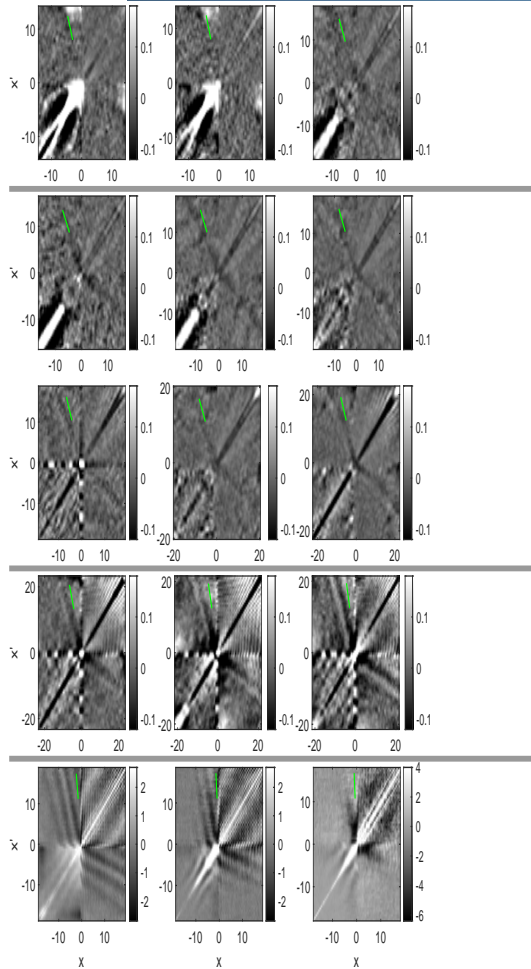
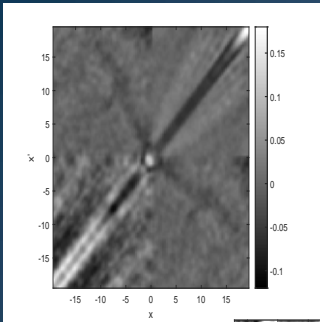
Steven Corley and Ted Jacobson,
Black hole lasers. *Phys. Rev. D*
59, 124011 (1999).

Yi-Hsieh Wang, Ted Jacobson,
Mark Edwards, and Charles W.
Clark, Mechanism of
stimulated Hawking radiation
in a laboratory Bose-Einstein
condensate. *Phys. Rev. A* **96**,
023616 (2017).

*Lorentz violation might occur
well beyond the Planck scale*
G. E. Volovik, Black hole and
Hawking radiation by Type-II
Weyl Fermions. *JETP Letters*
104, 645-648 (2016).



Time dependence of Hawking radiation



$t = 66, 72, 95$ ms

$t = 104, 109, 124$ ms

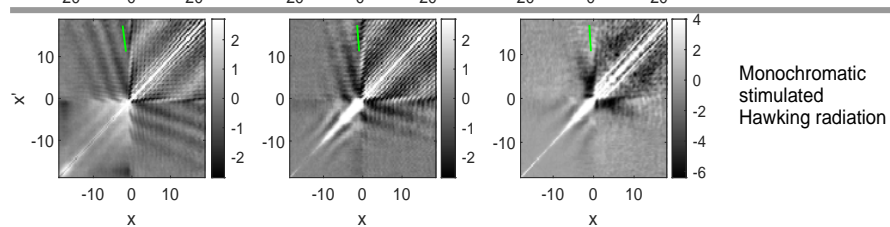
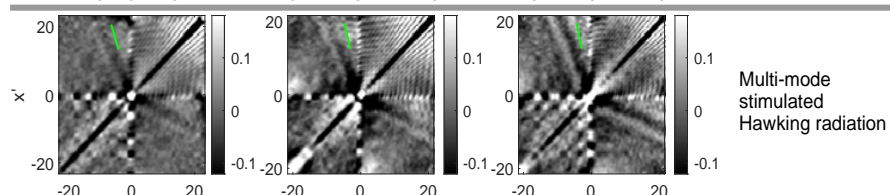
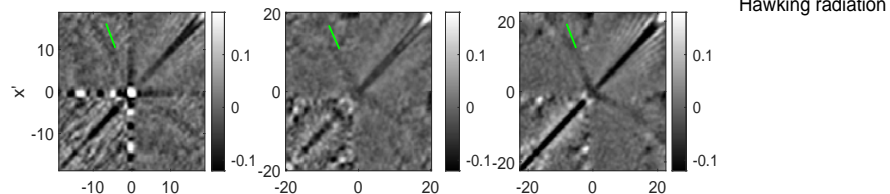
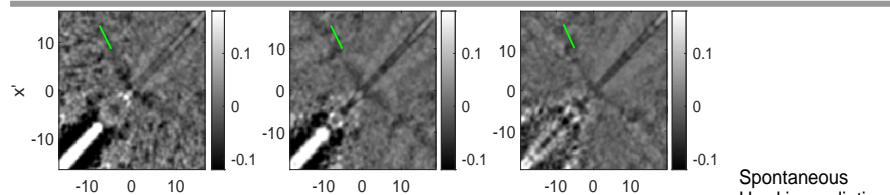
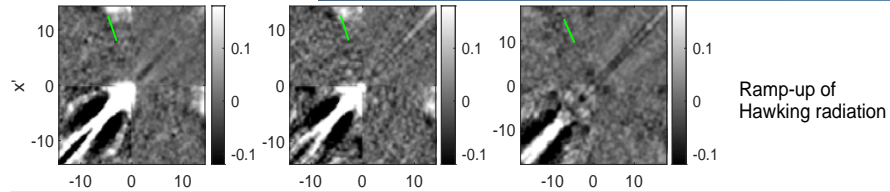
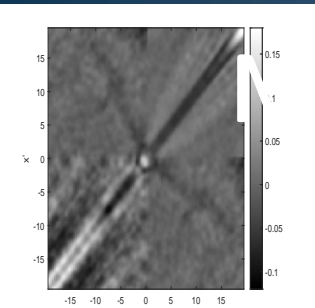
$t = 150, 153, 181$ ms

$t = 236, 265, 279$ ms

$t = 312, 348, 382$ ms



Multi-mode stimulated Hawking radiation

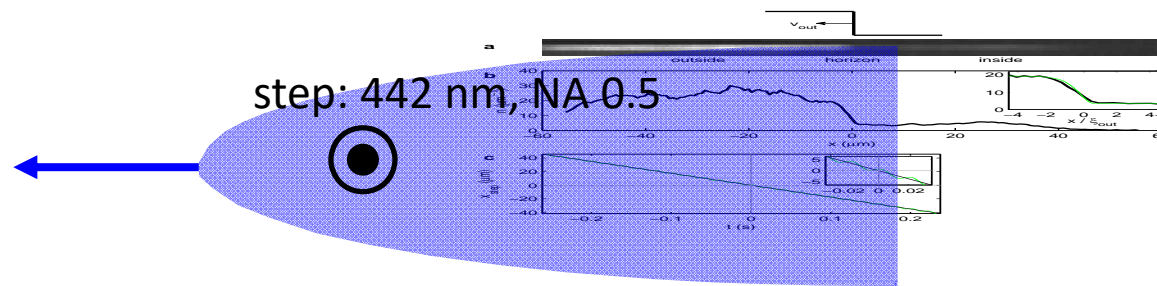
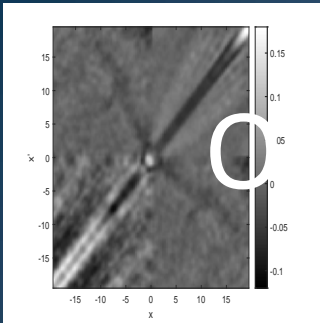


$t = 104, 109, 124,$
 $150, 153, 181 \text{ ms}$

$t = 236, 265, 279 \text{ ms}$



Oscillating horizon experiment

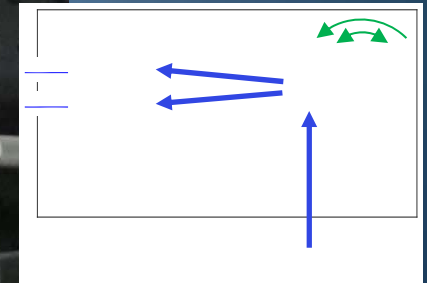
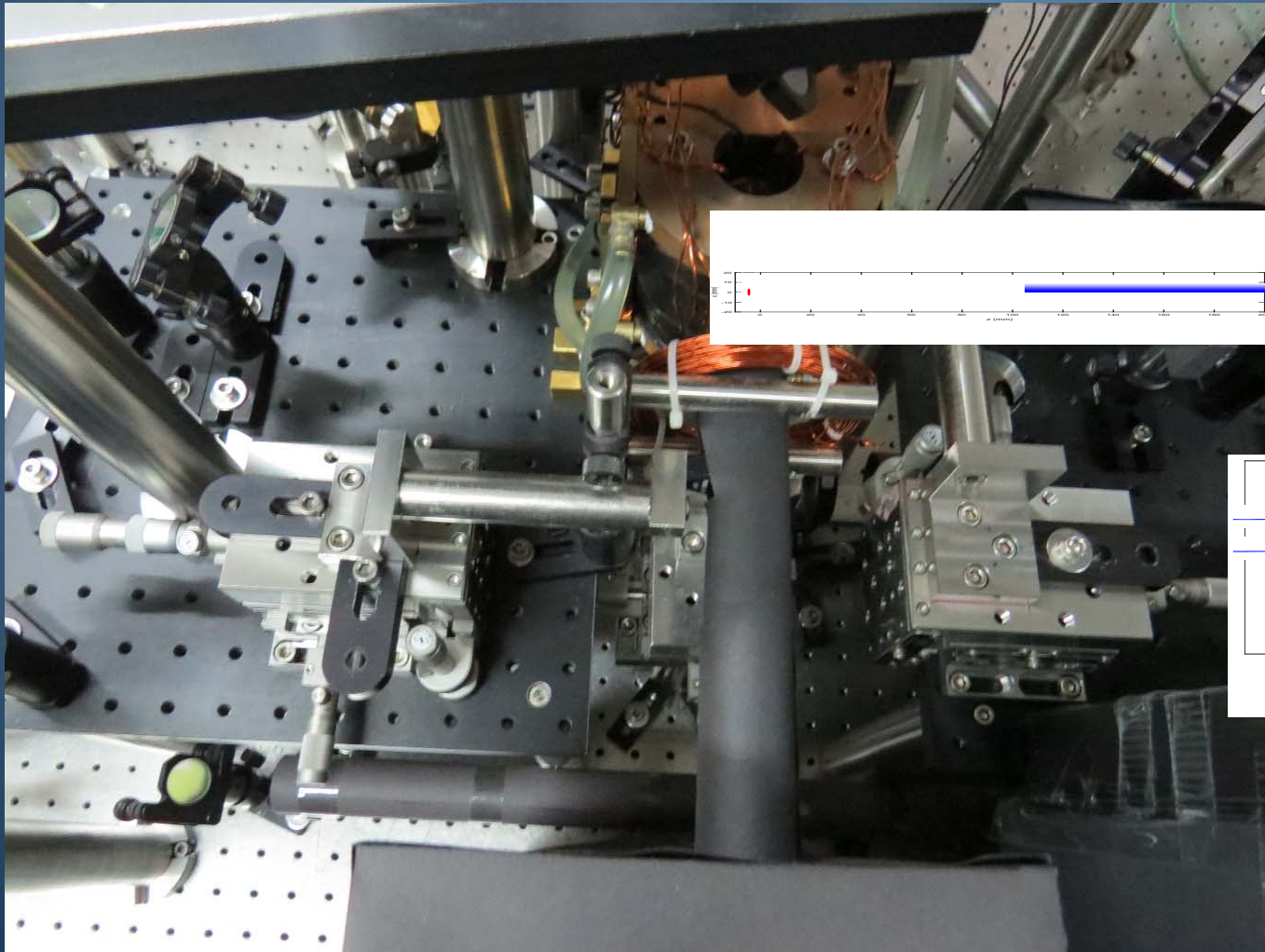
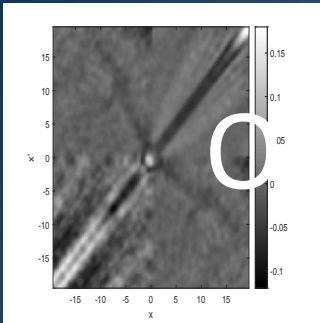


step: 442 nm, NA 0.5

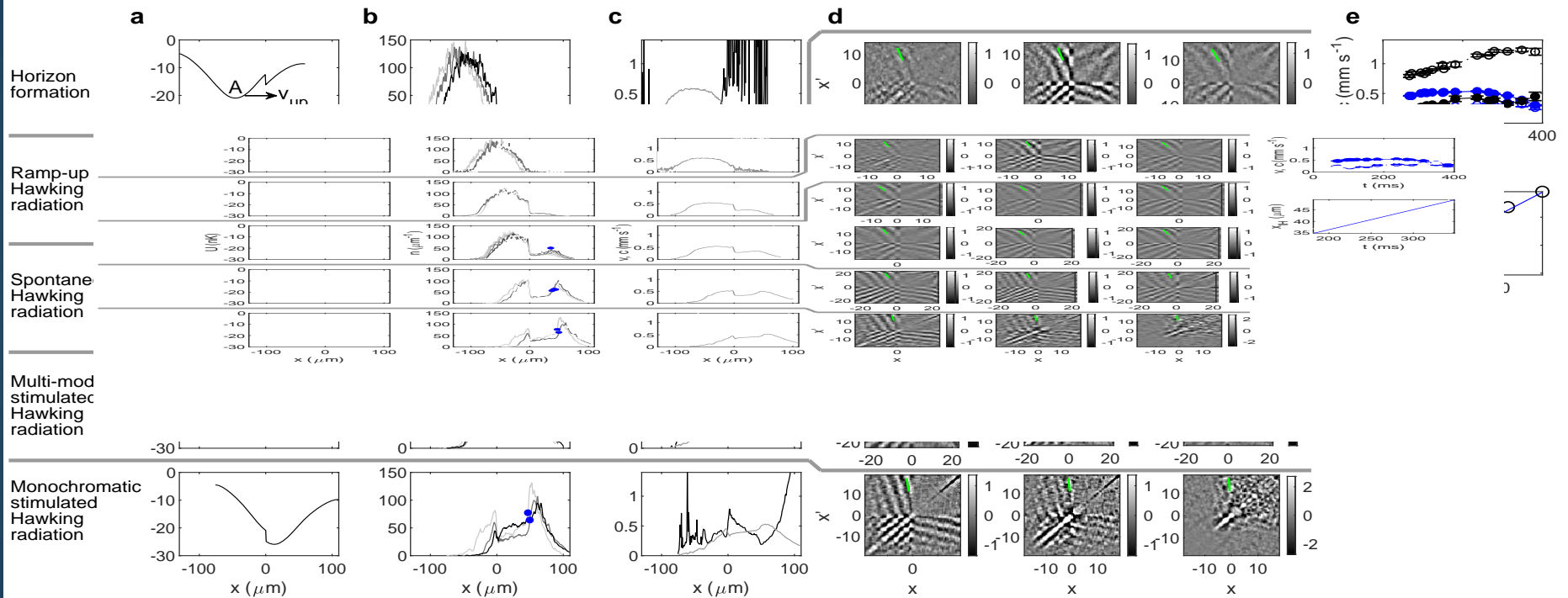
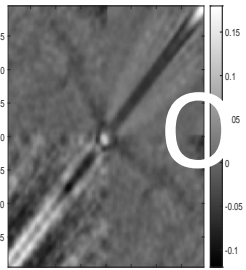
Lahav, O., Itah, A., Blumkin, A., Gordon, C., Rinott, S., Zayats, A. & Steinhauer, J. *Phys. Rev. Lett.* **105**, 240401 (2010).



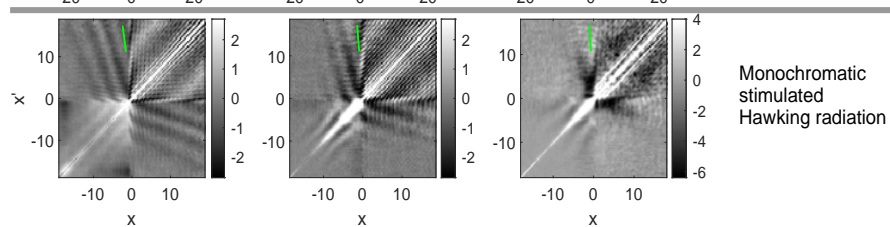
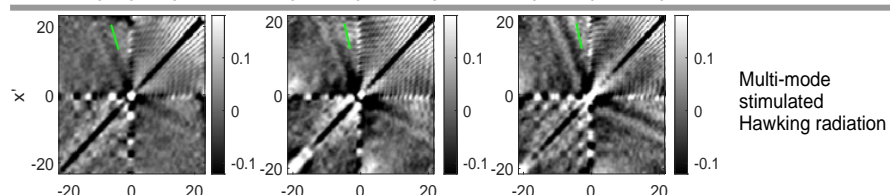
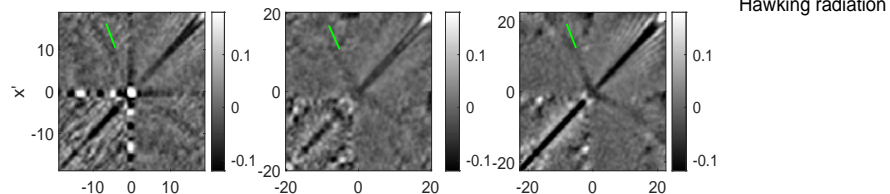
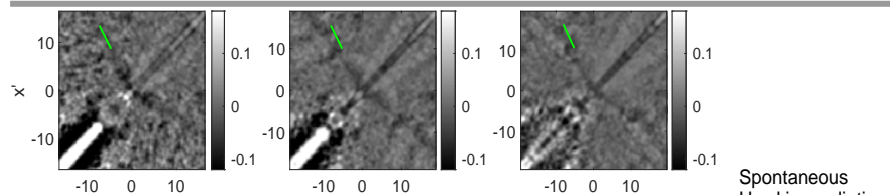
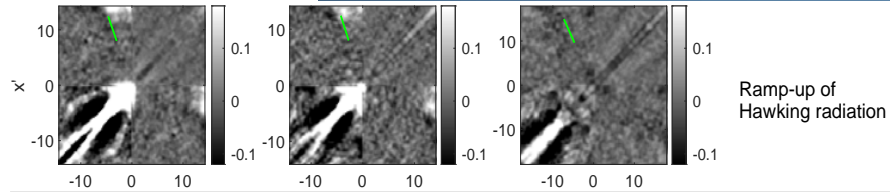
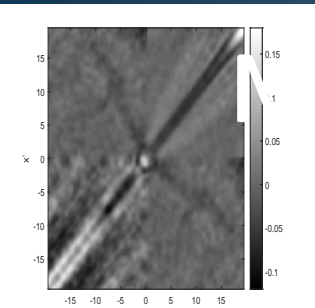
Oscillating horizon experiment



Oscillating horizon experiment



Multi-mode stimulated Hawking radiation

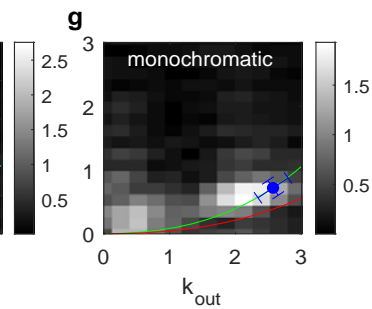
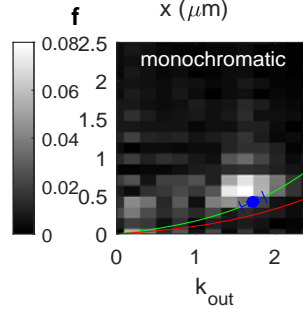
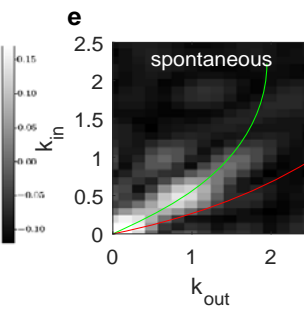
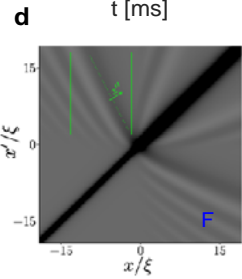
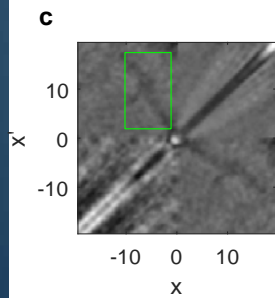
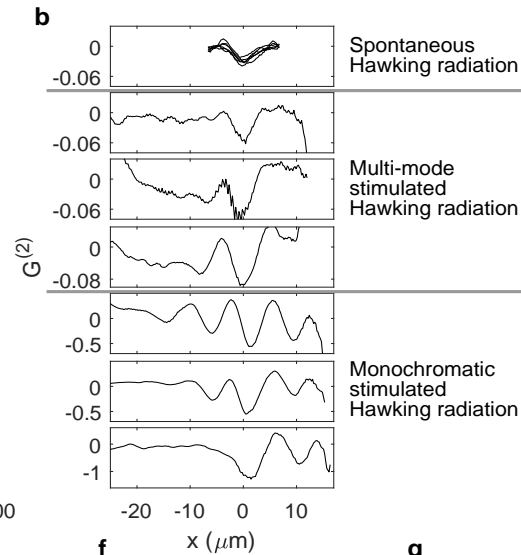
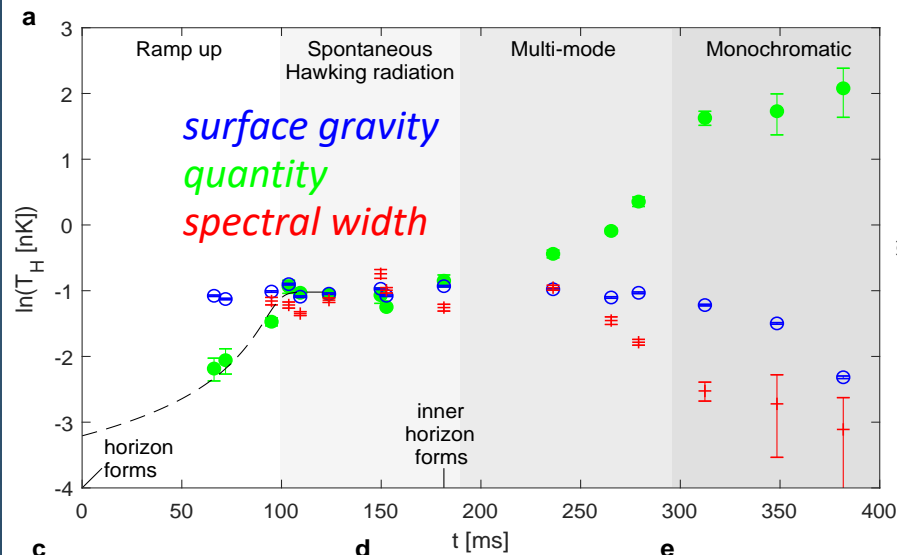
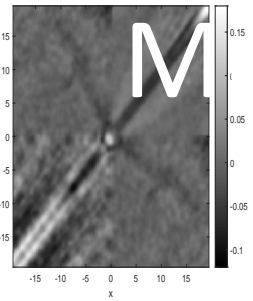


$t = 104, 109, 124,$
 $150, 153, 181$ ms

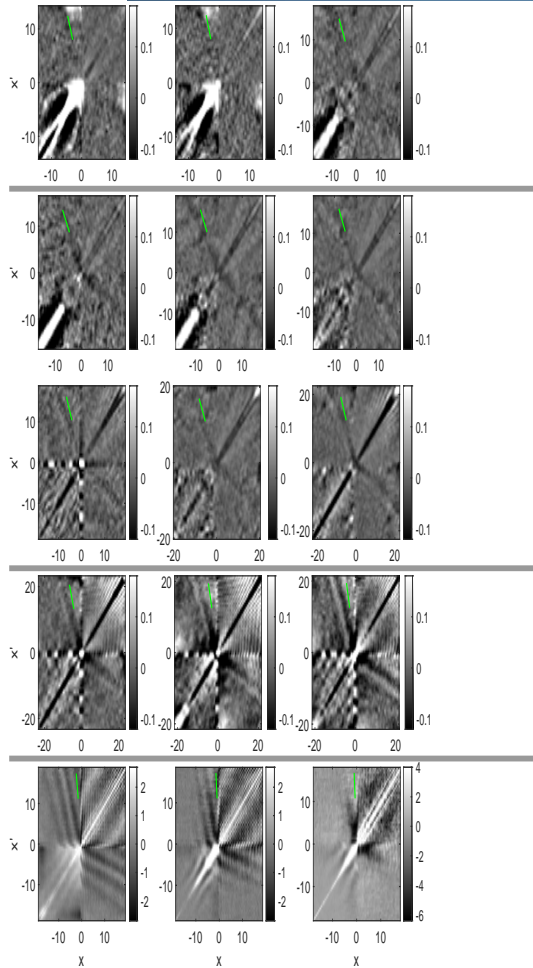
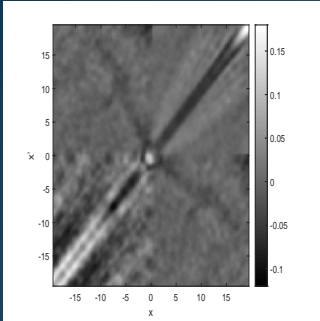
$t = 236, 265, 279$ ms



Multi-mode stimulated Hawking radiation



Time dependence of Hawking radiation



$t = 66, 72, 95$ ms

$t = 104, 109, 124$ ms

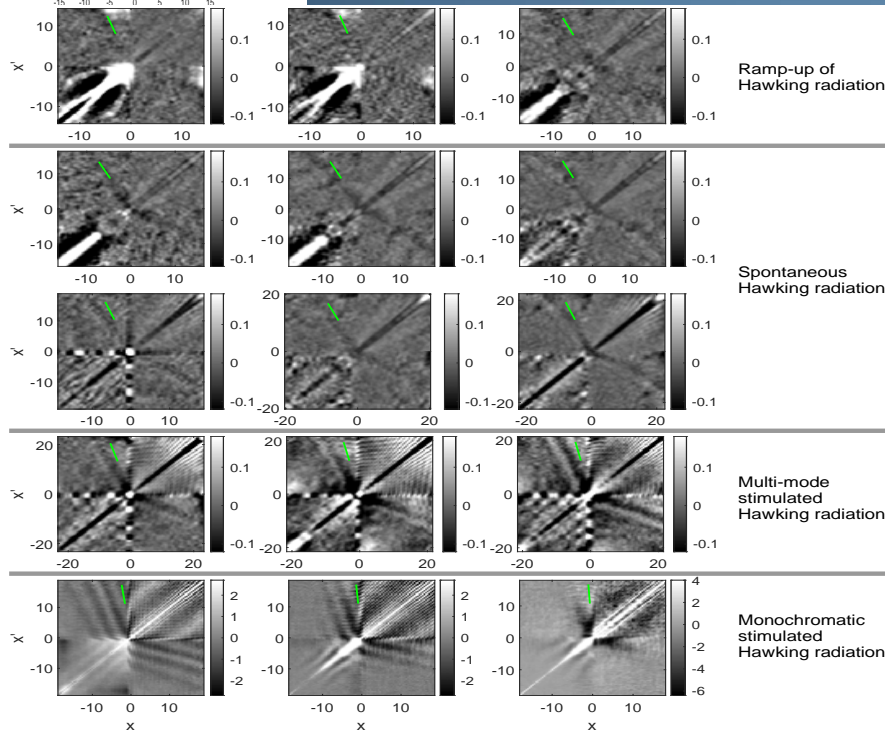
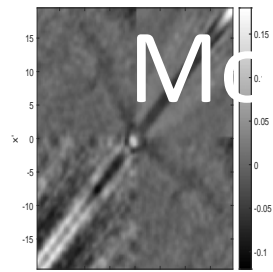
$t = 150, 153, 181$ ms

$t = 236, 265, 279$ ms

$t = 312, 348, 382$ ms



Monochromatic stimulated Hawking radiation

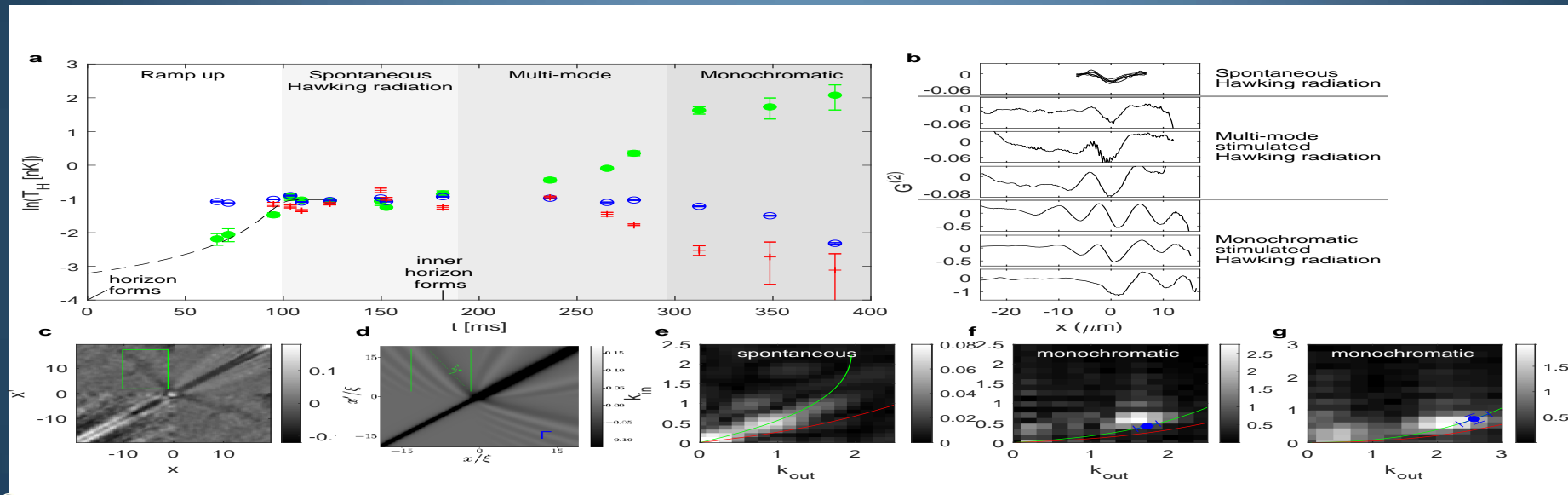
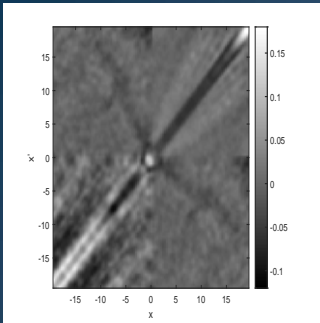


$t = 236, 265, 279$ ms

$t = 312, 348, 382$ ms



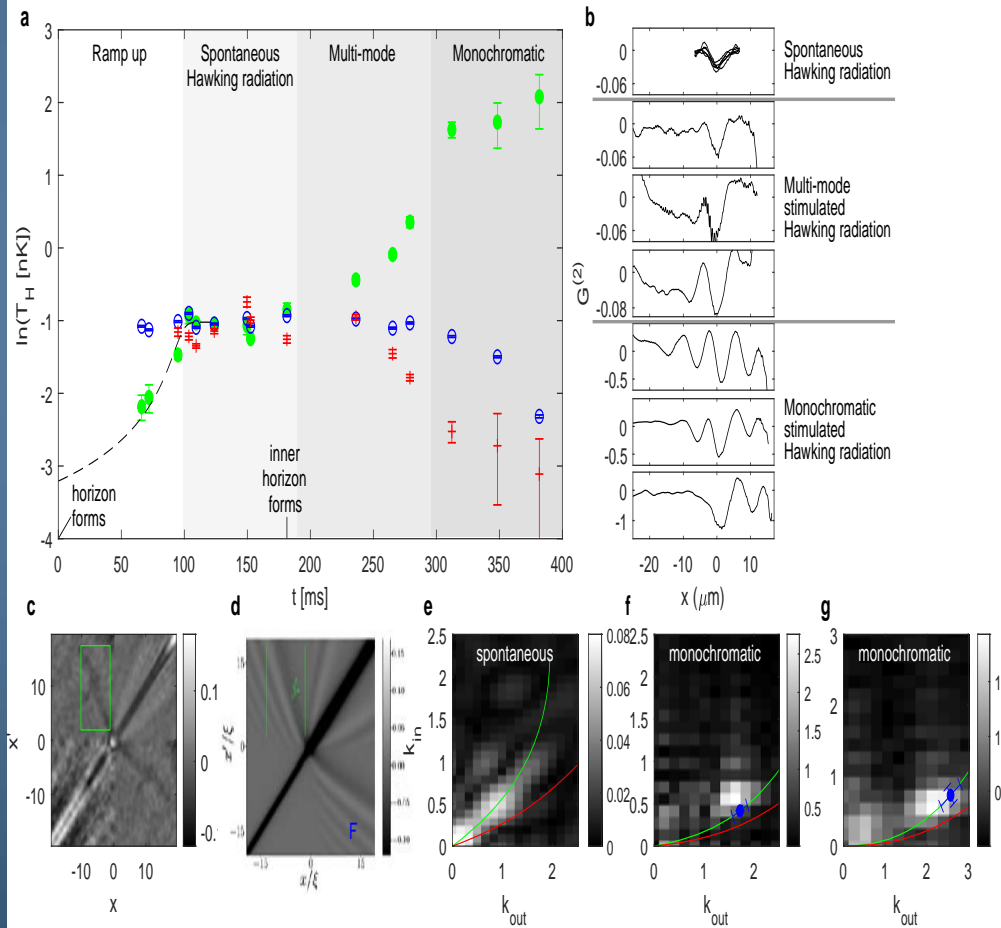
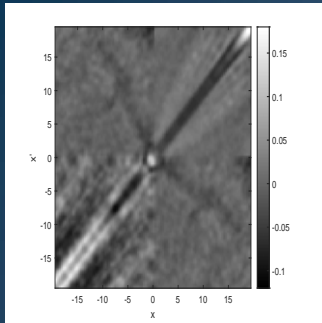
Single modes



Kolobov, V. I., Golubkov, K., de Nova, J. R. M. & Steinhauer, J., arXiv:1910.09363 (2019).



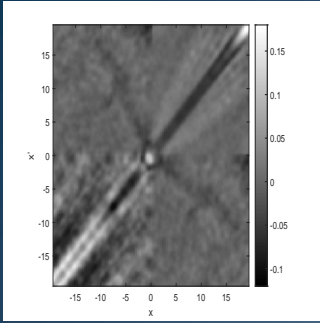
Profiles



Kolobov, V. I.,
Golubkov, K., de
Nova, J. R. M. &
Steinhauer, J.,
arXiv:1910.09363
(2019).



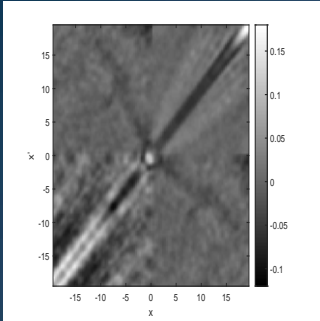
Conclusions



- The Hawking radiation is seen to be spontaneous, thermal, at the correct temperature, and stationary.
- 6 independent measurements of Hawking radiation are made in the spontaneous period.
- Thus, the semiclassical regime has been verified in an analogue black hole.
- This confirms Hawking's calculation.
- Stimulated Hawking radiation is also seen.



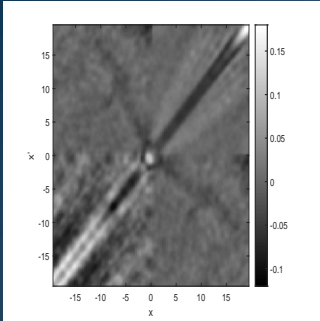
Implications for real gravity



- The thermality of Hawking radiation is the basis for the information paradox.
- The temperature links Hawking radiation with black hole entropy.
- The correlations between the Hawking and partner modes are of the predicted magnitude, with no reduction due to the underlying quantum structure.



Future



- *Going beyond the semiclassical approximation*
- *Getting information regarding quantum gravity*

Analogue
black holes

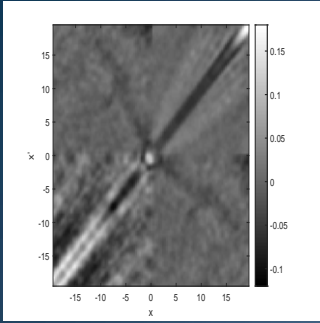


Quantum
gravity

Could quantum gravity models be tested in some type of analogue system? Proposals are needed.



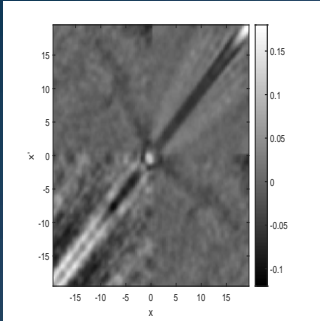
Large Hadron Collider



- They are searching for semiclassical and quantum black holes at the LHC.
- They could study the Hawking radiation and see the effect of QG.



Future



- *Going beyond the semiclassical approximation*
- *Getting information regarding quantum gravity*

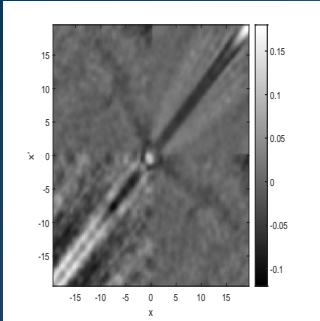
Analogue
black holes



Quantum
gravity

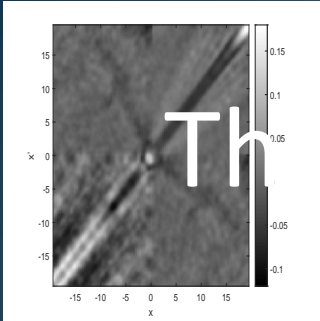


Analogue black holes



- We would like Quantum Gravity to definitively answer the following questions:
 - What is the role of quantum gravity in the information paradox?
 - How does quantum gravity affect Hawking radiation?
- Let's first answer an easier question:
 - How does analogue quantum gravity affect Hawking radiation in an analogue black hole?

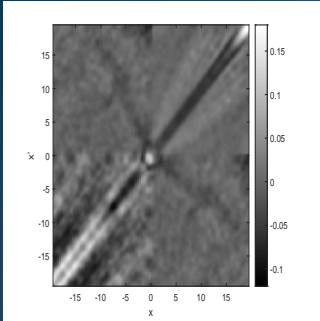




The semiclassical approximation

- We partially ignore the underlying quantum (atomic) structure
- Assume that the BEC is smooth (Gross-Pitaevskii equation)
- Compute the spectrum of linear excitations
- Quantum field theory
- Current simulations are only valid when the fluctuations are small.





Analogue quantum gravity

- What is the backreaction of the phonons onto the analogue black hole?
- What is the effect of phonon-phonon interactions on the Hawking radiation?

The interactions between particles should be increased to increase the effect of Analogue Quantum Gravity (AQG).

Theory

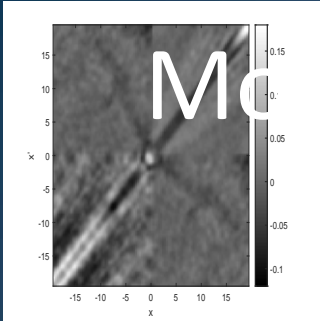
- Analytical studies are needed.
- New simulation techniques are needed.

Experiment

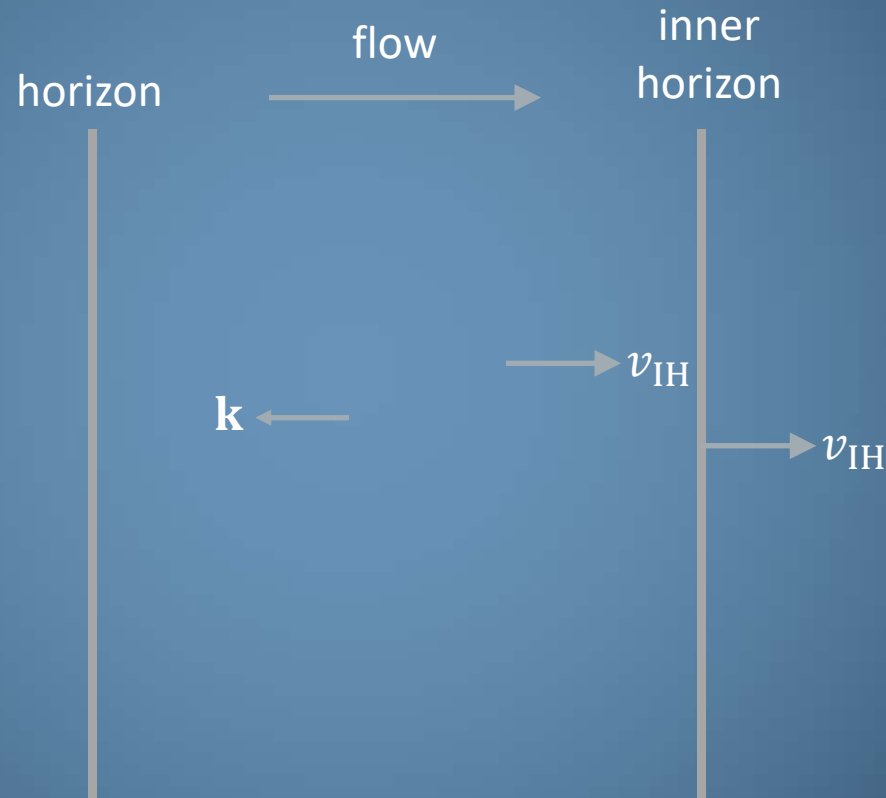
- Strongly-interacting condensates could be studied.



Monochromatic stimulated Hawking radiation



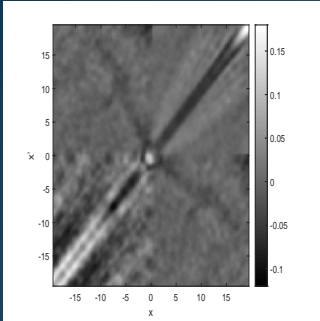
$$\omega = -k_0 v_{\text{IH}}$$



Yi-Hsieh Wang, Ted Jacobson, Mark Edwards, and Charles W. Clark, Mechanism of stimulated Hawking radiation in a laboratory Bose-Einstein condensate. *Phys. Rev. A* **96**, 023616 (2017).

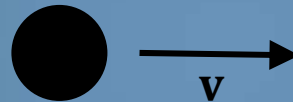


Landau critical velocity



Superfluid

particle



The particle sees a Doppler-shifted dispersion relation.

$$\omega' = \omega(k) - \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{v}$$

Production of quasiparticles

$$\omega' = 0$$

Bogoliubov-Cherenkov radiation

