Updates from simulations

Giulio Fabbian (IAS Orsay)

With Matteo Calabrese (OaDVA), Carmelita Carbone (INAF Milan), Marco Baldi (UniBo)



Euclid CMBX SWG meeting 2018 @ Ferrara



- Recent results on CMB lensing estimation with higher-order effects and implications fro cross-correlation
- Updates from Flagship team
- Summary of light cone comparison project
- Updates on covariances
- Updates on simulation activity in non-standard cosmology

Higher-order CMB lensing in a nutshell

 $\mathbf{d}^{post-Born} = \nabla \psi^{eff} + \nabla \times \Omega^{eff}$

Gradient-like displacement

Curl-like displacement





Higher-order corrections: non-Gaussianities





Lensing reconstruction basis

Lensing is a convolution in harmonic-domain

$$\delta\Theta(\boldsymbol{l}) = \int \frac{d^2 l'}{(2\pi)^2} \tilde{\Theta}(\boldsymbol{l}') W(\boldsymbol{l}', \boldsymbol{L}) \qquad W(\boldsymbol{l}, \boldsymbol{L}) = -[\boldsymbol{l} \cdot \boldsymbol{L}] \phi(\boldsymbol{L})$$

$$d_{\alpha}(\boldsymbol{L}) = \frac{A_{\alpha}(\boldsymbol{L})}{L} \int \frac{d^2 l_1}{(2\pi)^2} \boldsymbol{x}(\boldsymbol{l}_1) \boldsymbol{x}'(\boldsymbol{l}_2) \boldsymbol{F}_{\alpha}(\boldsymbol{l}_1, \boldsymbol{l}_2) \qquad \langle \boldsymbol{x}(\boldsymbol{l}) \boldsymbol{x}'(\boldsymbol{l}') \rangle_{\text{CMB}} = f_{\alpha}(\boldsymbol{l}, \boldsymbol{l}') \phi(\boldsymbol{L})$$

$$\langle d_{\alpha}(\boldsymbol{L}) \rangle_{\text{CMB}} = d(\boldsymbol{L}) \equiv L\phi(\boldsymbol{L}) \qquad \langle d_{\alpha}(\mathbf{L})d_{\beta}^{*}(\mathbf{L}') \rangle = (2\pi)^{2}\delta(\mathbf{L}-\mathbf{L}')(C_{L}^{dd}+N_{\alpha\beta}^{(0)}(L) + \text{higher-order terms}).$$



Quadratic CMB lensing estimators in a nutshell

- Non-Gaussianity in deflection field biases CMB lensing reconstruction with quadratic estimators (Böhm+2016)
 - Only non-linear LSS bispectrum included so far
- Exploit our numerical simulation setup to isolate single sources of bias at all scales
 - Lens same primordial CMB realizations with different combination of deflection fields
 - Clean measurements of reconstruction biases

$$d_{\alpha}(\mathbf{L})^{Post-Born} - d_{\alpha}(\mathbf{L})^{Born,Gauss} \to \text{All terms}$$

$$d_{\alpha}(\mathbf{L})^{PB,grad} - d_{\alpha}(\mathbf{L})^{Born,Gauss} \to \kappa\kappa\kappa^{LSS}$$

$$d_{\alpha}(\mathbf{L})^{PB,grad} - d_{\alpha}(\mathbf{L})^{Born} \to \kappa\kappa\kappa^{Post-Born}$$

$$d_{\alpha}(\mathbf{L})^{Post-Born} - d_{\alpha}(\mathbf{L})^{PB,grad} \to \kappa\kappa\omega + \kappa\omega\omega$$

Reconstruction biases vs reconstruction channel



Biases on cosmological parameters



Neutrino mass estimation

- Shape of the bias highly dependent on the maximum multipole included in the lensing reconstruction
- Bias on cosmological parameters at 1-2 sigma: neutrino mass more affected!
- Combination of data set potentially more robust but possible inconsistencies due to biases



Biases for cross-correlation studies

- Cross-correlation with high-redshift tracer: could reduce the crosscorrelation bias
- Correlation with low-redshift tracer: enhance bias (e.g. z<0.5)



CMB lensing - weak lensing shear cross-correlation

Preliminary

Fabbian et al. (2018, in prep.)

Results from Flagship



- Noise but no news from SWG leader despite multiple request
- Need to pursue an internal simulation strategy for "quicker" studies

Lightcone comparison in a nutshell

- Two set of IC, Euclid cosmology, 512 Mpc/h, 1024 particles
- Compare convergence 2-point correlation, power spectrum, PDF, ...



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Convergence I-point PDF

- Few issues related to smoothing and different maps resolution solved
- Overall accuracy ~ 5%, some residual discrepancies on the tails,
- FOM yet to be defined



Lensing peak counts



Lightcone comparison project (in prep)