

Contribution ID: 161 Type: Invited

Superallowed alpha decay to doubly magic $^{100}\mathrm{Sn}$

Friday, 17 May 2019 11:10 (30 minutes)

Alpha decay has been a probe of nuclear structure and clustering in nuclei since the dawn of nuclear physics. However, microscopic description of alpha-decay rates remains to be a challenge. During the talk, the recent observation of the superallowed alpha-decay chain ¹⁰⁸Xe-¹⁰⁴Te to doubly magic ¹⁰⁰Sn [1], using the recoildecay correlation technique with the Argonne Fragment Mass Analyzer at ATLAS, will be presented. This is an important stepping-stone towards developing a microscopic model of alpha decay since it is only the second case of alpha decay to a doubly magic nucleus, besides the benchmark ²¹²Po alpha decay to ²⁰⁸Pb. The decay properties of ¹⁰⁸Xe and ¹⁰⁴Te indicate that in at least in one of them the reduced alpha-decay width is a factor of 5 larger than in ²¹²Po. The enhanced alpha-particle preformation probability could be the result of stronger interactions between protons and neutrons, which occupy the same orbitals in N=Z nuclei. During the talk, the alpha emitters in the ¹⁰⁰Sn region will be compared with their counterparts in the ²¹²Po region, and with the existing alpha-decay models. Prospects for alpha-decay studies in the ¹⁰⁰Sn region will be also discussed.

[1] K. Auranen, D. Seweryniak et al., Phys. Rev. Lett. 121, 182501 (2018)

Primary author: Dr SEWERYNIAK, Dariusz (Argonne National Laboratory)

Presenter: Dr SEWERYNIAK, Dariusz (Argonne National Laboratory)

Session Classification: Session XXIV