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## Reaction spectroscopy of Borromean nuclei at the drip-lines shed light on the nuclear force and shell evolution

Wednesday, 15 May 2019 10:00 (20 minutes)

Borromean nuclei are unique bound quantum systems with unbound sub-systems, that tend to appear in neutron-proton asymmetric isotopes at the edges of the nuclear landscape. Such weakly bound few-body systems can provide sensitive grounds for understanding the nuclear force through their structural properties and interaction. This presentation will describe different techniques of reaction spectroscopy measurements with re-accelerated beams at TRIUMF and in-flight beams at RIBF to explore the ground and excited states of these drip-line nuclei.

At the proton drip-line, spectroscopy of  $^{20}\text{Mg}$  from inelastic scattering with a solid  $\text{D}_2$  target at the IRIS facility at TRIUMF will be discussed. The observation of new states will be presented and compared to new *ab initio* theory predictions. The reaction spectroscopy also offers potential to investigate collectivity that will be discussed to understand shell evolution. The presentation will show how a strong sensitivity to the nuclear force emerges from proton elastic scattering of  $^{10}\text{C}$ .

In the neutron-rich domain, defining the low- $Z$  end of the island of inversion around  $N = 20$  remains as an open problem. The presentation will discuss exploration of the ground state features of the drip-line nucleus  $^{29}\text{F}$  using intermediate energy in-flight beams at RIBF.

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