



Fermi

Gamma-ray Space Telescope

Overview of Dark Matter

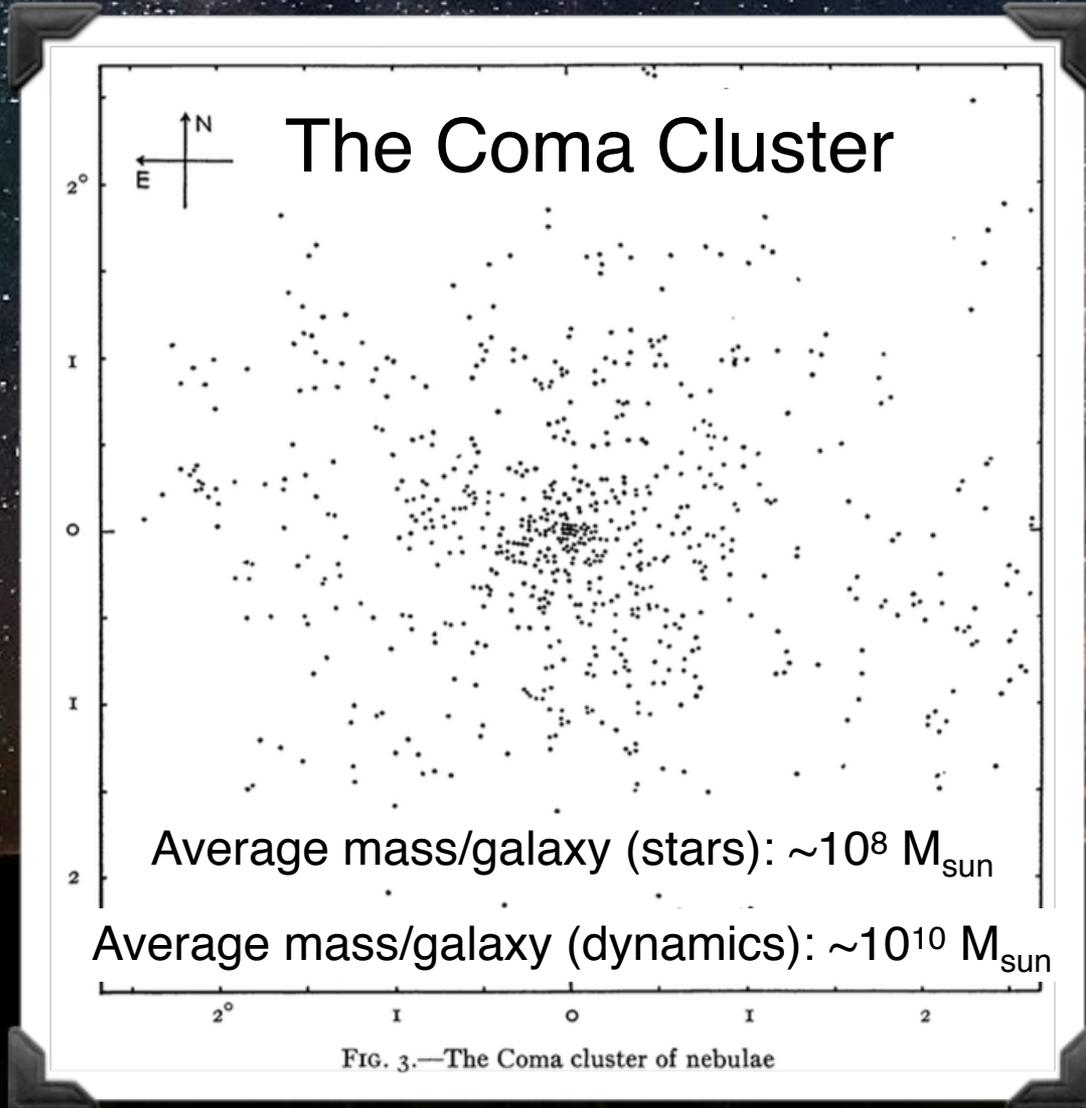
with emphasis on Indirect Detection

R. Caputo
UMD/NASA/GSFC

GEMMA Workshop
June 4, 2018

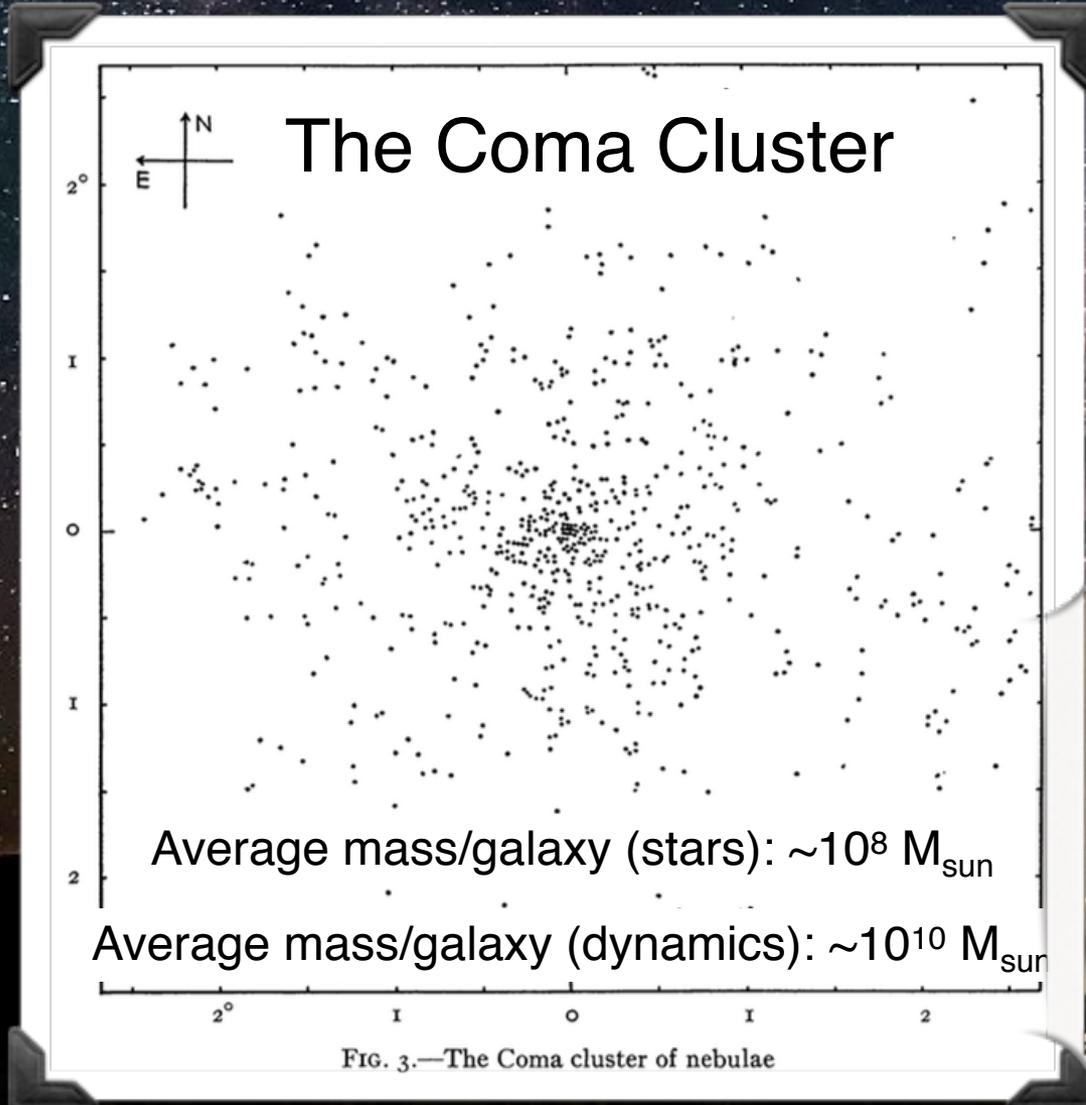


Mystery of Missing Mass



1930s- Zwicky, others

Mystery of Missing Mass



1930s- Zwicky, others

Coma cluster of galaxies:
only small % mass from
luminous matter





Mystery of Missing Mass

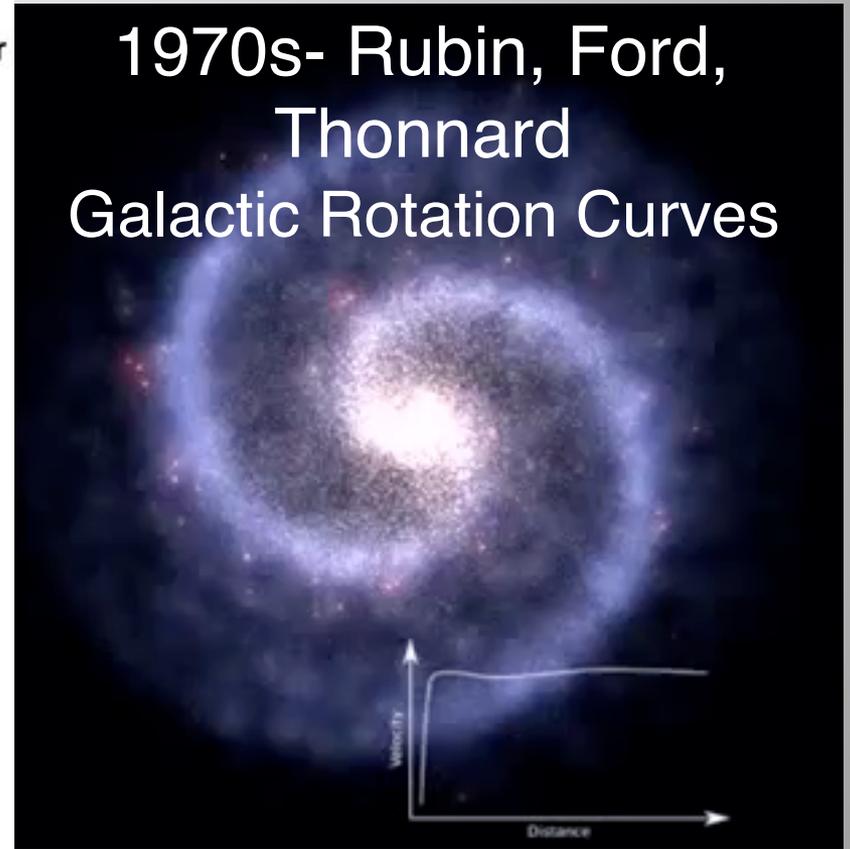
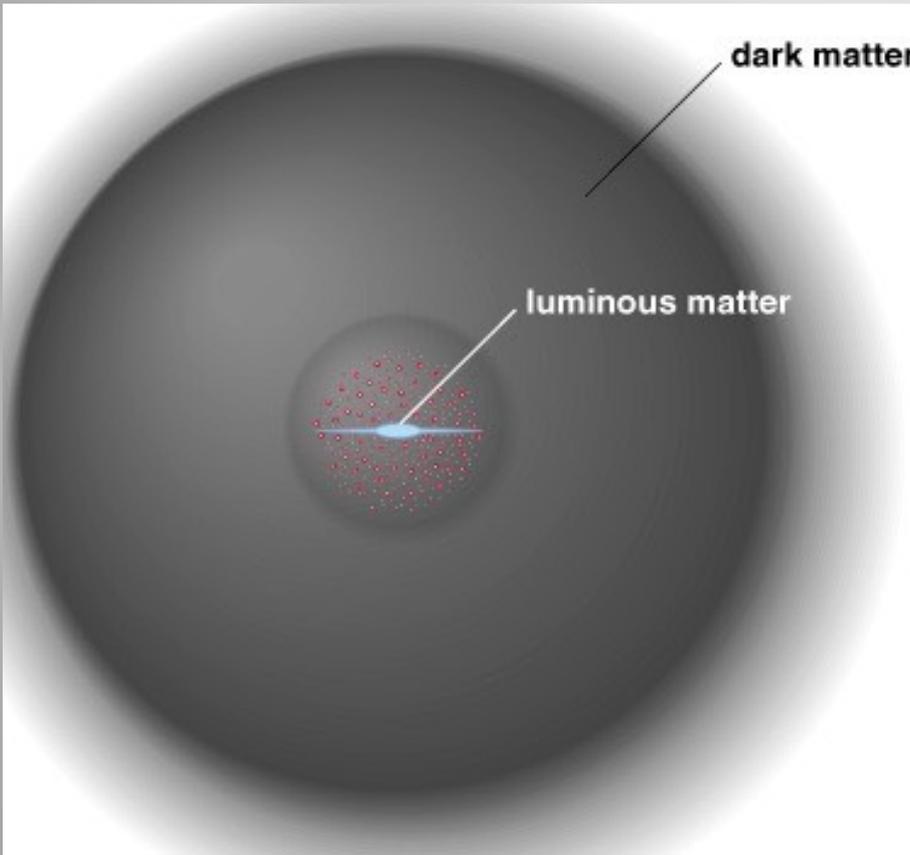
1970s- Rubin, Ford,
Thonnard
Galactic Rotation Curves

Keplerian:
 $v(r) \sim M(r) / \sqrt{r}$





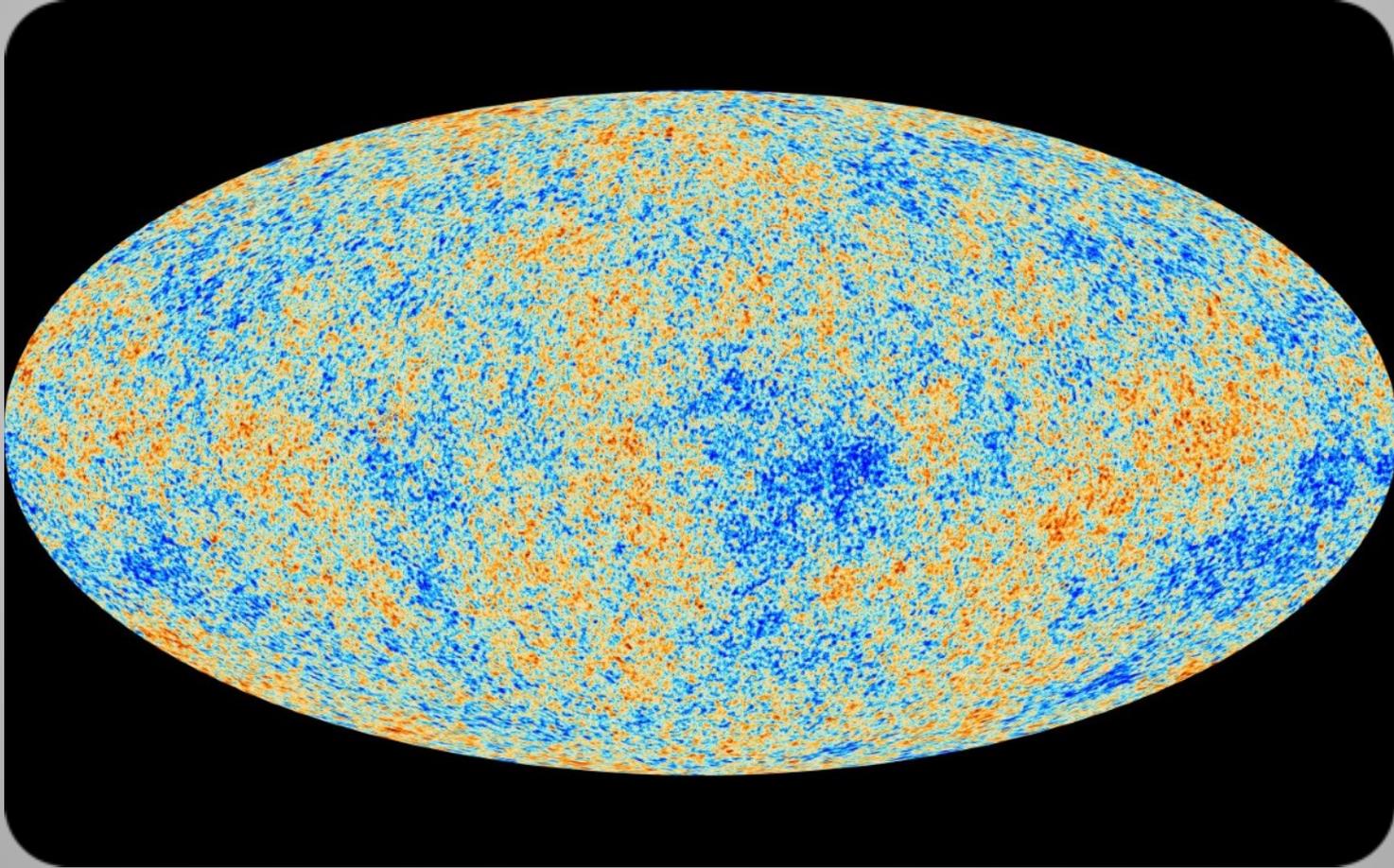
Mystery of Missing Mass





Precision Cosmology

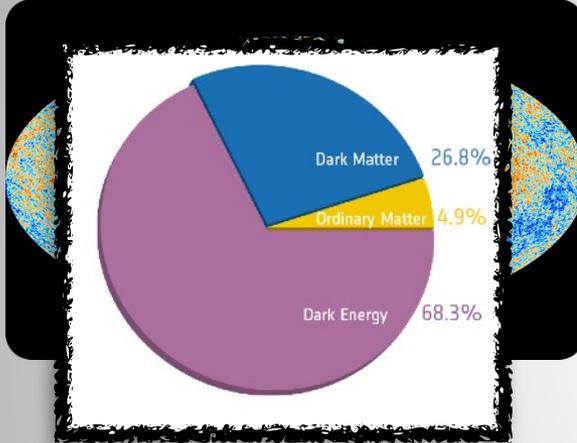
Cosmic Microwave Background





Precision Cosmology

Cosmic Microwave Background

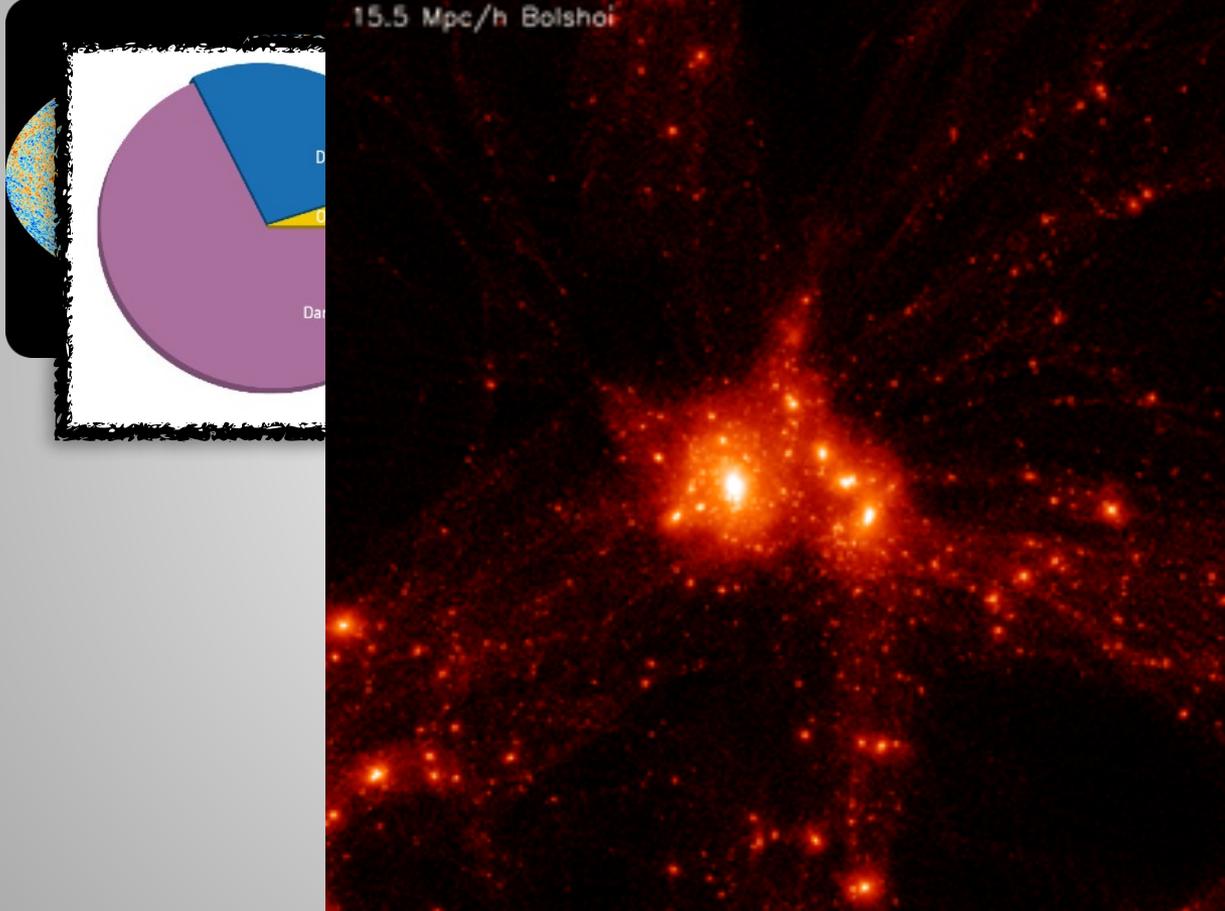




Precision Cosmology

Cosmic Microwave Background

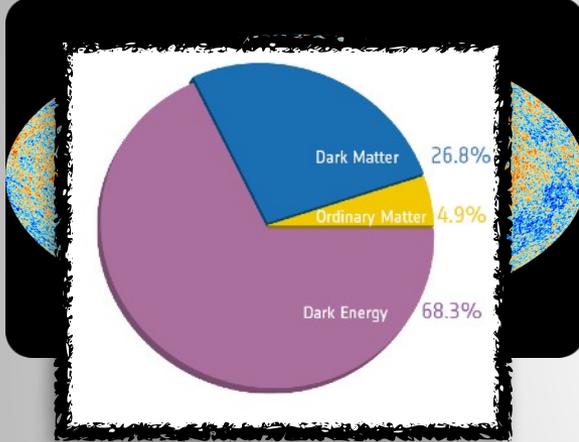
Large Scale Structure



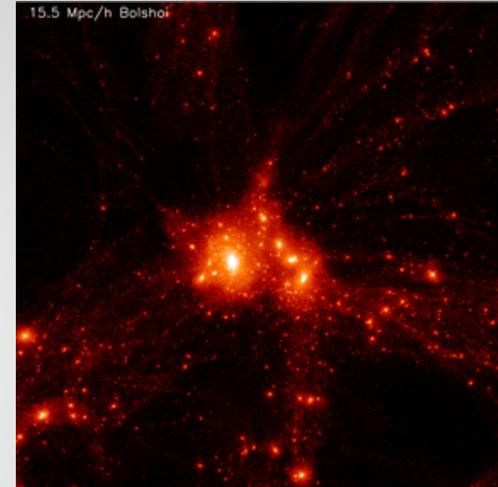


Precision Cosmology

Cosmic Microwave Background



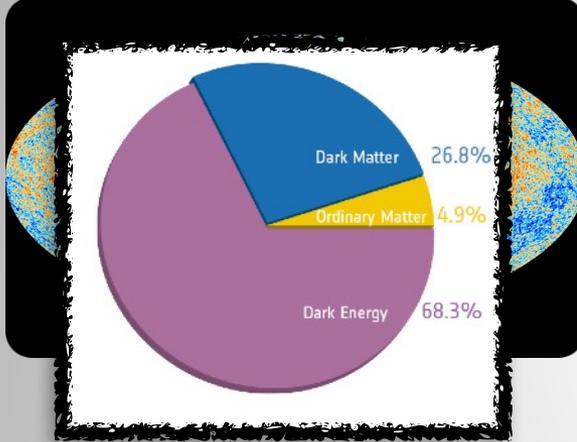
Large Scale Structure



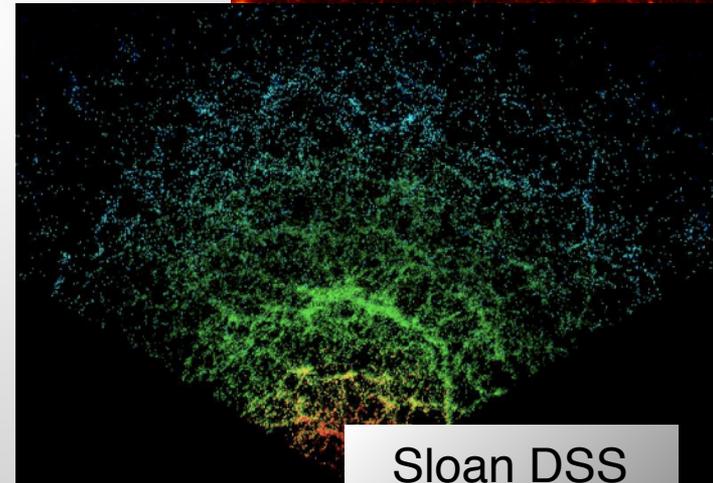
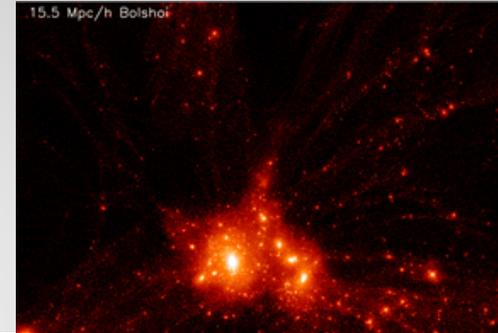


Precision Cosmology

Cosmic Microwave Background



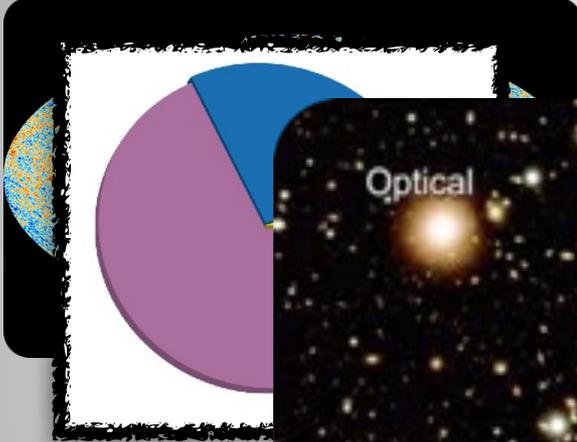
Large Scale Structure



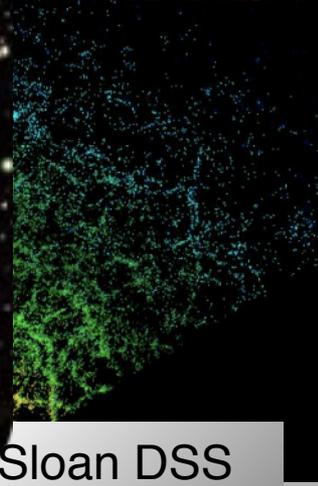
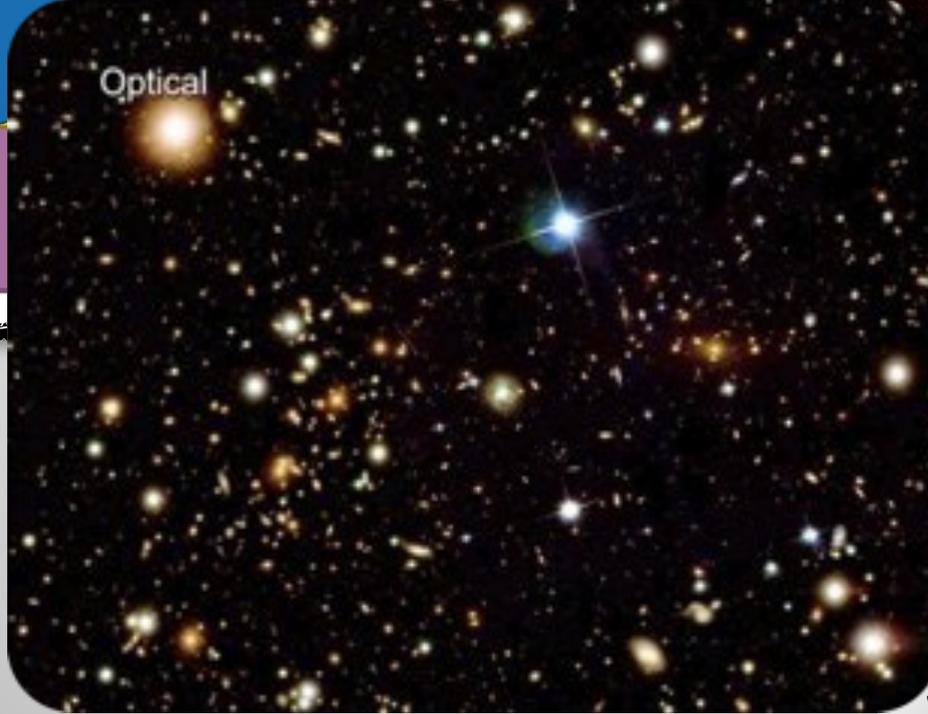
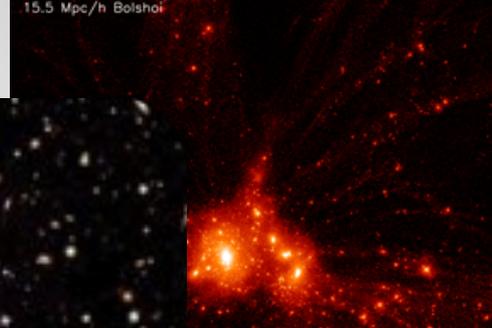


Precision Cosmology

Cosmic Microwave Background



Large Scale Structure

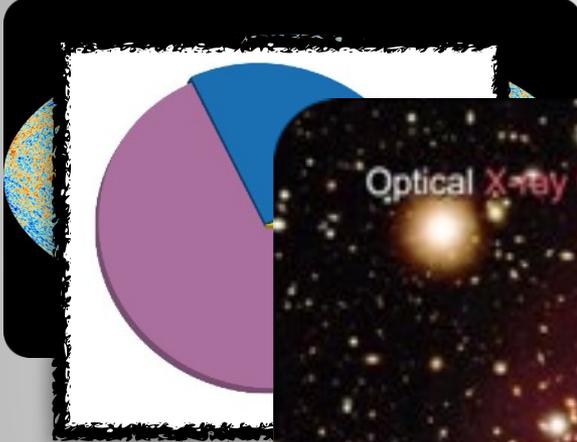


Lensing/The Bullet Cluster

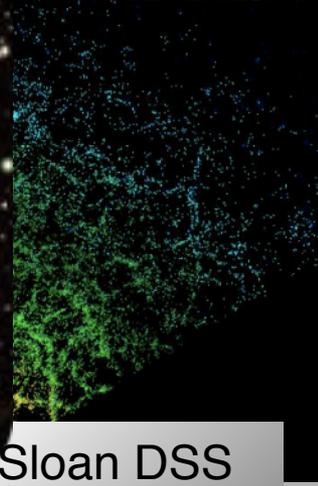
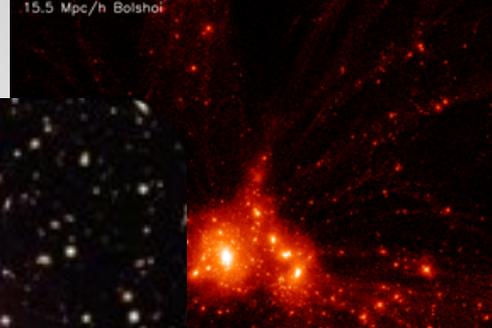


Precision Cosmology

Cosmic Microwave Background



Large Scale Structure



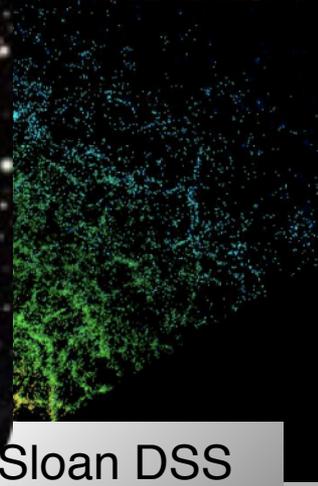
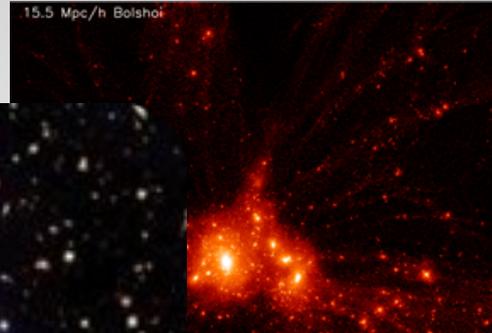
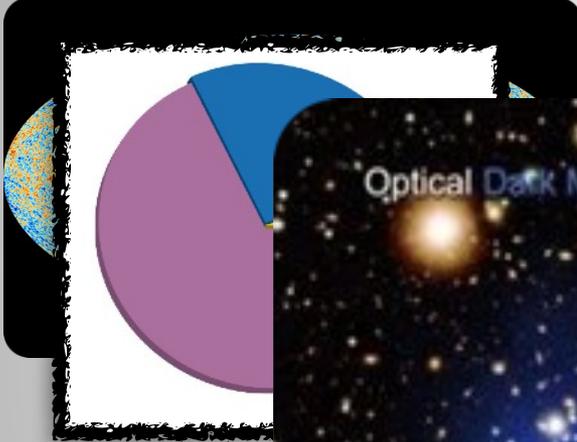
Lensing/The Bullet Cluster



Precision Cosmology

Cosmic Microwave Background

Large Scale Structure



Sloan DSS

Blue: mass from lensing

Lensing/The Bullet Cluster



Precision Cosmology

Cosmic Microwave Background

Large Scale Structure



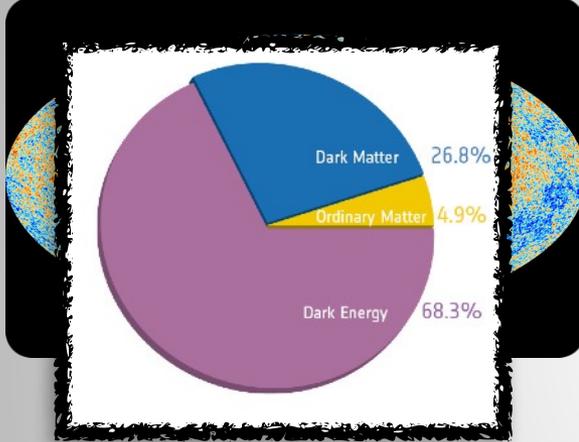
Blue: mass from lensing

Lensing/The Bullet Cluster

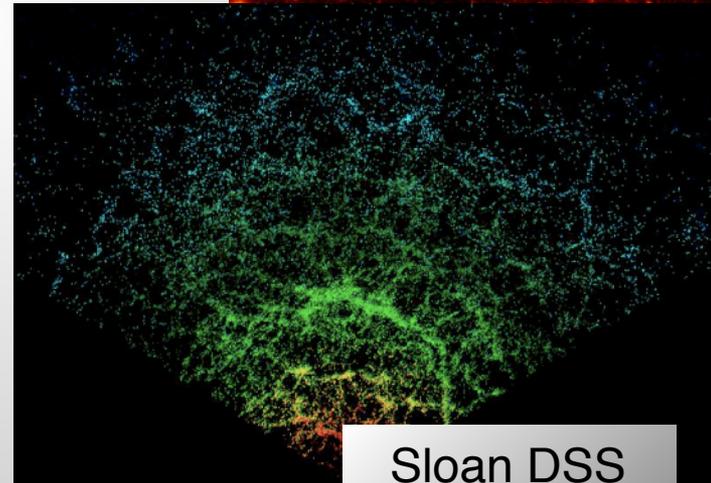
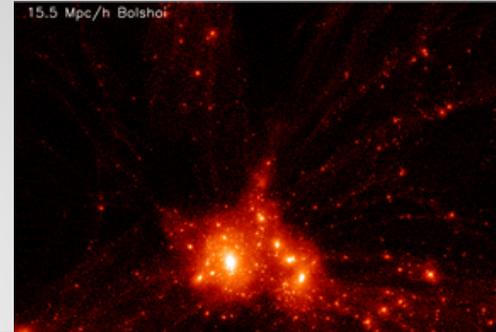


Precision Cosmology

Cosmic Microwave Background



Large Scale Structure



Sloan DSS



Blue: mass from lensing

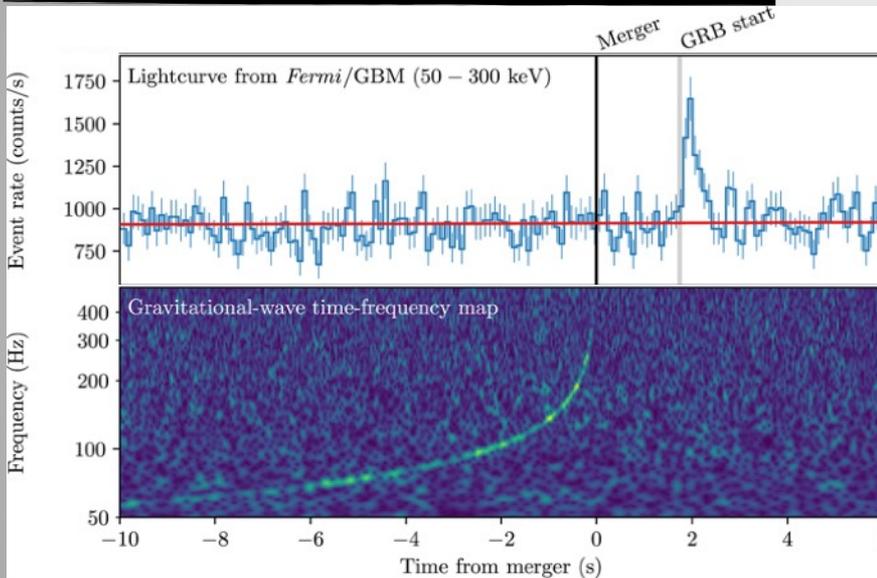
Lensing/The Bullet Cluster



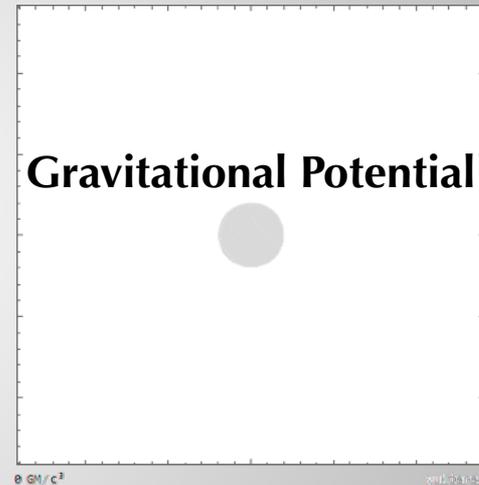
Modified Gravity?

GW170817/GRB170817A

Test of Weak Equivalence principle



ApJ, 848:L13, 2017



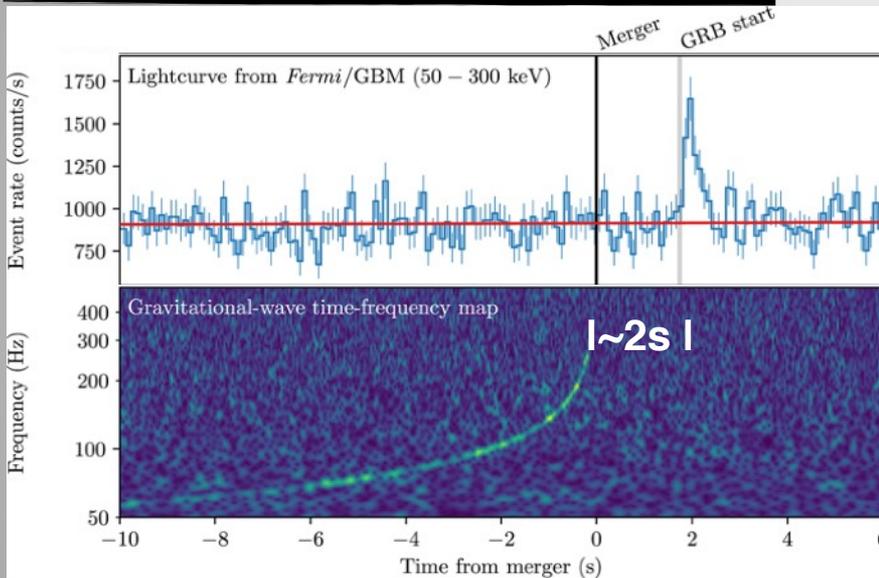
Boran et al., PRD 97, 041501 (2018),



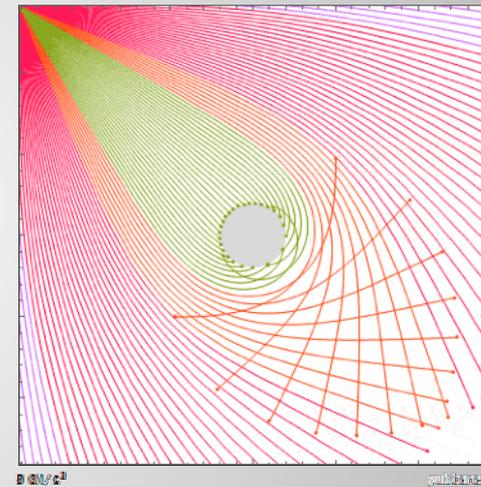
Modified Gravity?

GW170817/GRB170817A

Test of Weak Equivalence principle



ApJ, 848:L13, 2017



Gravitational Potential

Boran et al., PRD 97, 041501 (2018),

Gravitons and photons travel in space-time in the same way

*SN1987a found the same thing for neutrinos and photons



Potential Candidates

mass →	$\approx 2.3 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 1.275 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	$\approx 173.07 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0	$\approx 126 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
charge →	2/3	2/3	2/3	0	0
spin →	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	0
	u up	c charm	t top	g gluon	H Higgs boson
QUARKS	$\approx 4.8 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 95 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 4.18 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0	
	-1/3	-1/3	-1/3	0	
	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	
	d down	s strange	b bottom	γ photon	
	$0.511 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$105.7 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$1.777 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	$91.2 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	
	-1	-1	-1	0	
	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	
	e electron	μ muon	τ tau	Z Z boson	
LEPTONS	$< 2.2 \text{ eV}/c^2$	$< 0.17 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$< 15.5 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$80.4 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	
	0	0	0	± 1	
	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	
	ν_e electron neutrino	ν_μ muon neutrino	ν_τ tau neutrino	W W boson	GAUGE BOSONS



Potential Candidates

mass →	$\approx 2.3 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 1.275 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	$\approx 173.07 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0	$\approx 126 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
charge →	$2/3$	$2/3$	$2/3$	0	0
spin →	$1/2$	$1/2$	$1/2$	1	0
	u up	c charm	t top	g gluon	H Higgs boson
	$\approx 4.8 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 95 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 4.18 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0	
	$-1/3$	$-1/3$	$-1/3$	0	γ photon
	$1/2$	$1/2$	$1/2$	1	
QUARKS	d down	s strange	b bottom		
	$0.511 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$105.7 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$1.777 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	$91.2 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	
	-1	-1	-1	0	Z Z boson
	$1/2$	$1/2$	$1/2$	1	
	e electron	μ muon	τ tau		
	$< 2.2 \text{ eV}/c^2$	$< 0.17 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$< 15.5 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$80.4 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	
	0	0	0	± 1	W W boson
	$1/2$	$1/2$	$1/2$	1	
LEPTONS	ν_e electron neutrino	ν_μ muon neutrino	ν_τ tau neutrino		
					GAUGE BOSONS



Potential Candidates

mass →	$\approx 2.3 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 1.275 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	$\approx 173.07 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0	$\approx 126 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
charge →	$2/3$	$2/3$	$2/3$	0	0
spin →	$1/2$	$1/2$	$1/2$	1	0
	u up	c charm	t top	g gluon	H Higgs boson
	d down	s strange	b bottom	γ photon	
	e electron	μ muon	τ tau	Z Z boson	
	ν_e electron neutrino	ν_μ muon neutrino	ν_τ tau neutrino	W W boson	

QUARKS

LEPTONS

GAUGE BOSONS



Potential Candidates

mass →	$\approx 2.3 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 1.275 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	$\approx 173.07 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0	$\approx 126 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
charge →	$2/3$	$2/3$	$2/3$	0	0
spin →	$1/2$	$1/2$	$1/2$	1	0
	u up	c charm	t top	g gluon	H Higgs boson
	d down	s strange	b bottom	γ photon	
QUARKS					
	$0.511 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$105.7 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$1.777 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	$91.2 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	
	-1	-1	-1	0	
	$1/2$	$1/2$	$1/2$	1	
	e electron	μ muon	τ tau	Z boson	
LEPTONS					
	$< 2.2 \text{ eV}/c^2$	$< 0.17 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$< 15.5 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$80.4 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	
	0	0	0	± 1	
	$1/2$	$1/2$	$1/2$	1	
	ν_e electron neutrino	ν_μ muon neutrino	ν_τ tau neutrino	W W boson	
					GAUGE BOSONS



Potential Candidates

mass →	$\approx 2.3 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 1.275 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	$\approx 173.07 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0	$\approx 126 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
charge →	$2/3$	$2/3$	$2/3$	0	0
spin →	$1/2$	$1/2$	$1/2$	1	0
	up	charm	top	gluon	Higgs boson
	$\approx 4.8 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 95 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 4.18 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0	
	$-1/3$	$-1/3$	$-1/3$	0	
	$1/2$	$1/2$	$1/2$	1	
	down	strange	bottom	photon	
	$0.511 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$105.7 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$1.777 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	$91.2 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	
	-1	-1	-1	0	
	$1/2$	$1/2$	$1/2$	1	
	electron	muon	tau	Z boson	
	$< 2.2 \text{ eV}/c^2$	$< 0.17 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$< 15.5 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$80.4 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	
	0	0	0	± 1	
	$1/2$	$1/2$	$1/2$	1	
	electron neutrino	muon neutrino	tau neutrino	W boson	

QUARKS

LEPTONS

GAUGE BOSONS



Potential Candidates

mass →	$\approx 2.3 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 1.275 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	$\approx 173.07 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0	$\approx 126 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
charge →	2/3	2/3	2/3	0	0
spin →	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	0
	up	charm	top	gluon	Higgs boson
	down	strange	bottom	photon	
	electron	muon	tau	Z boson	
	electron neutrino	muon neutrino	tau neutrino	W boson	

QUARKS

LEPTONS

GAUGE BOSONS

Weak Scale

$m \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$
 $100 \times \text{proton}$



Potential Candidates

mass →	$\approx 2.3 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 1.275 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	$\approx 173.07 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0	$\approx 126 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
charge →	2/3	2/3	2/3	0	0
spin →	1/2	1/2	1/2	1	0
	up	charm	top	gluon	Higgs boson
	down	strange	bottom	photon	
	electron	muon	tau	Z boson	
	electron neutrino	muon neutrino	tau neutrino	W boson	

QUARKS

LEPTONS

GAUGE BOSONS

Weak Scale

$m \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$
 $100 \times \text{proton}$

$\sim 0.5 \text{ Caffeine molecule}$



Potential Candidates

mass →	$\approx 2.3 \text{ MeV}/c^2$	$\approx 1.275 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	$\approx 173.07 \text{ GeV}/c^2$	0	$\approx 126 \text{ GeV}/c^2$
charge →	$2/3$	$2/3$	$2/3$	0	0
spin →	$1/2$	$1/2$	$1/2$	1	0
	up	charm	top	gluon	Higgs boson
	down	strange	bottom	photon	
	electron	muon	tau	Z boson	
	electron neutrino	muon neutrino	tau neutrino	W boson	

QUARKS

LEPTONS

GAUGE BOSONS

Weak Scale

$m \sim 100 \text{ GeV}$
 $100 \times \text{proton}$

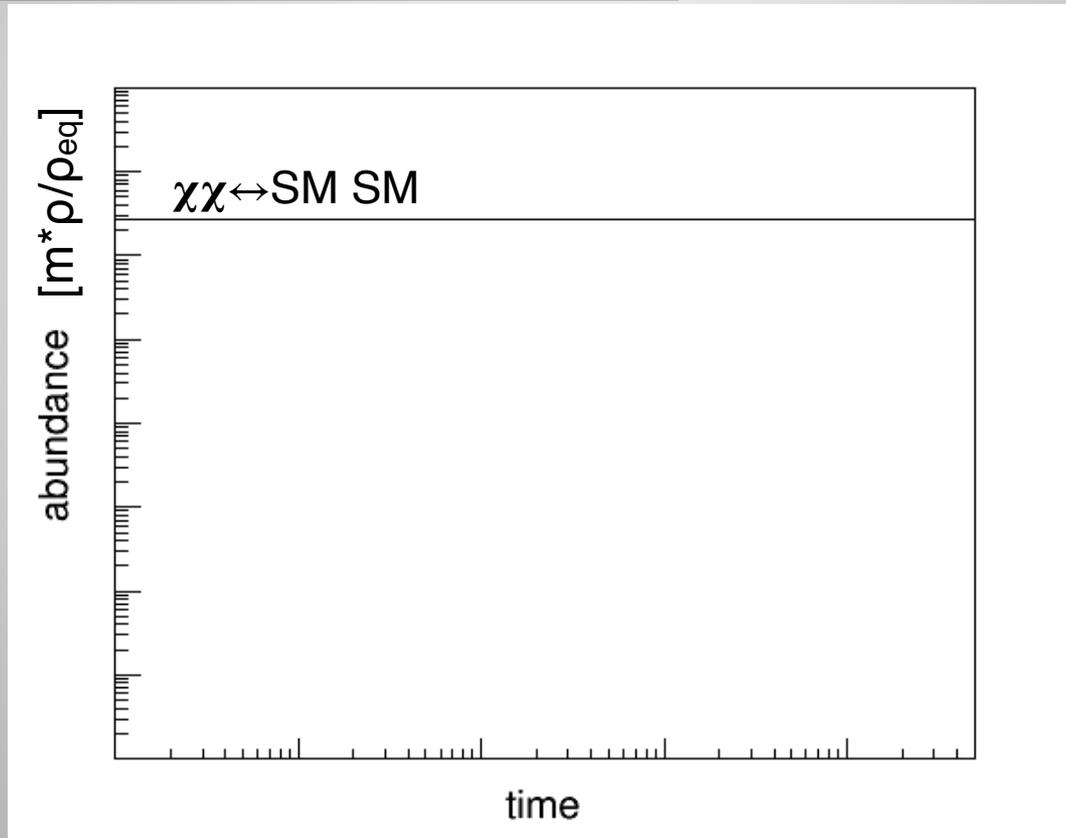
$\sim 0.5 \text{ Caffeine molecule}$



Portrait of a Candidate

Cosmology and Thermodynamics

$$DM = \chi$$

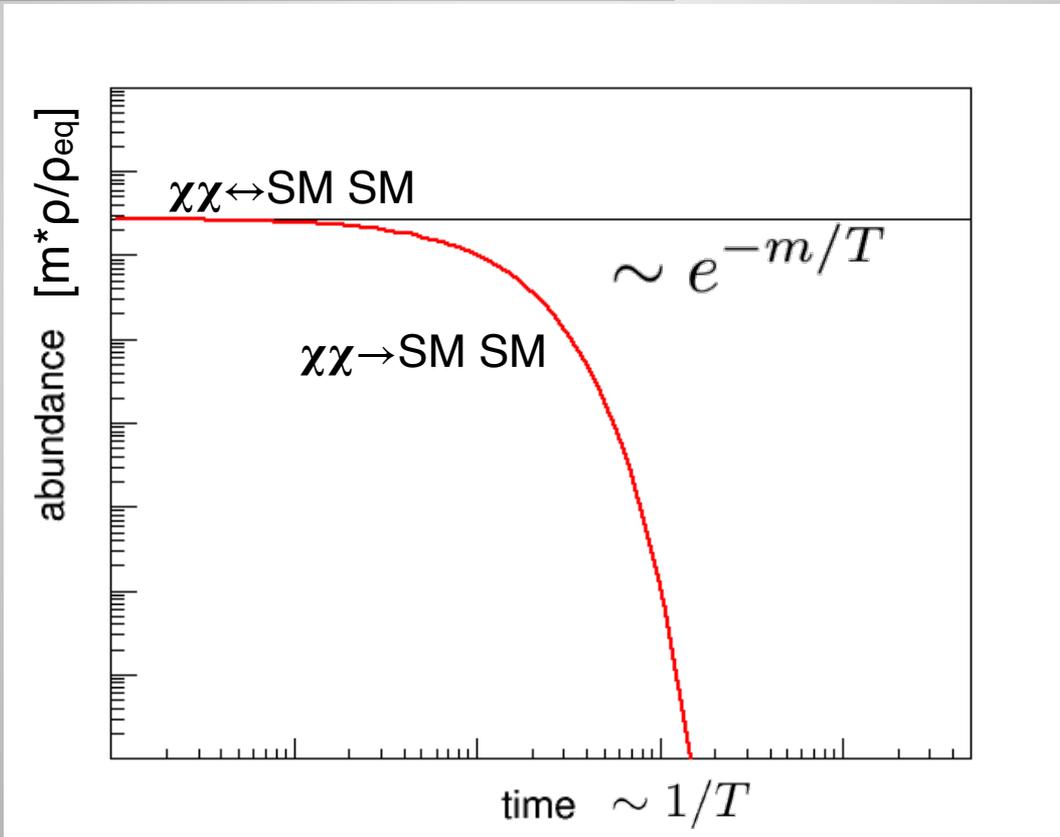




Portrait of a Candidate

Cosmology and Thermodynamics

$$DM = \chi$$

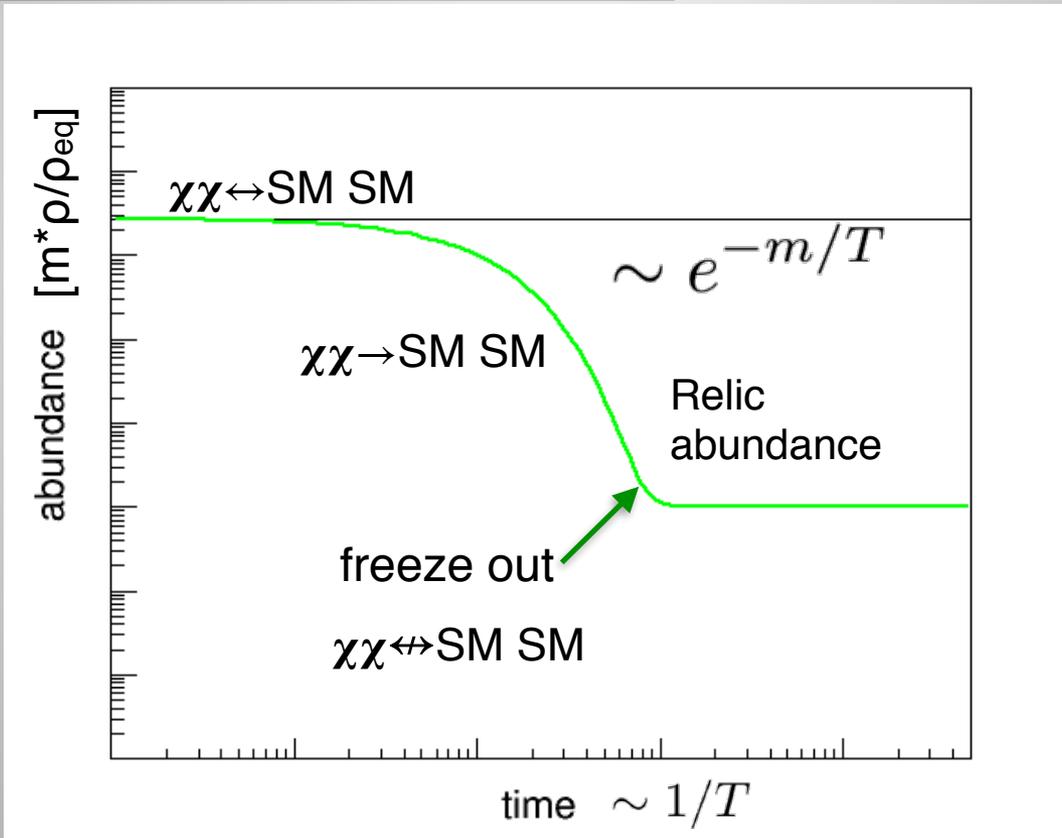




Portrait of a Candidate

Cosmology and Thermodynamics

$$DM = \chi$$

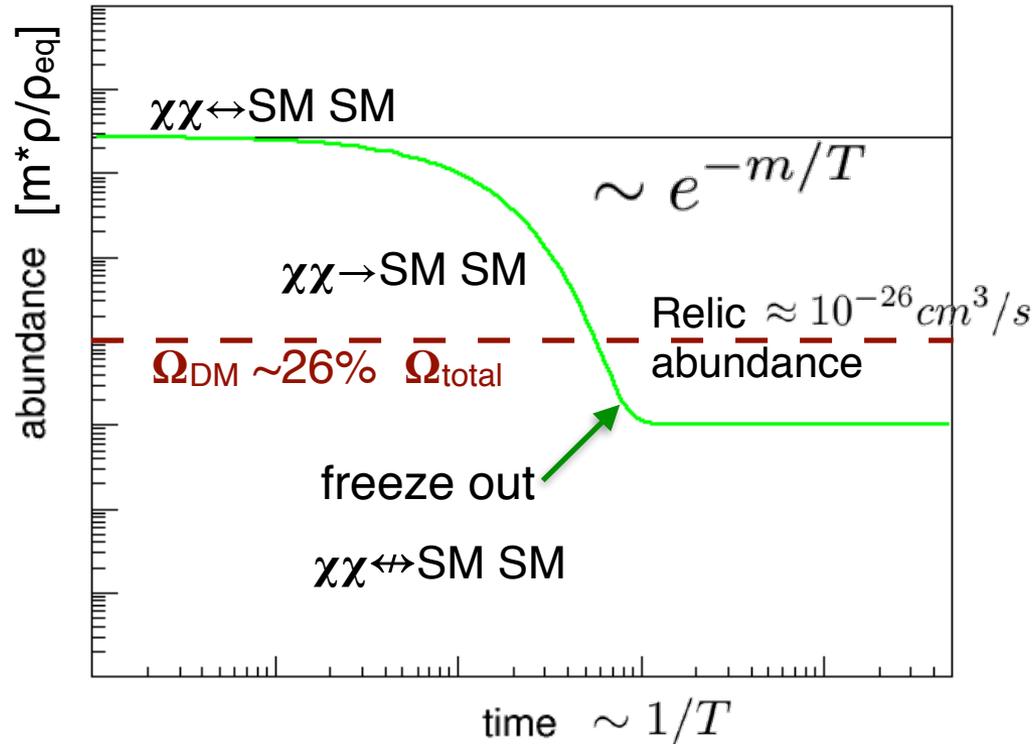




Portrait of a Candidate

Cosmology and Thermodynamics

$$DM = \chi$$



Abundance
 $\langle \sigma v \rangle n_{eq} \sim H$
 $\langle \sigma v \rangle \sim 10^{-26} cm^3/s$



Portrait of a Candidate

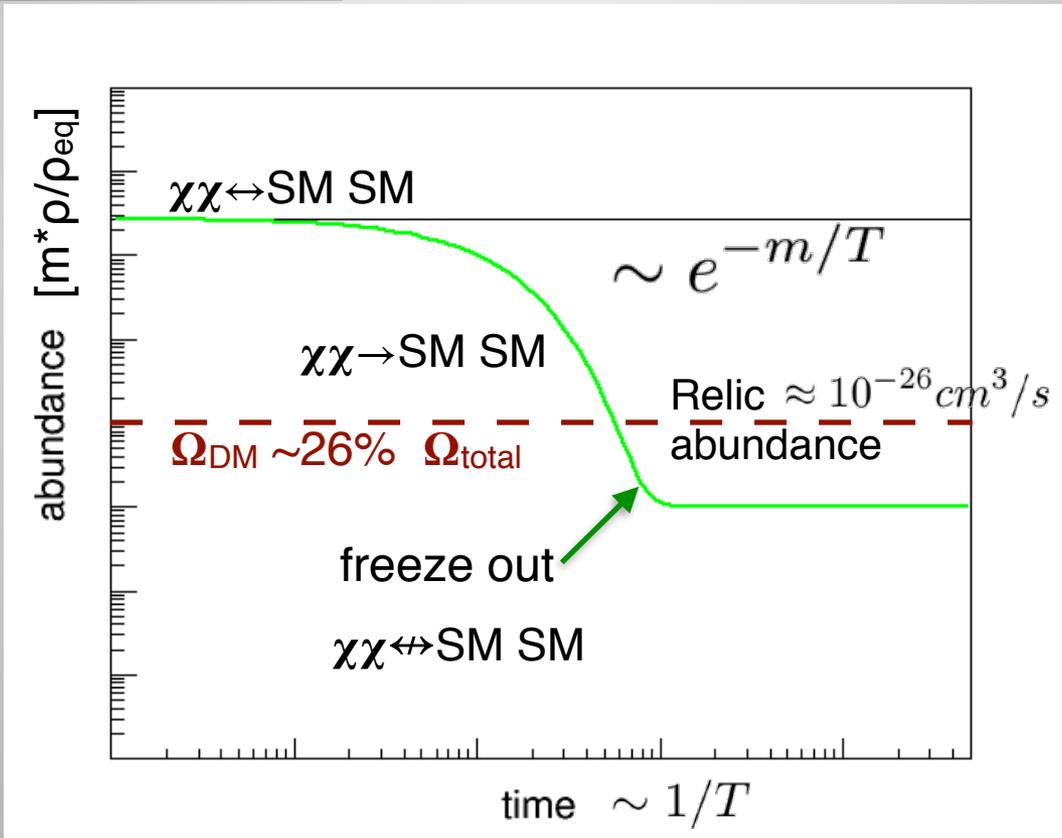
Particle Physics

$$DM = \chi$$

Weak (σ): 10^{-36} cm^2

velocity (v) @
freeze out: 10^5 km/s

Abundance
 $\langle \sigma v \rangle n_{\text{eq}} \sim H$
 $\langle \sigma v \rangle \sim 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$





Portrait of a Candidate

Particle Physics

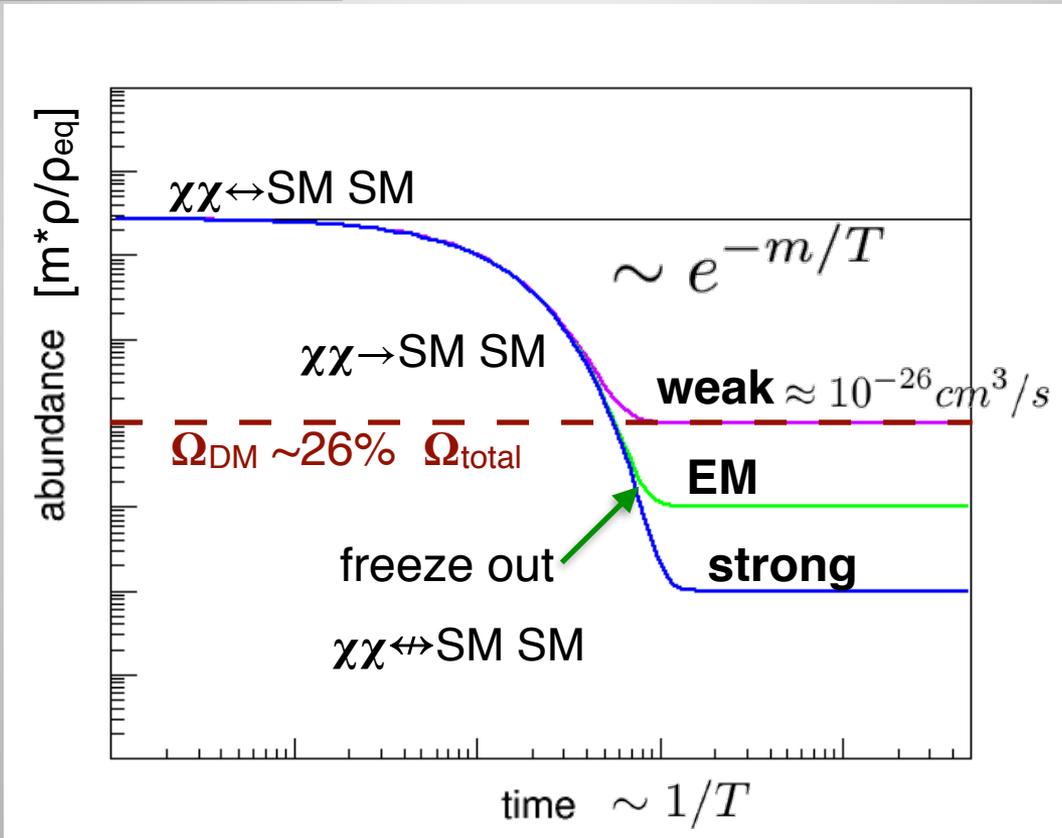
$$DM = \chi$$

Weak (σ): 10^{-36} cm^2

velocity (v) @
freeze out: 10^5 km/s

$\langle \sigma v \rangle \sim 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$

Abundance
 $\langle \sigma v \rangle n_{\text{eq}} \sim H$
 $\langle \sigma v \rangle \sim 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$





Portrait of a Candidate

Particle Physics

$$DM = \chi$$

Abundance

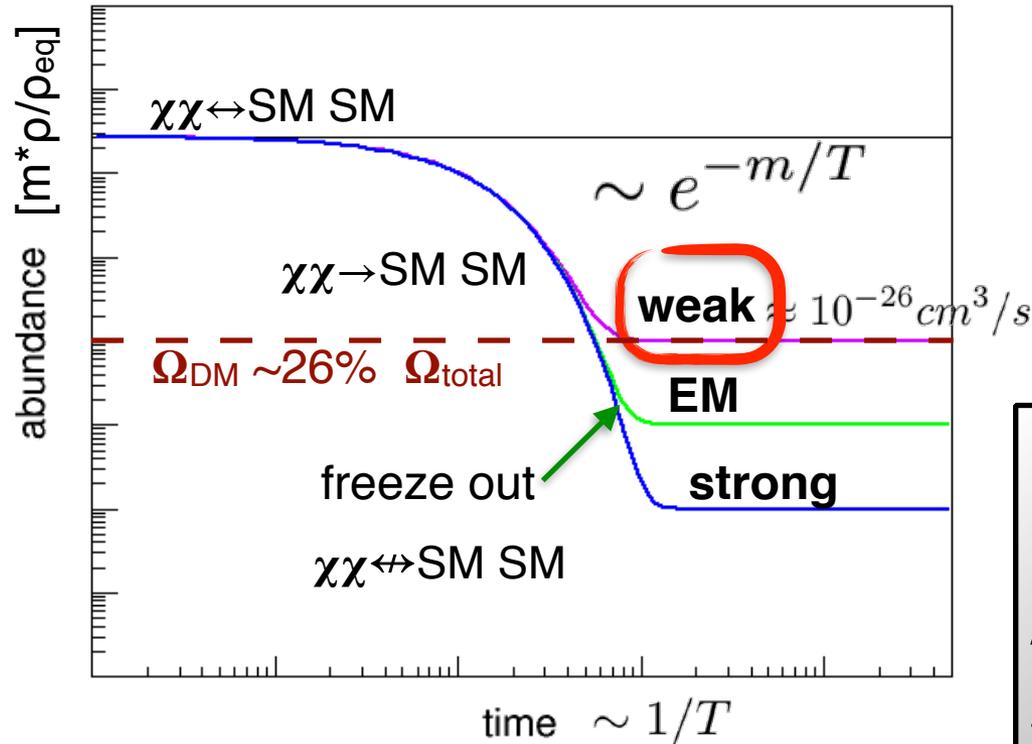
$$\langle \sigma v \rangle n_{eq} \sim H$$

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle \sim 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$

Weak (σ): 10^{-36} cm^2

velocity (v) @
freeze out: 10^5 km/s

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle \sim 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$



**Weakly
Interacting
Massive
Particles**



Portrait of a Candidate

The WIMP Miracle...

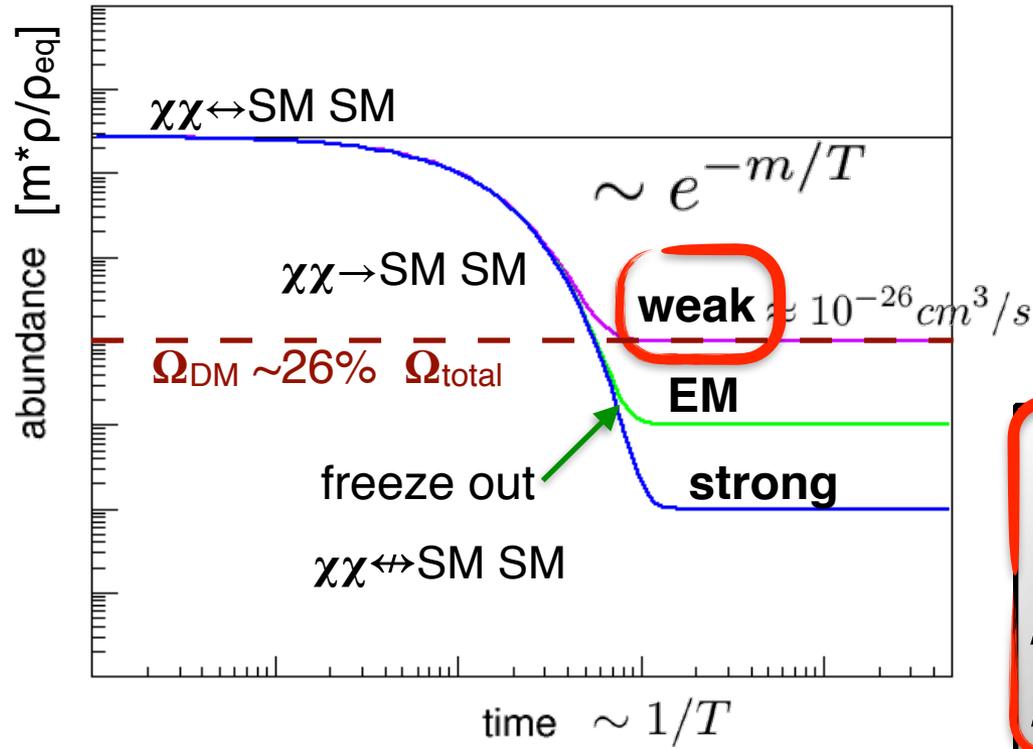
$$DM = \chi$$

Weak (σ): 10^{-36} cm^2

velocity (v) @
freeze out: 10^5 km/s

$\langle \sigma v \rangle \sim 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$

Abundance
 $\langle \sigma v \rangle n_{\text{eq}} \sim H$
 $\langle \sigma v \rangle \sim 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$



**Weakly
Interacting
Massive
Particles**



Portrait of a Candidate

The WIMP Coincidence

$$DM = \chi$$

Abundance

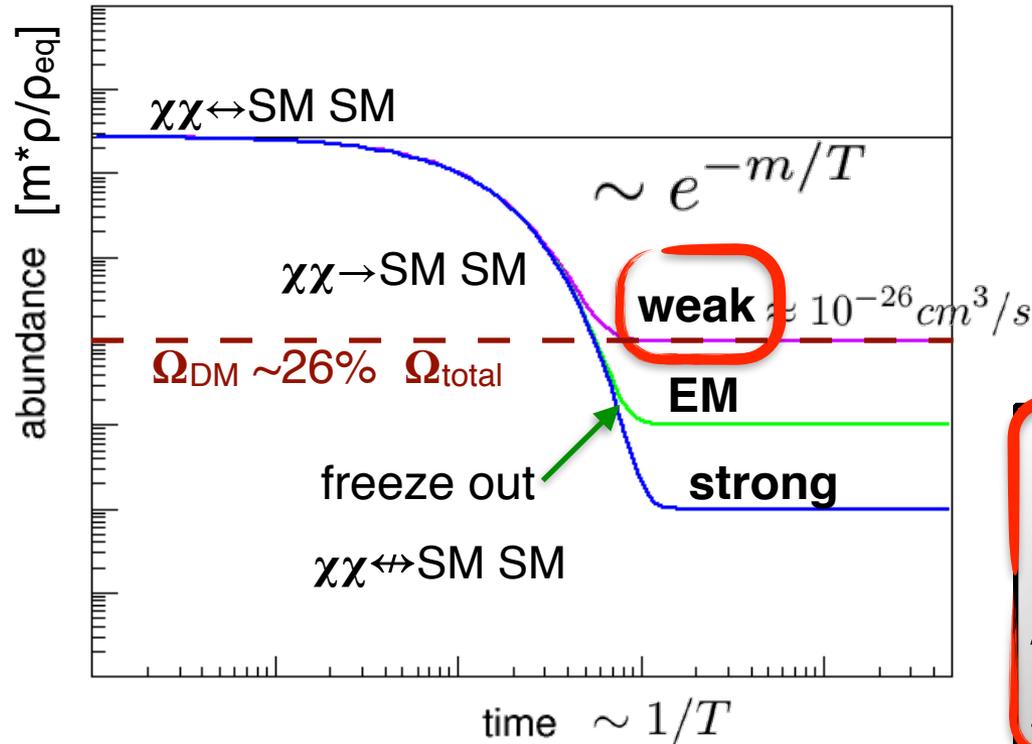
$$\langle \sigma v \rangle n_{eq} \sim H$$

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle \sim 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$

Weak (σ): 10^{-36} cm^2

velocity (v) @
freeze out: 10^5 km/s

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle \sim 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$



**Weakly
Interacting
Massive
Particles**



Portrait of a Candidate

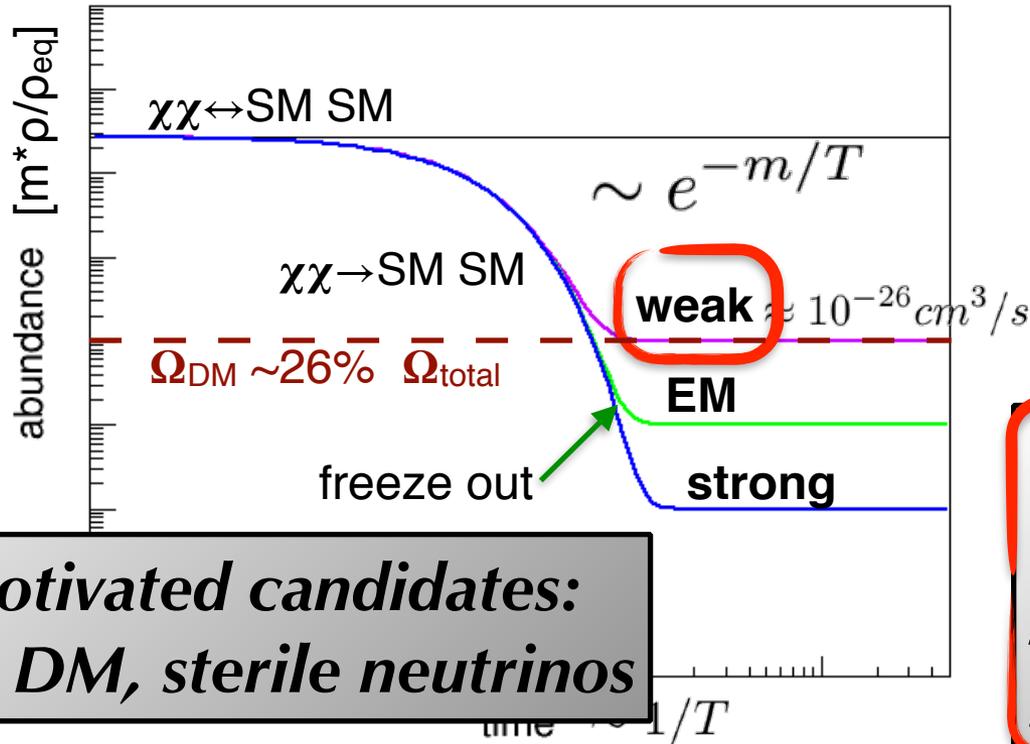
The WIMP Coincidence

$$DM = \chi$$

Abundance

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle n_{eq} \sim H$$

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle \sim 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$



Weak (σ): 10^{-36} cm^2

velocity (v) @
freeze out: 10^5 km/s

$$\langle \sigma v \rangle \sim 10^{-26} \text{ cm}^3/\text{s}$$

**Other well motivated candidates:
axions, asym. DM, sterile neutrinos**

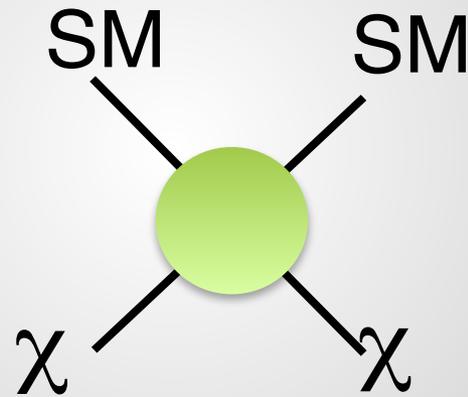
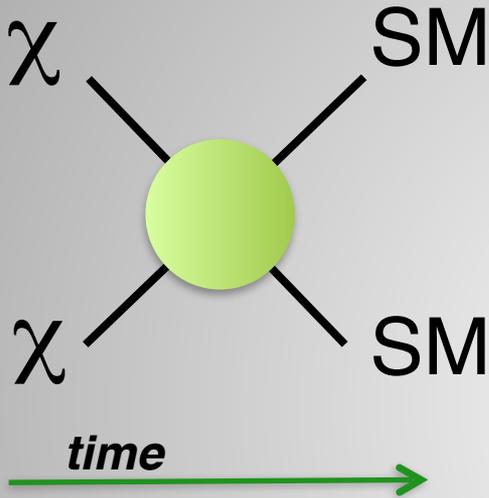
**Weakly
Interacting
Massive
Particles**



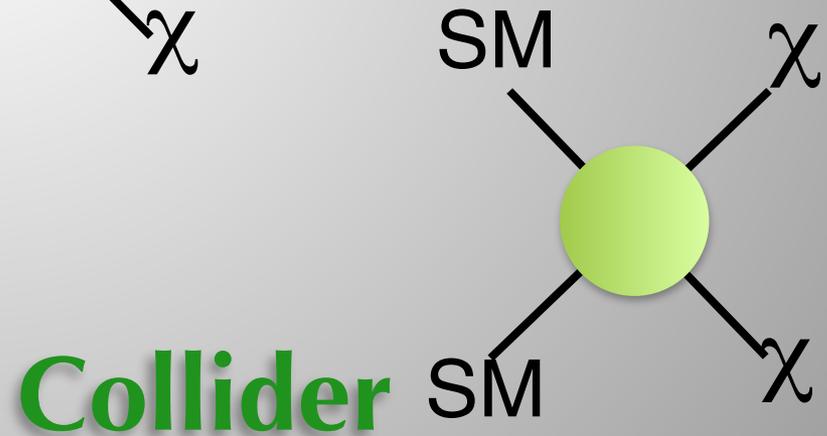
Detecting Particle Dark Matter



Indirect Detection



Direct Detection



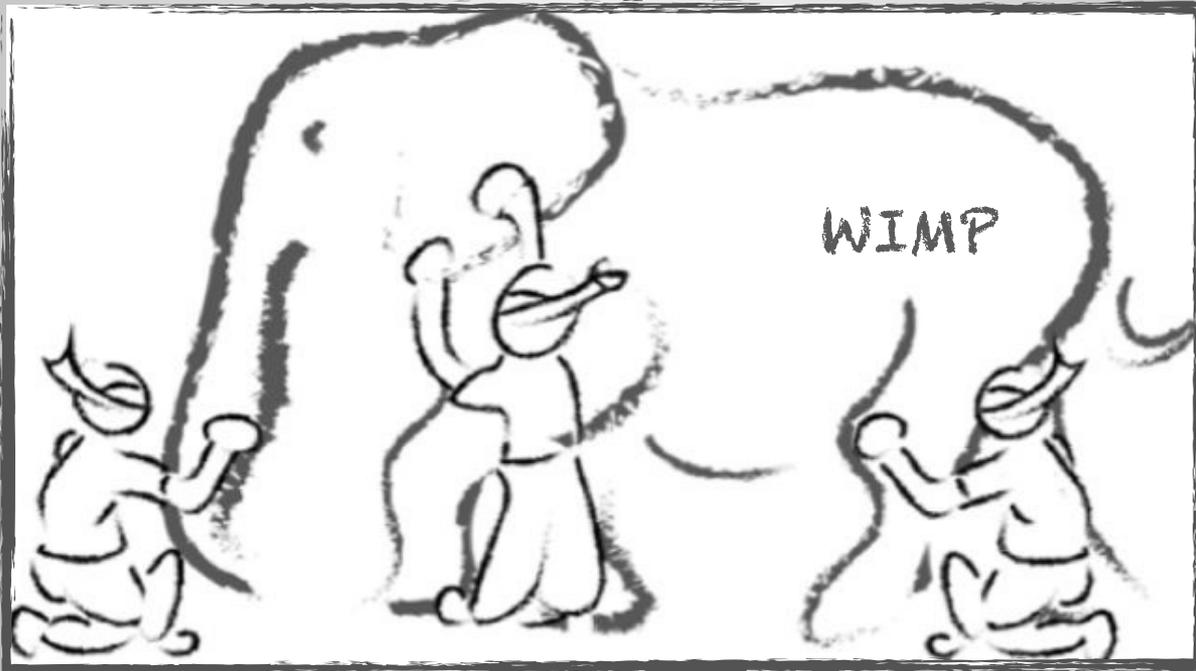
Collider



Detecting the Elephant in the Universe



Indirect Detection

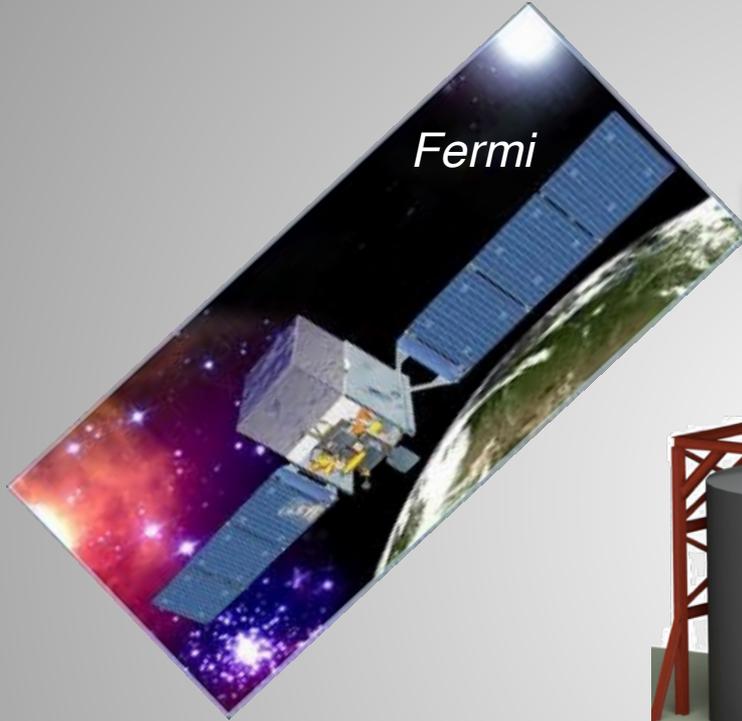


Direct
Detection

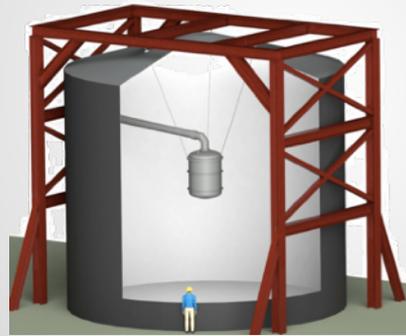
Collider



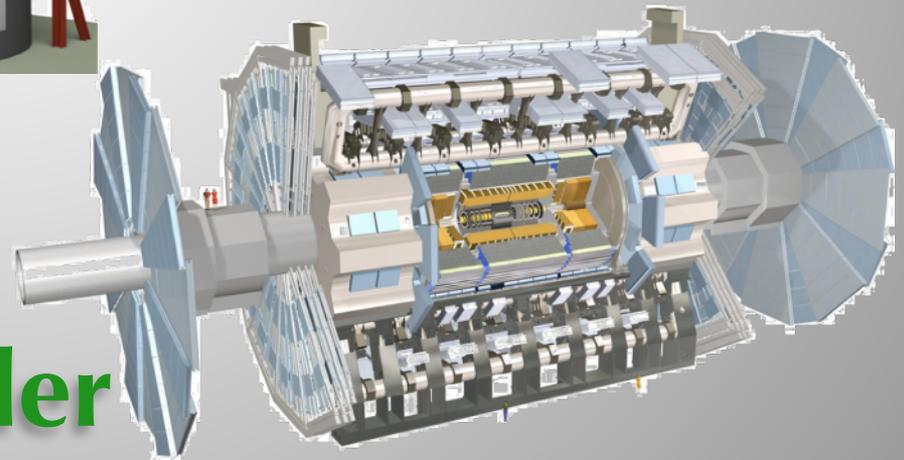
Dark Matter Searches



Indirect Detection



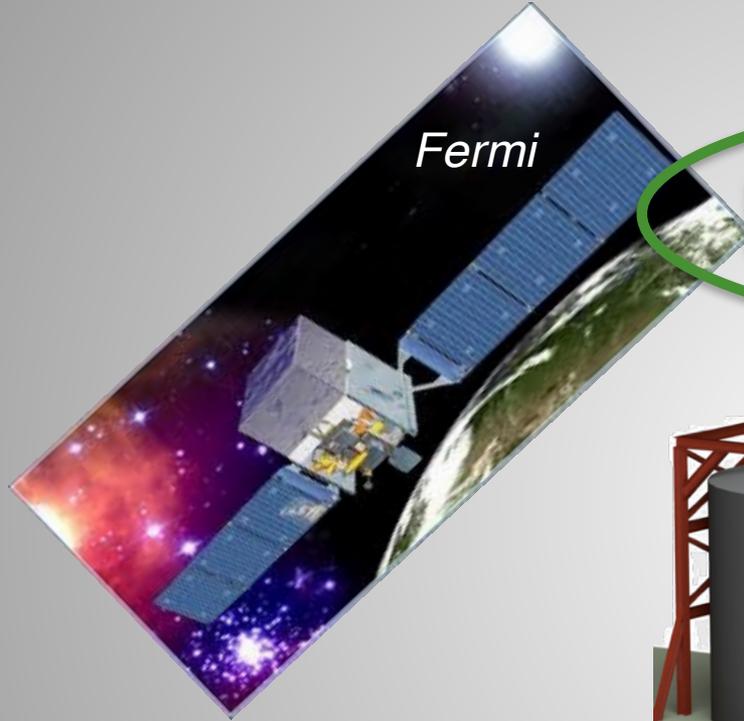
Direct Detection



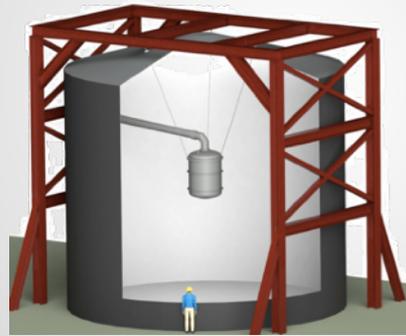
Collider



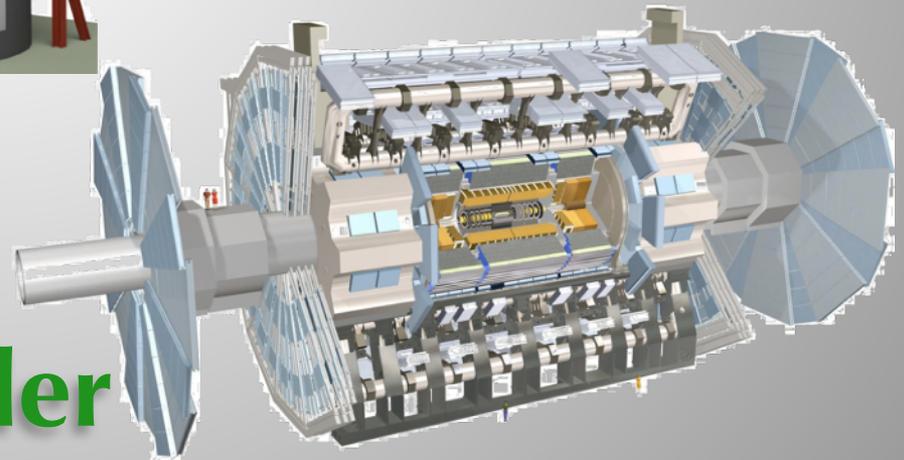
Dark Matter Searches



Indirect Detection



Direct Detection

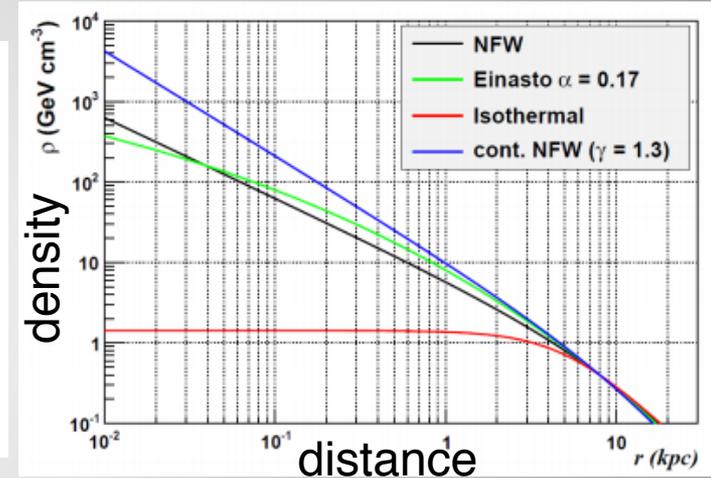
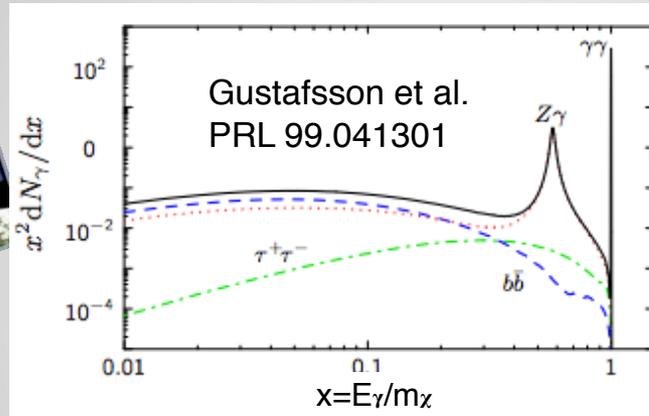


Collider



Indirect Searches: γ -rays

Observed = Particle Properties \times Astrophysics Properties



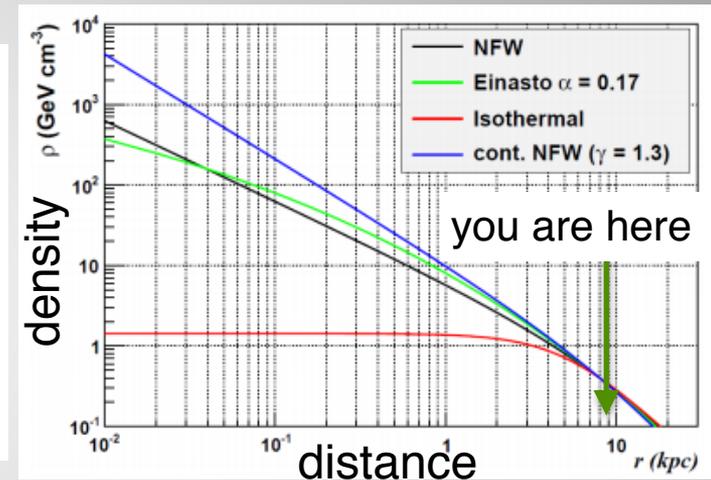
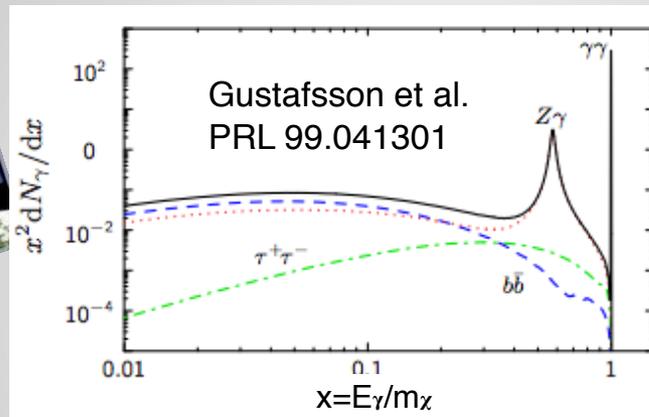
$$\Phi_{\gamma}(E, \psi) = \frac{1}{4\pi} \frac{\langle \sigma_{\chi} v \rangle}{2m_{\chi}^2} N_{\gamma}(E) \times J(\psi)$$

cross section \rightarrow $\langle \sigma_{\chi} v \rangle$
 mass \rightarrow $2m_{\chi}^2$
 photons \rightarrow $N_{\gamma}(E)$
 J-Factor: $\sim \int \rho^2$ (solid angle, line of sight) \rightarrow $J(\psi)$



Indirect Searches: γ -rays

Observed = Particle Properties x Astrophysics Properties



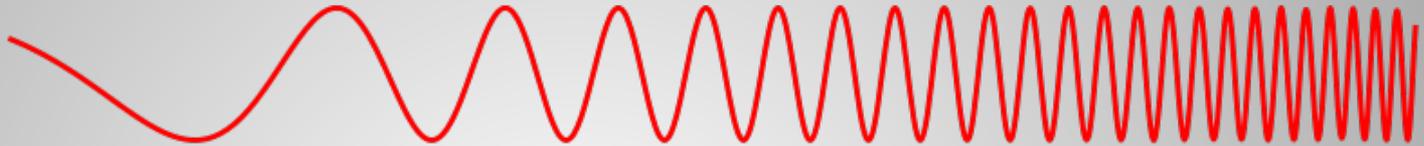
$$\Phi_{\gamma}(E, \psi) = \frac{1}{4\pi} \frac{\langle \sigma_{\chi} v \rangle}{2m_{\chi}^2} N_{\gamma}(E) \times J(\psi)$$

cross section (pointing to $\langle \sigma_{\chi} v \rangle$)
 mass (pointing to $2m_{\chi}^2$)
 photons (pointing to $N_{\gamma}(E)$)
 J-Factor: $\sim \int \rho^2$ (solid angle, line of sight) (pointing to $J(\psi)$)

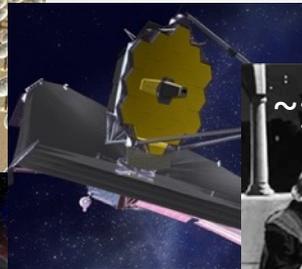
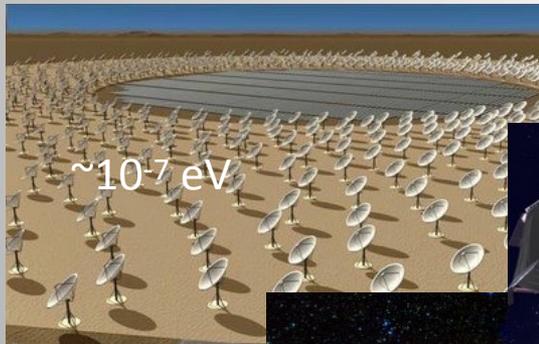


Indirect Searches: γ -rays

Penetrates Earth's Atmosphere?



Radiation Type	Radio	Microwave	Infrared	Visible	Ultraviolet	X-ray	Gamma ray
Wavelength (m)	10^3	10^{-2}	10^{-5}	0.5×10^{-6}	10^{-8}	10^{-10}	10^{-12}
Energy (eV)	10^{-9}	10^{-4}	10^{-1}	1	10^3	10^4	10^6





Fermi Gamma-Ray Space Telescope

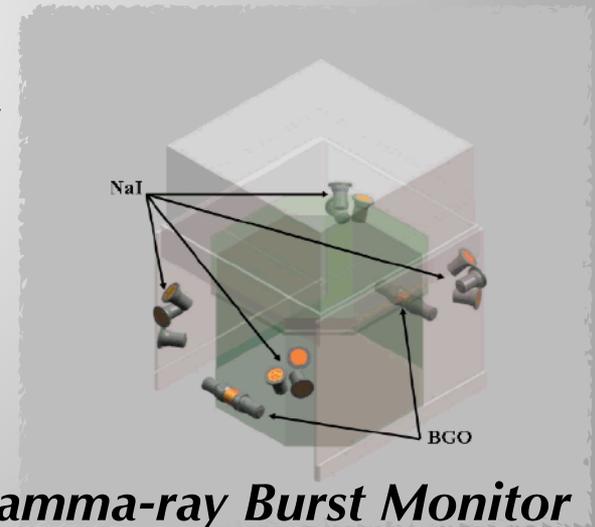


June 11, 2008



Large Area Telescope

20% sky at once
Scans full sky
20 MeV to >300 GeV

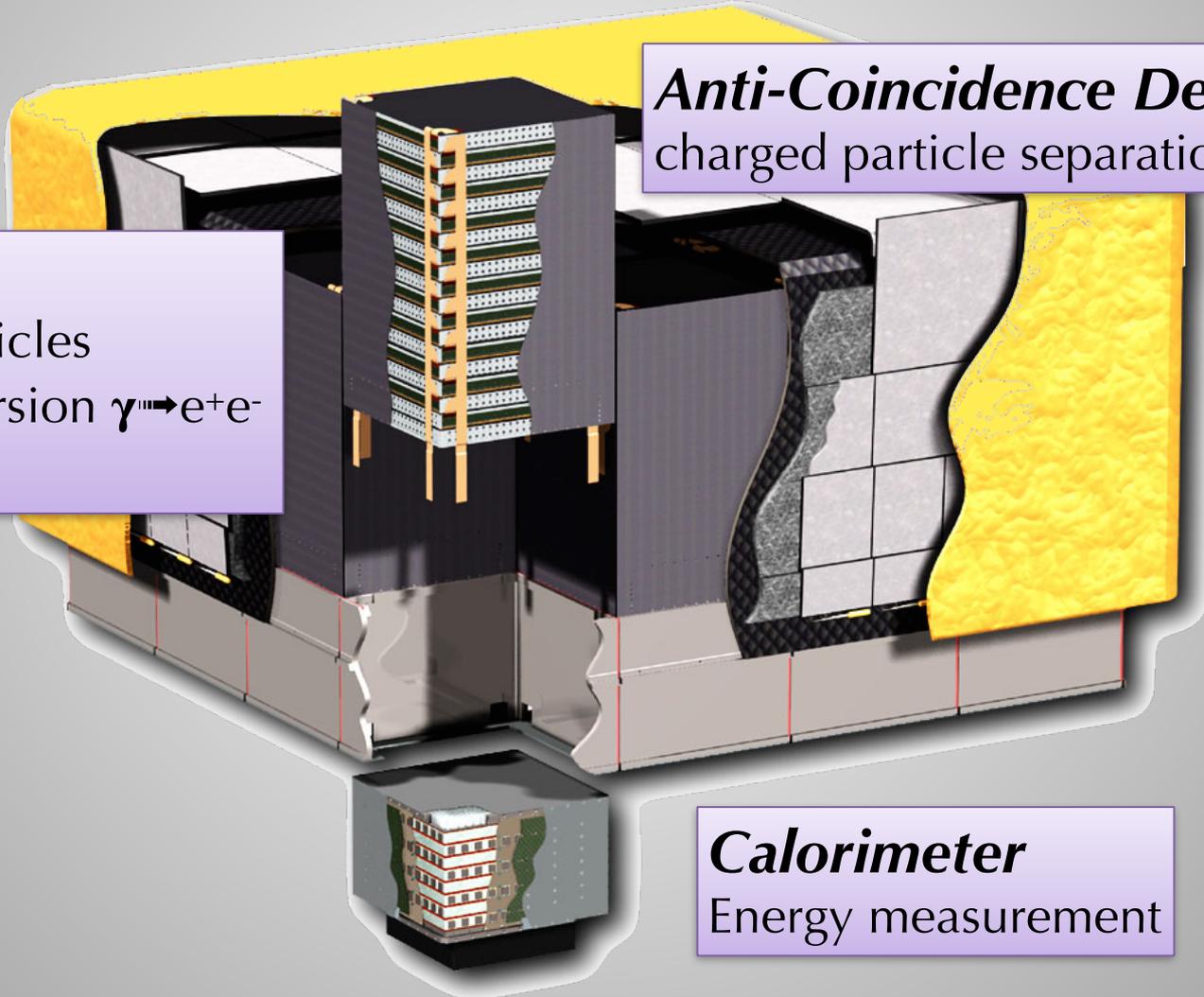


Gamma-ray Burst Monitor

full sky continuous
8 keV to 40 MeV



Fermi Large Area Telescope



Tracker

charged particles
cause conversion $\gamma \rightarrow e^+e^-$
direction

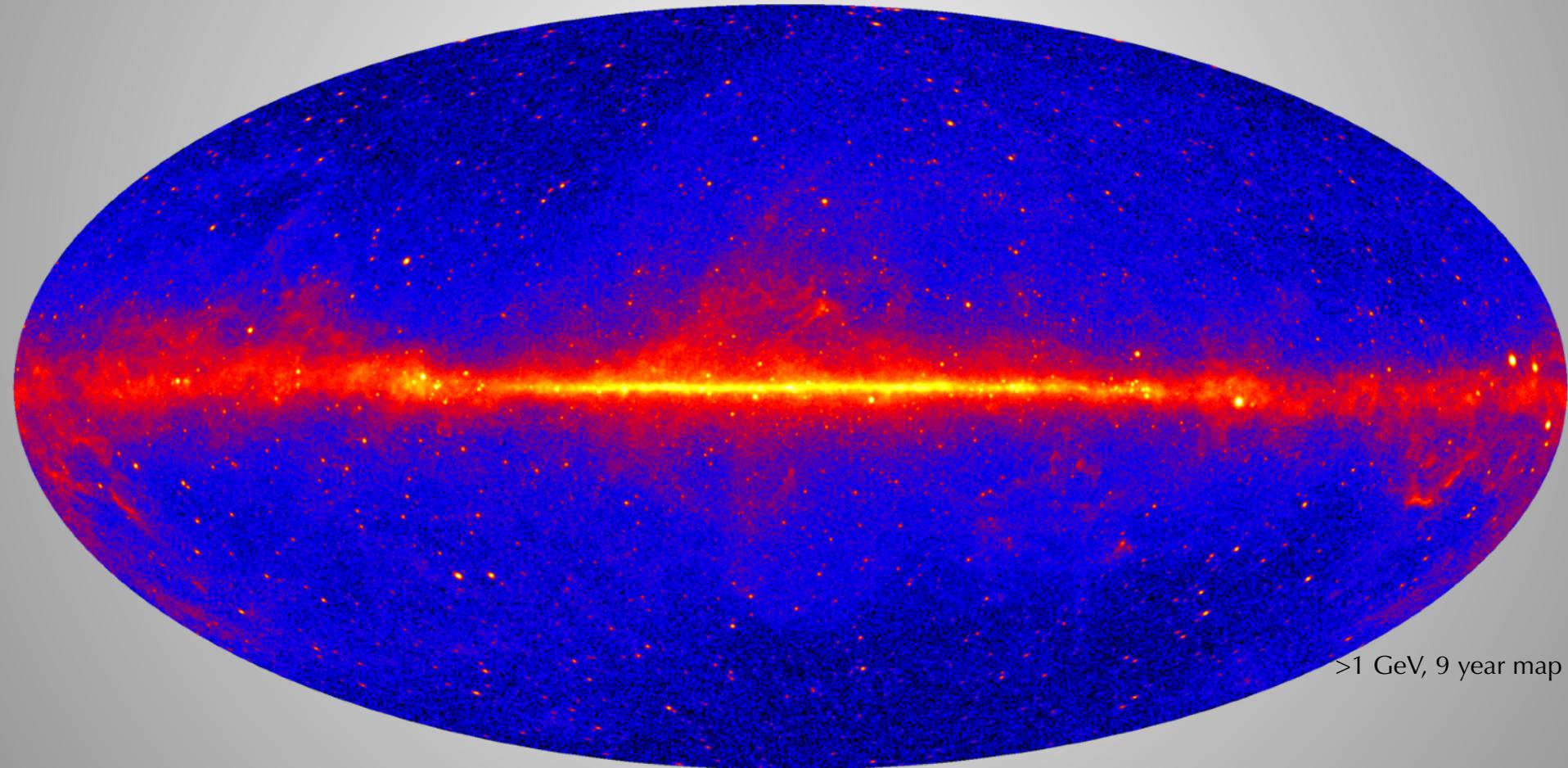
Anti-Coincidence Detector
charged particle separation

Calorimeter

Energy measurement



Fermi-LAT γ -ray sky



>1 GeV, 9 year map



Fermi-LAT γ -ray sky

Extragalactic Sources

Local Sources

Active Galactic Nuclei
+ Starburst Galaxies...

Solar Flares +
Terrestrial Gamma-ray Flashes

+ Supernova Remnants
+ Pulsar Wind Nebulae
+ Globular Clusters
+ ...

Pulsars

>5000 sources

>1 GeV, 9 year map

Galactic Sources



Fermi-LAT γ -ray sky

Extragalactic Sources

Local Sources

Active Galactic Nuclei
+ Starburst Galaxies...

Solar Flares +
Terrestrial Gamma-ray Flashes

+ Supernova Remnants
+ Pulsar Wind Nebulae
+ Globular Clusters
+ ...

Pulsars

>5000 sources

>1 GeV, 9 year map

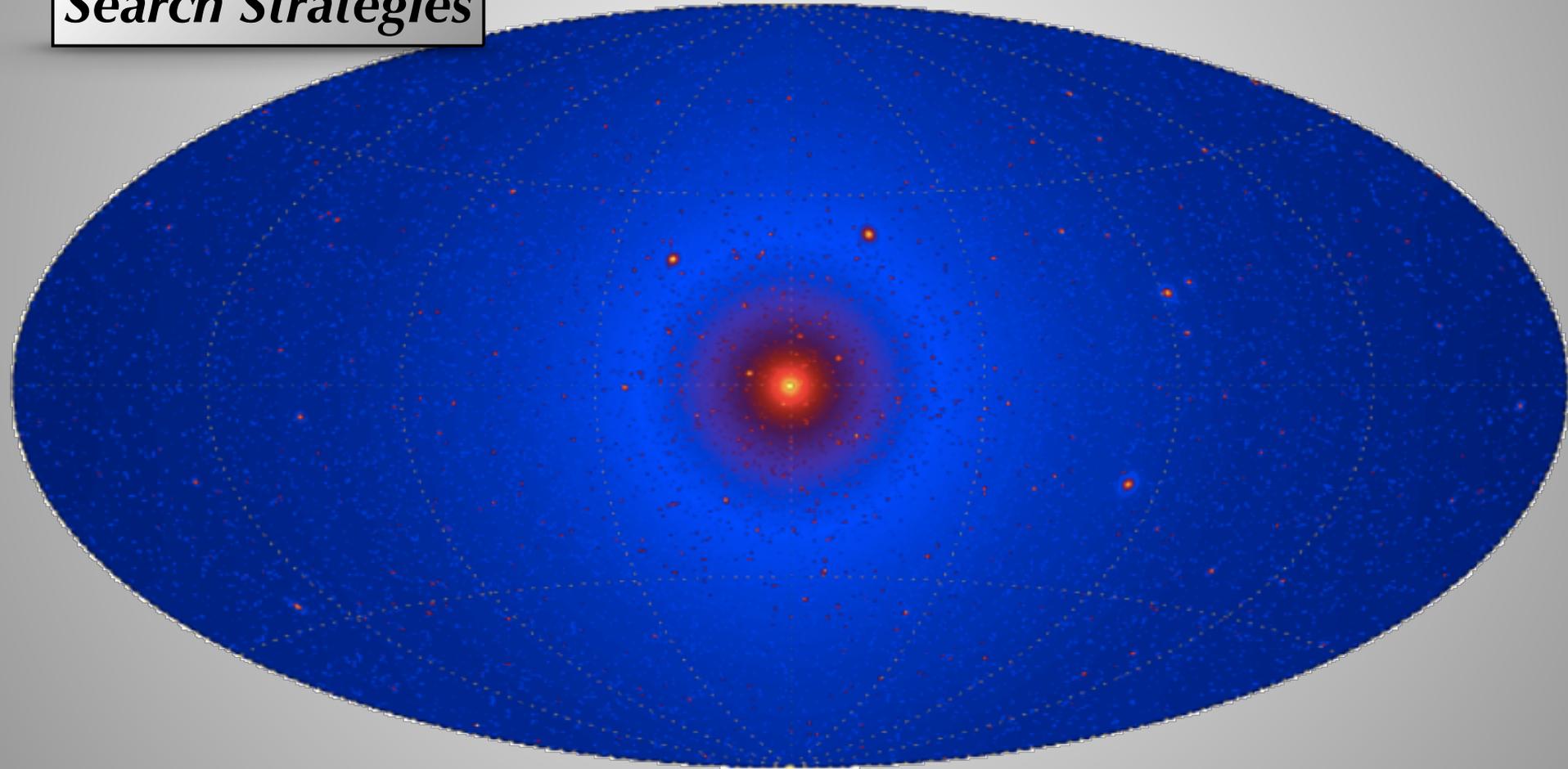
Galactic Sources

Exotic and Transient Astrophysics



Model of Dark Matter Distribution

Search Strategies



L. Pieri et al., PRD83:023518,2011

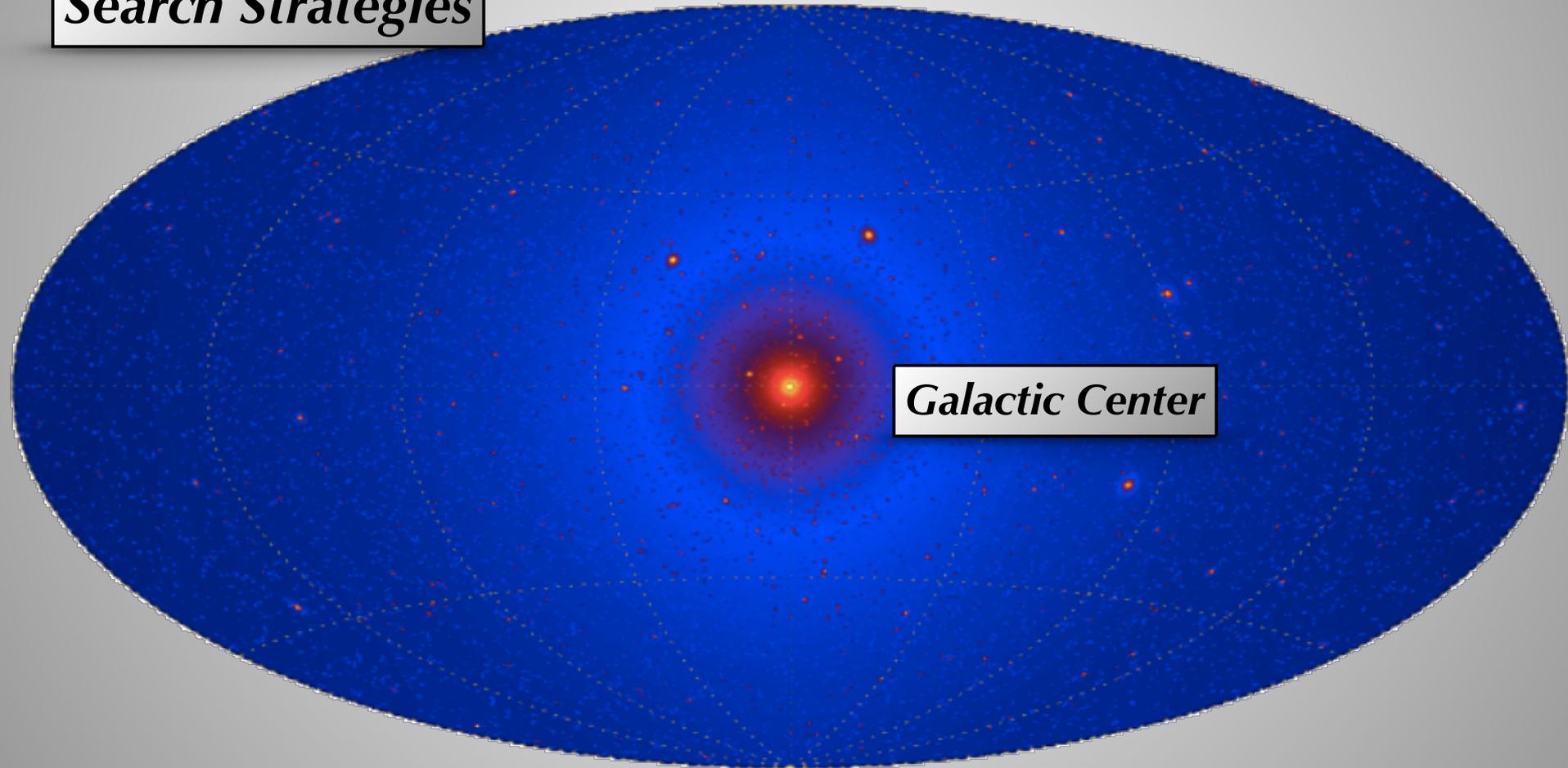
R. Caputo, UMD/NASA/GSFC | GEMMA 2018



Model of Dark Matter Distribution

Search Strategies

Galactic Center





Galaxies shine in γ rays

Active Galactic Nucleus

accretion onto supermassive black hole

Population of particle accelerators

pulsars, supernova remnants, ...

Interstellar Medium

cosmic rays interacting with gas and photons

Dark matter

particle annihilation/decay into gamma rays



Galaxies shine in γ rays

~~Active Galactic Nucleus~~

accretion onto supermassive black hole

Population of 
particle accelerators

pulsars, supernova remnants, ...

Interstellar Medium 

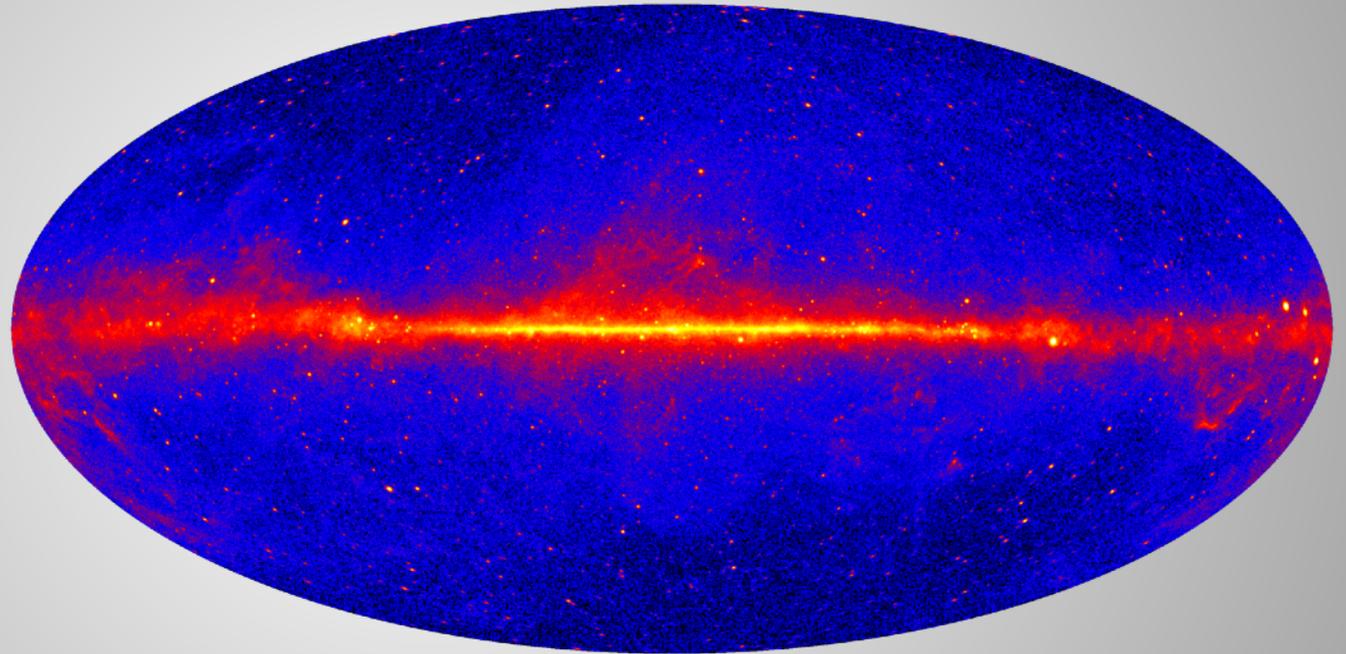
cosmic rays interacting with gas and photons

Dark matter 

particle annihilation/decay into gamma rays

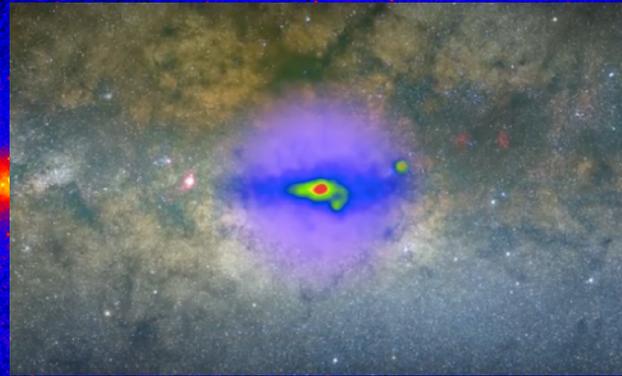
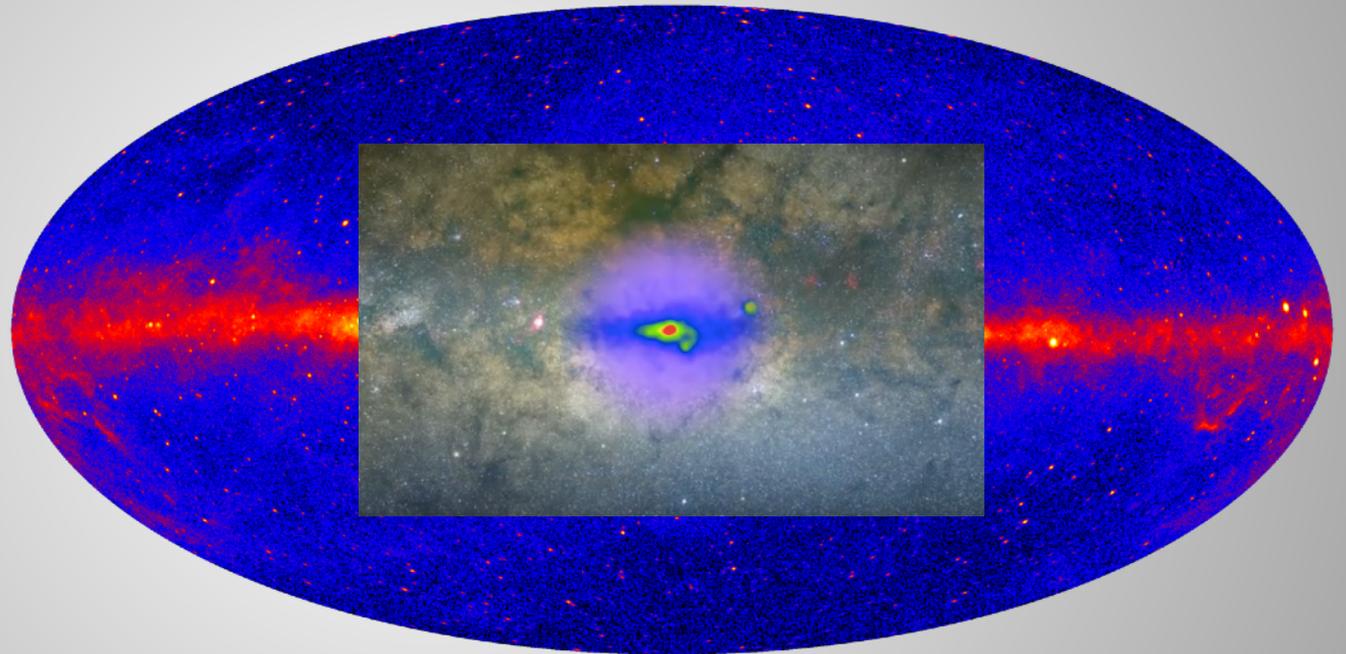


γ rays @ Galactic Center



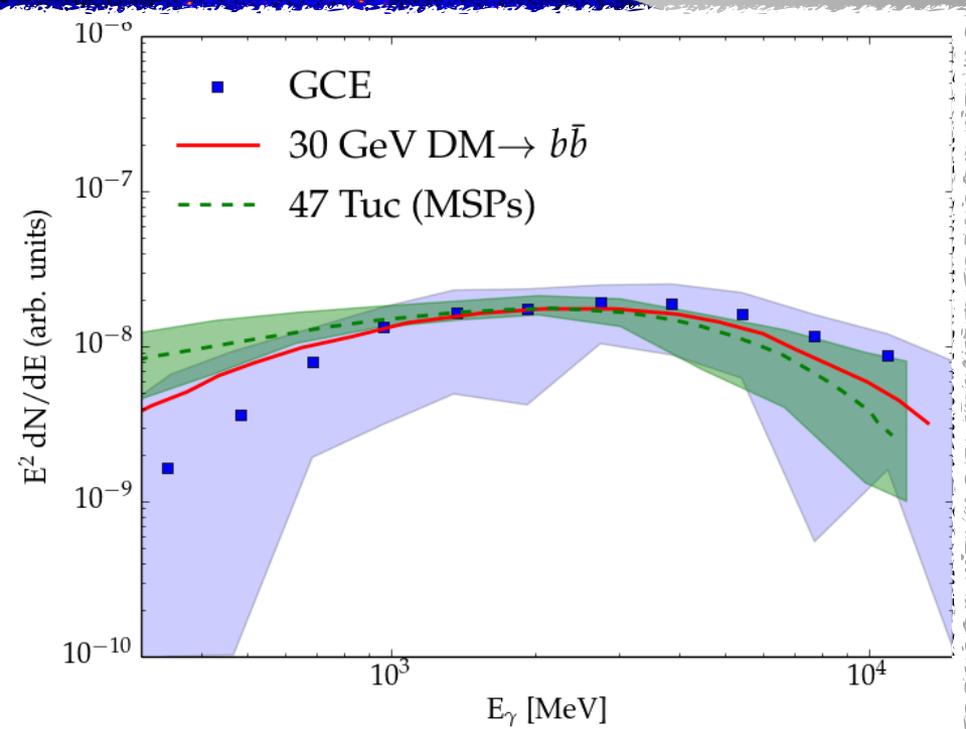
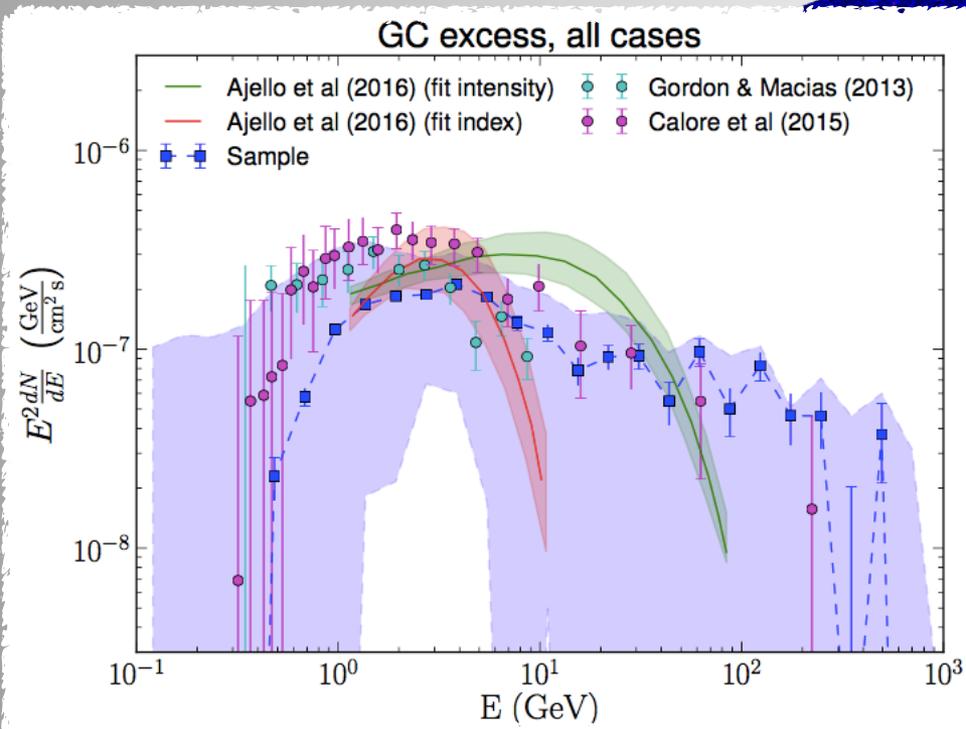
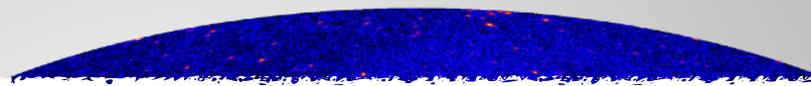


γ rays @ Galactic Center





γ rays @ Galactic Center



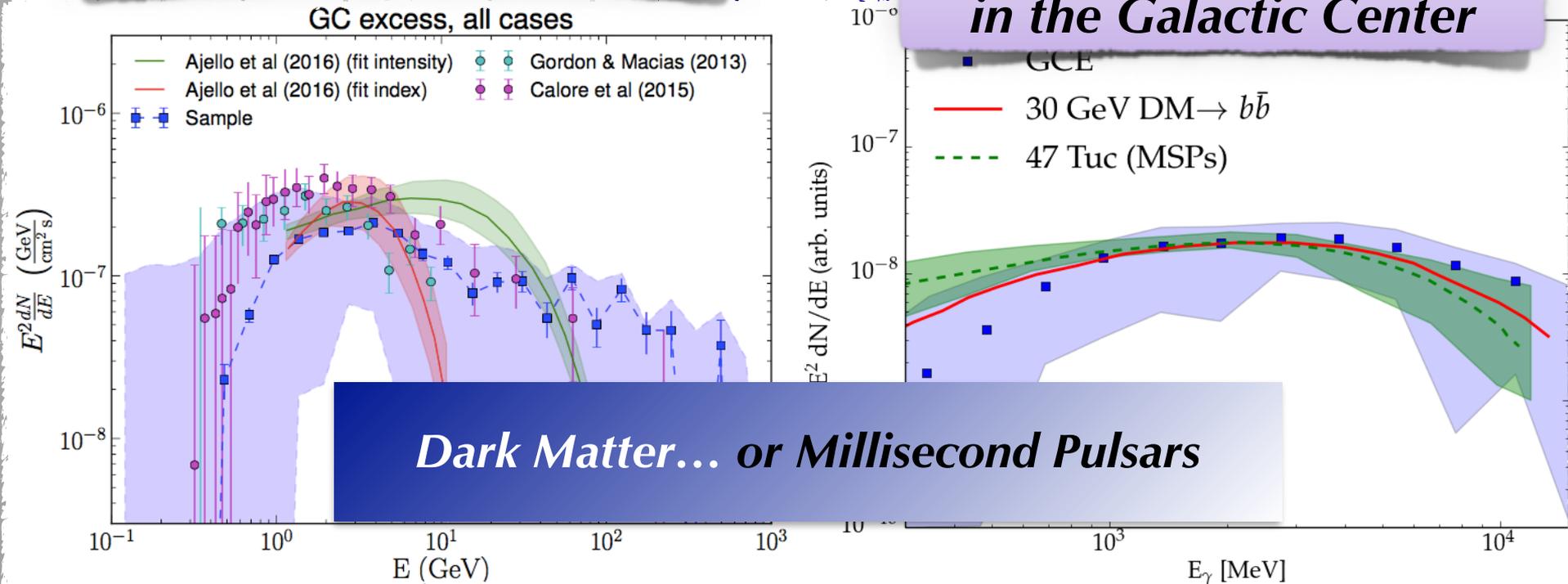
Ackermann et al., ApJ 2017



γ rays @ Galactic Center

Consistent with Thermal Relic cross sections

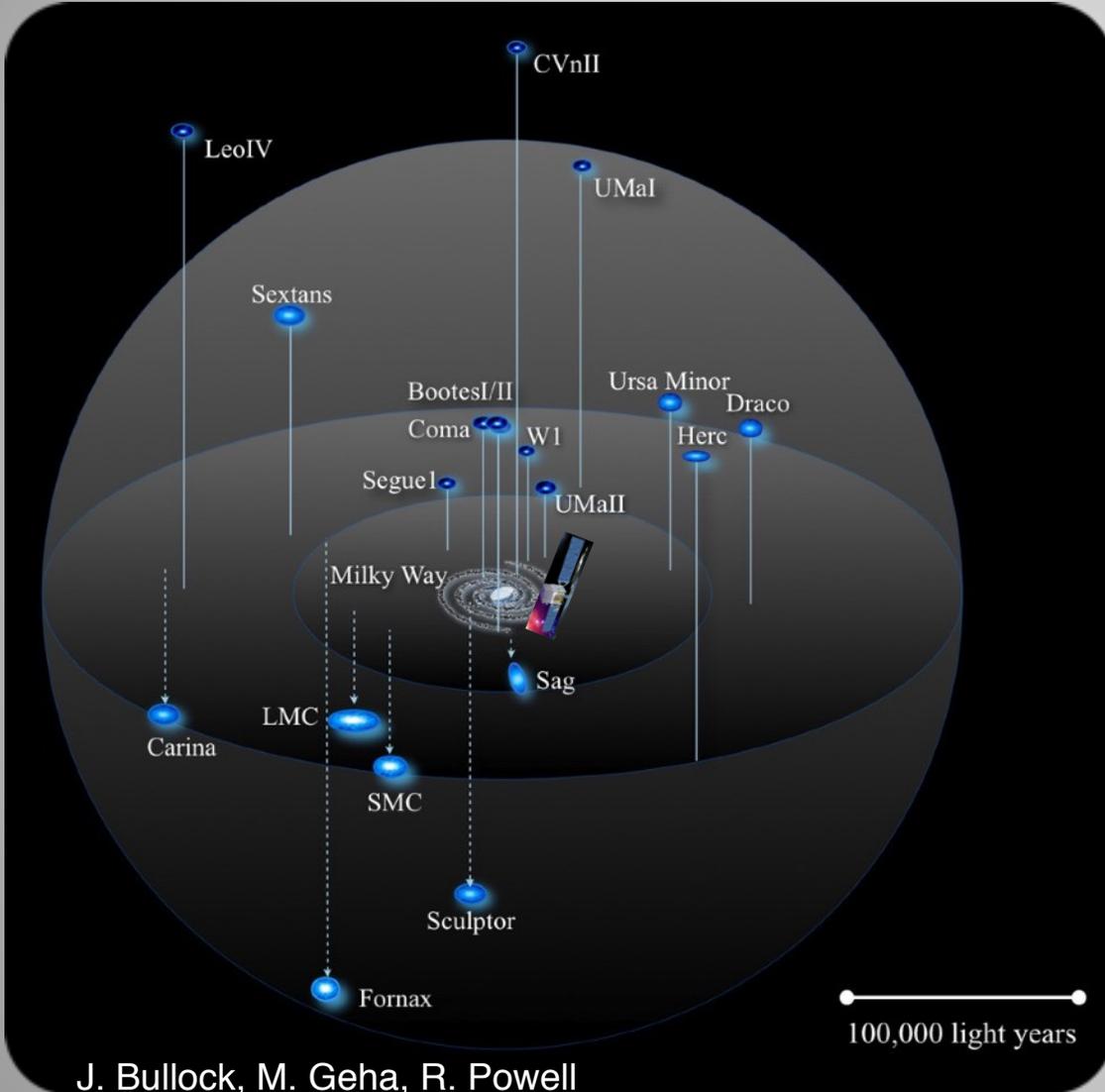
Current radio campaigns to identify pulsars in the Galactic Center



Ackermann et al., ApJ 2017



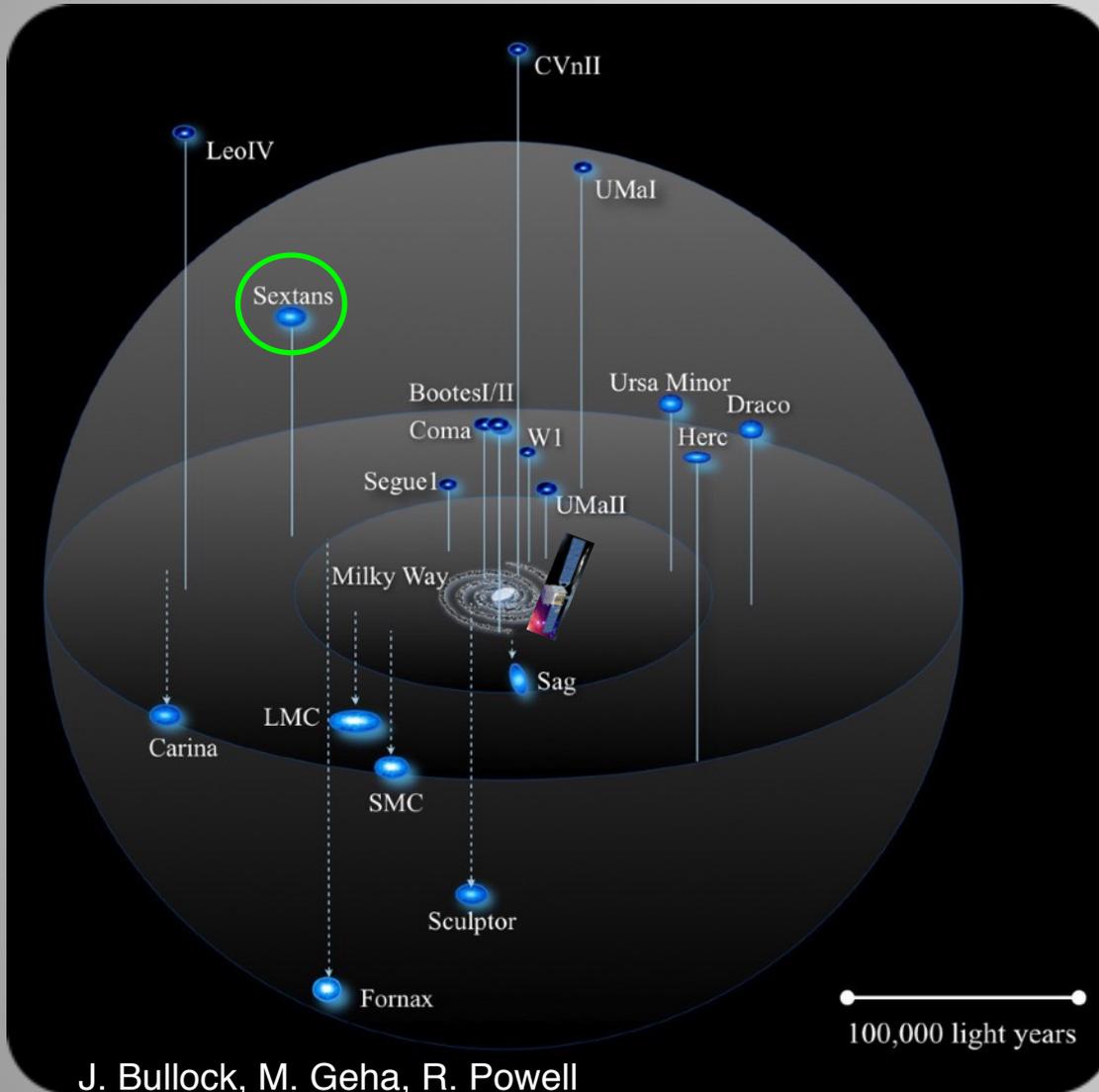
Dwarf Spheroidal Galaxies



J. Bullock, M. Geha, R. Powell

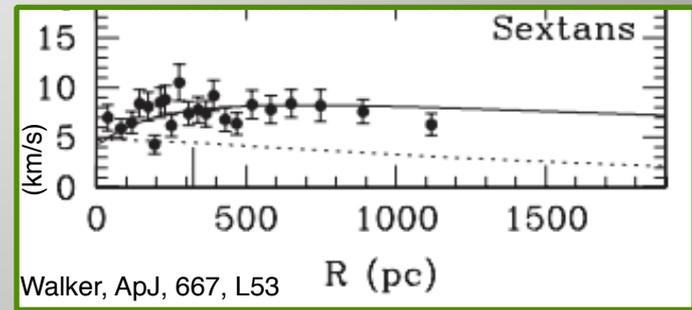


Dwarf Spheroidal Galaxies



lower backgrounds but...
lower signal

**High Dark Matter to
Baryonic Matter Ratio**



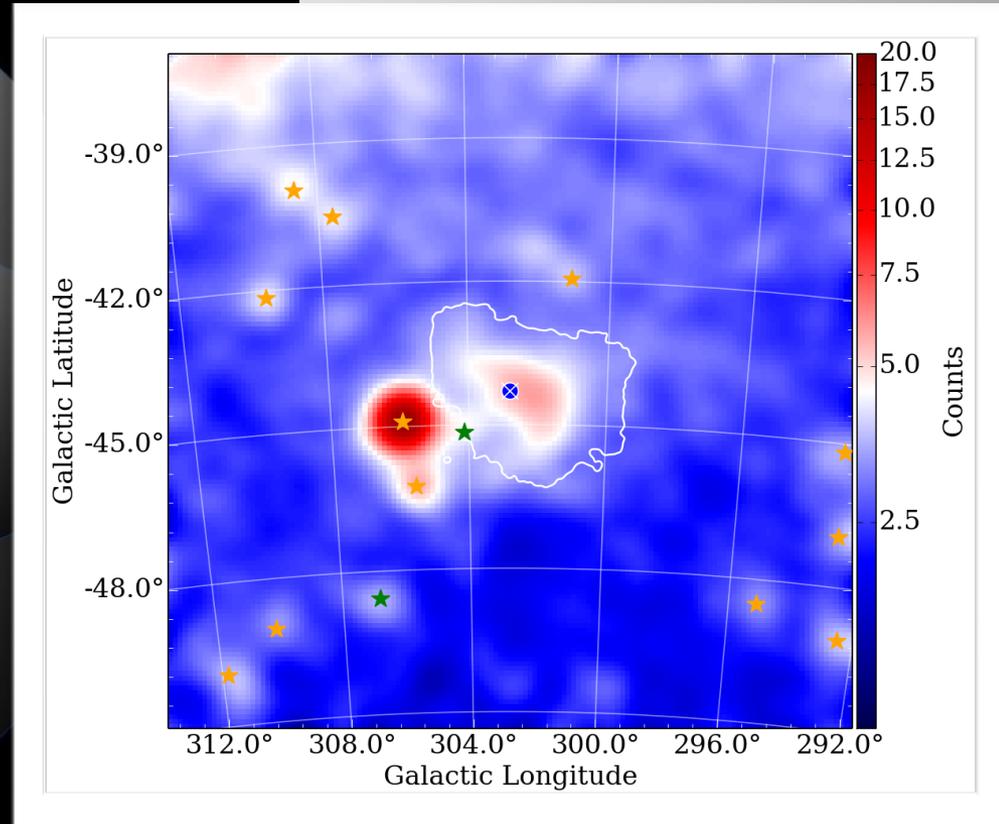
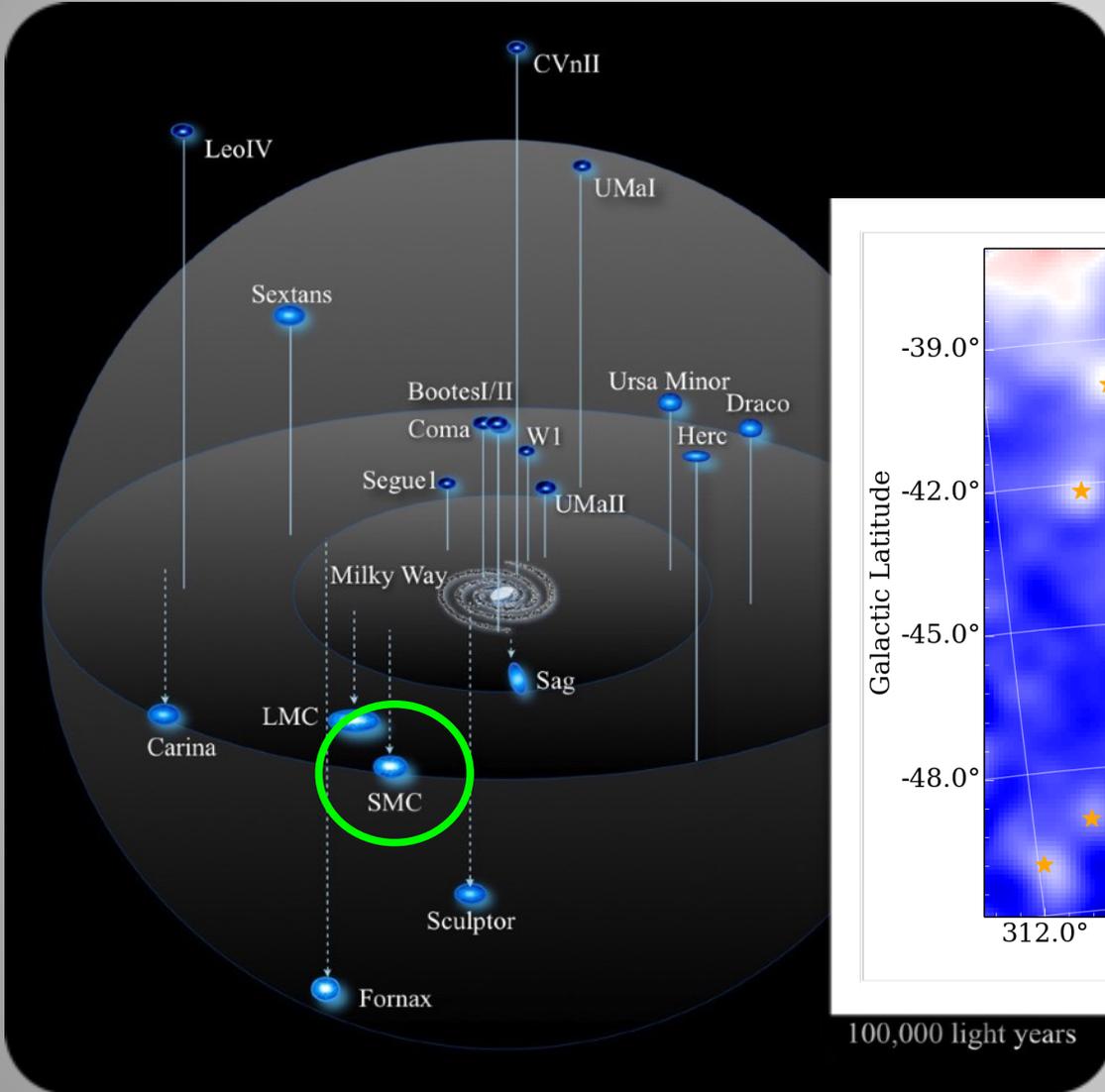
Walker, ApJ, 667, L53

R (pc)

J. Bullock, M. Geha, R. Powell



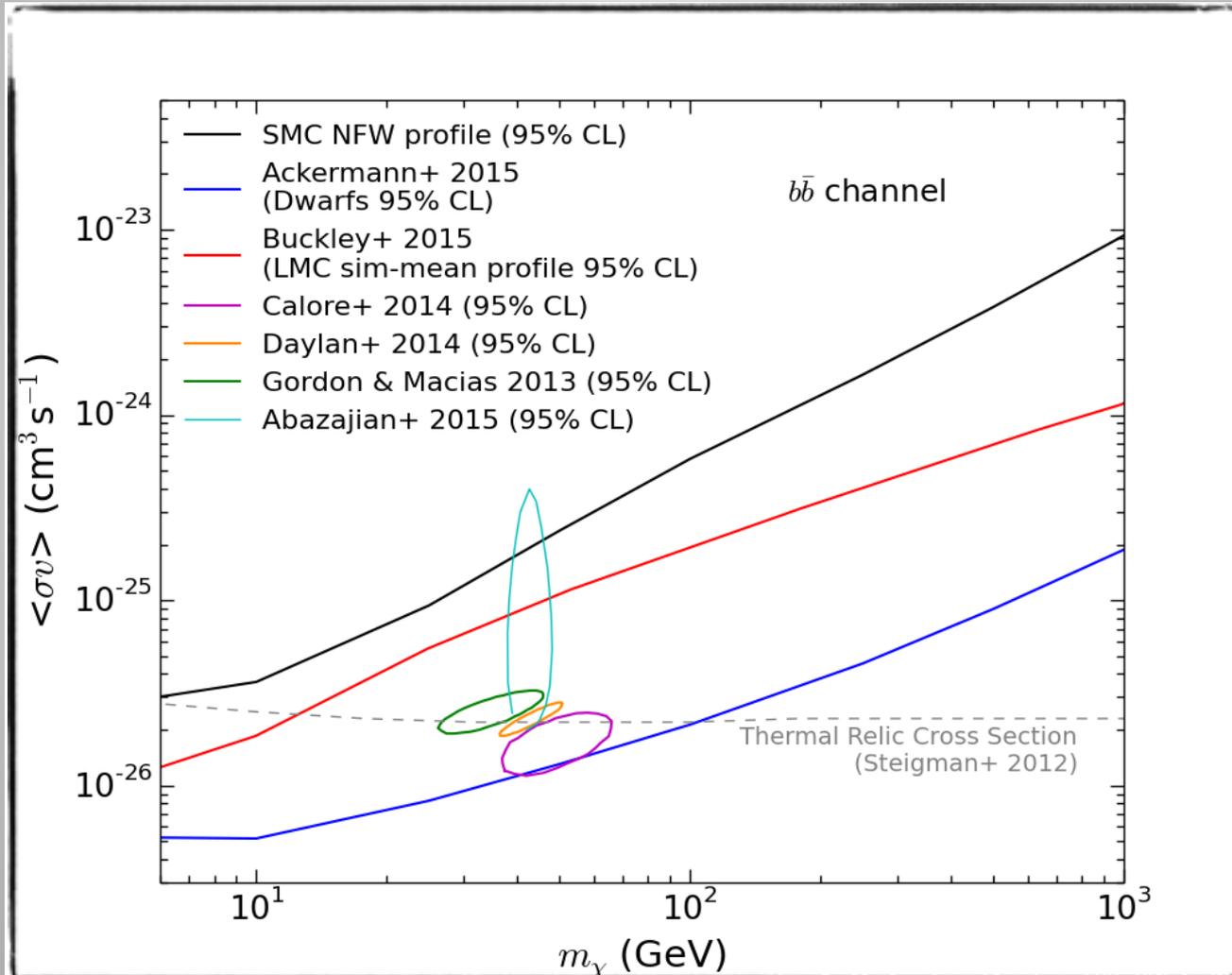
Star Forming Galaxies



100,000 light years

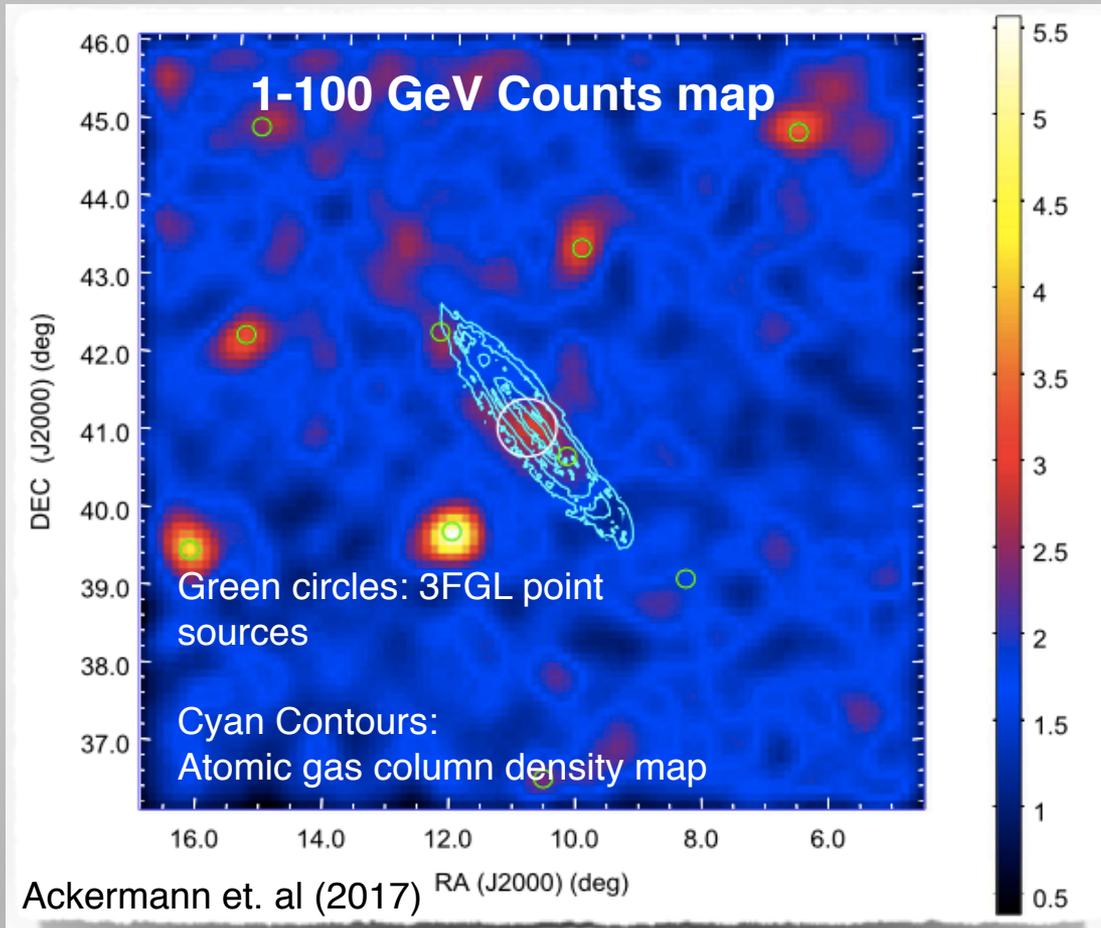


Searching in Dwarf Galaxies



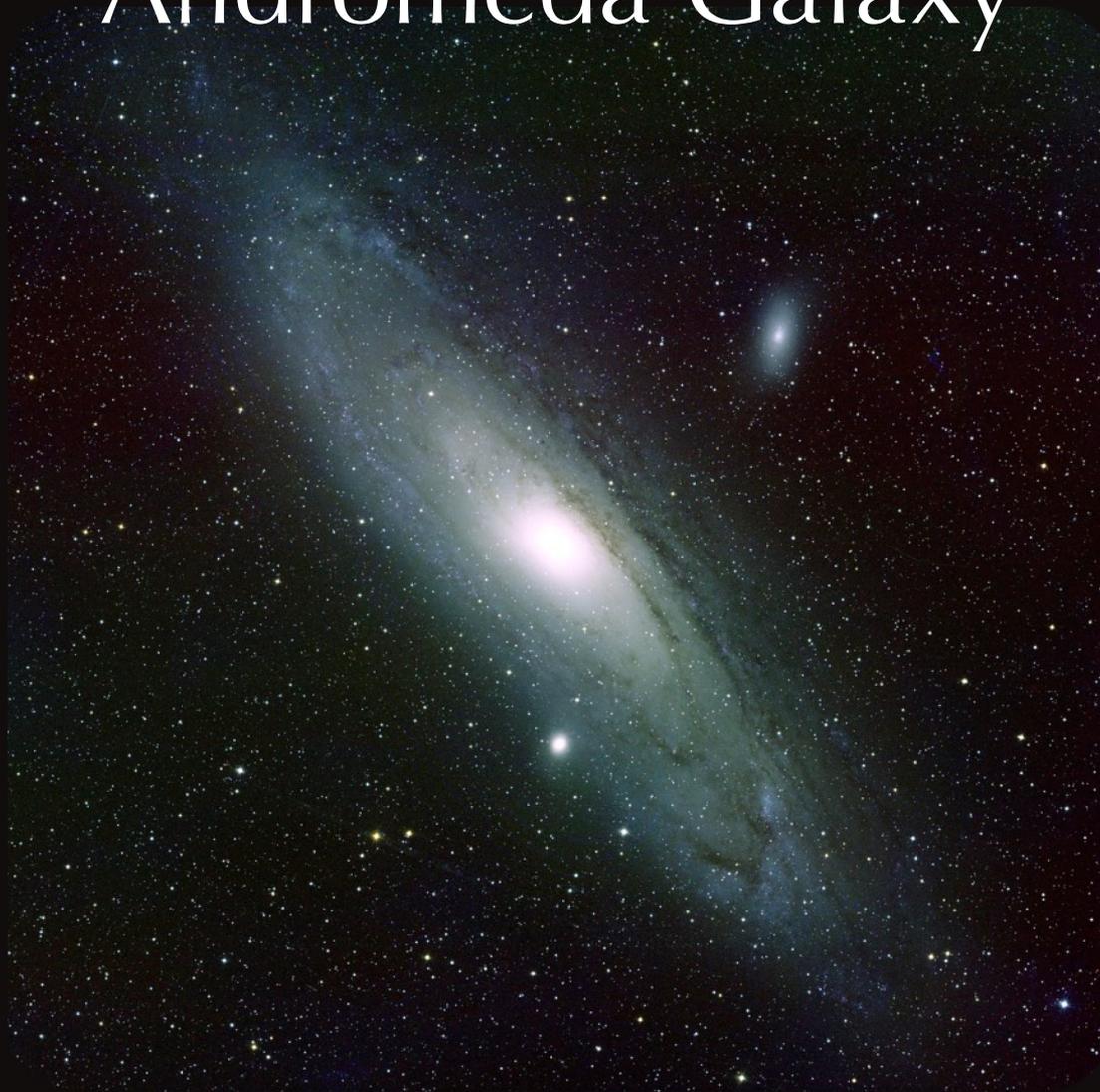


γ -ray emission in the Andromeda Galaxy





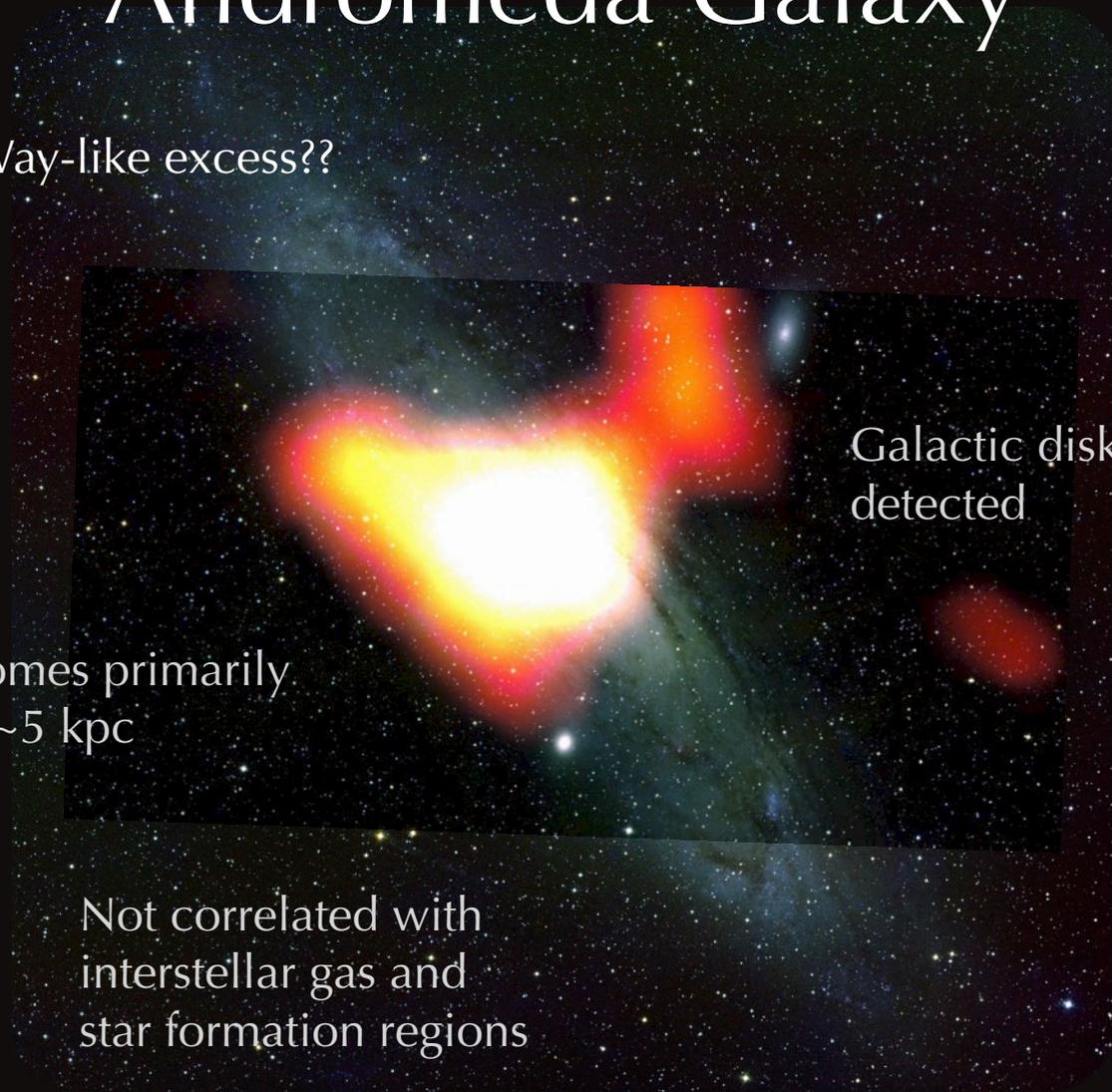
γ -ray emission in the Andromeda Galaxy





γ -ray emission in the Andromeda Galaxy

Another Milky Way-like excess??



Galactic disk not detected

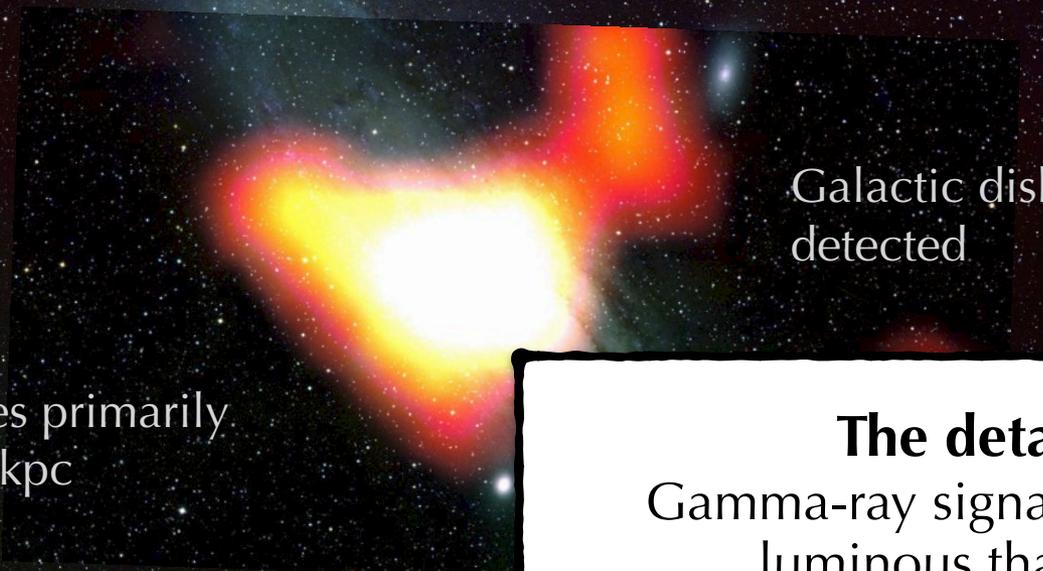
Emission comes primarily from inner ~5 kpc

Not correlated with interstellar gas and star formation regions



γ -ray emission in the Andromeda Galaxy

Another Milky Way-like excess??



Galactic disk not detected

Emission comes primarily from inner ~ 5 kpc

Not correlated with interstellar gas and star formation regions

The details:

Gamma-ray signal 4-5x more luminous than GCE

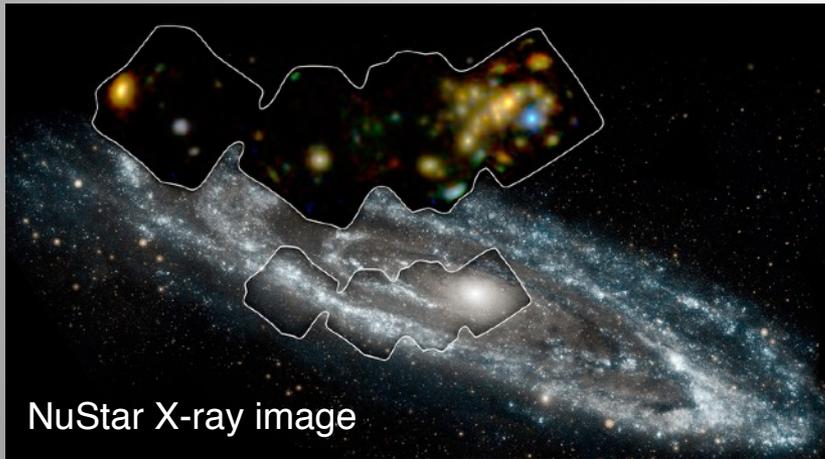
10x lower star formation rate and 5-6x more massive bulge than MW



γ rays@M31: Interpretations

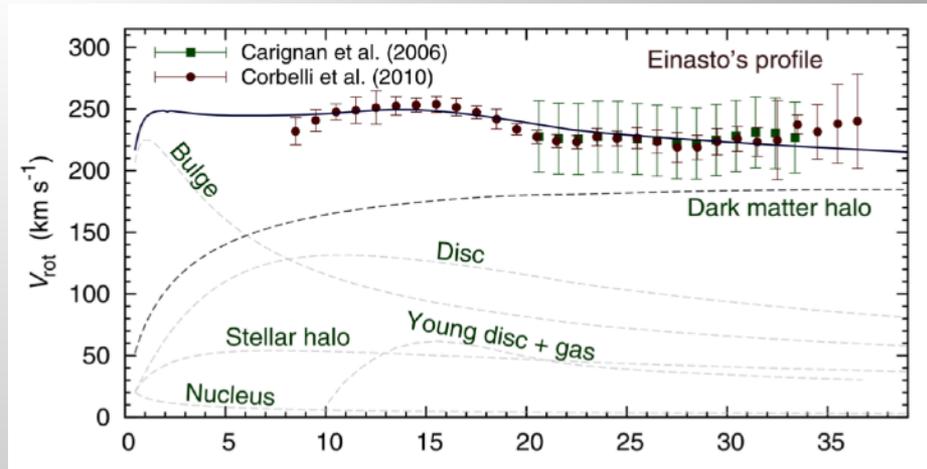
Old stellar populations: Low-mass X-ray binaries and MSPs... found in the inner regions of M31 (*reminiscent of the GCE*)

Consistent with DM from GCE?



NuStar X-ray image

<https://www.jpl.nasa.gov/news/news.php?feature=4811>



J-factors:

Tamm et al. (2012)

Milky Way: $2 \times 10^{22} \text{ GeV}^2/\text{cm}^5$

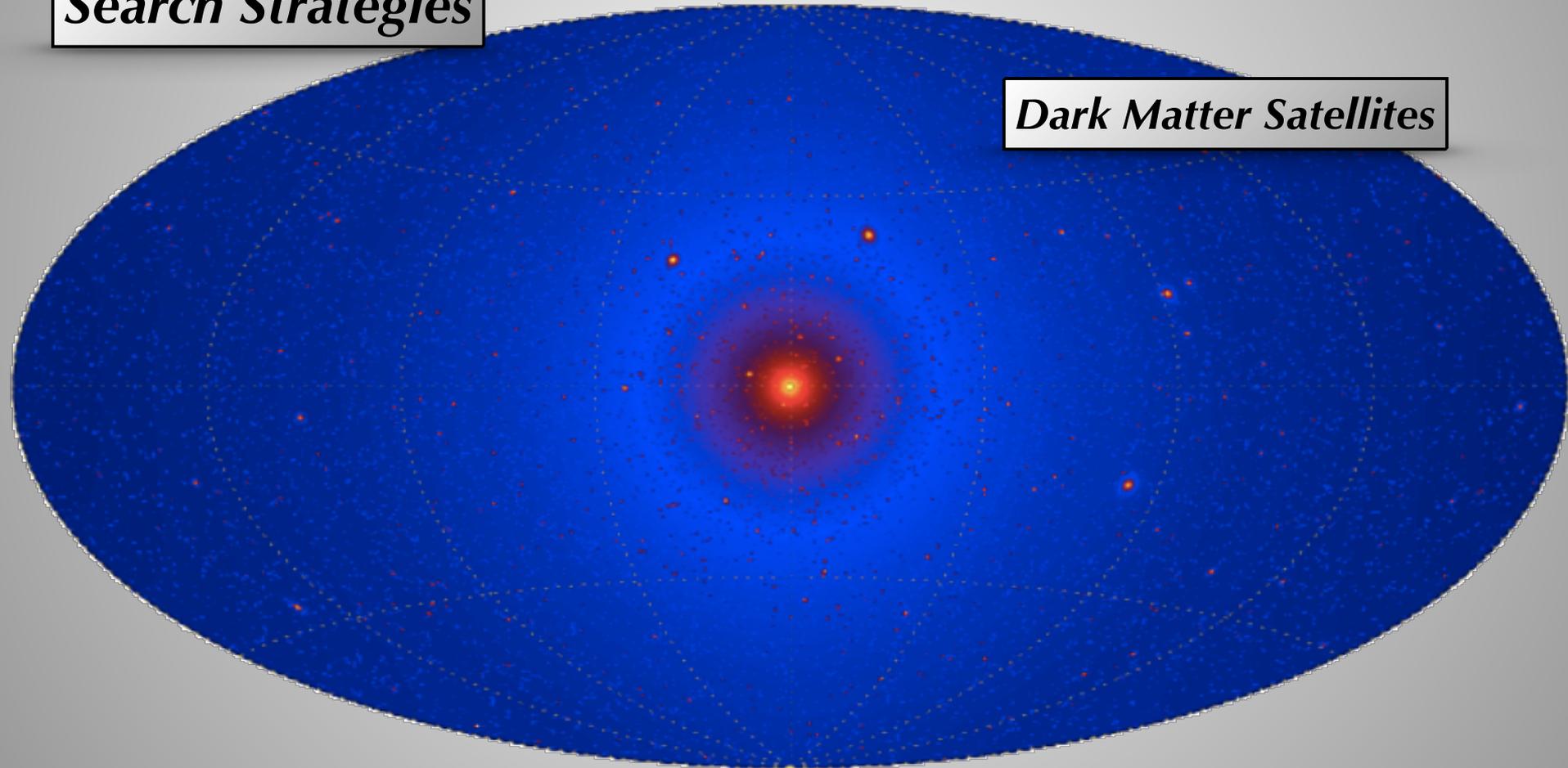
M31: $8 \times 10^{18} \text{ GeV}^2/\text{cm}^5$



Model of Dark Matter Distribution

Search Strategies

Dark Matter Satellites



L. Pieri et al., PRD83:023518,2011

R. Caputo, UMD/NASA/GSFC | GEMMA 2018



Unassociated Extended Sources

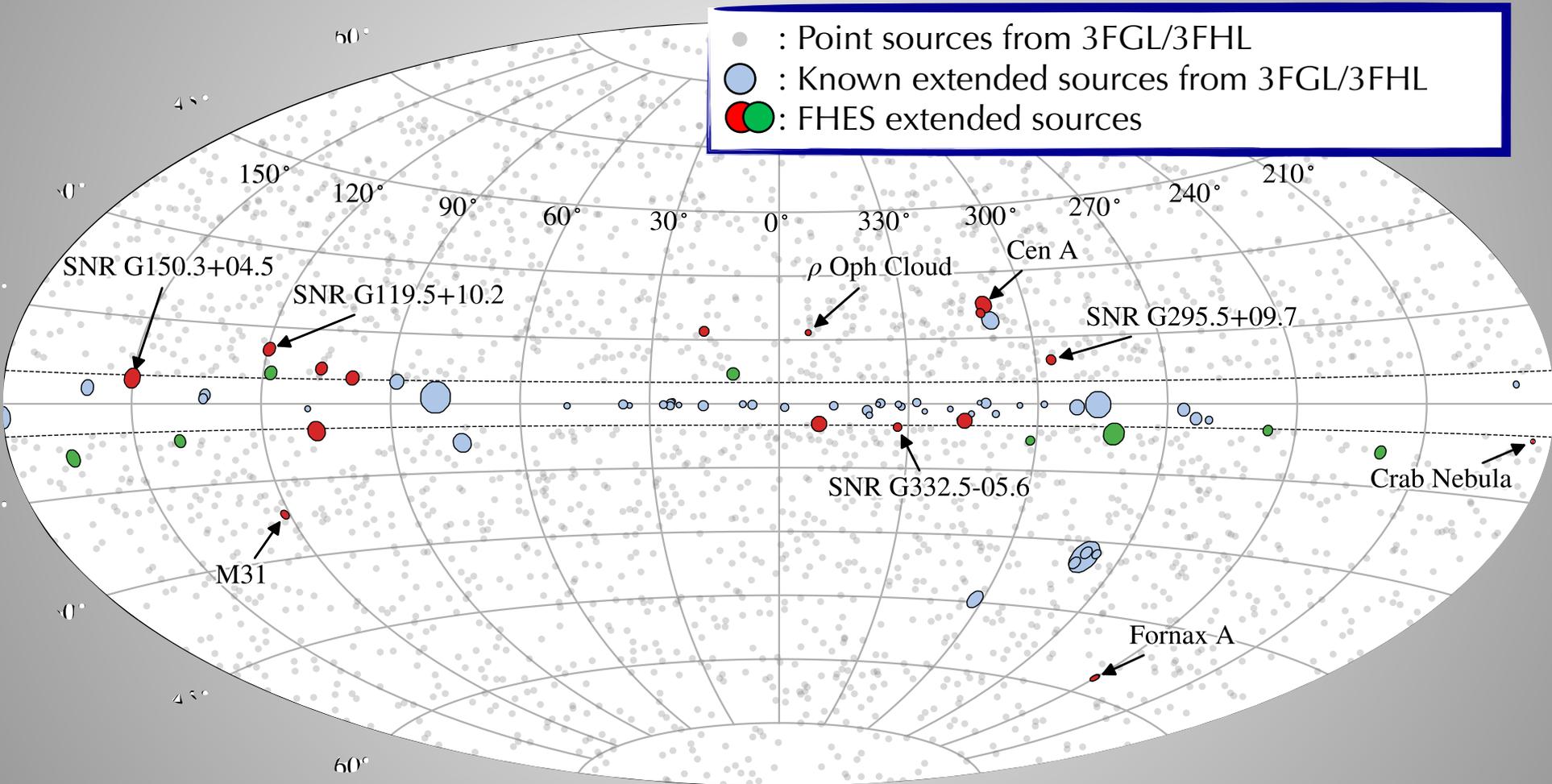


High-Latitude Extension Catalog

3FGL+3FHL ($|b| > 5^\circ$)
7.5 years data
Energy range: 1 GeV to 1 TeV
Joint fit: Utilizes best Angular Resolution event class (PSF3)



High-Latitude Extension Catalog



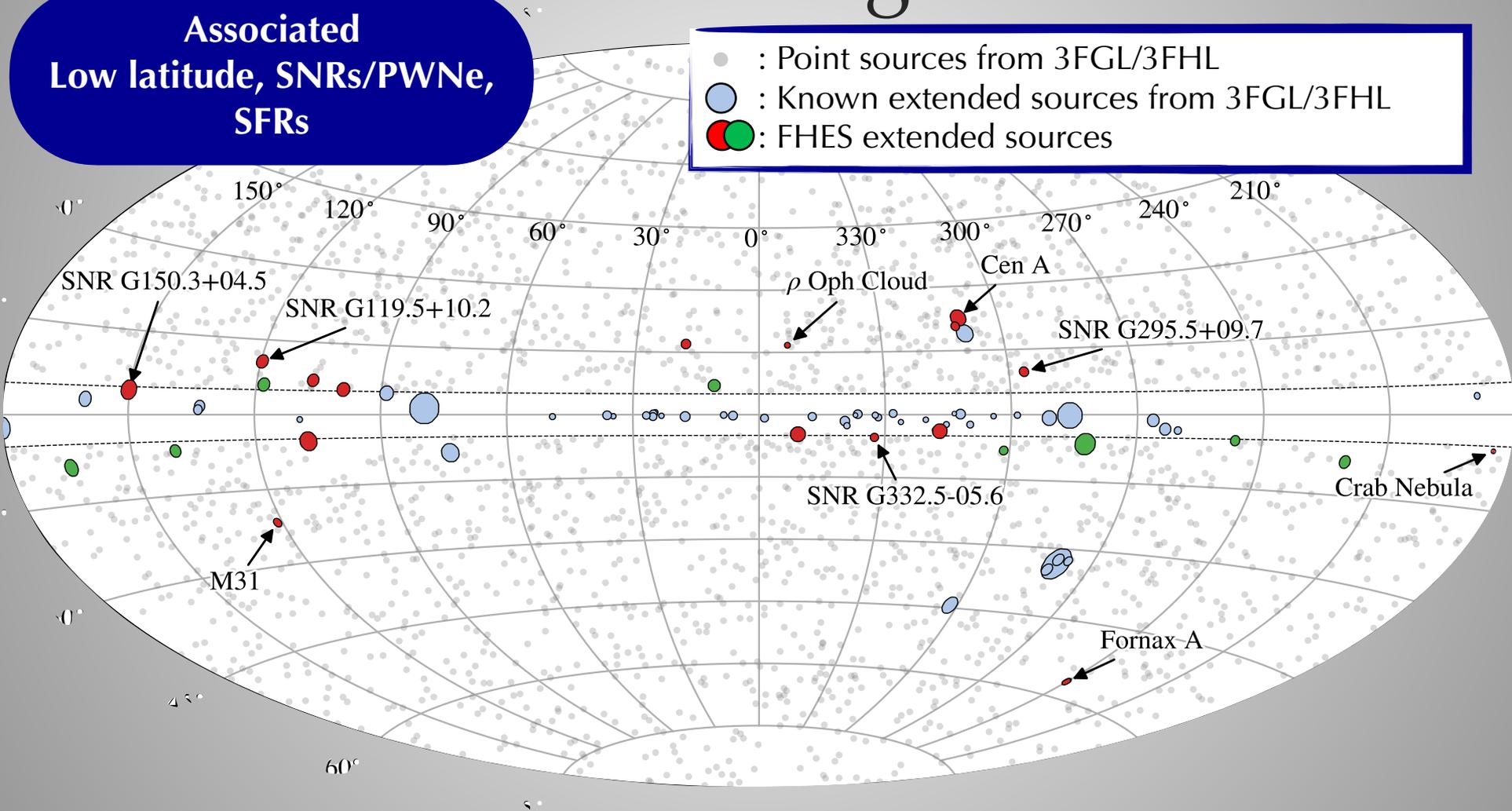


High-Latitude Extension Catalog



Associated
Low latitude, SNRs/PWNe,
SFRs

- : Point sources from 3FGL/3FHL
- : Known extended sources from 3FGL/3FHL
- : FHES extended sources



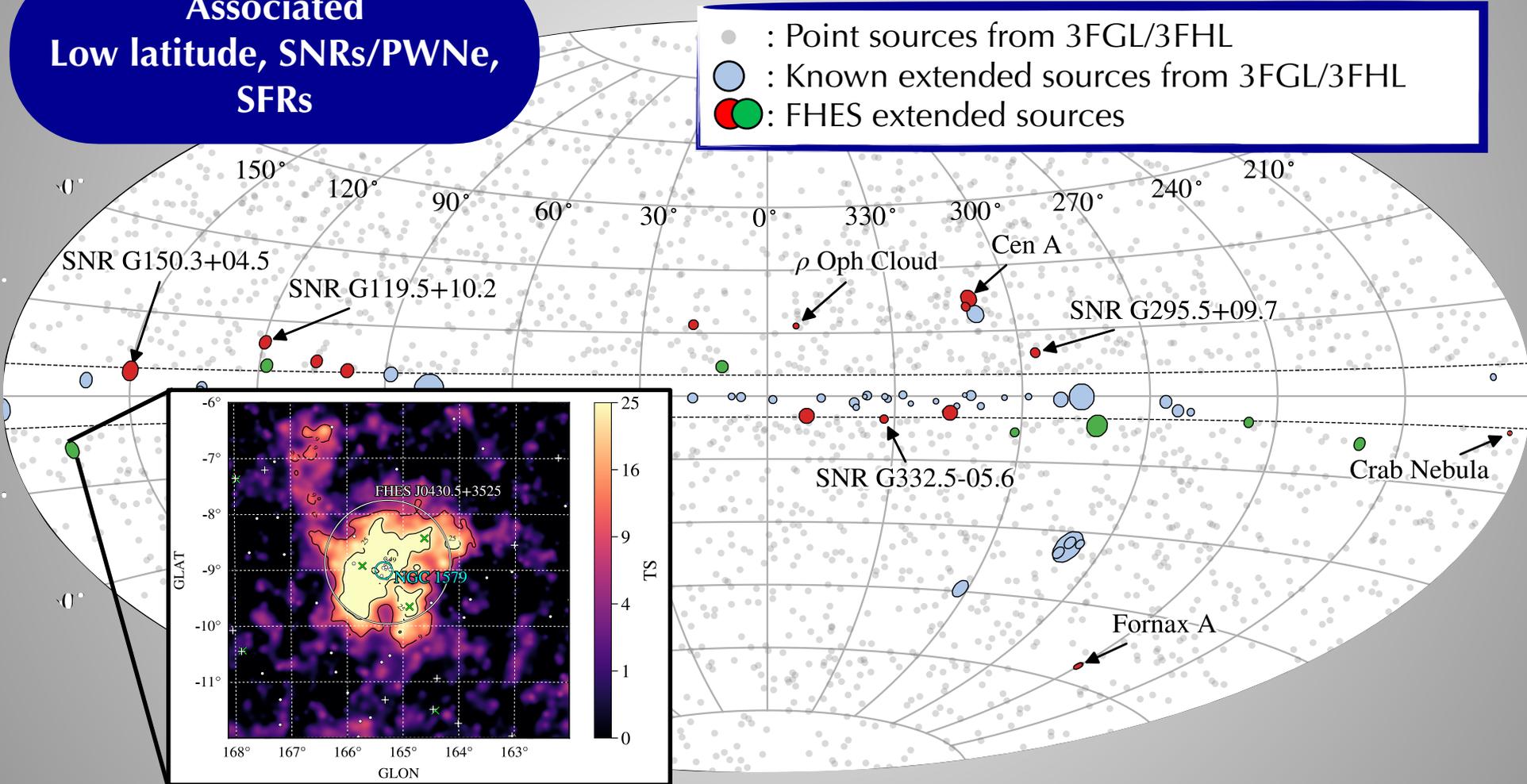


High-Latitude Extension Catalog



Associated
Low latitude, SNRs/PWNe,
SFRs

- : Point sources from 3FGL/3FHL
- : Known extended sources from 3FGL/3FHL
- : FHES extended sources



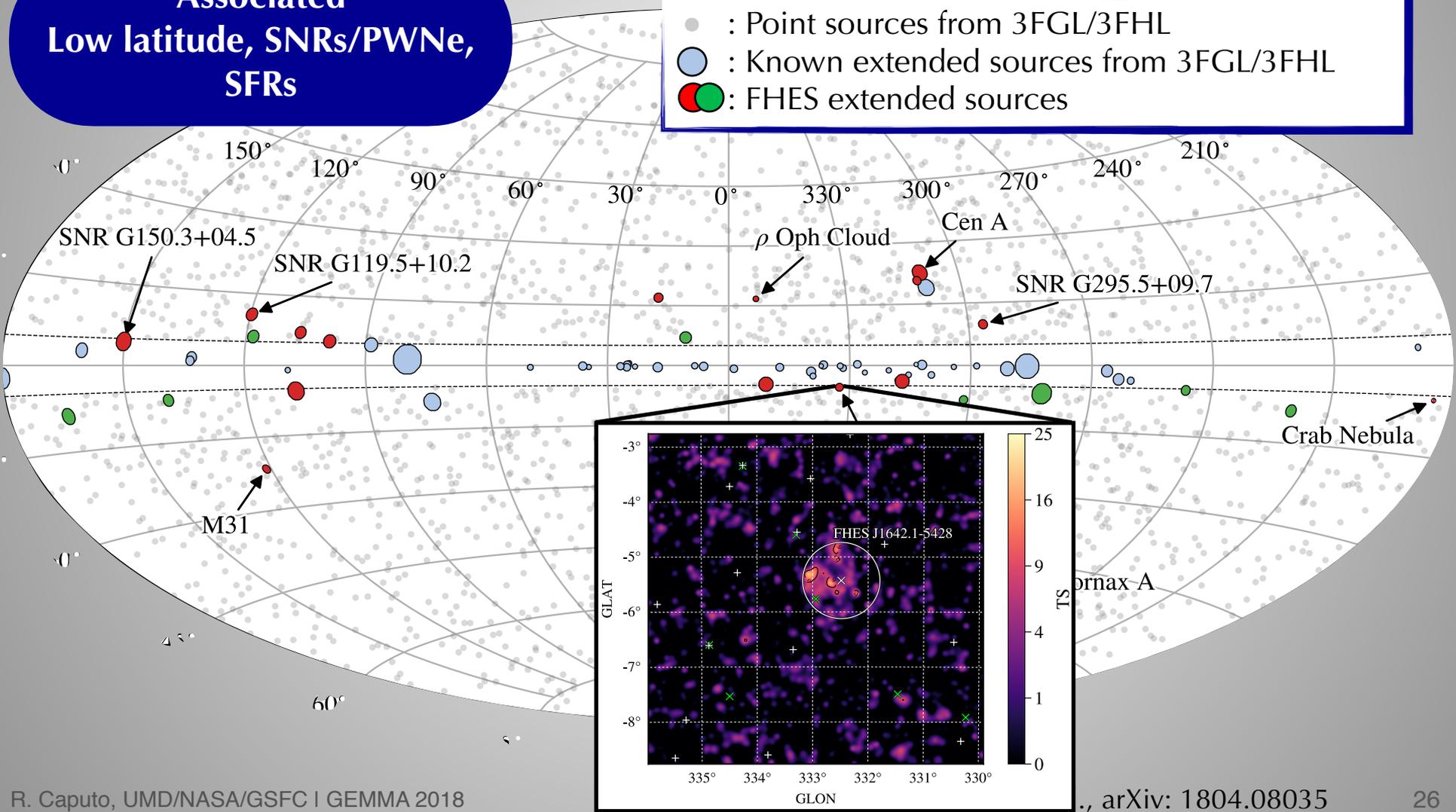


High-Latitude Extension Catalog



Associated
Low latitude, SNRs/PWNe,
SFRs

- : Point sources from 3FGL/3FHL
- : Known extended sources from 3FGL/3FHL
- : FHES extended sources



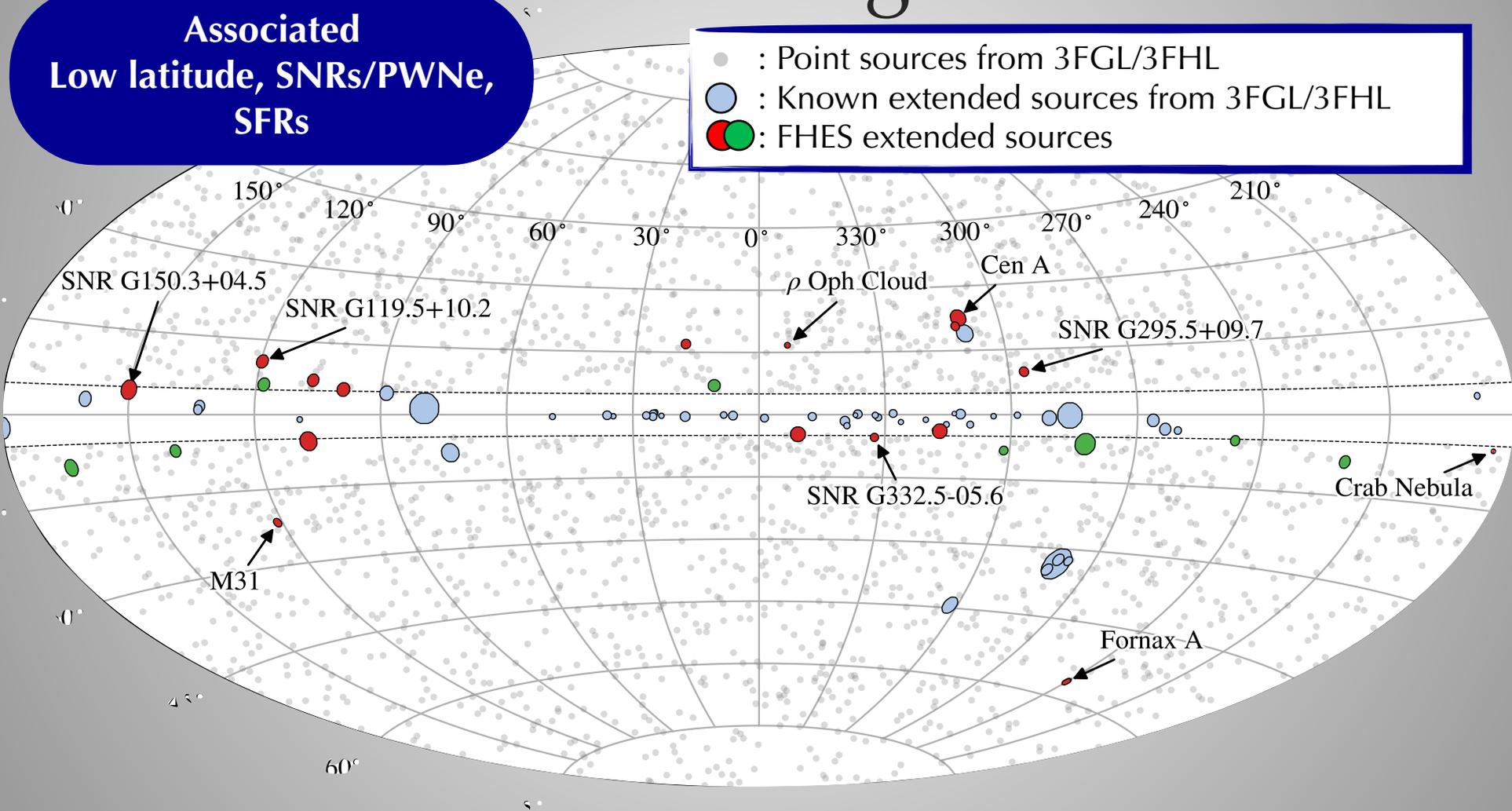


High-Latitude Extension Catalog



Associated
Low latitude, SNRs/PWNe,
SFRs

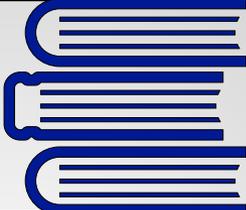
- : Point sources from 3FGL/3FHL
- : Known extended sources from 3FGL/3FHL
- : FHES extended sources





Searching for extended populations

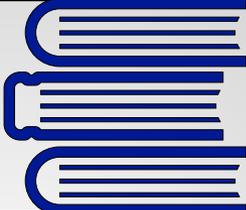


Method	 Stacking
Control	Pulsars: 89 
Control	Low-synchrotron peaked AGN: 246 
Tested Sample	High-synchrotron peaked AGN (sub groups within) ~300 
Tested Sample	Chen et al. (2015): 24 sources TeV detected AGN: 38 sources



Searching for extended populations



Method	Stacking 
Control	Pulsars: 89 
Control	High-peaked AGN: 246 
Tested Sample	High-synchrotron peaked AGN (sub groups within) ~300 
Tested Sample	Chen et al. (2015): 24 sources TeV detected AGN: 38 sources

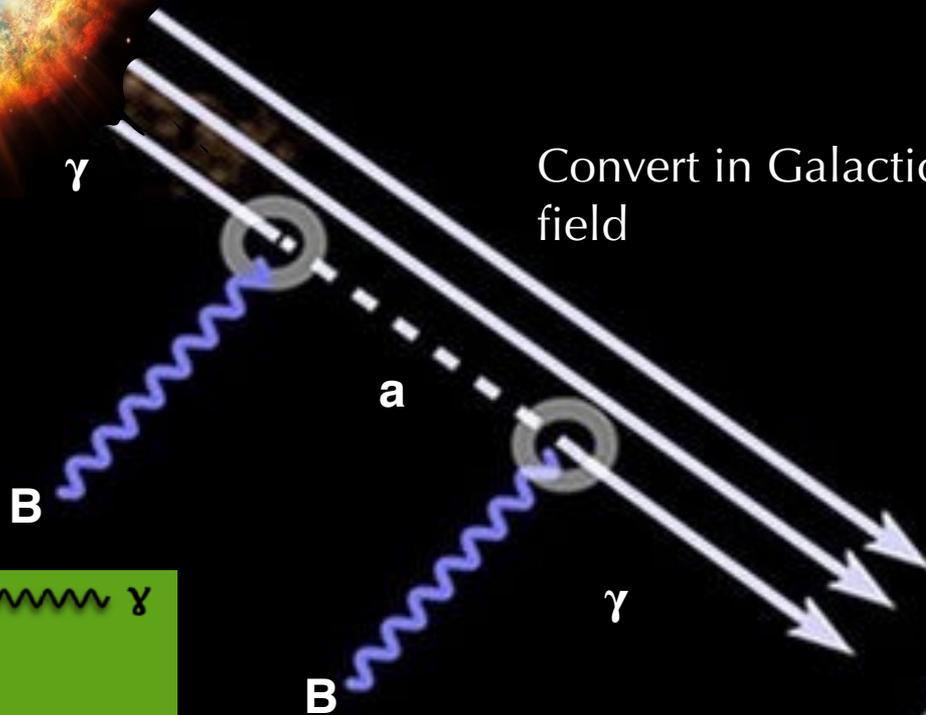
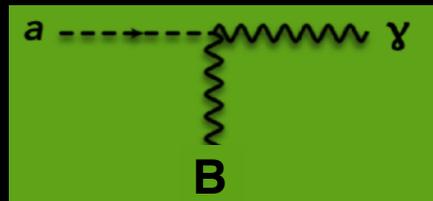
No Significant Extension Found

Another Dark Matter Candidate: Axion-Like Particles

credit: iStock

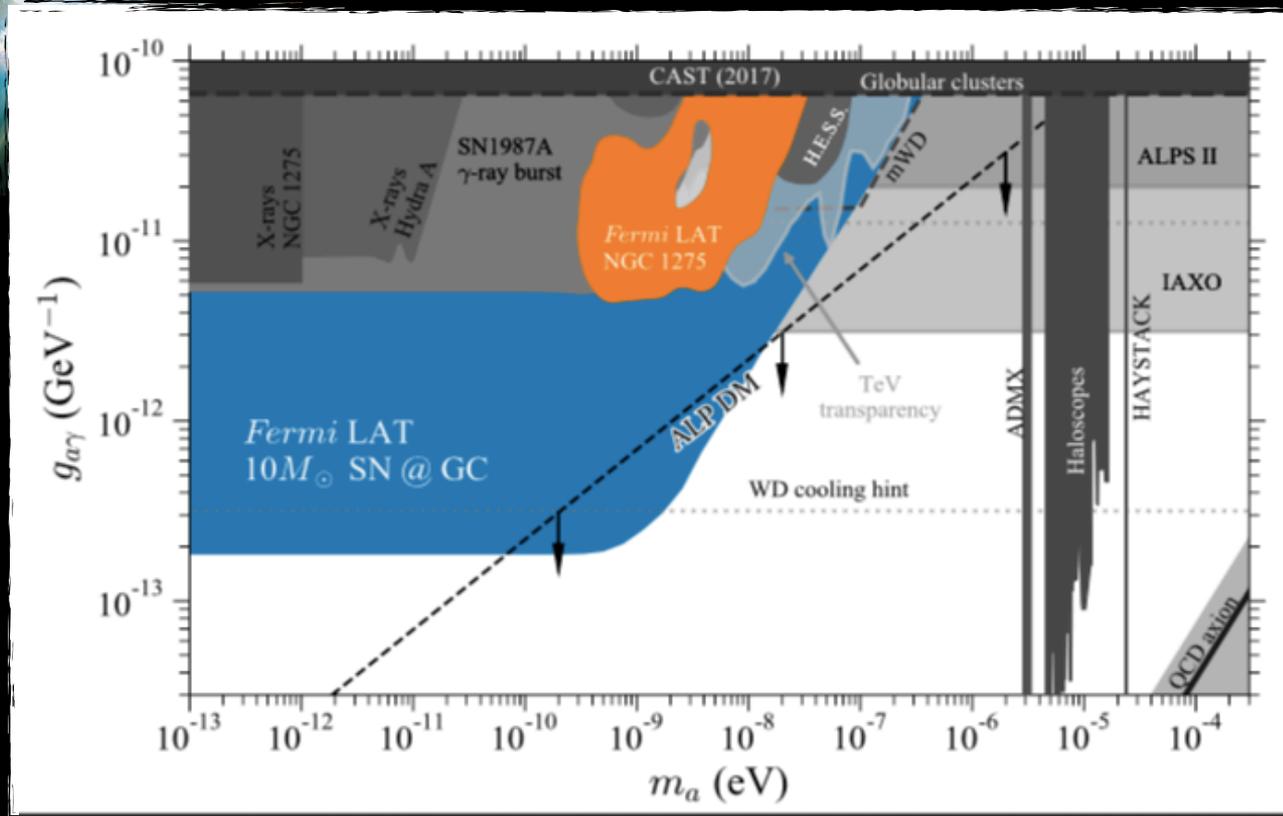
Axion-like particles produced in a core-collapse supernova

Convert in Galactic magnetic field



Dark Matter and Supernovae

credit: iStock



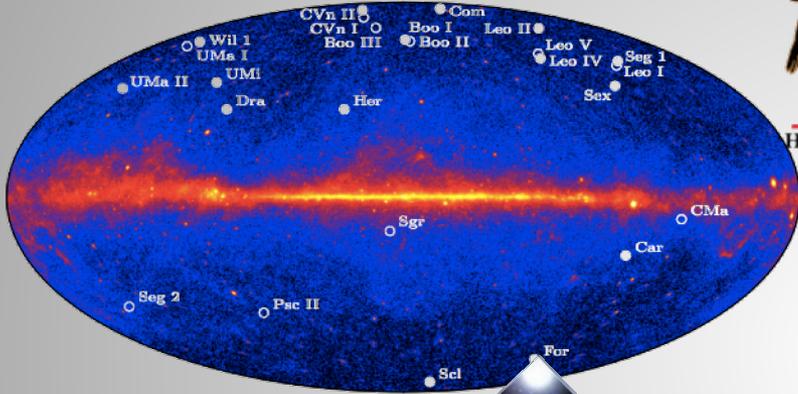
Produced ~ 10 s
with neutrinos

Peak ~ 60 MeV

Flux $\propto g_{\gamma\gamma}^4$



The Next Generation...



Fermi DES/IACTs/HAWC

Today 2018

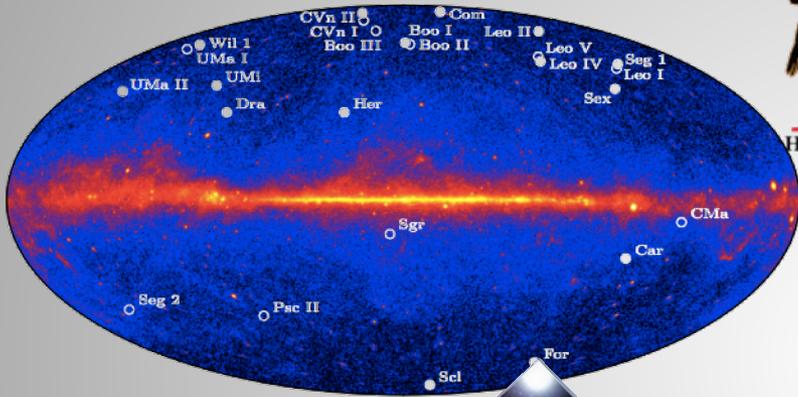
2020

2023

2020s

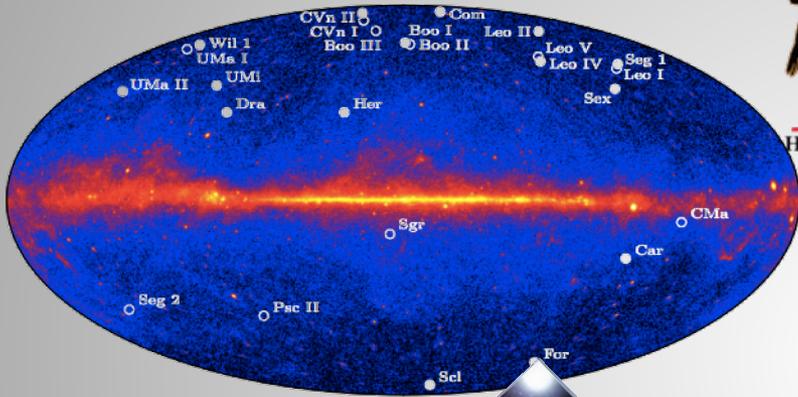


The Next Generation...



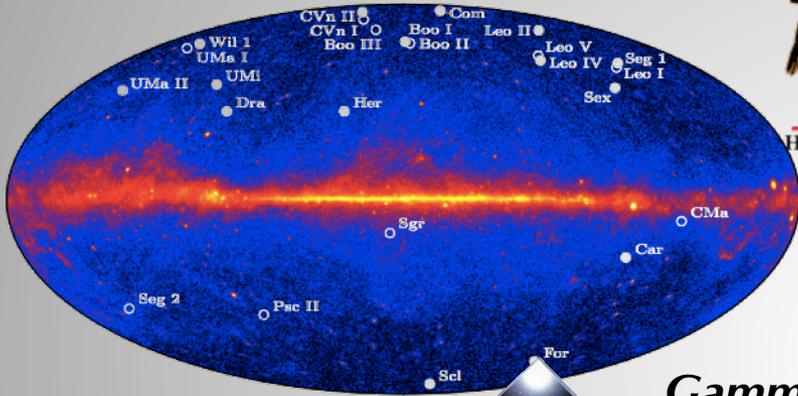


The Next Generation...

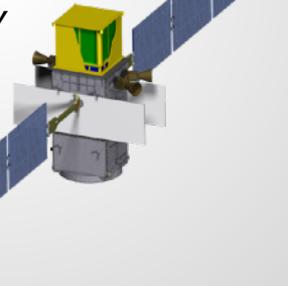




The Next Generation...

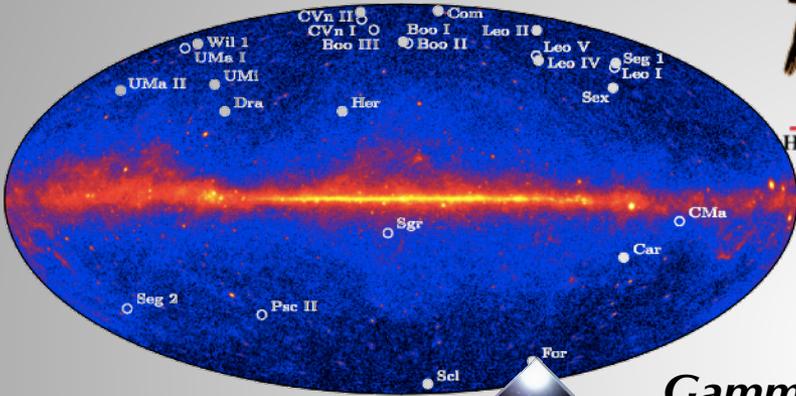


Gamma-ray mission





The Next Generation...



Gamma rays are the key player



Gamma-ray mission



New space-based gamma-ray missions are Essential and Urgent to understand anomalies in the current data and to complement upcoming facilities





The Next Generation...

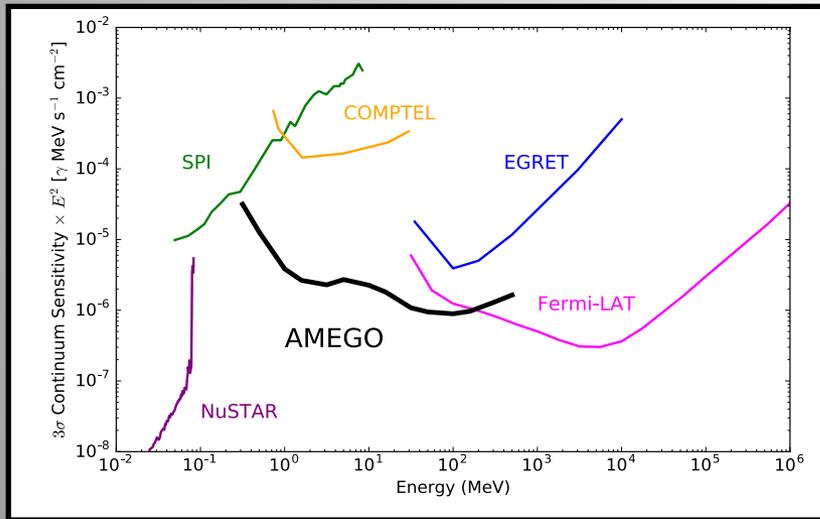


Proposed new gamma-ray missions...

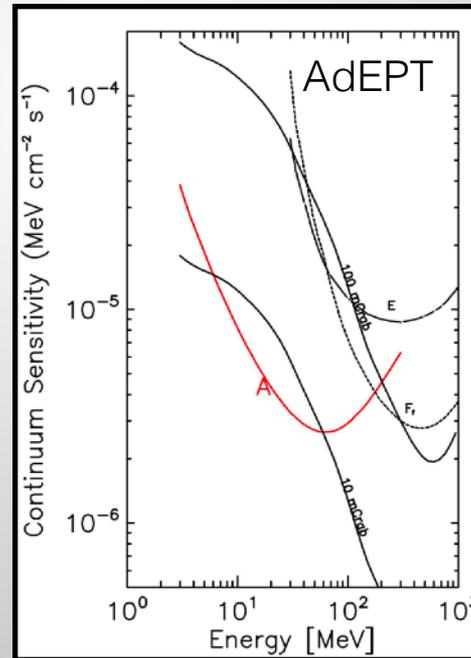
All-sky Medium Energy Gamma-ray Observatory: **AMEGO**

Advanced Energetic Pair Telescope: **AdEPT**

- incomplete list -

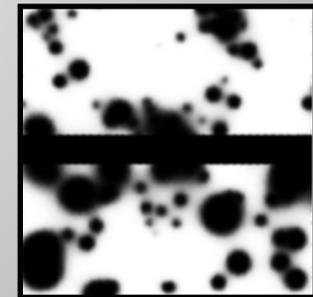


RC, et al., PoS (ICRC2017) 783



Astropart. Phys 59 (2014) 18-28

View of the Galactic Plane



ComPair arXiv:1508.07349



The Next Generation...

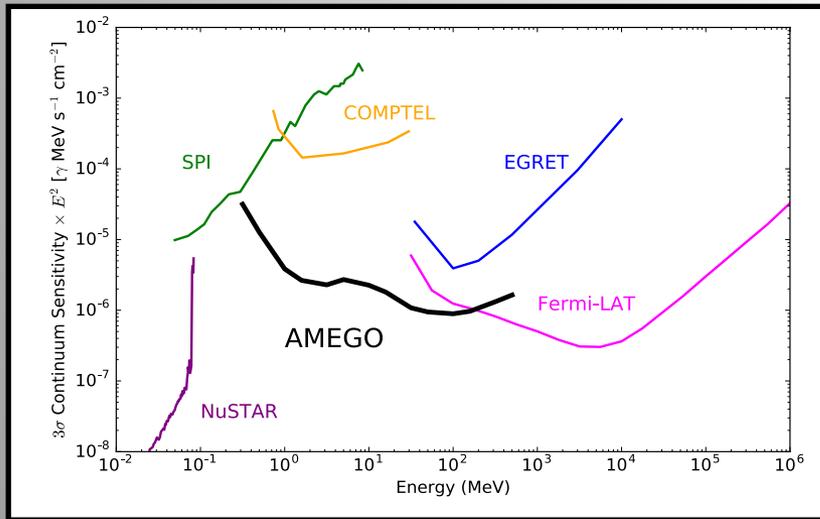


Proposed new gamma-ray missions...

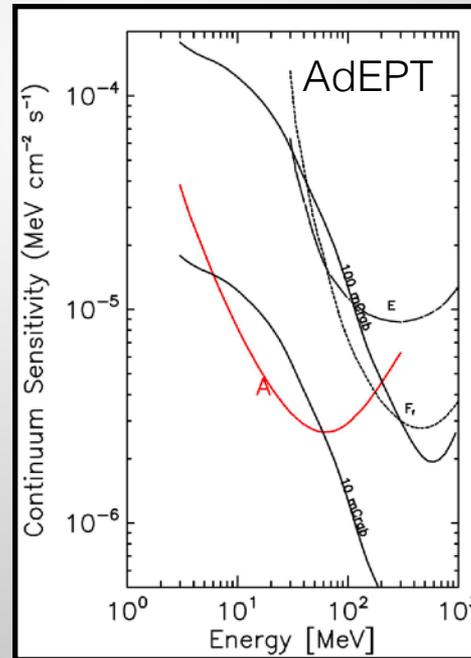
All-sky Medium Energy Gamma-ray Observatory: **AMEGO**

Advanced Energetic Pair Telescope: **AdEPT**

- incomplete list -

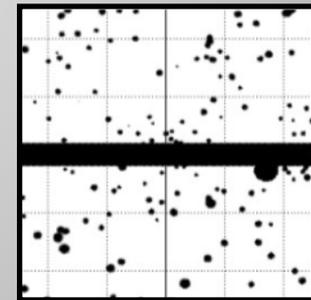


RC, et al., PoS (ICRC2017) 783



Astropart. Phys 59 (2014) 18-28

View of the Galactic Plane

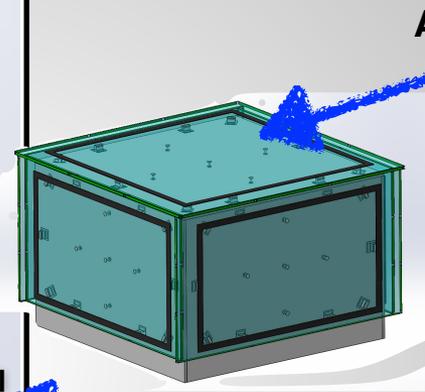
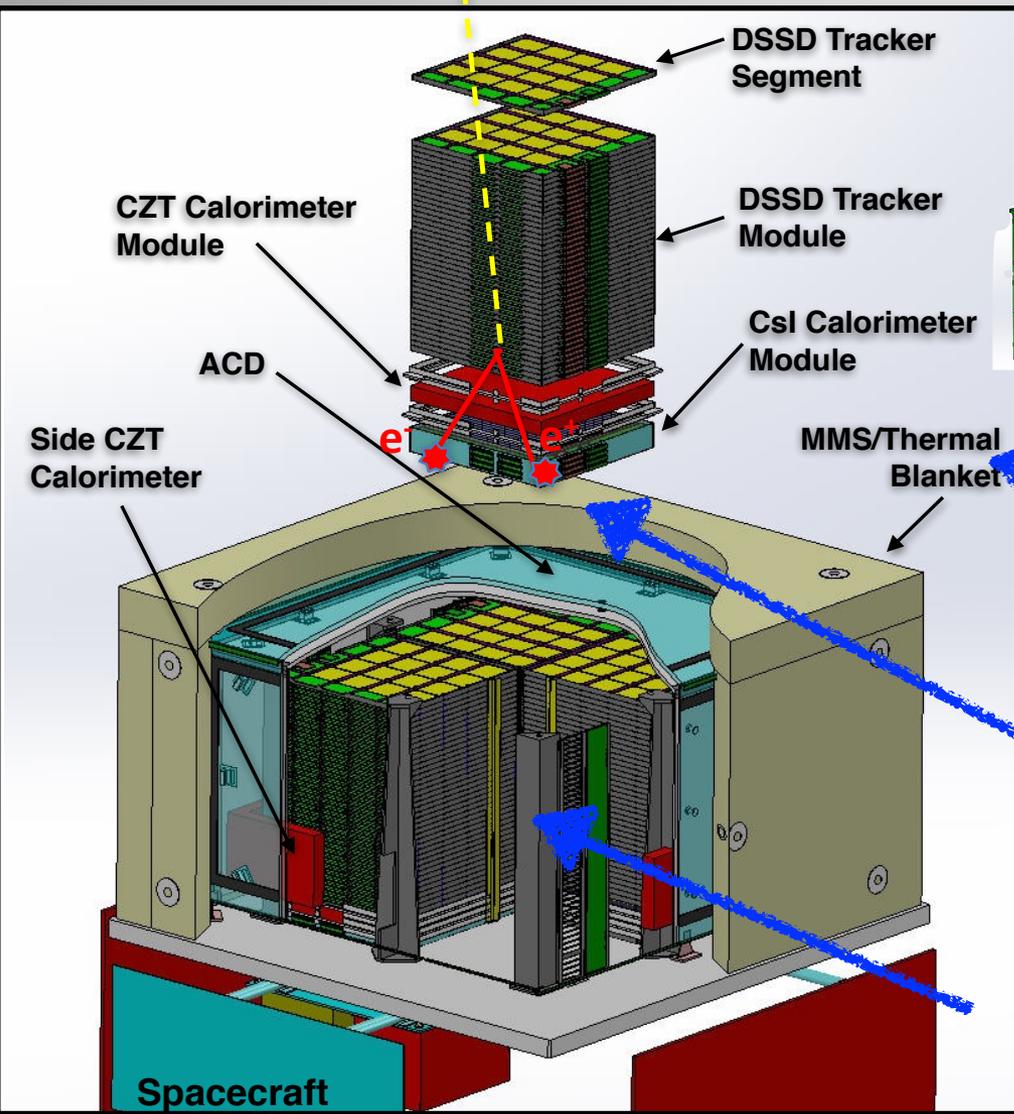


Next-Gen MeV

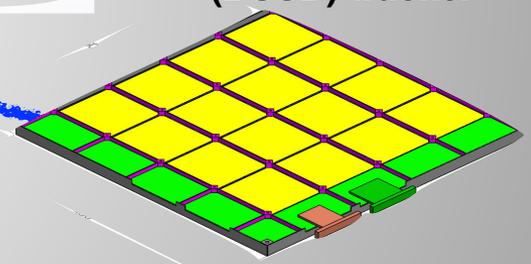
ComPair arXiv:1508.07349



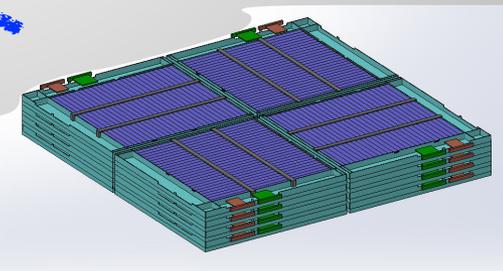
AMEGO Instrument



Anti-Coincidence Detector plastic scintillator



Segment of Double Sided Silicon Detector (DSSD) tracker

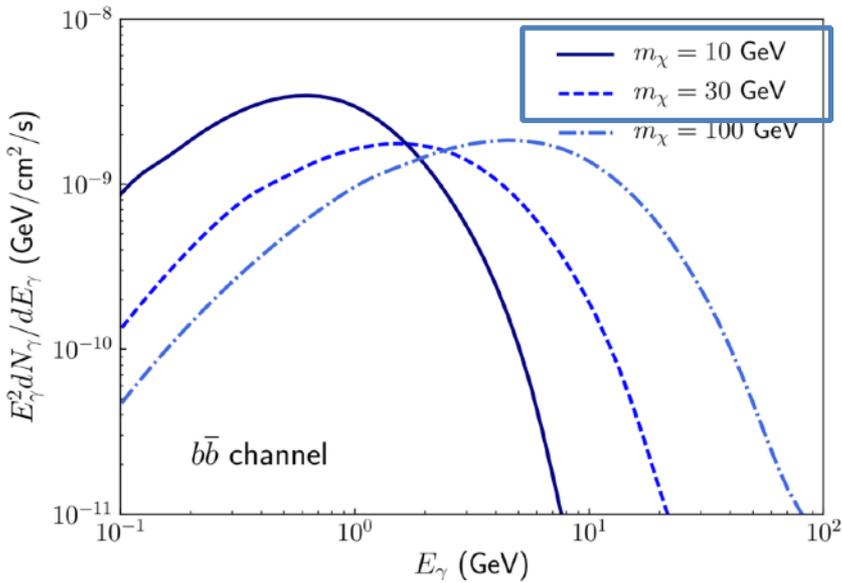


Tracker and Calorimeter Towers

Calorimeter:
4 layers/tower
16 total



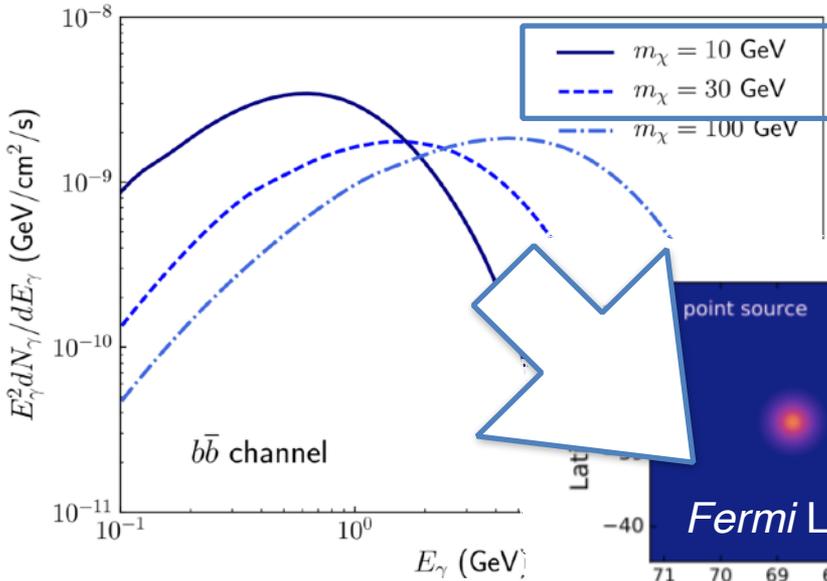
Complementarity in the γ -ray Sky



**Relevant for extended sources
and Galactic Center**

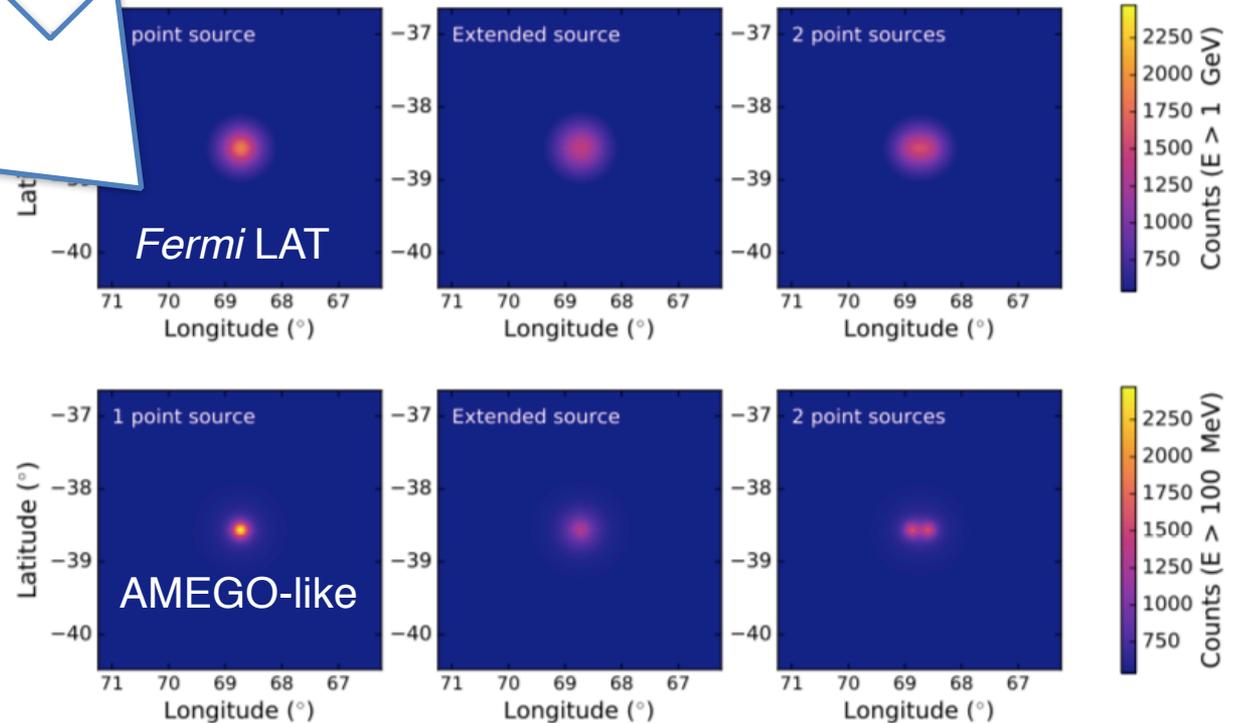


Complementarity in the γ -ray Sky



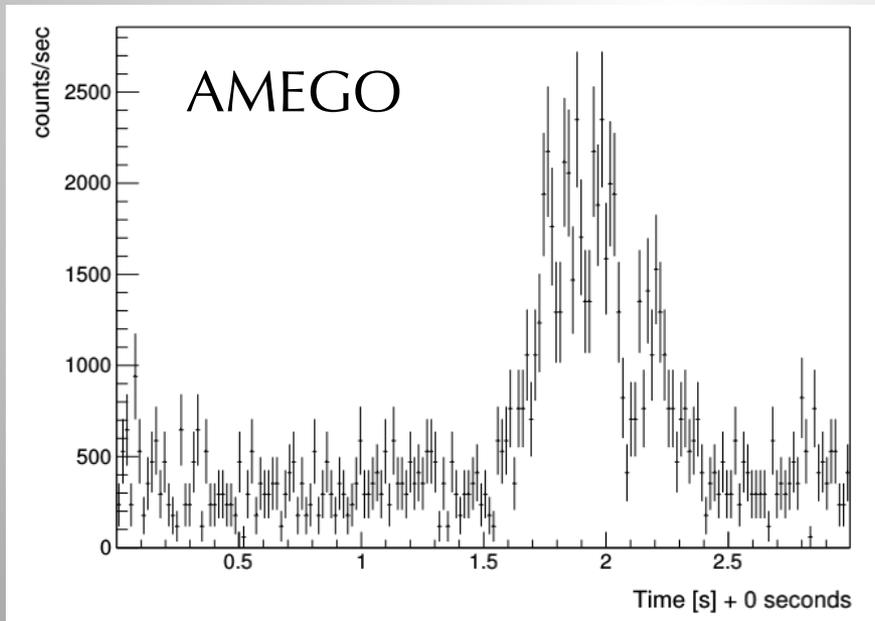
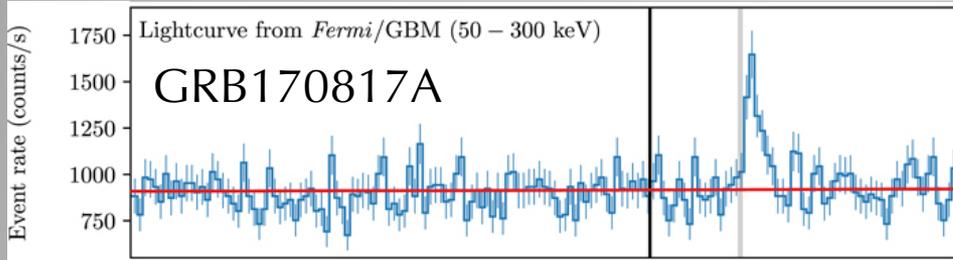
Relevant for extended sources and Galactic Center

Separated by 0.28°



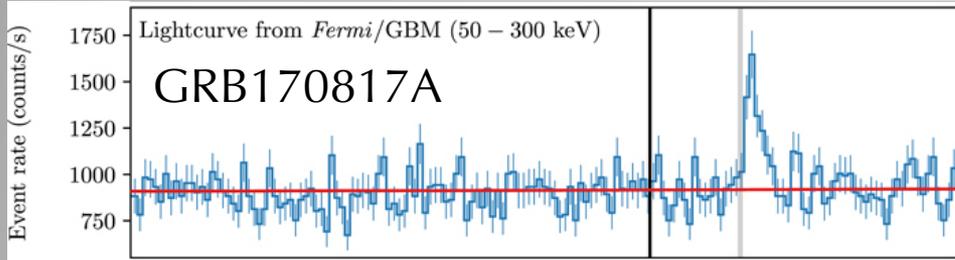


Gamma-ray Bursts with AMEGO

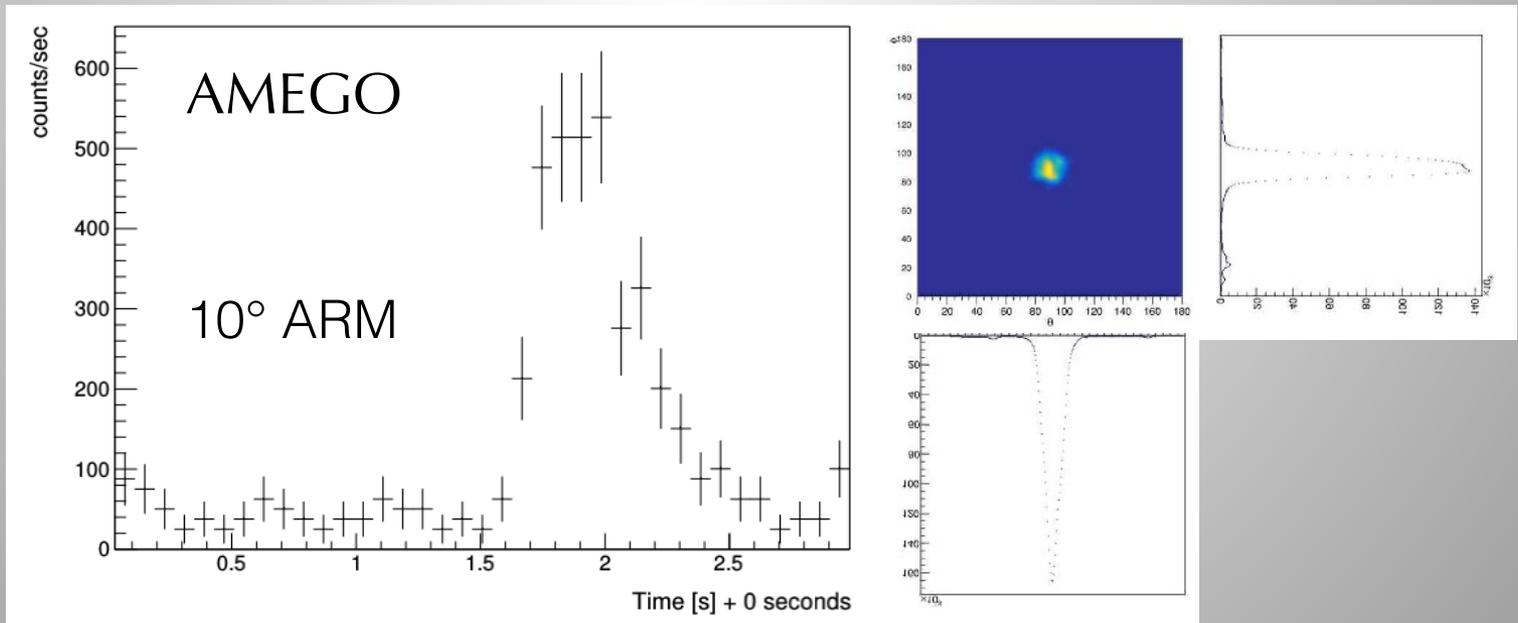




Gamma-ray Bursts with AMEGO

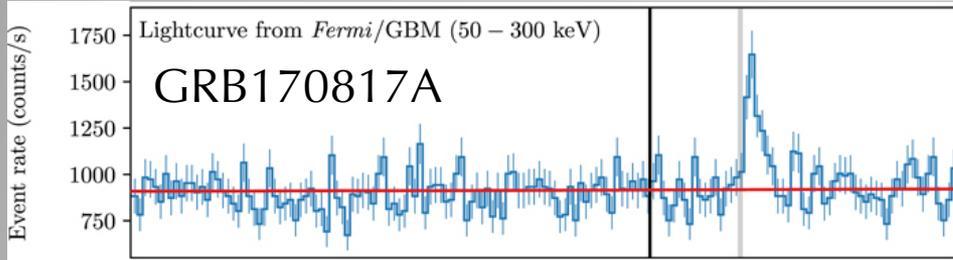


GRB170817A is no longer
a faint GRB
⇒ Greatly expanded
detection horizon

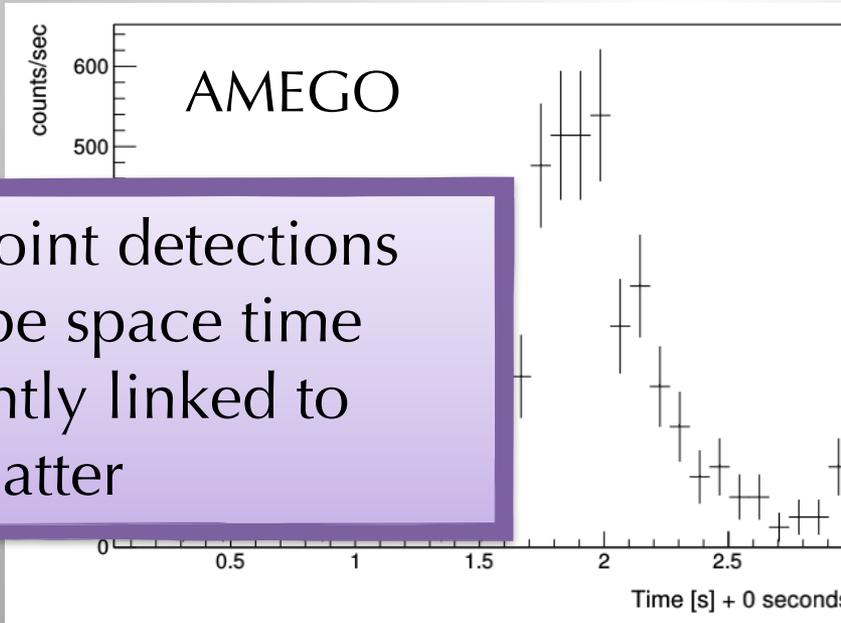




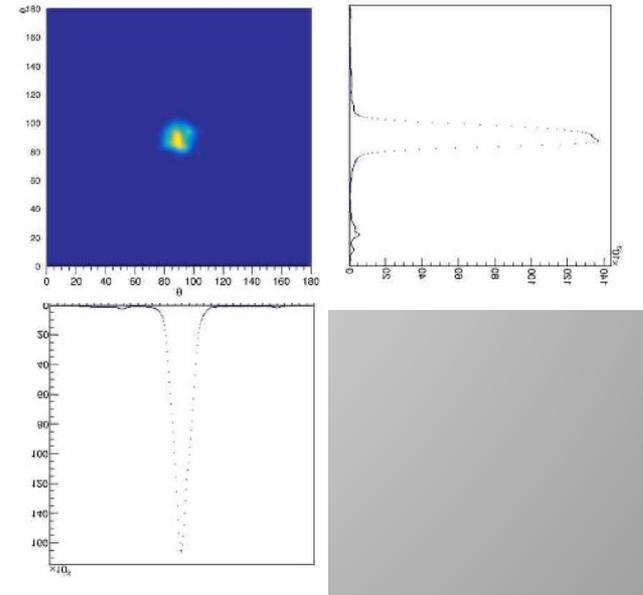
Gamma-ray Bursts with AMEGO



GRB170817A is no longer
a faint GRB
⇒ Greatly expanded
detection horizon



More joint detections
→ probe space time
inherently linked to
dark matter



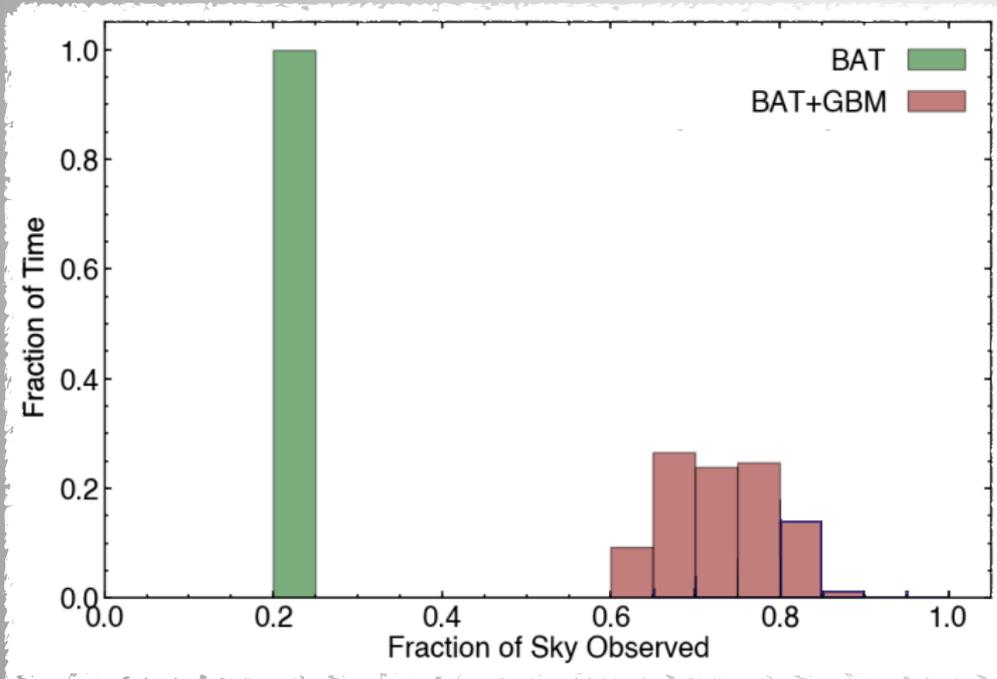


The Next Generation...



Funded new gamma-ray missions...

Targeted small satellites looking only for GRBs: Launch in 2021



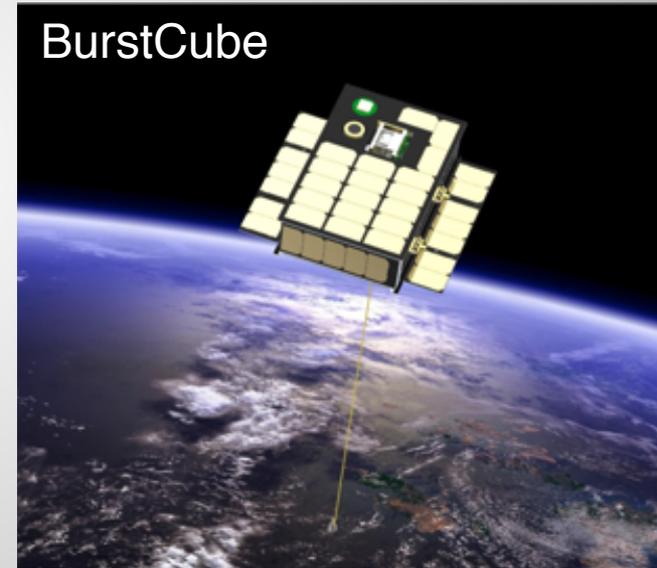
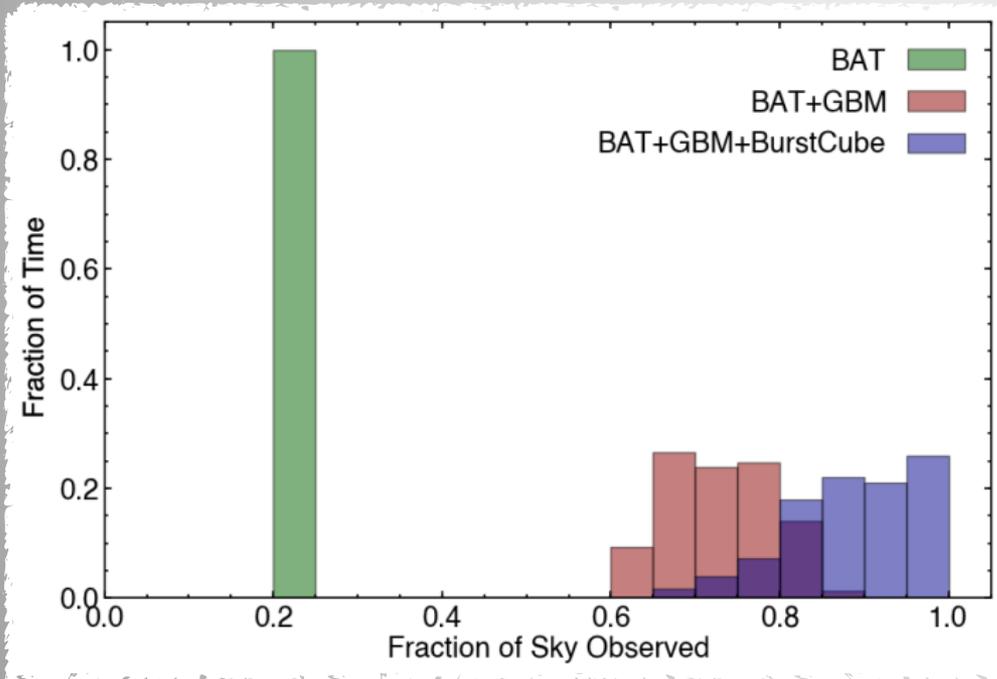


The Next Generation...



Funded new gamma-ray missions...

Targeted small satellites looking only for GRBs: Launch in 2021



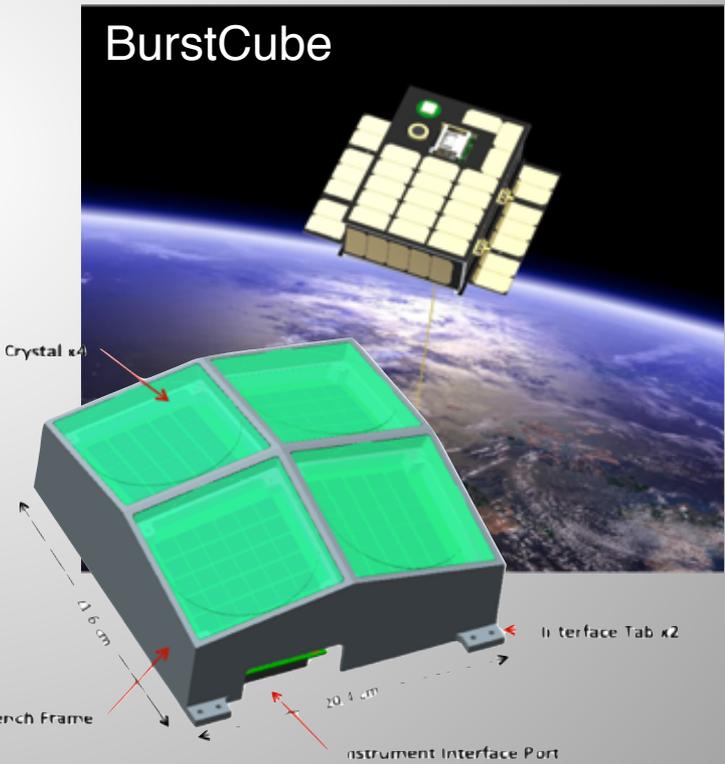
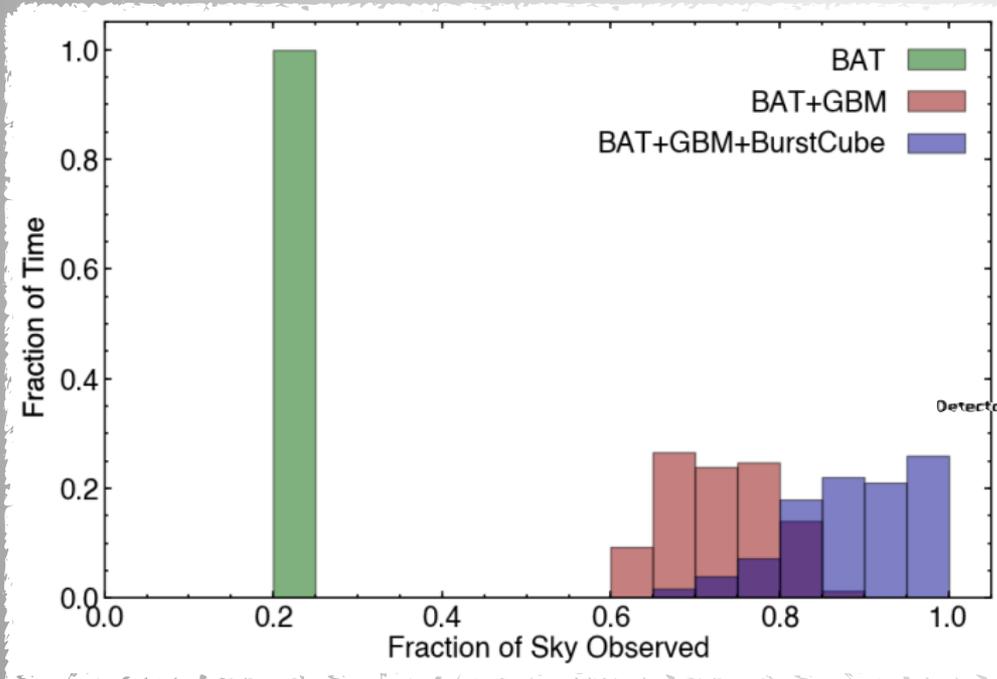


The Next Generation...



Funded new gamma-ray missions...

Targeted small satellites looking only for GRBs: Launch in 2021



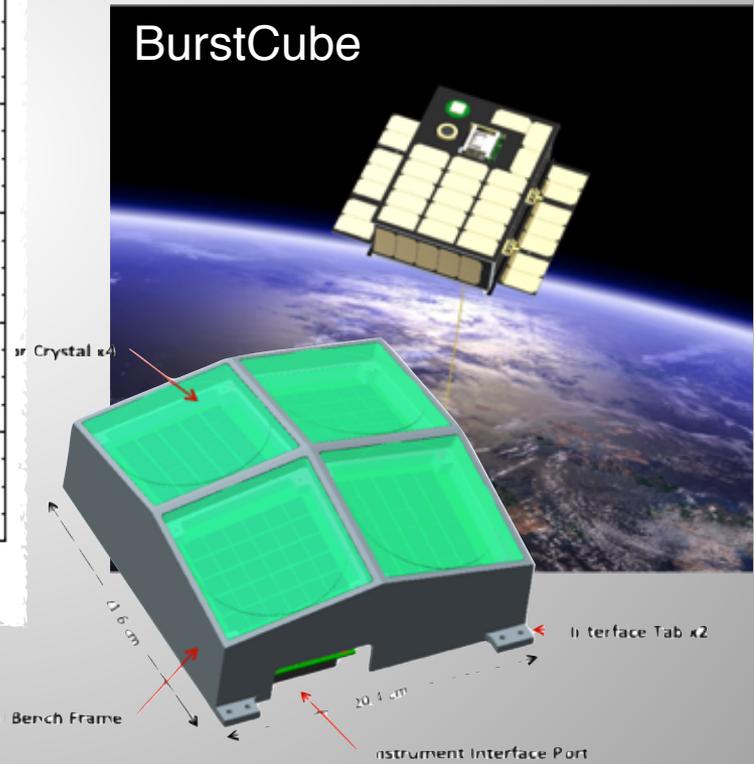
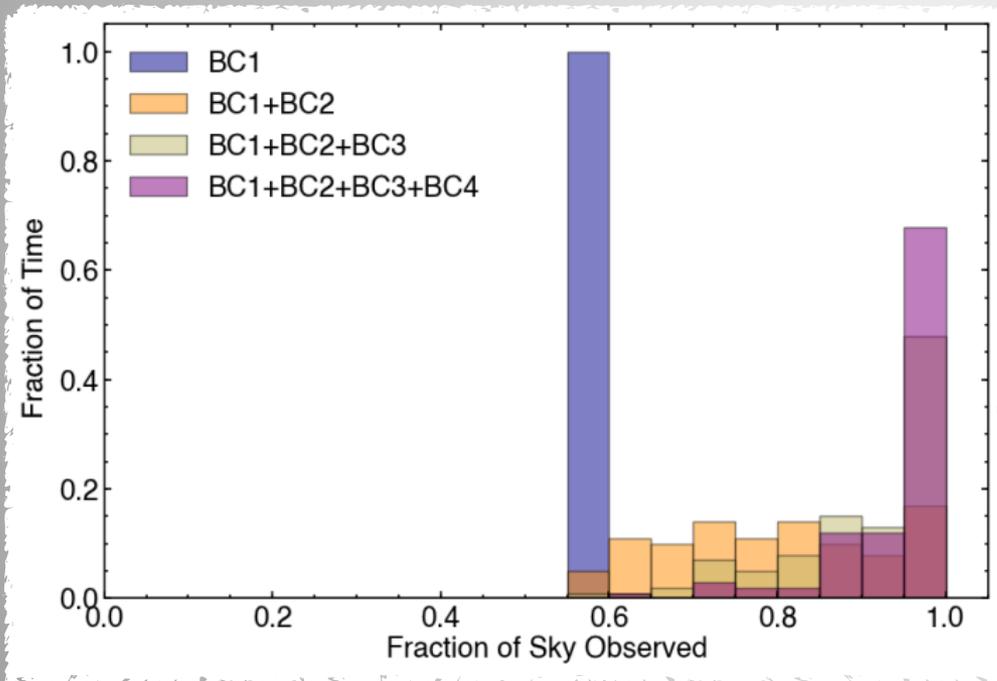


The Next Generation...



Funded new gamma-ray missions...

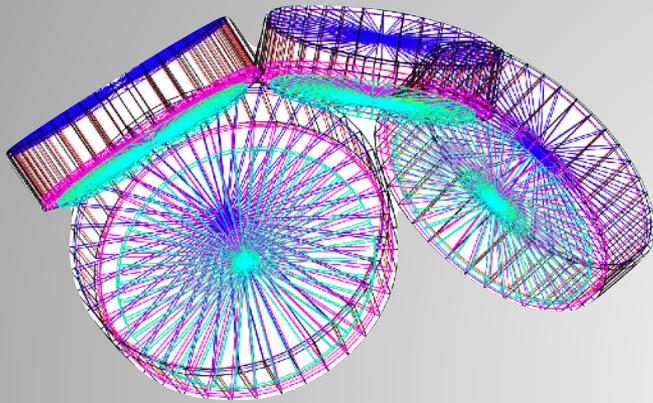
Targeted small satellites looking only for GRBs: Launch in 2021



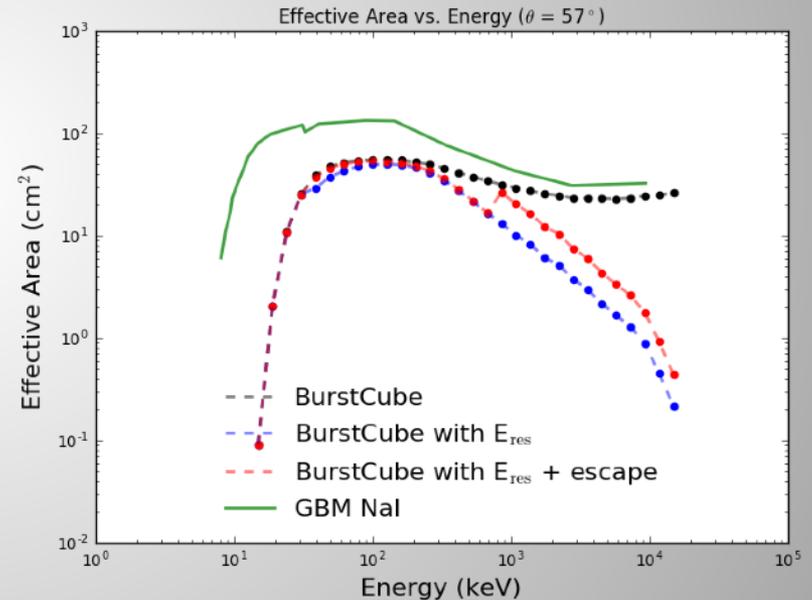


BurstCube

Performance



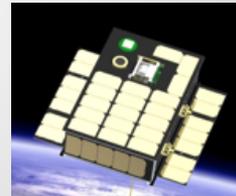
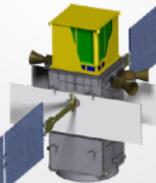
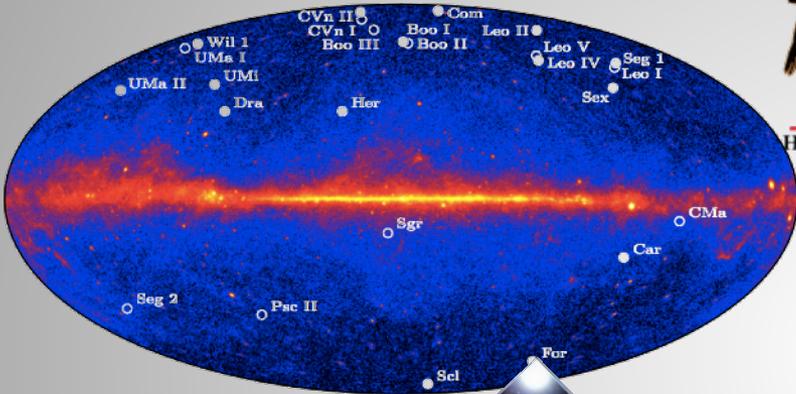
- Spacecraft based on NASA/GSFC's Dellingr platform
- Observes the full un-occulted sky and triggers on significant rate fluctuations
- Complement existing facilities (i.e.: Neil Gehrels Swift Observatory, Fermi Gamma-ray Burst Monitor)



Effective area is 67% that of the GBM NaI detectors at 100 keV
(Simulated using Geant4/MEGALib)

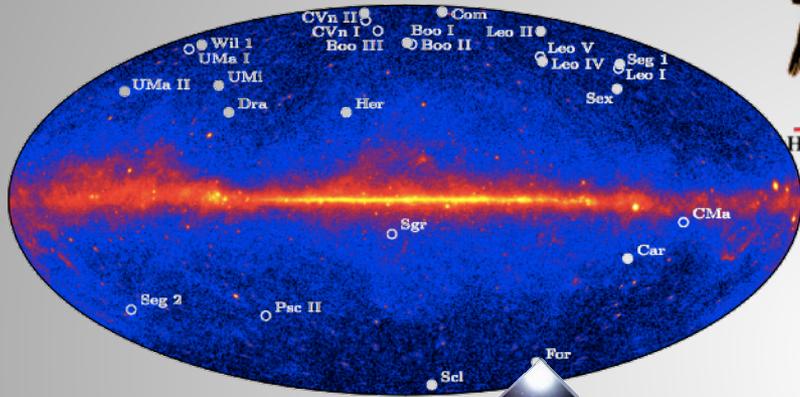


The Next Generation...

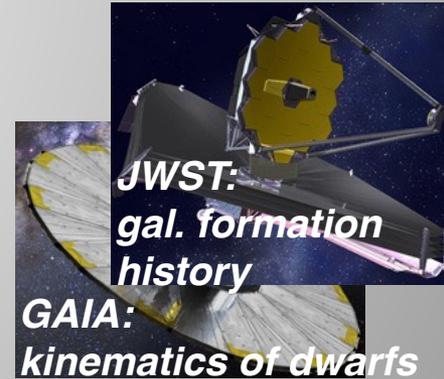
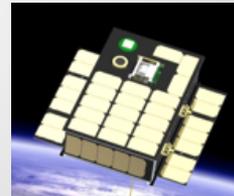
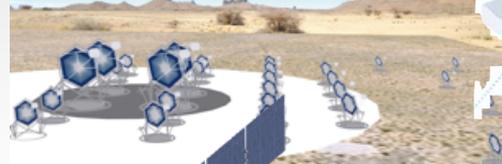




The Next Generation...



cta
cherenkov telescope array
HAWC
High Altitude Water Cherenkov
Gamma-Ray Observatory



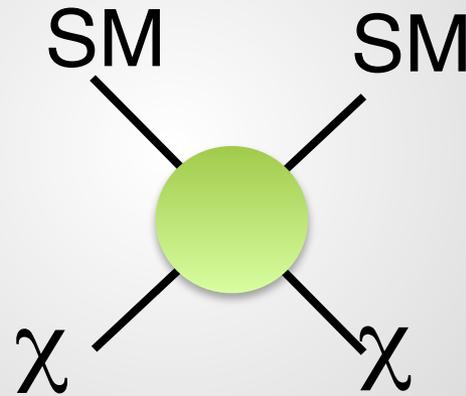
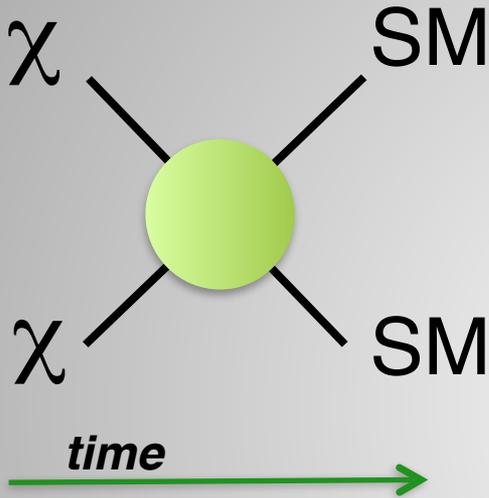
<i>Fermi</i>	DES/IACS/HAWC	LSST	CTA	BurstCube/T.B.S...
Today	2018	2020	2023	2020s



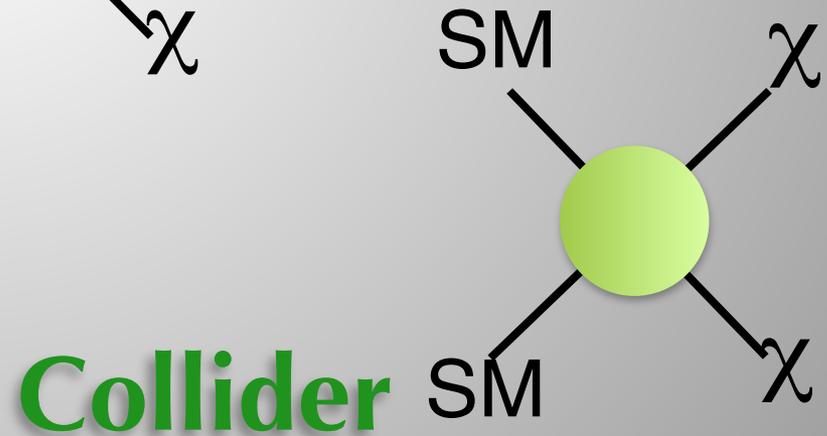
Detecting Particle Dark Matter



Indirect Detection



Direct Detection

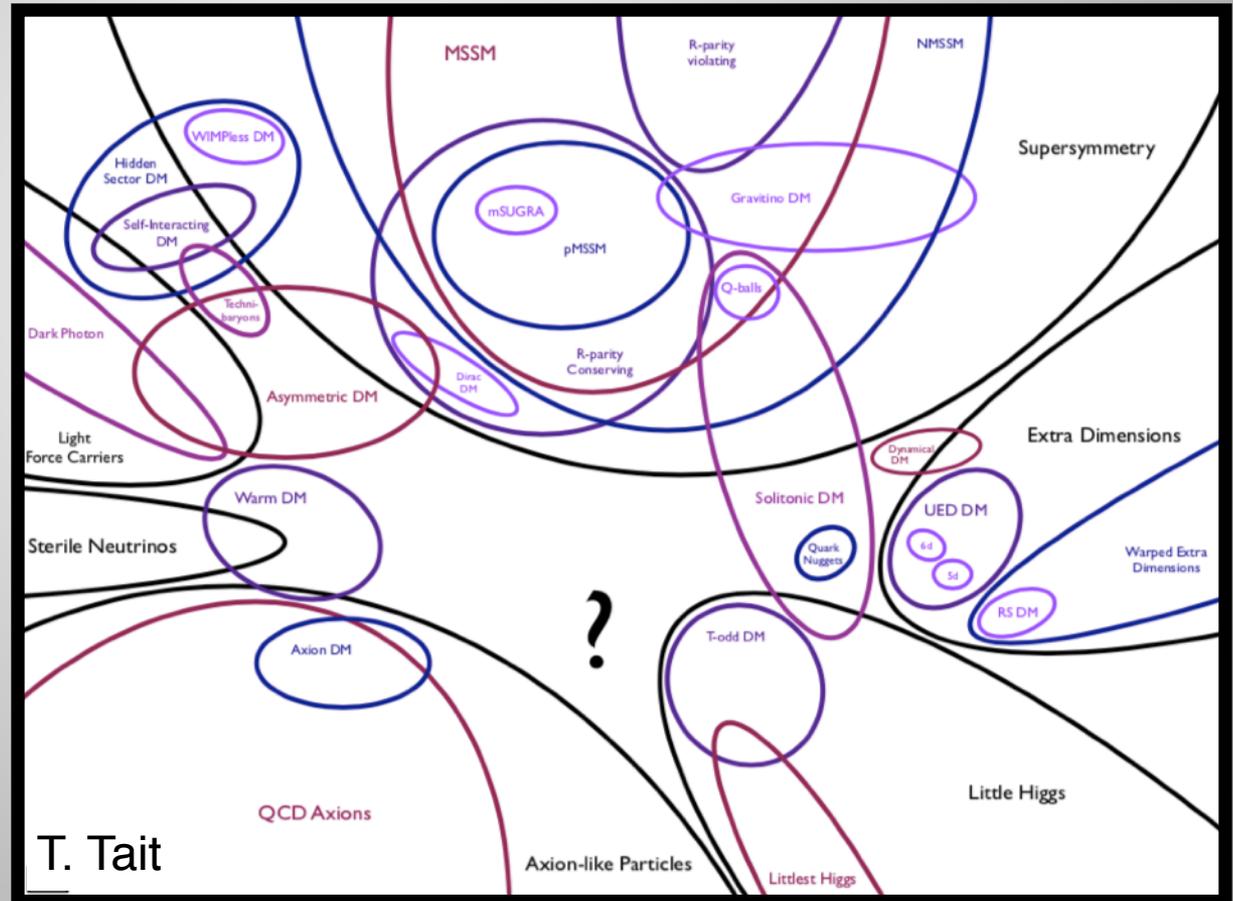
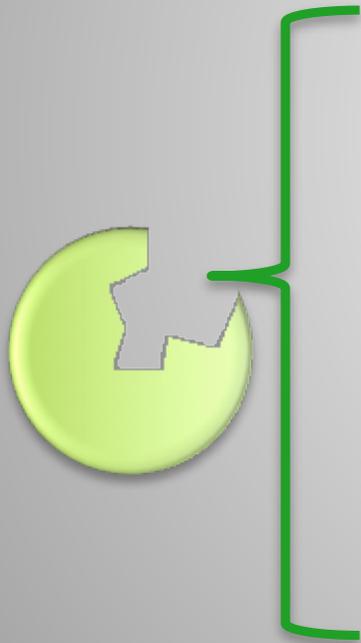


Collider



Connecting the Pieces

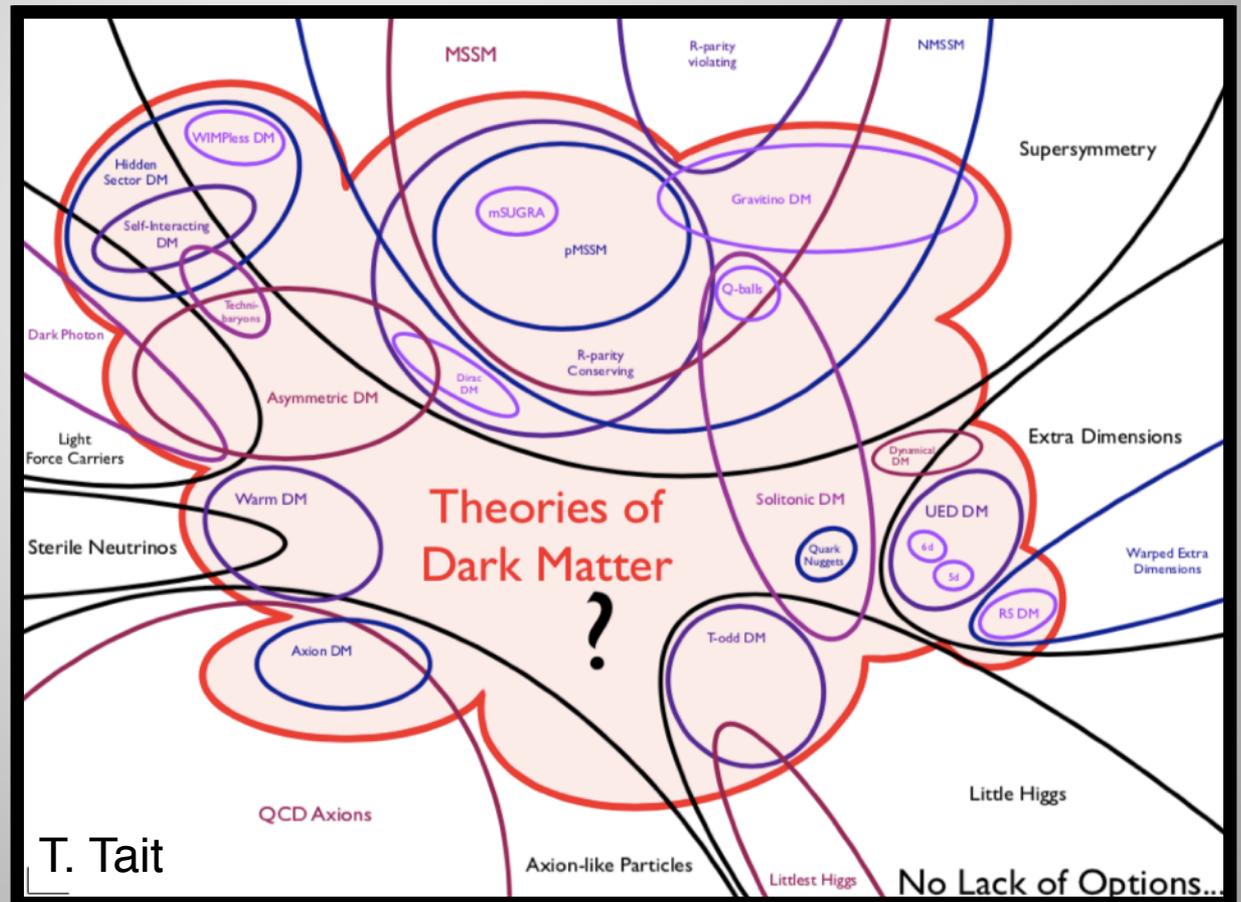
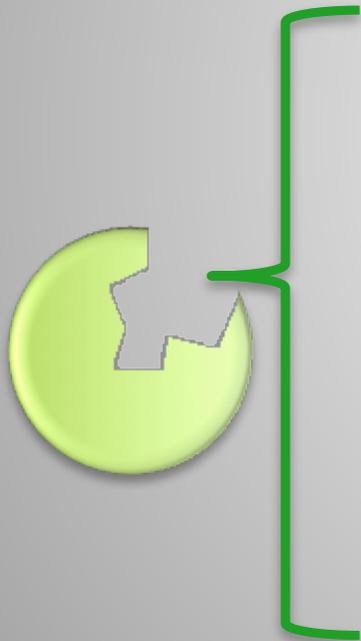
Need a theory to connect the measurements...





Connecting the Pieces

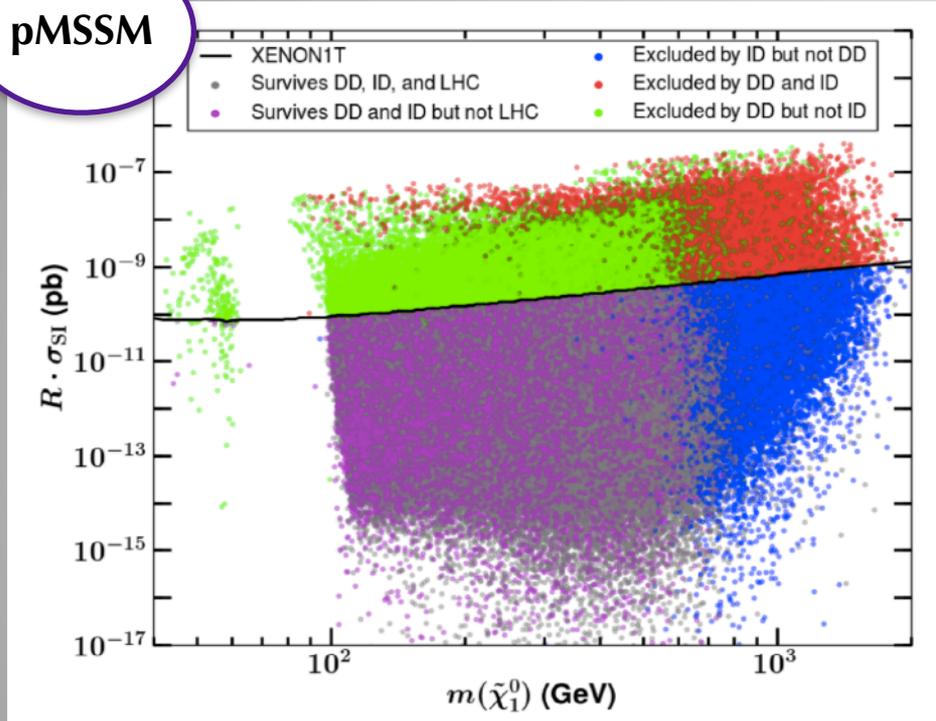
Need a theory to connect the measurements...





Scanning Parameter Space

pMSSM

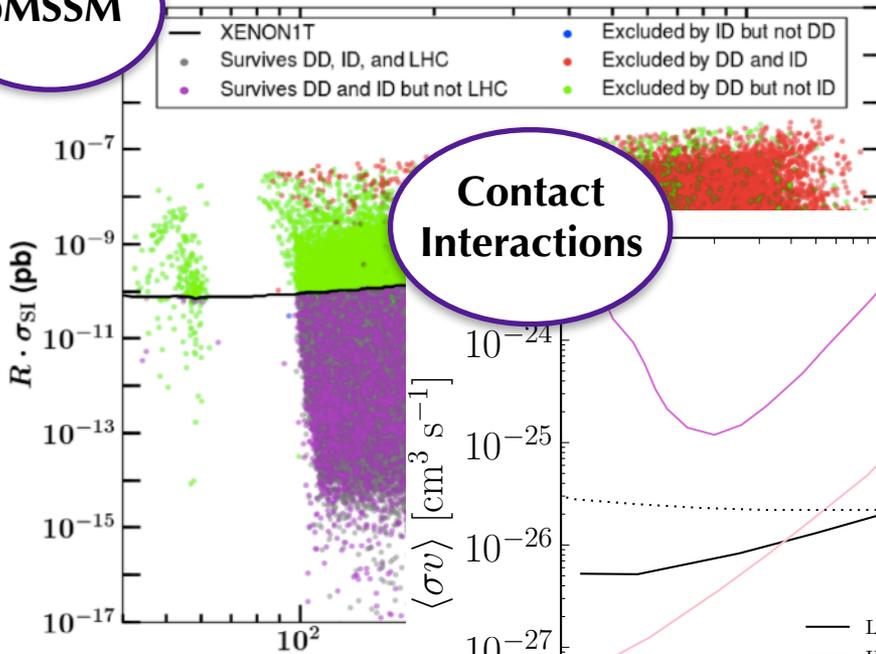


Cahill-Rowley et al., arXiv:1305.6921

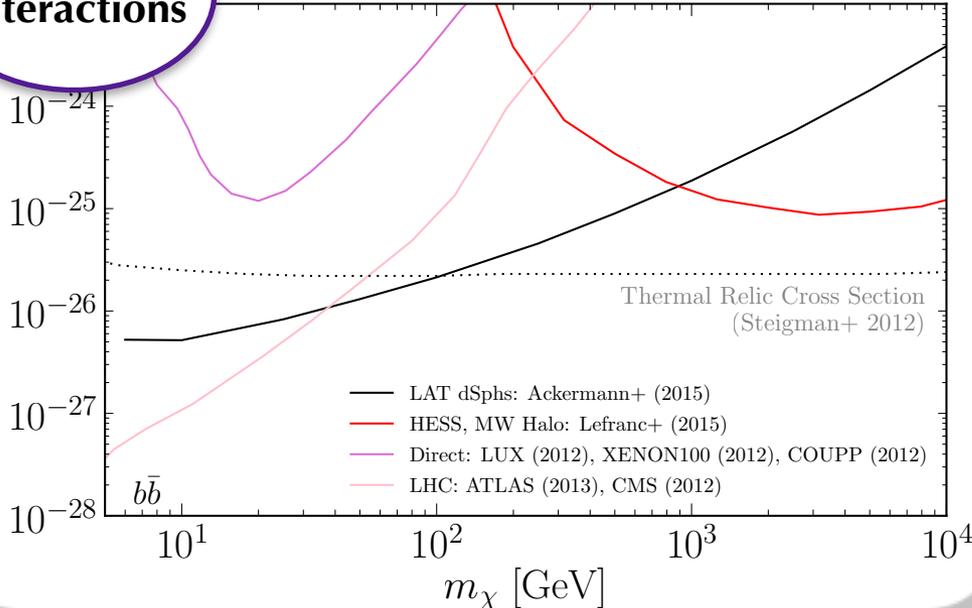


Scanning Parameter Space

pMSSM



Cahill-Rowley et al

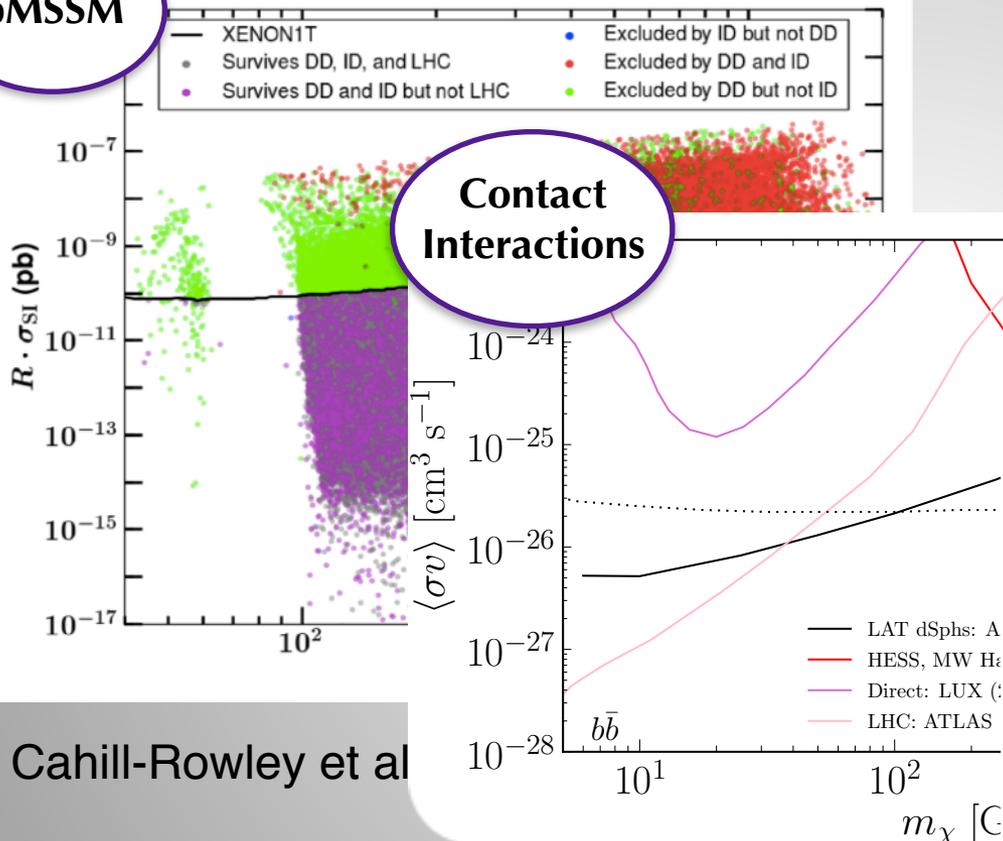


Charles et al., arXiv:1605.02016



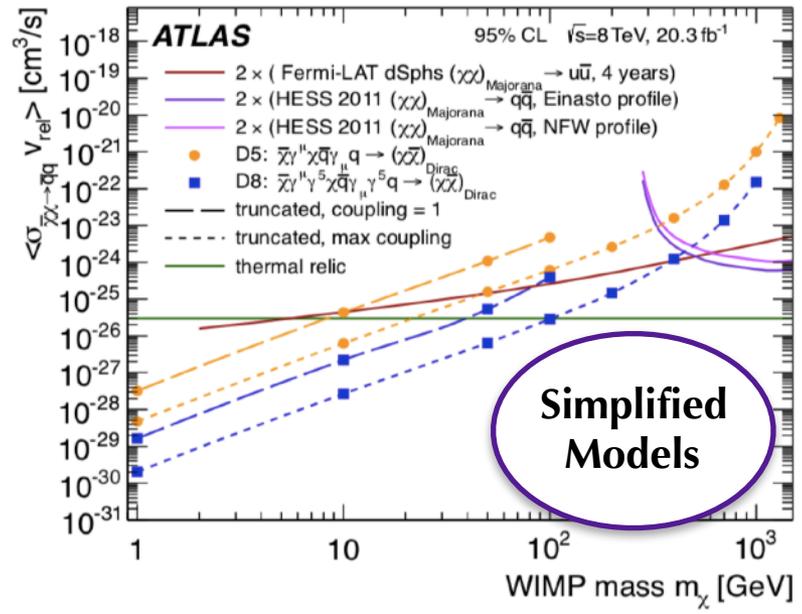
Scanning Parameter Space

pMSSM



Cahill-Rowley et al

Charles et al., arXiv:1



Simplified Models

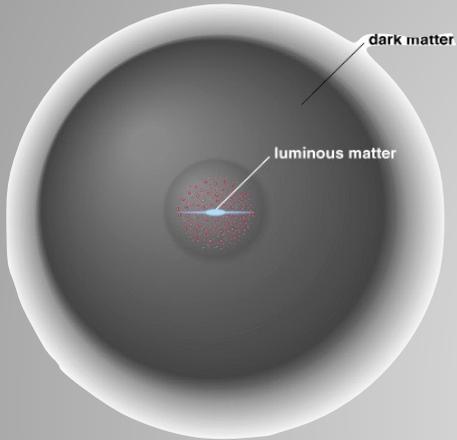


Dark Mater: An Overview



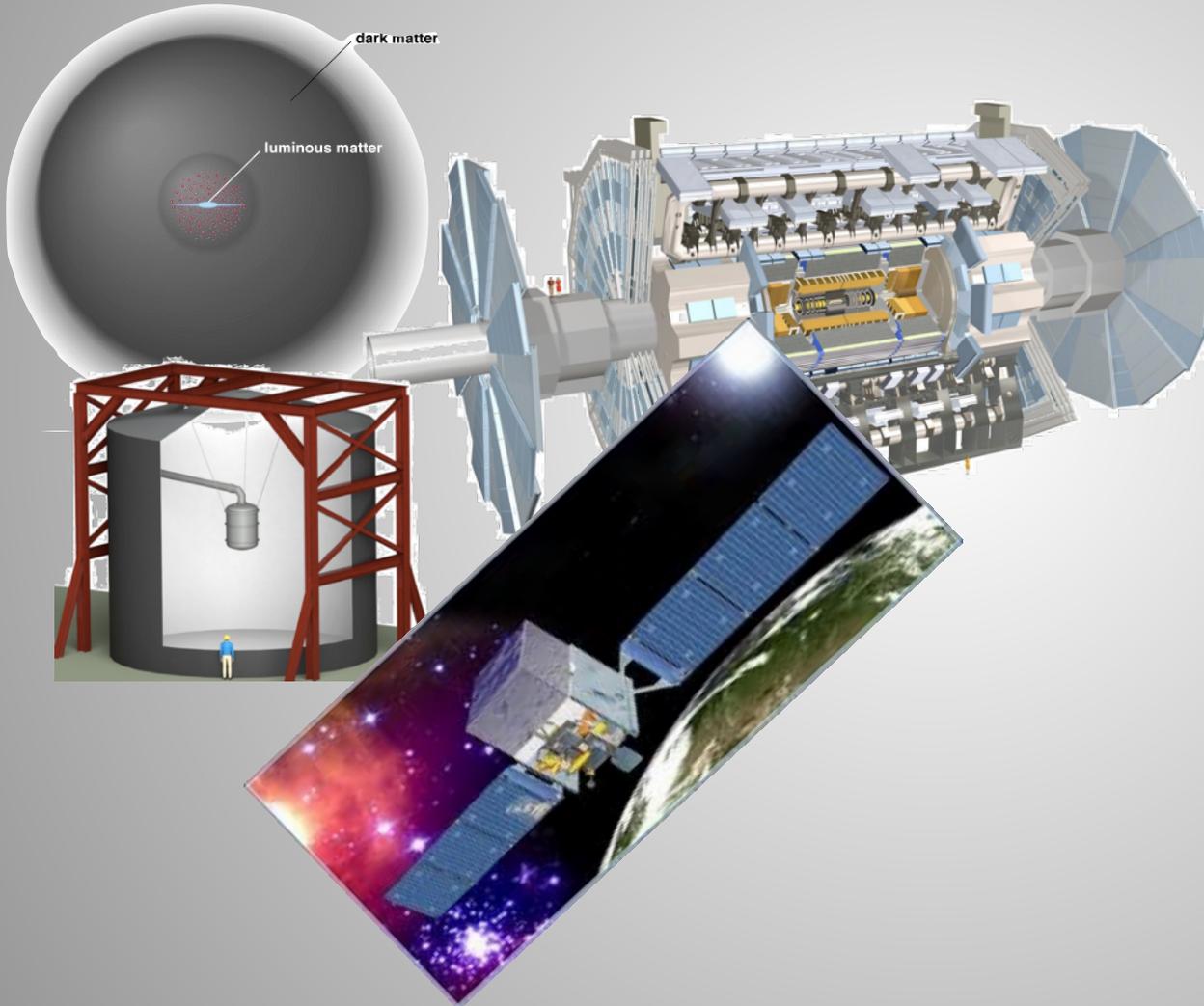


Dark Matter: An Overview



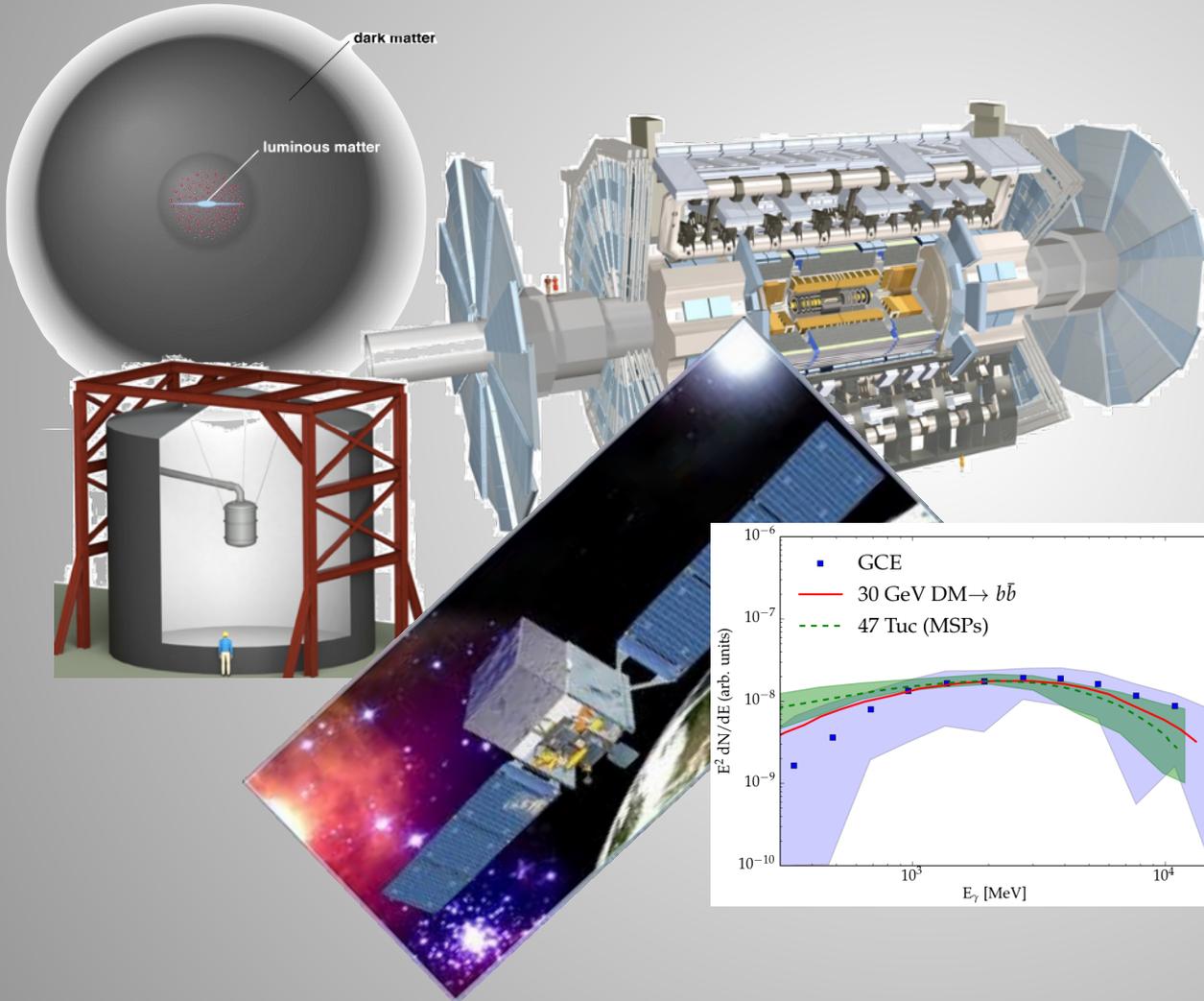


Dark Matter: An Overview



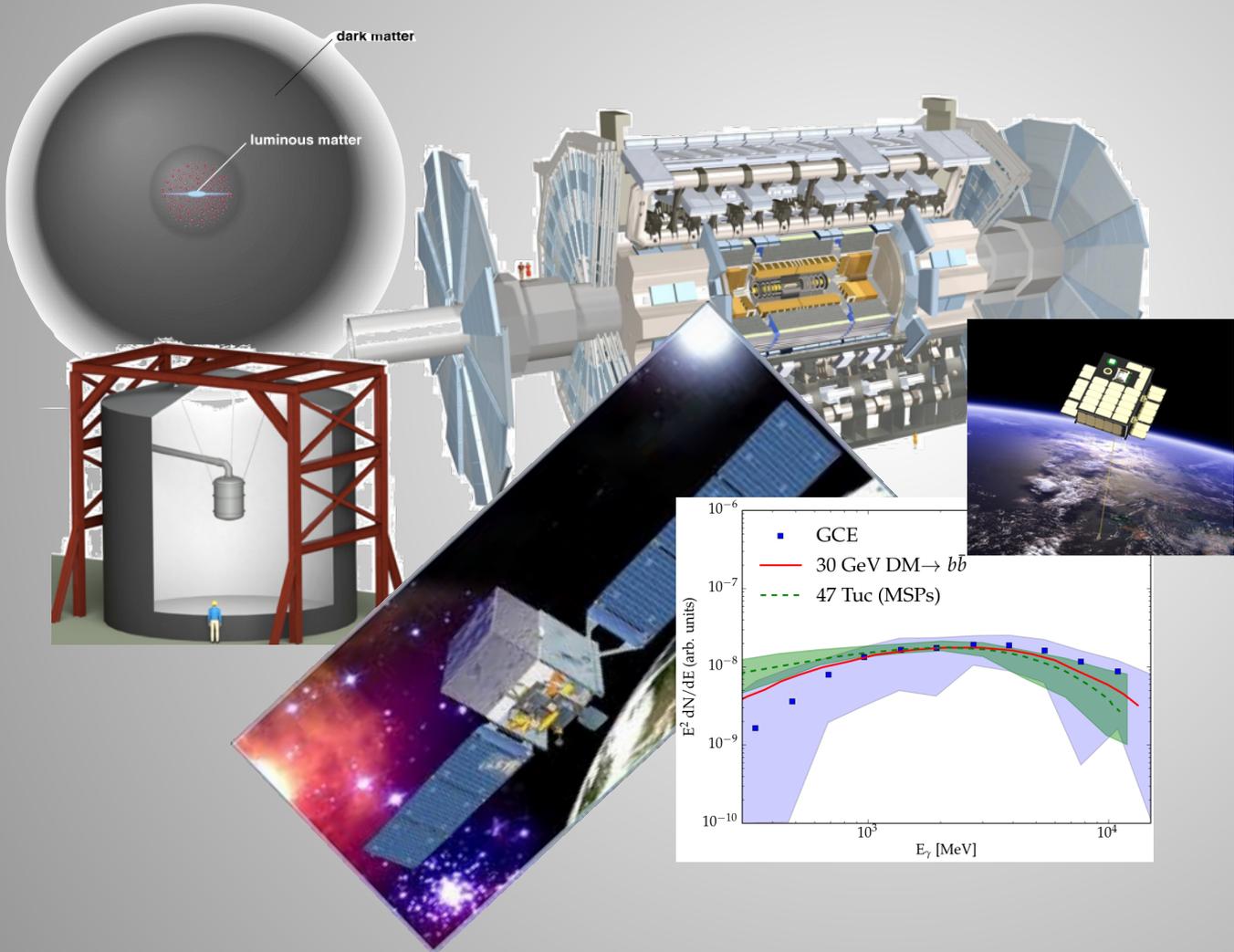


Dark Matter: An Overview



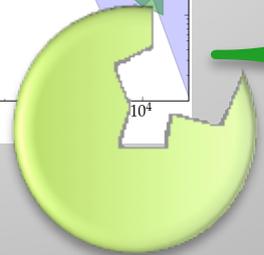
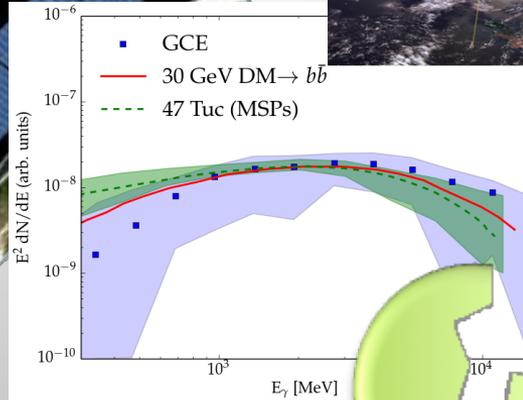
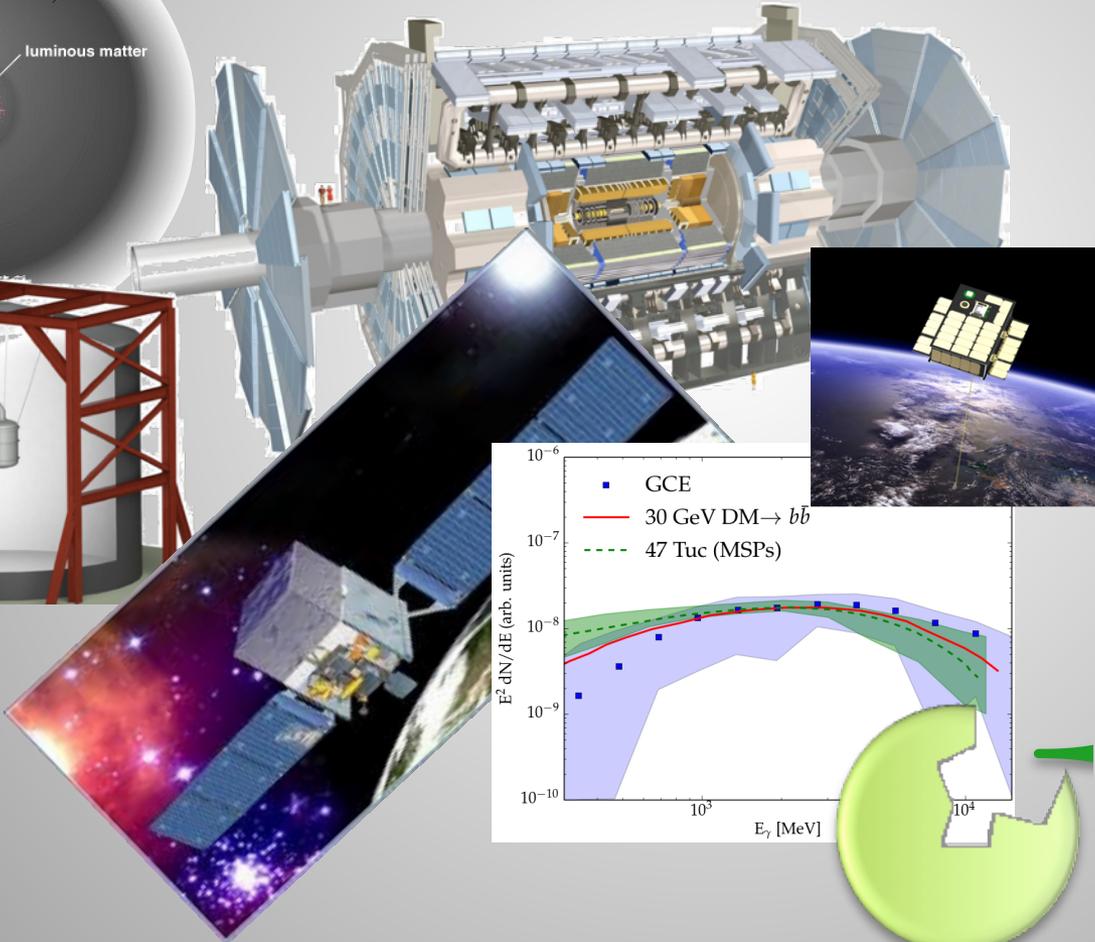
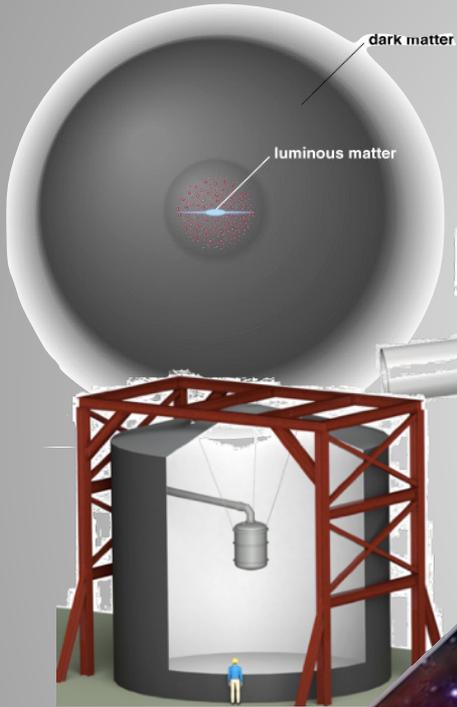


Dark Matter: An Overview



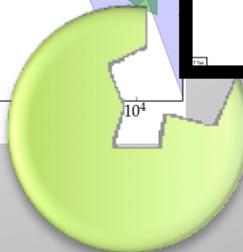
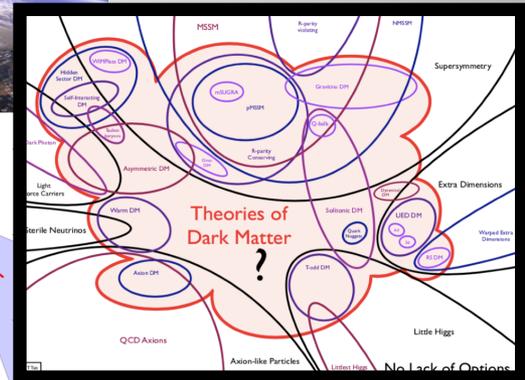
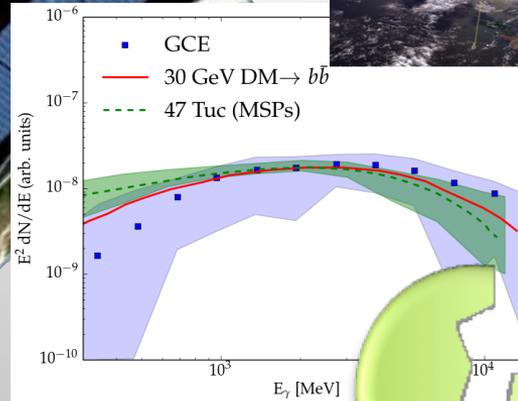
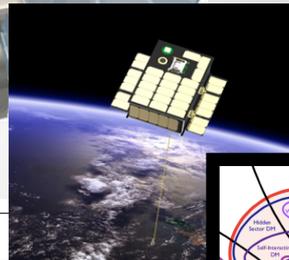
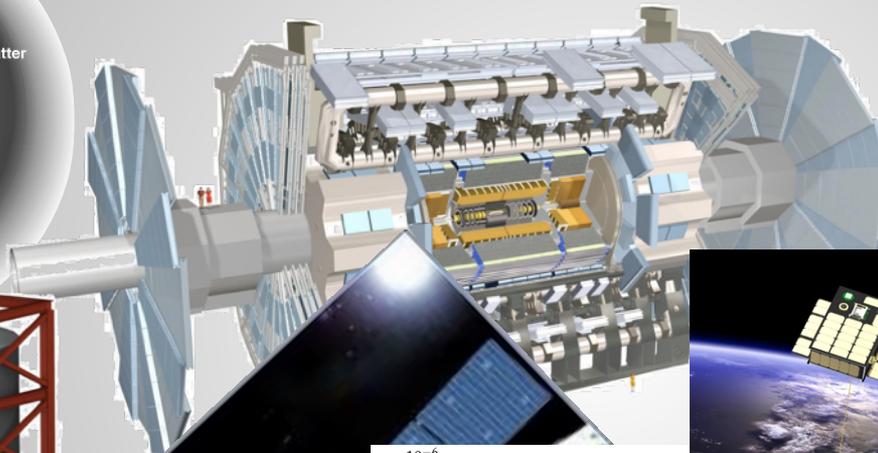
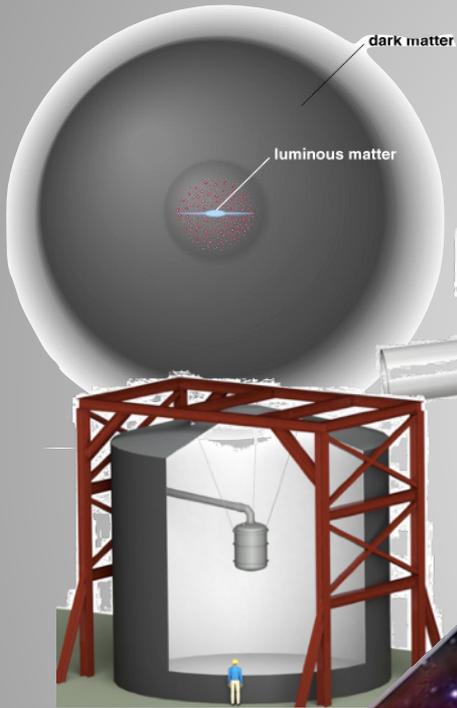


Dark Matter: An Overview



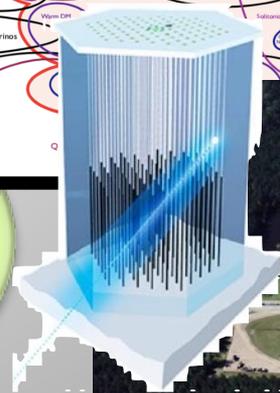
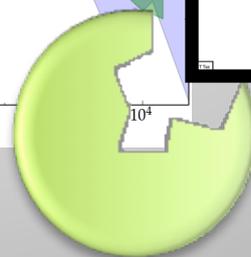
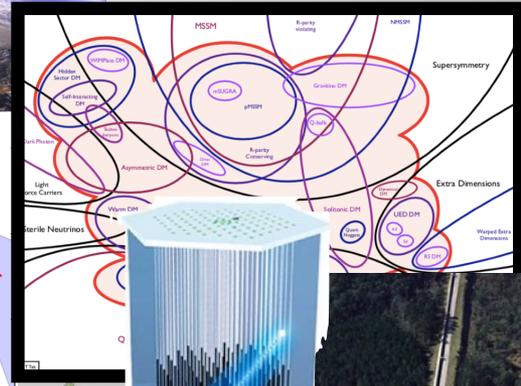
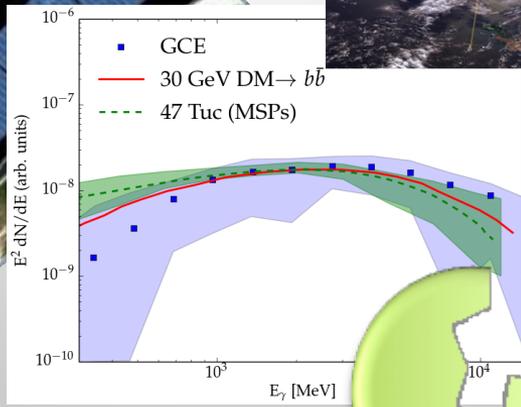
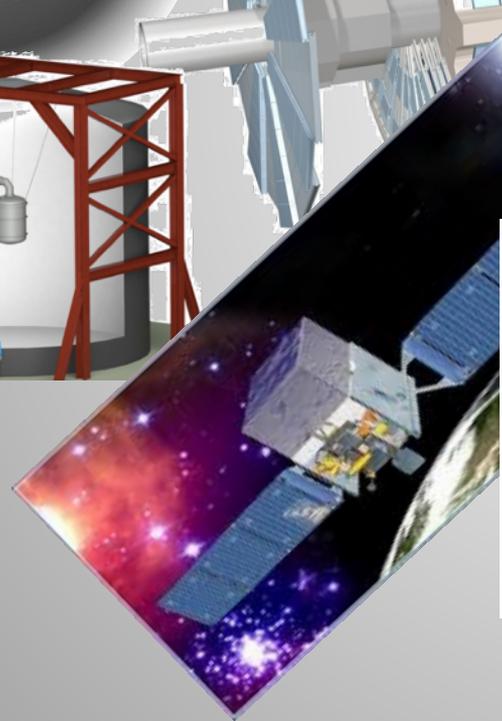
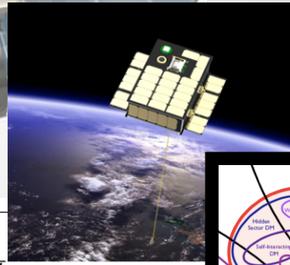
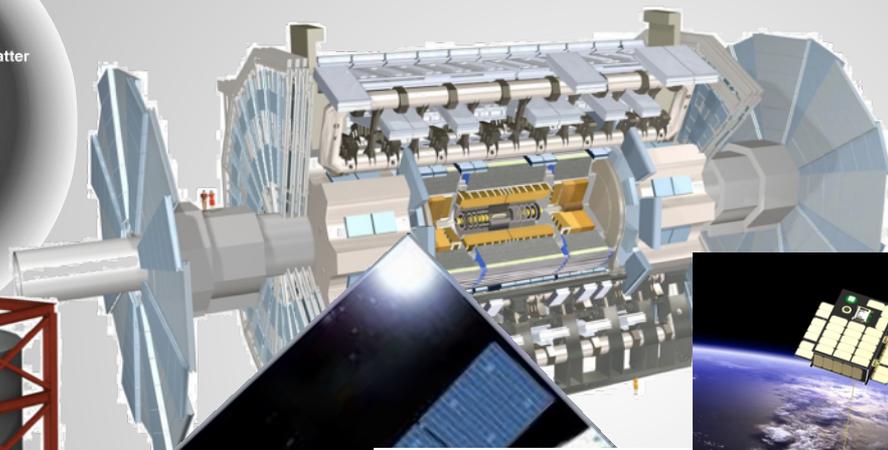
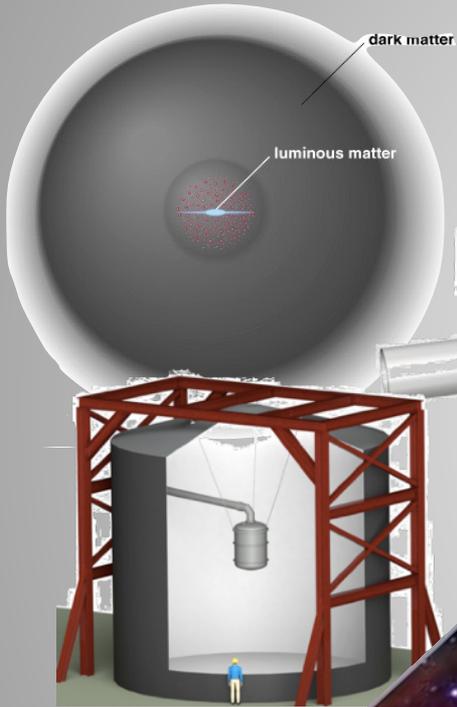


Dark Matter: An Overview





Dark Matter: An Overview





Dark Matter: An Overview



Thank you

