

Enhancing Advanced Virgo sensitivity with the re-integration of monolithic payloads

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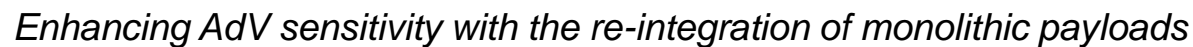
on behalf of the **Virgo Collaboration**





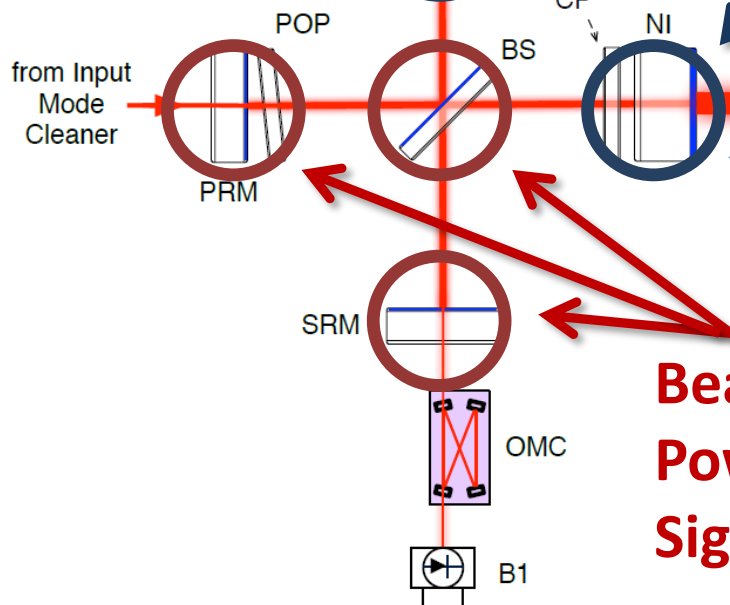
Overview

- **Advanced Virgo Payloads**
 - ITF test masses & sensitivity
 - Payload design
 - The *vacuum ghost*
 - O2 *Steel* Payloads vs O3 *Monolithic* Payloads
- **Payload characterization**
 - O3 mirror suspension Quality Factor
 - $Q(f)$ & considerations
- **Sensitivity enhancement**
 - Mirror suspension thermal noise for O3
 - AdV sensitivity in O3 with monolithic suspension
 - Conclusions

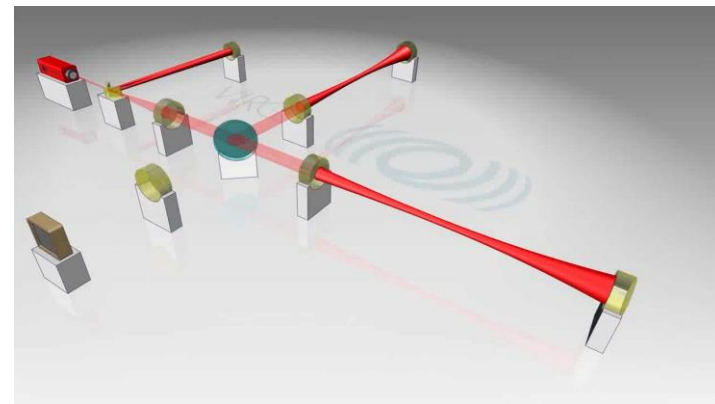


The diagram illustrates the LIGO detector layout. A central beam splitter (BS) is shown in a red circle. Two red laser beams travel outwards to two end mirrors (FP Mirrors) labeled WE and NE. The distance between the BS and each end mirror is 3 km, indicated by blue double-headed arrows. The end mirrors are also shown in red circles. A third red beam travels from the BS to a third mirror labeled WI. The distance between the BS and WI is also 3 km, indicated by a blue double-headed arrow. The WI mirror is also shown in a red circle. A fourth mirror labeled NI is shown in a blue circle, connected to the BS by a dashed line labeled CP. A red beam labeled POP is shown entering the BS from the left. The text "Gravitational test masses: FP Mirrors (Input & End)" is written in blue. The formula $\delta L(\omega_{gw}) \approx \frac{1}{2} h L$ is shown in blue on the right.

$$\delta L(\omega_{gw}) \approx \frac{1}{2} hL$$

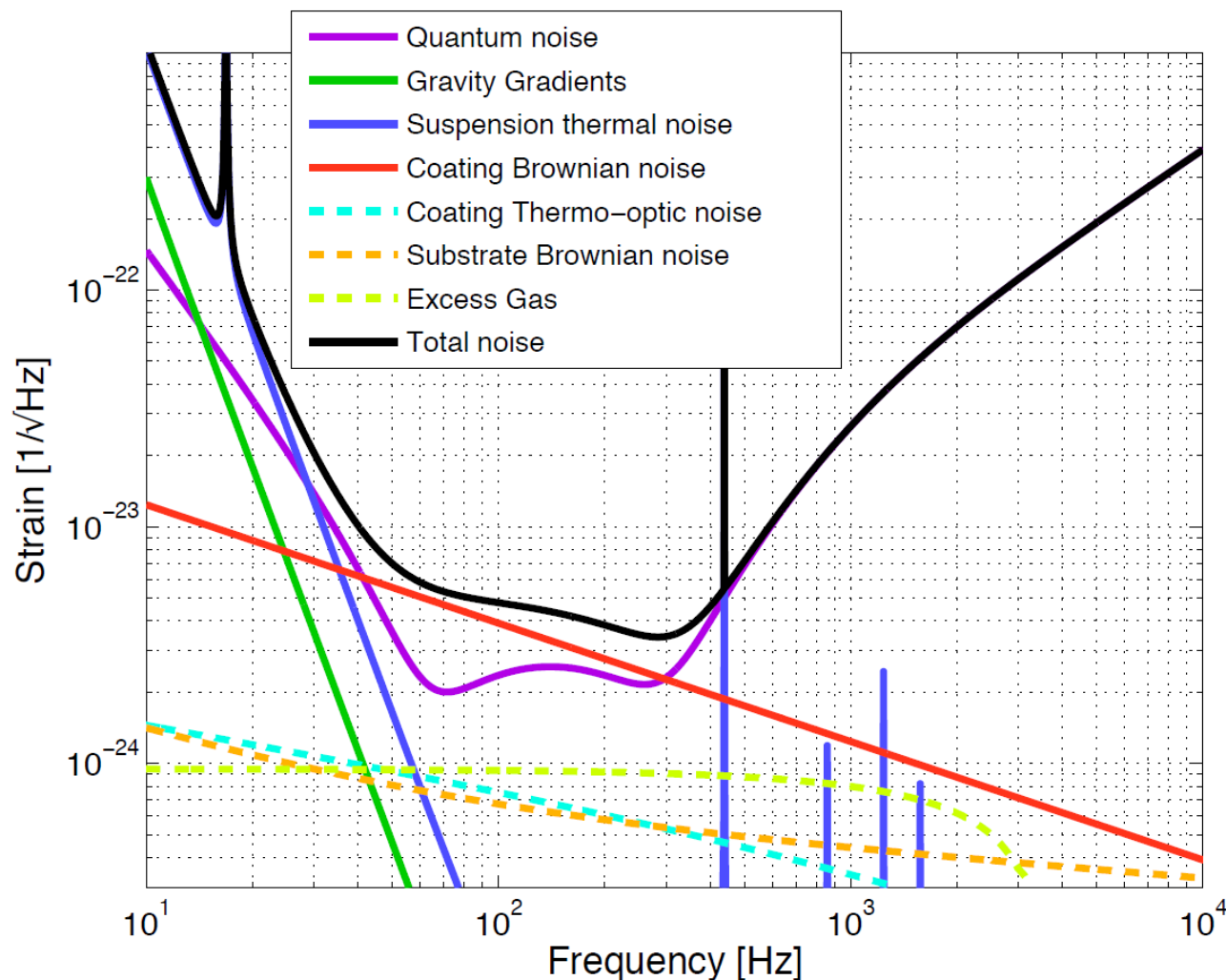


Beamsplitter Power Recycling Signal Recycling





Interferometer test masses & Sensitivity

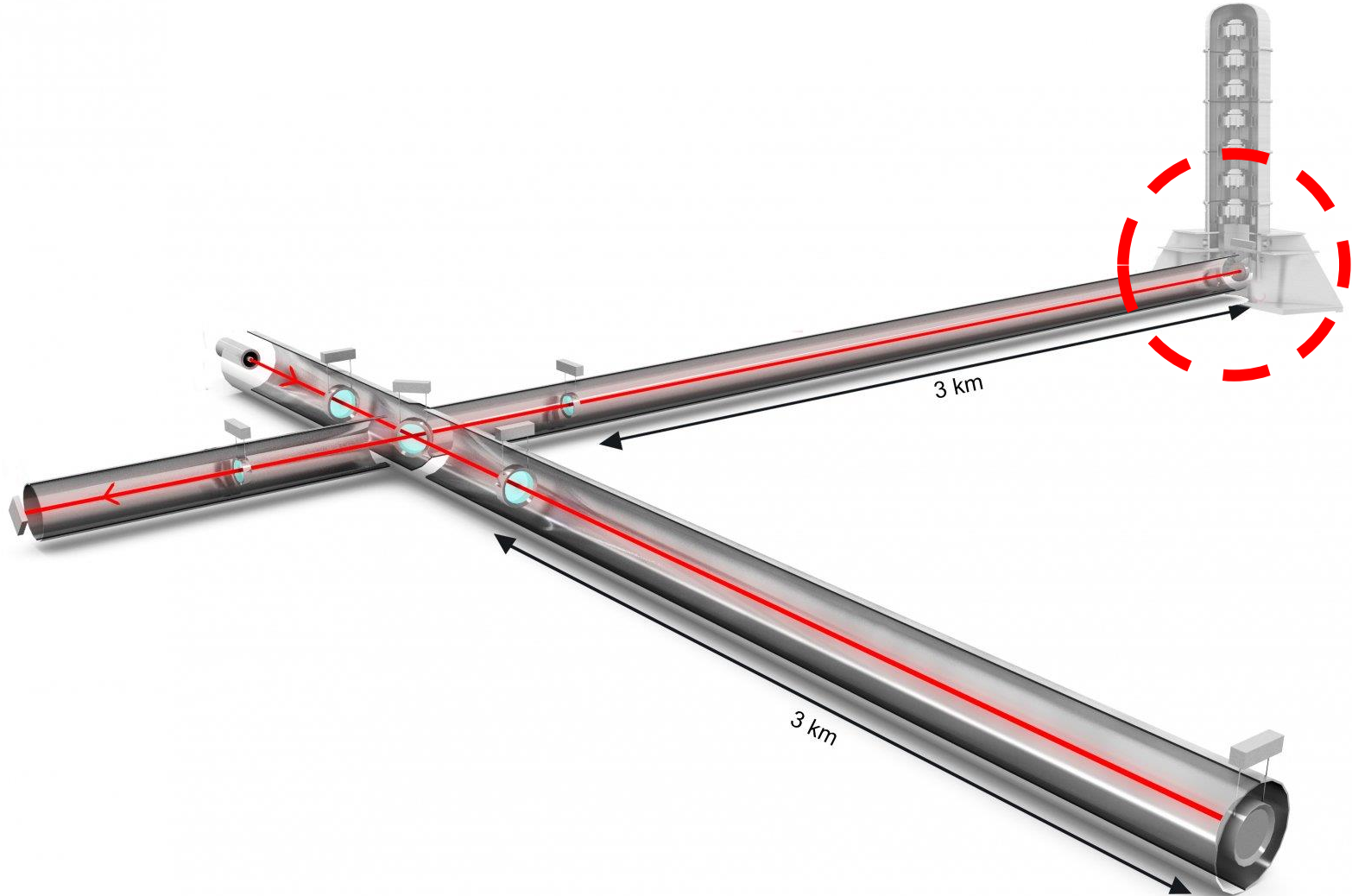


Test mass
suspension:

- Seismic noise attenuation
- Suspension thermal noise



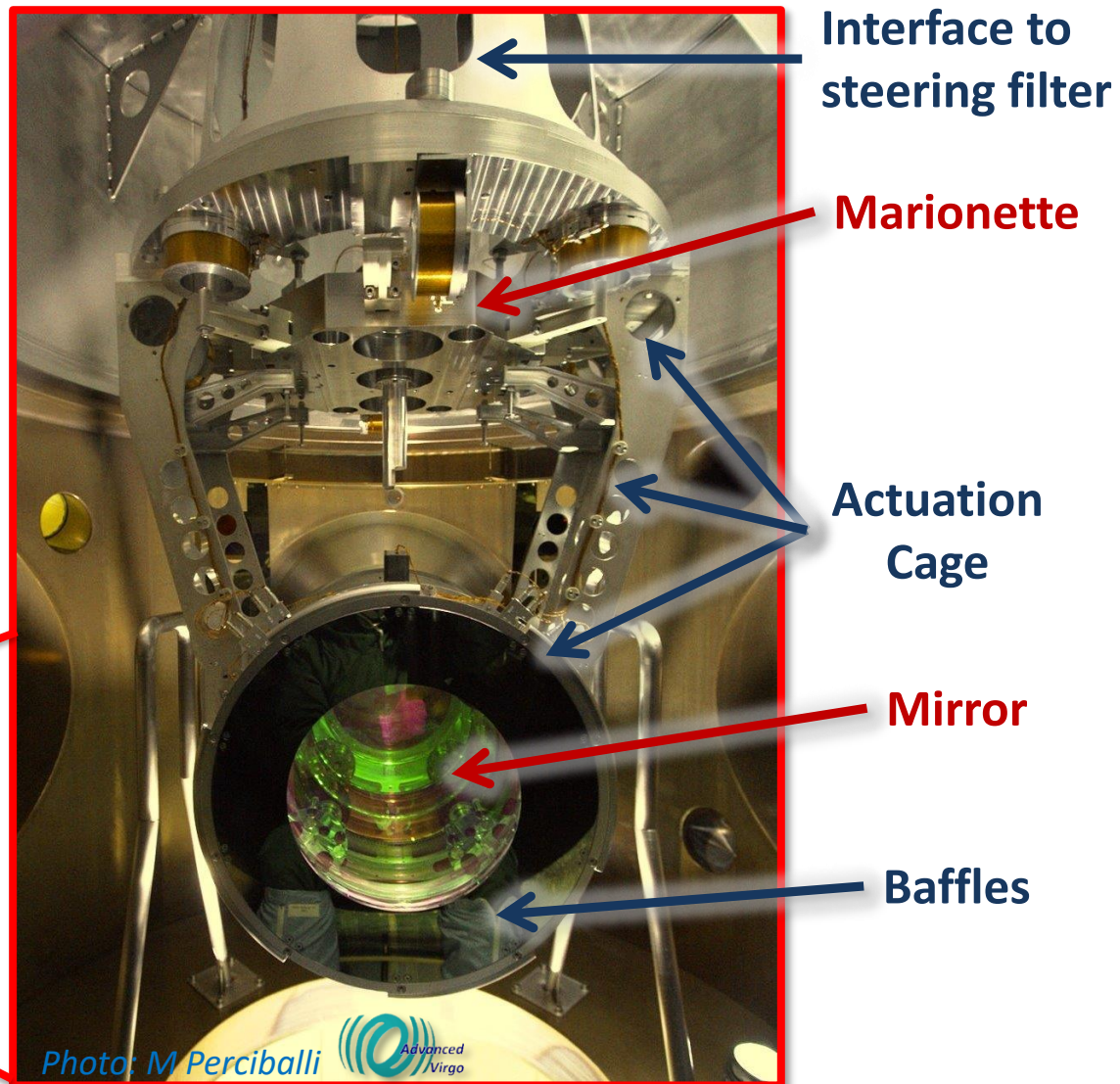
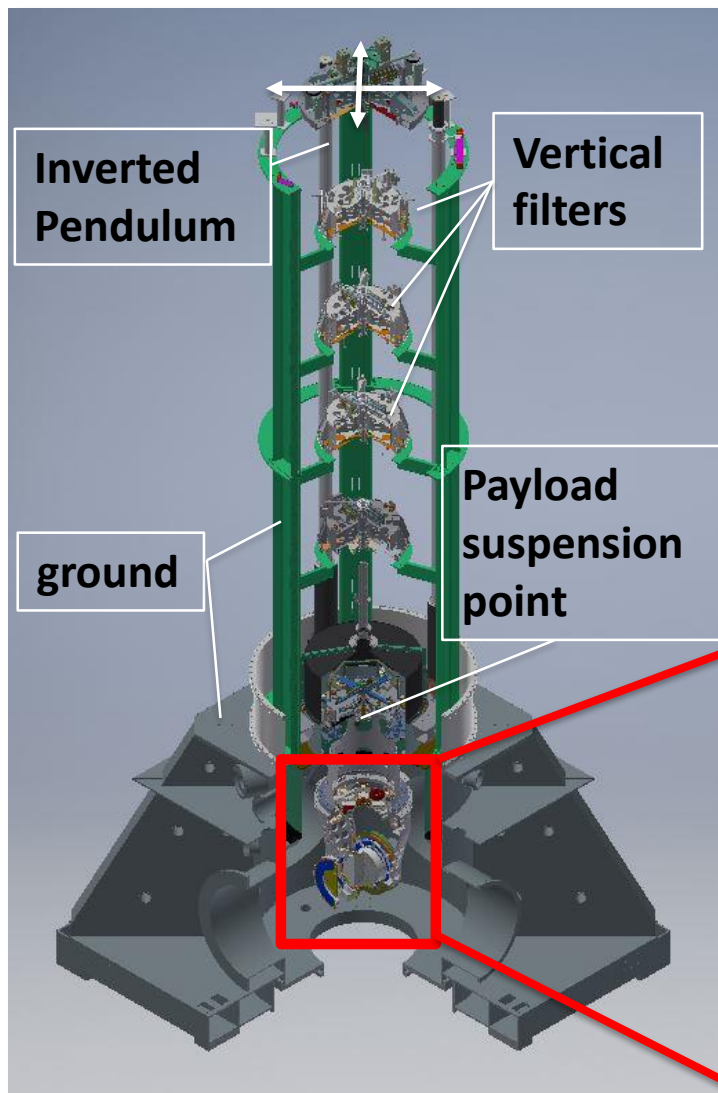
Interferometer test masses & Sensitivity





Payload Design

AdV Payloads





Payload Design

AdV Payloads Input

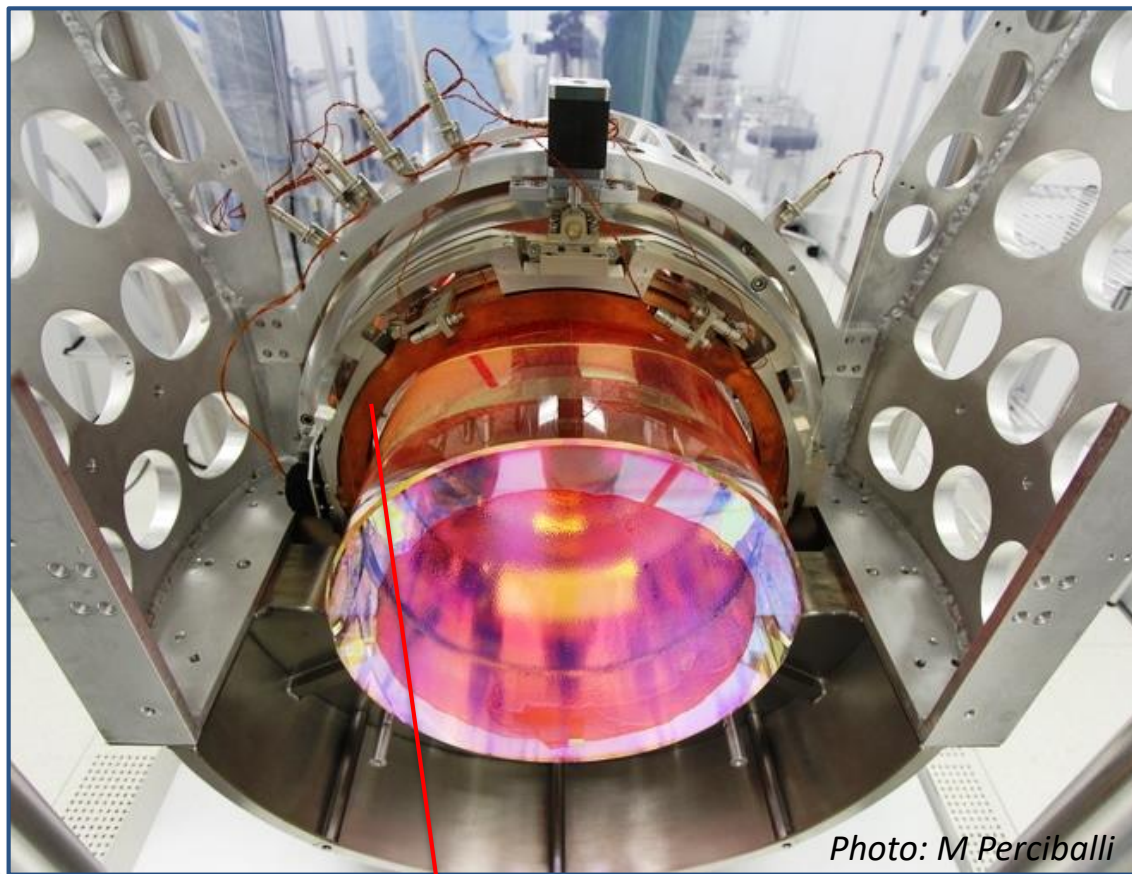
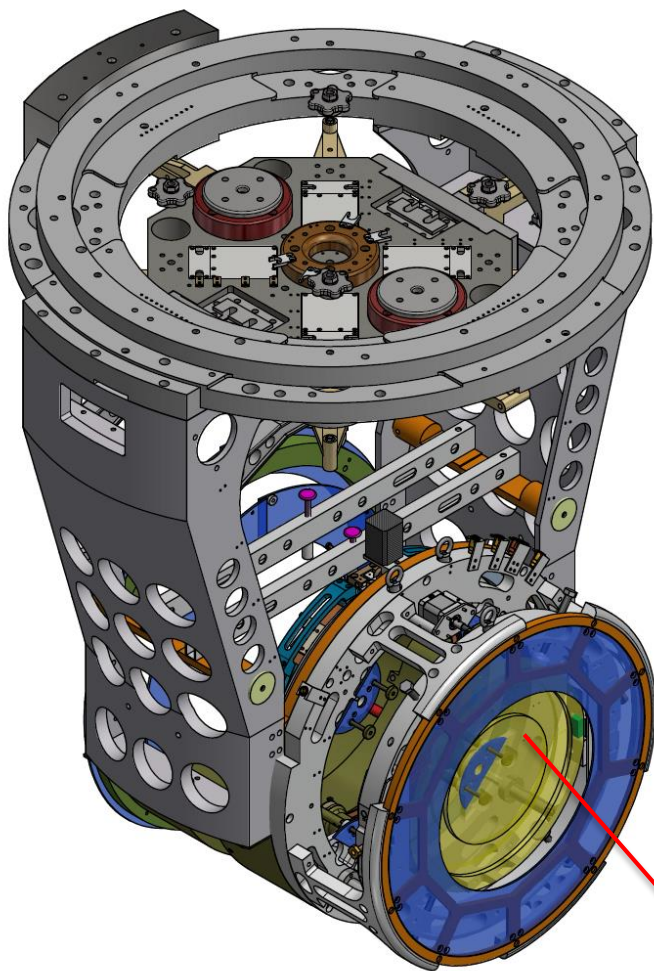


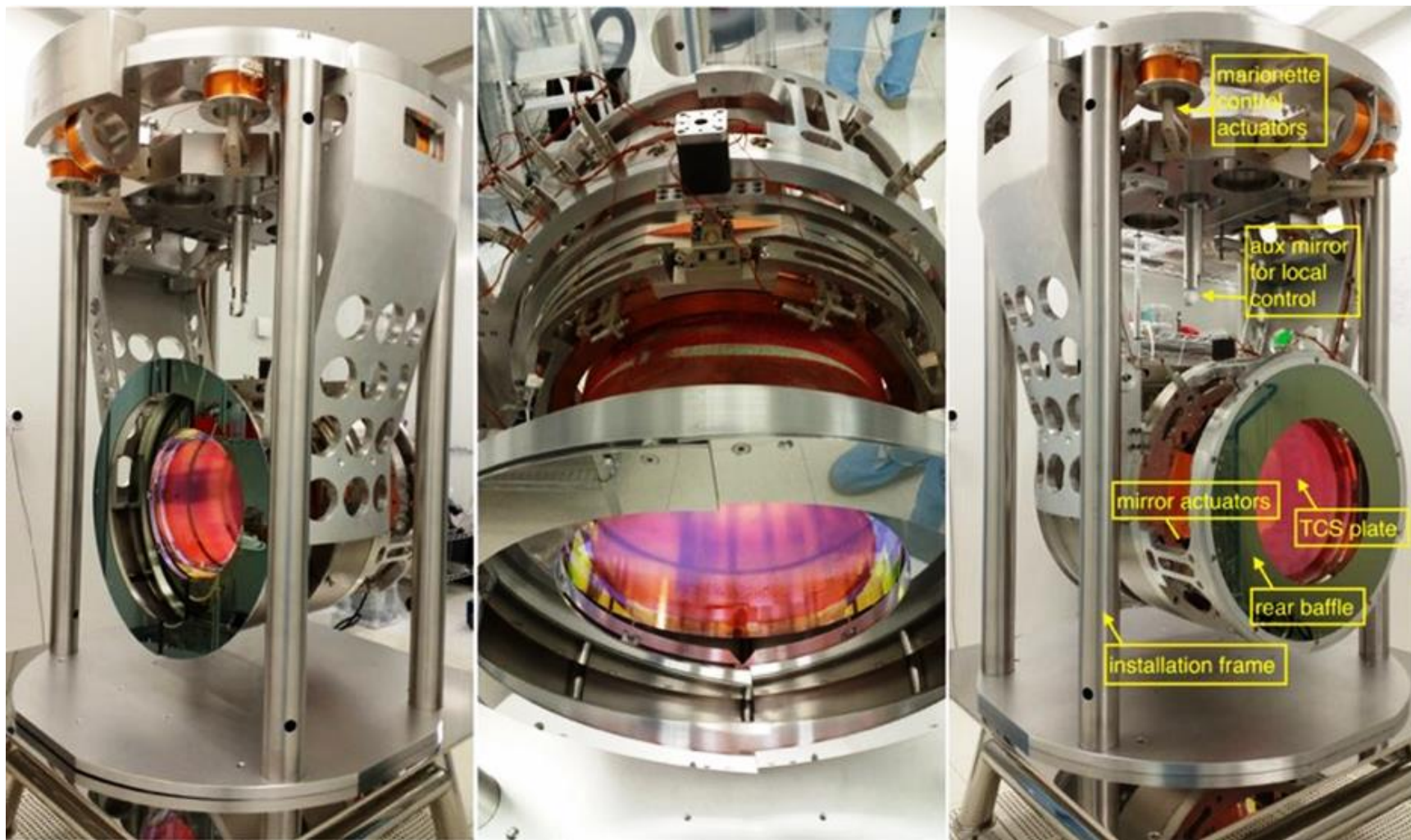
Photo: M Perciballi

TCS: thermal compensation
(Compensation Plate and Ring Heater)



Payload Design

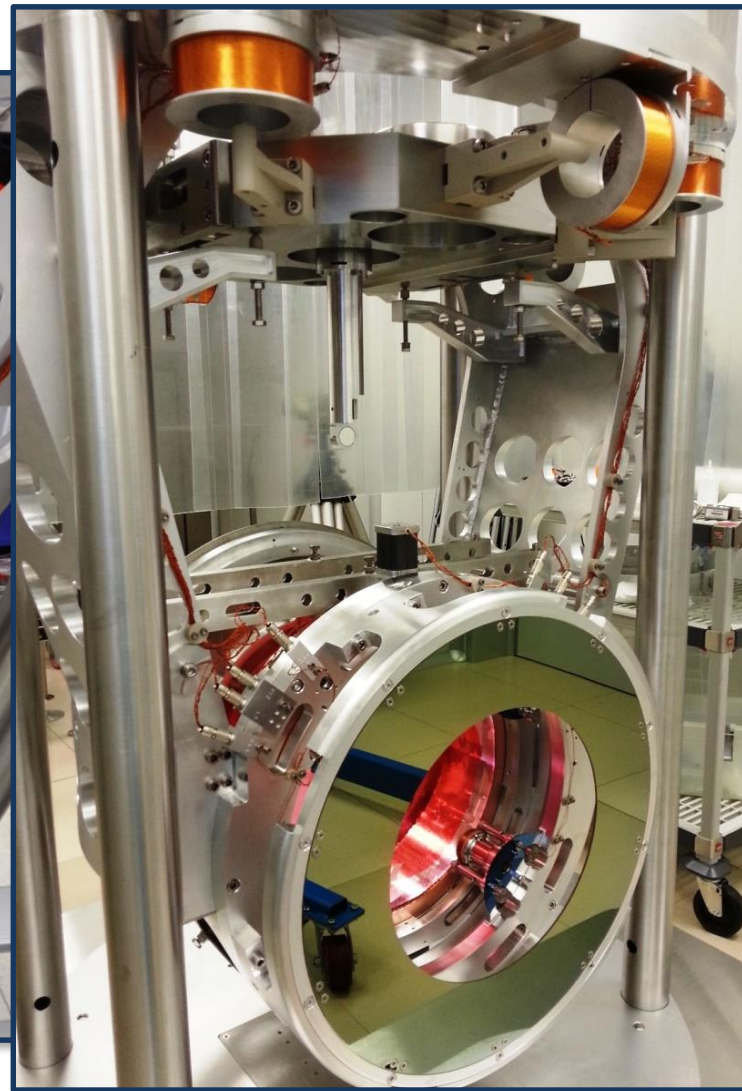
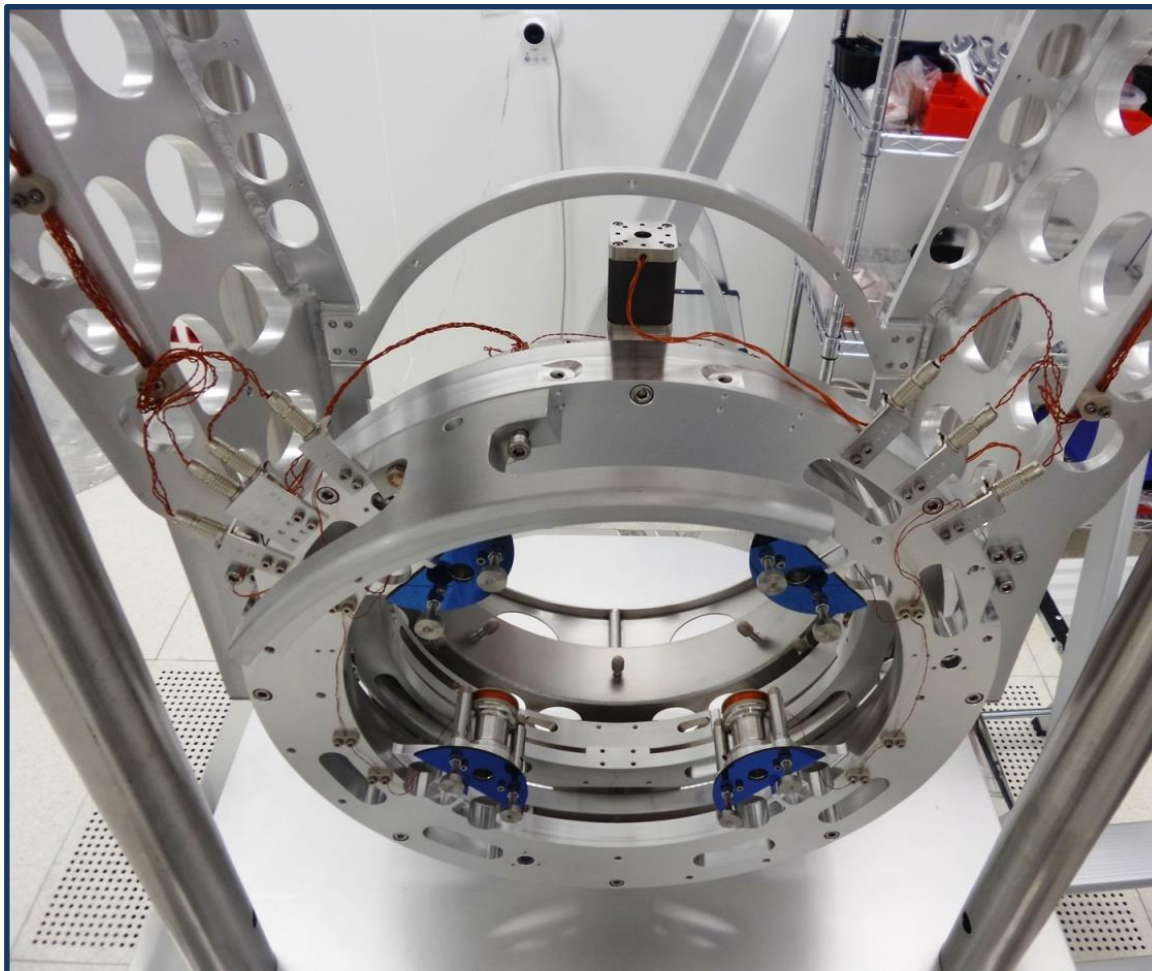
AdV Payloads Input





Payload Design

AdV Payloads *End*

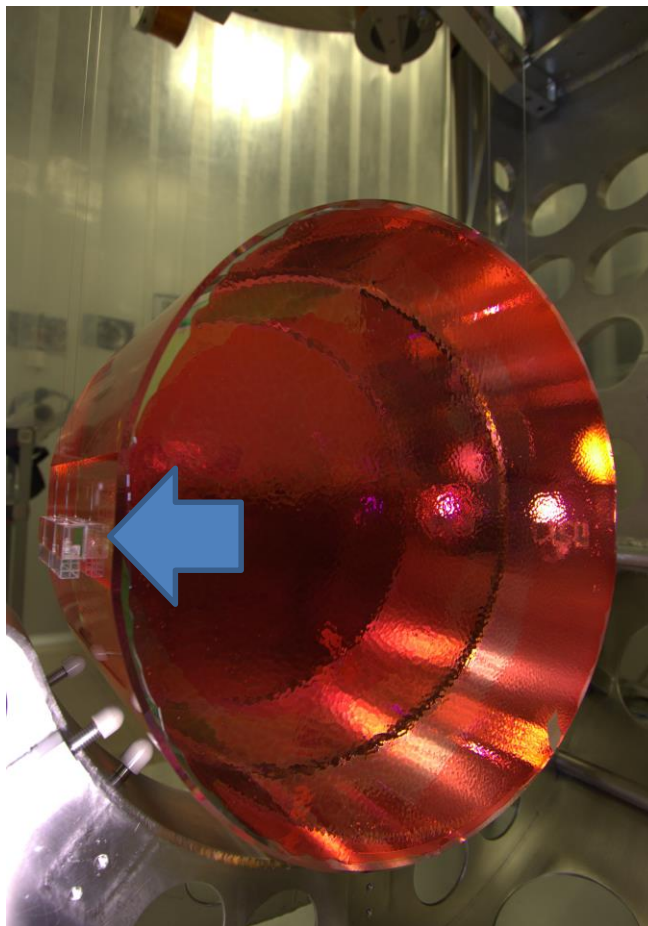
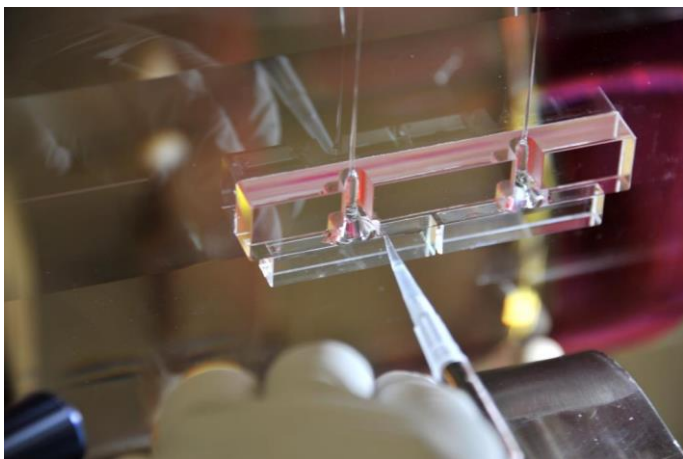
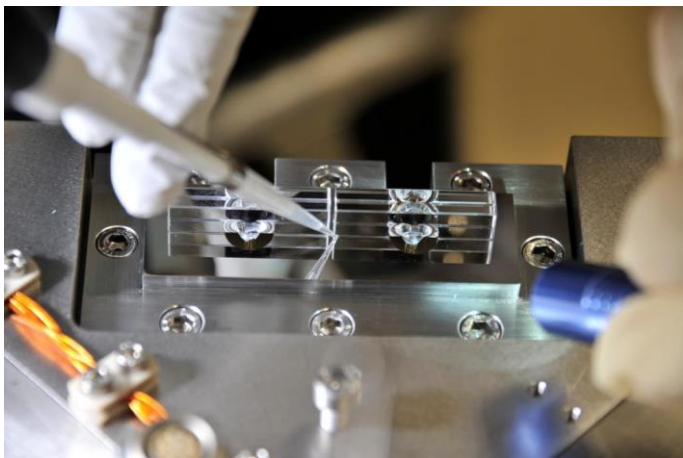




AdV Payloads

The “vacuum ghost”

AdV Payloads were designed to use the mirror monolithic suspension (MS) since the first observation run



Payloads
assembled and
integrated without
complications, but
when the system
was placed under
vacuum...



AdV Payloads

The “vacuum ghost”

... MS failures of all the monolithic payloads!



The collaboration studied all the possible breaking mechanisms:
mechanical, vacuum, thermal, chemical, radioactivity tests and so on...
(VIR-0383A-16, VIR-0409A-17, ...)

Finally, the cause was identified and demonstrated to be the **dust contamination of the vacuum pipes**: failures always related to vacuum operations, starting on the venting tube side: *dust particles released by the scroll pumps hit the SiO₂ fibers with a possible velocity up to ≈20m/s : enough to damage their surface and break them!*

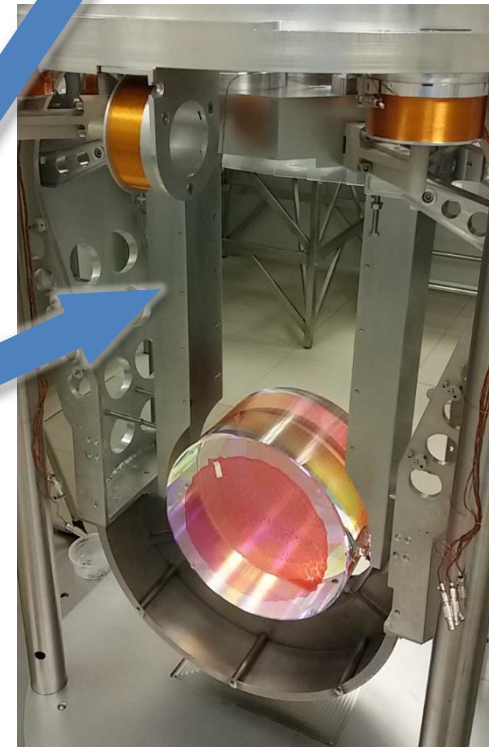
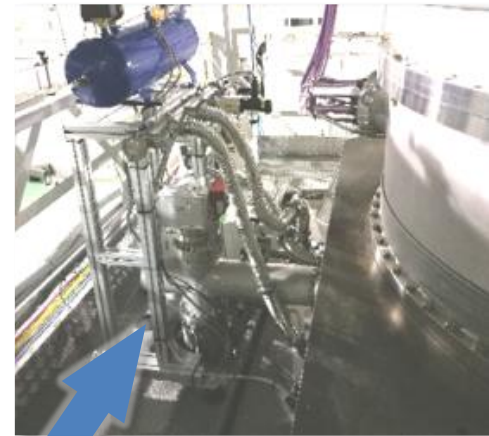


AdV Payloads

The “vacuum ghost”

Reactions:

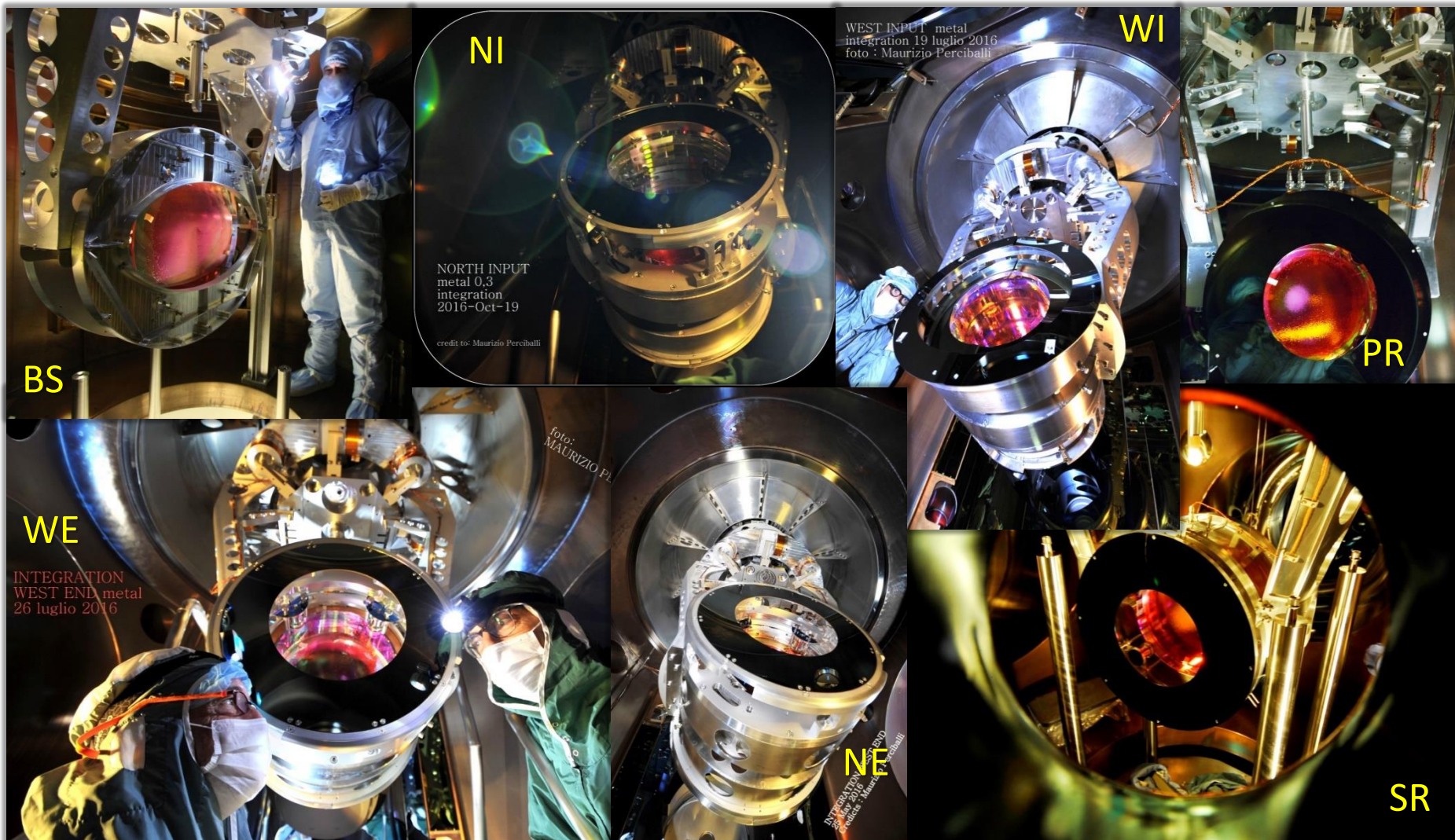
- Implementation of the **backup solution**: *steel-wire mirror suspension* to be ready for O2 (**wise choice: GW170814 & GW170817**)
- Upgrade and cleaning of the vacuum system and substitution of scroll pumps before O3
- Payload upgrade (safety fiber guards)
- Reintegration of Monolithic Payloads for O3





AdV Payloads

02 “steel” payloads



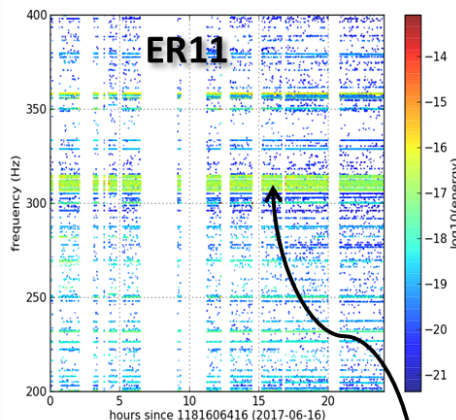
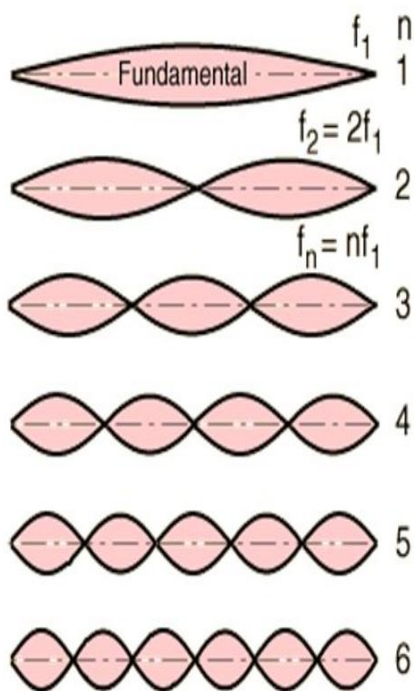


AdV Payloads

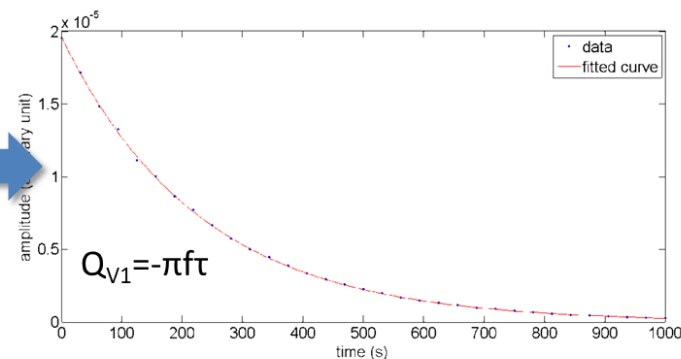
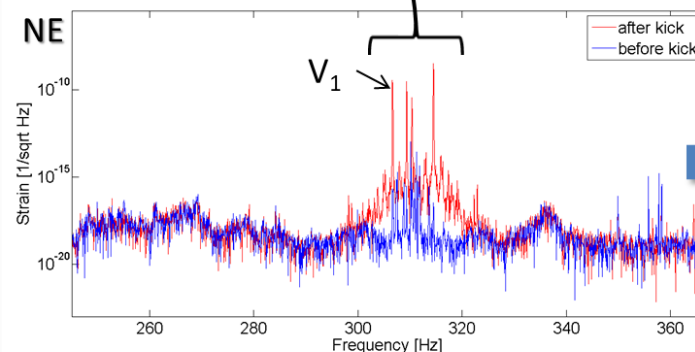
02 “steel” payloads

Violin modes' Q \longleftrightarrow Thermal Noise \longrightarrow Sensitivity

FP Payloads Q of steel-wire suspension



Violin Modes	FREQUENCY RANGE (Hz)	QUALITY FACTOR RANGE
NORTH INPUT	$306.7 \div 313.6$	$(2.18 \div 2.71) \times 10^5$
NORTH END	$306.6 \div 314.5$	$(2.21 \div 2.37) \times 10^5$
WEST INPUT	$307.3 \div 311.8$	$(2.03 \div 2.69) \times 10^5$
WEST END	$308.8 \div 311.7$	$(1.94 \div 2.92) \times 10^5$

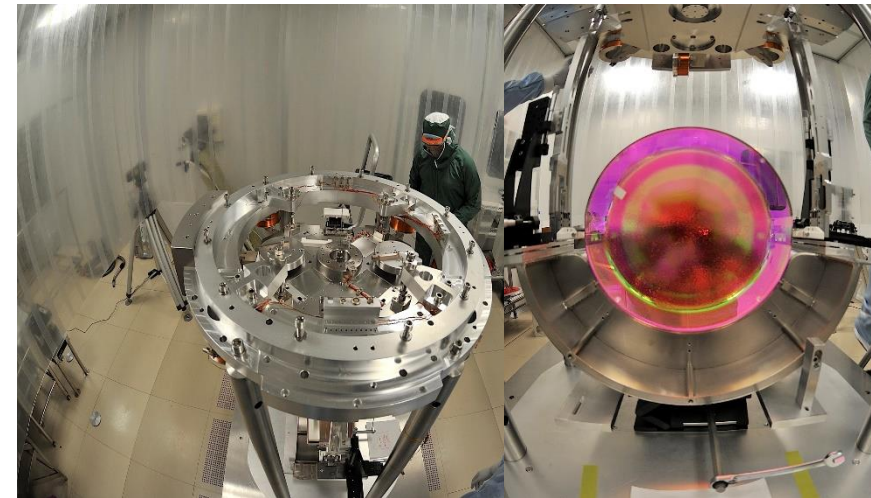




AdV Payloads

03 “Monolithic” Payloads

Assembly and Integration procedures were standardized (VIR-0712A-17): safety and cleanliness improved, checklist and detailed documentation collected for each payload & mirror. Great accuracy in fiber production ($\Delta l \sim 0.1\text{mm}$) and MS integration ($\sim 1\text{mrad}$).



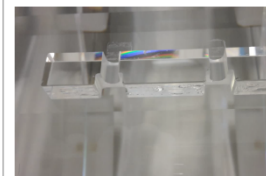
PAYLOAD	WEST INPUT
IN-TOWER CHECK ON	5 February 2018
EXTRACTED ON	5 February 2018
DISASSEMBLED ON	6 February 2018
ASSEMBLY STARTED ON	8 February 2018
ASSEMBLY COMPLETED ON	20 February 2018
INTEGRATED ON	21 February 2018
NOTE	Electrostatic charge measurements: - bottom vacuum chamber: -33V - Mirror ITC: 0.4- -25V - M3 Mirror Column: -25V

Weight of removed steel clamps	Sc: 1223g Dc: 1223g
Clamps, bolts, interfaces	TOT: 2446g
Weight of new anchors (x8):	8g each TOT: 64g
Weight of A/D interfaces, bolts included:	1152g (8x), 1152g (x10), bolts included TOT: 2446g
Weight of anchor carter (x2) write if they were already mounted	34g each TOT: 282g
new Fiber Guards overall weight (supports and bolts included)	Sc: 1450g Dc: 1446g TOT: 2896g
Weight change due to MS	
Weight change due to monolithic suspension instead of steel clamps (indicate with sign increase/reduction) INCLUDE FIBER GUARDS	-423g (on +2473g (on

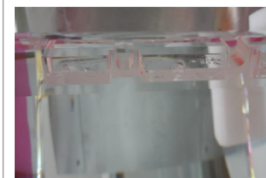
If the marionette suspension wire is removed, write the dimension and weight of the spacer/washer	d (mm)	
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PICTURES OF EARS (08/02/18)

EAR A – Before cleaning process



EAR A – After cleaning process



Note:

- removed all counterweights on peek arms: -138g
- removed aluminium marionette counterweights: -295g x2 = -590g
- added counterweights spacers: +72g
- removed steel wire clamping parts: -2446g
- added MS plates: +2304g
- added about 35g on VFL and VBL arms
- MS plates position:

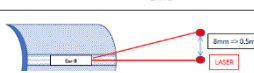
INCLINATION OF THE EARS (08/02/2018)

Distance Ears – Wall: 8.55m // Distance Mirror – Laser: 0.3m (Me
made directly inside the clean hood with a portable laser bench)

EAR A



EAR B



1. PRELIMINARY INFORMATIONS (in-tower balancing check)

MARIONETTE AND CAGE BALANCING COUNTERWEIGHTS POSITION AND WEIGHT (in-tower check) C,D,E,F,G,H,I,L,M NOT REMOVED FROM INTERFACE WITH F711	
(g)	WEIGHT
A	1183
B	405
C	764
D	685
E	532
F	1298
G	1231
H	2181
I	247
L	343
M	
N	
O	
P	
Q	
R	
S	
T	
U	
V	
W	
X	
Y	
Z	

COUNTERWEIGHTS ON MARIONETTE ARMS (if present)

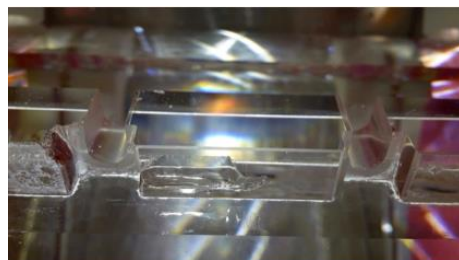
WEIGHT	POSITION
HR	20
VER	20
VBL	20
VBR	20
VBL	20
VBR	20



AdV Payloads

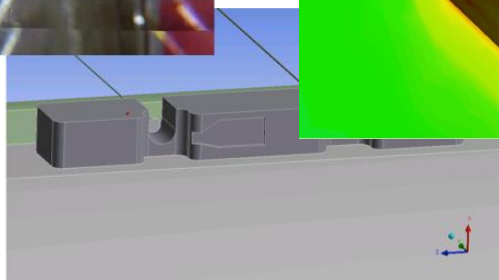
03 “Monolithic” Payloads

Damage relevance for thermal noise has been evaluated. Mirror ears cleaning before re-installation of MS

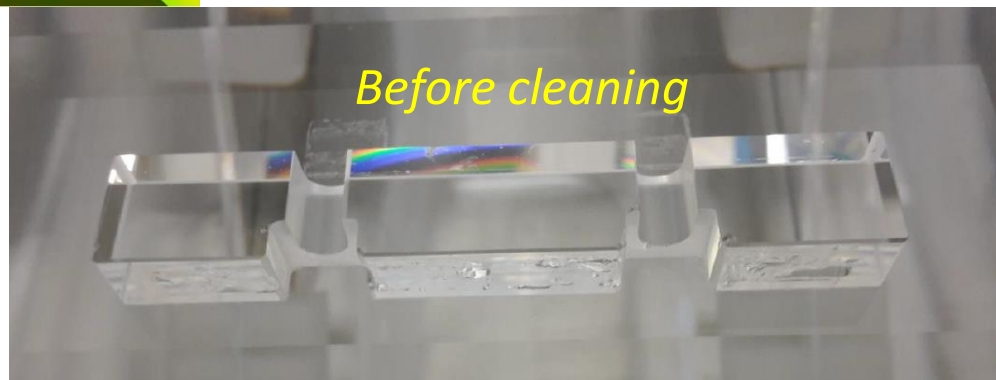
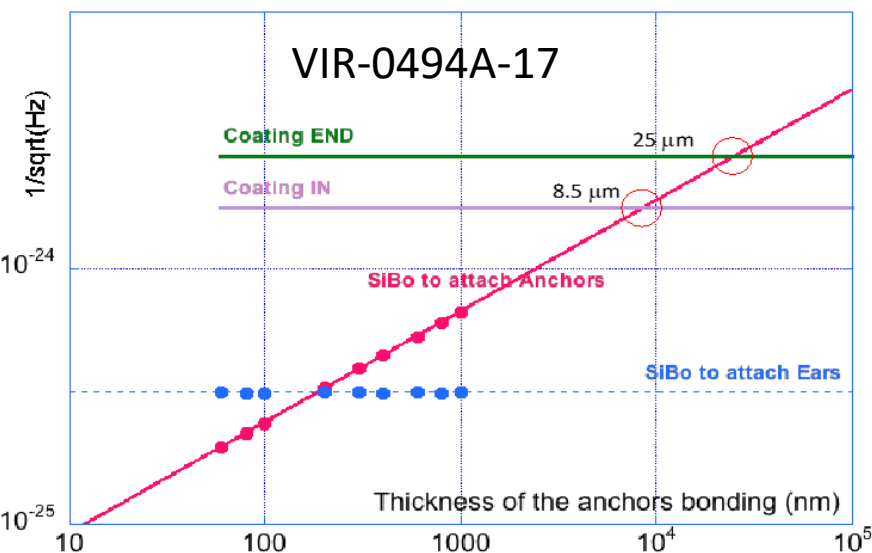


Defect dept 1mm
Area 81 mm²

Anchor contact area
~2mm width



Thermal vs thickness



Before cleaning



After cleaning

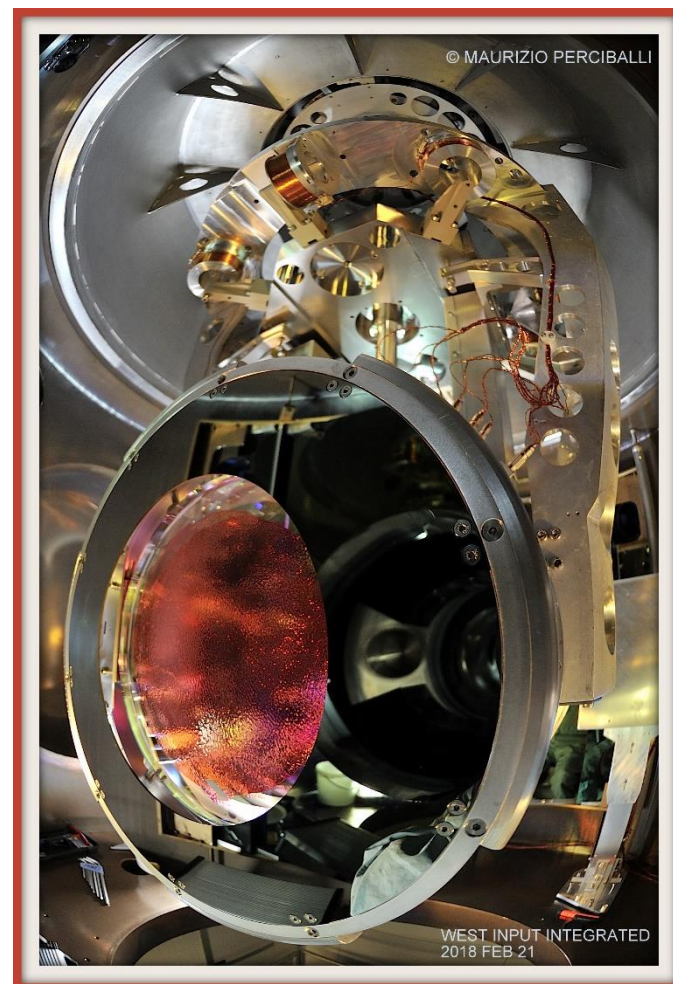
VIR-0953A-17



AdV Payloads

03 “Monolithic” Payloads

PAYLOAD	EXTRACTION/ INTEGRATION	WEIGHT (kg)
North End	2017/11 28 th 2017/12 20 th	145,7
North Input	2017/12 14 th 2018/01 09 th	145,5
West Input	2018/02 05 th 2018/02 21 st	147,9
West End	2018/02 07 th 2018/03 06 th	146,4



Overall load on the last steering filter recovered.

Strong commitment, great teamwork (Virgo collaboration & EGO staff), prompt accident recovery.



Payload Characterization

O3 Payloads: Mirror suspension Quality Factor

TM	Monolithic Suspension for O3	Steel Suspension (O2)
	2nd Violin Q	2nd Violin Q
WE	$5.9 \times 10^7 - 2.59 \times 10^8$	$(5.28 - 5.86) \times 10^5$
WI	$2.66 \times 10^7 - 2.47 \times 10^8$	$(4.07 - 5.39) \times 10^5$
NE	$3.95 \times 10^6 - 2.40 \times 10^8$	$(5.04 - 7.27) \times 10^5$
NI*	$1.29 \times 10^7 - 4.6 \times 10^7$	$(5.34 - 8.07) \times 10^5$

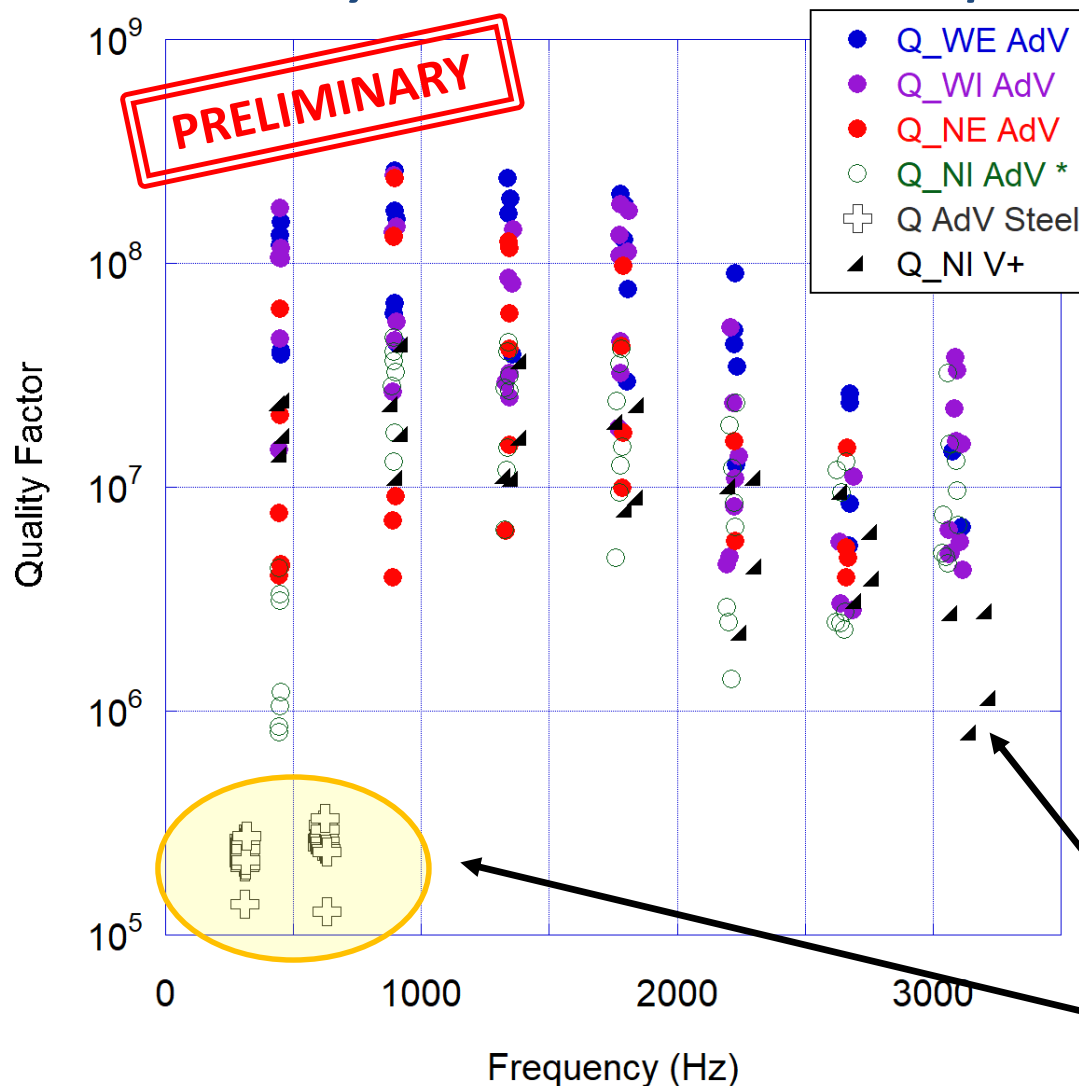
PRELIMINARY

**: measured during the short commissioning run in the intermediate configuration (North arm monolithic, West arm steel)*



Payload Characterization

O3 Payloads: Mirror suspension Quality Factor



$$Q(\omega_0) = \frac{1}{\phi(\omega_0)}$$

- Q(f) behavior likely related to marionette bulk resonances and to the anchor/marionette interfaces
 - Low/High Q splitting probably related to losses along the anchor/ear direction
- *FEM analysis in progress!*

* Measured in the intermediate configuration (North-arm monolithic, West-arm steel)

Virgo+ monolithic suspension with old clamping system

Steel wire suspension in O2



Payload Characterization

03 Payloads: Mirror suspension Quality Factor

- Comparing $Q(f)$ with FEM analysis, assuming losses due only to fused silica fibers, we estimated that the loss angle ϕ is:
 - about a factor 30 worst than the nominal value for SiO_2 in North ITM and ETM
 - about a factor 5 worst than the nominal value for SiO_2 in West ITM and EMT

(VIR-0305A-18)



Possible explanations:

- Control loops of the other TM affect the ringdown?
($Q_{\text{meas}} < Q_{\text{real}}?$)
- Higher losses on recovered mirror ears?
- Recoil losses from payload suspension?

Will be clarified with further violin measurements + *test payload* measurements



Sensitivity Enhancement

Mirror suspension thermal noise for O3

Thermal noise: Fluctuation
Dissipation Theorem

$$S_X^{FDT}(\omega) = \frac{4k_bT}{m\omega} \frac{\omega_0^2 \phi(\omega)}{(\omega^2 - \omega_0^2)^2 + [\omega_0^2 \phi(\omega)]^2}$$

Violin Quality factor measurements ➡ loss angle evaluation

$$Q(\omega) = \frac{\omega}{\omega_0 \phi(\omega)} \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \phi_n(\omega) = \phi_w(\omega) \frac{2}{k_e l} \left(1 + \frac{n^2 \pi^2}{2k_e l} \right) \\ \phi_w(\omega) = \phi_{str}(\omega) + \phi_{sur}(\omega) + \phi_{thermoel}(\omega) \end{array} \right.$$

Violin thermal noise:

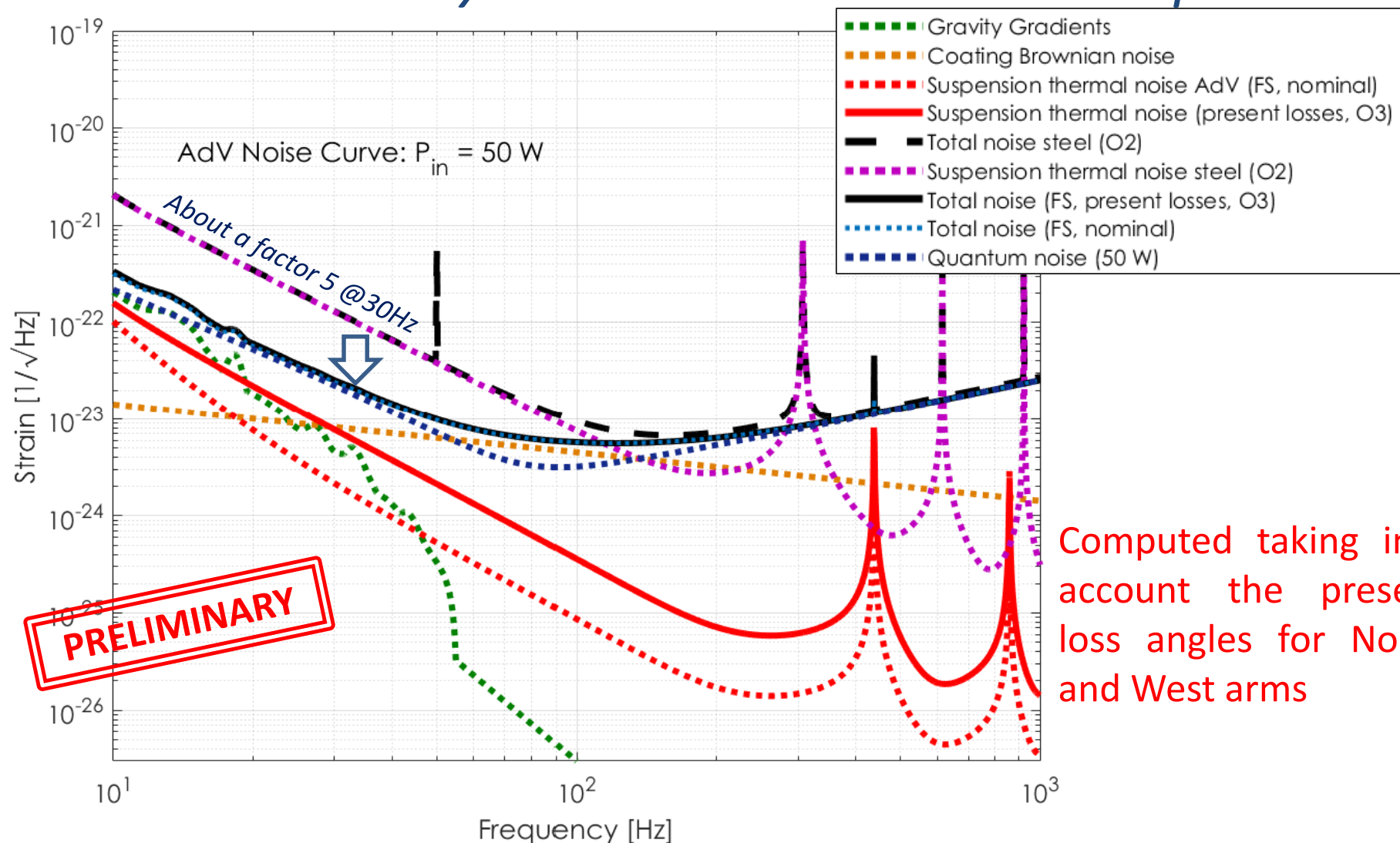
$$S_{viol}(\omega) = \frac{8k_B T \rho_l l}{\pi^2 m^2} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{1}{n^2} \frac{\omega_n^2}{\omega [(\omega_n^2 - \omega^2)^2 + \phi_n^2(\omega) \omega_n^4]} \phi_n(\omega)$$

Φ evaluation ➡ analytical thermal noise & sensitivity computation



Sensitivity Enhancement

AdV sensitivity in O3 with monolithic suspension





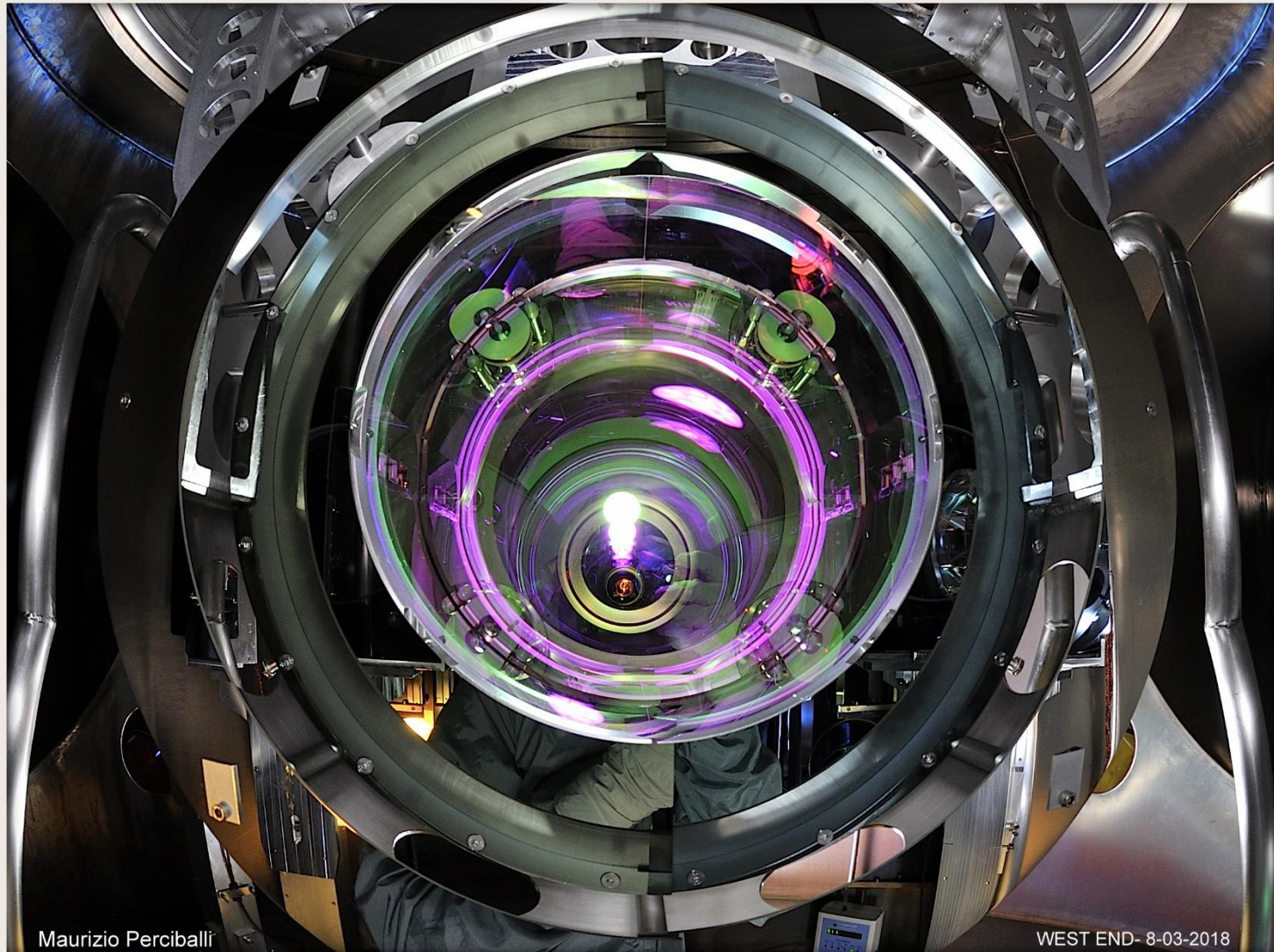
Conclusions

- AdV Payloads for O3 reintegrated adopting the original monolithic suspension;
- Upgrade of vacuum system and payload to avoid any SiO₂ fiber breaking due to dust contamination;
- TM suspension losses greater than nominal values for SiO₂;
- TM suspension losses reduced WRT those of steel wire suspension (O2 configuration): possible enhancement of the LF sensitivity up to a factor ~5.
- West arm TMs show the improvement of the suspension Q introduced by the new upper interface with the marionette WRT that used in Virgo+. North arm TM lower Qs will be further investigated and fixed.



Enhancing AdV sensitivity with the re-integration of monolithic payloads

Thank you for your attention!



Maurizio Perciballi

WEST END- 8-03-2018