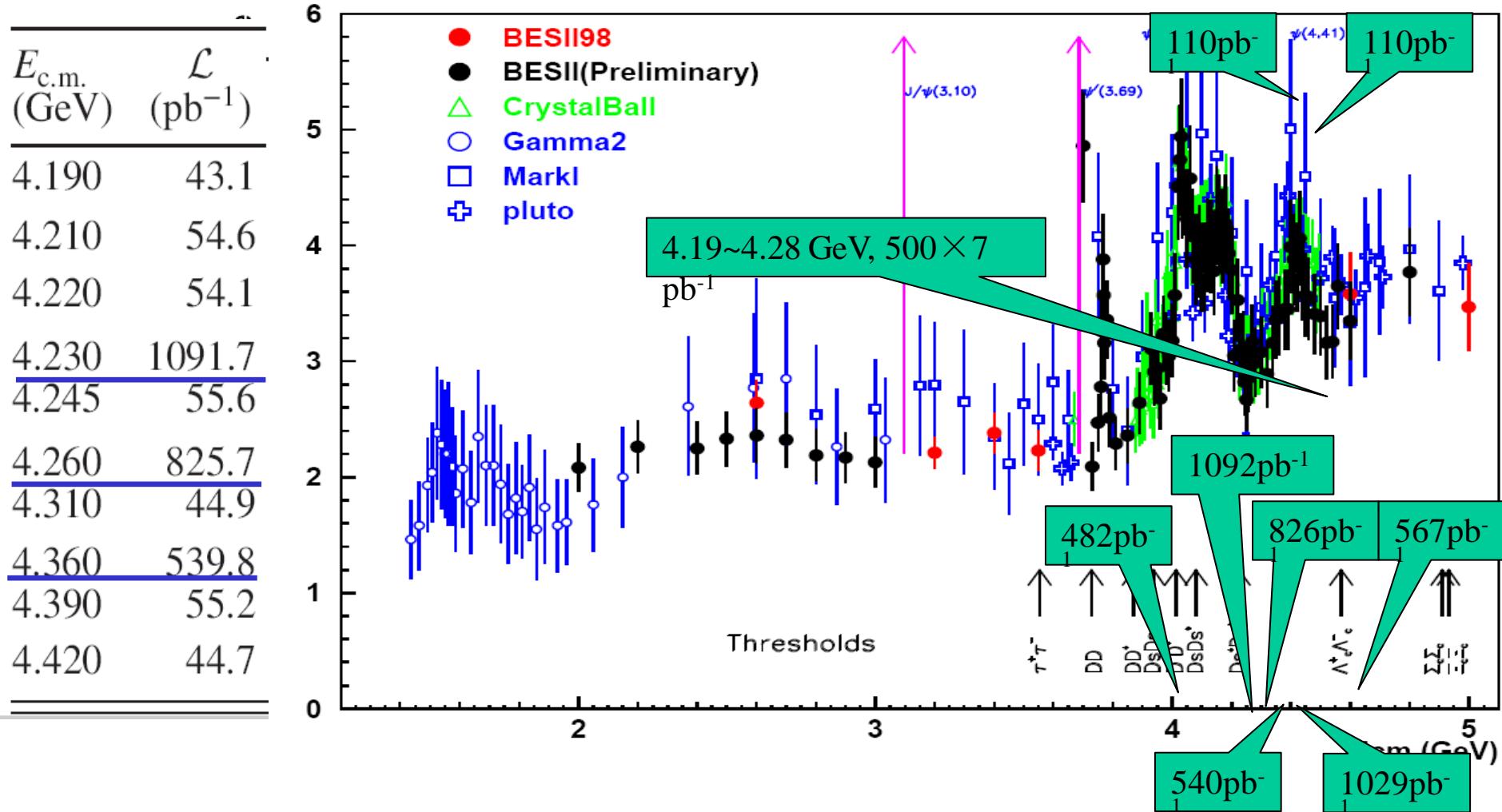


News on the Z_c states at BESIII

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Data sets for Z_c studies of this talk



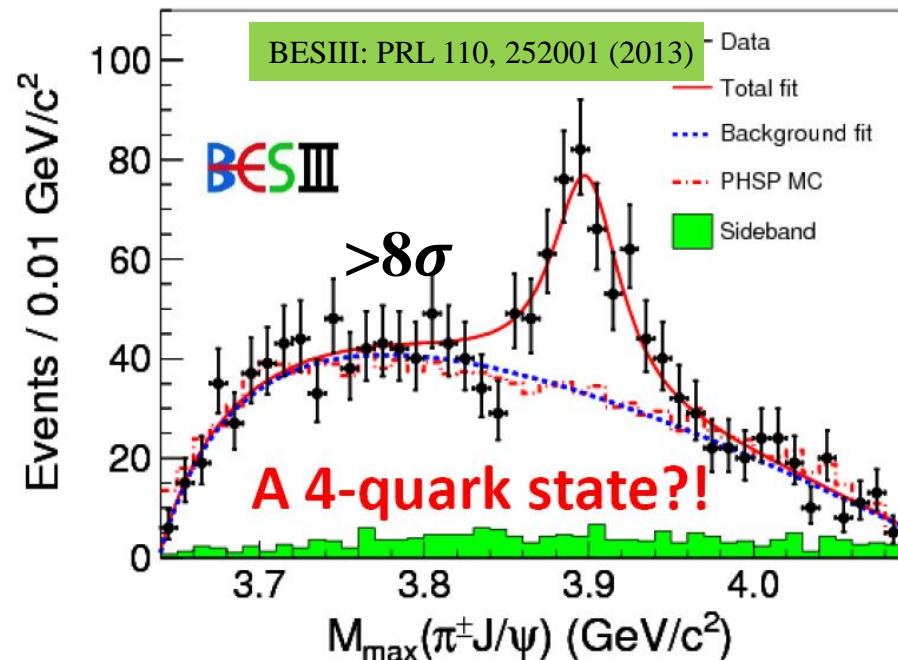
~8 fb $^{-1}$ above 4.0 GeV in total

Z_c calendar at BESIII

Year	State	M (MeV)	Γ (MeV)	Process
2013	$Z_c(3900)^\pm$	3891.2 ± 3.3	40 ± 8	$Y(4260) \rightarrow \pi^\pm(J/\psi\pi^\mp)$
2013	$Z'_c(4020)^\pm$	4022.9 ± 2.8	7.9 ± 3.7	$Y(4260,4360) \rightarrow \pi^\pm(h_c\pi^\mp)$
2014	$Z'_c(4025)^\pm$	4026.3 ± 4.5	24.8 ± 9.5	$Y(4260) \rightarrow \pi^-(\bar{D}^{*-}D^{*+})$
2014	$Z'_c(4020)^0$	4023.9 ± 4.3	7.9 ± 3.7	$Y(4260,4360) \rightarrow \pi^0(h_c\pi^0)$
2014	$Z_c(3885)^\pm$	3883.9 ± 4.5	25 ± 12	$Y(4260) \rightarrow \pi^-(\bar{D}^{*-}D^+)$
2015	$Z'_c(4025)^0$	4025.5 ± 4.6	23.0 ± 6.1	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0(\bar{D}^*D^*)^0$
2015	$Z_c(3885)^0$	3885.7 ± 9.8	35 ± 19	$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0(\bar{D}^*D)^0$

PDG naming: $Z_c(3900) = X(3900)$, $Z'_c(4020) = X(4020)$

First observation of $Z_c(3900)^{\pm}$



$Z_c(3900)^{\pm}$: $J^P = 1^+$

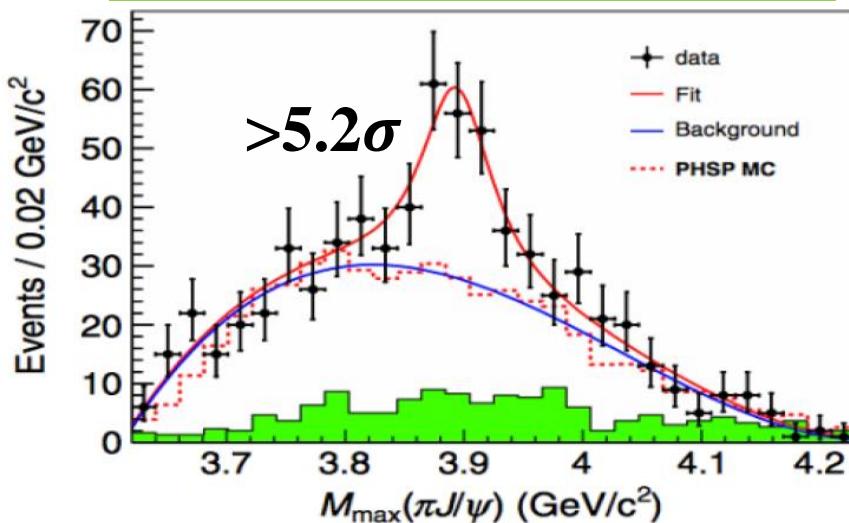
$m = (3899.0 \pm 3.6 \pm 4.9) \text{ MeV}/c^2$

$\Gamma = (46 \pm 10 \pm 20) \text{ MeV}$

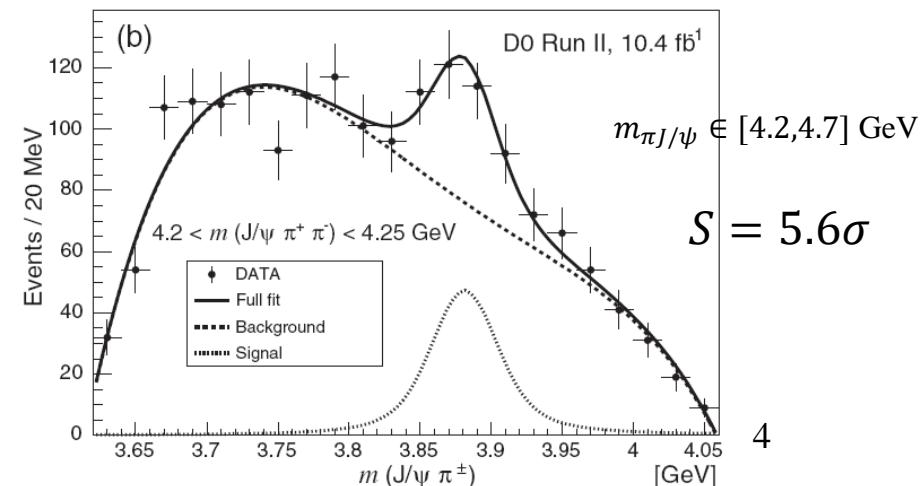
Mass close to $D\bar{D}^*$ threshold

Decays to $J/\psi \rightarrow$ contains $c\bar{c}$
Electric charge \rightarrow contains $u\bar{d}$

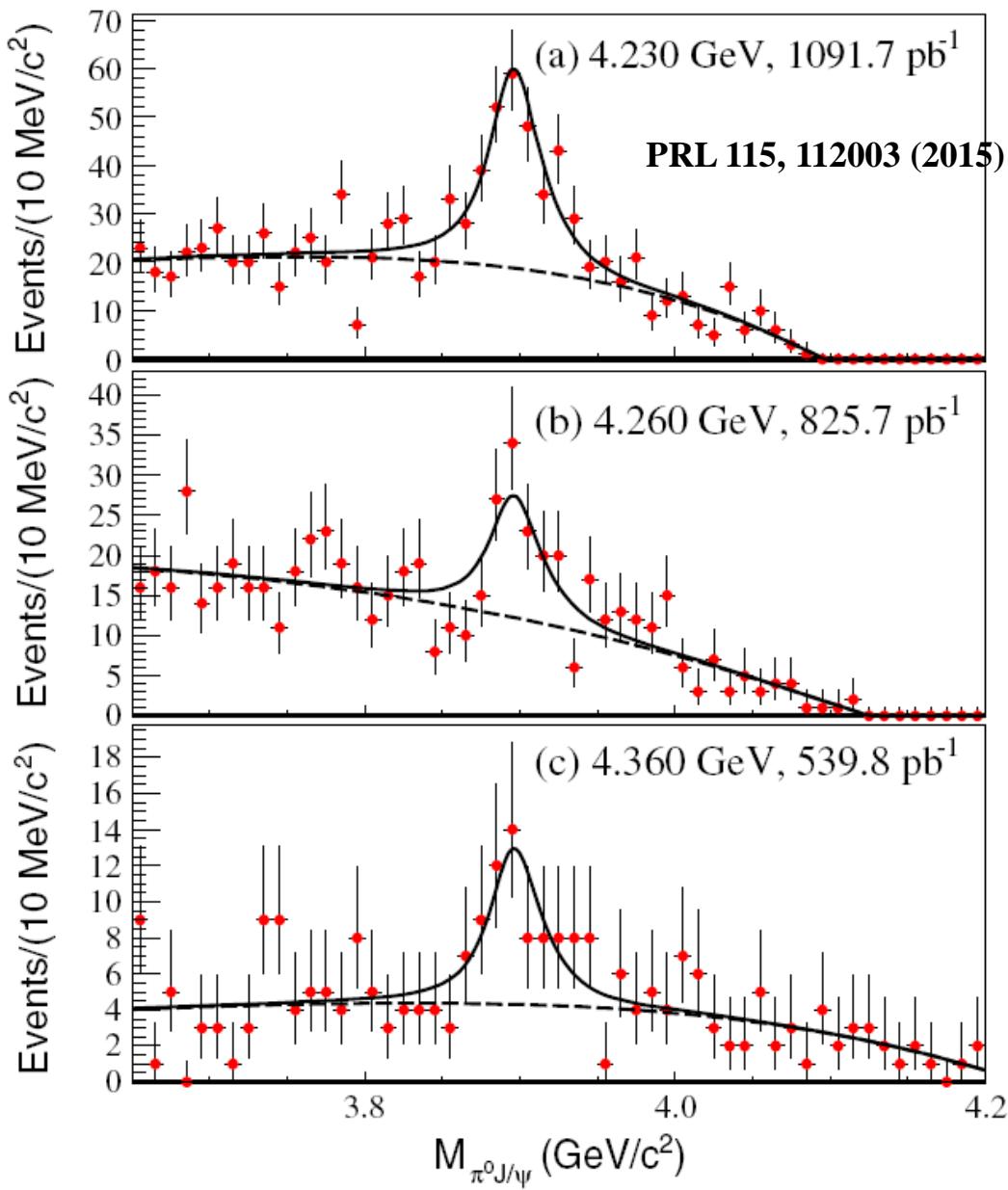
Belle with ISR data (PRL110,252002)



D0 with 10.4 fb^{-1} $p\bar{p}$ data (PRD98, 052010 (2018))



$Z_c(3900)^0$: isospin vector, $I^G = 1^+$



$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 J/\psi$$

Simultaneous fit:

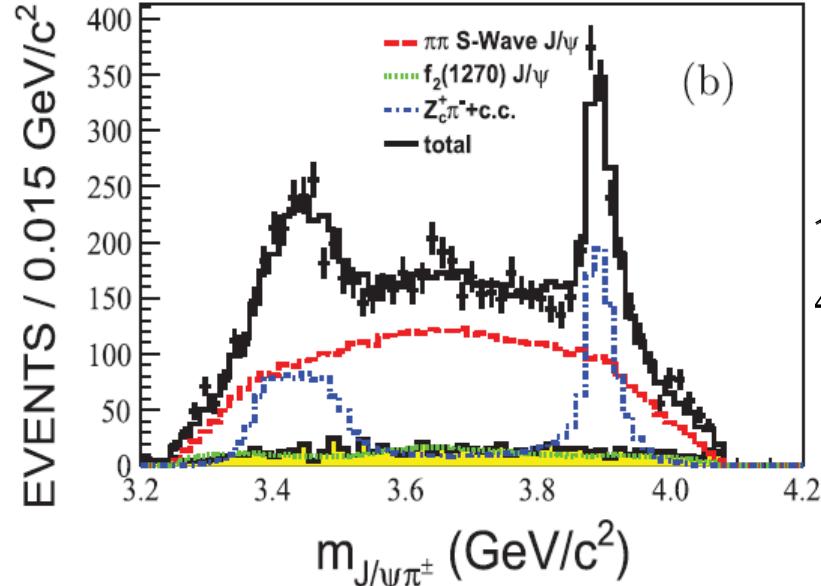
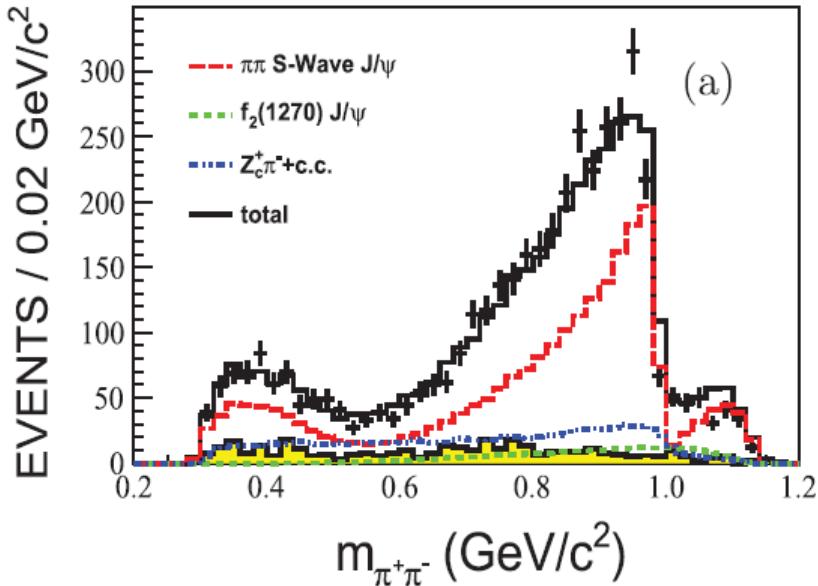
Mass:

$$3894.8 \pm 2.3 \pm 3.2 \text{ MeV}$$

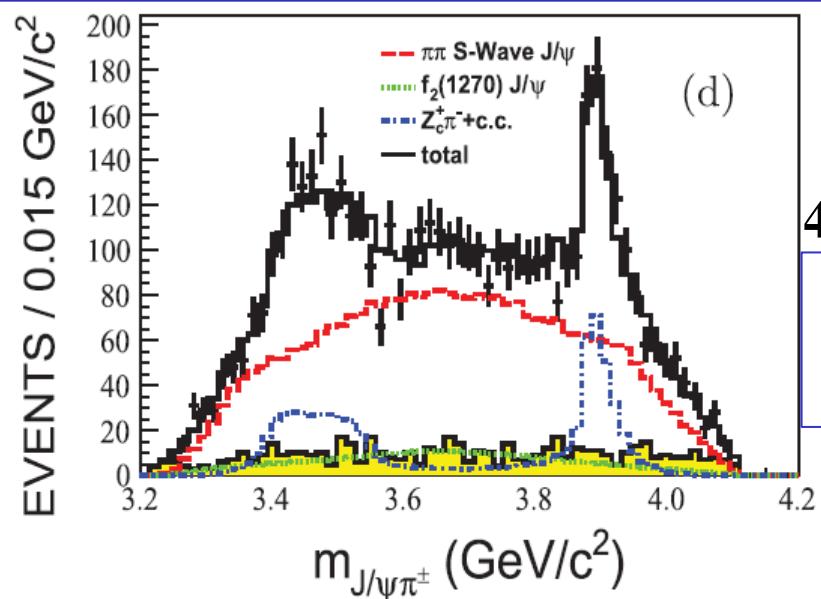
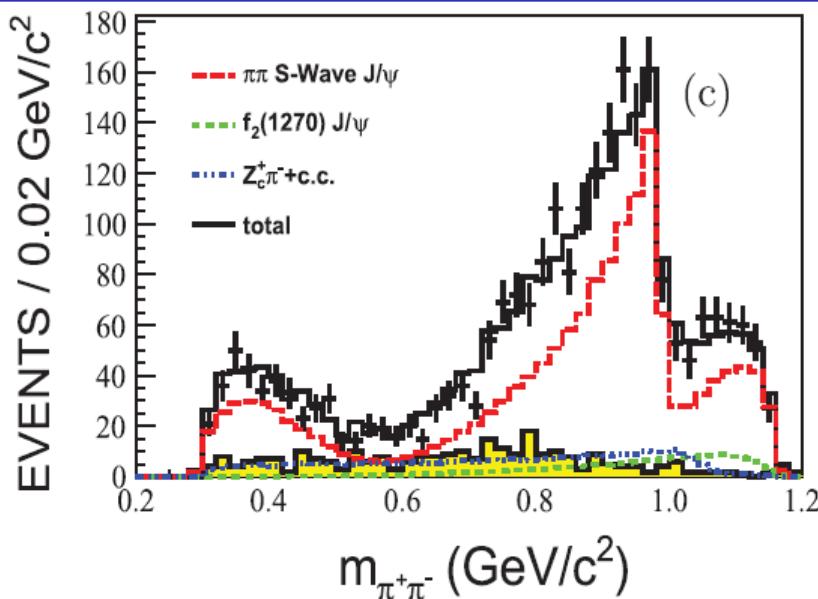
Width:

$$29.6 \pm 8.2 \pm 8.2 \text{ MeV}$$

PWA determination of $J^P = 1^+$ for $Z_c(3900)^\pm$



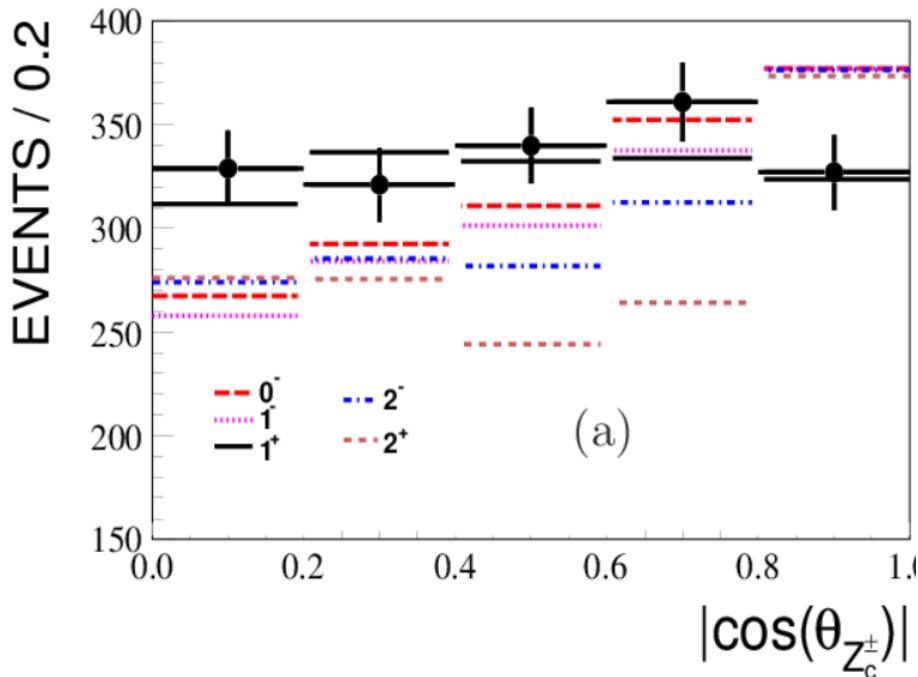
$\sqrt{s} =$
4.23 GeV
4154 events



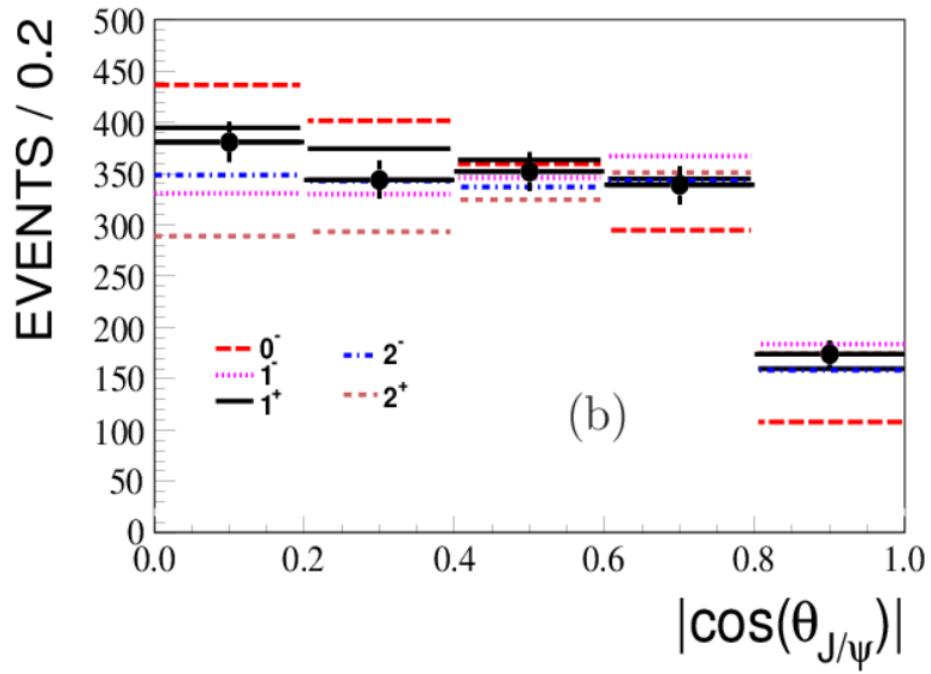
4.26 GeV
2447 events.

Angular distributions for different J^P within Z_c mass region

PRL 119, 072001 (2017), BESIII



(a)



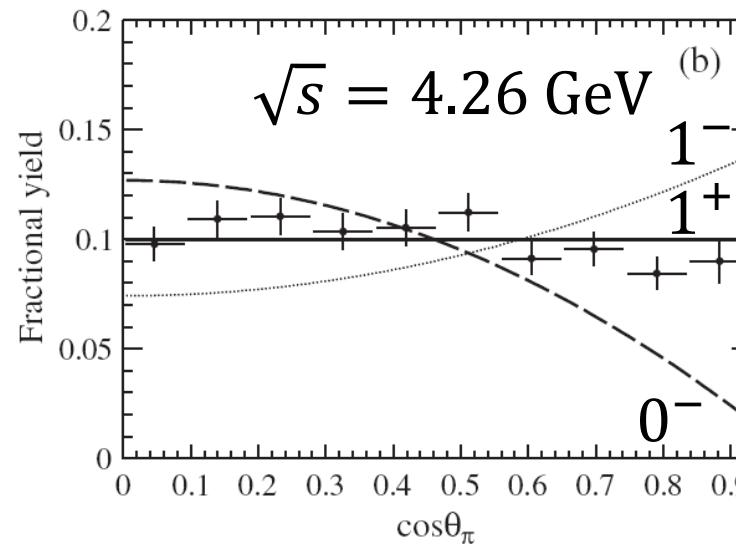
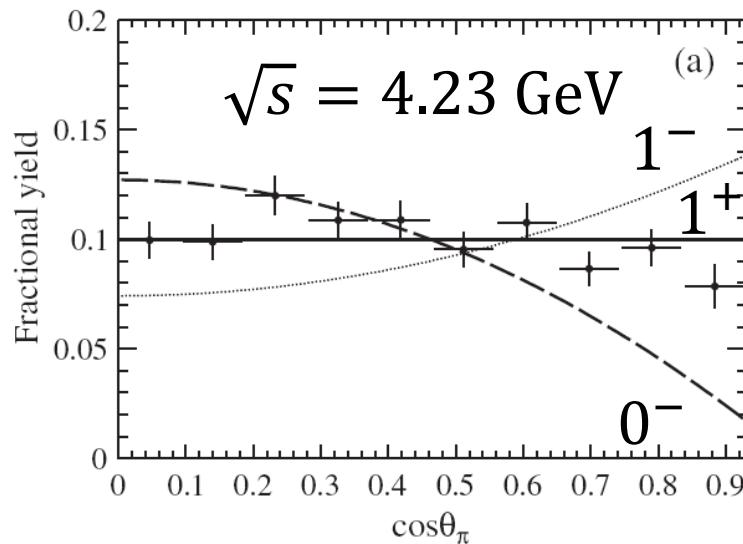
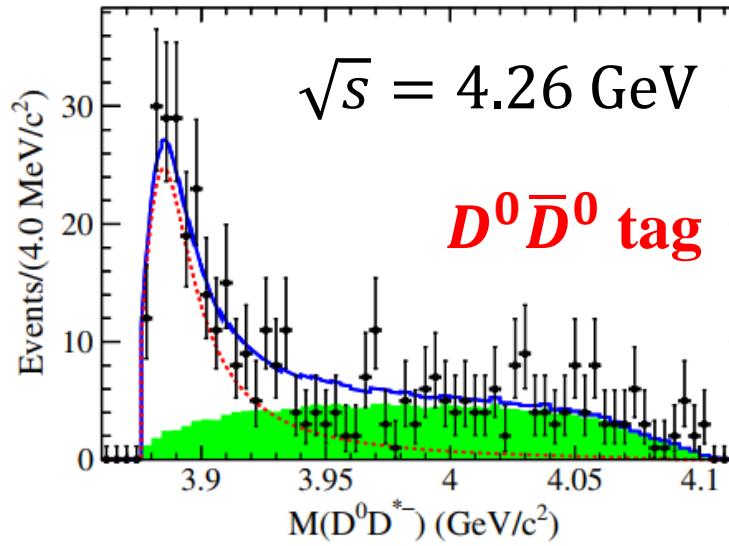
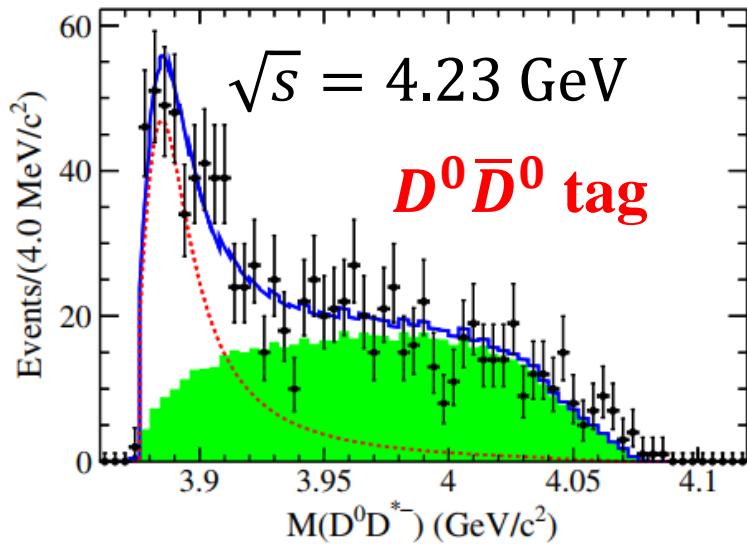
(b)

- Events in the Z_c mass region $M_{\pi J/\psi} \in (3.86, 3.92)$ GeV
- Background events subtracted
- θ_{Z_c} : the polar angle of Z_c , $\theta_{J/\psi}$: helicity angle of J/ψ
- Spin and parity for Z_c determined 1^+ with significance $> 7.5\sigma$

Search for $Z_c(3900)^\pm$ open charm decays

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^\pm (DD^*)^\mp$$

PRD92, 092006 (2015)



Pole mass
 3881.7 ± 1.6
 ± 1.6 MeV

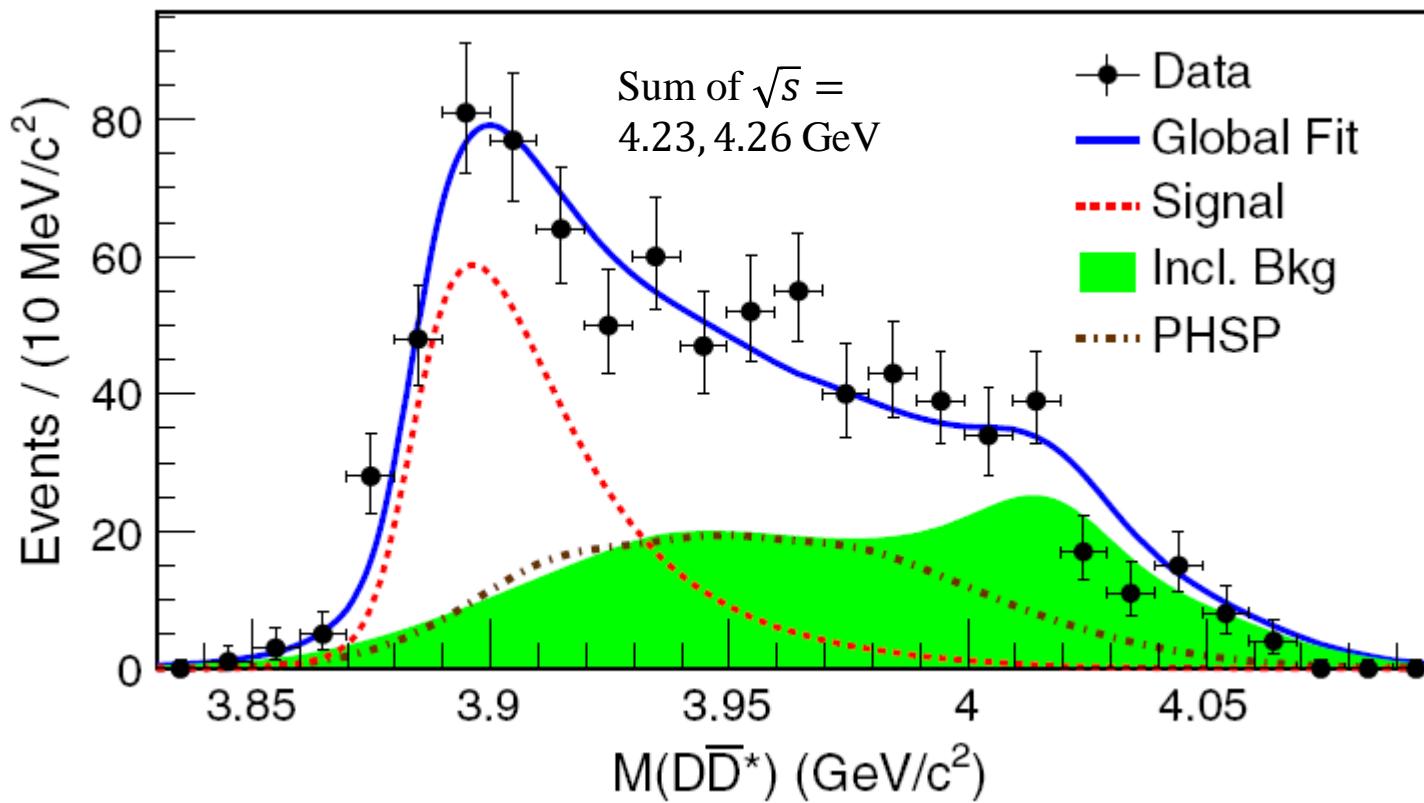
Pole width
 $26.6 \pm 2.0 \pm$
 2.1 MeV

Favor
 $J^P = 1^+$

Search for $Z_c(3900)^0$ open charm decays

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 (D\bar{D}^*)^0$$

PRL 115, 222002 (2015)



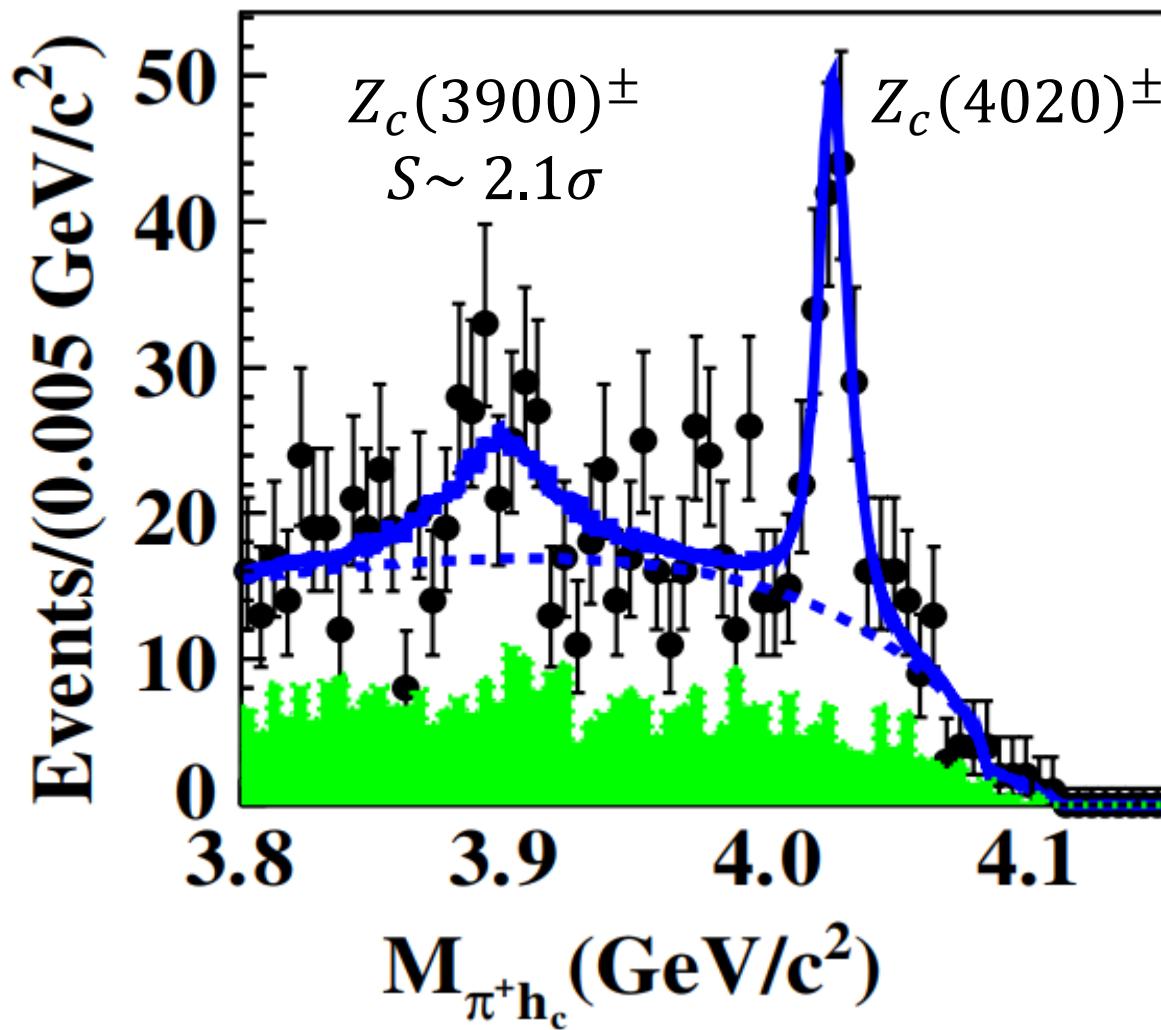
Z_c : S-wave Breit-Wigner function with $\Gamma(s) = \Gamma_0 \frac{p}{p^*} \frac{m}{M}$

Pole mass: $3885.7^{+4.3}_{-5.7} \pm 8.4 \text{ MeV}$

Pole width: $35^{+11}_{-12} \pm 15 \text{ MeV}$

Insignificant decay of $Z_c(3900)^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm h_c$

$e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-h_c$



$\mathcal{L}_{total} = 2.46 \text{ fb}^{-1}$
at $\sqrt{s} = 4.23, 4.26$ and
4.36 GeV

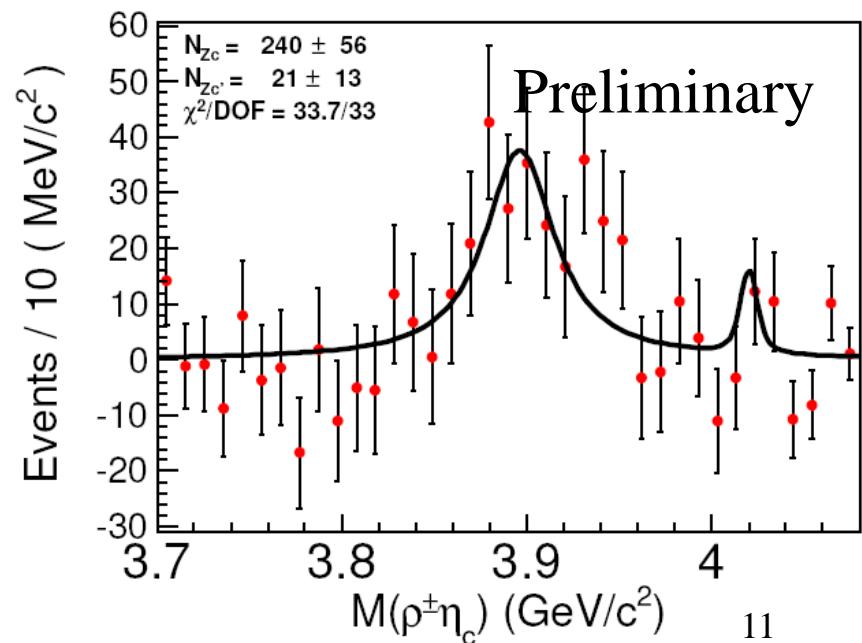
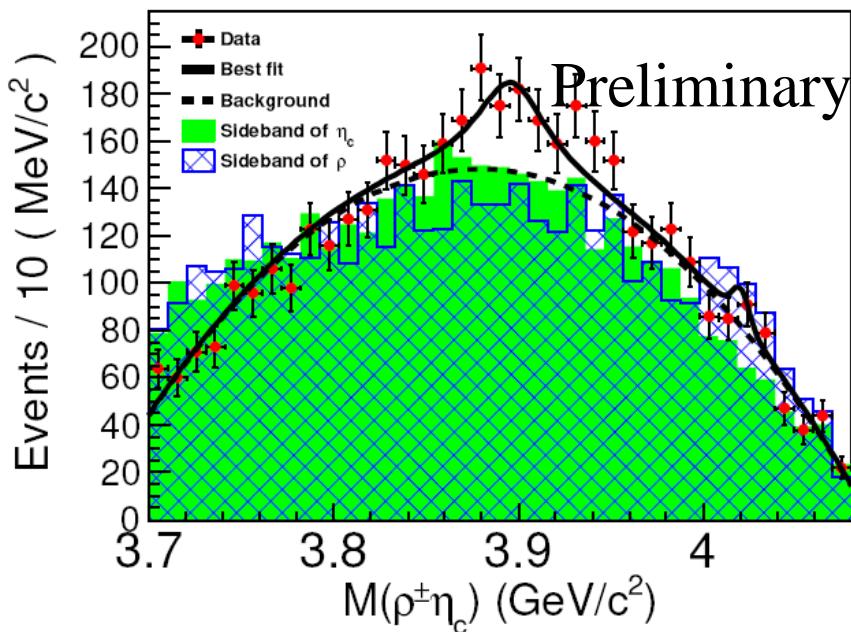
η_c reconstructed
exclusively with 16
light hadron modes

Fixing $Z_c(3900)$ mass
and width in the fit yields

$\sigma(e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^\pm Z_c, Z_c \rightarrow \pi^\mp h_c)$
< 13 pb⁻¹ at 4.23 GeV
< 11 pb⁻¹ at 4.26 GeV
@90% C.L.

Strong evidence for $Z_c(3900)^\pm \rightarrow \rho^\pm \eta_c$

- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\eta_c$, with $\eta_c \rightarrow 9$ hadronic decays ($\eta_c \rightarrow p\bar{p}, 2(K^+K^-), \pi^+\pi^-K^+K^-, K^+K^-\pi^0, p\bar{p}\pi^0, K_SK\pi, \pi^+\pi^-\eta, K^+K^-\eta, \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\pi^0$)
- Strong evidence of $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi Z_c$, $Z_c \rightarrow \rho\eta_c$ only at $\sqrt{s} = 4.23$ GeV (3.9 σ including systematics)
- $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi Z'_c$, $Z'_c \rightarrow \rho\eta_c$ not seen.



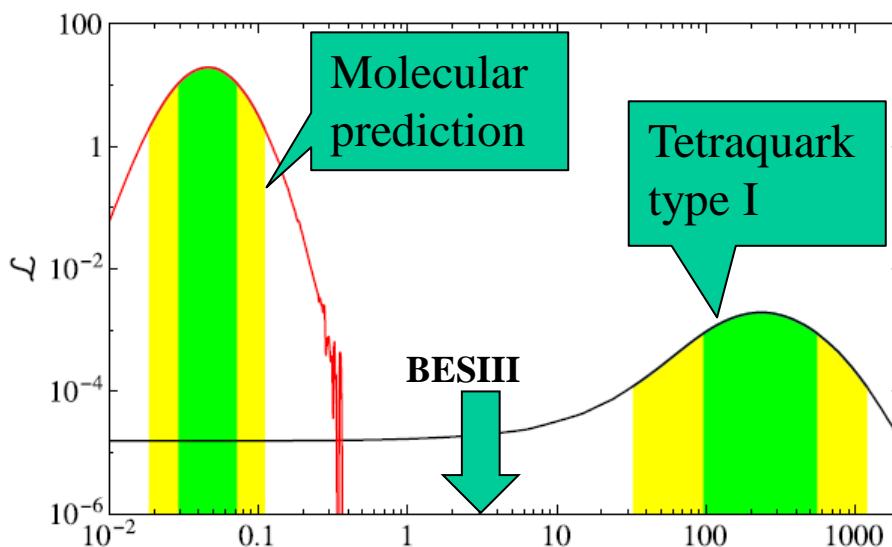
Strong evidence for $Z_c(3900)^\pm \rightarrow \rho^\pm \eta_c$

- Measured Born cross section at 4.23 GeV:

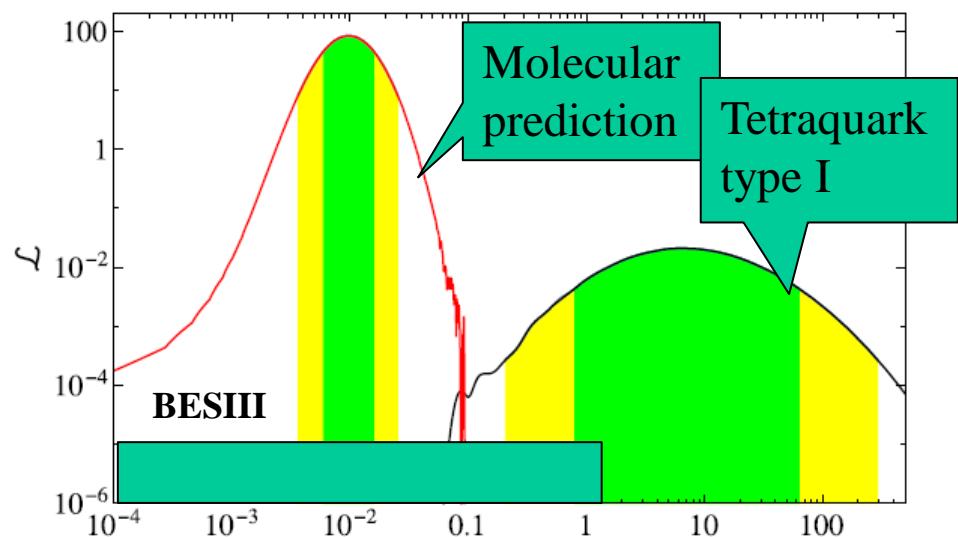
$$\sigma^B(e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\pi^0\eta_c) = (46 \pm 12 \pm 10) \text{ pb}$$

$$\sigma^B(e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi Z_c, Z_c \rightarrow \rho\eta_c) = (47 \pm 11 \pm 11) \text{ pb}$$

	$\sqrt{s} = 4.226 \text{ GeV}$	$\sqrt{s} = 4.258 \text{ GeV}$	$\sqrt{s} = 4.358 \text{ GeV}$	Type-I	Type-II	Molecule
$R_{Z_c(3900)}$	2.2 ± 0.9	< 5.6	...	230^{+330}_{-140}	$0.27^{+0.40}_{-0.17}$	$0.046^{+0.025}_{-0.017}$
$R_{Z_c(4020)}$	< 1.6	< 0.9	< 1.4		$6.6^{+56.8}_{-5.8}$	$0.010^{+0.006}_{-0.004}$



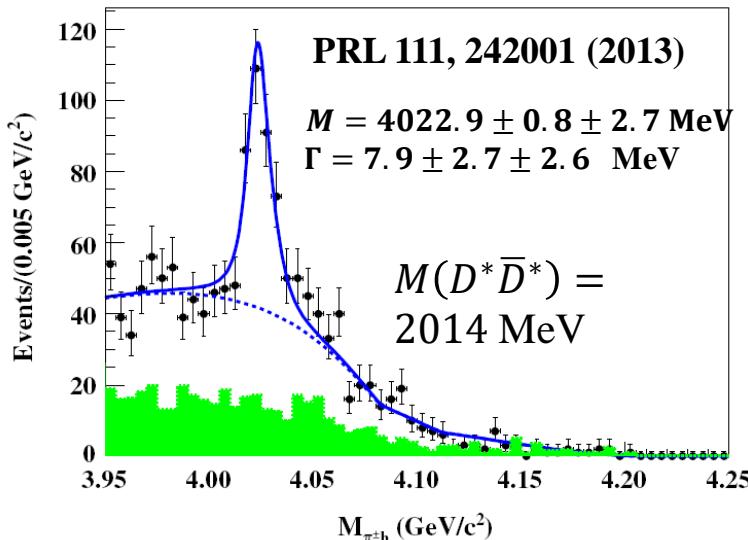
$$\mathcal{R}_z = \frac{Br(Z_c \rightarrow \rho\eta_c)}{Br(Z_c \rightarrow \pi J/\psi)}$$



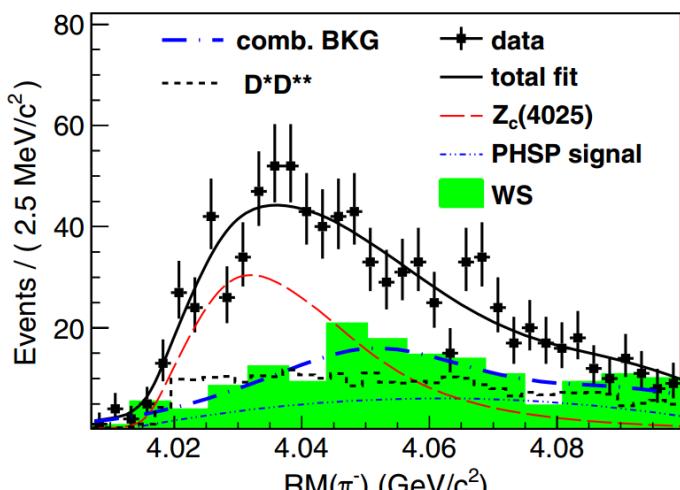
$$\mathcal{R}_{z'} = \frac{Br(Z'_c \rightarrow \rho\eta_c)}{Br(Z'_c \rightarrow \pi J/\psi)}$$

Observation of $Z'_c(4020/4025) : I^G(J^{PC}) = 1^+(?^-)$

$$Z_c(4020)^{\pm} : e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^- h_c$$

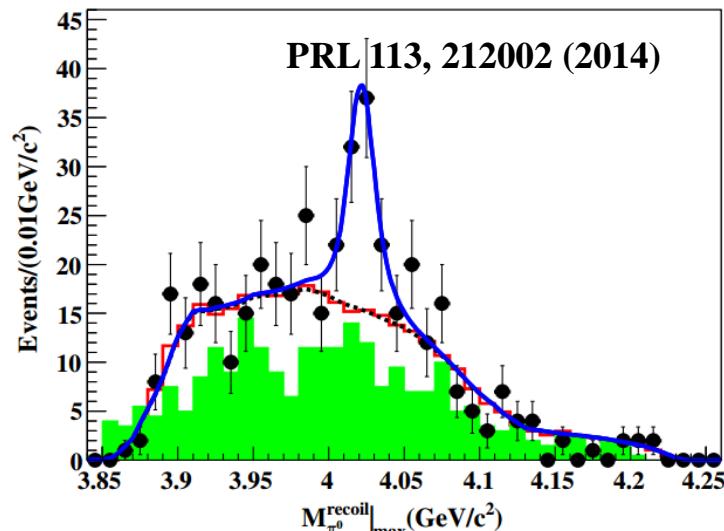


$$Z_c(4020)^{\pm} : e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^{\pm}(D^*\bar{D}^*)^{\mp}$$

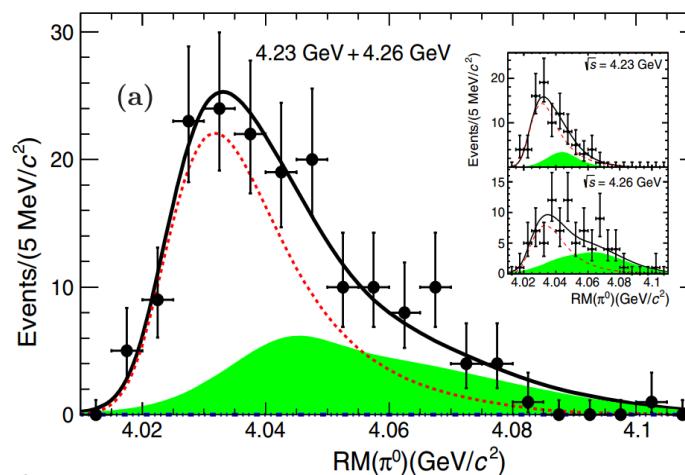


PRL 112, 132001 (2014)

$$Z_c(4020)^0 : e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0\pi^0 h_c$$



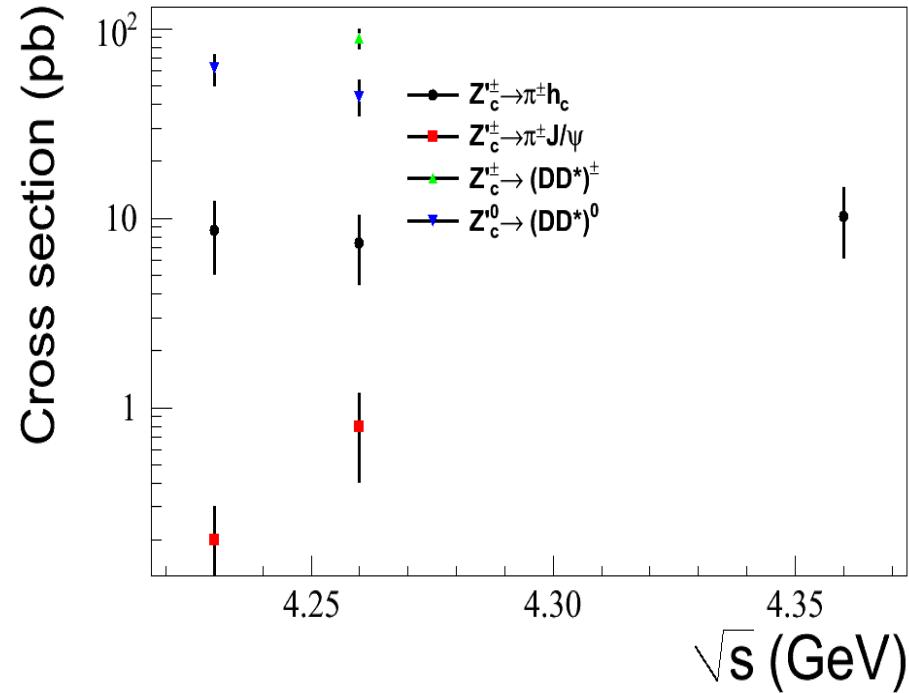
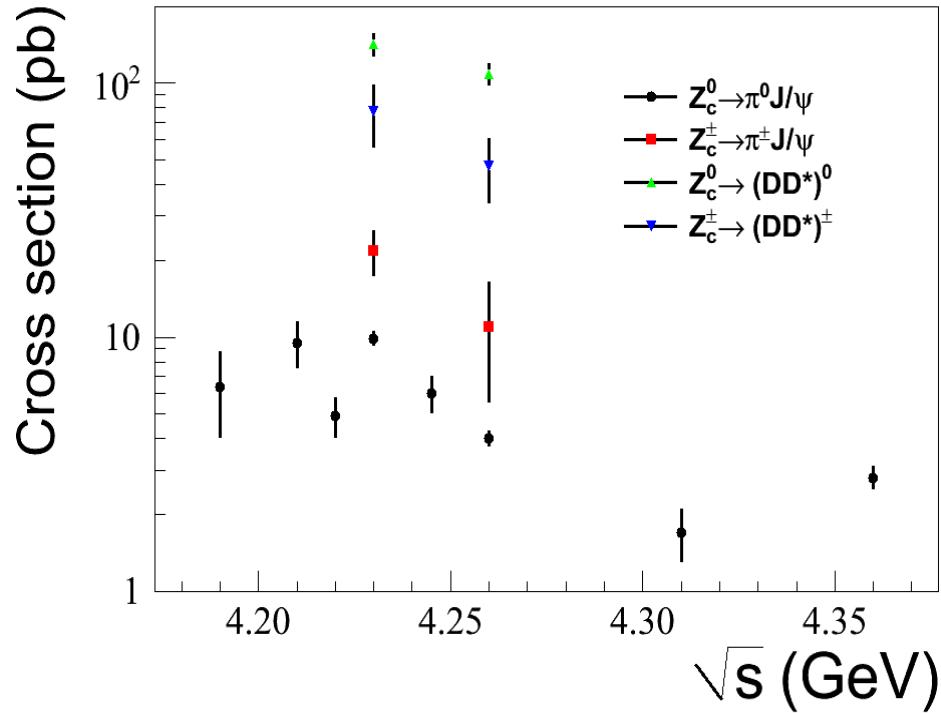
$$Z_c(4020)^0 : e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^0(D^*\bar{D}^*)^0$$



$Z_c(3900)$ and $Z'_c(4020)$ production cross section

$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^\mp Z_c^\pm, \pi^0 Z_c^0,$$

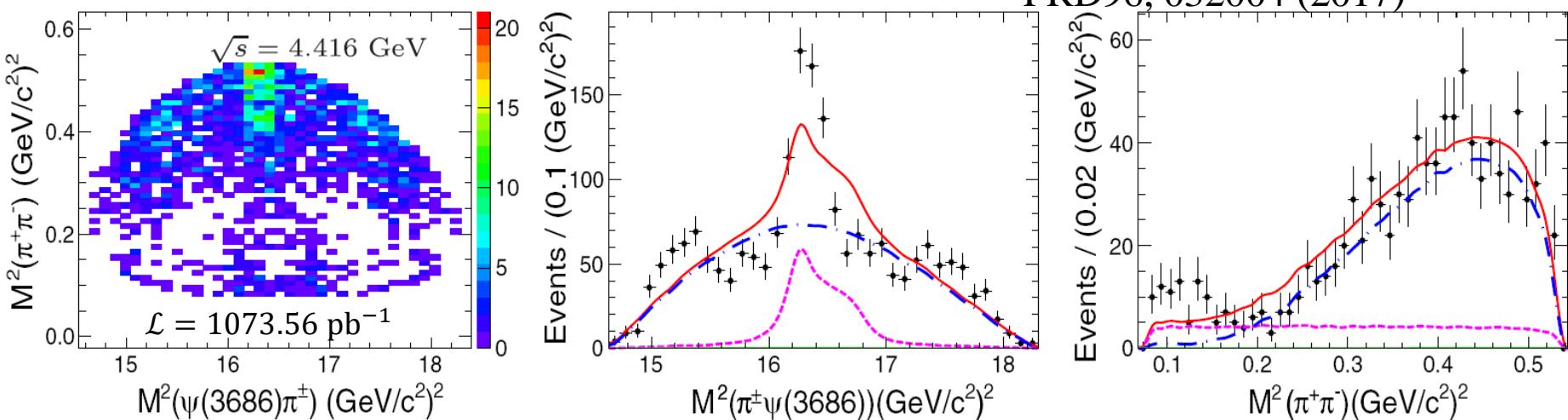
$$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^\mp Z'_c{}^\pm, \pi^0 Z'_c{}^0,$$



$Z_c(3900)^\pm \rightarrow (DD^*)^\pm$, PRD92, 092006
 $Z_c(3900)^0 \rightarrow \pi^0 J/\psi$, PRL115, 112003
 $Z_c(3900)^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm J/\psi$, PRL119, 072001

$Z'_c(4020)^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm h_c$, PR111, 242001
 $Z'_c(4020)^\pm \rightarrow \pi^\pm J/\psi$: PRL119, 072001
 $Z'_c(4020)^\pm \rightarrow (D^* D^*)^\pm$: PRL112, 132001
 $Z'_c(4020)^0 \rightarrow (D^* D^*)^0$: PRL115, 182002

New Z_c in $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\psi'$?



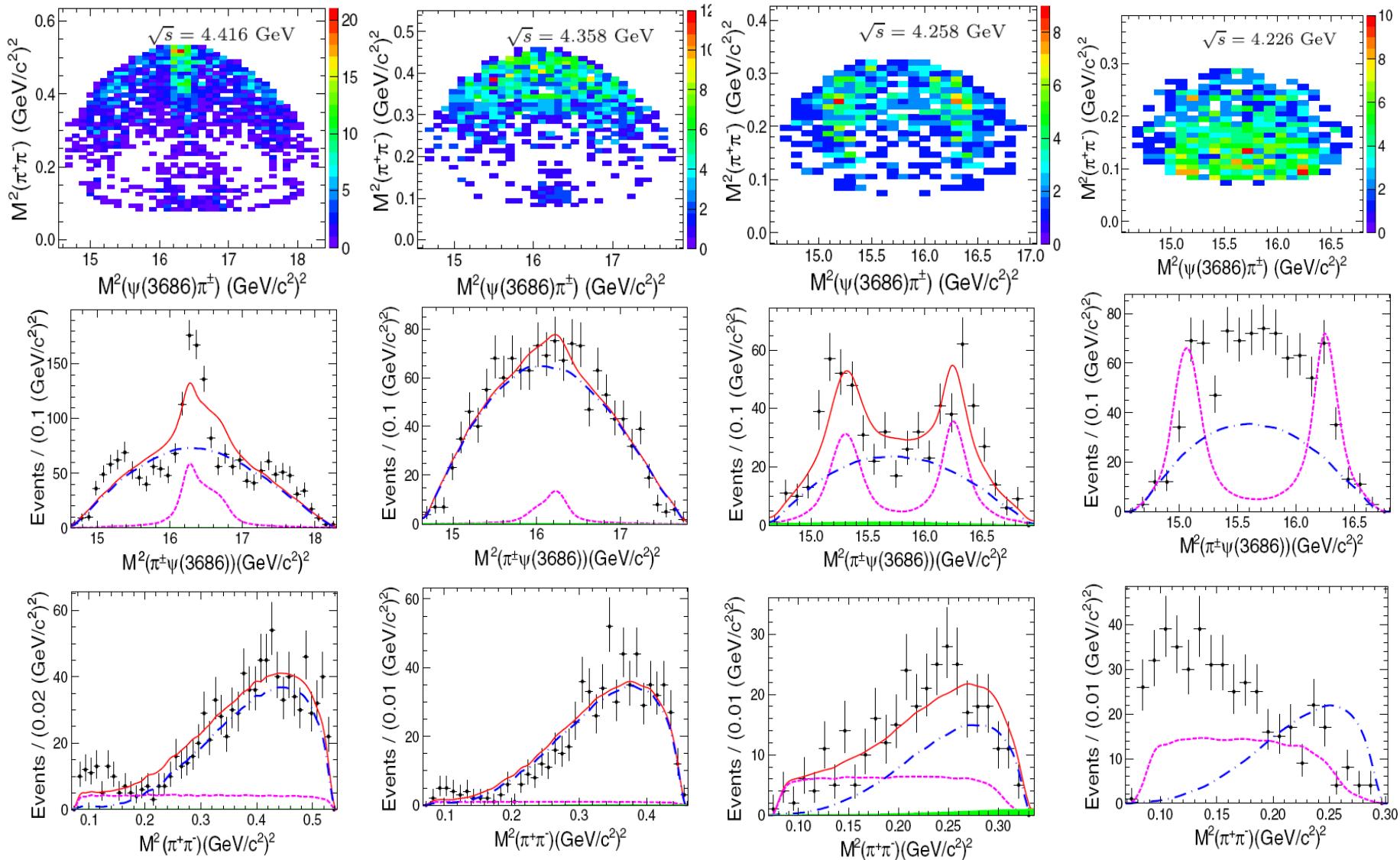
- A narrow structure observed in $\pi\psi'$ mass spectrum for data at $\sqrt{s} = 4.416$ GeV.
- Perform fit to Dalitz plot of $M^2(\pi^+\psi')$ versus $M^2(\pi^-\psi')$ with a S -wave Breit-Wigner function.

$$\frac{p \cdot q / c^2}{(M_R^2 - x)^2 + M_R^2 \Gamma^2 / c^4} + \frac{p \cdot q / c^2}{(M_R^2 - y)^2 + M_R^2 \Gamma^2 / c^4}$$

- A fit yields a mass $M = 4032.1 \pm 2.4$ MeV and width $\Gamma = 26.1 \pm 5.3$ MeV with significance 9.2σ .

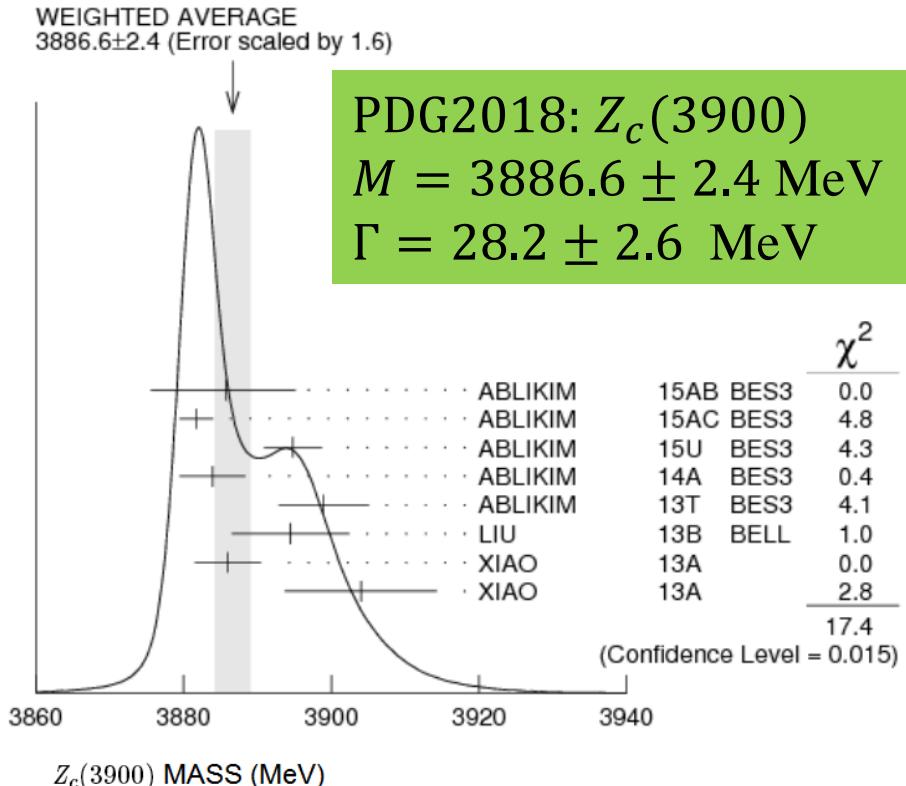
New Z_c in $e^+e^- \rightarrow \pi^+\pi^-\psi'$?

Fit intermediate states: ignore interference & fit can't describe date well



Open issues for Z_c / Z'_c states

- Inconsistent mass and width of $Z_c(3900)$ measured in experiments.



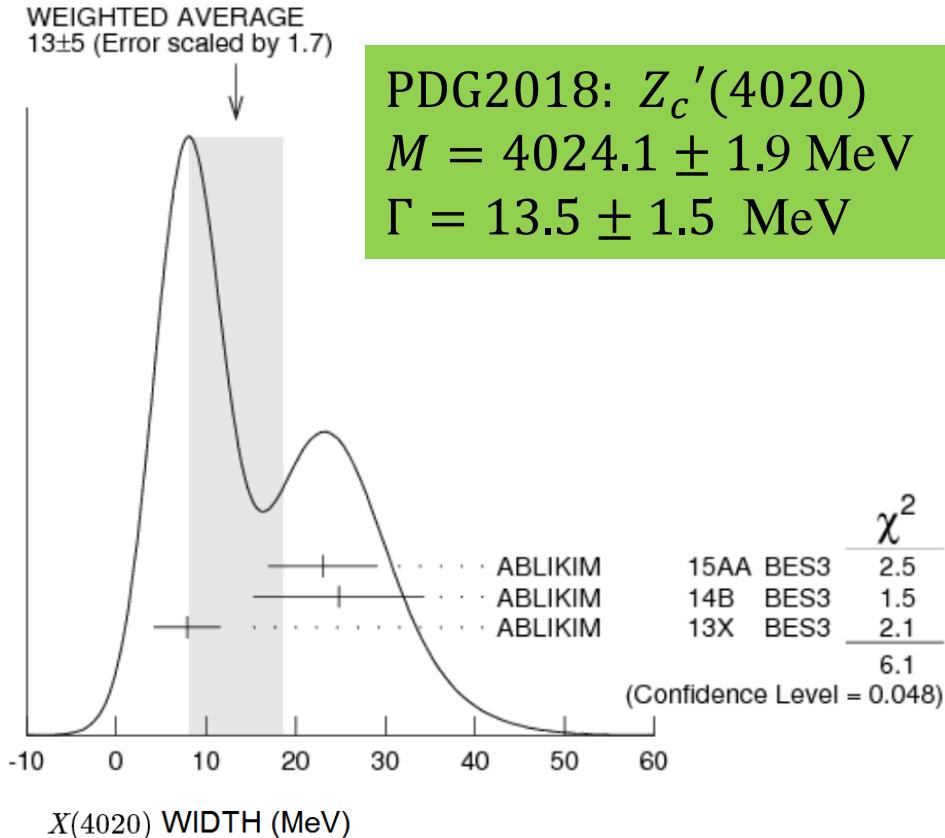
width (MeV)	experiment
$51.8 \pm 4.6 \pm 36.0$	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi$
$35^{+11}_{-12} \pm 15$	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 (\bar{D}\bar{D}^*)^0$
$26.6 \pm 2.0 \pm 2.1$	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^\pm (\bar{D}\bar{D}^*)^{-+}$
$29.6 \pm 8.2 \pm 8.2$	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 J/\psi$
$24.8 \pm 3.3 \pm 11.0$	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^\pm (\bar{D}\bar{D}^*)^{-+}$
$46 \pm 10 \pm 20$	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- J/\psi$

Comments:

- Inconsistent width definition, e.g. pole width, BW width
- No interference effect considered

Open issues for Z_c / Z'_c states

- $Z'_c(4020)$ mass and width.



Mass (MeV)	experiment
4025.5 $^{+2.0}_{-4.7}$	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow (D^* \bar{D}^*)^0 \pi^0$
4026.3 ± 2.6	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow (D^* \bar{D}^*)^{+-} \pi^\mp$
4023.9 ± 2.2	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^0 \pi^0 h_c$
4022.9 ± 0.8	$e^+ e^- \rightarrow \pi^+ \pi^- h_c$
4025.5 ± 2.0	
4026.3 ± 2.6	

Summary and remarks

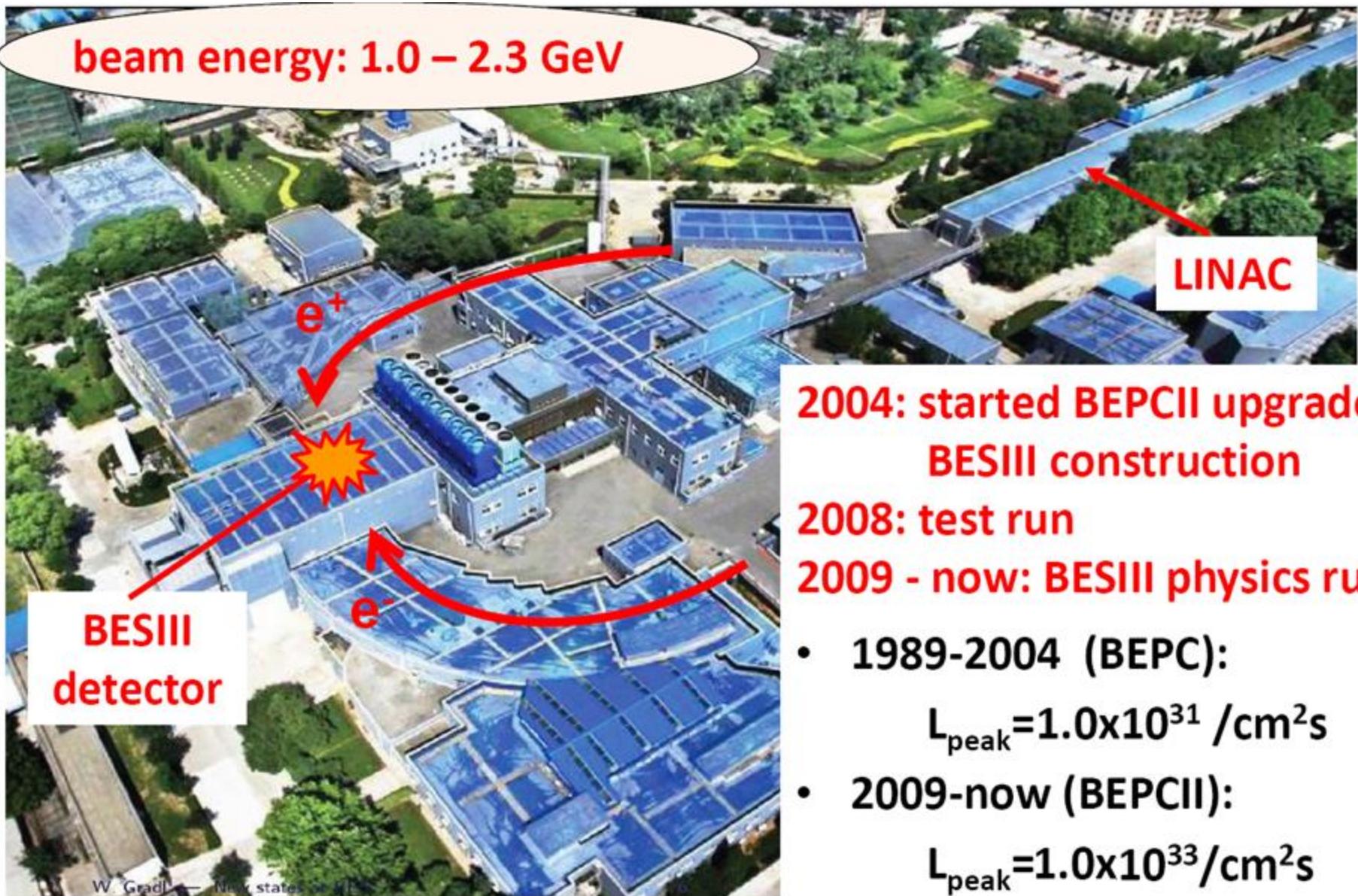
- Quantum numbers are established for $Z_c(3900)$ as $I^G(J^{PC}) = 1^+(1^{+-})$. It is observed in $Z_c \rightarrow \pi J/\psi, \rho \eta_c$ and DD^*
- Spin and parity for $Z'_c(4020)$ are not known, but it's $I^G = 1^+$ established. It is observed in $Z'_c \rightarrow \pi h_c, D^* D^*$ modes.
- To resolve the continuum or resonant production of these Z_c states, measurements of production cross sections above 4.0 GeV is necessary.
- To resolve inconsistent mass and width measurement for Z_c and Z'_c states, coupled channel analysis is desirable.
- Other measurements, such as Argand plot, and tests of Z_c production model are helpful to figure out the structure of Z_c states.
- BESIII plans to take more XYZ data and continue the study.

Thanks for your attention.

Backup slides

Beijing Electron Positron Collider (BEPC)

beam energy: 1.0 – 2.3 GeV



2004: started BEPCII upgrade,
BESIII construction

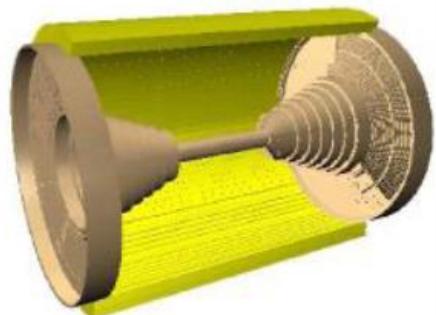
2008: test run

2009 - now: BESIII physics run

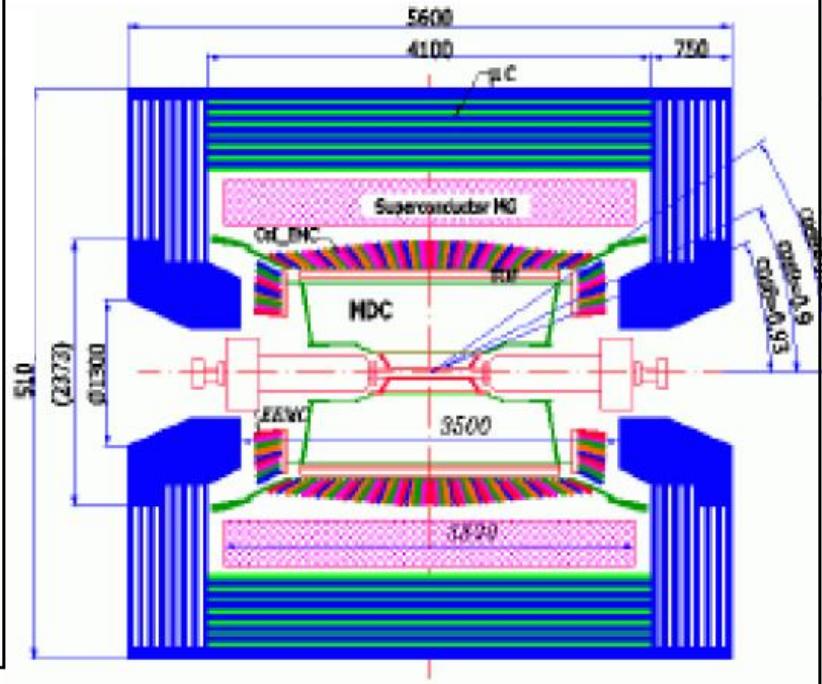
- 1989-2004 (BEPC):
 $L_{peak} = 1.0 \times 10^{31} / \text{cm}^2\text{s}$
- 2009-now (BEPCII):
 $L_{peak} = 1.0 \times 10^{33} / \text{cm}^2\text{s}$

BESIII Detector

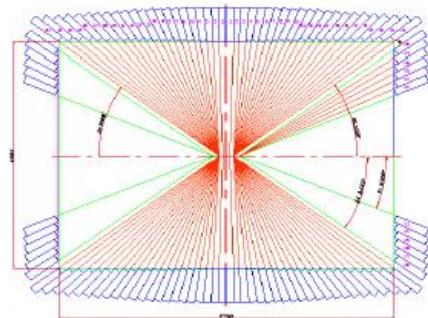
MDC



R inner: 63mm ;
R outer: 810mm
Length: 2582 mm
Layers: 43

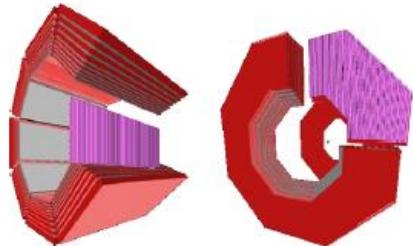


CsI(Tl) EMC



Crystals: 28 cm($15 X_0$)
Barrel: $|cos\theta| < 0.83$
Endcap:
 $0.85 < |cos\theta| < 0.93$

RPC MUC



BMUC: 9 layers – 72 modules
EMUC: 8 layers – 64 modules

TOF

BTOF: two layers
ETOFT: 48 scintillators for each
MRPC --- new ETOF

