

Υ [and $\psi(2S)$] production in pp collisions at LHCb

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13th International Workshop on Heavy Quarkonium



The LHCb experiment

JINST 3 (2008) S08005

IJMP A30 (2015) 1530022

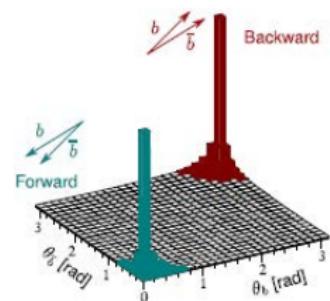
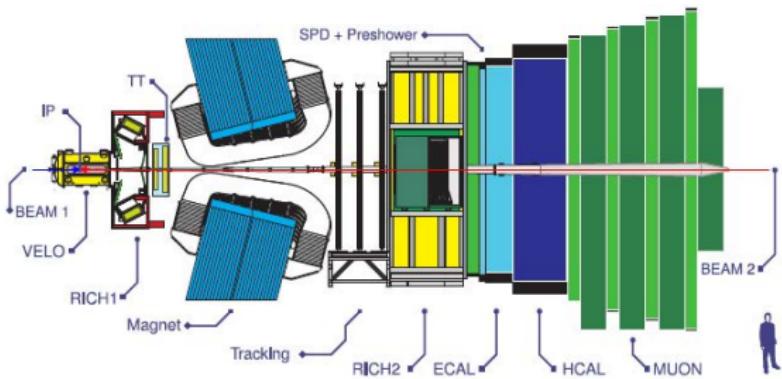
LHC has record numbers of b (and c) hadrons:

$$\sigma_{b\bar{b}} \approx 250 \mu\text{b} @ 7 \text{ TeV} \quad \sigma_{c\bar{c}} \approx 20 \times \sigma_{b\bar{b}}$$

LHCb designed to study rare decays and CP violation in b -hadrons

ideal place also to study their properties and production

single-arm spectrometer covering the forward pseudorapidity region $2 < \eta < 5$



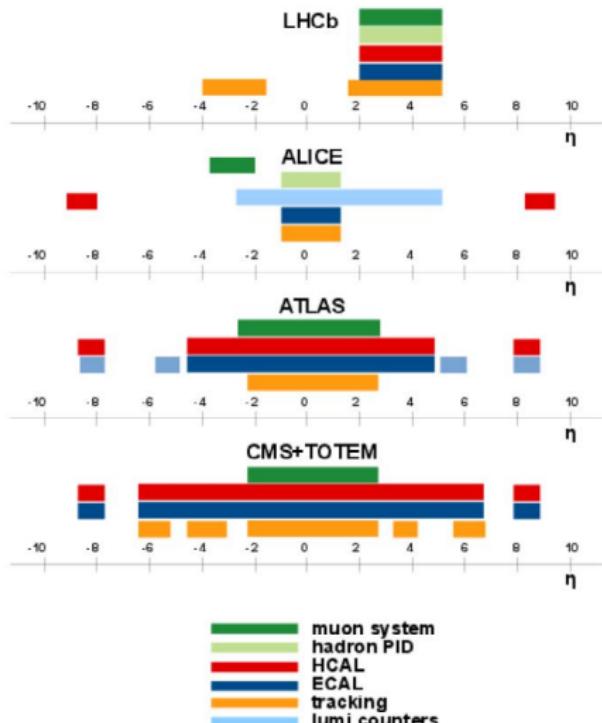
excellent performance:

- vertexing and tracking: good time of flight and invariant mass resolution
- PID for pions, kaons, protons and muons

Trigger on high- p_t lepton or hadron from displaced vertexes
c and b-hadrons

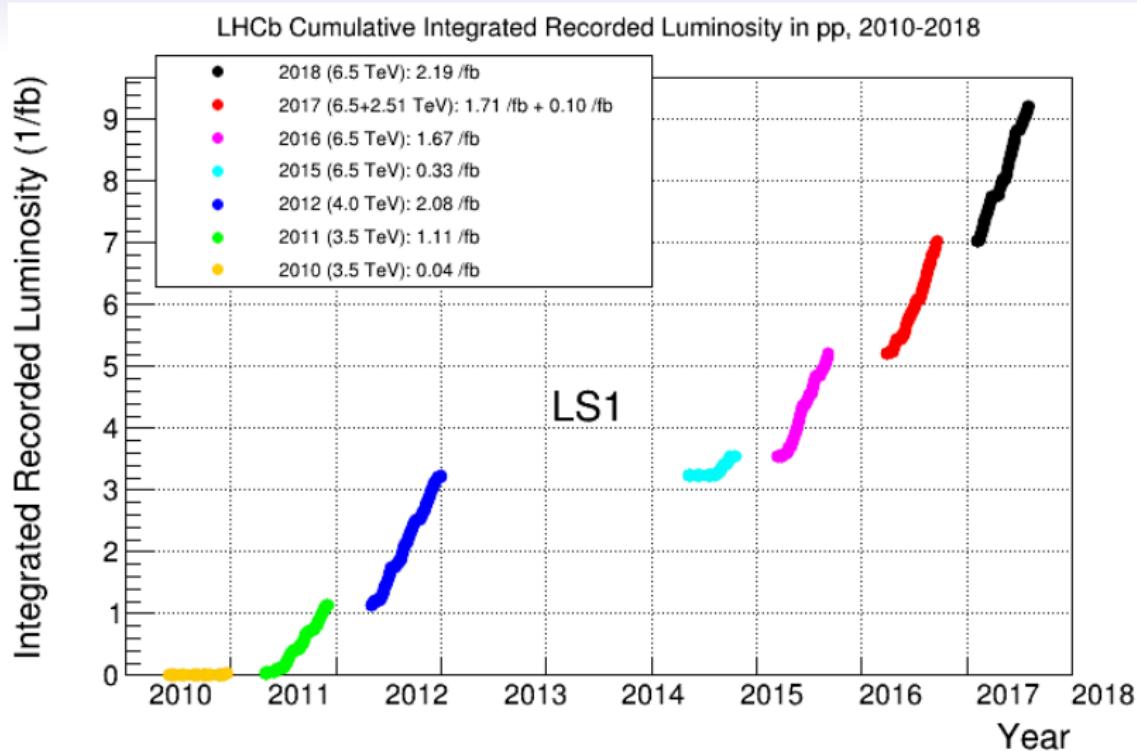
LHCb detector coverage

μ and tracking coverage for $2 < \eta < 5$



Complementary to other LHC experiments

LHCb dataset in pp collisions



Total integrated luminosity in pp collisions exceeds 9 fb^{-1}

results presented here use a fraction of this..

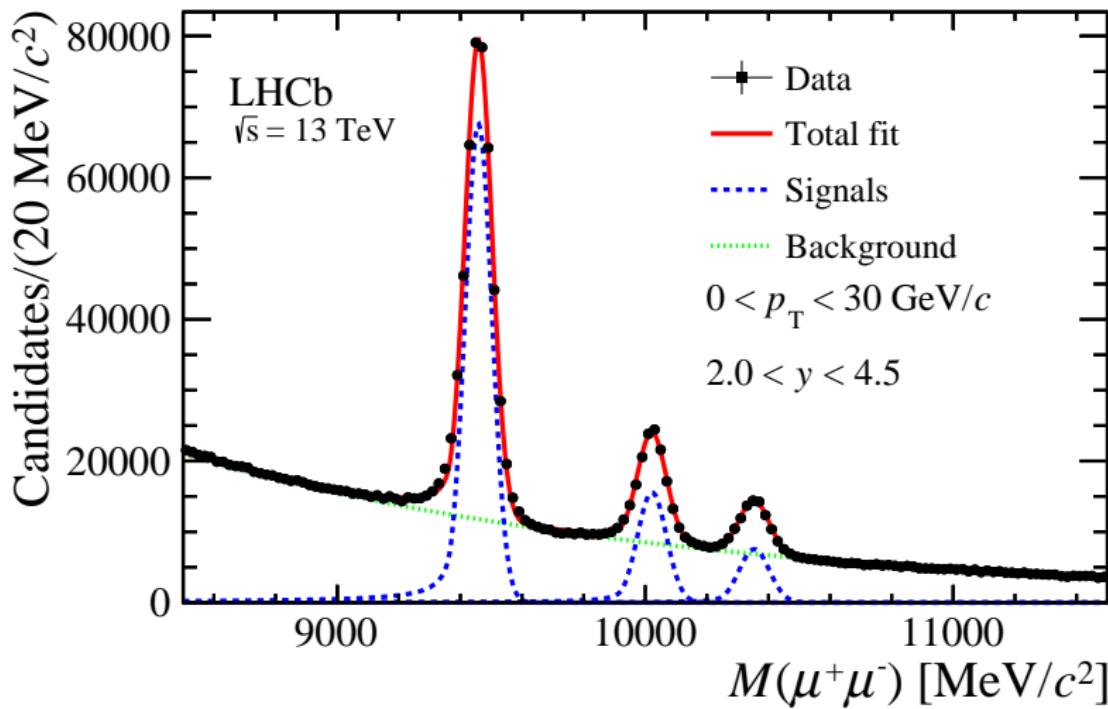
γ production in pp collisions at 13 TeV

JHEP 07 (2018) 134



$\Upsilon(nS) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

- muons must have momentum > 10 GeV, $p_t > 1$ GeV
- the pair must originate from a common vertex



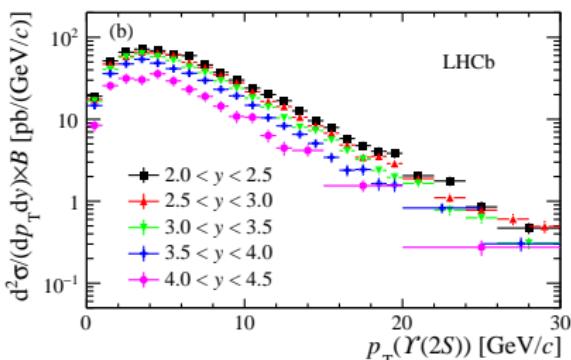
Doubly differential cross section

$$\frac{d^2\sigma}{dydp_T} \times \mathcal{B}(\Upsilon \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-) = \frac{N(p_T, y)}{\mathcal{L} \times \varepsilon_{\text{tot}}(p_T, y) \times \Delta y \times \Delta p_T}$$

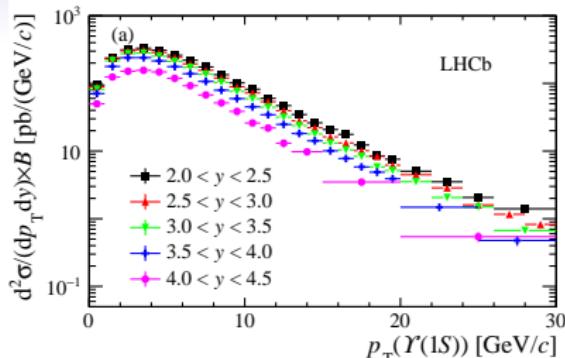
- $\Delta p_T; \Delta y$: p_T and y bin widths
- $N(p_T, y), \varepsilon(p_T, y)$ are the yields and efficiencies in each bin

Systematic errors (in part) correlated and/or depend on the bin (see backup)

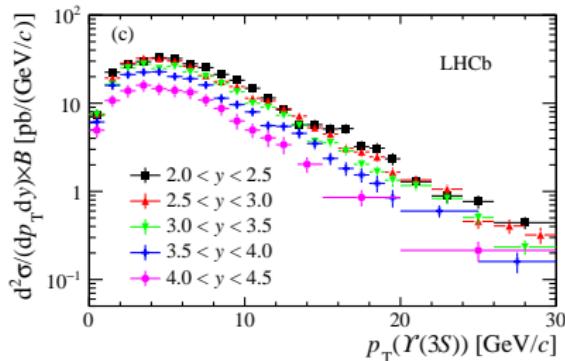
$\Upsilon(2S)$



$\Upsilon(1S)$



$\Upsilon(3S)$

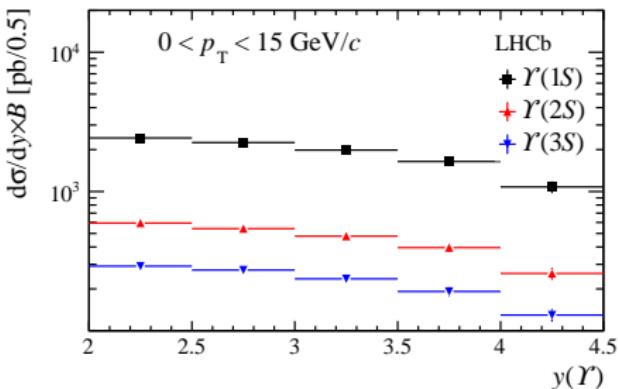


Assume no polarization: compatible with our measurement

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Differential cross sections vs p_T or y

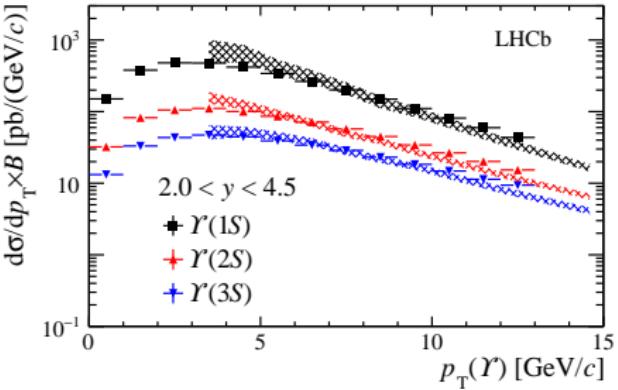
Integrating over the p_T or y range we obtain the differential $\sigma \times \mathcal{B}$ as a function of the other variable for the three Υ 's



The hatched area shows the NRQCD prediction for the differential cross section vs p_T

Feng et al., Chin.Phys.C 39 (2015) 123102

good overall agreement



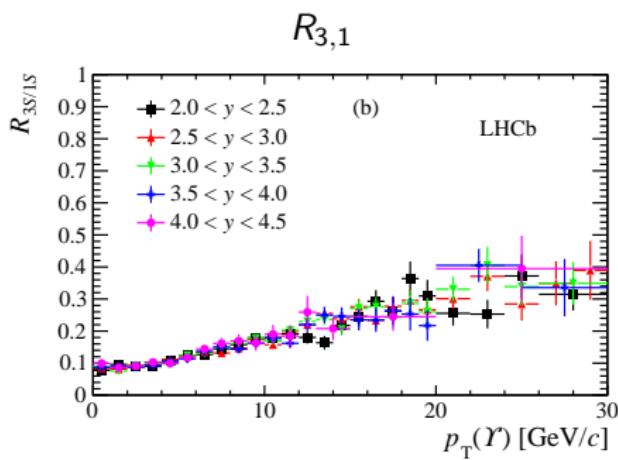
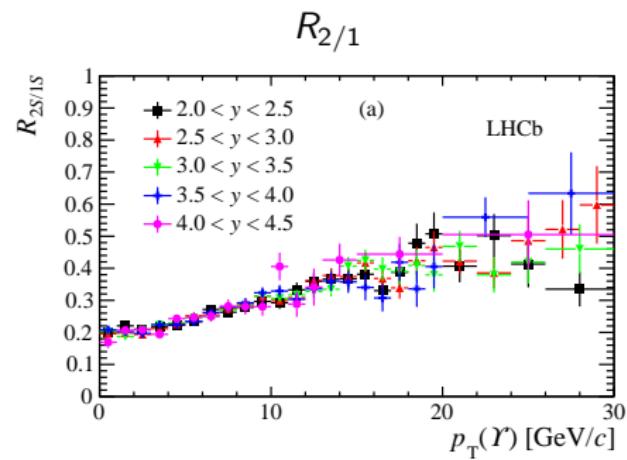
Cross sections ratios $\Upsilon(nS)/\Upsilon(1S)$

Most (or at least a large part) of the systematic cancels in the ratio of cross sections

- both for experiment AND theory

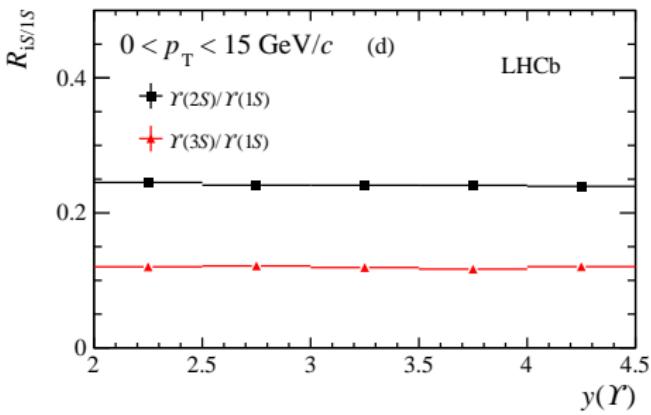
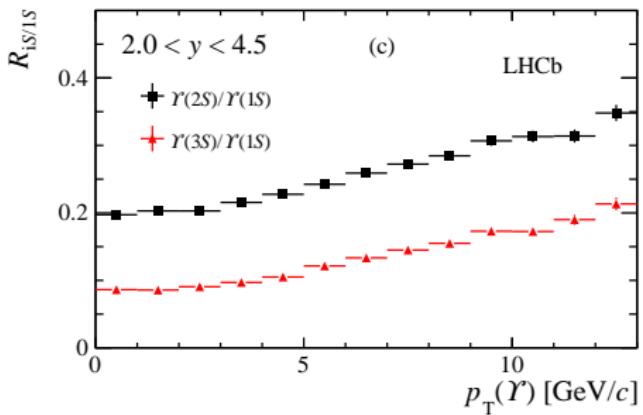
The ratios of the (double differential) $\sigma \times \mathcal{B}$ of the $\Upsilon(2S)/\Upsilon(1S)$ and $\Upsilon(3S)/\Upsilon(1S)$ indicate that $n > 1$ states are suppressed at low p_T

No trend visible in y



Cross sections ratios $\Upsilon(nS)/\Upsilon(1S)$

The trends are clearly visible when integrating the ratios over p_T or y



- indication of melting? in pp?

Cross sections vs \sqrt{s}

13 TeV JHEP 07 (2018) 134

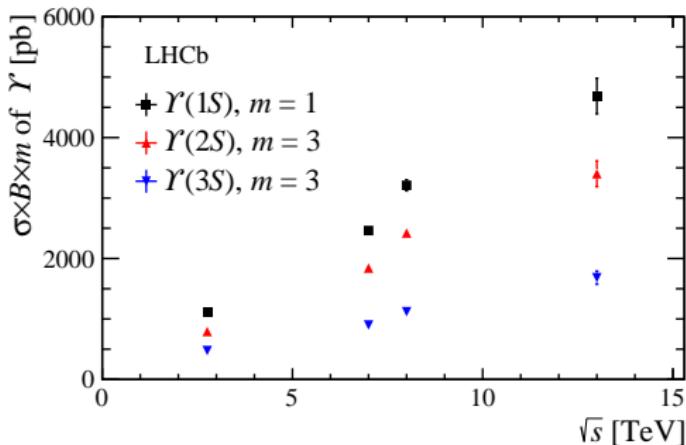
7,8 TeV JHEP 11 (2015) 103

2.76 TeV EPJ C 74 (2014):2835

$\sigma \times \mathcal{B}$ for the Υ narrow states in the kinematic region

$$0 < p_T < 15 \text{ GeV} \quad 2 < y < 4.5$$

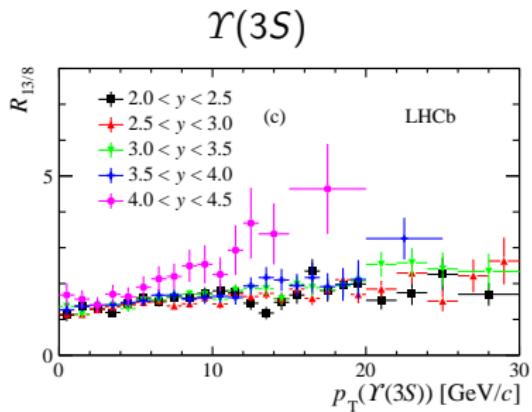
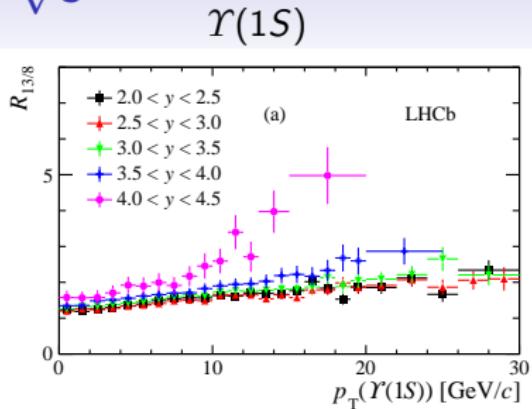
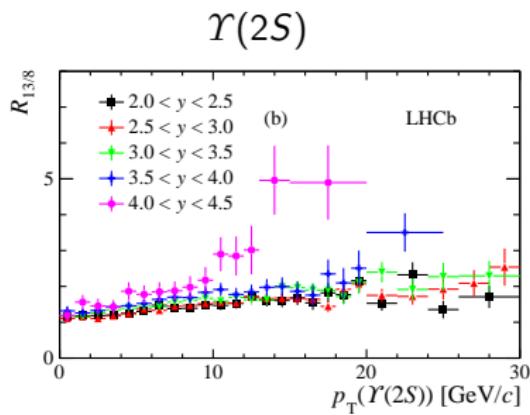
has been measured by LHCb at 4 different \sqrt{s}



the values for $\Upsilon(2S)$ and $\Upsilon(3S)$ multiplied by $m=3$ for visibility

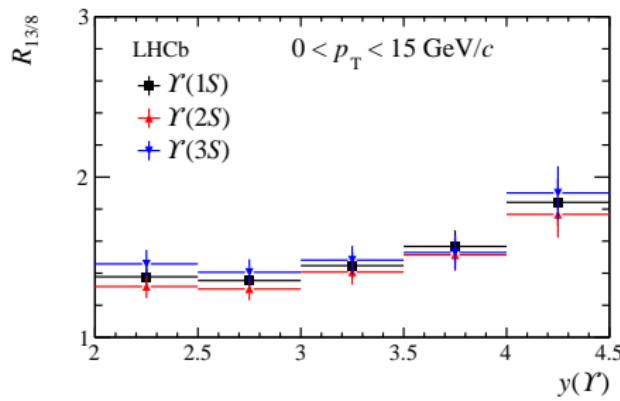
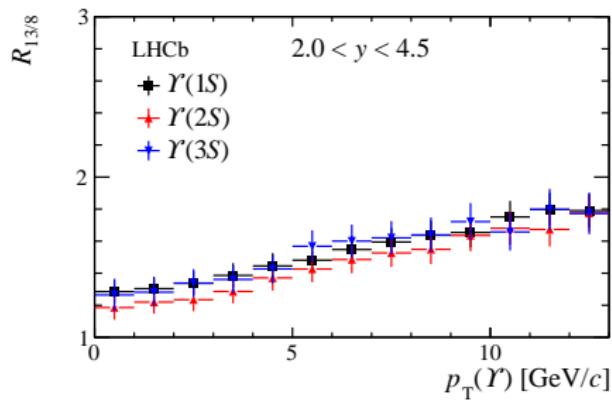
Cross sections ratios at different \sqrt{s}

The ratios of double differential cross sections measured at 13 TeV and 8 TeV for all three states increase with p_T and y



Cross sections ratios at different \sqrt{s}

Again, the trends are clearly visible when integrating over p_T or y



$\psi(2S)$ production in pp collisions at 7 and 13 TeV (preliminary)

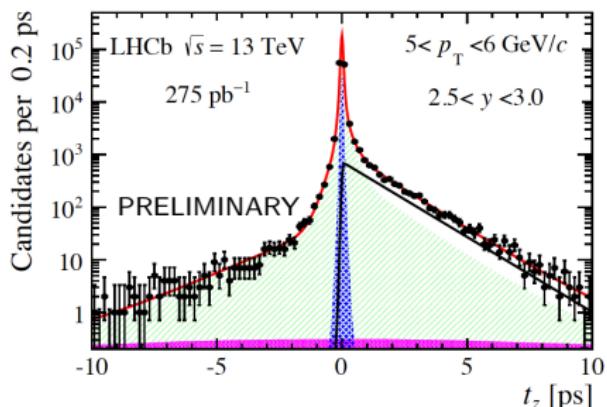
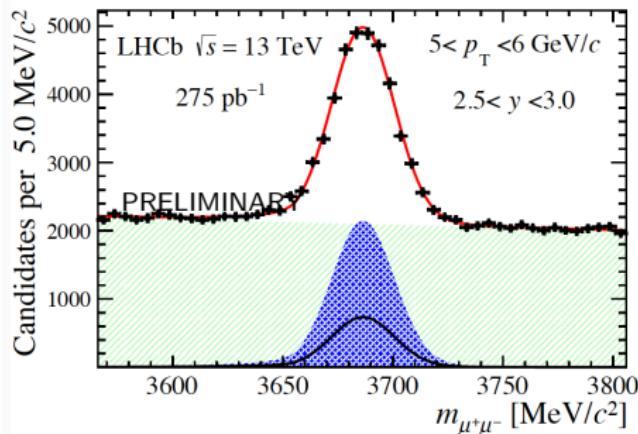
LHCb-PAPER-2018-049 to be submitted to JHEP



$\psi(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$

- Large yields for $\psi(2S) \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$
 - "cleaner" interpretation wrt J/ψ : no feed-down from cascade decays
 - ★ remain to account for feed-down from B 's
- ⇒ 2D fit to $\mu^+ \mu^-$ invariant mass and pseudo decay time

$$t_z = \frac{(z_{\psi(2S)} - z_{\text{PV}}) \times M_{\psi(2S)}}{p_z}$$



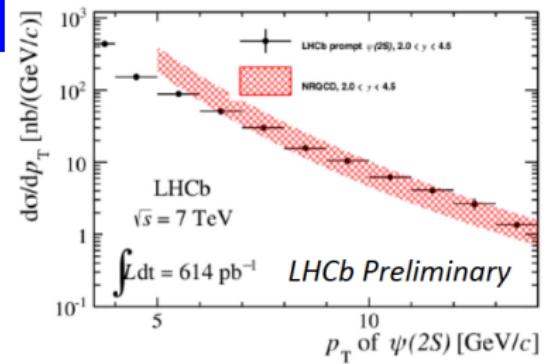
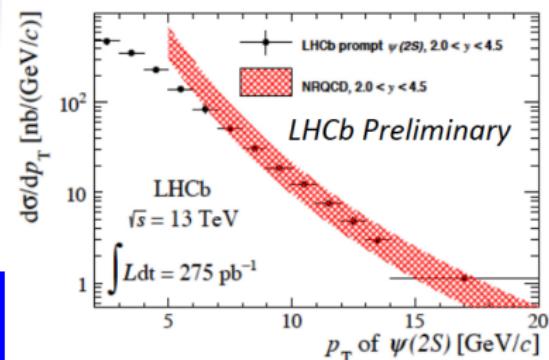
blue:prompt $\psi(2S)$

black:B decays

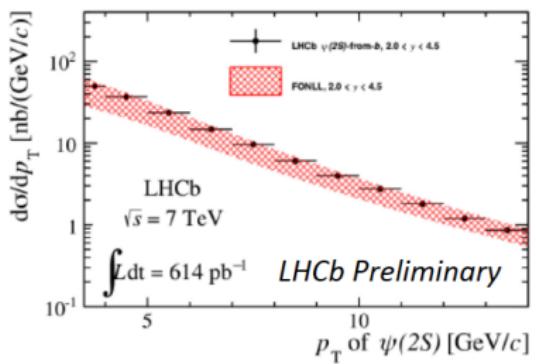
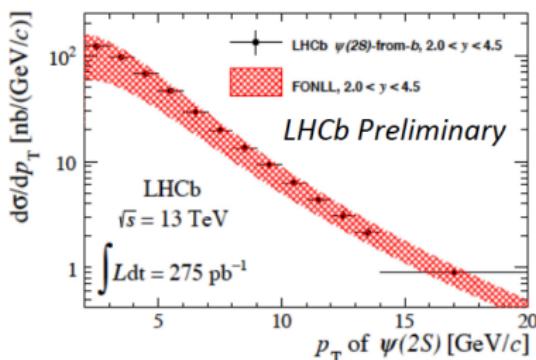
green:background
magenta:wrong PV

$\psi(2S)$ differential cross sections

Prompt



from B's



Overall good agreement with predictions, except for prompt at low p_T .
 Measurement at 7 TeV supersedes earlier results based on smaller sample



INFN

C. Patrignani

Quarkonium 2019 13-17 May, Torino

LHCb

Conclusions

- $\Upsilon(nS)$ doubly-differential cross section at 13 TeV

LHCb-PAPER-2018-049

$$0 < p_T < 30 \text{ GeV} \quad 2 < y < 4.5$$

- cross section ratios where systematics (both experiment and theory) partially cancel
 - $\Upsilon(nS)/\Upsilon(1S)$
 - 13 TeV and 8 TeV

- Preliminary results on $\psi(2S)$ production cross section at 7 and 13 TeV

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to be submitted to JHEP

Overall satisfactory comparisons with theory



Backup



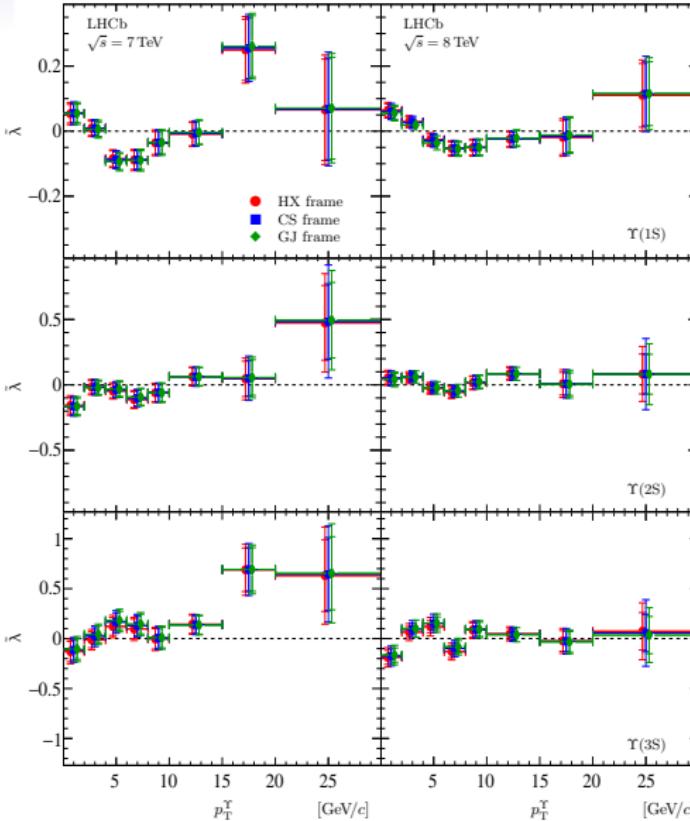
C. Patrignani

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γ polarization

Frame-independent
polarization parameter $\tilde{\lambda}$
as a function of p_T
measured at 7 and 8 TeV

$$2.2 < y < 4.5$$



Systematic errors on Υ production

Source	$\Upsilon(1S)$	$\Upsilon(2S)$	$\Upsilon(3S)$	Comment
Fit models	1.9	1.8	2.5	Correlated
Simulation statistics	0.4–4.6	0.5–5.1	0.5–4.4	Bin dependent
Global event requirements	0.6	0.6	0.6	Correlated
Trigger	3.9–9.8 (0.1–6.6) $\oplus(2 \times 0.8)$	3.9–9.8 (0.2–6.4) $\oplus(2 \times 0.8)$	3.9–9.8 (0.2–6.5) $\oplus(2 \times 0.8)$	Bin dependent Correlated
Muon identification	0.1–7.9	0.1–7.6	0.2–8.5	Correlated
Vertexing	0.2	0.2	0.2	Correlated
Kinematic spectrum	0.0–1.1	0.0–2.2	0.0–2.5	Bin dependent
Radiative tail	1.0	1.0	1.0	Correlated
Luminosity	3.9	3.9	3.9	Correlated
Total	6.2–14.3	6.2–14.6	6.4–14.9	Correlated