Dose Profiler status

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Current status



Hardware

- The Dose Profiler has been disassembled to replace the thick scintillator planes with 2 additional fibres planes (dead time and back-tracking resolution improvement).
- The new DAQ system with the off-spill data transfer implementation and the dose delivery system information integration has been developed. It has to be tested @ CNAO —-> Test beam at the end of May.
- The final cooling system that meets the CNAO requirements is currently under development.

Software

- We restart the data analysis to definitively assess the detector backtracking resolution (more info in the presentation)
- We are finalising the 'matter effect' study to gain access to the secondary emission profile and study the correlation with the Bragg peak position. Two parallel studies: "weight method" and MLEM algorithm.

<u>A INSIDE clinical trial is going to start in june —> data from patient</u>

Rec X distribution





How much is the resolution? —> HWHM (half width half maximum) —> 0.68 cm

Background



NO TARGET!!

The background in the y-distribution is inside the target region —> event selection on x-coordinate

Rec Y distribution



▶ $f(x) = A1^*gaus(x, \mu 1, \sigma 1) + A2^*gaus(x, \mu 2, \sigma 2) + pol4$

How much is the resolution? —> HWHM —> 0.59 cm

TGT comparison





TGT comparison





HWHM vs distance



▶ E_beam = 221 MeV/u

Trigger Quadrupla

Slight x-y asymmetry, to be still understood

Energy calibration



- ▶ Fit = [0]+[1]/x+[2]*x
- Resolution: 14-18 %

We used the data taken @Trento with the monochromatic proton beam

Energy spectrum





HWHM vs Ekin





HWHM vs Ekin





HWHM vs θ



HWHM vs θ





Next steps



- Why such discrepancy between CNAO snd Trento?
- Why do we observe the x-y asymmetry ?



- Residuals analysis.
- Study the cluster size impact on the resolution by means an updated version of the Monte Carlo simulation, that includes the SiPM read-out.