

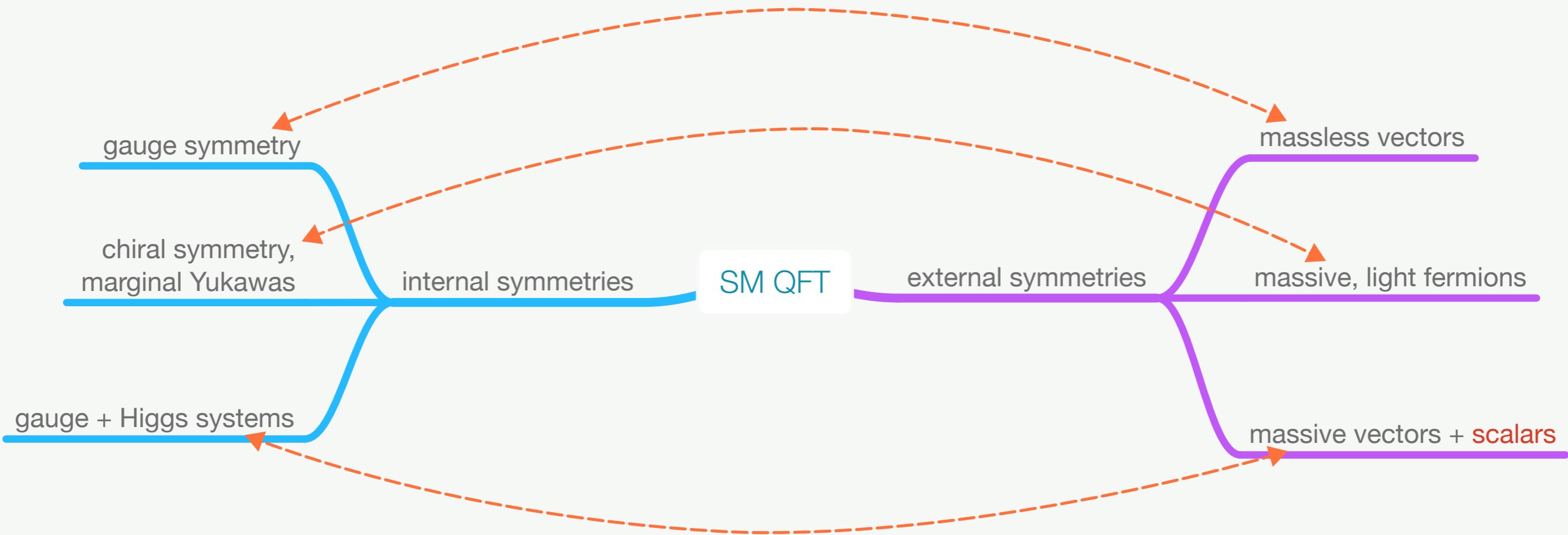
Christoph Englert

Effective Theory at the LHC

Genova, 04/04/2018

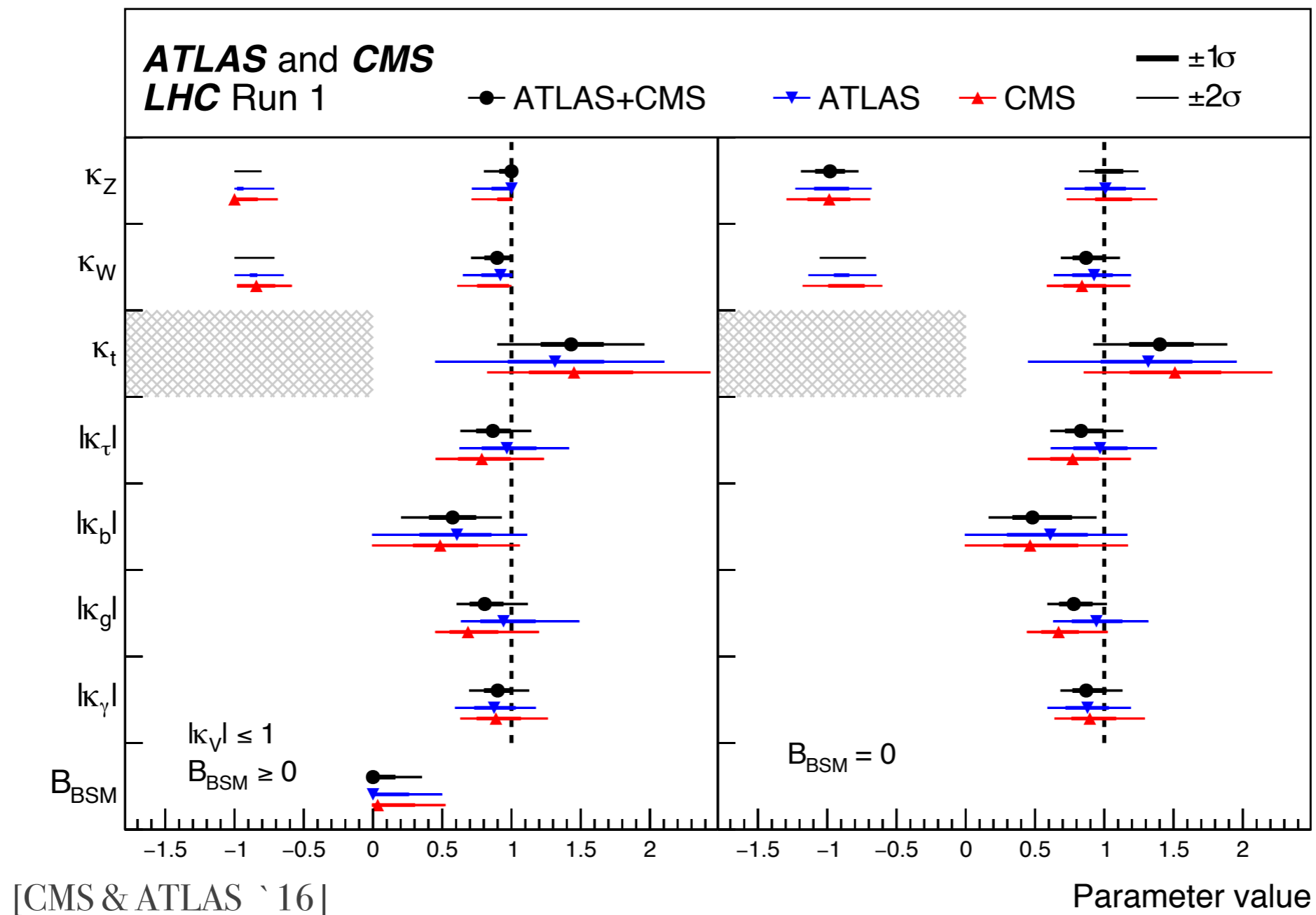
- EFT-inspired Higgs boson coupling measurements
- the role of high momentum transfers vs uncertainties
- adding degrees of freedom:
unresolved/hidden Higgs decays and Composite Higgs physics

The Standard Model: taking stock



“What’s next at the LHC ?”

Status of LHC measurements



➔ everything is consistent with the SM Higgs hypothesis (so far)
but what are the implications for new physics?

Fingerprinting the lack of new physics

the SM is flawed

no evidence for
exotics

coupling/scale
separated BSM physics

Effective Field Theory

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_i \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i$$

[Buchmüller, Wyler `87]

[Hagiwara, Peccei, Zeppenfeld, Hikasa `87]

[Giudice, Grojean, Pomarol, Rattazzi `07]

[Grzadkowski, Iskrzynski, Misiak, Rosiek `10]

59 B-conserving operators \otimes flavor \otimes h.c., d=6
2499 parameters (reduces to 76 with $N_f=1$)

concrete models

- (N)MSSM
- Higgs portals
- **compositeness**
- ...

SILH Higgs phenomenology

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}_{\text{SILH}} = & \frac{\bar{c}_H}{2v^2} \partial^\mu (H^\dagger H) \partial_\mu (H^\dagger H) + \frac{\bar{c}_T}{2v^2} \left(H^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu H \right) \left(H^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H \right) - \frac{\bar{c}_6 \lambda}{v^2} (H^\dagger H)^3 \\
 & + \left(\frac{\bar{c}_{u,i} y_{u,i}}{v^2} H^\dagger H \bar{u}_L^{(i)} H^c u_R^{(i)} + \text{h.c.} \right) + \left(\frac{\bar{c}_{d,i} y_{d,i}}{v^2} H^\dagger H \bar{d}_L^{(i)} H d_R^{(i)} + \text{h.c.} \right) \\
 & + \frac{i\bar{c}_W g}{2m_W^2} \left(H^\dagger \sigma^i \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu H \right) (D^\nu W_{\mu\nu})^i + \frac{i\bar{c}_B g'}{2m_W^2} \left(H^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu H \right) (\partial^\nu B_{\mu\nu}) \\
 & + \frac{i\bar{c}_{HW} g}{m_W^2} (D^\mu H)^\dagger \sigma^i (D^\nu H) W_{\mu\nu}^i + \frac{i\bar{c}_{HB} g'}{m_W^2} (D^\mu H)^\dagger (D^\nu H) B_{\mu\nu} \\
 & + \frac{\bar{c}_\gamma g'^2}{m_W^2} H^\dagger H B_{\mu\nu} B^{\mu\nu} + \frac{\bar{c}_g g_S^2}{m_W^2} H^\dagger H G_{\mu\nu}^a G^{a\mu\nu}.
 \end{aligned}$$

+ [more - not considered here]

[Giudice, Grojean, Pomarol, Rattazzi '07]

Higgs decays

Higgs production

consistent
differential
distributions

[Ellis, Sanz, You '14, 17]

[Falkowski et al. '15]

[Butter et al. '16]

.....

SILH Higgs phenomenology

$$\begin{aligned}
 \mathcal{L}_{\text{SILH}} = & \frac{\bar{c}_H}{2v^2} \partial^\mu (H^\dagger H) \partial_\mu (H^\dagger H) + \frac{\bar{c}_T}{2v^2} \left(H^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}^\mu H \right) \left(H^\dagger \overleftrightarrow{D}_\mu H \right) - \frac{\bar{c}_6 \lambda}{v^2} (H^\dagger H)^3 \\
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 \end{aligned}$$

[Giudice, Grojean, Pomarol, Rattazzi '07]

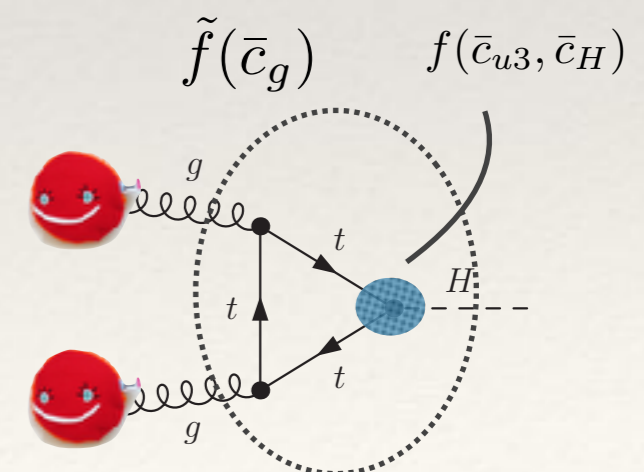
S,T=0 : $\bar{c}_T = 0, \quad \bar{c}_W = -\bar{c}_B$

more involved for full operator set [Berthier, Bjorn, Trott '16]

branching ratios
total width

[Contino et al '13]

production process	included sensitivity
$pp \rightarrow H$	$\bar{c}_g, \bar{c}_{u3}, \bar{c}_H$
$pp \rightarrow H + j$	
$pp \rightarrow H + 2j$ (gluon fusion)	
$pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}H$	$\bar{c}_W, \bar{c}_B, \bar{c}_{HW}, \bar{c}_{HB}, \bar{c}_\gamma, \bar{c}_H$
$pp \rightarrow VH$	
$pp \rightarrow H + 2j$ (weak boson fusion)	



our fitting procedure in a nutshell

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_i \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i$$

[Contino et al `13]

decays
eHdecay

production

differential
distributions

multidimensional interpolation with Professor

[Buckley, Schulz `14 ...]

systematics

limit setting with GFitter

[Baak et al `08...]

extrapolations

Fingerprinting the lack of new physics

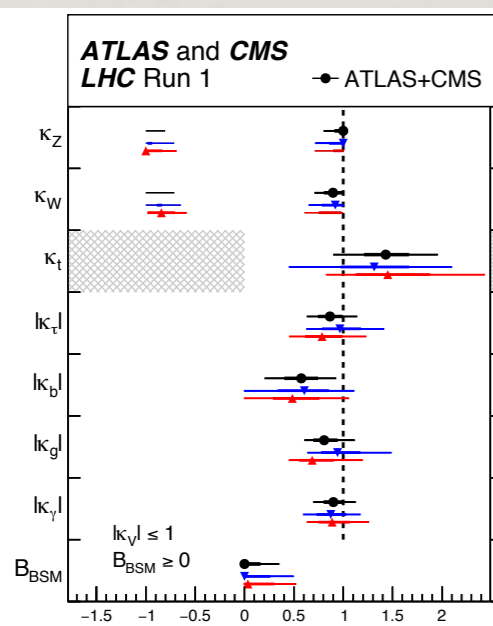
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decays
eHdecay

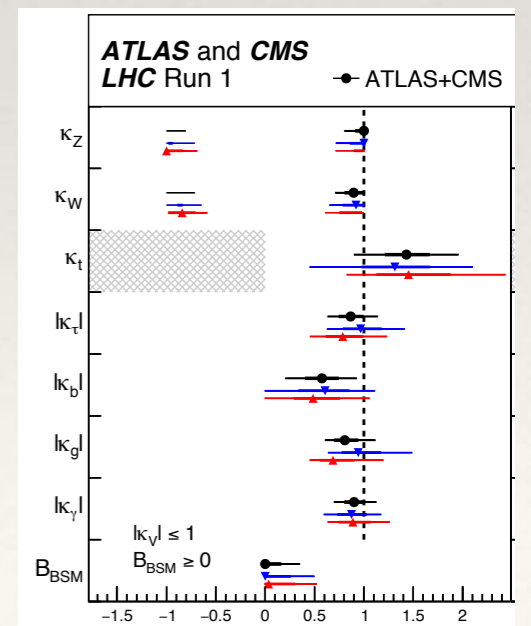
production

consistent
differential
distributions

low stats [HXSWG YR 3]



$$\kappa_g = \frac{g^{SM} + \Delta g}{g^{SM}}$$



**consistent
differential
distributions**

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_i \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i$$

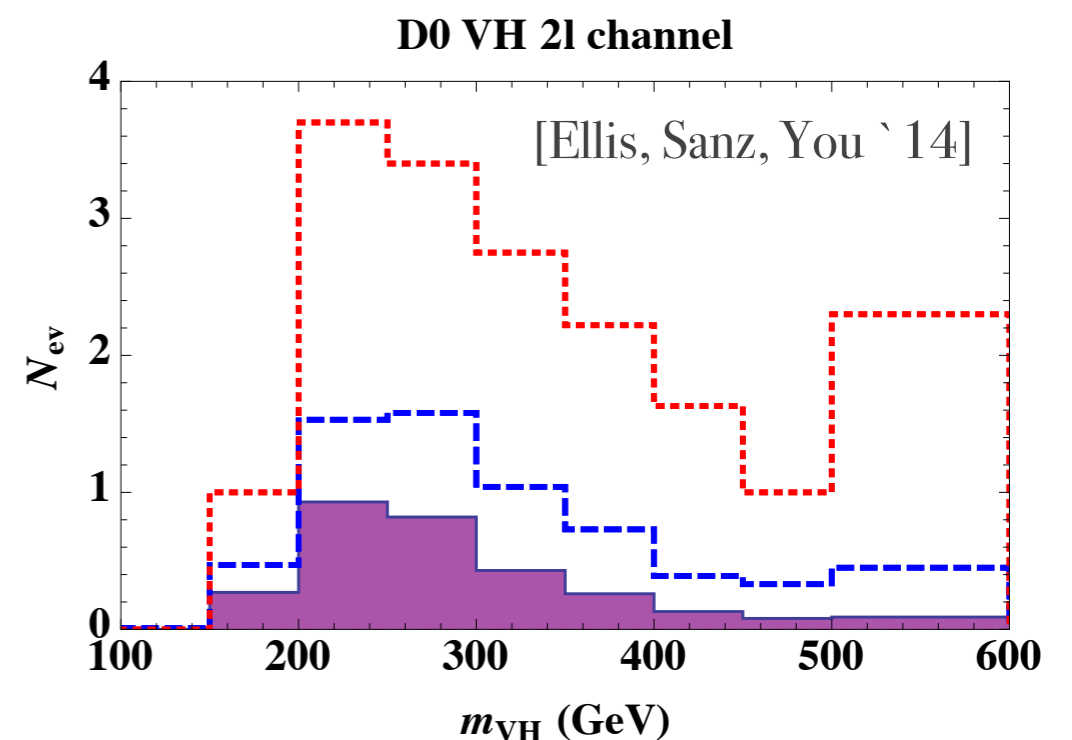
$$d\sigma = d\sigma^{\text{SM}} + d\sigma^{\{O_i\}} / \Lambda^2 + 2 \text{Re}\{\mathcal{M}_{\text{SM}} \mathcal{M}_{d=6}^*\}$$

linearisation in every bin \oplus positive definite integrated weights = **technical range of validity**

A word of caution

not necessarily positive definite
(cf. fixed order NⁿLO)

conservative probe of
validity of d=6 extension



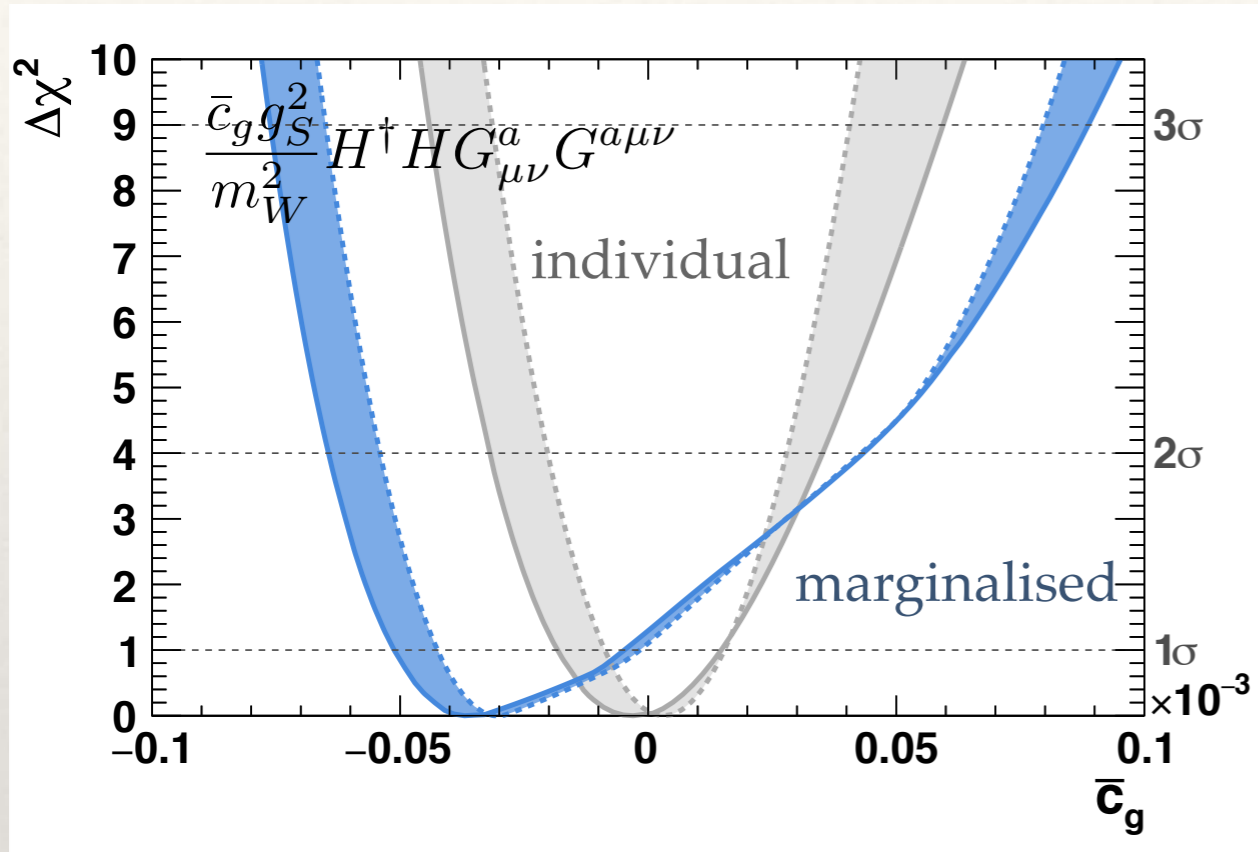
Higgs data: 7/8 TeV

Search channel	energy \sqrt{s}	μ	SM signal composition [in %]				
			ggH	VBF	WH	ZH	tH
CMS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ($t\bar{t}H$ multijet) [83]	8 TeV	$1.24^{+4.23}_{-0.70}$	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.2	99.5
CMS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ($t\bar{t}H$ lepton) [83]	8 TeV	$3.52^{+11.89}_{-2.45}$	0.0	0.0	0.3	0.5	99.2
CMS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ($t\bar{t}H$ tags) [83]	7 TeV	$0.71^{+5.20}_{-3.56}$	0.0	0.1	0.4	0.4	99.2
CMS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (untagged 0) [83]	7 TeV	$1.97^{+1.51}_{-1.25}$	12.1	18.7	23.8	24.0	21.3
CMS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (untagged 0) [83]	8 TeV	$0.13^{+1.09}_{-0.74}$	6.7	16.7	20.5	18.4	37.7
CMS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (untagged 1) [83]	7 TeV	$1.23^{+0.96}_{-0.88}$	30.6	17.4	20.9	19.5	11.7

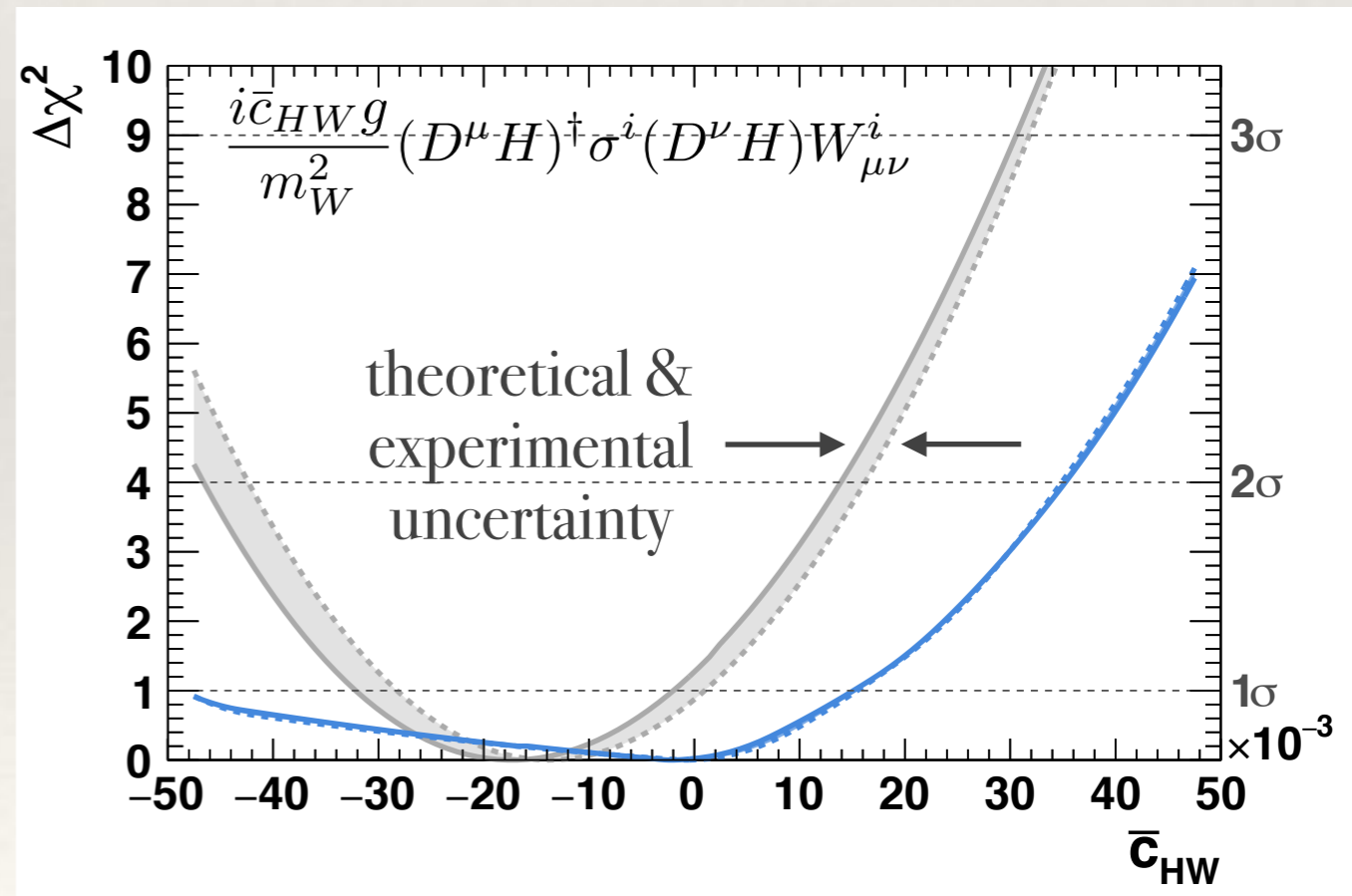
Search channel	energy \sqrt{s}	μ	SM signal composition [in %]				
			ggH	VBF	WH	ZH	tH
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (central high p_T) [82]	8 TeV	$1.62^{+1.00}_{-0.83}$	7.1	25.4	20.1	21.0	26.4
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (central low p_T) [82]	8 TeV	$0.62^{+0.42}_{-0.40}$	31.8	22.2	18.5	19.9	7.7
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (forward high p_T) [82]	8 TeV	$1.73^{+1.34}_{-1.18}$	7.1	26.2	23.1	23.6	20.1
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (forward low p_T) [82]	8 TeV	$2.03^{+0.57}_{-0.53}$	29.0	20.9	21.2	21.9	7.1
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ($t\bar{t}H$ hadronic) [82]	8 TeV	$-0.84^{+3.23}_{-1.25}$	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.4	99.1
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ ($t\bar{t}H$ leptonic) [82]	8 TeV	$2.42^{+3.21}_{-2.07}$	0.0	0.0	2.9	1.4	95.6
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (VBF loose) [82]	8 TeV	$1.33^{+0.92}_{-0.77}$	3.7	90.5	1.9	1.7	2.2
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (VBF tight) [82]	8 TeV	$0.68^{+0.67}_{-0.51}$	1.4	96.3	0.3	0.4	1.7
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (VH dijet) [82]	8 TeV	$0.23^{+1.67}_{-1.39}$	1.9	2.2	46.0	49.3	0.5
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (VH E_T^{miss}) [82]	8 TeV	$3.51^{+3.30}_{-2.42}$	0.2	1.1	22.0	47.6	29.2
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$ (VH 1ℓ) [82]	8 TeV	$0.41^{+1.43}_{-1.05}$	0.0	0.1	80.4	8.9	10.6
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ (boosted, $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$) [90]	7/8 TeV	$3.60^{+2.00}_{-1.60}$	6.9	21.1	38.1	33.9	0.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ (VBF, $\tau_{\text{had}}\tau_{\text{had}}$) [90]	7/8 TeV	$1.40^{+0.90}_{-0.70}$	2.6	97.4	0.0	0.0	0.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ (boosted, $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$) [90]	7/8 TeV	$0.90^{+1.00}_{-0.90}$	8.5	24.6	35.6	31.4	0.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ (VBF, $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{had}}$) [90]	7/8 TeV	$1.00^{+0.60}_{-0.50}$	1.3	98.7	0.0	0.0	0.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ (boosted, $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{lep}}$) [90]	7/8 TeV	$3.00^{+1.90}_{-1.70}$	9.8	47.1	26.5	16.7	0.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow \tau\tau$ (VBF, $\tau_{\text{lep}}\tau_{\text{lep}}$) [90]	7/8 TeV	$1.80^{+1.10}_{-0.90}$	1.1	98.9	0.0	0.0	0.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell\ell\nu$ (ggH enhanced) [86, 87]	7/8 TeV	$1.01^{+0.27}_{-0.25}$	55.6	11.1	11.1	11.1	11.1
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow WW \rightarrow \ell\ell\nu$ (VBF enhanced) [86, 87]	7/8 TeV	$1.27^{+0.53}_{-0.45}$	2.0	98.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$ (ggH-like) [84]	7/8 TeV	$1.66^{+0.51}_{-0.44}$	22.7	18.2	18.2	18.2	22.7
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow H \rightarrow ZZ \rightarrow 4\ell$ (VBF/VH-like) [84]	7/8 TeV	$0.26^{+1.64}_{-0.94}$	2.2	32.6	32.6	32.6	0.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}H \rightarrow \text{leptons} (1\ell 2\tau_{\text{had}})$ [97]	8 TeV	$-9.60^{+9.80}_{-9.70}$	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}H \rightarrow \text{leptons} (2\ell 0\tau_{\text{had}})$ [97]	8 TeV	$2.80^{+2.10}_{-1.90}$	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}H \rightarrow \text{leptons} (2\ell 1\tau_{\text{had}})$ [97]	8 TeV	$-0.90^{+3.10}_{-2.00}$	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}H \rightarrow \text{leptons} (3\ell)$ [97]	8 TeV	$2.80^{+2.20}_{-1.80}$	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}H \rightarrow \text{leptons} (4\ell)$ [97]	8 TeV	$1.80^{+6.90}_{-6.90}$	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}H \rightarrow t\bar{t}b\bar{b}$ [95]	8 TeV	$1.50^{+1.10}_{-1.10}$	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow VH \rightarrow Vt\bar{b} (0\ell)$ [92]	7/8 TeV	$-0.35^{+0.55}_{-0.52}$	0.0	0.0	13.2	86.8	0.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow VH \rightarrow Vt\bar{b} (1\ell)$ [92]	7/8 TeV	$1.17^{+0.66}_{-0.60}$	0.0	0.0	94.4	5.6	0.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow VH \rightarrow Vt\bar{b} (2\ell)$ [92]	7/8 TeV	$0.94^{+0.88}_{-0.79}$	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow VH \rightarrow VW (2\ell)$ [87]	7/8 TeV	$3.70^{+1.90}_{-1.80}$	0.0	0.0	74.3	25.7	0.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow VH \rightarrow VW (3\ell)$ [87]	7/8 TeV	$0.72^{+1.30}_{-1.10}$	0.0	0.0	78.8	21.2	0.0
ATLAS $pp \rightarrow VH \rightarrow VW (4\ell)$ [87]	7/8 TeV	$4.90^{+4.60}_{-3.10}$	0.0	0.0	0.0	100.0	0.0

Higgs data: towards a differential Higgs fit

- current status (plethora of run 1 analyses included, narrow width)



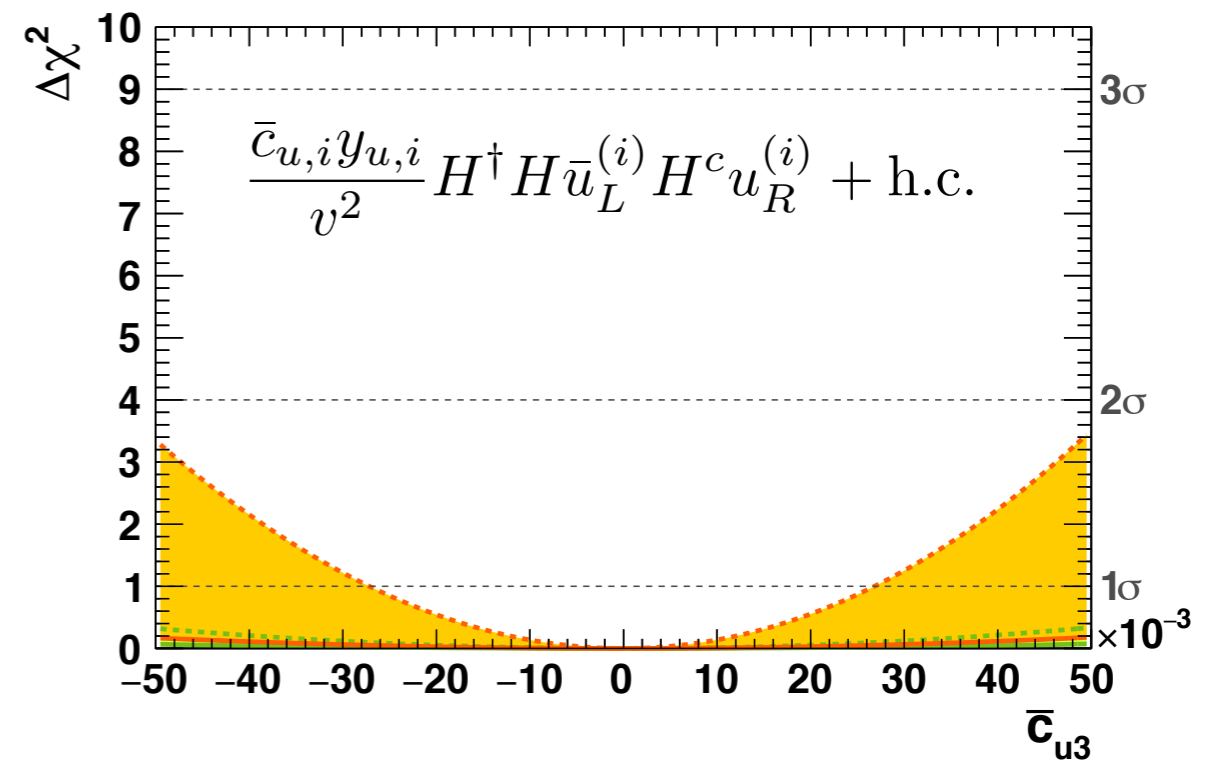
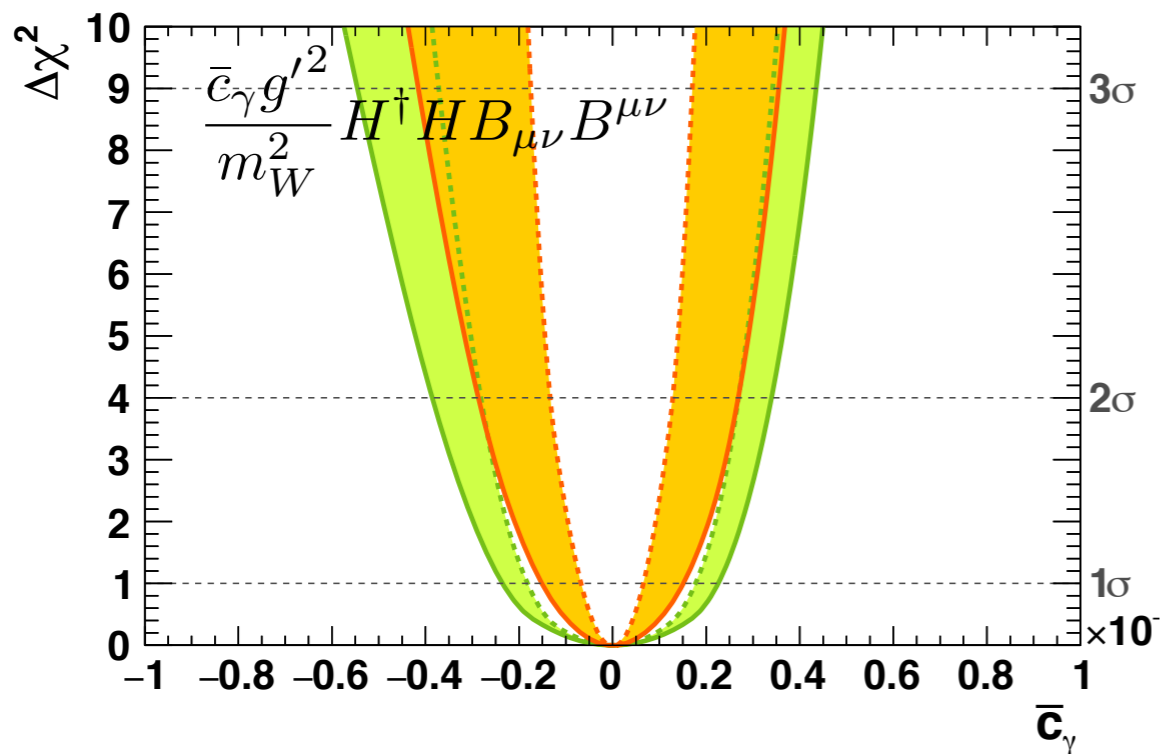
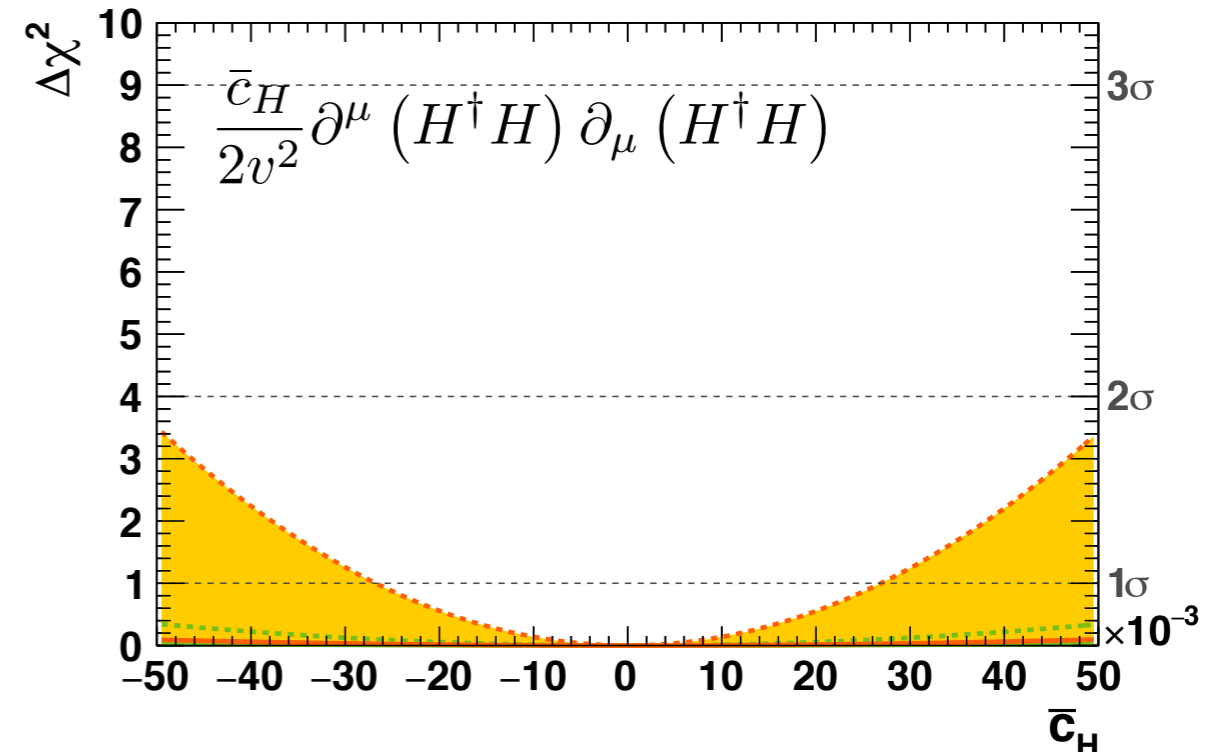
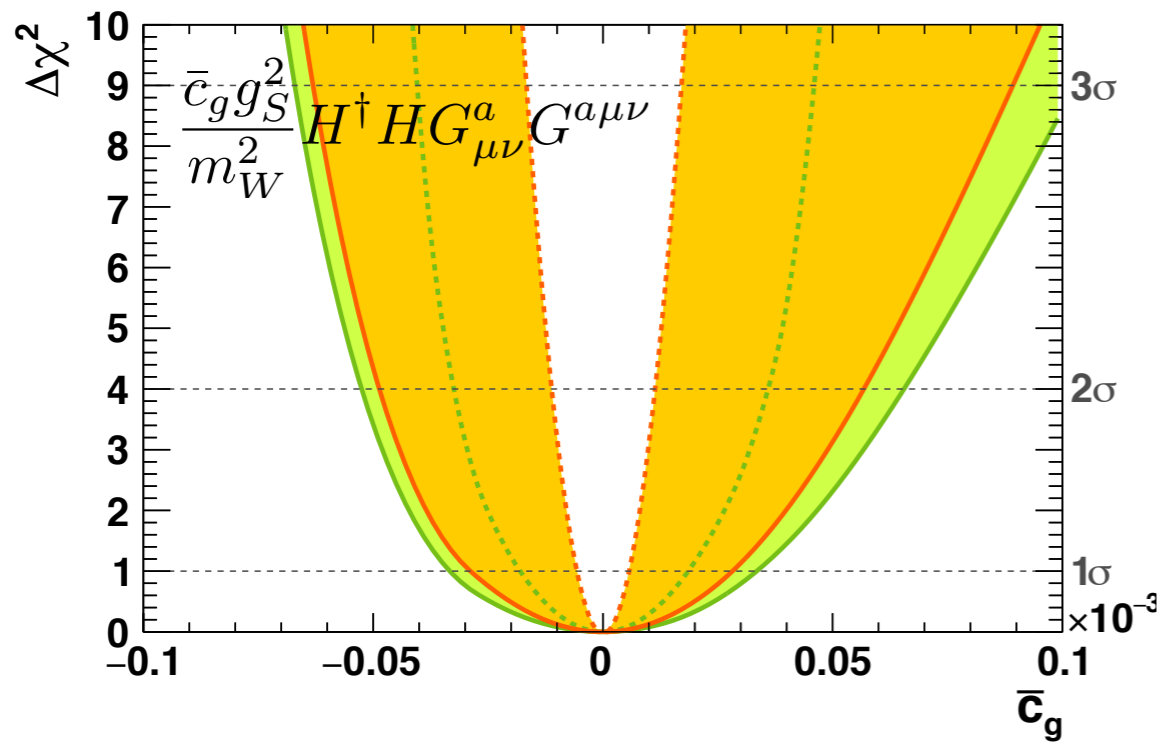
- good agreement with fits by ATLAS and other theory groups



- not terribly sensitive at this stage, coupling deviations of order 10% allowed
- systematic uncertainties not too limiting anymore more on that later

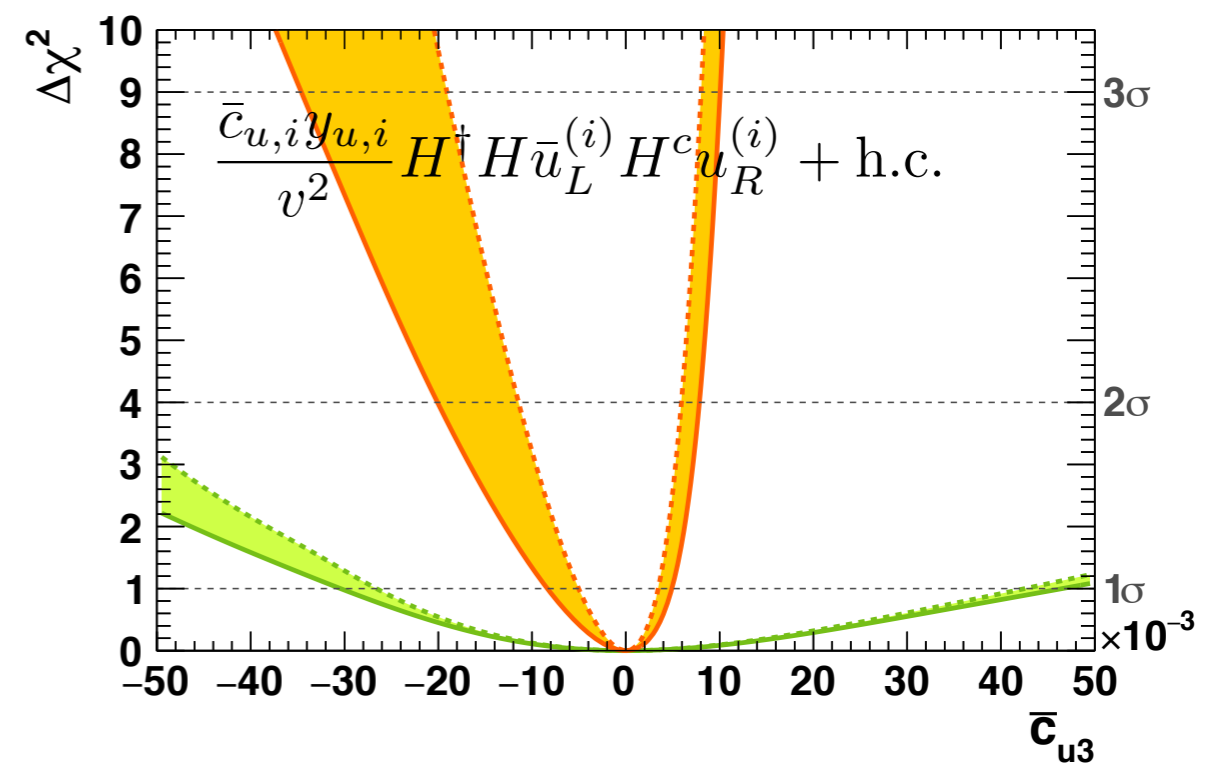
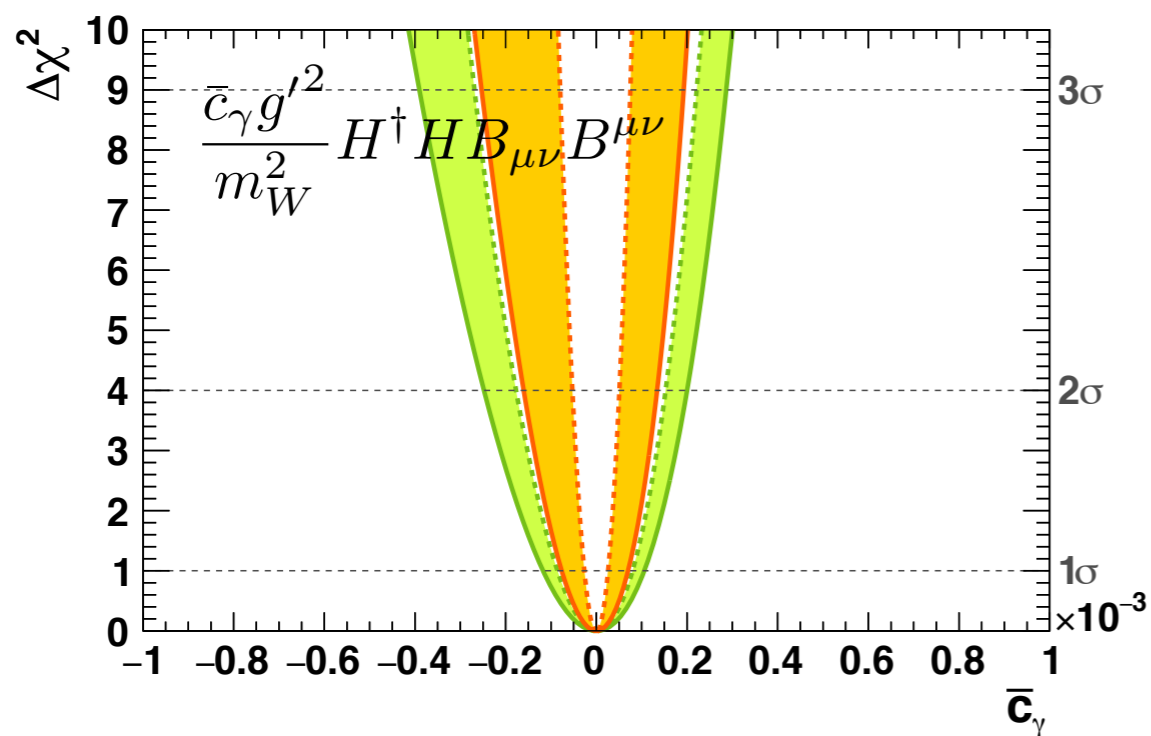
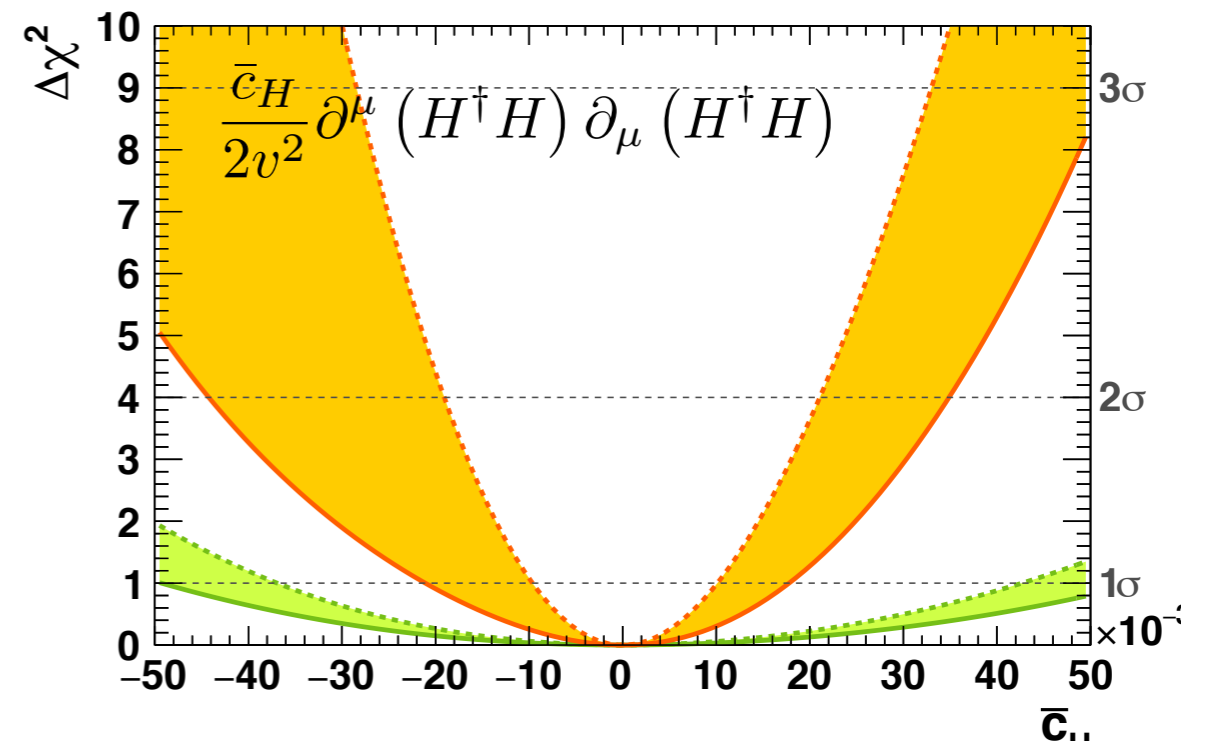
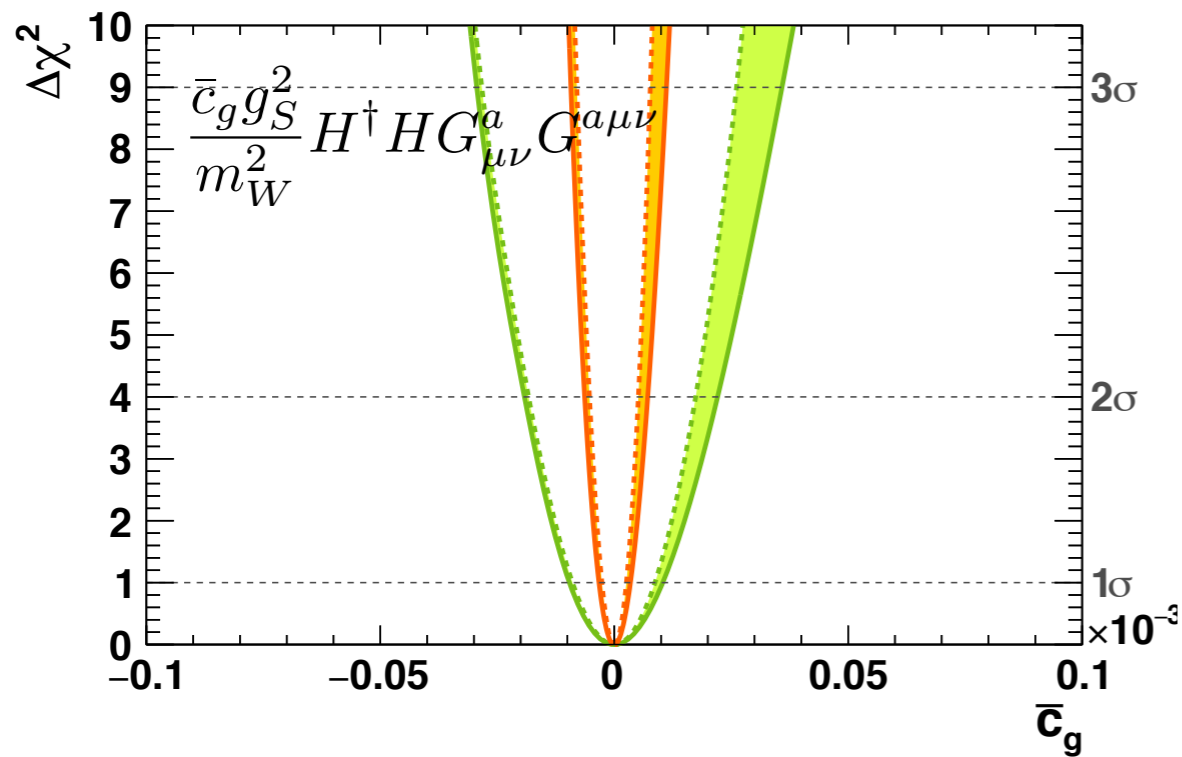
Higgs measurements: future

- extrapolation to **300/fb**, **3/ab** based on signal strength measurements



Higgs measurements: future

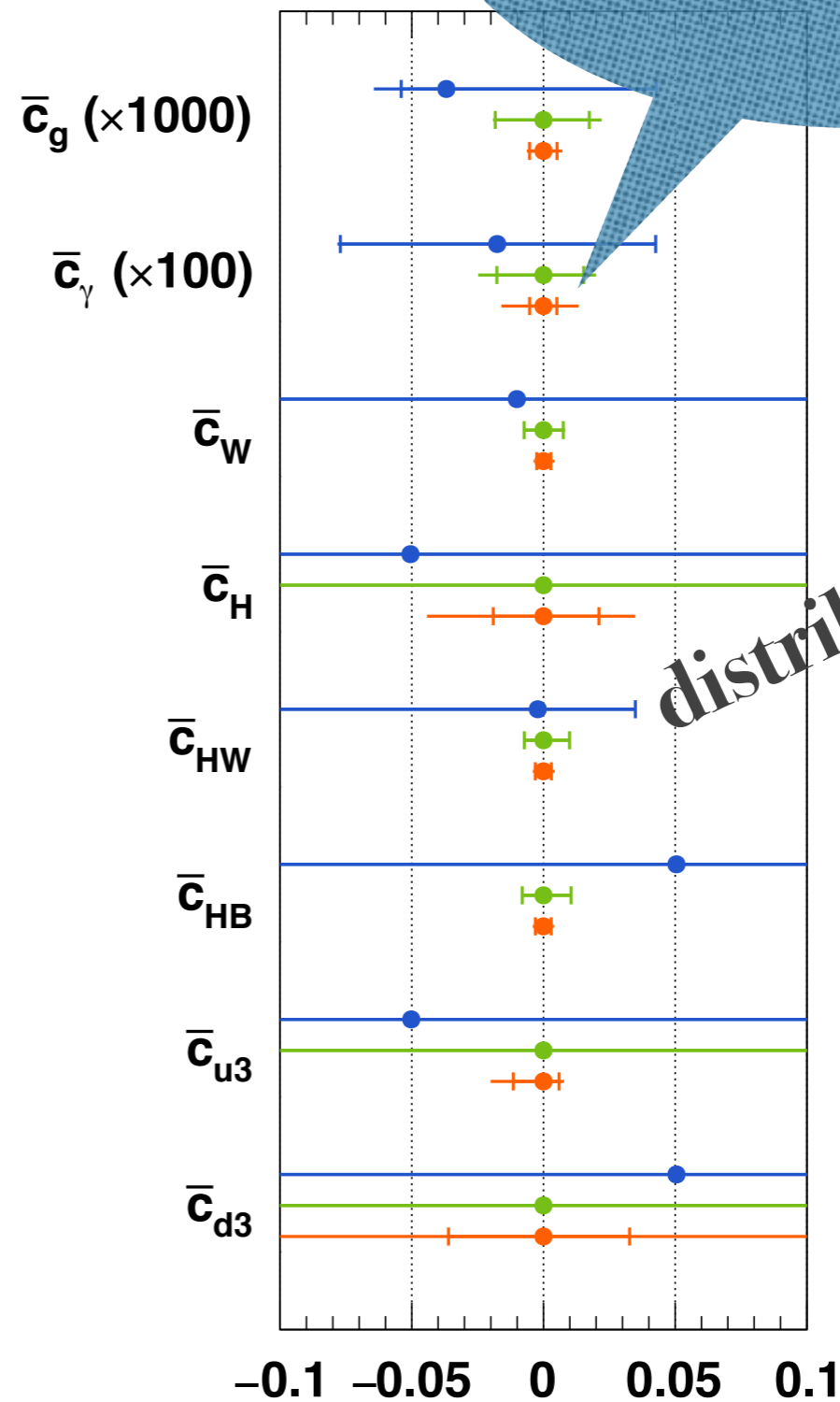
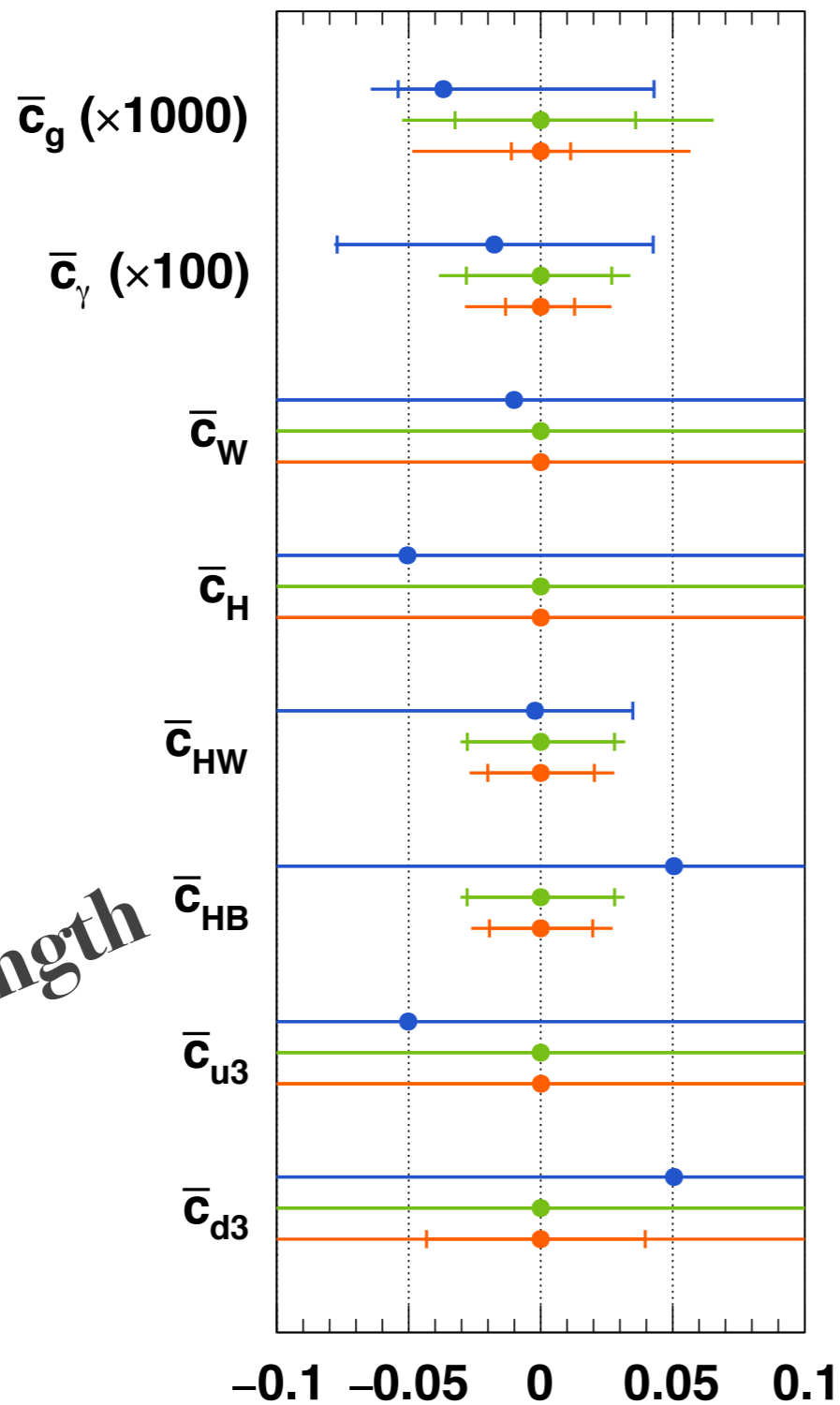
- ...switch on differential distributions (*flat uncertainties*)



Higgs measurements: future

- distributions overconstrain the BSM couplings!

depends on improved functional form of uncertainties



signal strength

distribution $p_{T,H}$

- so far theoretical uncertainties flat in Higgs transverse momentum

transparent but not realistic

importance of high p_T phase space region in light of bigger uncertainty?

- so far theoretical uncertainties flat in Higgs transverse momentum

transparent but not realistic

importance of high p_T phase space region in light of bigger uncertainty?

- theoretical uncertainties parametrised via

$$\delta(p_T^H) = \delta_0 [a + b f(p_T^H)]$$

inclusive production uncertainty

p_T - dependent uncertainty

- theoretical uncertainties parametrised via

$$\delta(p_T^H) = \delta_0 [a + b f(p_T^H)]$$

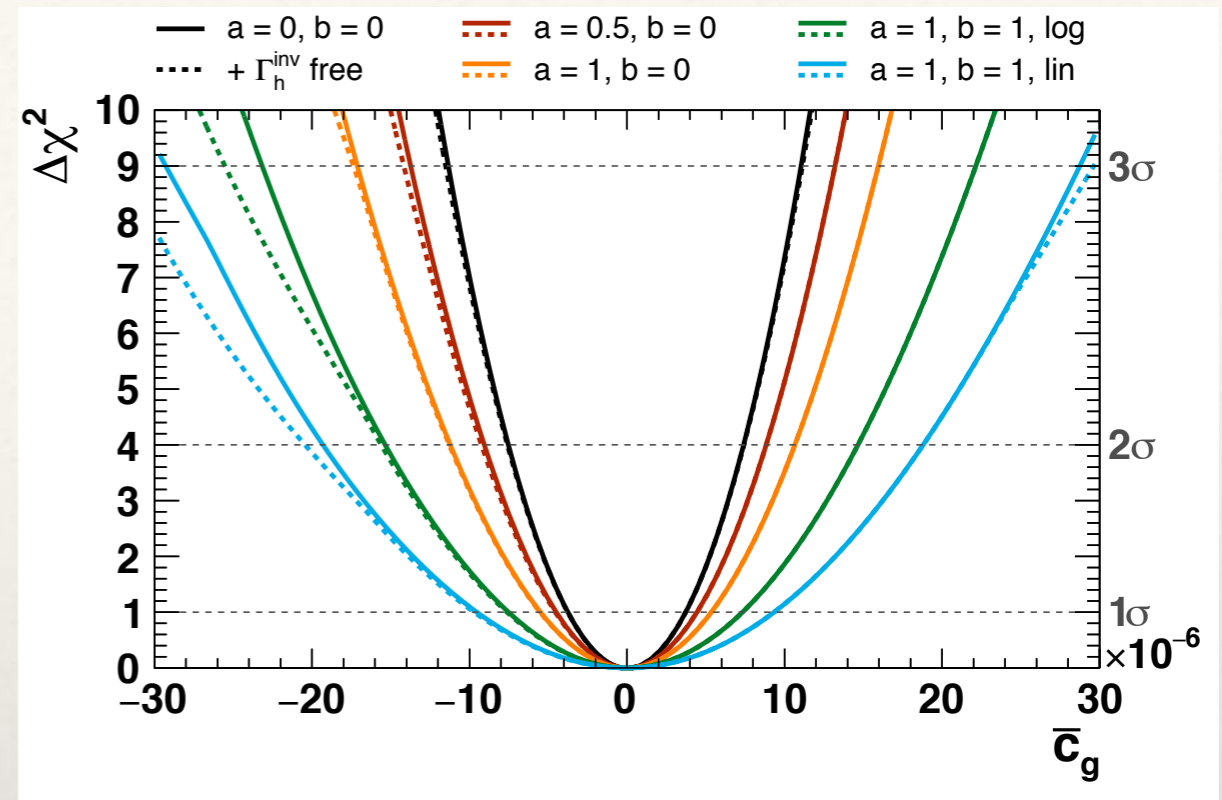
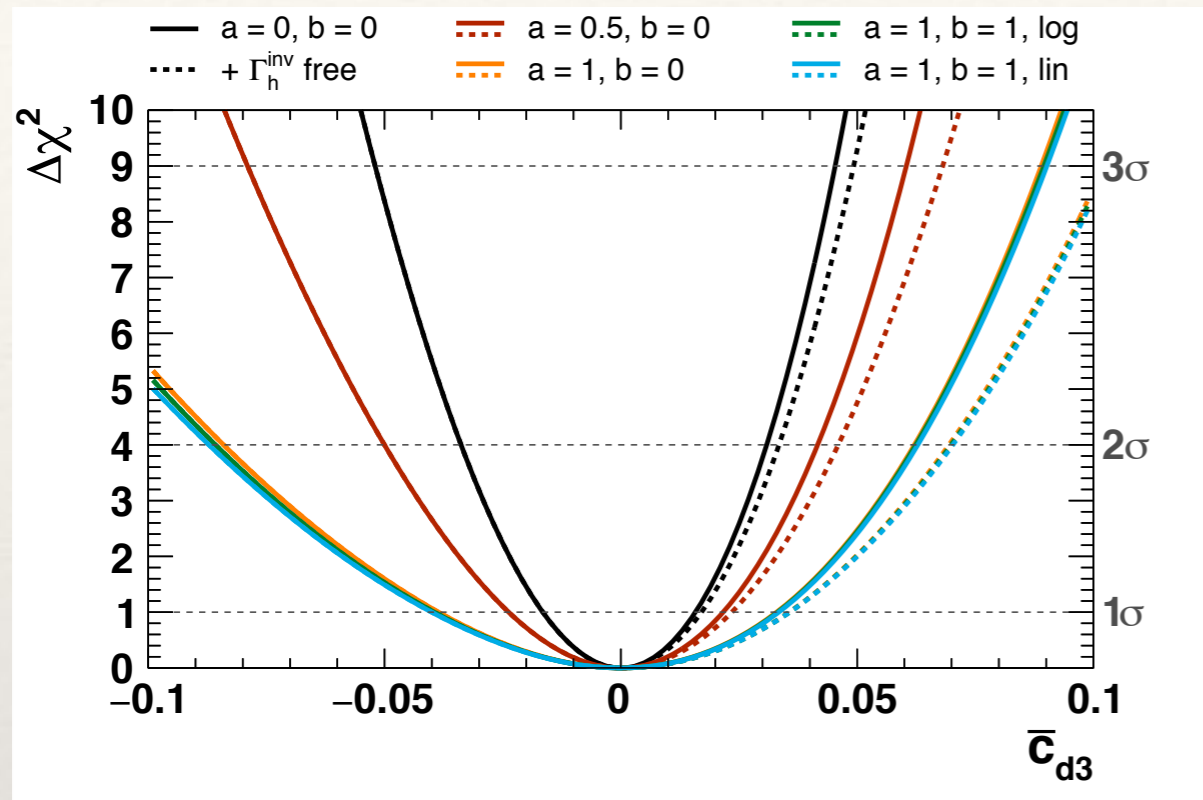
inclusive production
uncertainty

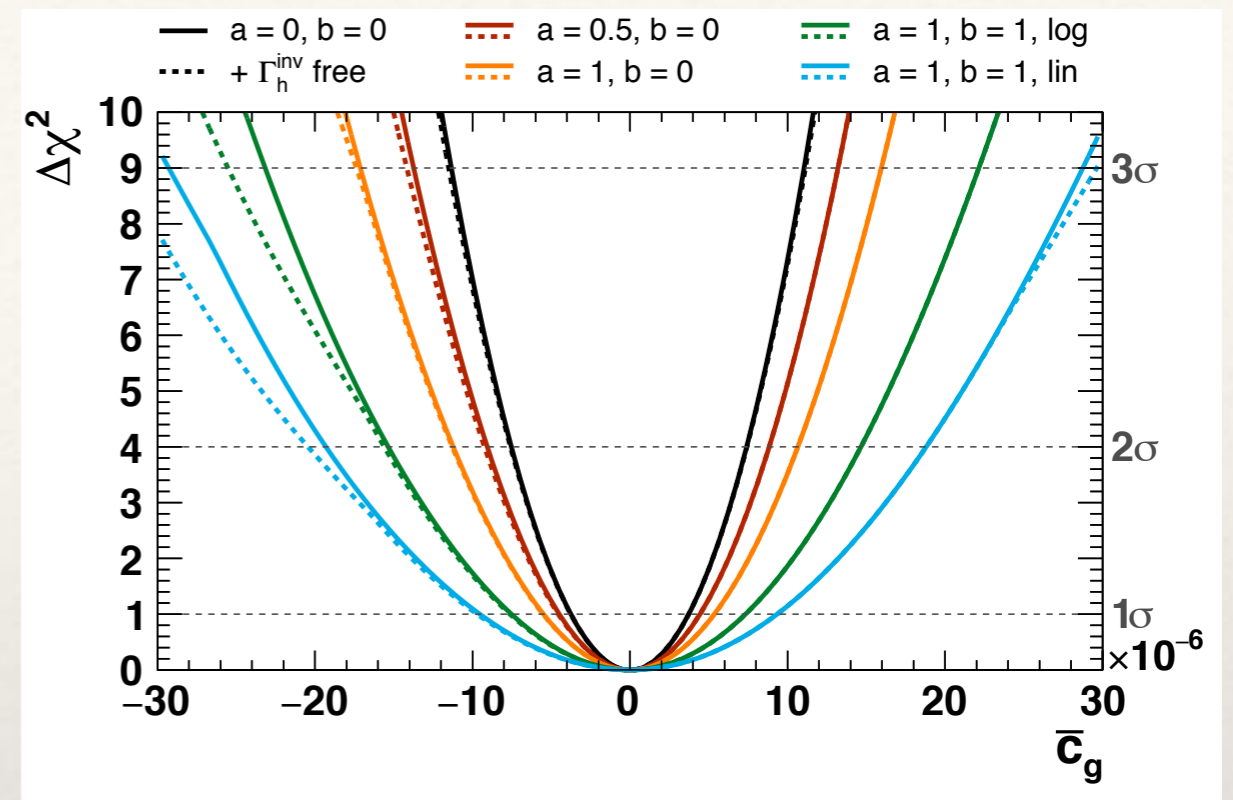
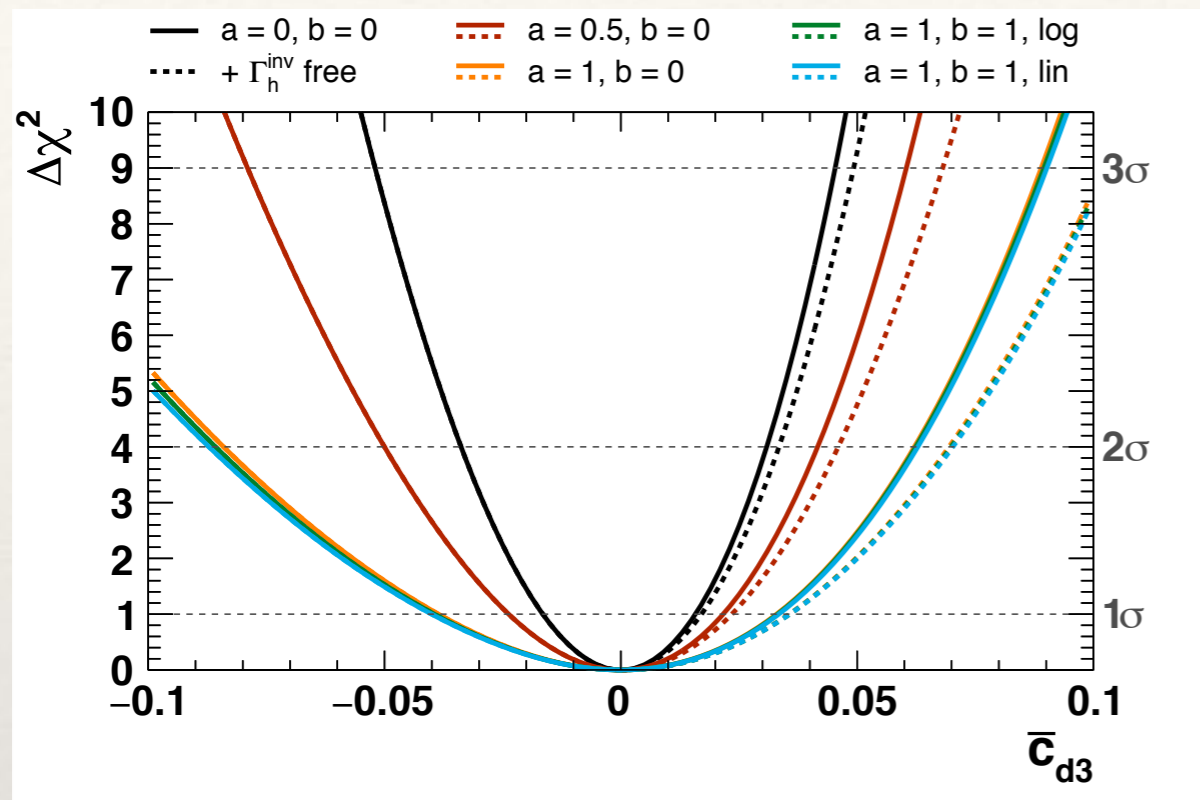
p_T - dependent uncertainty

- here: choose two parameter dependence

$$\delta_{\text{inc}} \sim a \quad \otimes \quad \begin{aligned} \delta(p_T) &\sim b \frac{p_T}{m_h} \\ \delta(p_T) &\sim b \log \left(1 + \frac{p_T}{m_h} \right) \end{aligned}$$

e.g. [Caola, Forte, Marzani, Muselli, Vita `16]



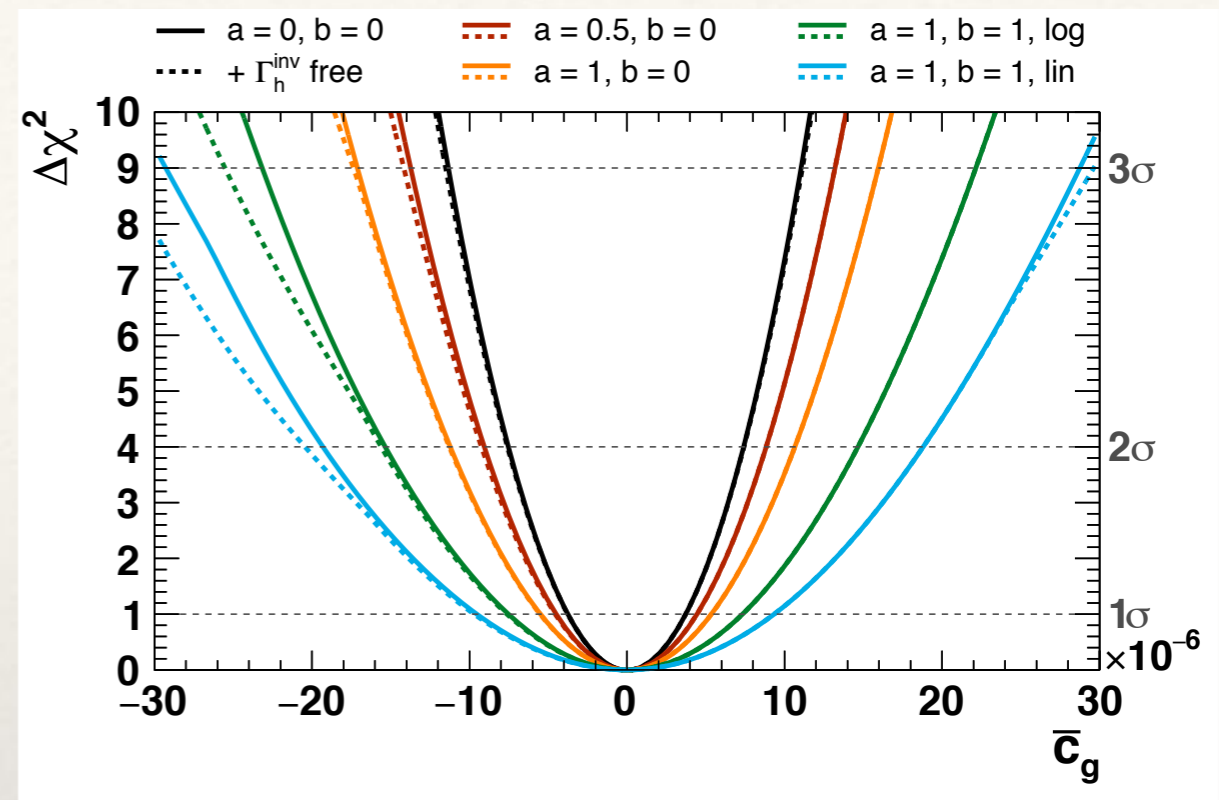
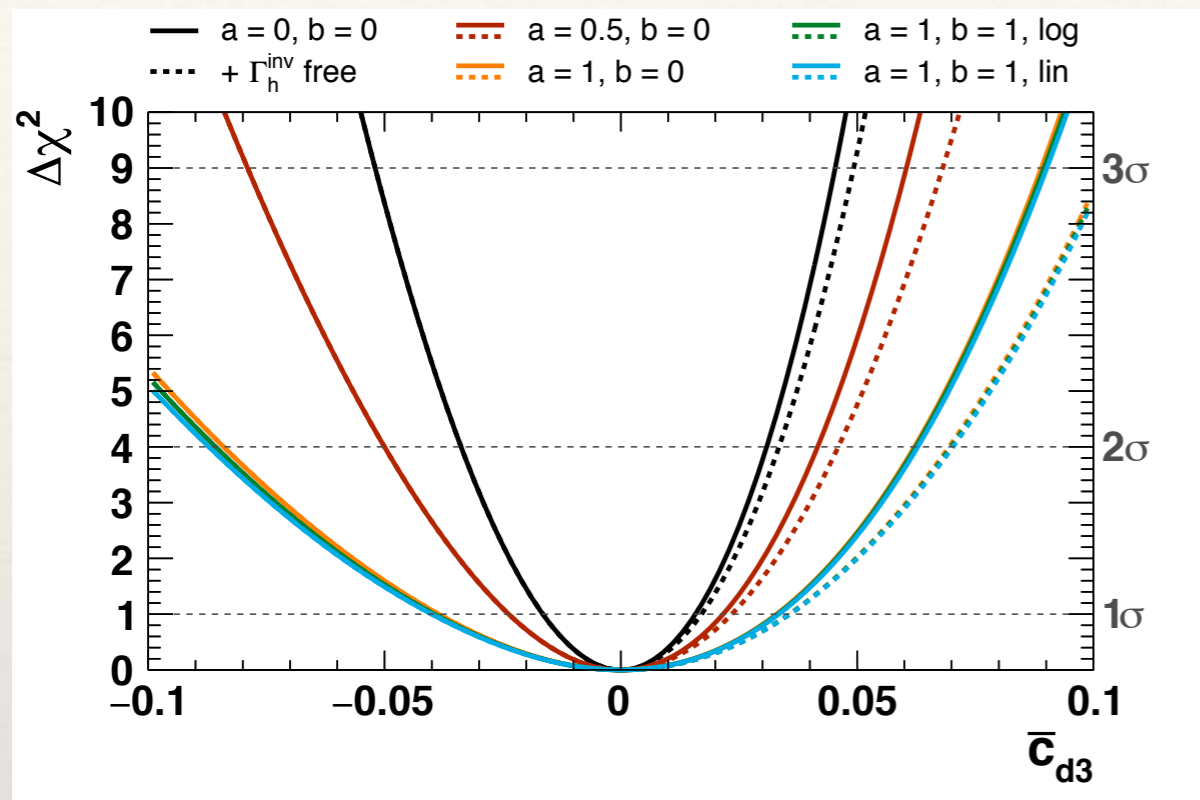


- decay-relevant operators with suppressed production contributions

re-scale distributions

degeneracy
lifted by "tails"

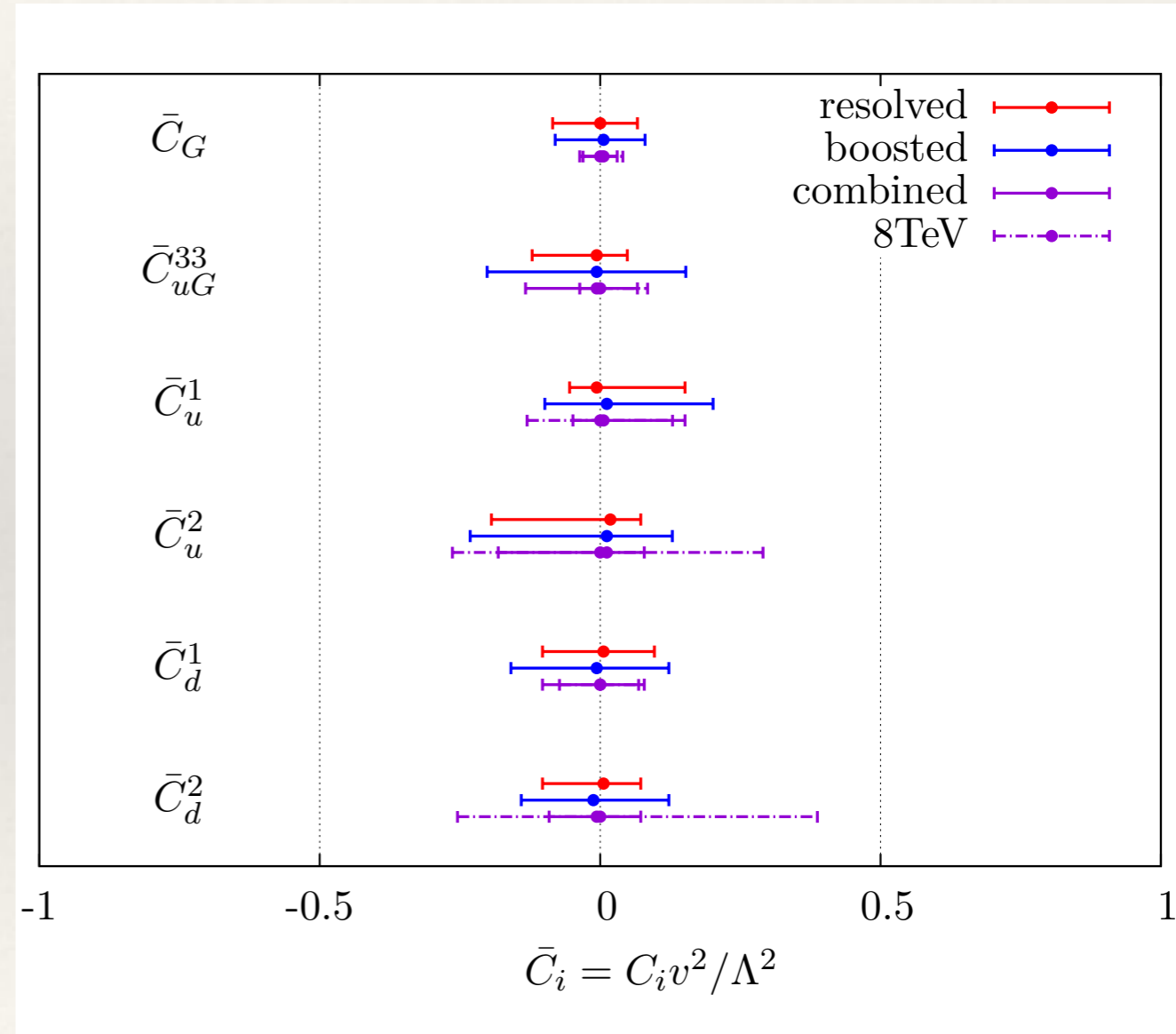
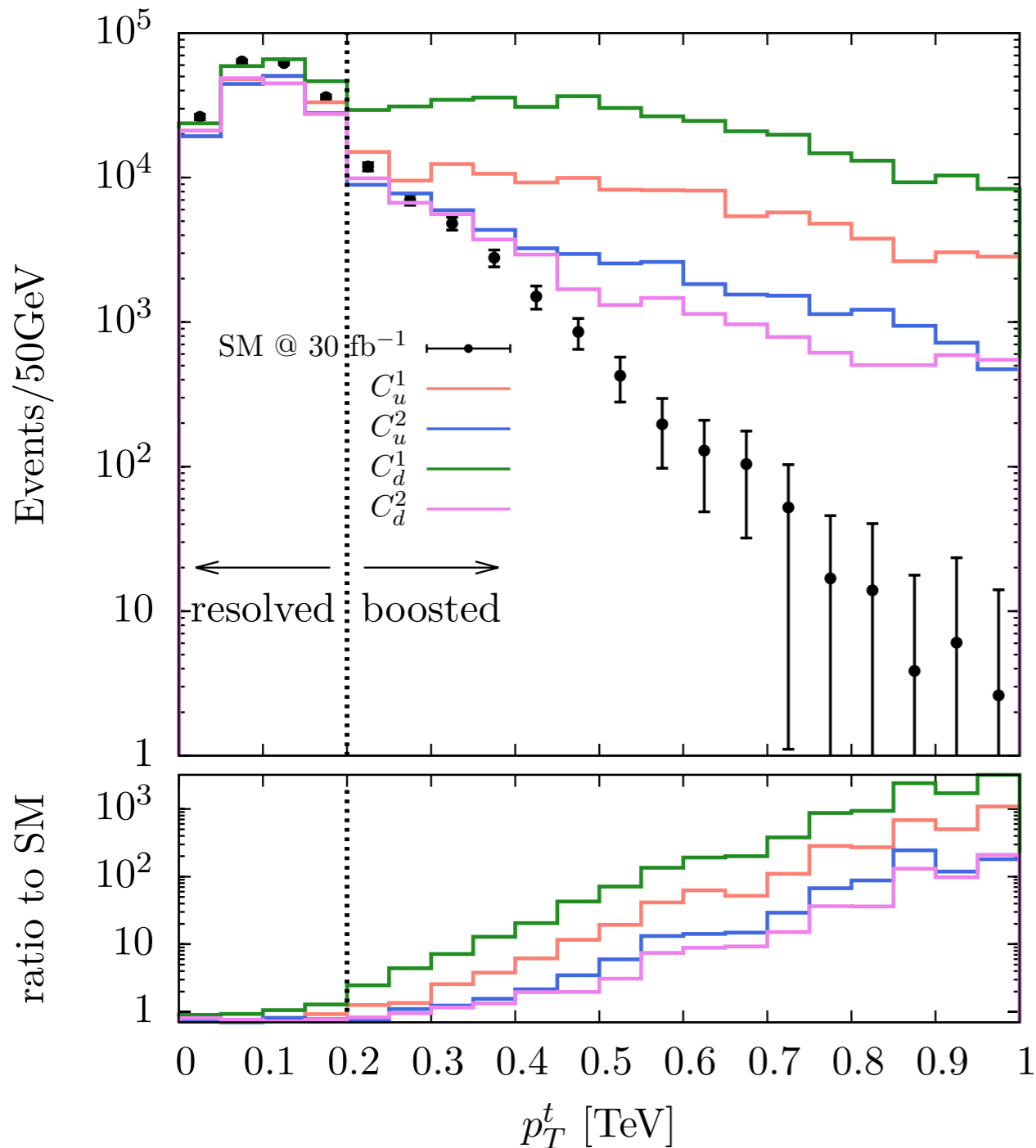
- decay-relevant operators with dominant production contributions



- comparably small impact of tail uncertainties
(lin vs log $\sim 35\%$ different shape uncertainty at 150 GeV p_T)
- **decoupled (non-resonant) new physics perturbatively constrained at low transverse momentum.**

“fit will always pick region where null hypothesis is under good control”

- Is this due to small production cross sections?
No - similar conclusions hold for top sector fits



Fingerprinting the lack of new physics

the SM is flawed

no evidence for
exotics

coupling/scale
separated BSM physics

Effective Field Theory

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}_{\text{SM}} + \sum_i \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i$$

[Buchmüller, Wyler `87]

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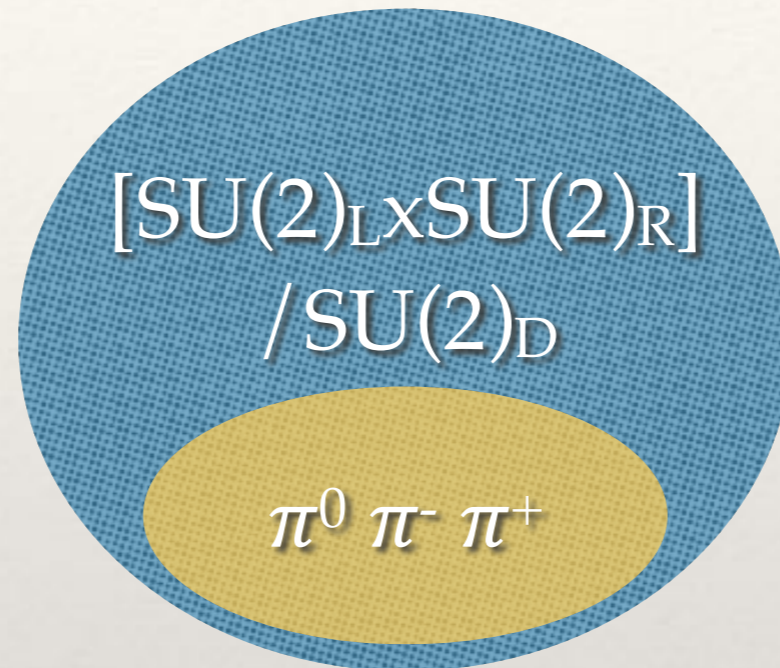
concrete models

- (N)MSSM
 - Higgs portals
 - **compositeness**
 - ...
- + additional dofs

informs

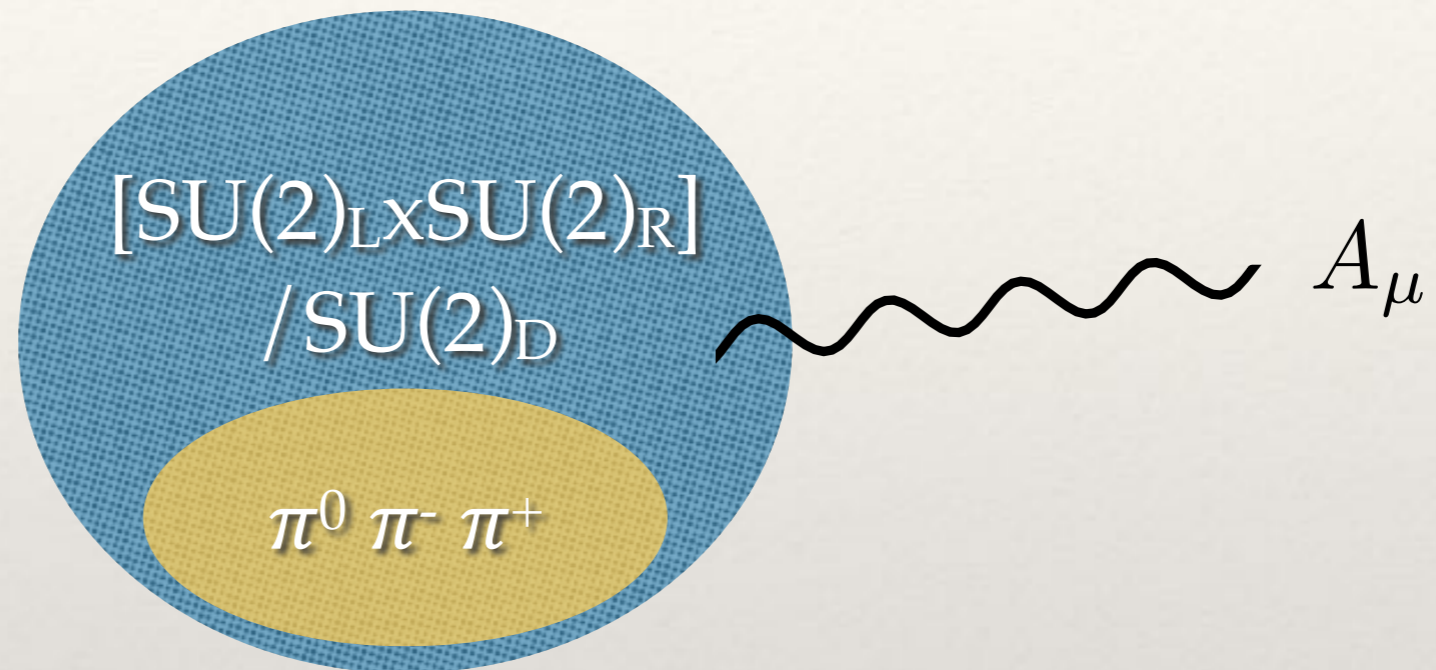
Generic hints of compositeness

- interpret the electroweak scale as a radiative phenomenon, analogous to the pion mass splitting



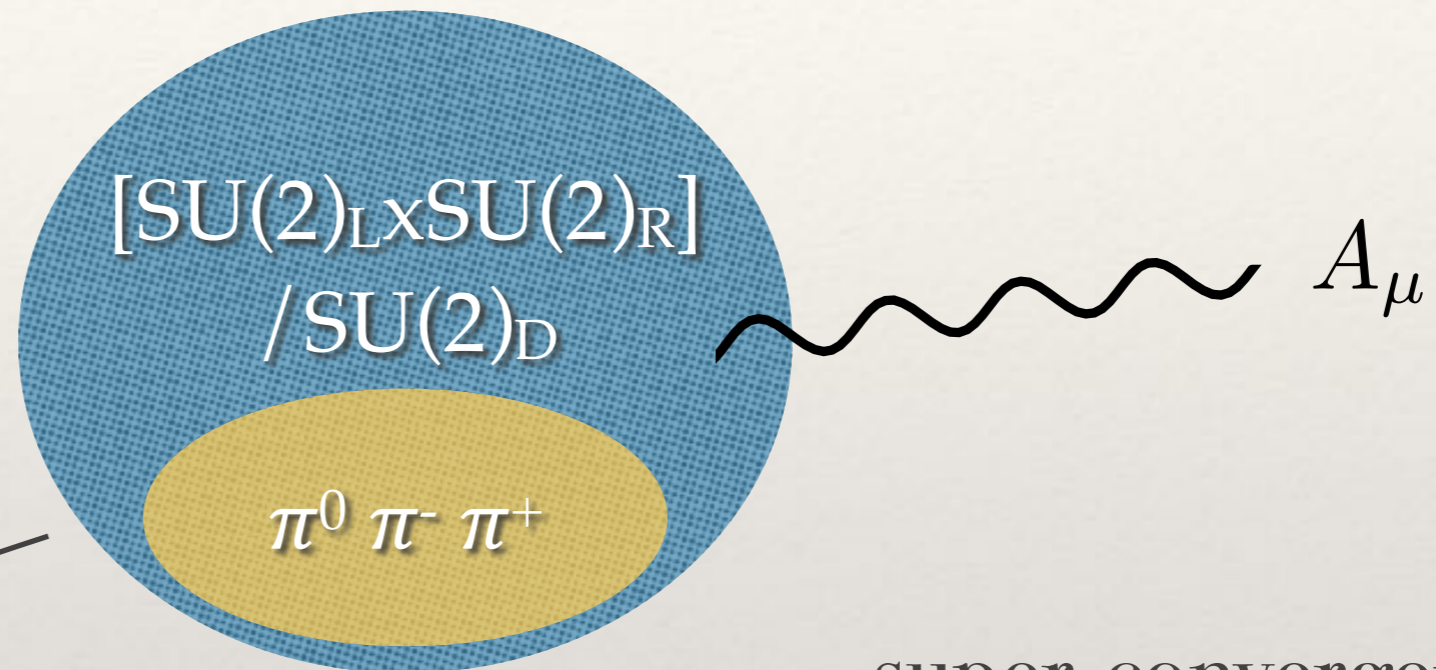
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effective potential

[Coleman, Weinberg '73]...

super-convergent

[Weinberg '67]...

$$V(\pi) \simeq \frac{3}{8\pi^2} \alpha_{em} \frac{\sin^2(\pi/f_\pi)}{\pi^2} (\pi^+ \pi^-) \int_0^\infty dQ^2 \Pi_{LR}(Q^2).$$

$$(m_{\pi^\pm} - m_{\pi_0})|_{\text{TH}} \simeq 5.8 \text{ MeV} \quad \text{vs} \quad (m_{\pi^\pm} - m_{\pi_0})|_{\text{EXP}} \simeq 4.6 \text{ MeV}$$

Generic hints of compositeness

- not straightforward to this adapt to the Higgs case

e.g. [Contino `10]

trigger
ELW symmetry
breaking not just
CW masses

respect global
symmetries in the
Higgs sector

LEP precision
measurements

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- vacuum mis-alignment from $SU(2)_L \times U(1)_Y$ direction requires the presence of heavy fermions

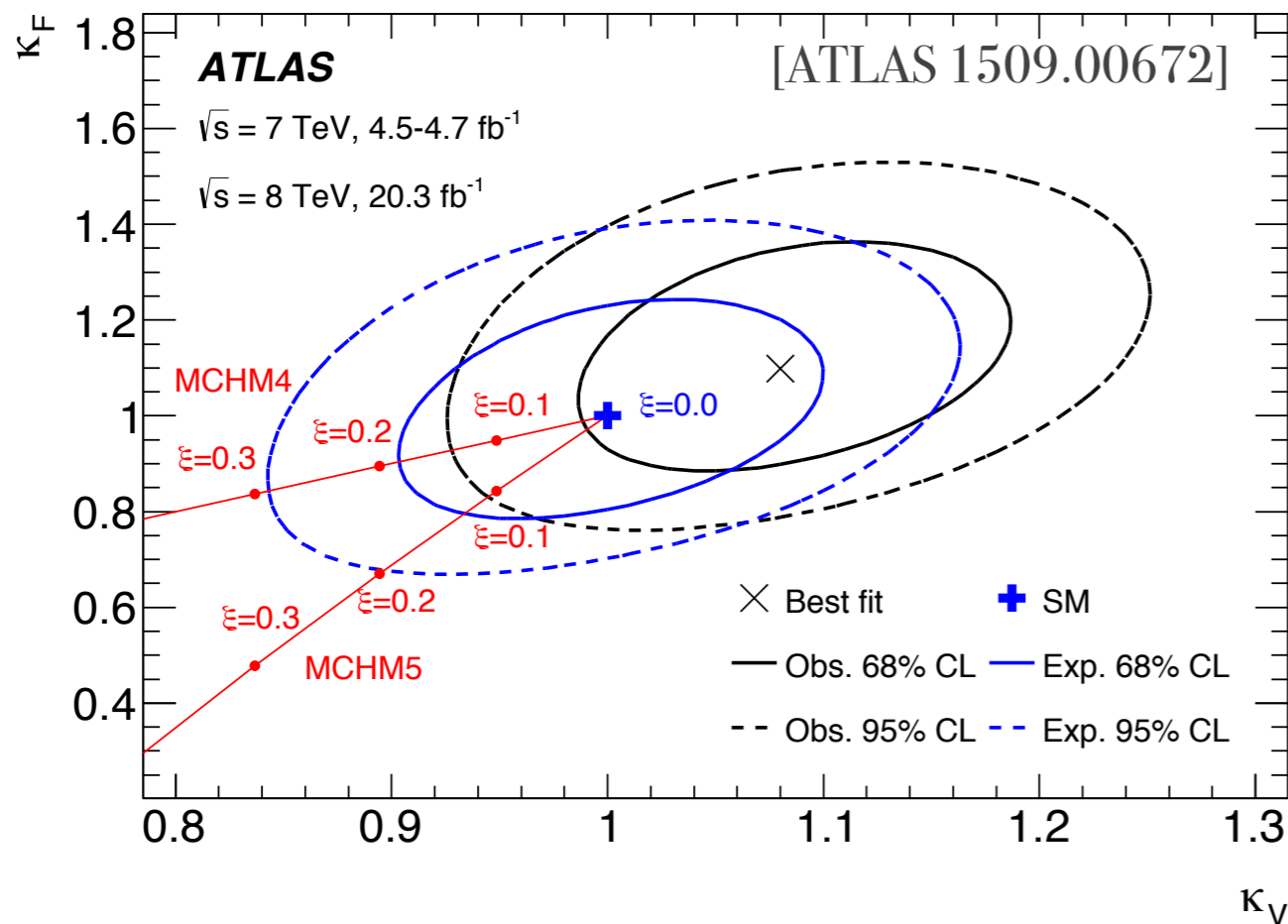
fermions

$$V(h) \simeq \alpha \cos \frac{h}{f} - \beta \sin^2 \frac{h}{f}$$

gauge +
fermions

Generic hints of compositeness

- gauge boson masses through symmetry choices
- fermion masses through mixing with baryonic matter (part. compositeness)
- minimal pheno model $SO(5) \rightarrow SO(4) \simeq SU(2)_L \times SU(2)_R$
- fermions (and hypercolour baryons) in a $4/5$ of $SO(5)$



coupling modifiers

Model	hVV	$hhVV$	$hf\bar{f}$
MCHM4	$\sqrt{1-\xi}$	$1-2\xi$	$\sqrt{1-\xi}$
MCHM5	$\sqrt{1-\xi}$	$1-2\xi$	$\frac{1-2\xi}{\sqrt{1-\xi}}$

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- but

$$\underbrace{SU(4)}_{G_{\text{HC}}} \times \underbrace{SU(5) \times SU(3) \times SU(3)' \times U(1)_X \times U(1)'}_{G_F}$$

[Ferretti '14]

could work with

$$G_F/H_F = \frac{SU(5)}{SO(5)} \times \frac{SU(3) \times SU(3)'}{SU(3)} \times U(1)'$$

[Rabi, Dimopoulos, Susskind '80]

[Preskill, Weinberg '81]

A concrete model of compositeness ?

- model predicts a number of exotics phenomenological implications

$$G_F/H_F = \frac{SU(5)}{SO(5)} \times \frac{SU(3) \times SU(3)'}{SU(3)} \times U(1)'$$

[CE, Schichtel, Spannowsky `17]

doubly
charged, singly
charged and extra
neutral Higgs
bosons

top partners

[Matsedonskyi, Panico, Wulzer `15]

hyperpions

[Belyaev et al. `17]

[CE, Ferretti, Spannowsky. `17]

$$\mathbf{1}_0 + \mathbf{2}_{\pm 1/2} + \mathbf{3}_0 + \mathbf{3}_{\pm 1}$$

similarities with [Georgi, Machacek `85]

- this could be a benchmark for lattice studies - but is it worth it ?

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- this could be a benchmark for lattice studies - but is it worth it?
- i.e. can or will the LHC limit the parameter space?**

[Del Debbio, CE, Zwicky `17]

Low Energy Constants

$$\hat{V}(\hat{h}) = \alpha \cos(2\hat{h}) - \beta \sin^2(2\hat{h})$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{2} \hat{F}_{\text{LL}} - \hat{c}_{\text{LR}}$$
$$\beta = \frac{1}{2} \hat{F}_{\text{EW}} - \frac{1}{4} \hat{F}_{\text{LL}} .$$

SU(2)xSU(2)
correlator

see also [Golterman, Shamir '15, 17]

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Hyperbaryon
4-point correlator

$$F_{\text{LR}} = -(\lambda_1 \lambda_2)^2 \int_{x_{1,2,3}} \langle J_{\bar{L}Ri}(x_1, x_2) J_{\bar{L}Rk}^\dagger(x_3, x_4) \rangle_{i \neq k},$$

$$F_{\text{RR}} = -\lambda_2^4 \times \int_{x_{1,2,3}} \langle J_{\text{RR}i}(x_1, x_2) J_{\text{RR}k}^\dagger(x_3, x_4) \rangle_{i \neq k},$$

$$F_{\text{LL}} = -\lambda_1^4 \times \int_{x_{1,2,3}} \langle J_{\text{LL}i}(x_1, x_2) J_{\text{LL}k}^\dagger(x_3, x_4) \rangle_{i \neq k},$$

$$C_{\text{LR}} = \frac{3}{16\pi^2} \int_0^\infty dq^2 q^2 \Pi_{\text{LR}}^{33}(q^2), \quad \hat{F}_{\text{EW}} \equiv \hat{F}_{\text{LR}} - 2\hat{F}_{\text{RR}}$$

$$J_{\bar{L}Ri}(x_1, x_2) = \bar{t}_L \mathcal{B}_i(x_1) \bar{\mathcal{B}}_i t_R(x_2),$$

$$J_{\text{RR}i}(x_1, x_2) = \bar{\mathcal{B}}_i(x_1) t_R \mathcal{B}_i t_R(x_2),$$

$$J_{\text{LL}i}(x_1, x_2) = \bar{\mathcal{B}}_i(x_1) t_L \bar{\mathcal{B}}_i t_L(x_2).$$

$$\mathcal{B}_{Ria} = -\frac{1}{2} \epsilon^{ABCD} \epsilon_{abc} P_R \psi_{ABi} \chi_{Cb}^T C P_R \chi_{Dc},$$

- first principle lattice calculation not possible with current techniques

but progress is being made e.g. [Ayar, DeGrand `17 & `18]

	G_{HC}	G_{F} [Ferretti `14]				
	$SU(4)$	$SU(5)$	$SU(3)$	$SU(3)'$	$U(1)_X$	$U(1)'$
ψ	6	5	1	1	0	-1
χ	4	1	3	1	-1/3	5/3
$\tilde{\chi}$	$\bar{\mathbf{4}}$	1	1	$\bar{\mathbf{3}}$	1/3	5/3

Low Energy Constants: simplified

$$\hat{V}(\hat{h}) = \alpha \cos(2\hat{h}) - \beta \sin^2(2\hat{h})$$

$$\alpha + 2\beta = \hat{F}_{EW} - \hat{c}_{LR} > 0.$$

for EWSB

$$\hat{V}(\hat{h}) = 4\beta(\sin^2(\hat{h}) - \xi)^2,$$

$$\xi \equiv \frac{v^2}{f^2} = \sin^2(\langle \hat{h} \rangle) = \frac{\alpha + 2\beta}{4\beta}.$$

Higgs coupling
modifier

e.g.

$$g_{VVh} = \sqrt{1 - \xi} g_{VVh}^{\text{SM}}$$

- EWSB for $\alpha + 2\beta > 0$. Then

$$\hat{m}_h^2 = \hat{V}''(\langle \hat{h} \rangle) = 32\beta\xi(1 - \xi) = 8\beta - 2\alpha^2/\beta$$

$$\alpha = \frac{1}{2} \hat{F}_{LL} - \hat{c}_{LR}$$

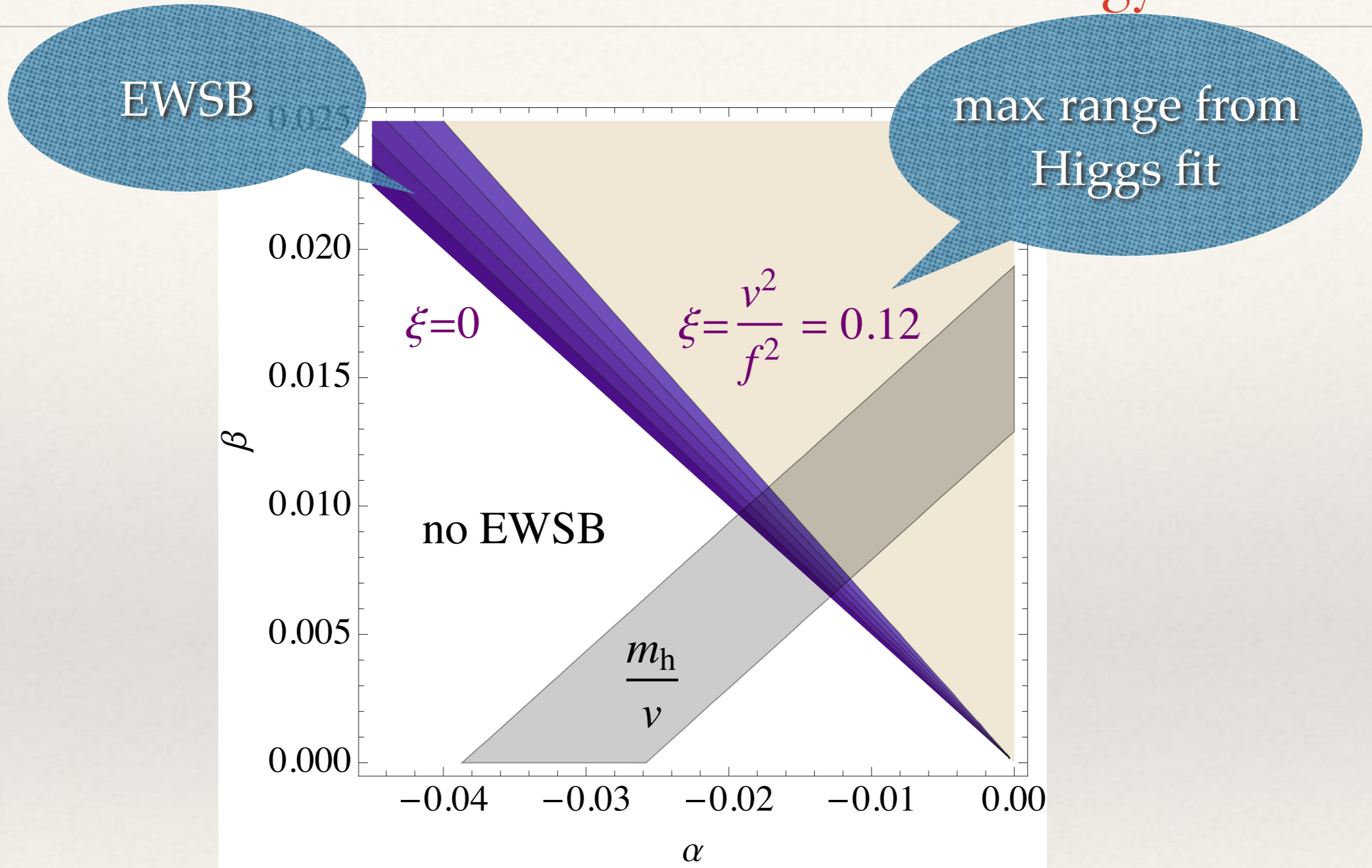
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Hyperbaryon
4-point correlator

see also [Golterman, Shamir '15, 17]

Low Energy Constants



$$\frac{m_h^2}{v^2} = 32\beta(1 - \xi) = 8(2\beta - \alpha)$$

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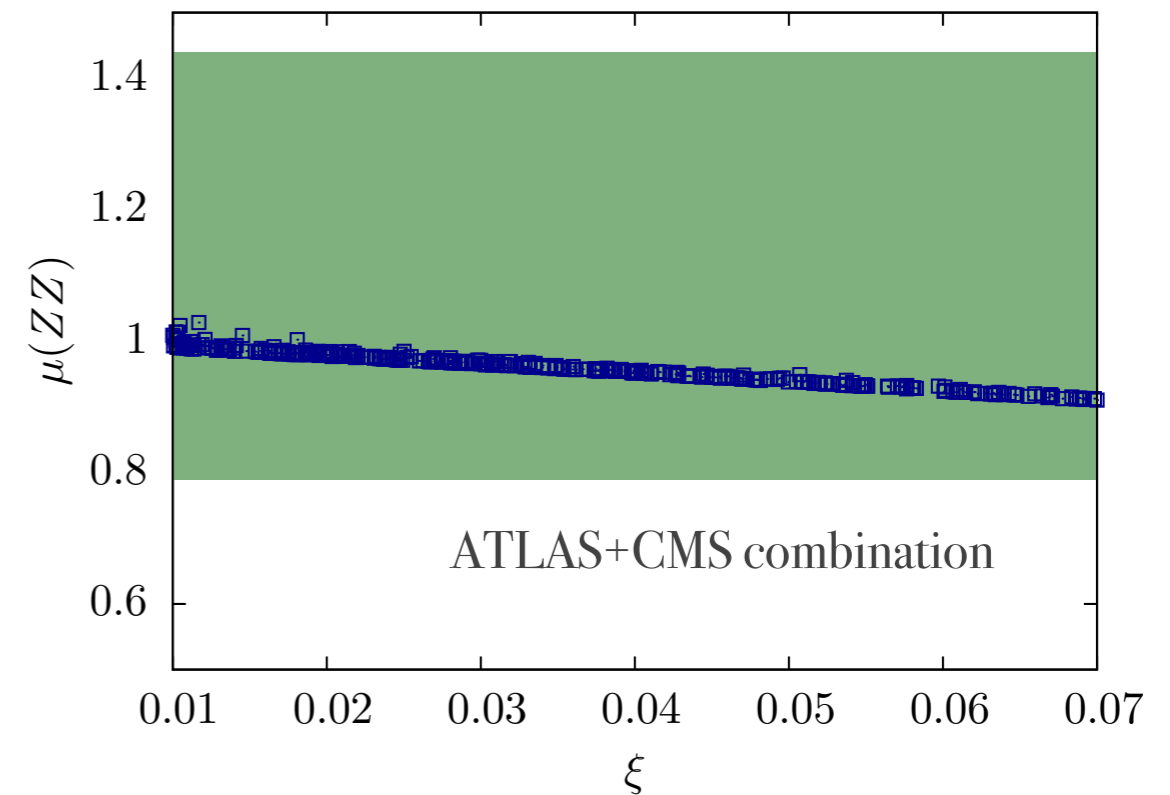
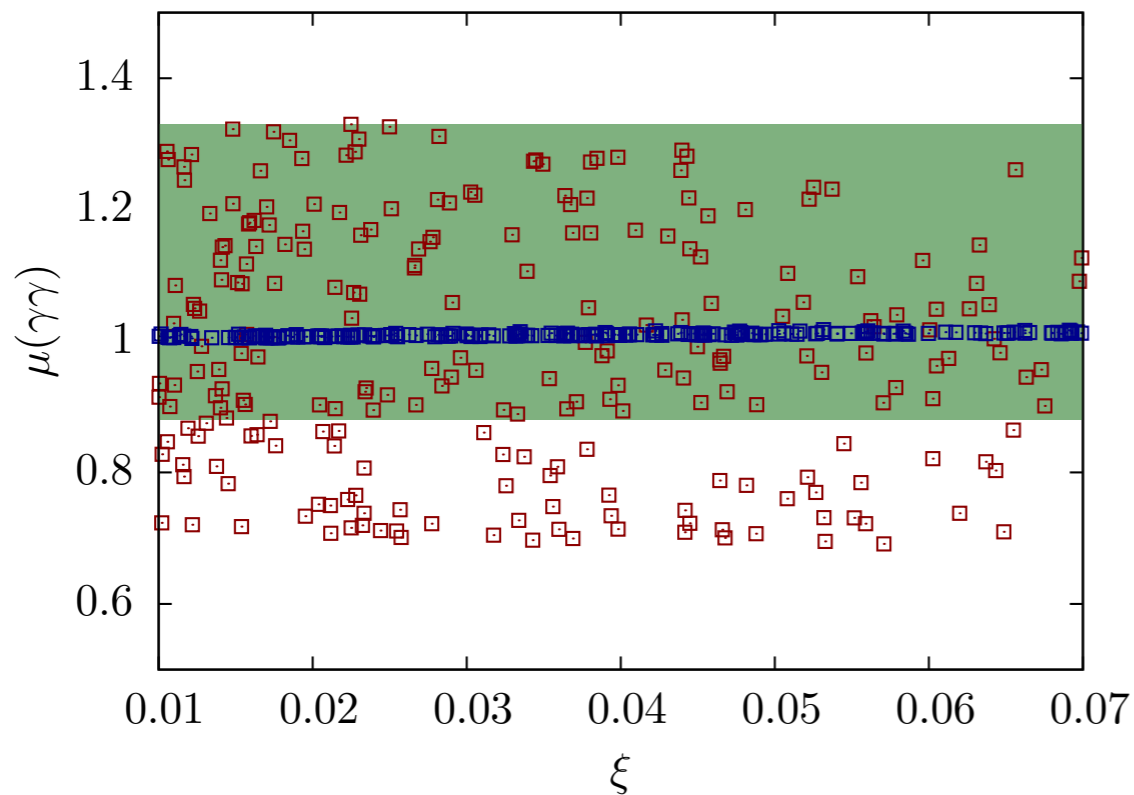
similarities with [Georgi, Machacek `85]

- top partner constraints
- compatibility with exotics searches
- compatibility with Higgs signal strength measurements

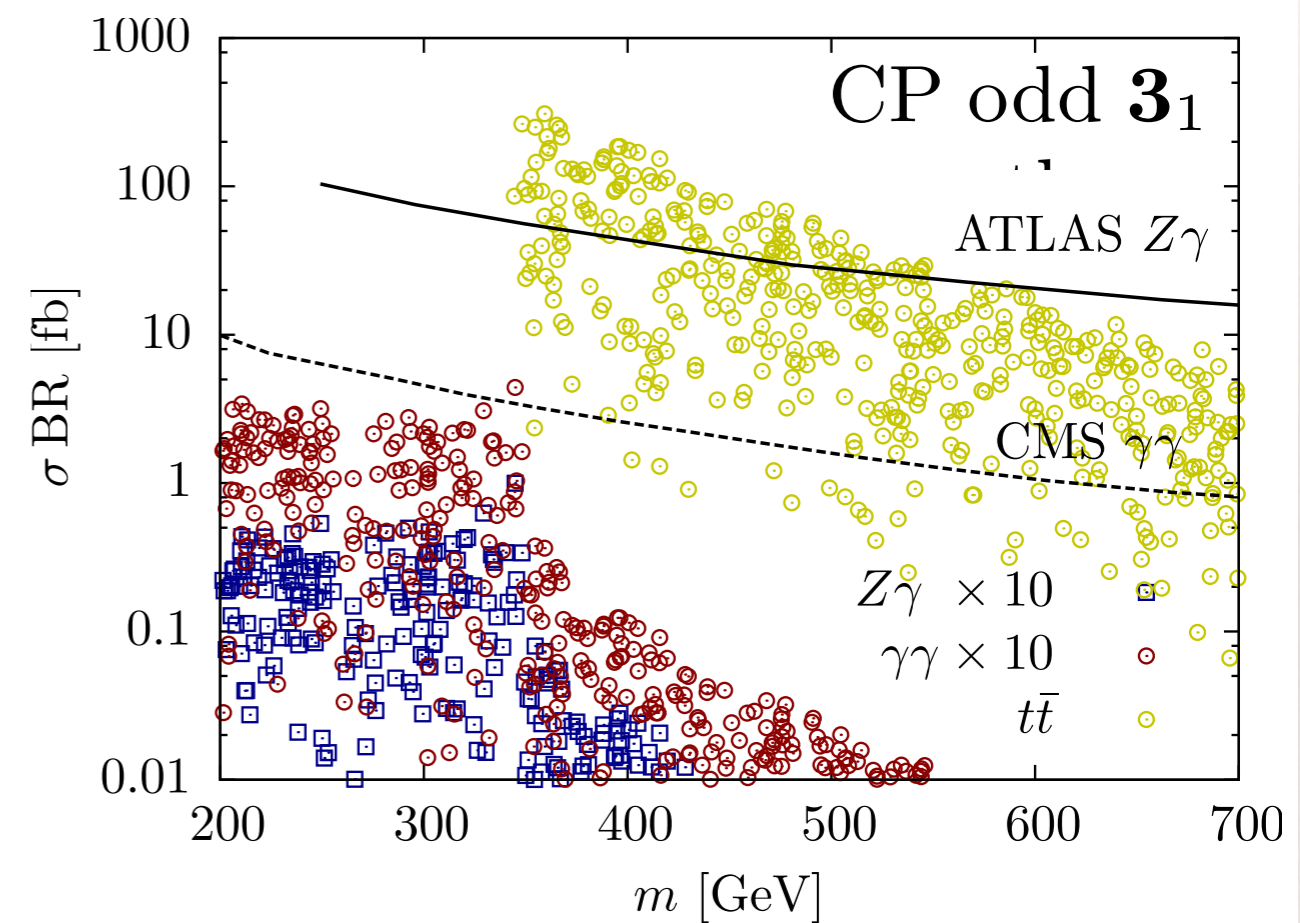
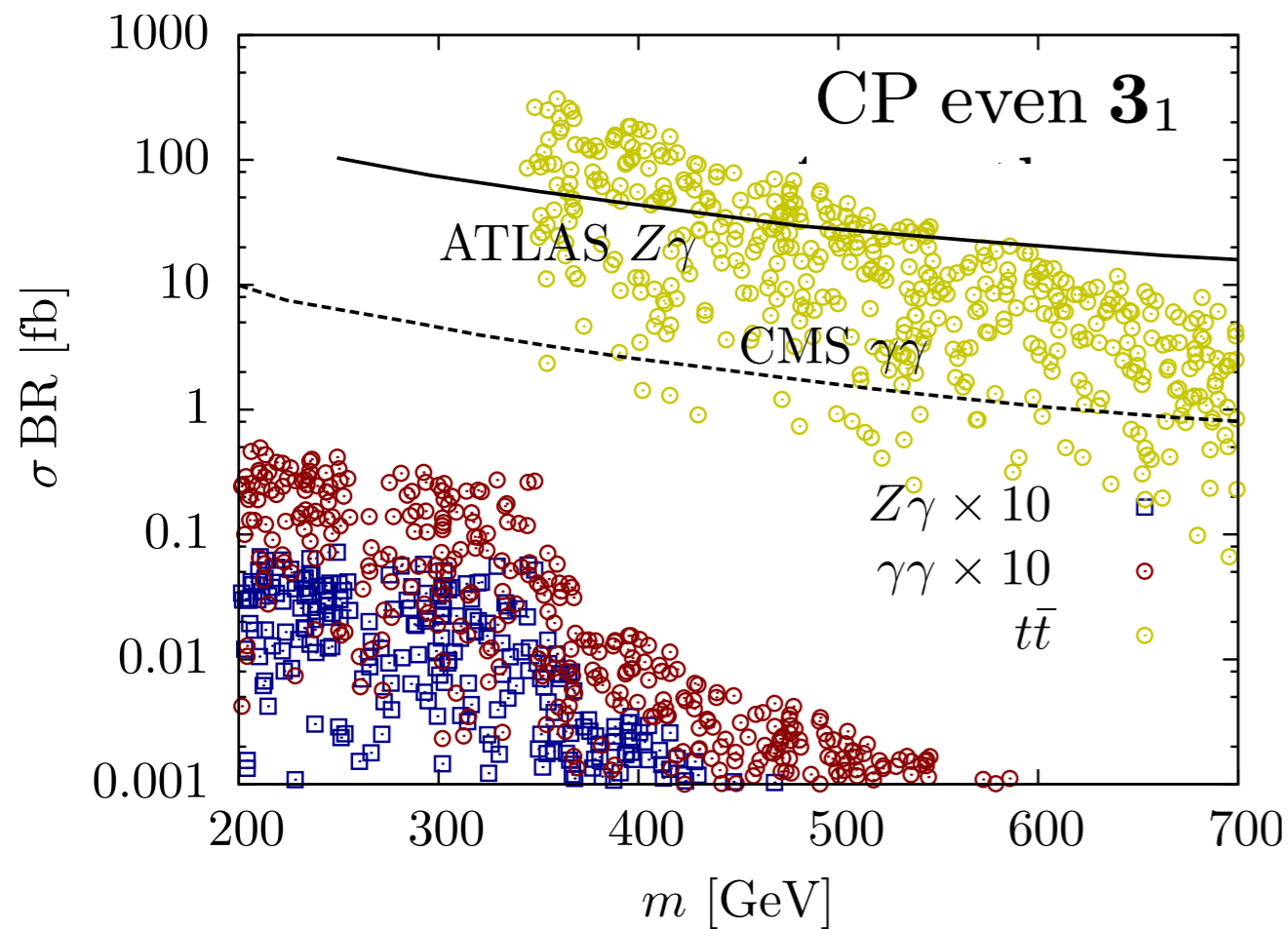
- no constraints from charged Higgs searches
- doubly charged Higgs bosons produced via Drell Yan might be accessible at the LHC in the future

[CE, Schichtel, Spannowsky `16]

- no constraints from charged Higgs searches
- doubly charged Higgs bosons produced via Drell Yan might be accessible at the LHC in the future
- Higgs signal strength - no news here either



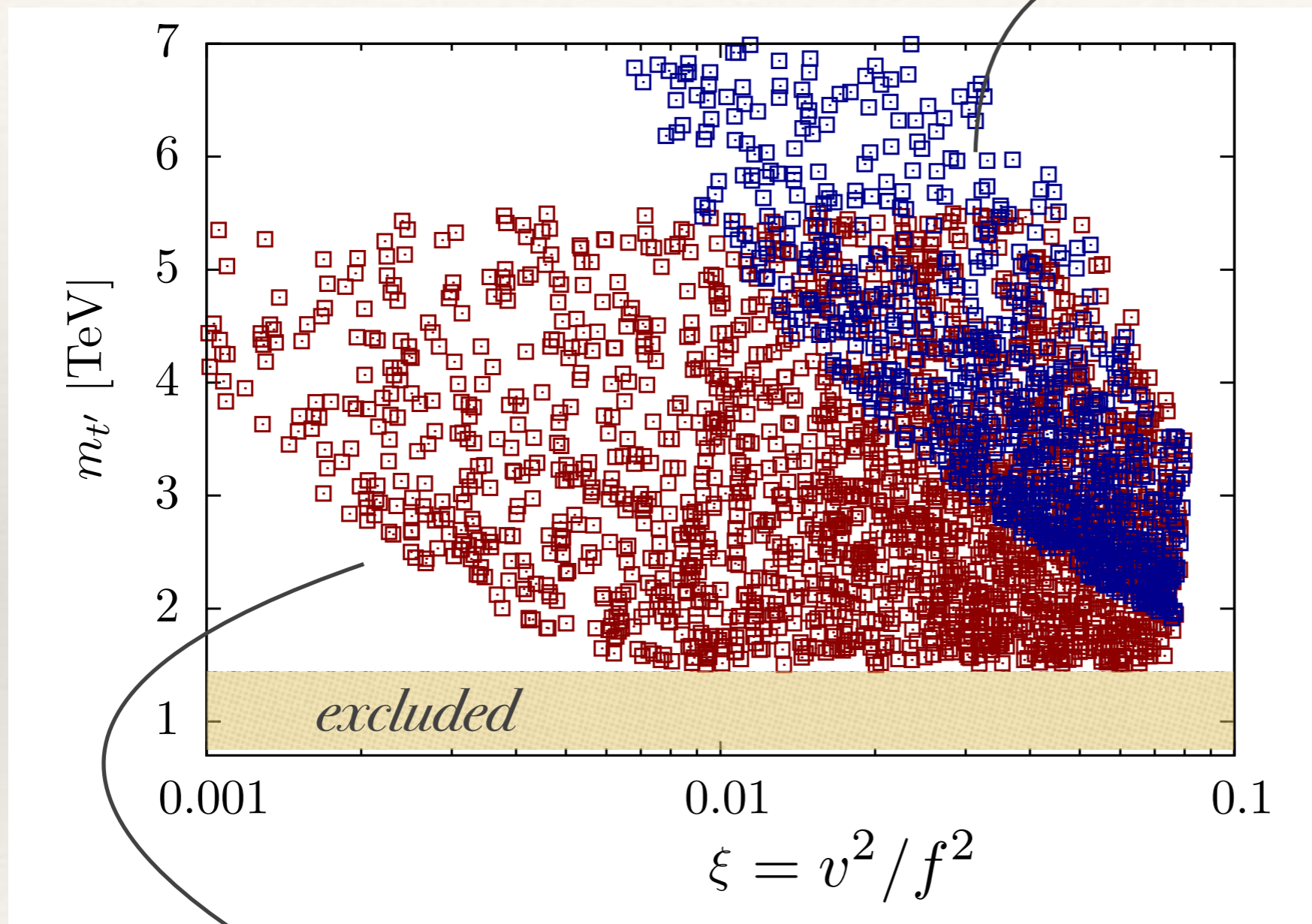
- searches for extra scalar / pseudoscalar Higgs bosons with couplings to top quarks



- extra scalars with net bottom coupling avoid experimental detection

Top partner predictions

mock lattice
measurement of
 $\frac{\text{baryon mass}}{\text{decay constant}}$



top partners
democratic

**Lattice input crucial to pin down the
very character of a concrete scenario!**

- EFT is a promising avenue to interface LHC measurements and (some) UV interpretations
 - get low energy correlations right
 - hone sensitivity through differential techniques consistently
- however, current analyses not sensitive enough to provide a clear picture, but...

higher statistics (= smaller systematics)!

differential cross sections !

high momentum transfer final states !

direct evidence for exotics ?!