

Activities of LHCb group



Nicola Neri
on behalf of the Milano LHCb group

INFN - Sezione di Milano

9 July 2018 - Milano

Outline

- ▶ LHCb experiment

- Physics results
- LHCb upgrade



- ▶ SELDOM ERC project

- Physics motivations
- Project description



- ▶ Timespot (in backup)

- R&D for fast timing pixel detector [Call CSN5]

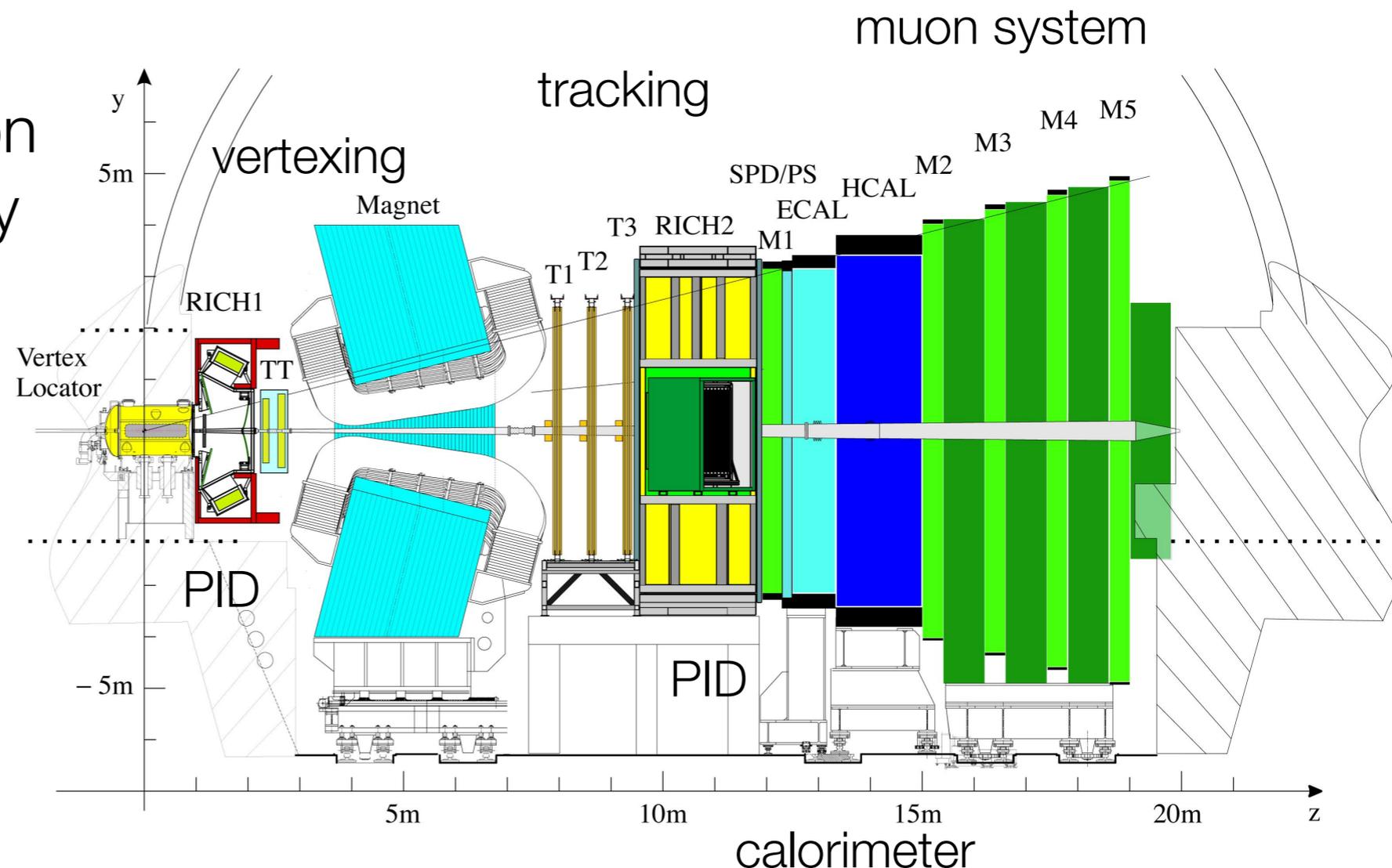


LHCb experiment

LHCb is a dedicated experiment for the study of flavour physics at LHC

Search for new physics phenomena via precision measurements of theory clean observables

LHCb single arm magnetic spectrometer
Dipole magnetic field $\int B \cdot dl = 3.73 \text{ T}\cdot\text{m}$, perpendicular to beam axis



LHCb physics program

CKM and CP
violation

$\sin 2\beta$, γ , ϕ_s , $|V_{ub}/V_{cb}|$, CPV in B^0 , B_s^0 , D^0 , b-baryons, ...

Rare decays

$B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$, $b \rightarrow s \mu^+ \mu^-$, $b \rightarrow s e^+ e^-$,
 $\Sigma^+ \rightarrow p \mu^+ \mu^-$, ...

Spectroscopy

Tetraquarks, Pentaquarks, Ξ_{cc}^{++} ,
 Ω_c^* , Ξ_b^{*-} , ...

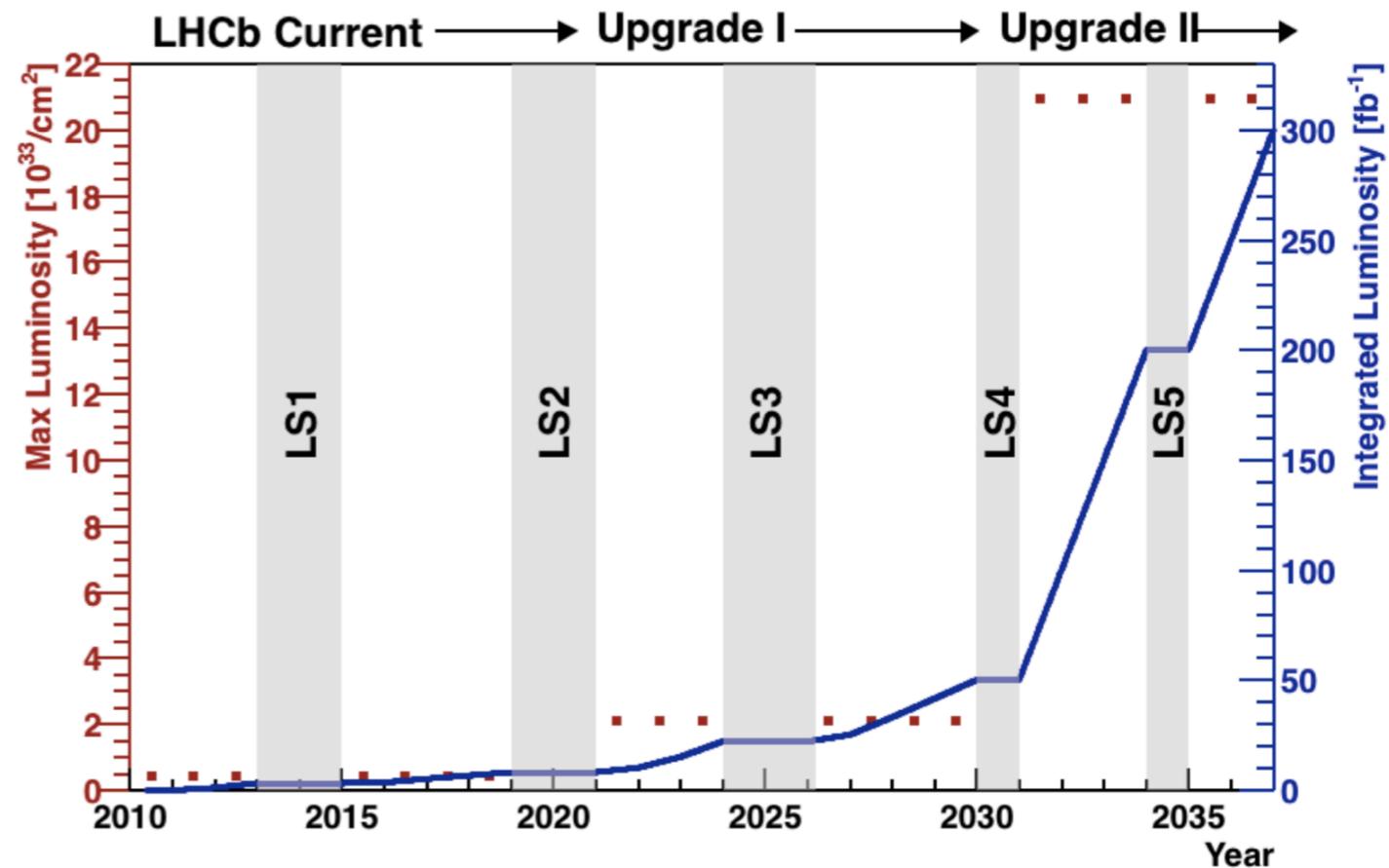
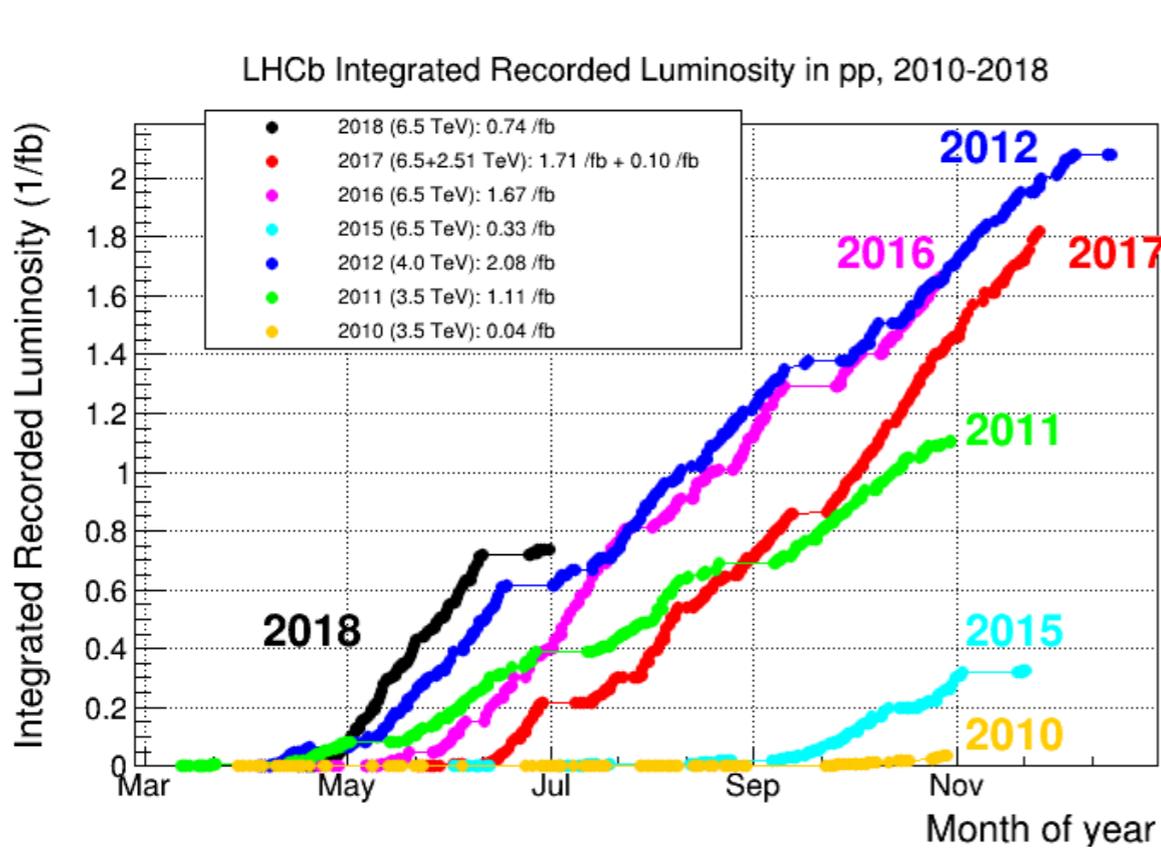
Electroweak
QCD, Exotica

Z^0 , W^+ , top, $H \rightarrow c\bar{c}$, Dark
photons, Long-lived particles, ..

Ion, Fixed-
target

Heavy ions, p-Gas, nuclear
effects, ...

LHCb data sample and plans

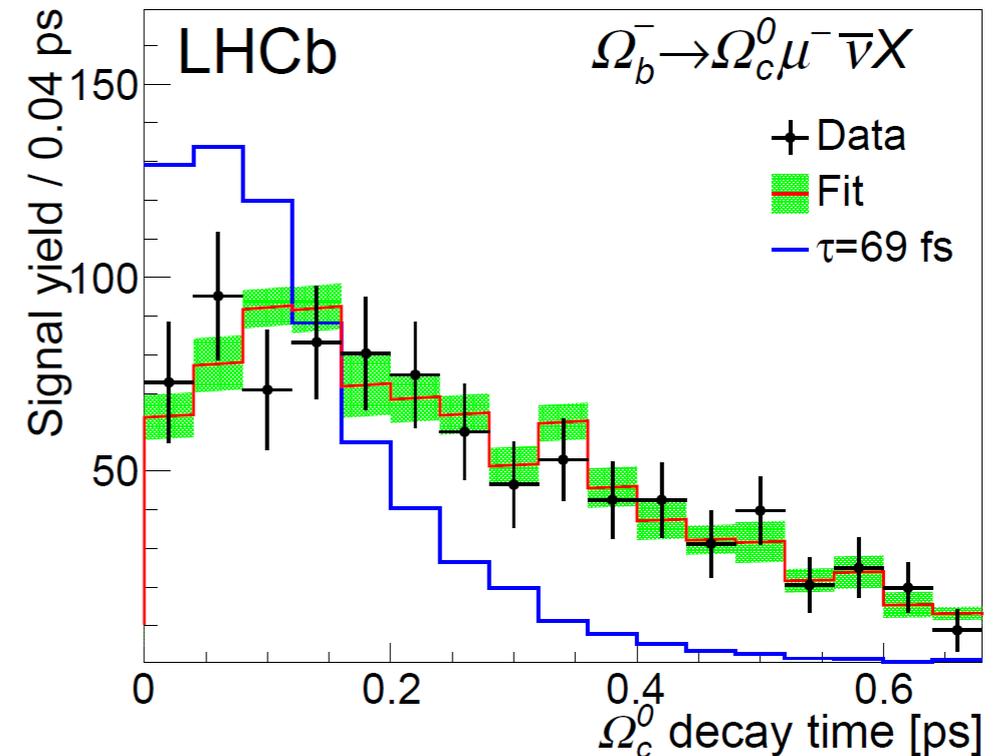
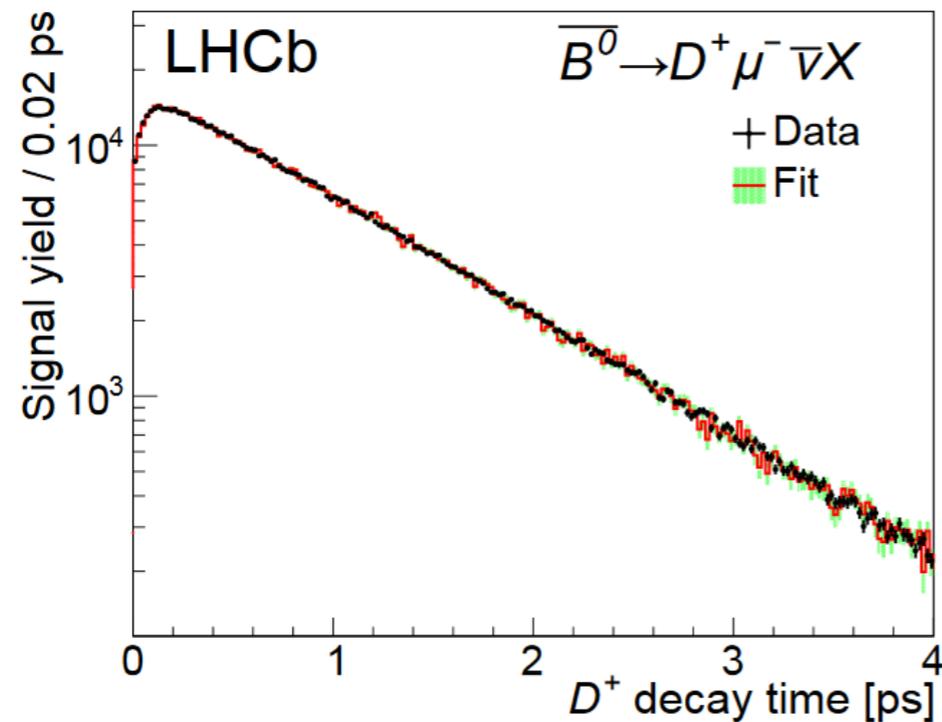


- ▶ Collecting $>8 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ in Run2 (2018). **Major detector upgrade during LS2** (Upgrade I- 2020). Aim at 50 fb^{-1} before 2030
- ▶ First detector improvements in PID, tracking, and ECAL during LS3 (Upgrade 1b - 2025)
- ▶ Major detector upgrade during LS4 (Upgrade II - 2030). Aim at $>300 \text{ fb}^{-1}$ after 2030 -

Recent results

Puzzling measurement of Ω_c^0 baryon lifetime

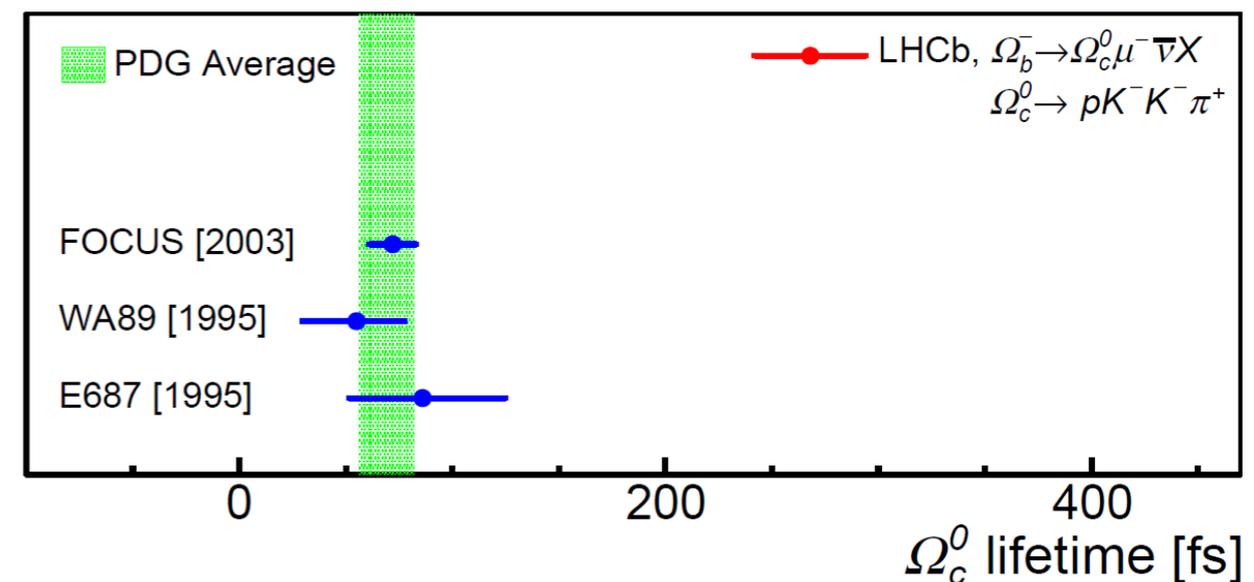
arXiv:1807.02024



Measurement relative to D^+ lifetime

$$\tau_{\Omega_c^0} = 268 \pm 24 \pm 10 \pm 2 \text{ fs}$$

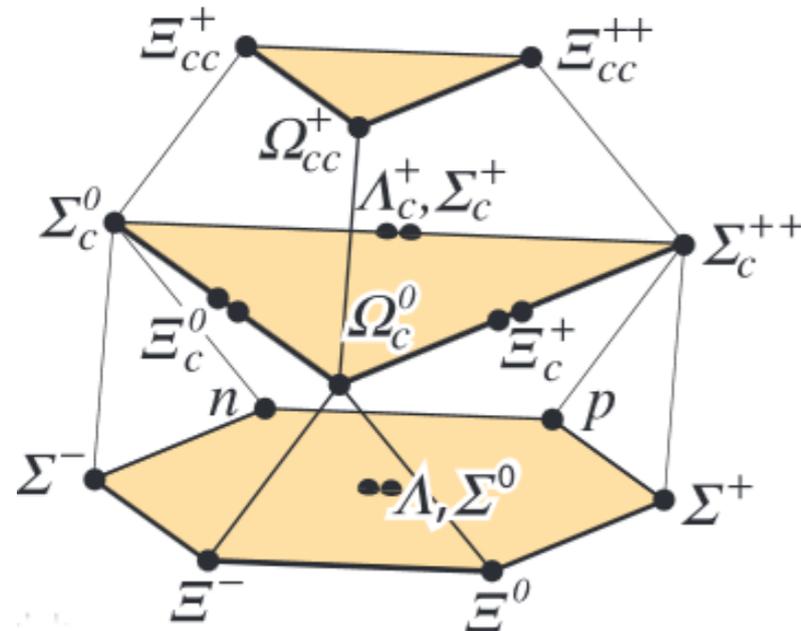
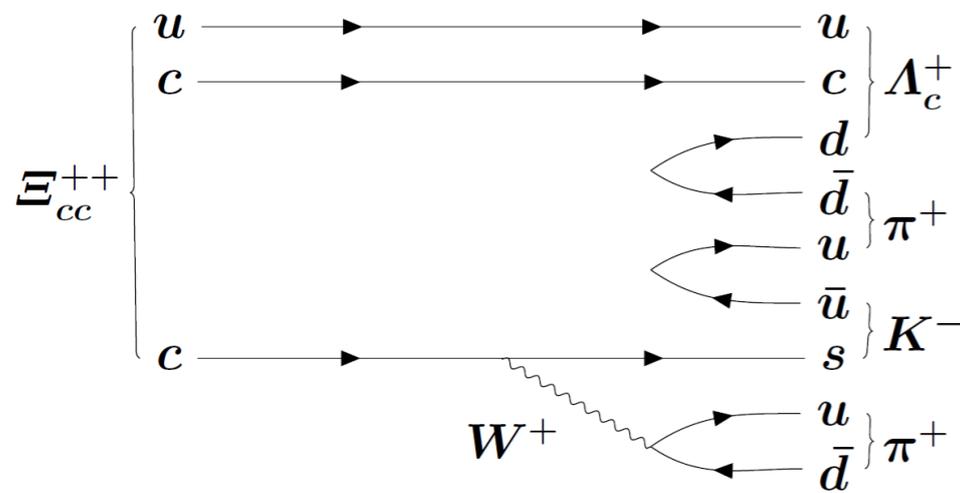
Inconsistent with previous fixed-target experiments (4 times higher)



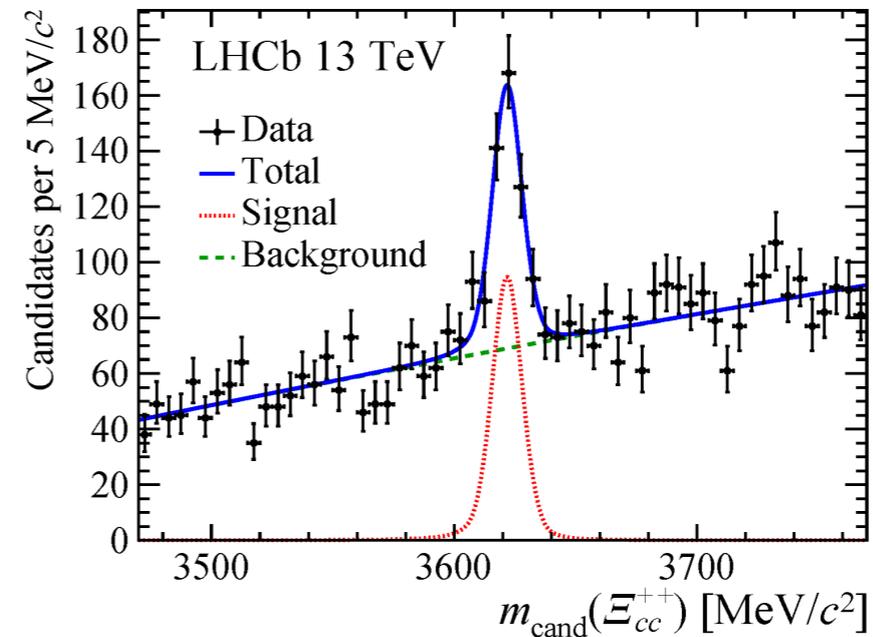
Observation of exceptionally charming particle

First observation of doubly charmed particle Ξ_{cc}^{++}

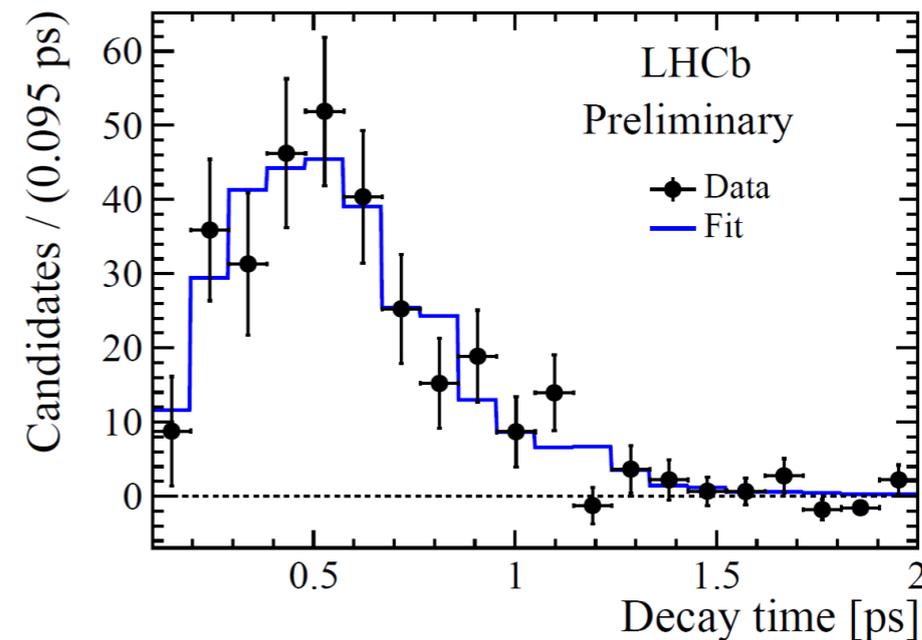
Phys. Rev. Lett. 119, 112001 (2017)



$$[m(\Xi_{cc}^{++}) = 3621.40 \pm 0.72 \pm 0.27 \pm 0.14 \text{ MeV}/c^2]$$



$$[\tau(\Xi_{cc}^{++}) = 0.256^{+0.024}_{-0.022} \pm 0.014 \text{ ps}] \quad \text{arXiv:1806.02744}$$



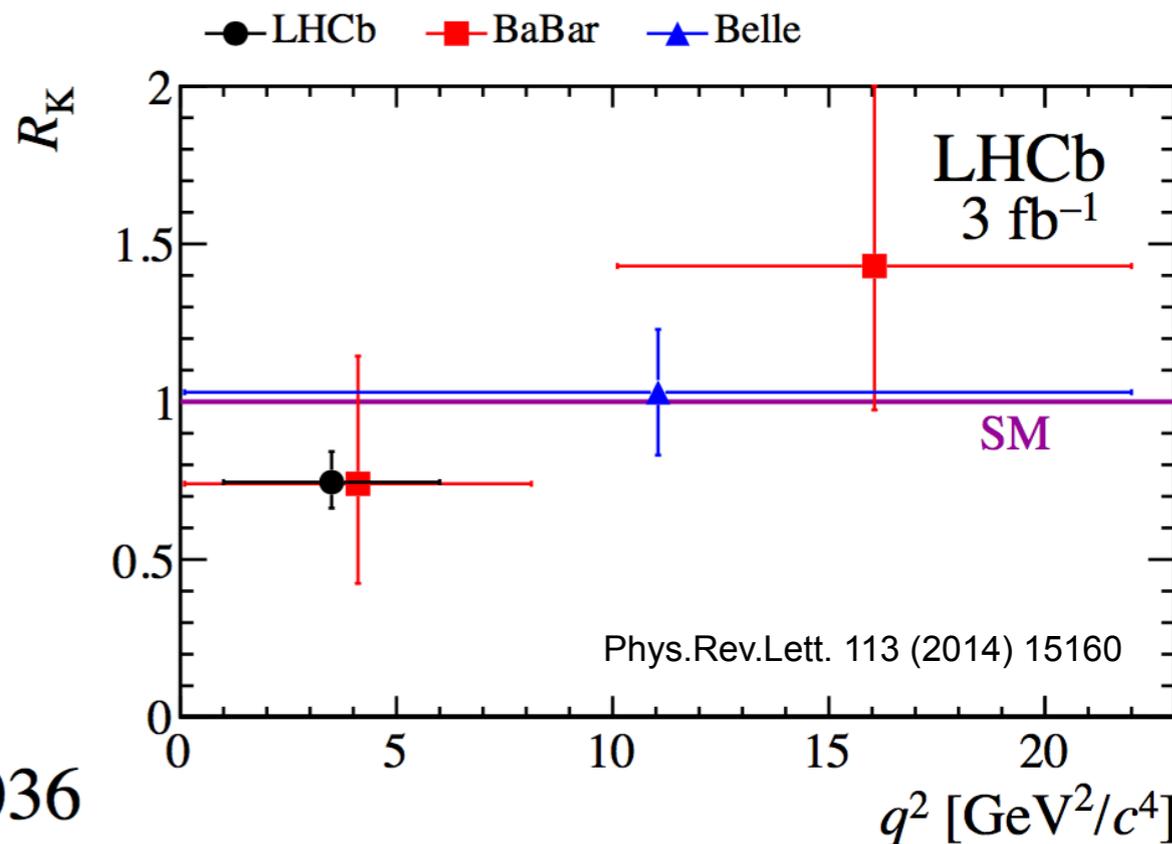
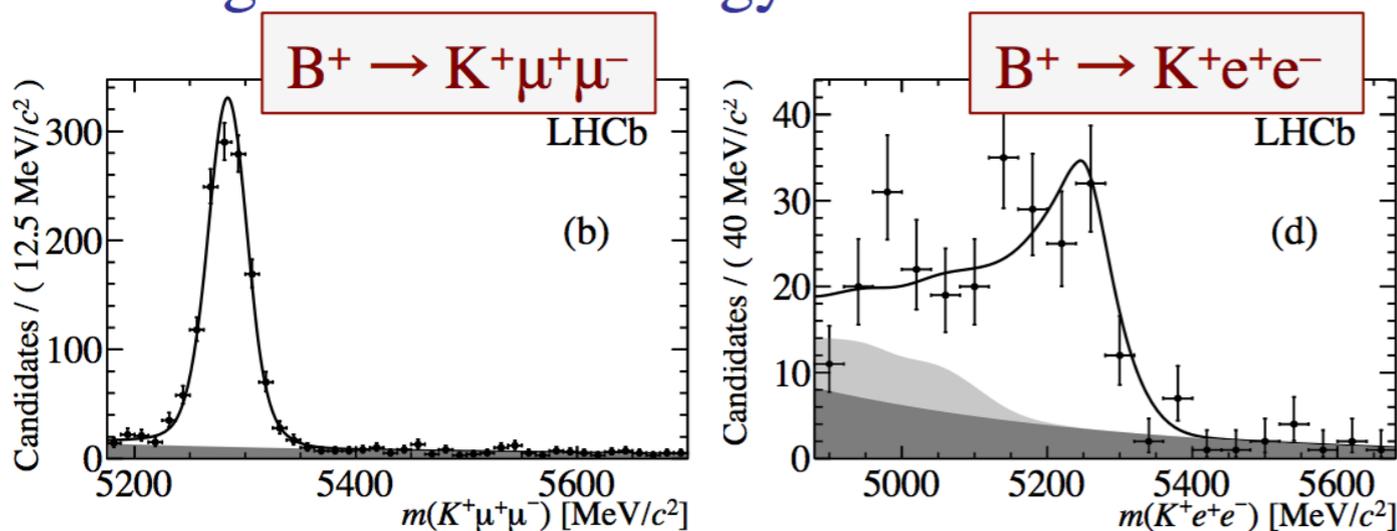
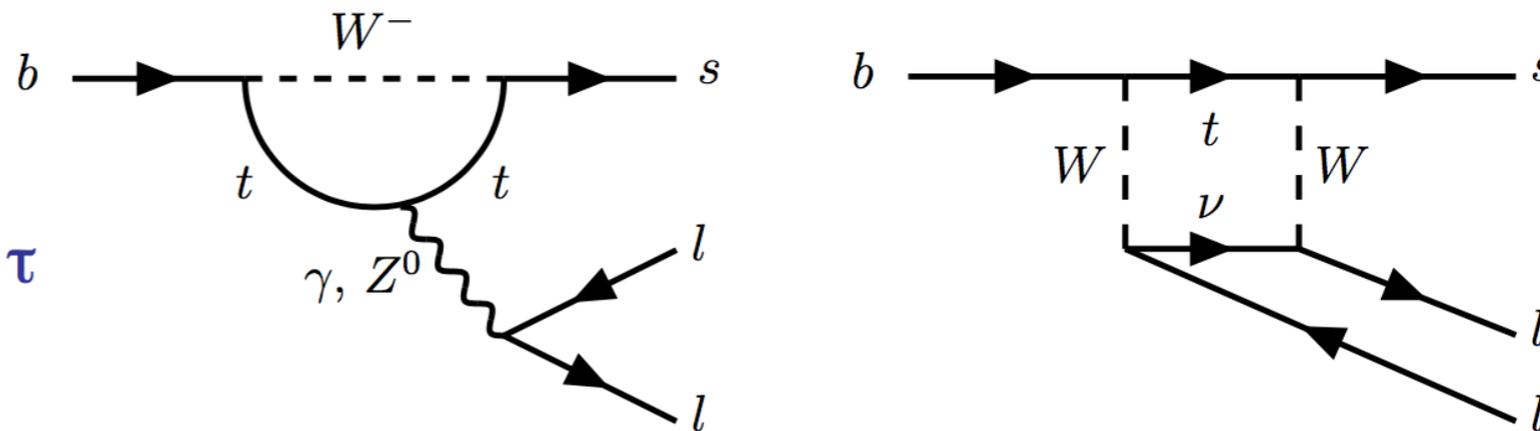
$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \ell^+ \ell^-$ and lepton universality

Lepton Flavour Universality (LFU) in the SM:

— same EW couplings for $\ell = e, \mu, \tau$

LHCb:

— electron reconstruction challenging, huge tail due to energy loss



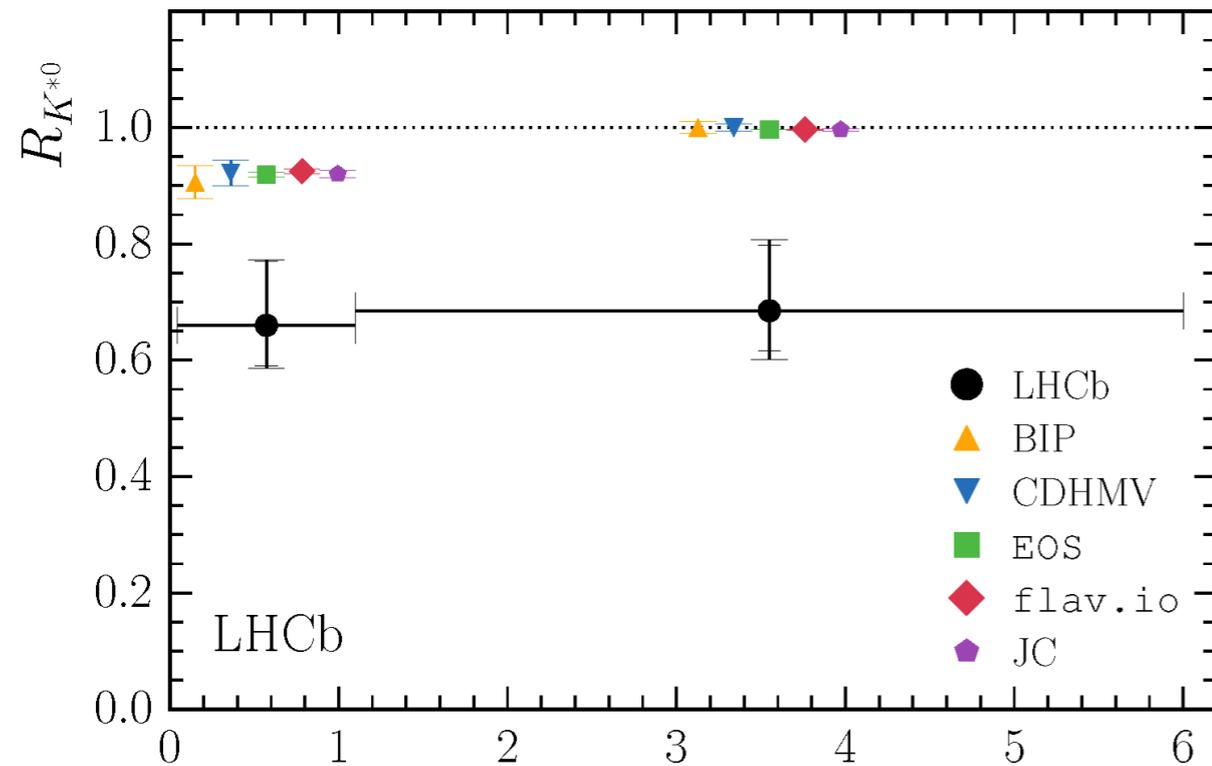
— for low q^2 region ($1 < q^2 < 6 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4$):

$$R_K = \frac{\text{BR}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ \mu^+ \mu^-)}{\text{BR}(B^+ \rightarrow K^+ e^+ e^-)} = 0.745^{+0.090}_{-0.074} \pm 0.036$$

2.6 σ from SM value of $1 \pm O(10^{-3})$

$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \ell^+ \ell^-$ and lepton universality

3fb⁻¹ JHEP 08 (2017) 055



$$R_{K^{*0}} = \frac{BR(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} \mu^+ \mu^-)}{BR(B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} e^+ e^-)}$$

$$R_{K^{*0}} = \begin{cases} 0.66 \pm_{-0.07}^{+0.11} (\text{stat}) \pm 0.03 (\text{syst}) & \text{for } 0.045 < q^2 < 1.1 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4, \\ 0.69 \pm_{-0.07}^{+0.11} (\text{stat}) \pm 0.05 (\text{syst}) & \text{for } 1.1 < q^2 < 6.0 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4. \end{cases}$$

Tensions with the SM at 2.1-2.3 and 2.4-2.5 σ in the two q^2 regions, respectively

Test of lepton flavour universality

LFU test with $B \rightarrow D^{(*)} \ell \nu$

tree level decay, sensitive to possible H^+ contribution

$R(D)$ and $R(D^*)$ definition

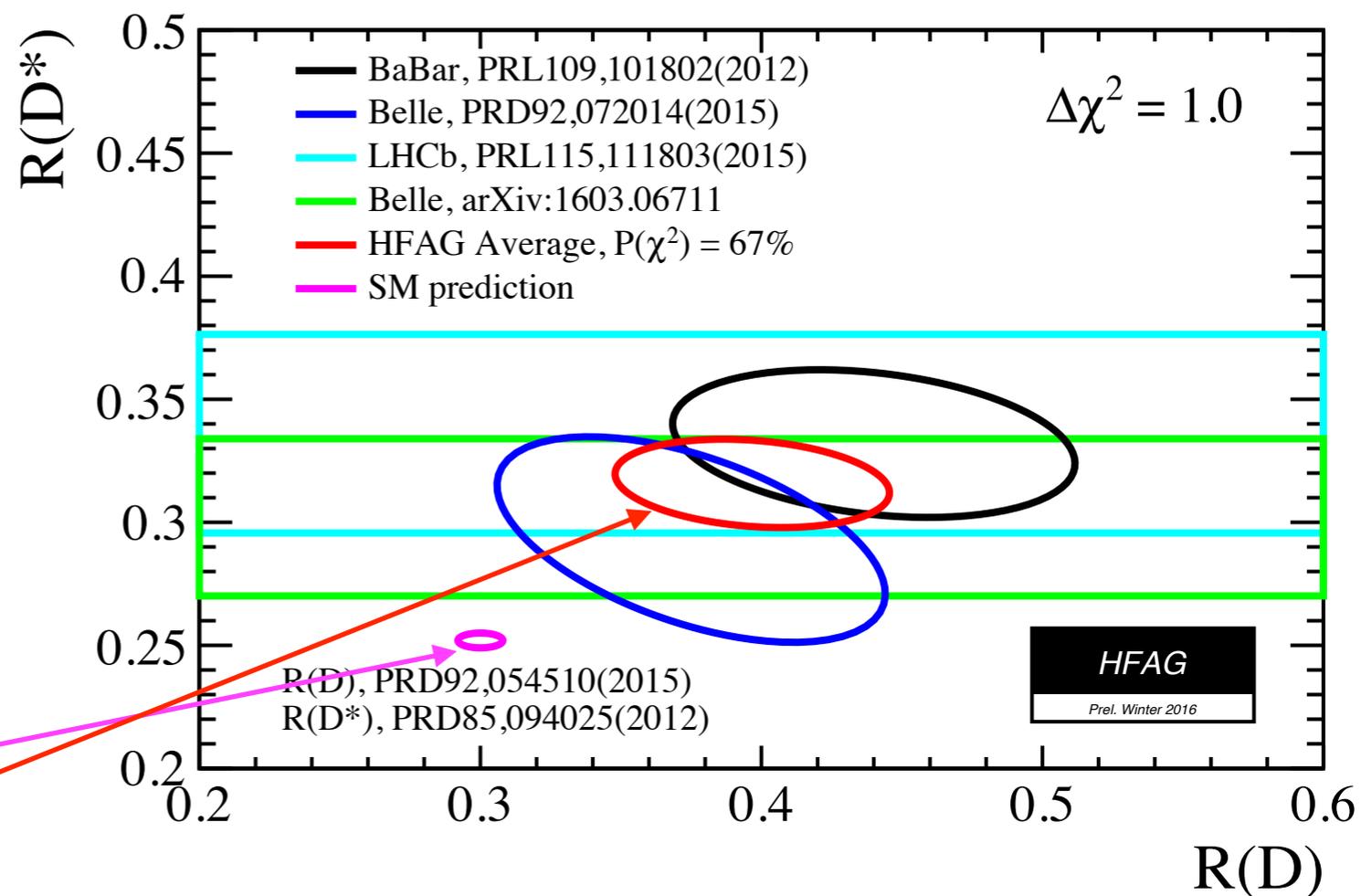
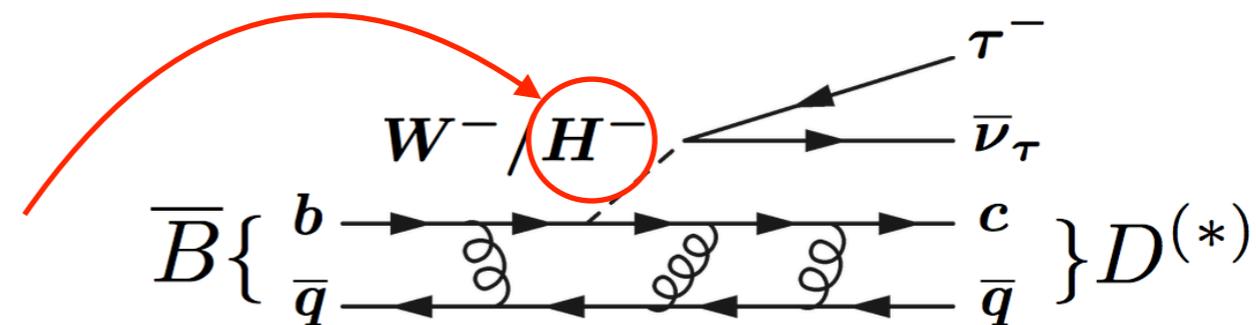
$$R(D^{(*)}) = \frac{B^0 \rightarrow D^{(*)-} \tau^+ \nu_\tau}{B^0 \rightarrow D^{(*)-} \ell^+ \nu_\tau}$$

$\ell = \mu, e$

Experimental challenge

- tau reconstruction, missing neutrinos

▶ **4.0 σ from SM at (2D average)**



Recent analyses of Milano group

χ_{c1} and χ_{c2} resonance parameters in $\chi_{c1,c2} \rightarrow J/\psi \mu^+ \mu^-$

Phys. Rev. Lett. 119 (2017) 221801 [Gandini](#)

Search for CPV in $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow p K^- K^+ K^-$, $p K^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ and

$\Xi_b^0 \rightarrow p K^- K^- \pi^+$ [arXiv:1805.03941](#) Submitted to JHEP [Fu](#), [Merli](#), [Neri](#)

Observation of new baryonic resonances

to be submitted to PRL [Gandini](#)

Study of $B_{(s)}^0 \rightarrow J/\psi p \bar{p}$ decay in review [Spadaro](#), [Fu](#), [Neri](#)

First observation, search for pentaquark, glue ball, precision measurement of Bs mass.

Search for CPV in $\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow p \pi^- \pi^+ \pi^-$ in review [Merli](#), [Fu](#), [Neri](#)

Update of analysis published on Nature Physics reporting first evidence of CPV in heavy baryon decays

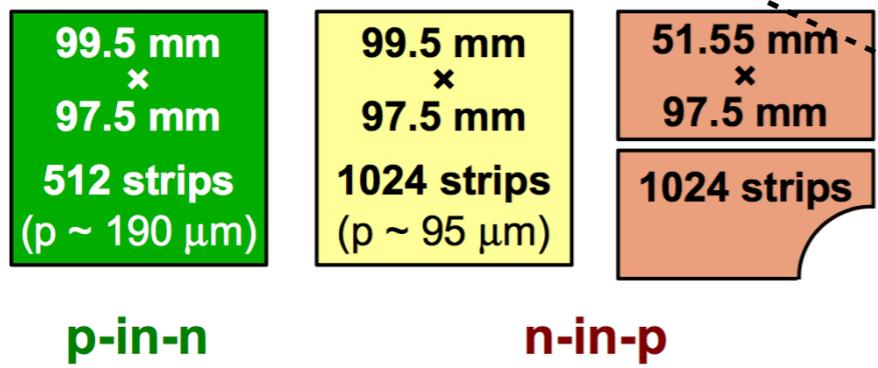
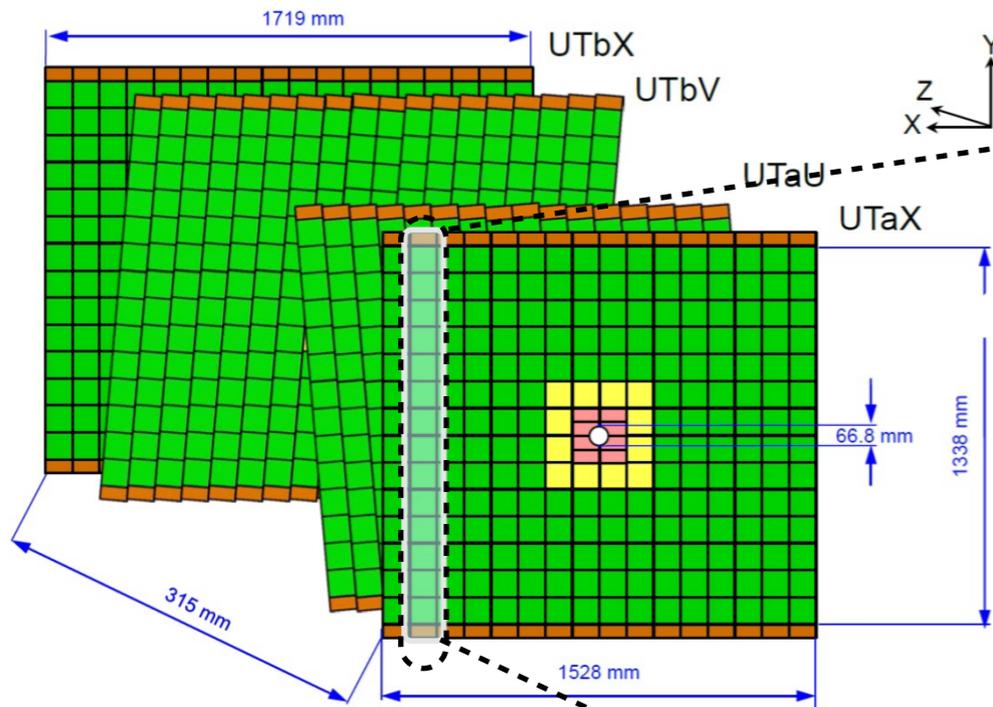
LHCb upgrade

UT detector upgrade

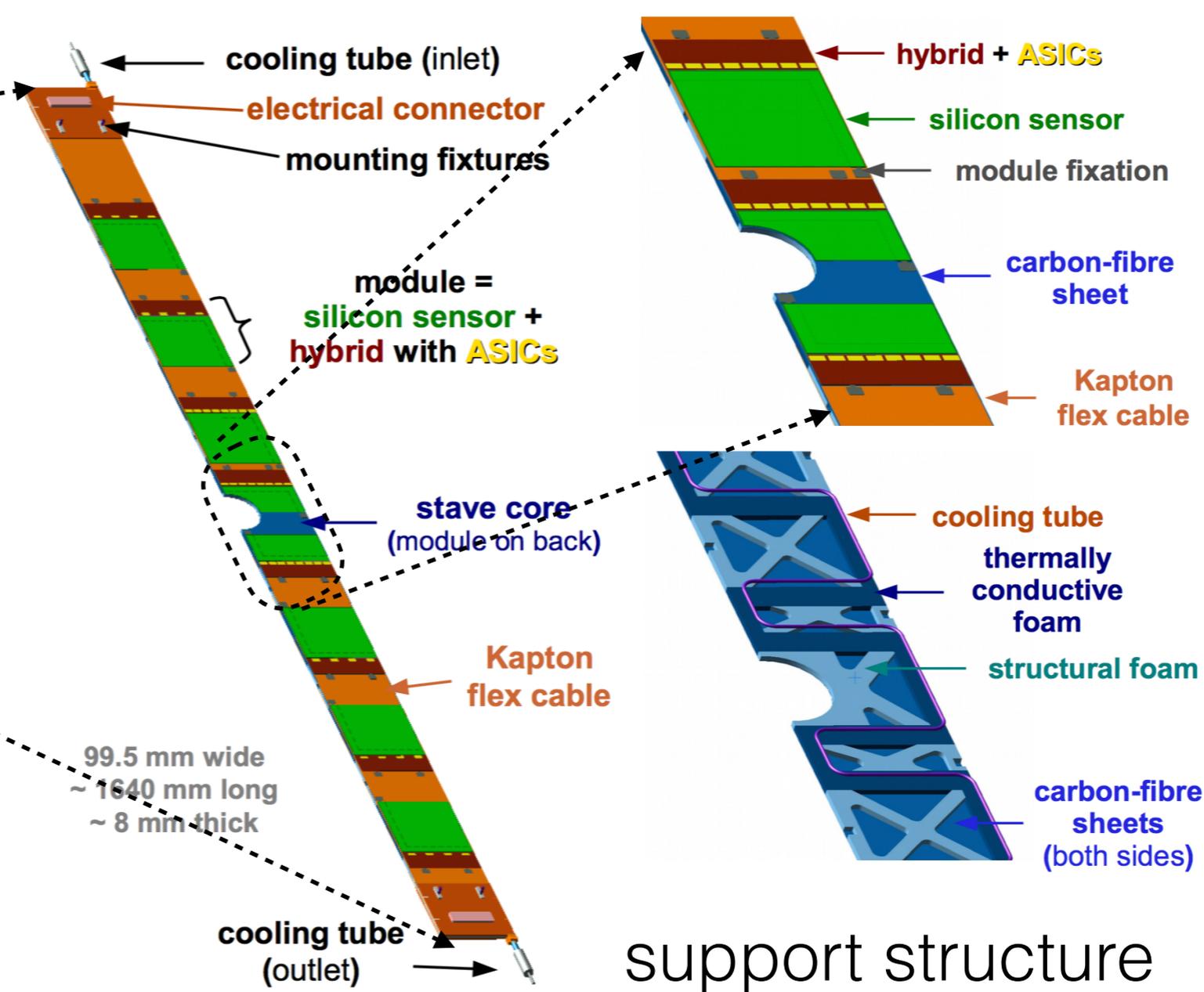
4 detection layers

stave design

module design



3 silicon sensor geometries

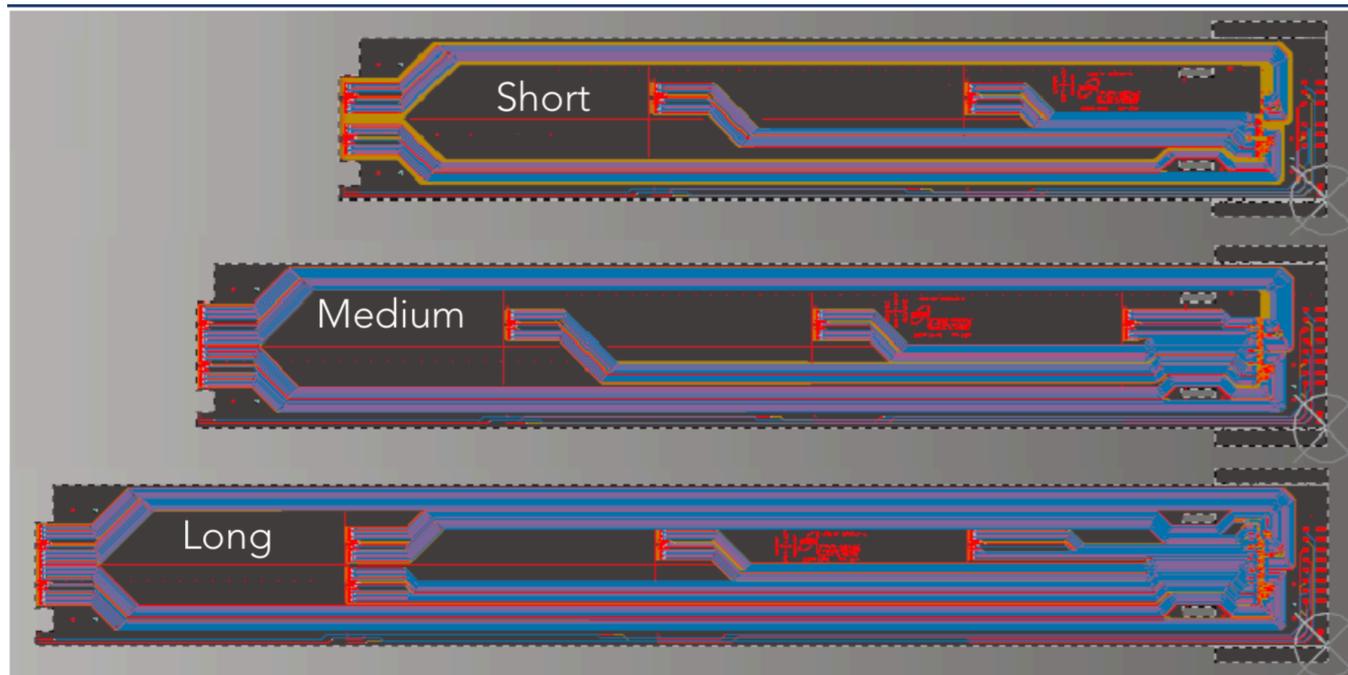


support structure
CO₂ cooling tube

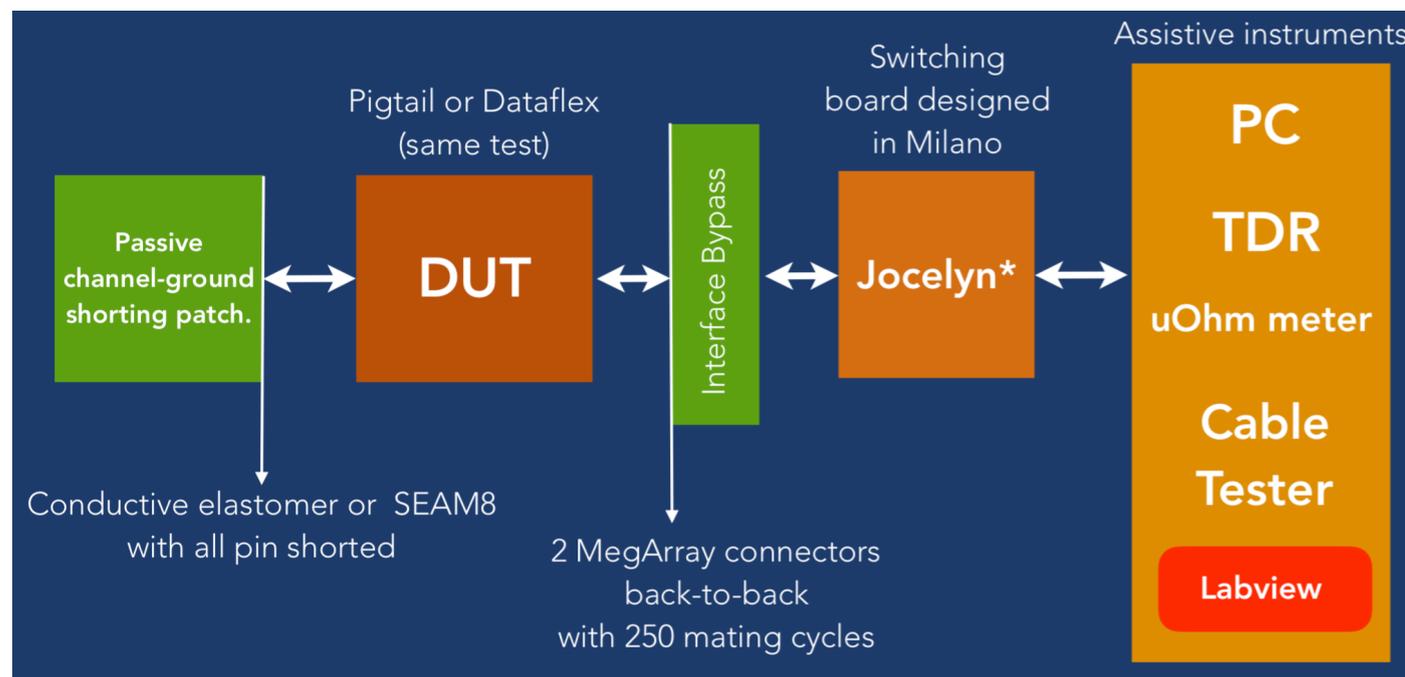
Activities in Milano in 2019

- ▶ Production phase in 2018 and 2019, installation in 2020
- ▶ Milano responsibilities in UT project:
 - ▶ Flex cables designed. Production and test (late 2018 - early 2019)
 - ▶ Hybrid circuit for ASIC to be finalised. Production and test delayed due to SALT chip (late 2018 - 2019)
 - ▶ Integration of hybrid and SALT chip: glueing, bonding, burn-in (in 2019)
 - ▶ Design and test of the CO₂ system prototype (late 2018 - early 2019)
 - ▶ CO₂ distribution system design and production (2019)
- ▶ Milano coordination roles in UT project:
 - ▶ Sensor and hybrid WG co-convener: Mauro Citterio
 - ▶ Mechanics and cooling WG co-convener: Simone Coelli
 - ▶ Deputy project leader: Nicola Neri

Flex cable production and test



- ▶ Flex cable production of 300 cables takes 5 months
- ▶ Tender being finalised, expected to start production in July



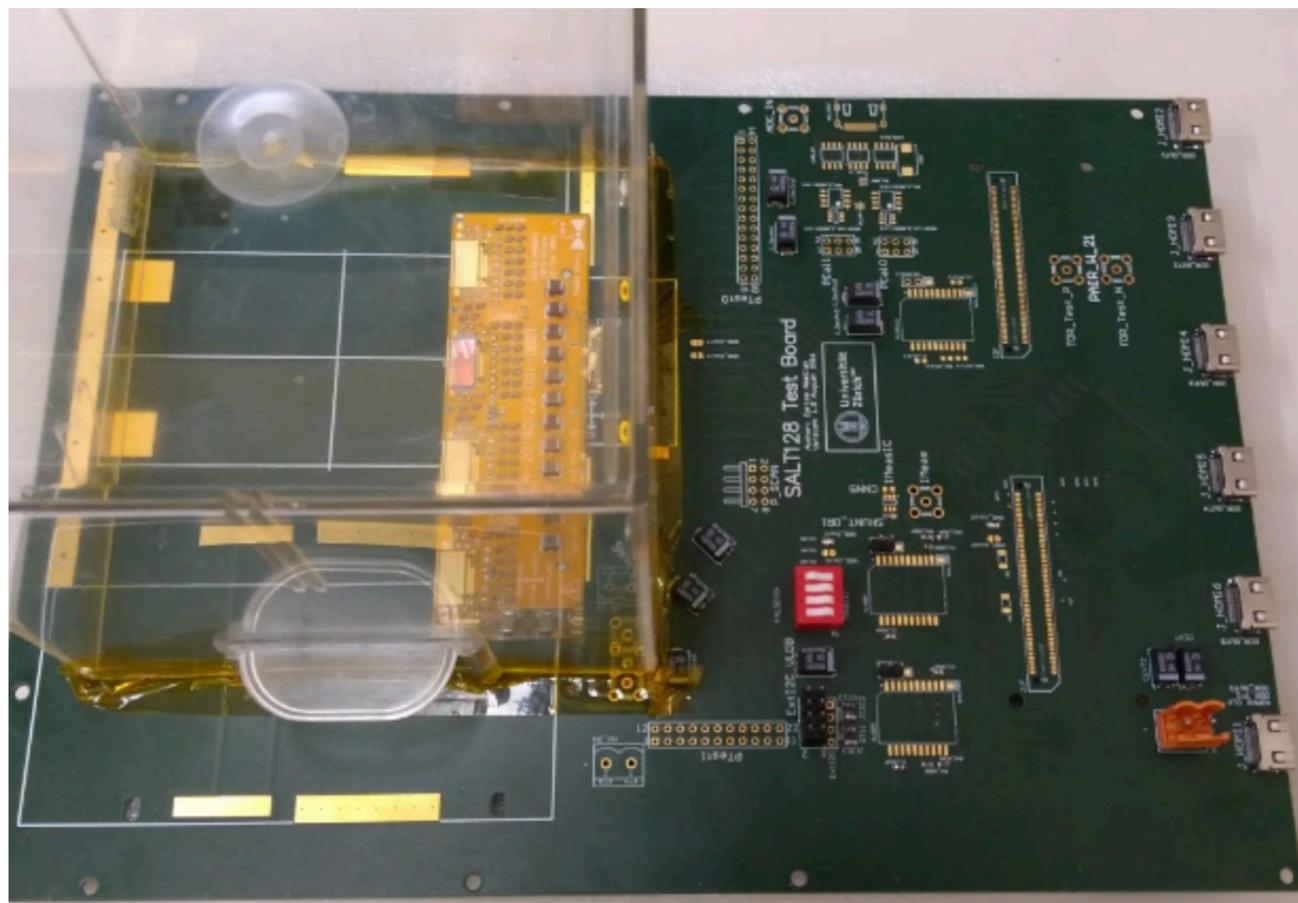
- ▶ Flex cable test at CERN (30 cables per week). Starting in August/September
- ▶ Jocelyn board to be designed and produced

Citterio, Conti, Sabatini

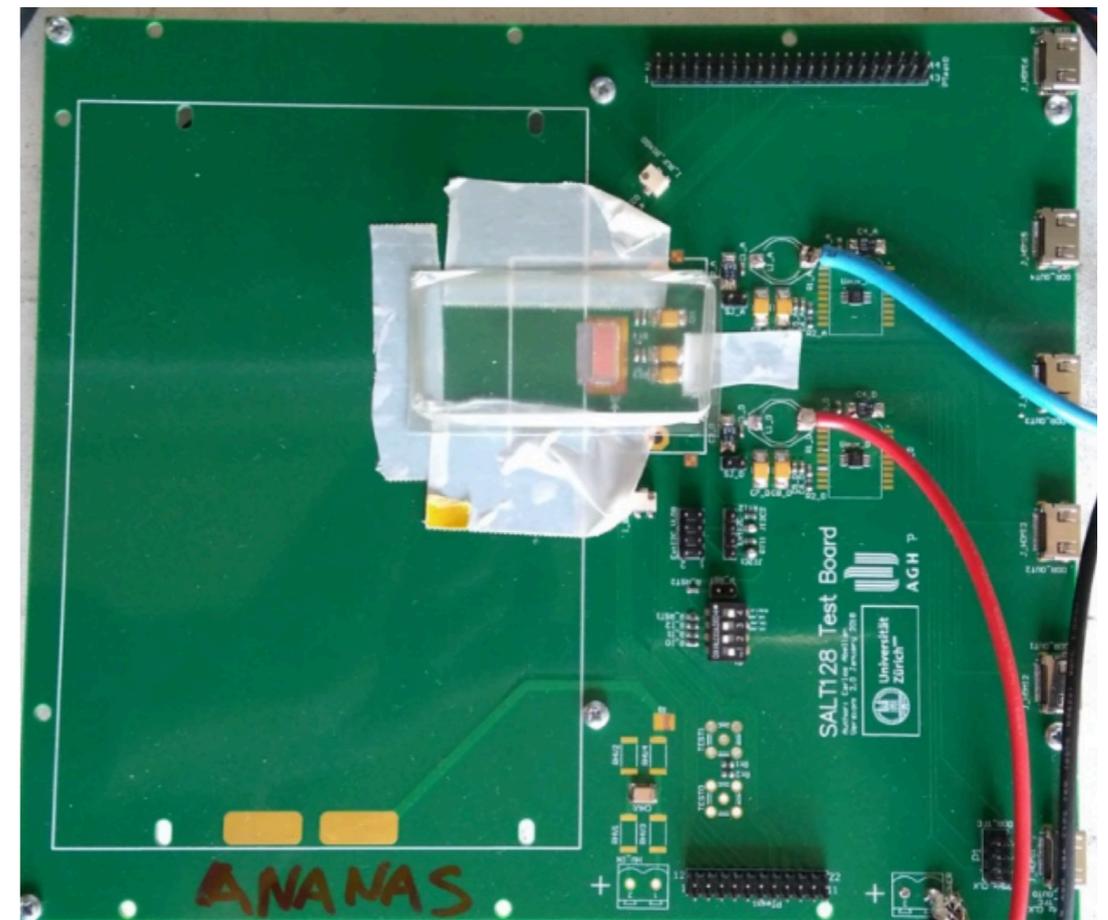
Hybrid circuit and SALT chip

- ▶ Compared SALT test results between hybrid and test board setup

SALT on Delta hybrid



SALT on optimised test board

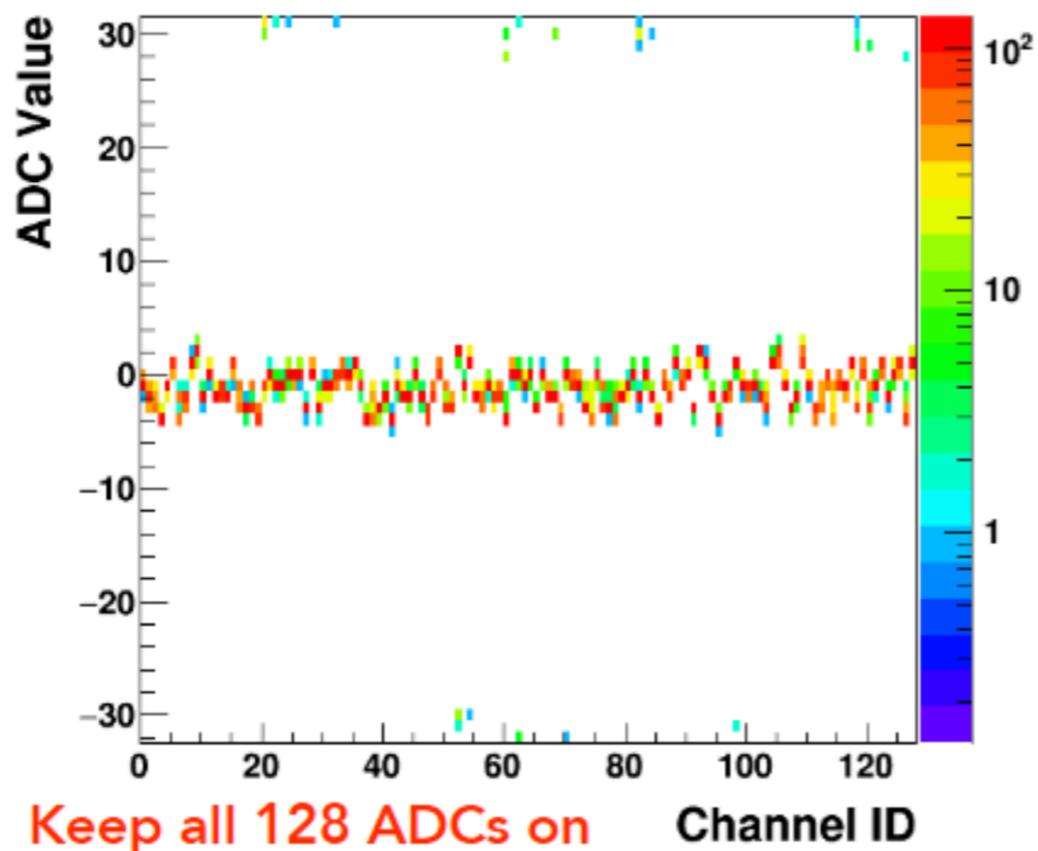


Citterio, Conti, Spadaro, Carbone

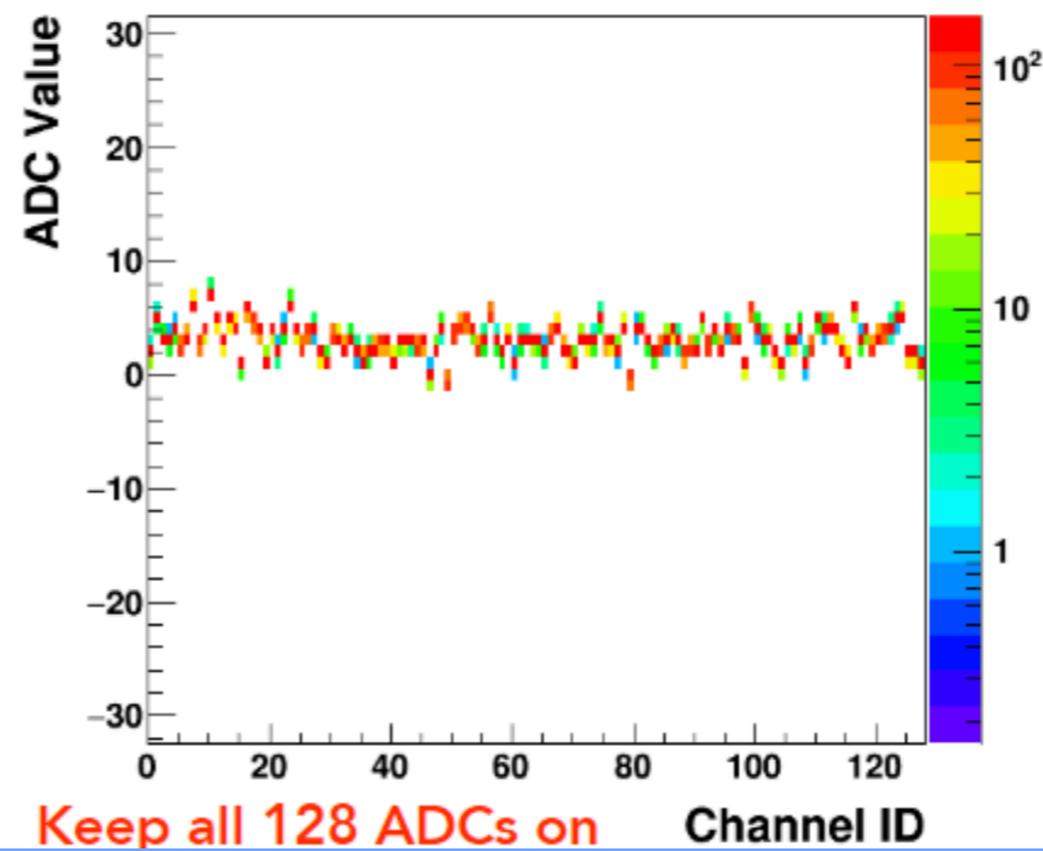
Hybrid test results

- ▶ Measurements on Delta hybrid and test board give comparable results (no input load)
- ▶ Hybrid circuit works fine. Final version of SALT needed for hybrid optimisation and production

SALT on Delta hybrid



SALT on test board

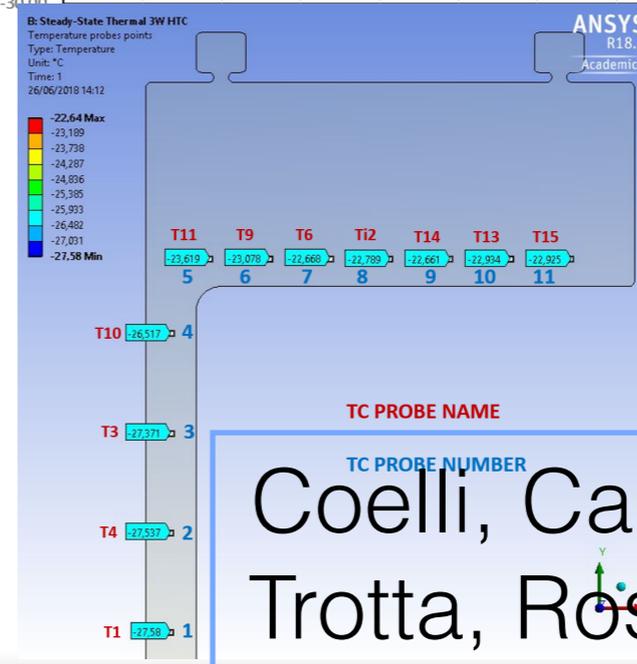
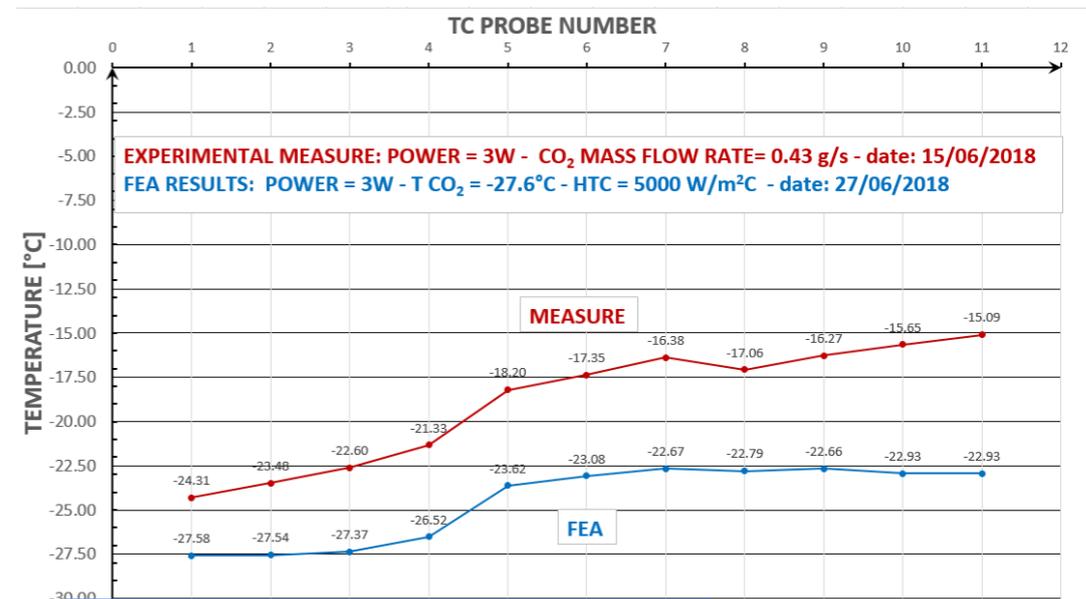


Citterio, Conti, Spadaro, Carbone

Stave CO₂ cooling test



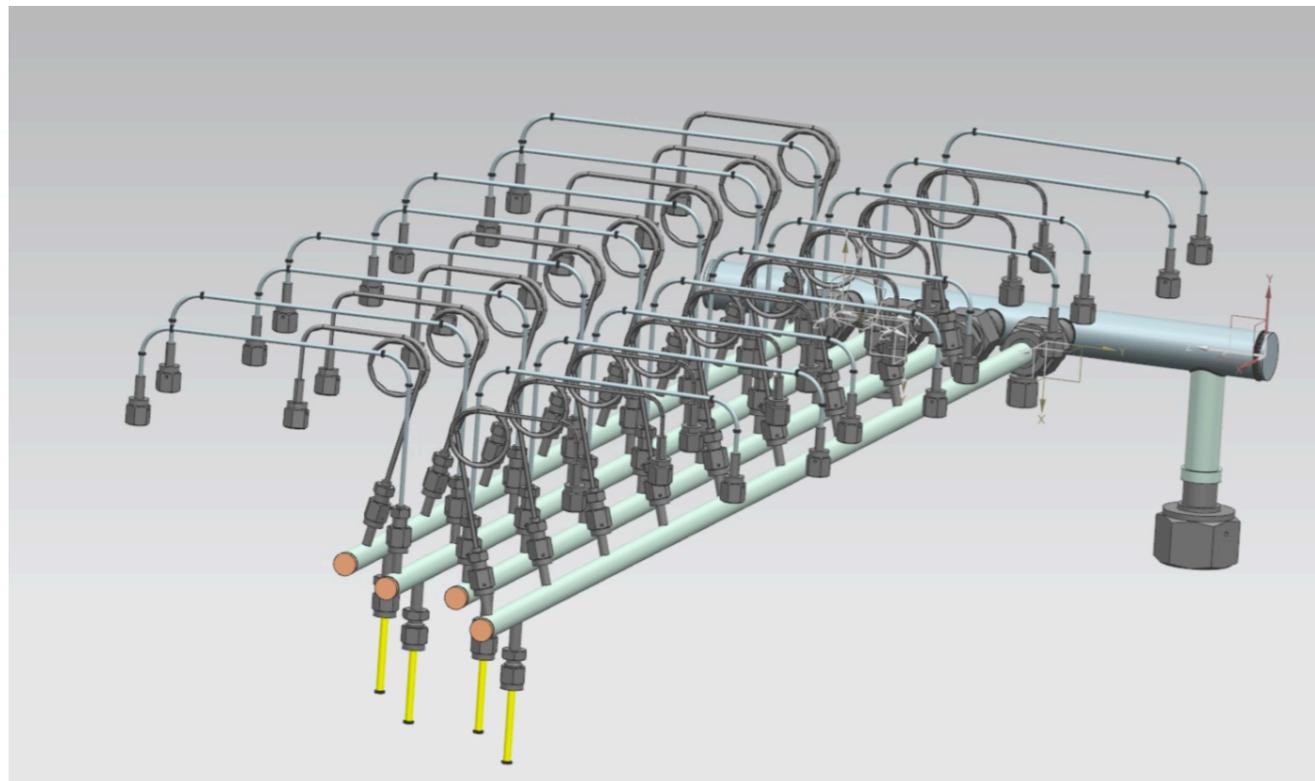
- ▶ UT stave prototype tested using TRACI system at -28° C ✓
- ▶ Simulation vs measurements ✓



Coelli, Capsoni, Monti, Trotta, Rosati, Viscione

UT CO₂ distribution system

New solution designed in Milano
 Prototype in construction



	 Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare Sezione di Milano Via Celoria,16 20133 Milano, Italy	LHCb UT DETECTOR CO ₂ COOLING DISTRIBUTION PROTOTYPE	
Project Document N. 1970423 v.1	Institute Document N. -	Created 2018-05-10	Page: 1 of 10
		Modified: -	Rev. N. 0

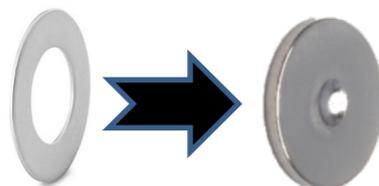
Description document		
LHCb UT DETECTOR CO₂ COOLING DISTRIBUTION PROTOTYPE		
<p>This document describes the CO₂ cooling distribution system proposed for the UT detector. The design choices and the technological aspects for the manifolds and connection pipes are described. The working drawings for the prototype production are uploaded in the EDMS document.</p>		
Prepared by:	Checked by:	Approved by:
Simone Coelli- INFN MI Danilo Trotta- INFN MI		-
<i>Distribution List</i>		

CALIBRATED ORIFICES are used as inlet flow restrictor

Advantages:

- space saving in a crowded area
- no need for 68 capillaries and additional joints

Replacing VCR
 gasket with



laser orifices on
 VCR blind gaskets

Coelli, Trotta, Gesmundo

Equipment in Milano

Bonding machine from CERN
Delvotec FEK6400



Dry cabinet



TRACI CO₂ cooling system



Glue dispenser

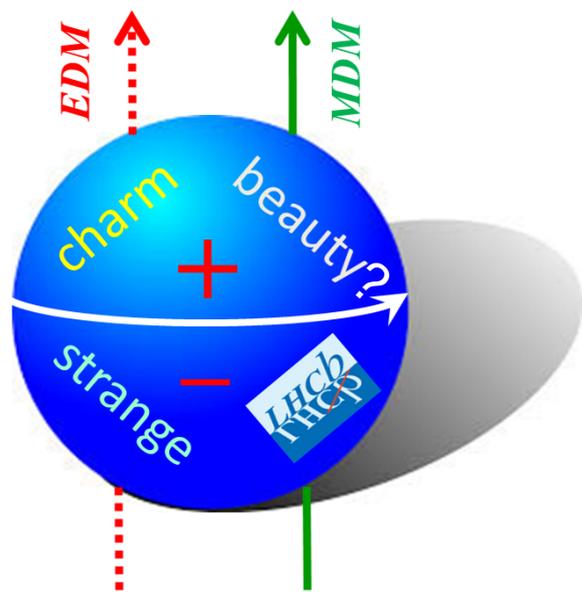


Requests

- ▶ Activity in Milano in 2019 is crucial for UT project
- ▶ Requests:
 - ▶ 20% FTE Mauro Citterio (20 m.u. servizio elettronico)
 - ▶ 30% FTE Simone Coelli (12 m.u. servizio officina e progettazione meccanica)
 - ▶ **Need a laboratory space**

Conference contributions

- 1) ICHEP 2018, Seoul, Korea, 4-11 Aug 2018. Parallel talk “CP violation in b-baryon decays at LHCb”, [J. Fu](#)
- 2) ICHEP 2018, Seoul, Korea, 4-11 Aug 2018. Parallel talk “Search for exotic baryonic states at LHCb”, [P. Gandini](#)
- 3) ICHEP 2018, Seoul, Korea, 4-11 Aug 2018. Poster “CP violation in b-baryon decays at LHCb”, [P. Gandini](#)
- 4) BEACH18, Peniche, Portugal 17 Jun 2018. Plenary talk “Multi-body charmless b-hadron decays at LHCb”, [J. Fu](#)
- 5) LHCP18, Bologna, Italy, 4-9 June 2018. Parallel talk “Fast timing detector developments for a LHCb Upgrade-II”, [M. Petruzzo](#)
- 6) LHCP18, Bologna, Italy, 4-9 June 2018. “Upgrade and future experiment” session convener. N. Neri
- 7) Beauty18, La Biodola, Italy, 6-11 May 2018. Plenary talk “LHCb Phase-II Upgrade”, N. Neri
- 8) Lepton Photon 2017, Guangzhou, China, 7 Aug 2017. Poster “Search for new Physics via baryon EDM at LHC”, [A. Merli](#) - **Winner of best poster award**
- 9) Vertex17, Las Caldas, Spain 10-15 Sept 2017. Invited talk “Design and construction of the LHCb Upstream Tracker”, [M. Petruzzo](#)



SELDOM

Search for the electric dipole moment of the strange and charm baryons at LHC



Nicola Neri
Istituto Nazionale di Fisica Nucleare, Italy



Proposal n° 771642 SELDOM
ERC CoG PE2

European Research Council
Established by the European Commission

General project information

- ▶ SELDOM: Search for the electric dipole moment of the strange and charm baryons at LHC
- ▶ Scientific program described in EPJC 77(3), 181 (2017)
- ▶ Measurements based on the LHCb detector:
 - i) spin precession of long-lived strange baryons in the LHCb dipole magnet, ii) spin precession of charm baryons in bent crystals
- ▶ Host Institution: INFN
- ▶ Project duration: 60 months (April 2018-April 2023)
- ▶ Project budget: 1.933.750 €

Electric dipole moment (EDM)

▶ Definition $\delta = \int \mathbf{r} \rho(\mathbf{r}) d^3 r$

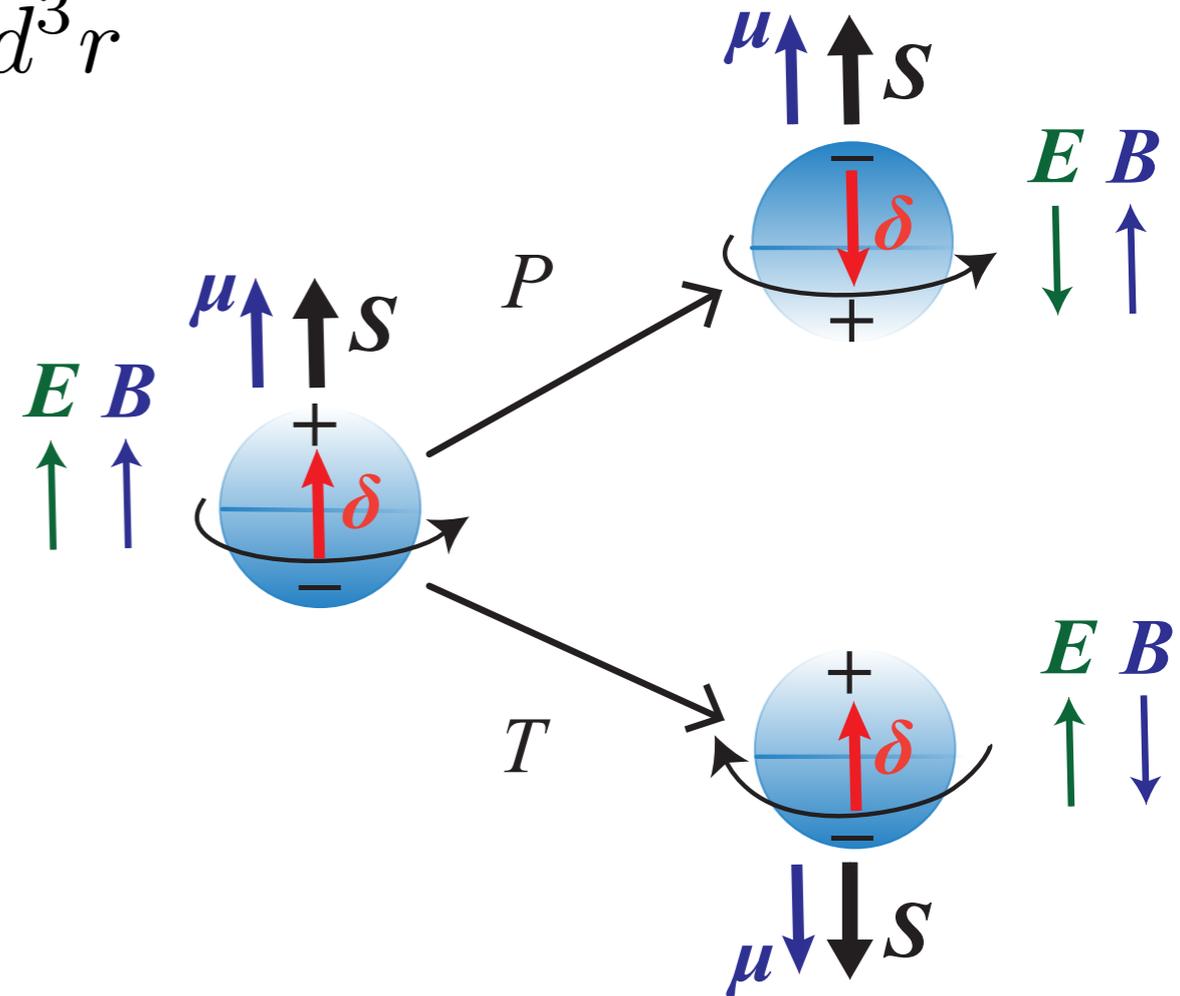
▶ Quantum systems

$$\delta = d\mu_N \frac{\mathbf{S}}{2} \quad \mu = g\mu_N \frac{\mathbf{S}}{2}$$

▶ Hamiltonian

$$H = -\delta \cdot \mathbf{E} - \mu \cdot \mathbf{B}$$

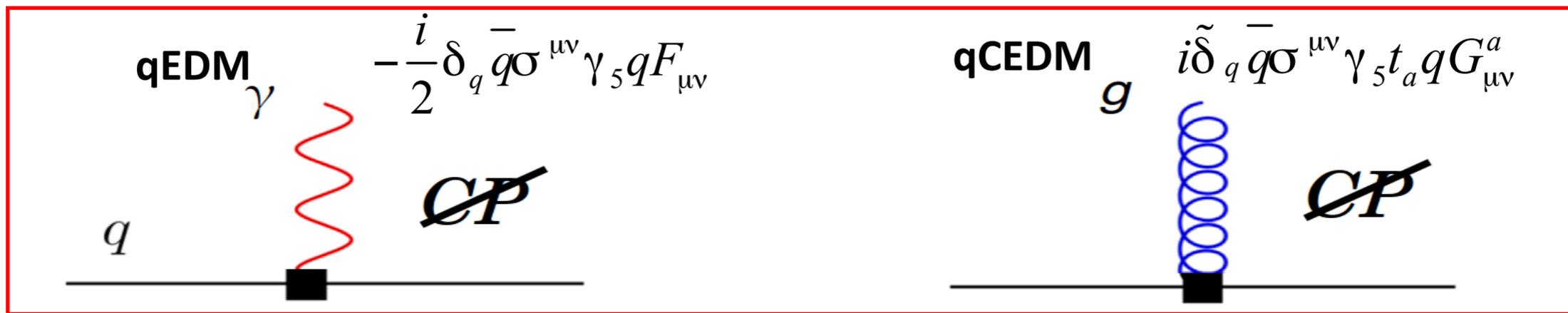
Time reversal, parity:
$$d\mu_N \frac{\mathbf{S}}{2} \cdot \mathbf{E} \xrightarrow{T,P} -d\mu_N \frac{\mathbf{S}}{2} \cdot \mathbf{E}$$



The EDM **violates** T and P and via CPT theorem, **violates** CP

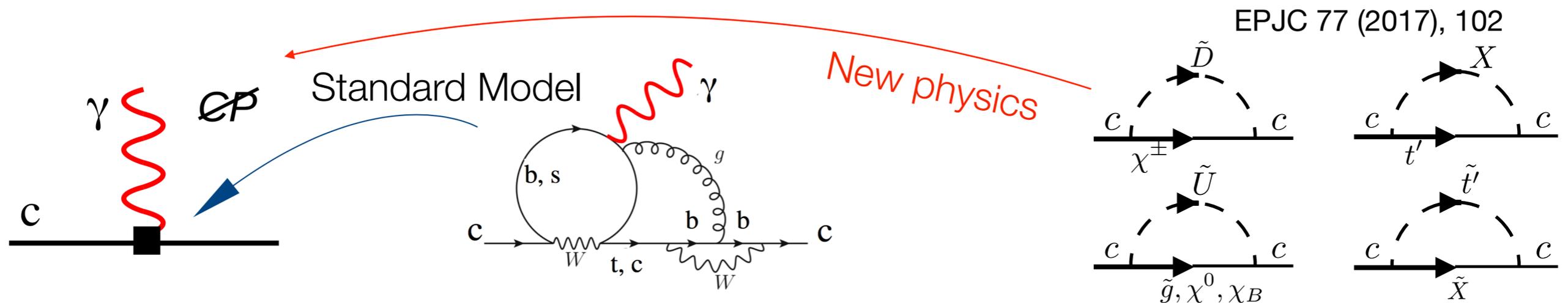
EDM a possible solution for baryogenesis

- ▶ EDM of fundamental particles from the structure of quarks and gluons, and processes with photon and flavour-diagonal coupling
- ▶ A measurement of a heavy baryon EDM is **directly sensitive** to:



Charm EDM in Standard Model $\sim 10^{-32}$ e cm

Charm EDM with new physics $\sim 5 \cdot 10^{-17}$ e cm



- **EDM** observation = clear signature of **new physics**

EDM proposal

Fill the experimental gap in **charm and strange baryon**
electric and magnetic dipole moment measurements

EPJC (2017) 77:181

EDM proposal

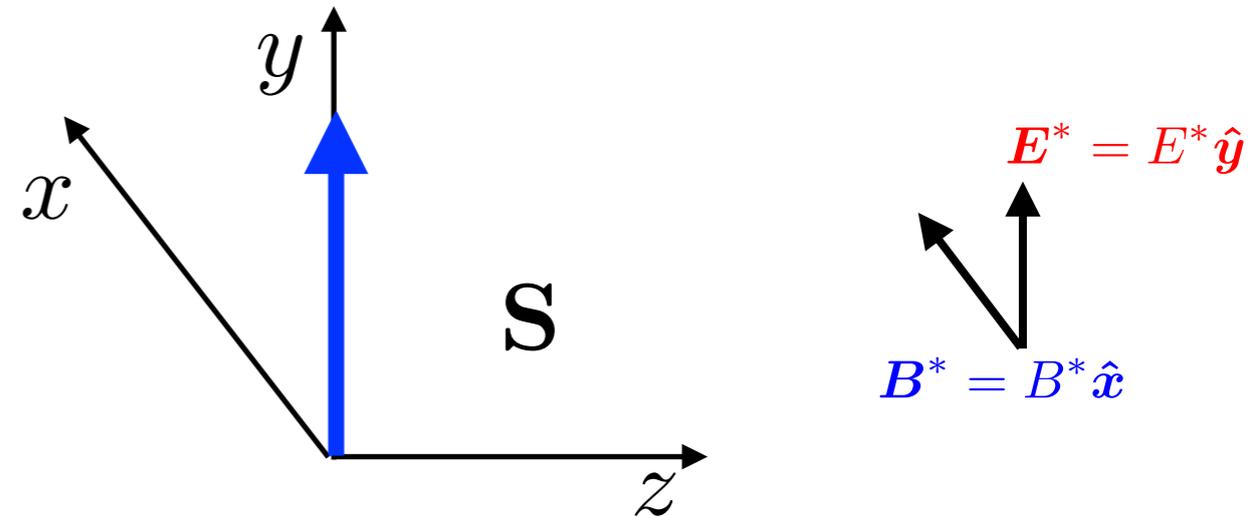
Fill the experimental gap in **charm and strange baryon electric and magnetic dipole moment** measurements

EPJC (2017) 77:181

EDM $\delta = d\mu_N \frac{\mathbf{S}}{2}$ and magnetic dipole moment MDM $\mu = g\mu_N \frac{\mathbf{S}}{2}$

Spin precession in external electromagnetic field ($\mathbf{E}^* \perp \mathbf{B}^*$ in particle rest frame)

$$\frac{d\mathbf{S}}{dt} = \boldsymbol{\mu} \times \mathbf{B}^*$$



EDM proposal

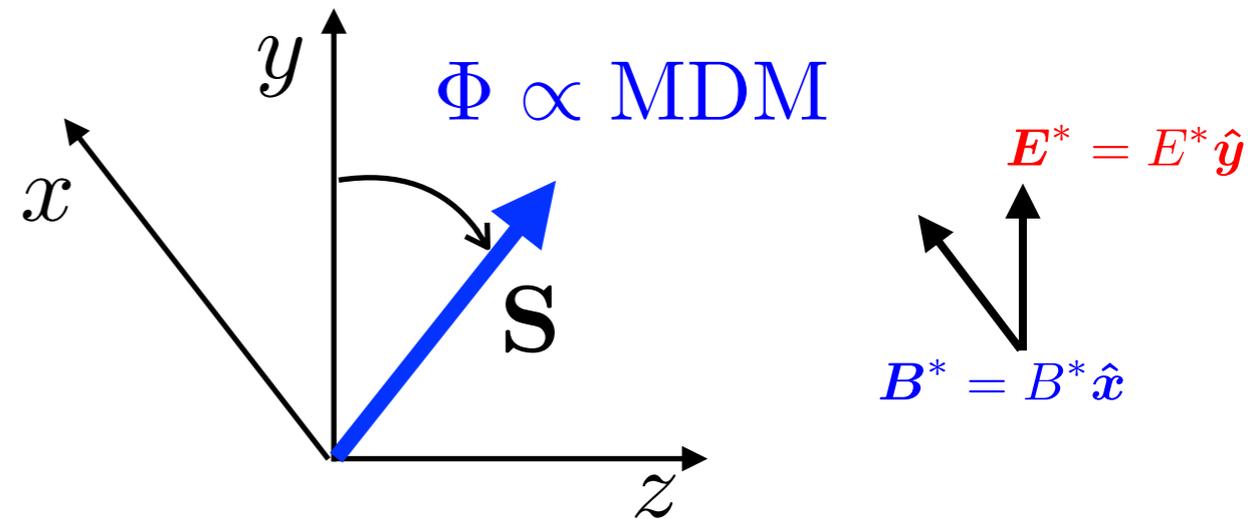
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EDM proposal

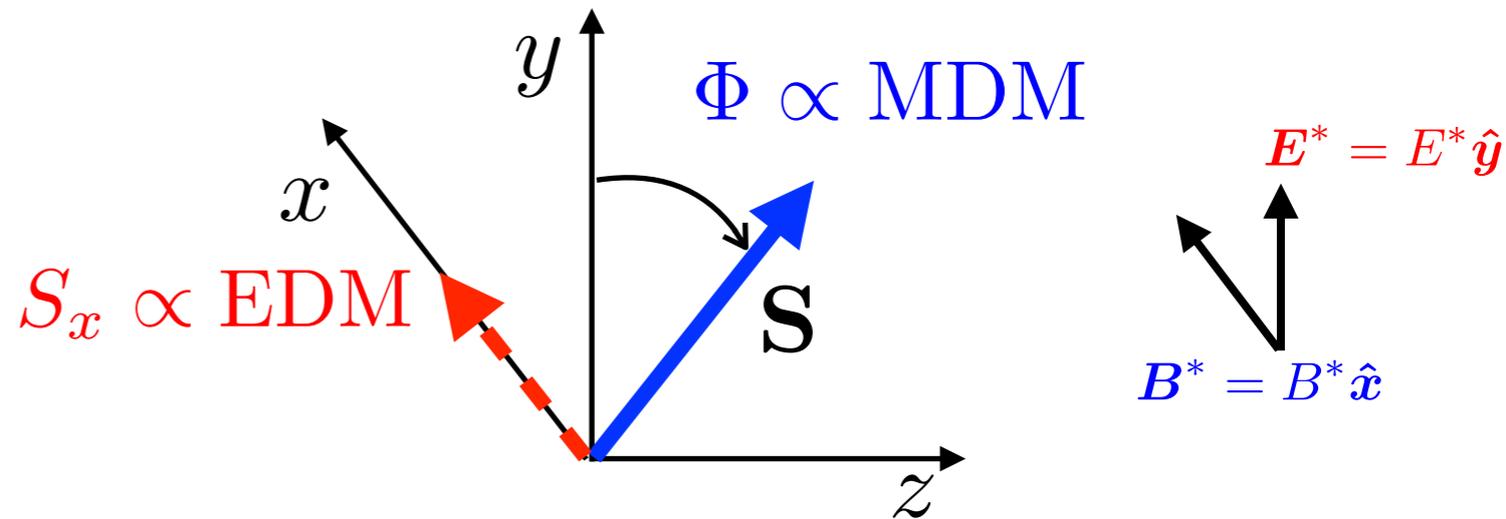
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Spin precession in external electromagnetic field ($\mathbf{E}^* \perp \mathbf{B}^*$ in particle rest frame)

$$\frac{d\mathbf{S}}{dt} = \mu \times \mathbf{B}^* + \delta \times \mathbf{E}^*$$



EDM proposal

Fill the experimental gap in **charm and strange baryon electric and magnetic dipole moment** measurements

EPJC (2017) 77:181

EDM $\delta = d\mu_N \frac{\mathbf{S}}{2}$ and magnetic dipole moment MDM $\mu = g\mu_N \frac{\mathbf{S}}{2}$

Spin precession in external electromagnetic field ($\mathbf{E}^* \perp \mathbf{B}^*$ in particle rest frame)

$$\frac{d\mathbf{S}}{dt} = \boldsymbol{\mu} \times \mathbf{B}^* + \boldsymbol{\delta} \times \mathbf{E}^*$$

$\Phi \propto \text{MDM}$

$S_x \propto \text{EDM}$

$\mathbf{E}^* = E^* \hat{y}$

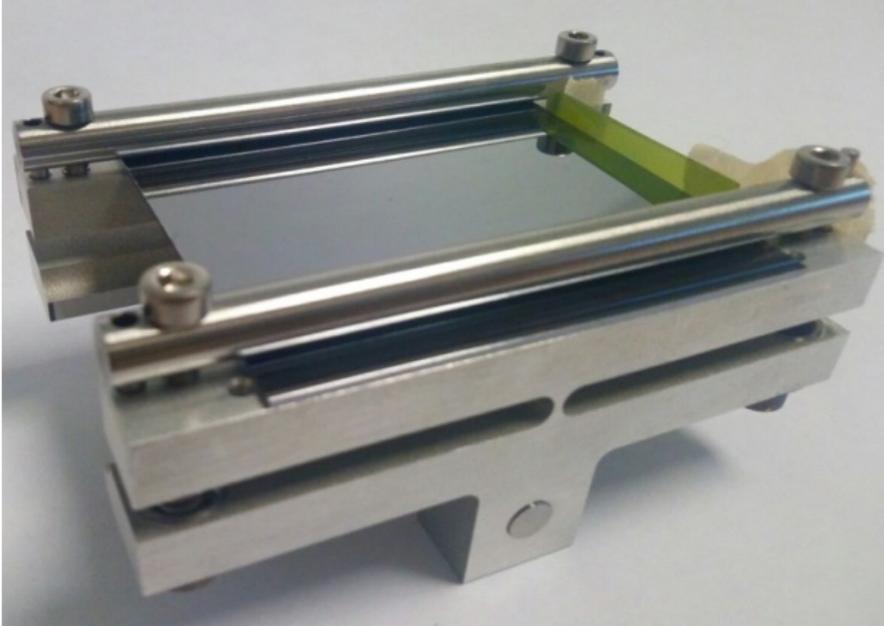
$\mathbf{B}^* = B^* \hat{x}$

- ▶ Necessary sizeable spin precession: $\Phi \propto \frac{geB^*}{mc} t \sim \frac{\pi}{2}$
- ▶ “Ad hoc” solutions for charm and strange baryons

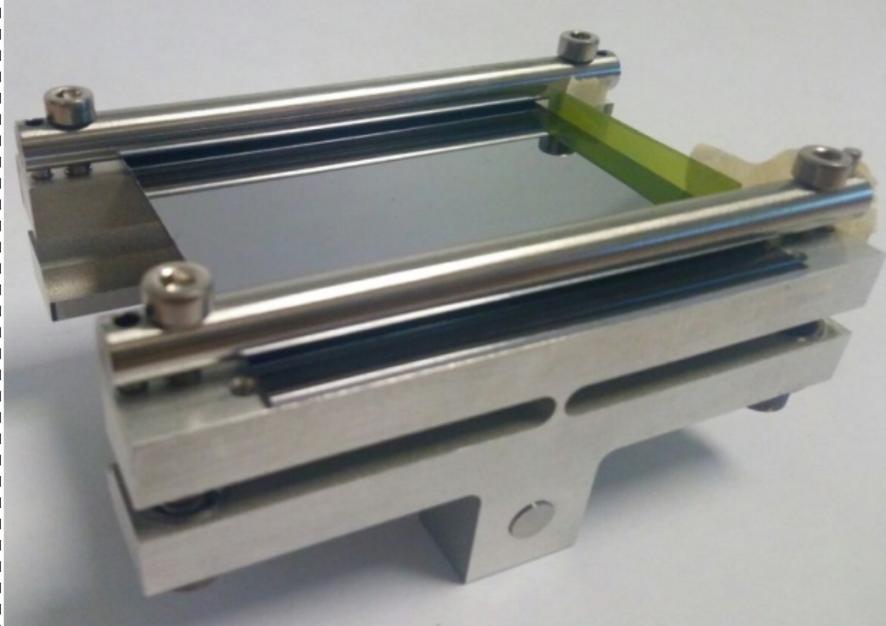
EDM proposal overview

Baryon	Solution	EDM	MDM
Charm Λ_{c^+}, Ξ_{c^+} lifetime $\sim 10^{-13}$ s	TeV baryons uniquely produced at LHC Crystal channeling Effective magnetic field in bent crystals $B \approx 10^3$ T	First search sensitivity $\sim 10^{-17}$ e cm	First measurement for QCD & baryon internal structure test $<10^{-3}$ precision

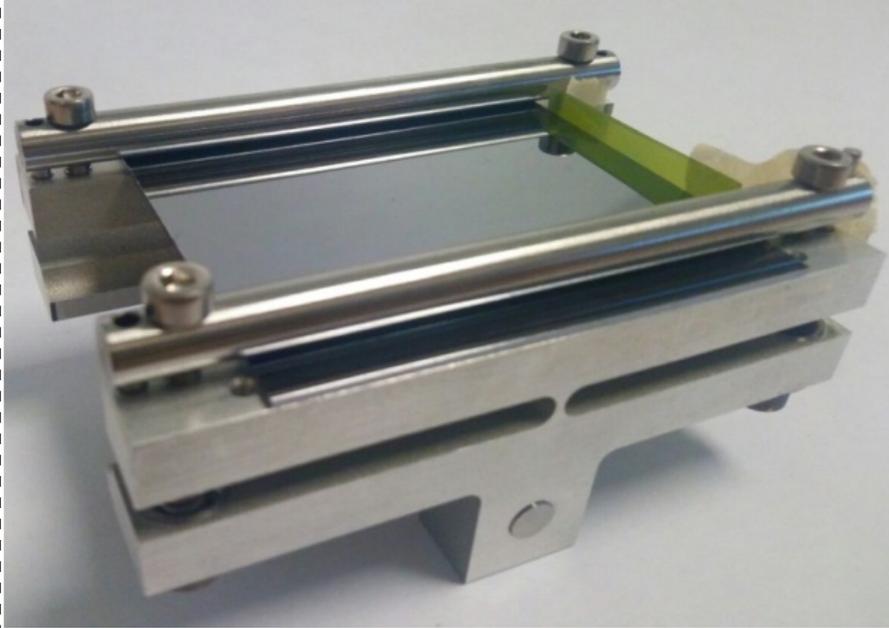
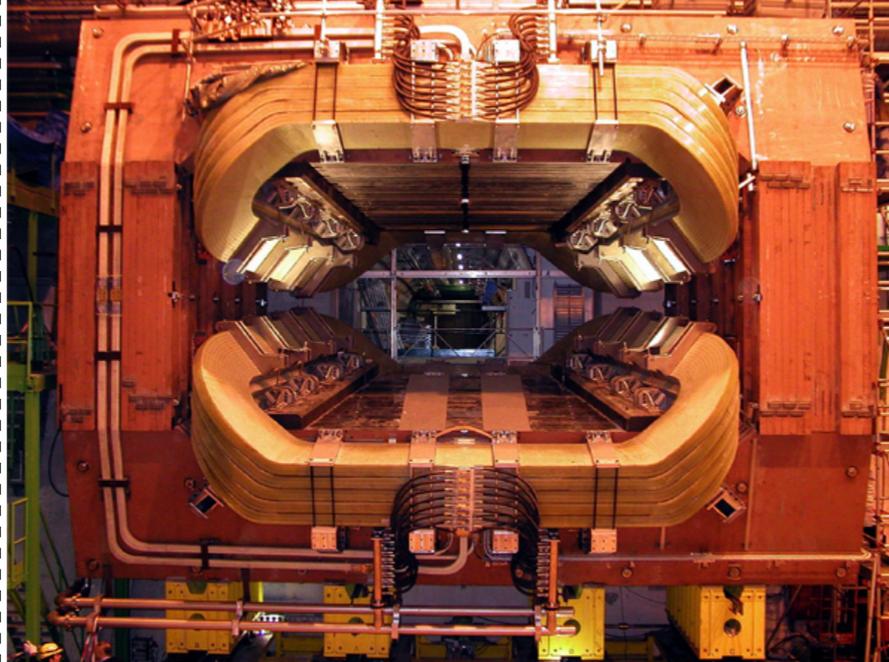
EDM proposal overview

Baryon	Solution	EDM	MDM
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EDM proposal overview

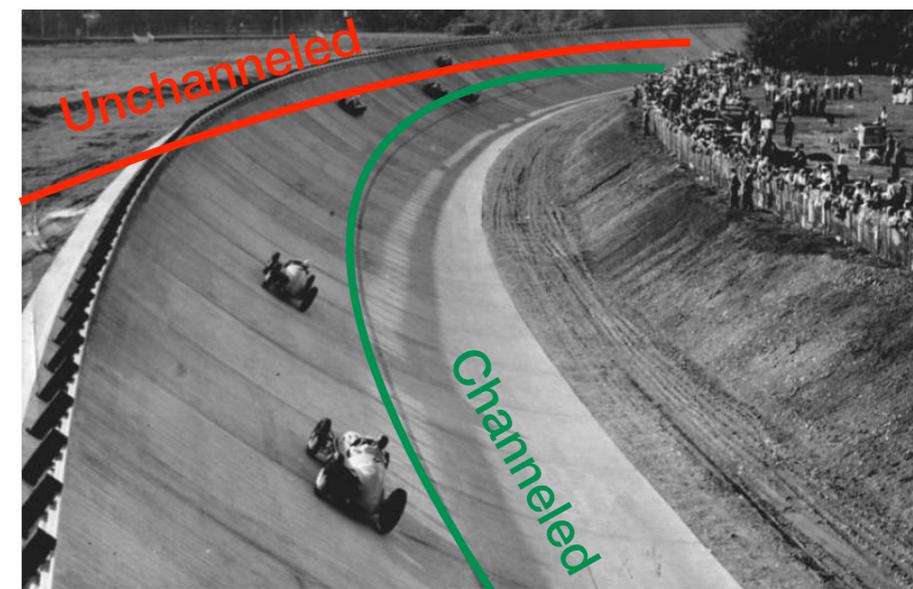
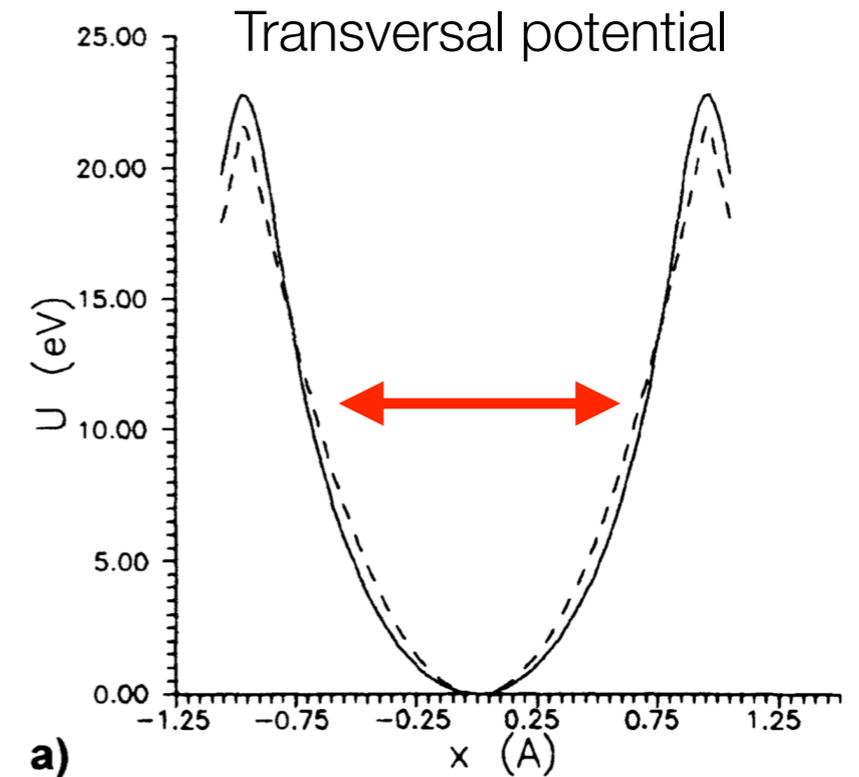
Baryon	Solution	EDM	MDM
Charm Λ_{c^+}, Ξ_{c^+} lifetime $\sim 10^{-13}$ s		First search sensitivity $\sim 10^{-17}$ e cm	First measurement for QCD & baryon internal structure test $< 10^{-3}$ precision
Strange Λ lifetime $\sim 10^{-10}$ s	Highly boosted and polarised Λ (anti- Λ) from weak charm baryon decays LHCb forward detector and dipole magnet $B \sim 1$ T	Push EDM sensitivity of factor 100 $\sim 10^{-18}$ e cm	First test of CPT via strange baryon, anti-baryon MDM $< 10^{-3}$ precision

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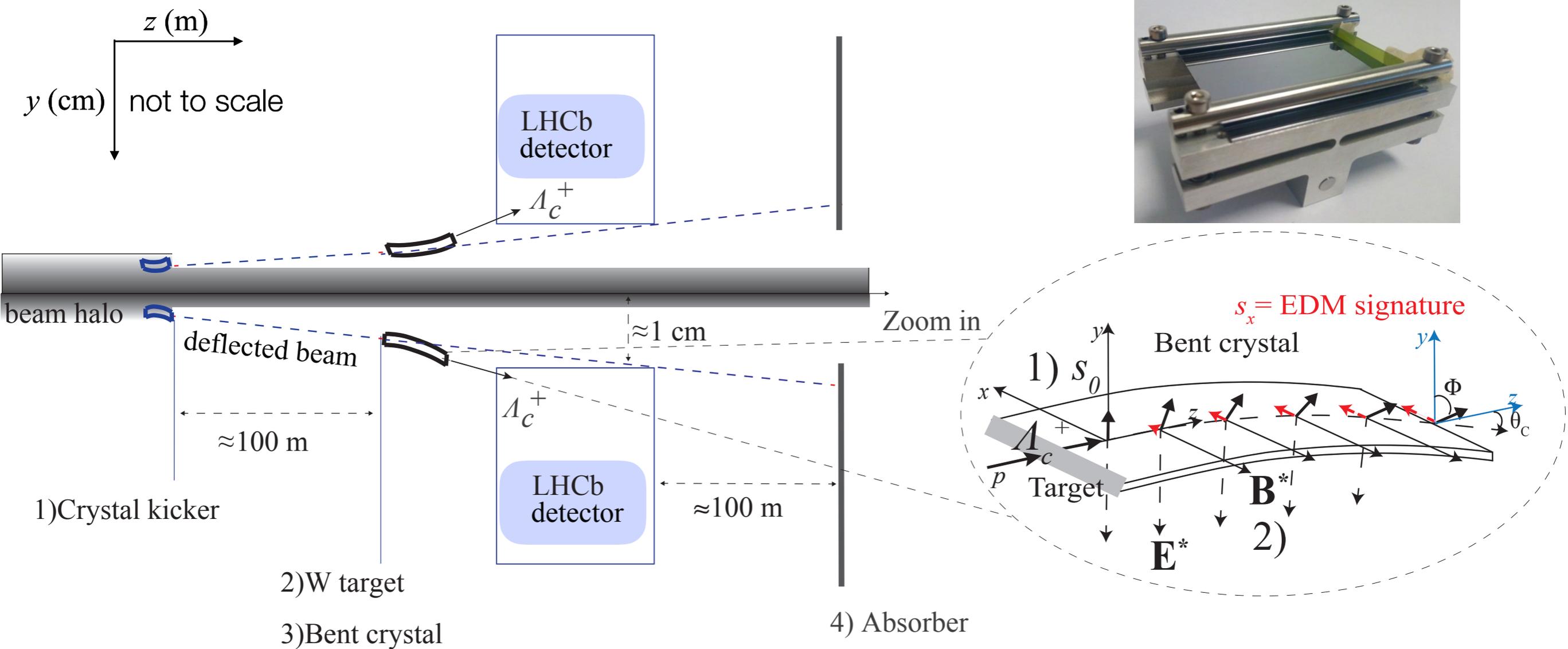
Channeling in bent crystals

- ▶ Potential well between crystal planes
- ▶ Incident positive charge particle can be trapped if parallel to crystal plane (within **few μrad**)
- ▶ Well understood phenomenon (Lindhard 1965).
- ▶ **Bent crystals** can be used to:
 - **steer** high-energy particle beams
 - induce **spin precession**. Net **E** field in presence of centripetal force



Novel fixed-target experiment at LHC for charm baryons

- ▶ EDM/MDM from spin precession of channeled baryons in **bent crystals**

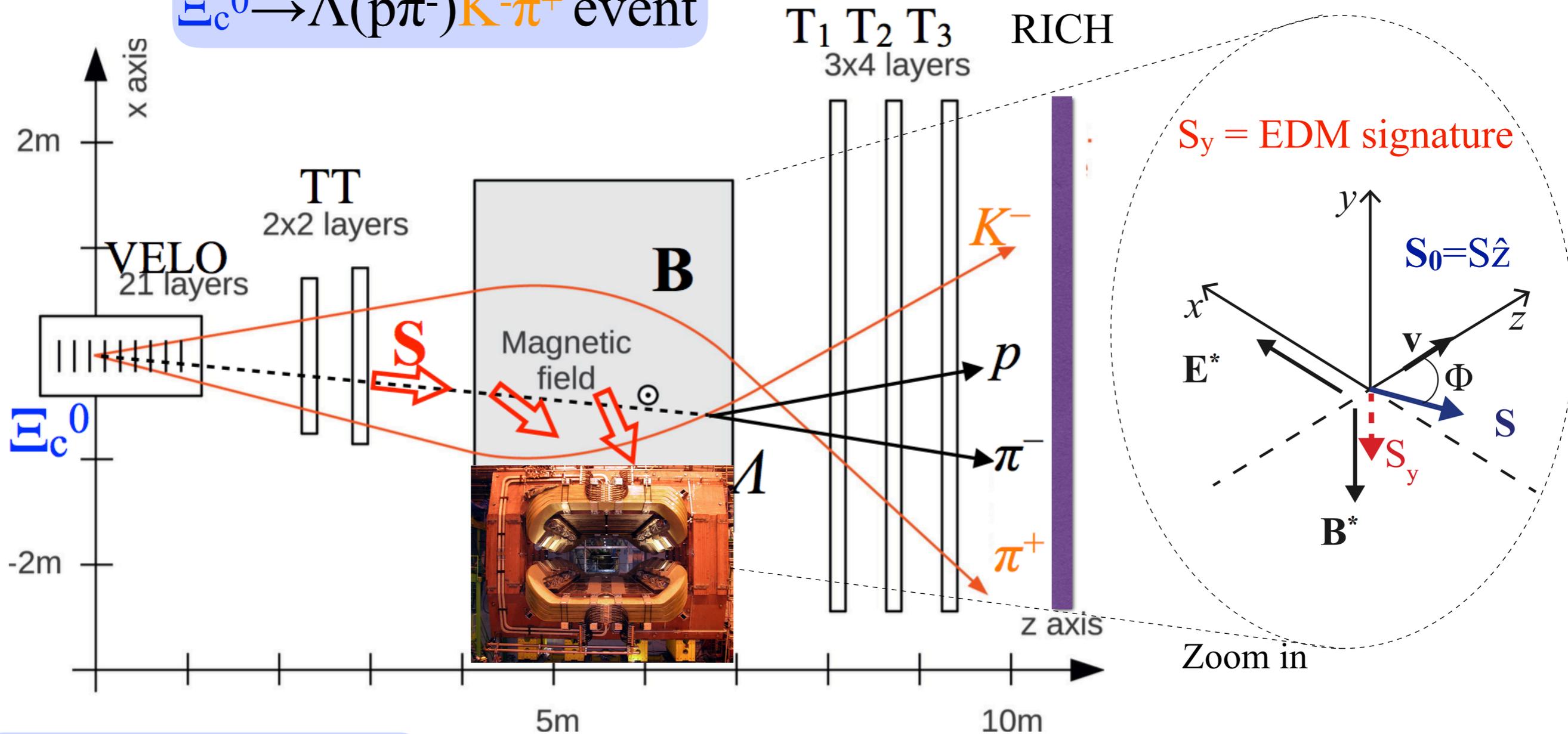


p extraction Λ_c^+ polarised production channeling spin precession event reconstruction

Novel experimental technique for strange baryons

- EDM/MDM from spin precession of Λ baryon in LHCb dipole magnet

$\Xi_c^0 \rightarrow \Lambda(p\pi^-)K^-\pi^+$ event

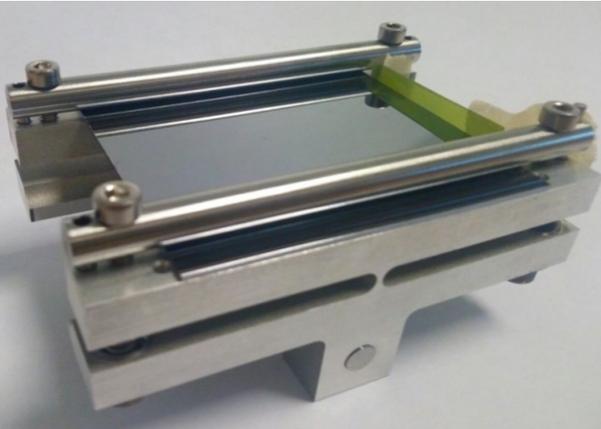
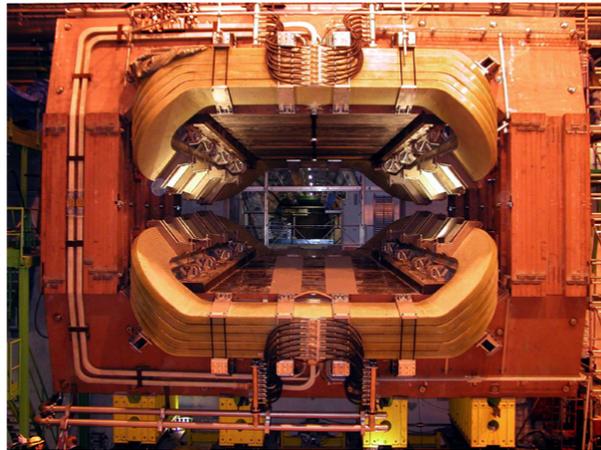


Λ polarised production

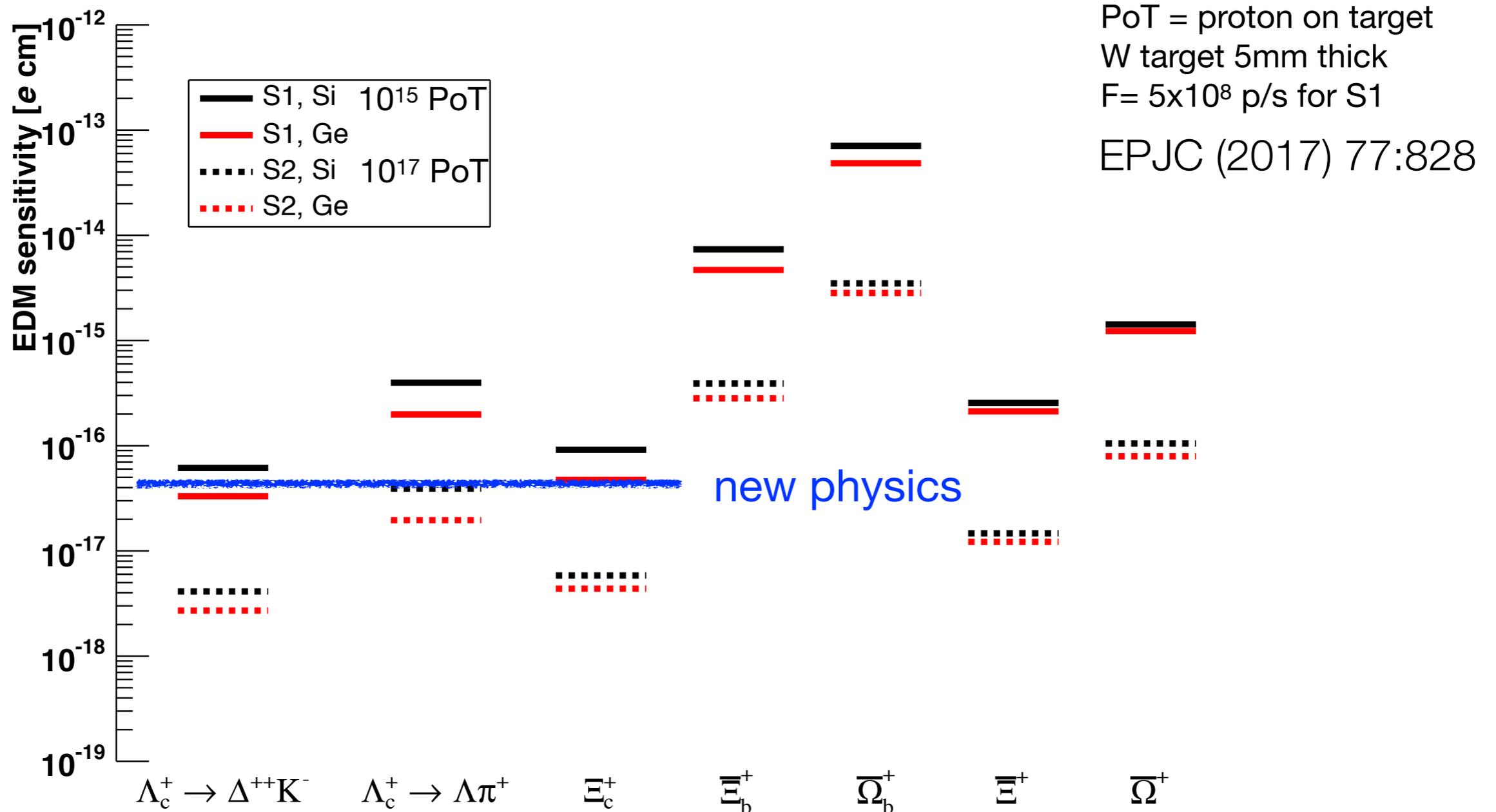
spin precession

event reconstruction

Challenges and preliminary results

Baryon	Solution	Challenge	Preliminary
Charm Λ_{c^+}, Ξ_{c^+} lifetime $\sim 10^{-13}$ s		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Fixed-target setup ▶ Bent crystals with large bending angle (≥ 10 mrad) 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Crystal kicker tested in LHC ✓ Simulations ✓ Event reconstruction ✓ EPJC (2017) 77:828 <p>New</p>
Strange Λ lifetime $\sim 10^{-10}$ s		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ▶ Reconstruction of long-lived Λ baryons after magnet 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ✓ Simulations ✓ Kinematic constraints from entire decay chain ✓ Λ decay vertex

Sensitivity on EDM

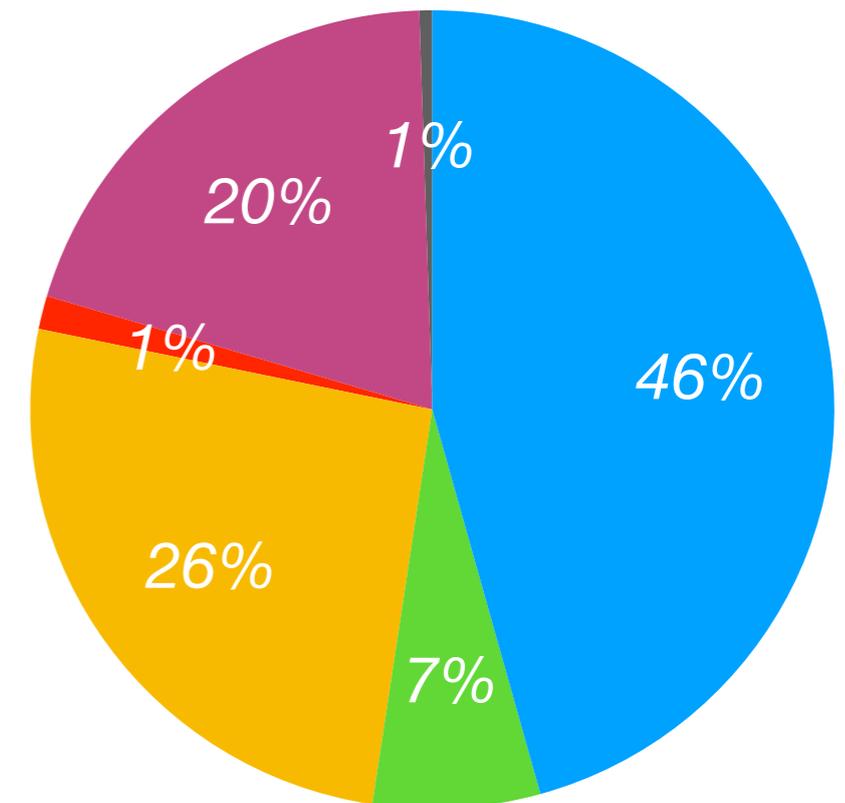


- ▶ All first measurements with sensitivities capable to test new physics models

Funding and resources

- ▶ 1 PostDoc for each WP per 5 years
- ▶ R&D, construction, test and installation of fixed-target setup in LHCb
- ▶ Device construction: goniometers, crystal kickers, long-bent crystals
- ▶ Sezioni: Milano, Ferrara
- ▶ **Need a laboratory space**
- ▶ **10% Coelli, 6 m.u. servizio meccanica**

Requested EU contribution:
1.933.750 €



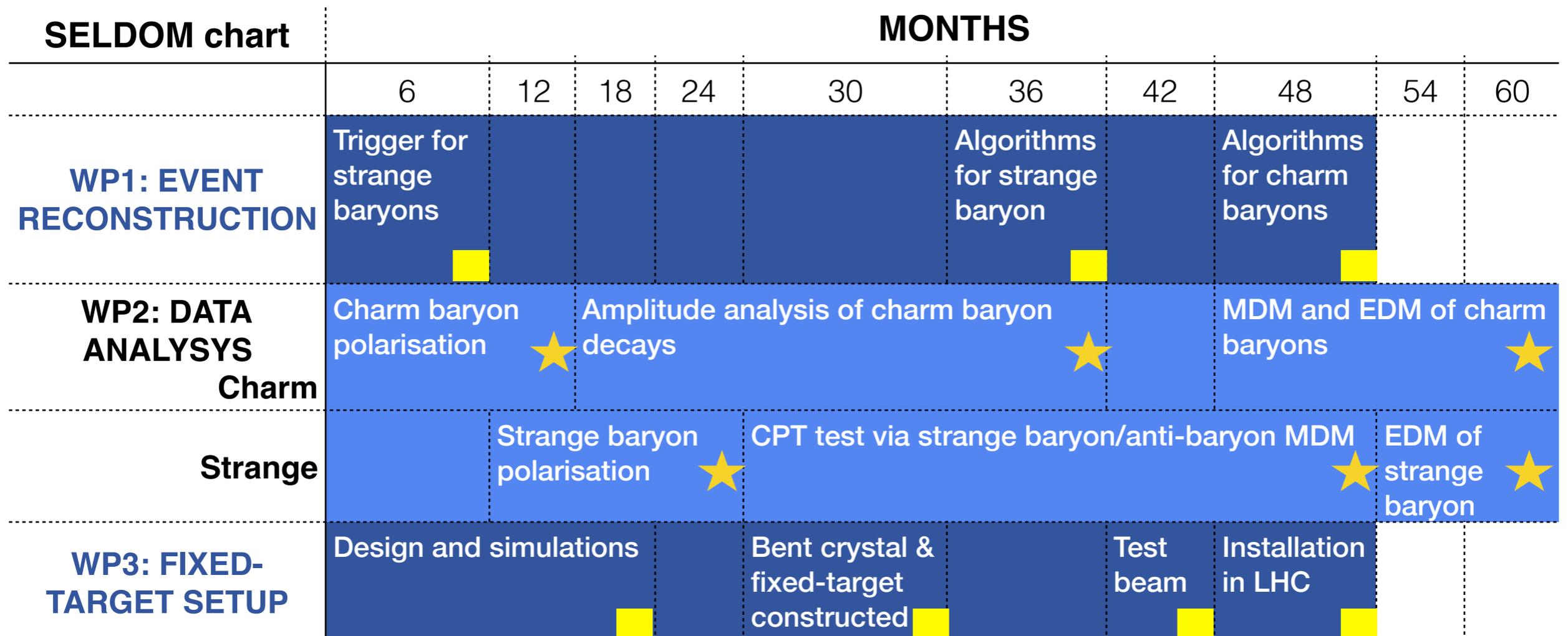
Composizione gruppo di ricerca 2019

Personale	FTE	LHCb (FTE)	TIMESPOT (FTE)	SELDOM (FTE)	Inquadramento
Aiola	1,0			1,0	AR INFN (UE)
Citterio	0,2	0,2	0,0		Dirigente Tecnologo
Coelli	0,4	0,3		0,1	Tecnologo
Frontini	0,45		0,45		Dottorando
Fu	1,0	1,0			AR UniMi
Gandini	1,0	0,6	0,3	0,1	Ricercatore
Lazzaroni	0,3	0,3			PA
Liberali	0,3		0,3		PA
Marangotto	1,0	0,7		0,3	Dottorando
Merli	1,0	1,0			Dottorando
Neri	1,0	0,2	0,2	0,6	Ricercatore
Palombo	0	0			PA in pensione
Petruzzo	1,0	0,7	0,3		AR INFN
Riboldi	0,2		0,2		RU
Spadaro	1,0	0,7		0,3	Dottorando
Stabile	0,05		0,05		RTDA
PostDoc	1,0		1,0		AR (CALL CSN5)
Tot. (FTE)	10,9	5,7	2,8	2,4	

Backup

Organisation of activities

- ▶ Work organised in 3 Work Packages (WP)

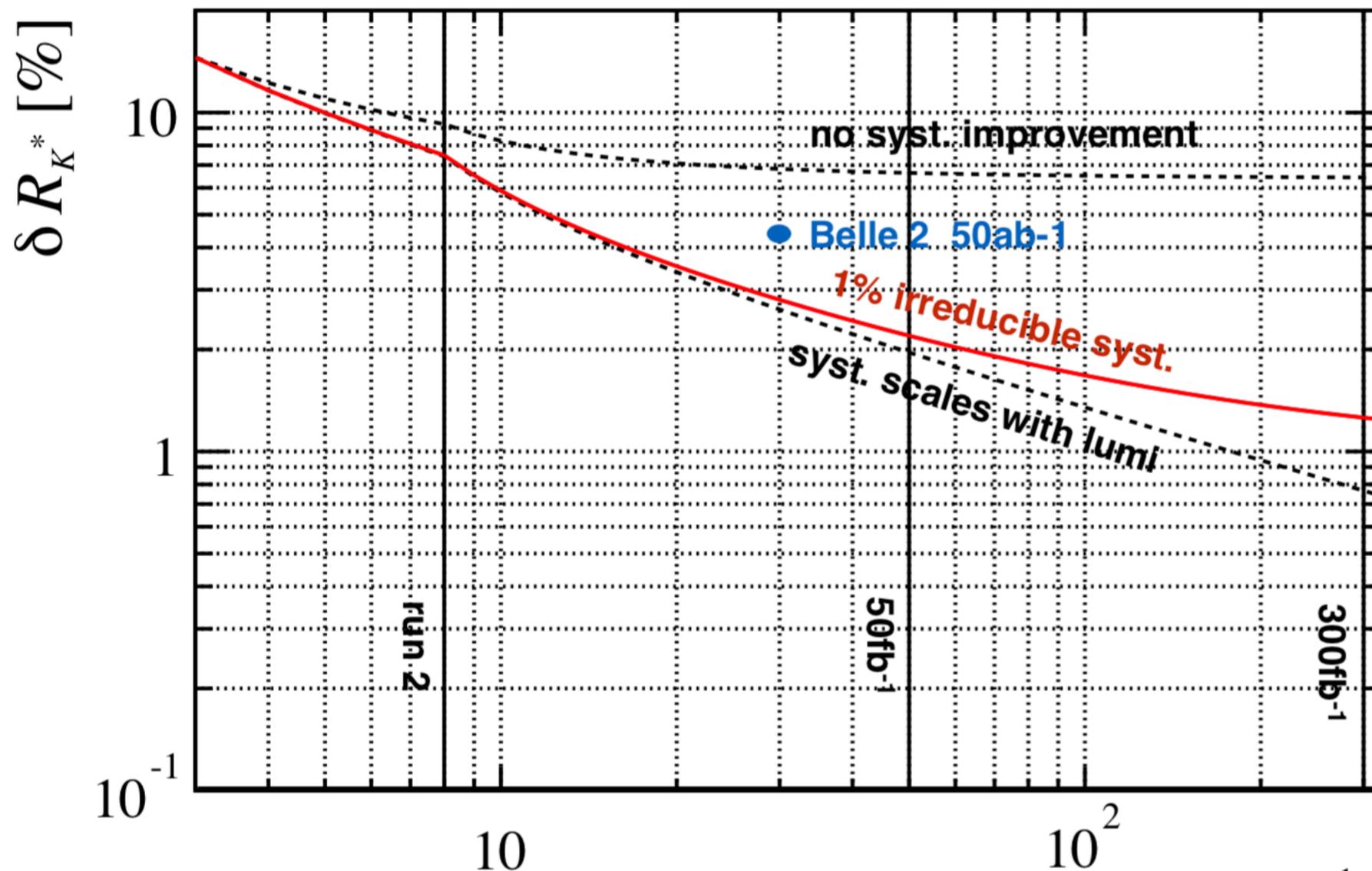


- ▶ Control of project progress with milestones ■ milestone
- ▶ Intermediate measurements beyond state of art ★ measurement

WP activities

- ▶ WP1: event reconstruction
 - development of trigger strategies and reconstruction algorithms for long-lived Λ baryons and short-lived Λ_c^+ baryons
- ▶ WP2: data analysis
 - develop analysis techniques for the measurement of physics observables
- ▶ WP3: fixed-target setup
 - design, construction, test and installation in LHCb

Evolution of R_{K^*} error



Assumption:
constant ECAL
performance

Systematics from
limited modelling of
bremsstrahlung

Reduced material
before the magnet
would help

Observable ($1.1 < q^2 < 6.0 \text{ GeV}^2/c^4$)		Run 1 result	8 fb^{-1}	50 fb^{-1}	300 fb^{-1}
R_K	$B^+ \rightarrow K e^+ e^-$	$0.745 \pm 0.090 \pm 0.036$ [313]	0.04	0.015	0.006
R_{K^*0}	$B^0 \rightarrow K^{*0} e^+ e^-$	$0.69 \pm 0.11 \pm 0.05$ [312]	0.06	0.020	0.008
R_ϕ	$B_s^0 \rightarrow \phi e^+ e^-$	–	0.13	0.05	0.02
R_{pK}	$\Lambda_b^0 \rightarrow p K e^+ e^-$	–	0.08	0.03	0.01
R_π	$B^+ \rightarrow \pi^+ e^+ e^-$	–	–	0.06	0.03

TIMESPOT: TIME SPace realtime Operating Tracker



Progetto call CSN5

Consiglio di Sezione

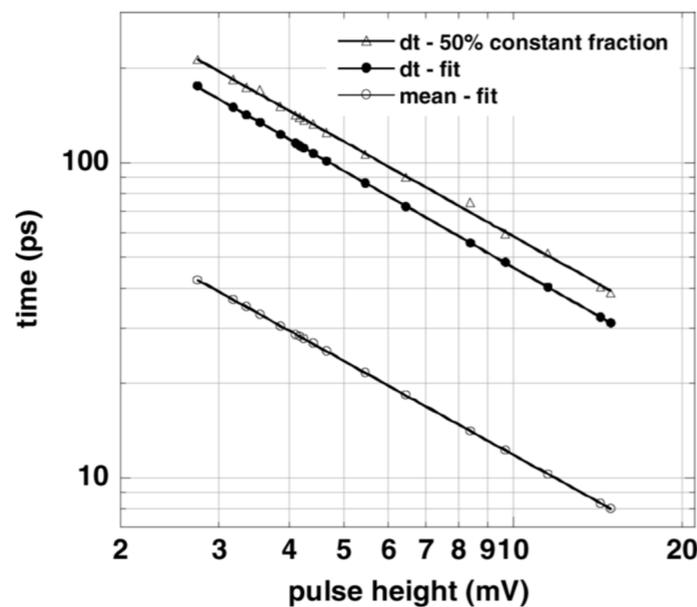
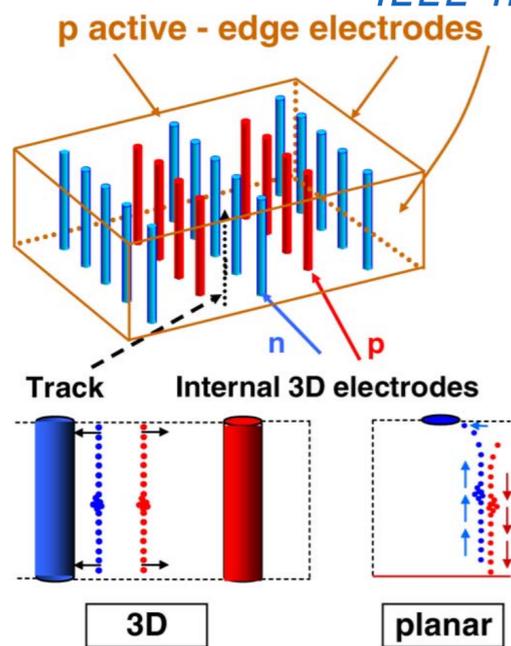
Milano, 9 luglio 2018

Rad-hard pixel detector for 4D real-time tracking

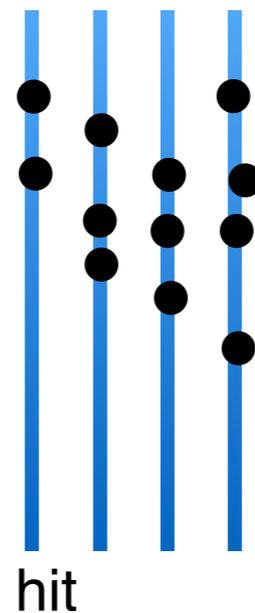
- ▶ For high luminosity LHC experiments
- ▶ Develop rad-hard pixel detector prototype with precise space ($<100 \mu\text{m}$) and time information ($<100 \text{ps}$)
- ▶ Real-time 4D tracking based on dedicated FPGA processors

3D silicon sensor technology: rad-hard $10^{16} n_{\text{eq}}/\text{cm}^2$, sub ns performance achievable

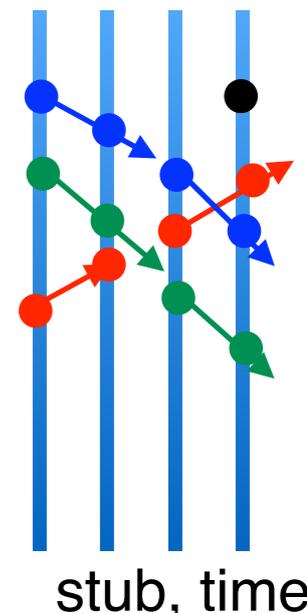
IEEE Trans. Nucl. Sci. 58 (2011) 404-417



Hits no time information



Stubs with time information



$$\bullet \vec{x} \longrightarrow \bullet \bullet \left(\vec{x}_1, \vec{x}_2, t_1, t_2 \right)$$

- ▶ Develop in the project:
 - ▶ Fast 3D silicon and diamond sensors
 - ▶ Front-end chip
 - ▶ DAQ board for real-time tracking

Milano contribution

- ▶ Responsabile nazionale A. Lai (Cagliari): 10 sezioni INFN, ~20 FTE, 6 work packages
- ▶ Milano activities (3 year project):
 - ▶ Front-end chip (V. Liberali, WP3 coordinator): design, production and test of chip prototype
 - ▶ Fast tracking device: (N. Neri, WP4 coordinator): simulation, test of the performance on FPGA, design of optimised board
 - ▶ System integration and test: prototype characterisation in laboratory and on beam
- ▶ Additional resources: 1 PostDoc (2 years AdR, 46 kEuro), travelling 36 kEuro

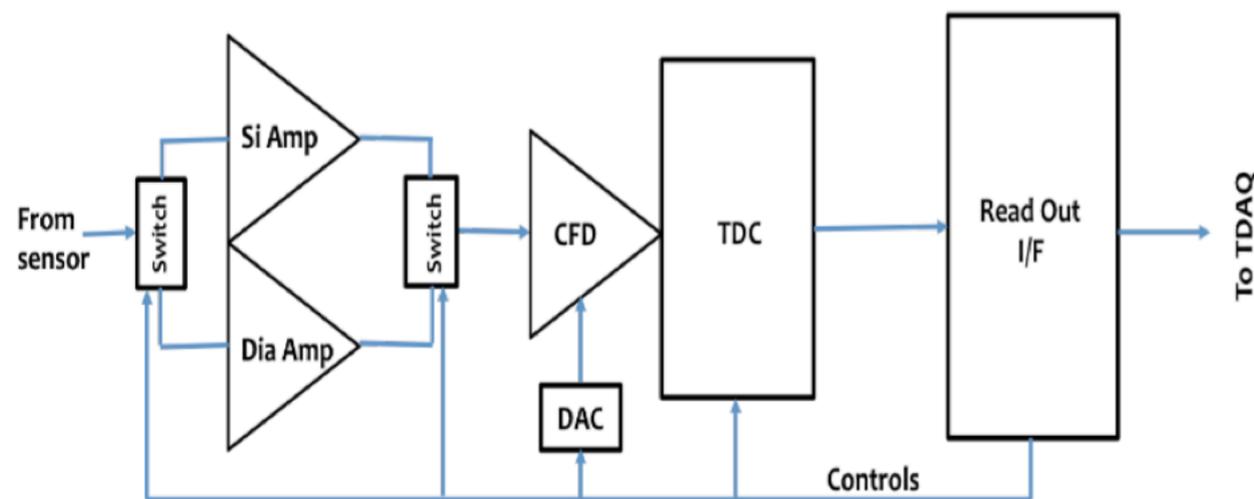
- 1.WP1: 3D silicon sensors (Dalla Betta, TN)
- 2.WP2: 3D diamond sensors (Sciortino, FI)
- 3.WP3: Front-end chip (Liberali, MI)
- 4.WP4: Fast tracking device (Neri, MI)
- 5.WP4: High speed DAQ (Gabrielli, BO)
- 6.WP6: System integration and test (Cardini, CA)

Composizione gruppo di ricerca Milano

Personale	TIMESPOT(FTE)	Inquadramento
M. Citterio	0,0	Dirigente Tecnologo
L. Frontini	0,45	Dottorando UniMi
P. Gandini	0,2	Ricercatore INFN
V. Liberali	0,3	PA UniMi
N. Neri	0,3	Ricercatore INFN, Resp. Loc.
M. Petruzzo	0,3	Dottorando UniMi
S. Riboldi	0,2	Ricercatore UniMi
A. Stabile	0,05	RTDA UniMi
PostDoc	1,0	AR Call
Tot. (FTE)	2,8	

Activities in Milano

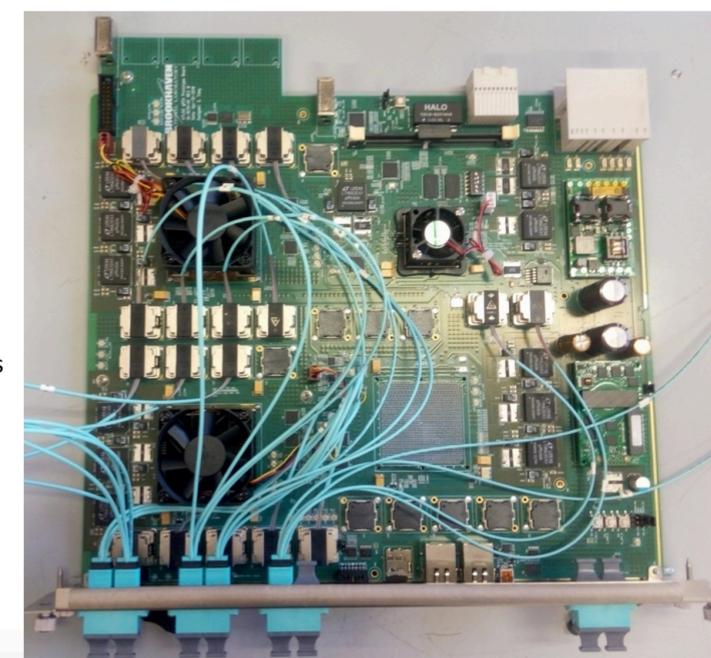
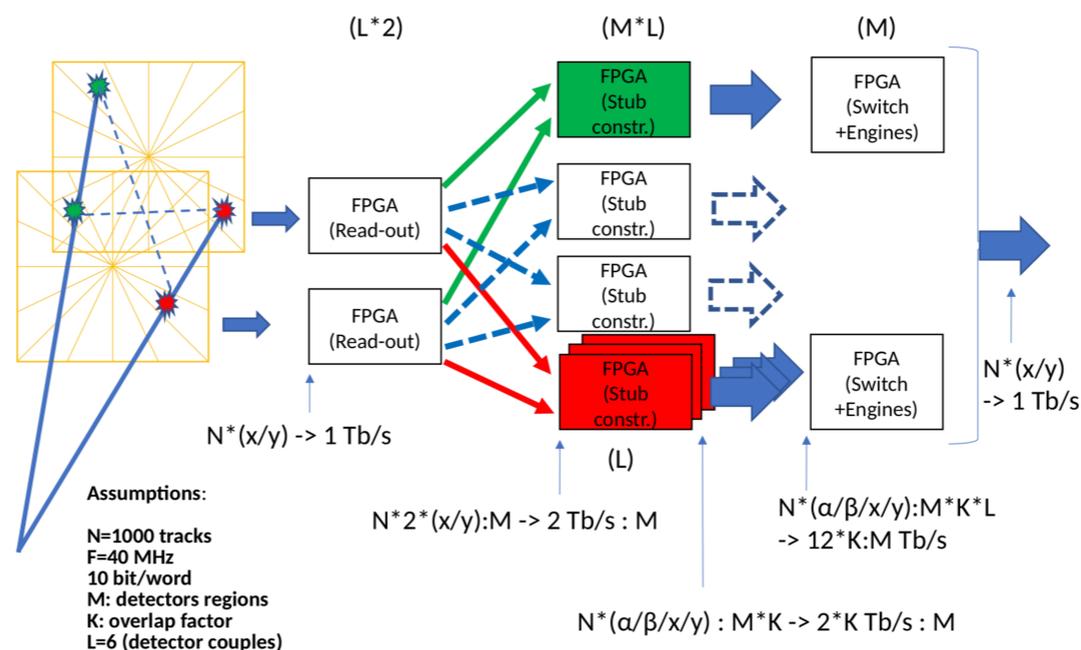
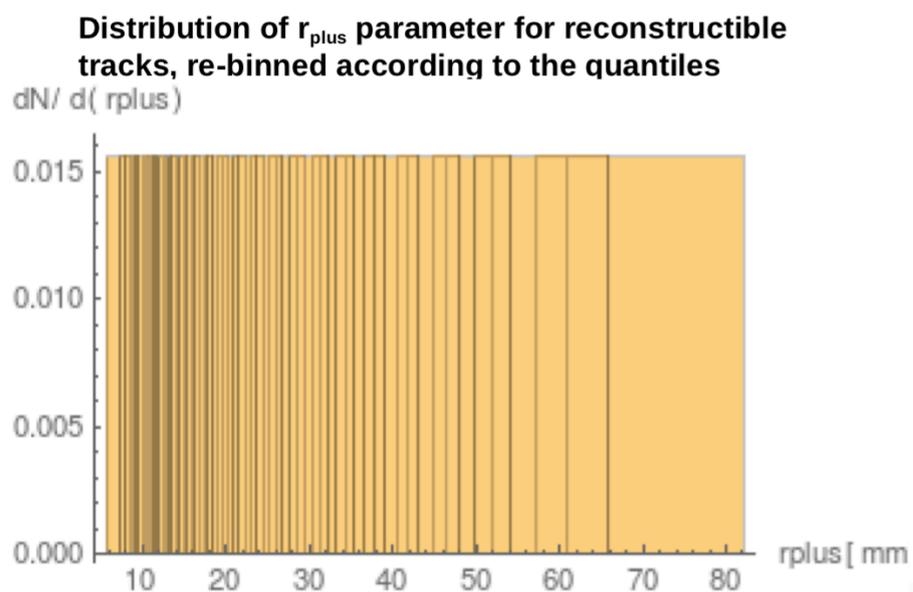
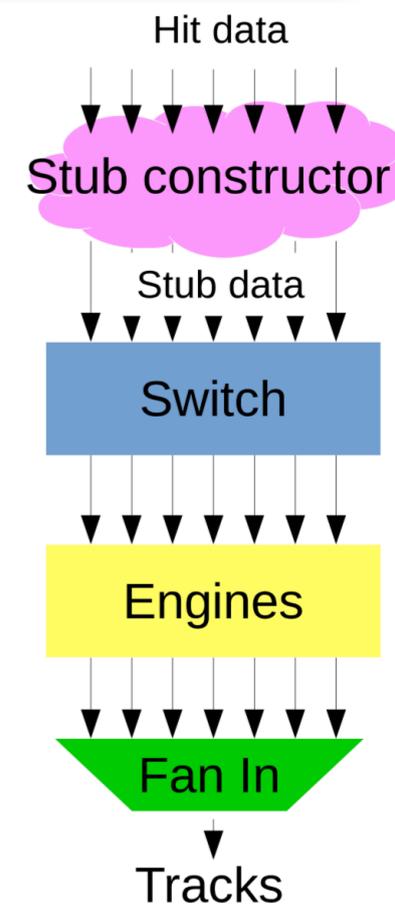
- ▶ WP2: design of ASIC in 28nm TSMC CMOS technology
- ▶ Preparing first mini@asic submission in Oct 2018



	Cagliari	Milano	Torino
CSA			×
Discriminator			×
TDC	×		
DAC	×	×	
BandGap		×(+BG)	
LVDS		×(+BG)	
OpAmp (Voltage Buffer)	×	×	
Standard cells		×	
[Digital I/F]			

Activities in Milano

- ▶ WP4: fast tracking device
- ▶ Tracking algorithm optimisation ✓
- ▶ Architecture design ✓
- ▶ Implementation in hardware ✓
- ▶ Test (in progress)



Richieste

- ▶ Mini asic 28nm TSMC (2nd prod), 22 kEuro
- ▶ IC verification at IMEC, 5 kEuro
- ▶ Packaging for standalone IC test, 5 kEuro
- ▶ AR, 23 kEuro
- ▶ FMC card + optical fibers, 3 kEuro
- ▶ Travel expenses, 14 kEuro