

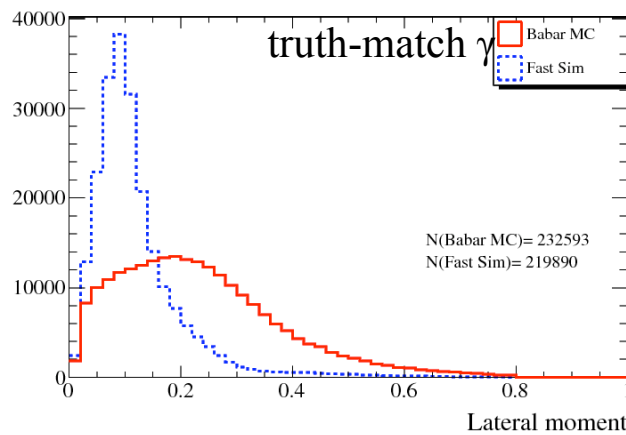
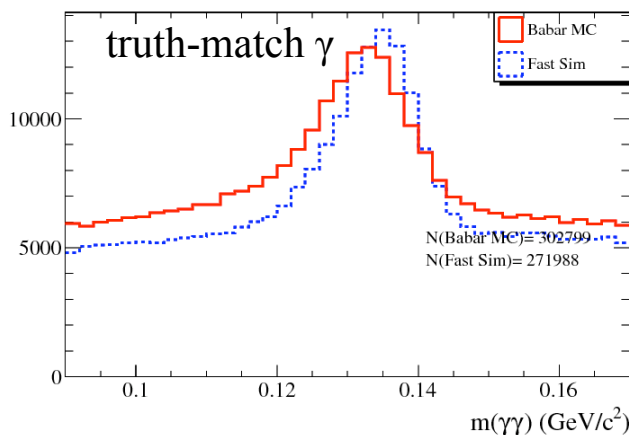
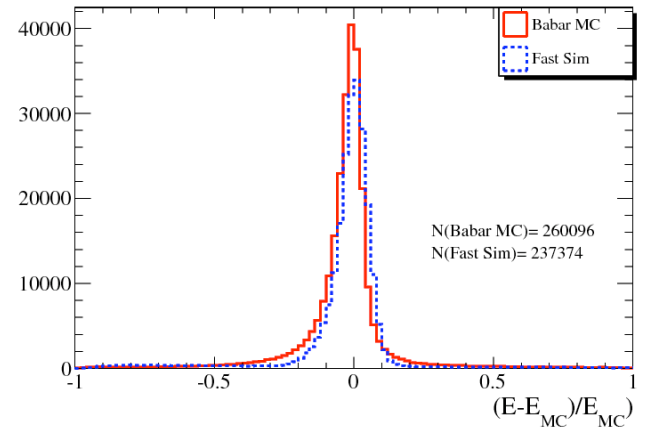
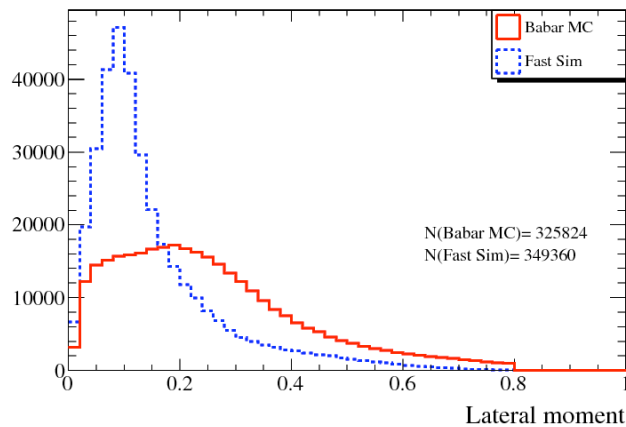
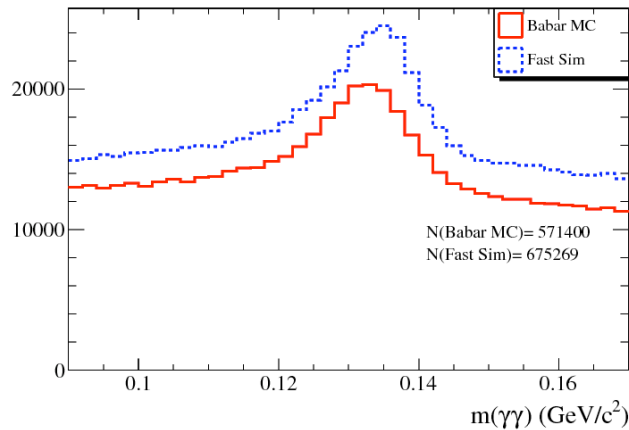
# EMC Fastsim Validation/Tuning

*Chih-hsiang Cheng*  
*Caltech*

SuperB Fast Simulation Meeting  
2009/06/04

# Comparison with BaBar MC

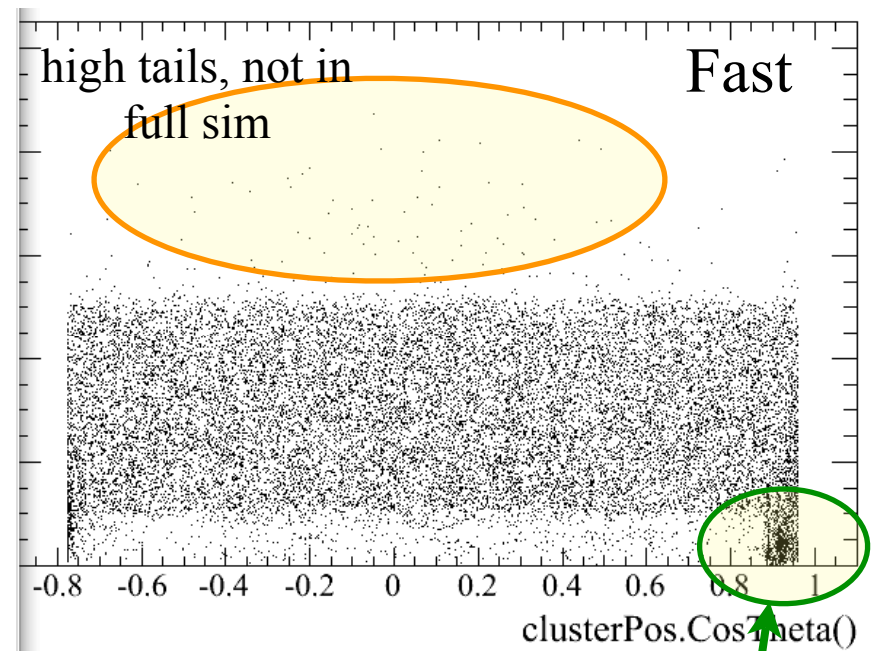
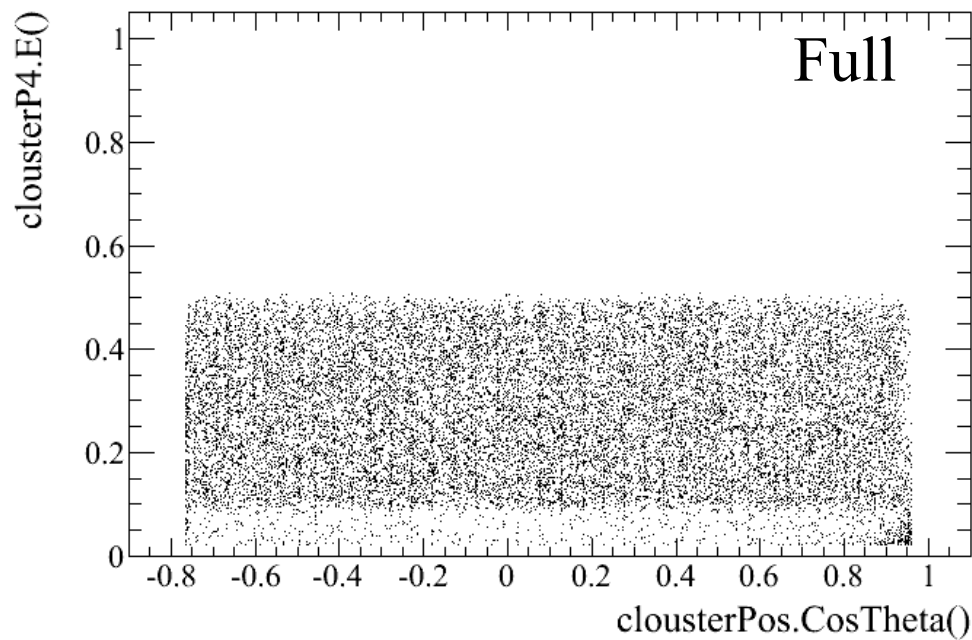
- Using fastsim V0.0.4, reconstruct  $\pi^0 \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$  in generic B events
  - ▶ GoodPhotonLoose,  $0.001 < \text{LAT} < 0.8$ ,  $E_\gamma > 0.3$ .



- Energy resolution is a little too good; mean is a bit higher in fastsim.
- LAT is too small.
- $\gamma$  efficiency is smaller (after truth match)
- Too many neutrals?

# Comparisons using single $\gamma$

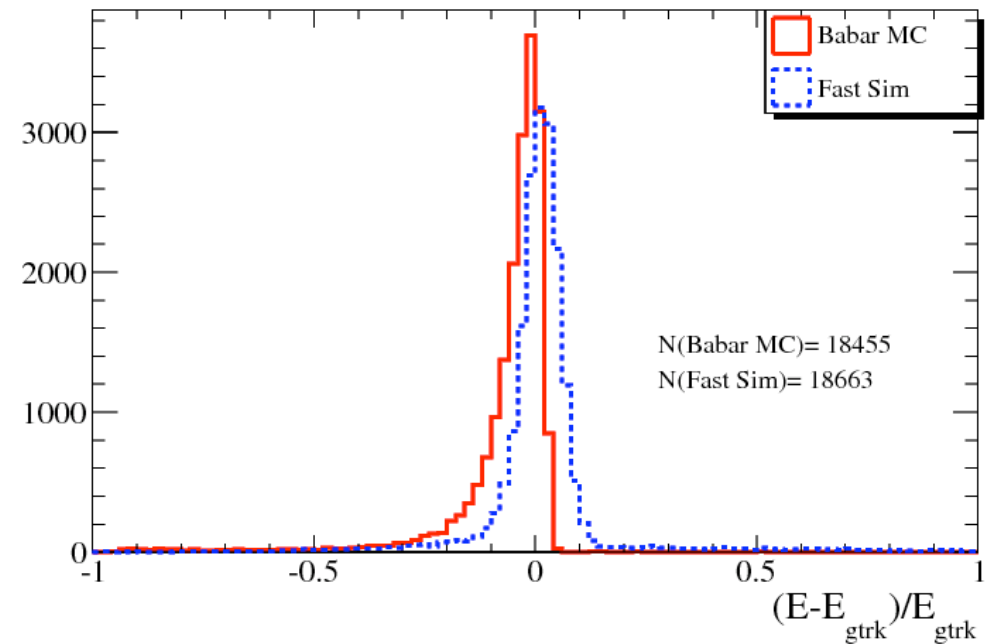
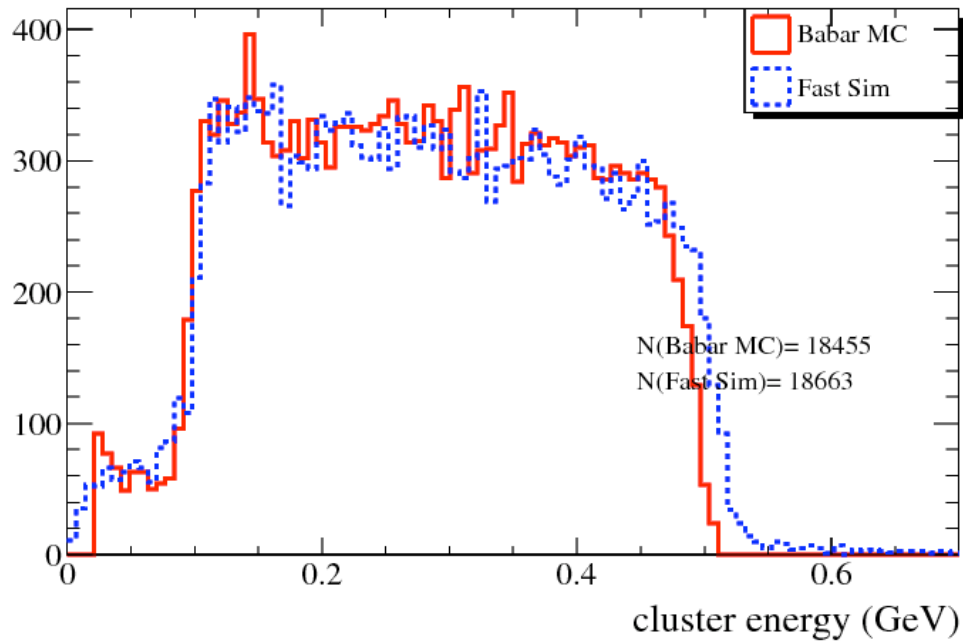
- Generate  $100\text{MeV} < E_\gamma < 500\text{MeV}$ , flat in  $E_\gamma, \cos\theta, \phi$ . No background mixing in full sim.



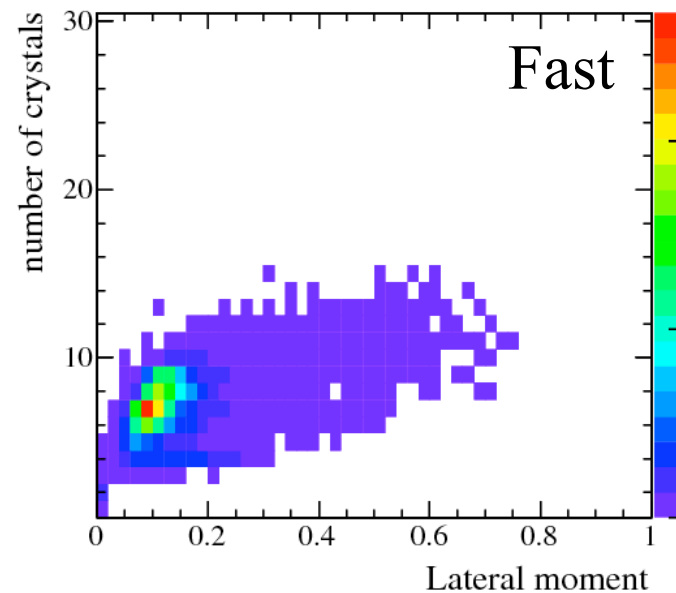
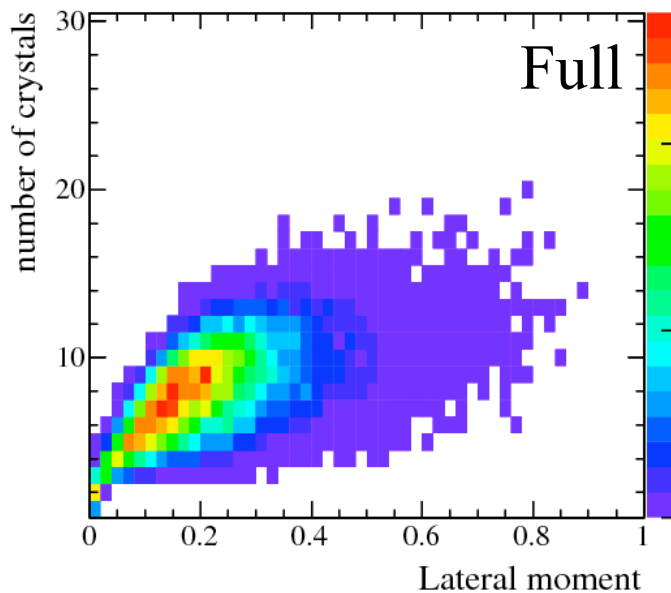
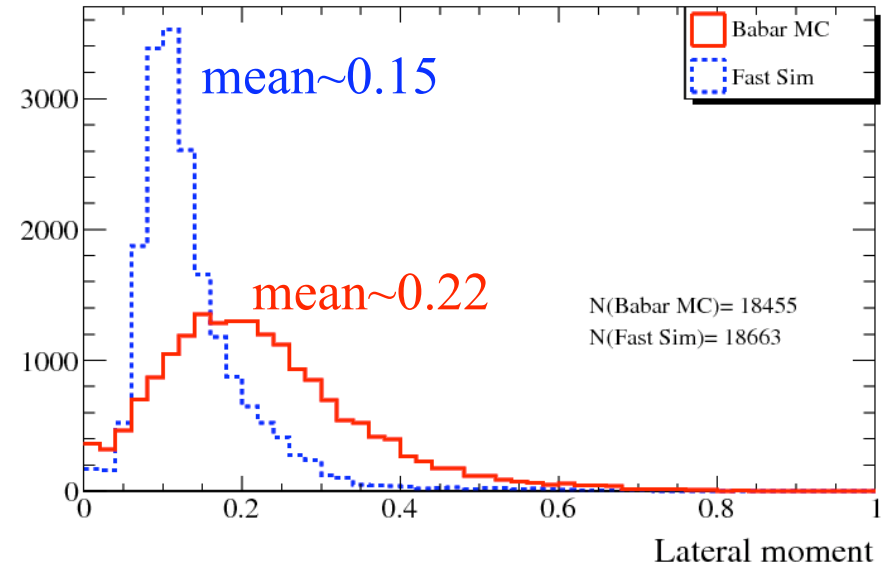
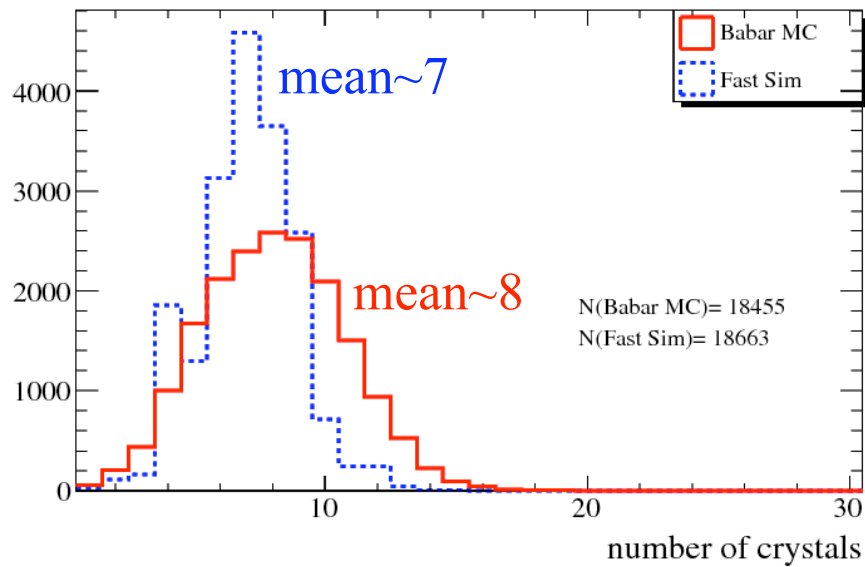
Due to small loopers

# Single $\gamma$ continues - E resolution

- Only look at the barrel from now on.

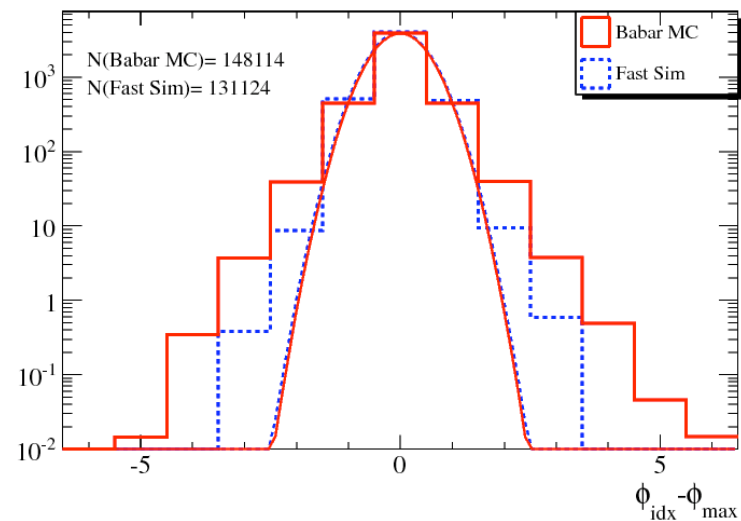
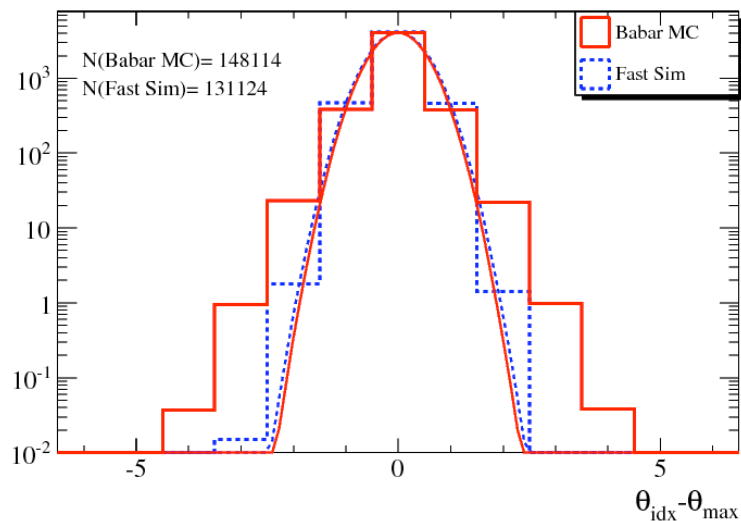


# Number of crystals & LAT



# Crystal distribution

- Accumulate all clusters; crystal weighted by its energy; plot the  $\theta$  and  $\phi$  indexes with respect to the peak crystal.



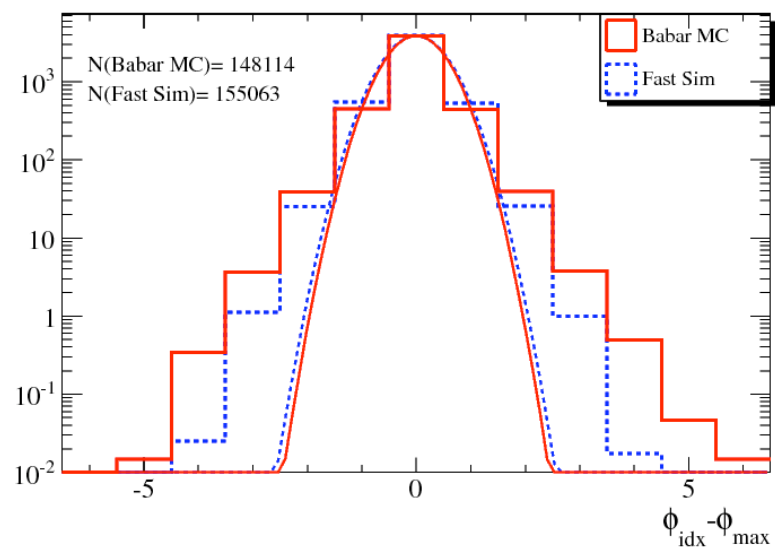
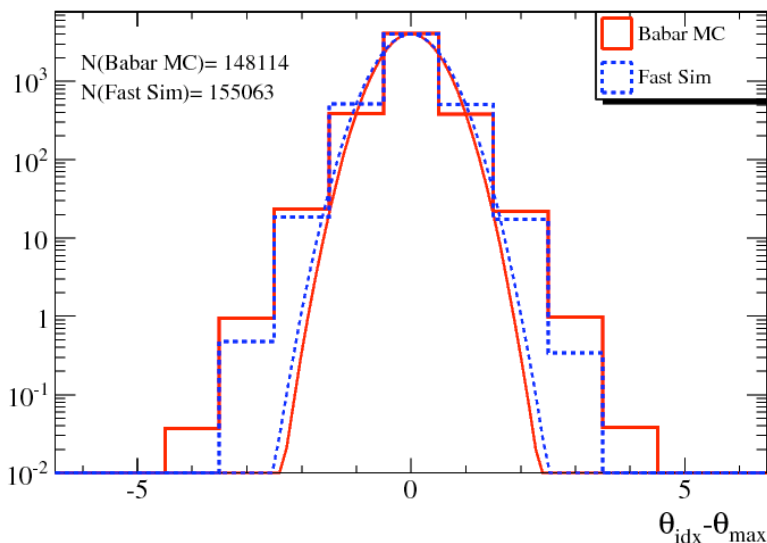
- ◆ Fits to Gaussian are very similar, indicating core is simulated well
  - ➔ however, lateral moment is sensitive to tails.
- ◆ Fastsim is based on  $f(r) = 2rR^2 / (r^2 + R^2)^2$  [PDG], whose tail falls much slower than shown here, but crystal energy has a 1 MeV cutoff.
- ◆ What is causing the full sim's tail? Electronic noise?

Moliere radius =  $3R = 3.7\text{cm}$  for CsI

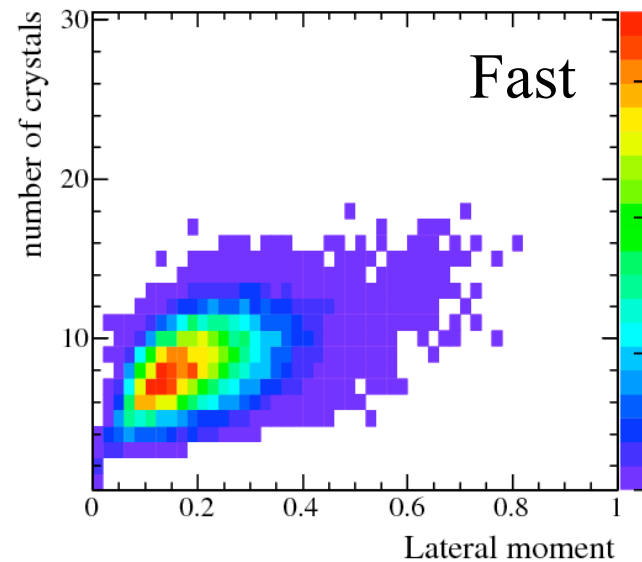
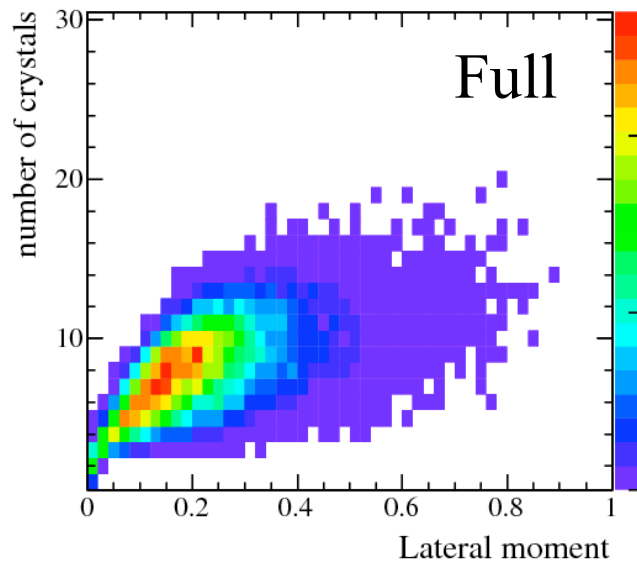
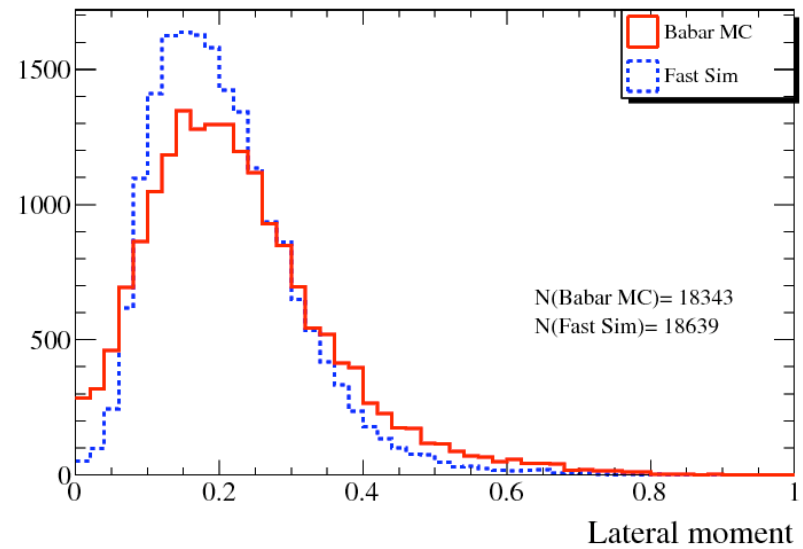
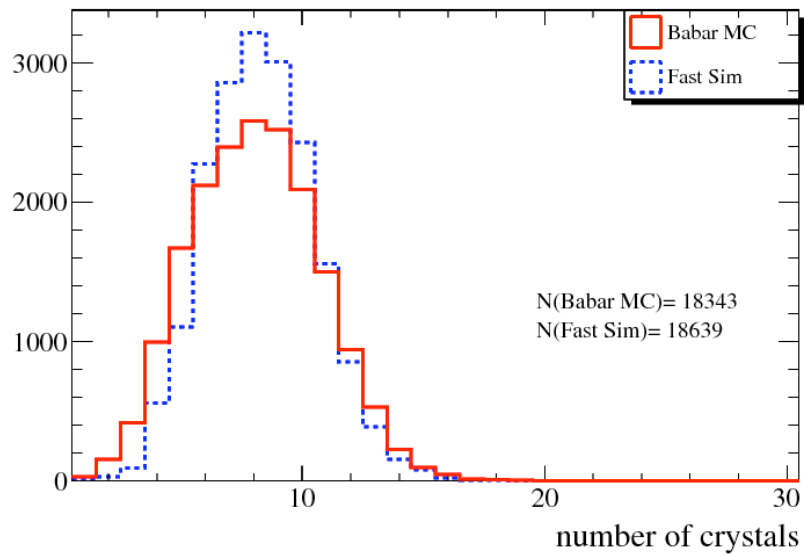
Simulating electronic noise is probably too much for fast sim.

# The solution

- I tried several modifications (add left-right asymmetry, add a tail that falls slower than  $f(r)$ , etc.). None of these that based on a smooth function are satisfactory.
- The solution that seems to work is to add a small fraction of “random-walk” cluster.
  - ▶ Add  $(10 \pm 10)\%$  of random-walk cluster, that on average has a Gaussian profile of  $\sigma=7.5\text{cm}$ .

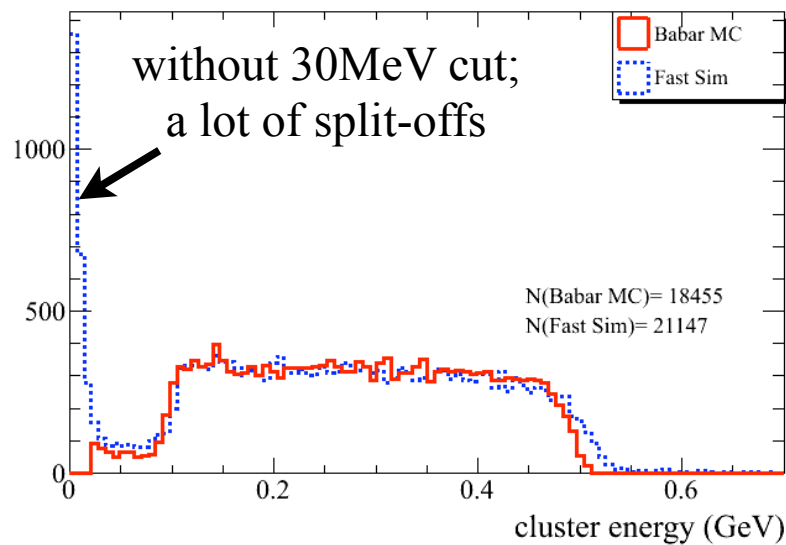
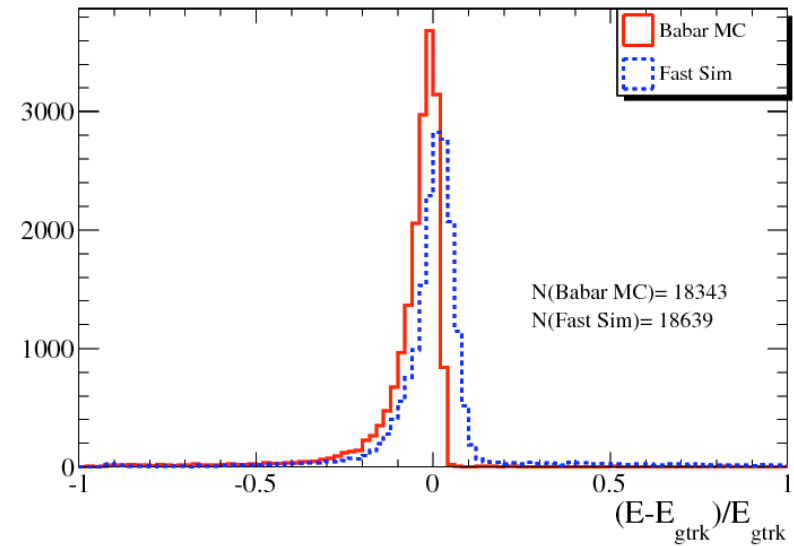
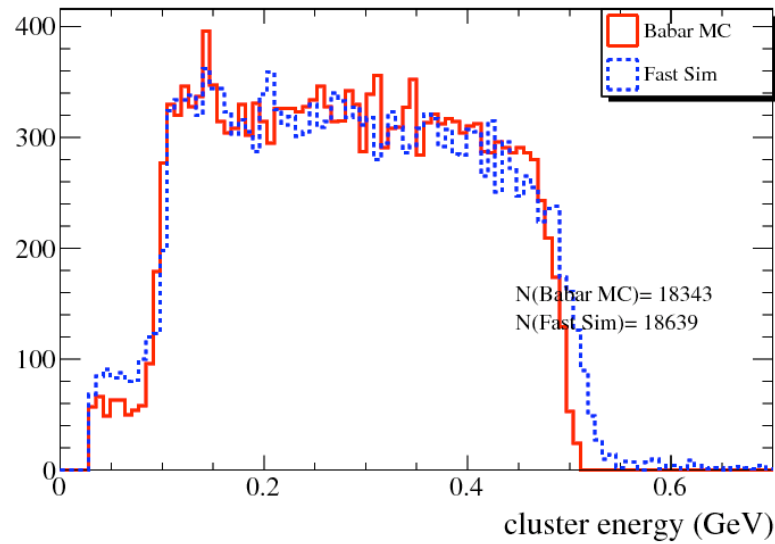


# Much better agreement in n&LAT

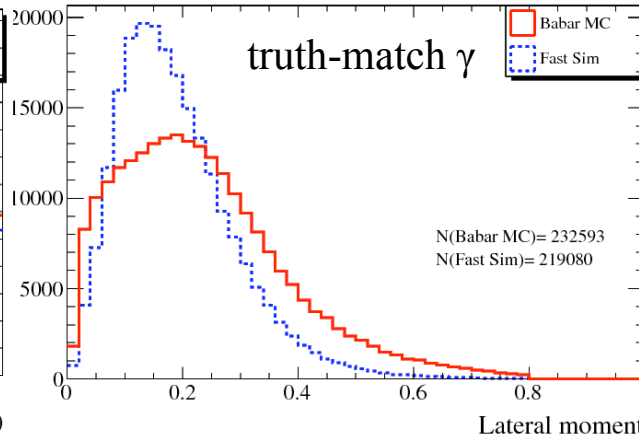
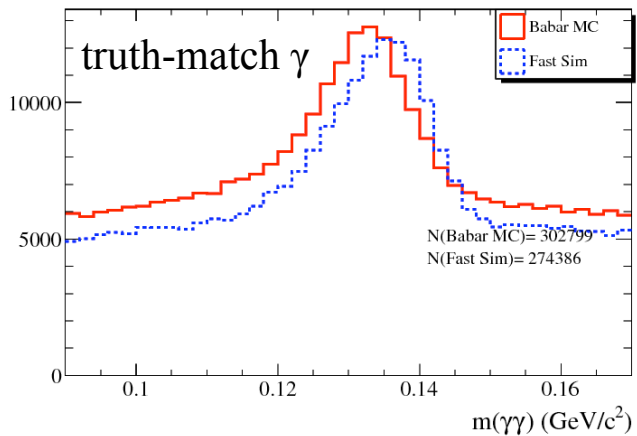
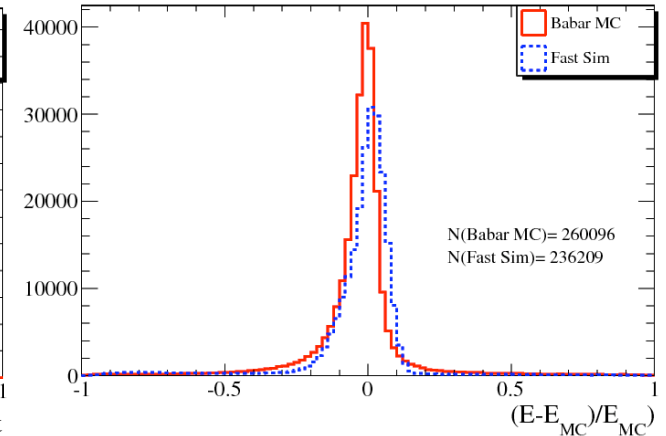
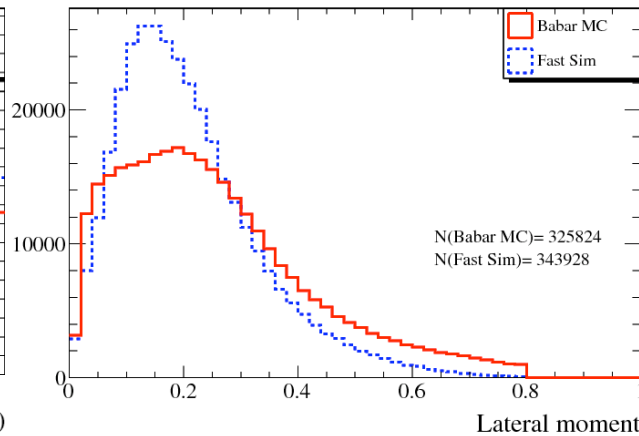
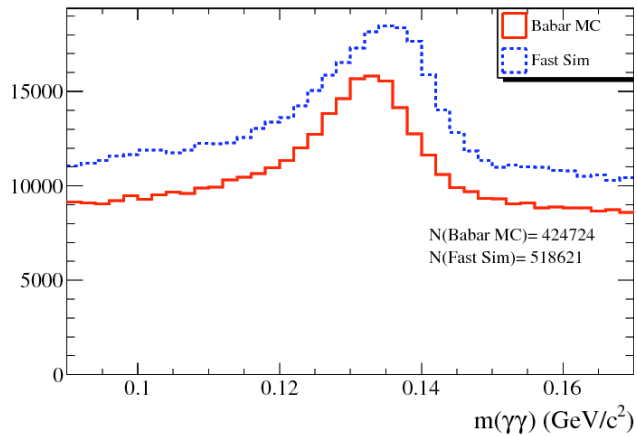




# Energy resolution



# BBbar MC again



- LAT is better.
- Other symptoms are still there.

# Conclusions

- Photon LAT distribution is improved.
  - ▶ However, it slows down a lot ( $>30\%$  for  $BB\bar{b}$  events), need to optimize code.
- Many other discrepancies need investigation:
  - ▶ Long positive tail in single  $\gamma$  resolution.
  - ▶ Too many non- $\gamma$  neutrals (track-matching inefficiency?).
  - ▶ Low  $\gamma$  efficiency (truth matching problem?).