

Machine Learning inference with the BondMachine project

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Outline

- 1 Introduction
 - FPGA
- 2 The BondMachine project
 - Architectures handling
 - Architectures molding
 - Bondgo
 - Basm
 - API
 - Clustering
 - Accelerators
 - Misc
- 3 Machine Learning with the BondMachine
 - Train
 - BondMachine creation
 - Simulation
 - Accelerator
 - Benchmark
- 4 Optimizations
- 5 Conclusions and Future directions

Introduction

1 Introduction FPGA

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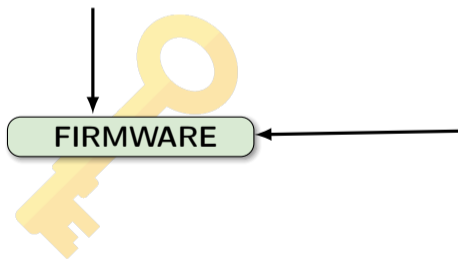
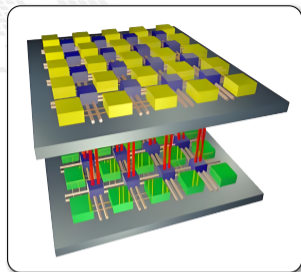
4 Optimizations

5 Conclusions and Future directions

FPGA

A field programmable gate array (FPGA) is an integrated circuit whose logic is re-programmable.

- Parallel computing
- Highly specialized
- Energy efficient



- Array of programmable logic blocks
- Logic blocks configurable to perform complex functions
- The configuration is specified with the hardware description language

Integration of neural networks on FPGA

FPGAs are playing an increasingly important role in the industry sampling and data processing.



Deep Learning



In the industrial field

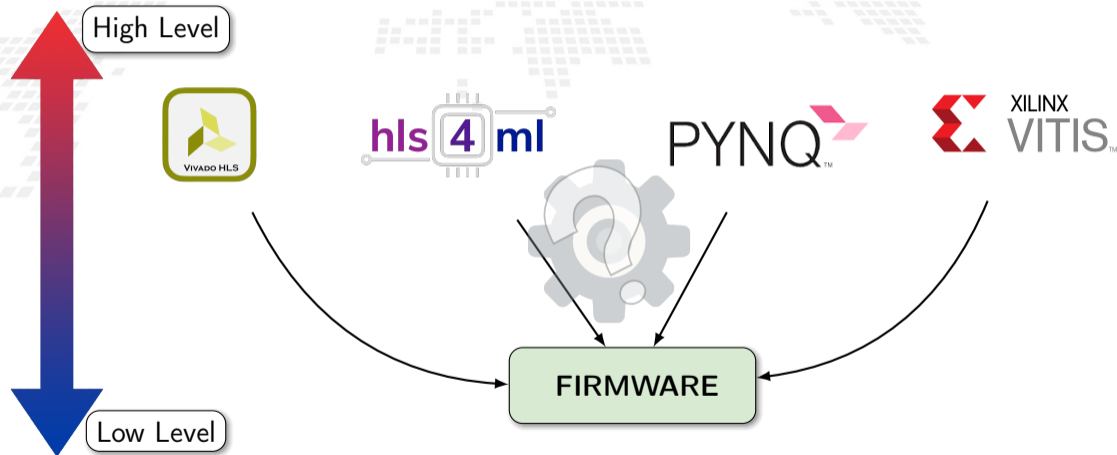
- Intelligent vision;
- Financial services;
- Scientific simulations;
- Life science and medical data analysis;

In the scientific field

- Real time deep learning in particle physics;
- Hardware trigger of LHC experiments;
- And many others ...

Firmware generation

Many projects have the goal of abstracting the firmware generation and use process.



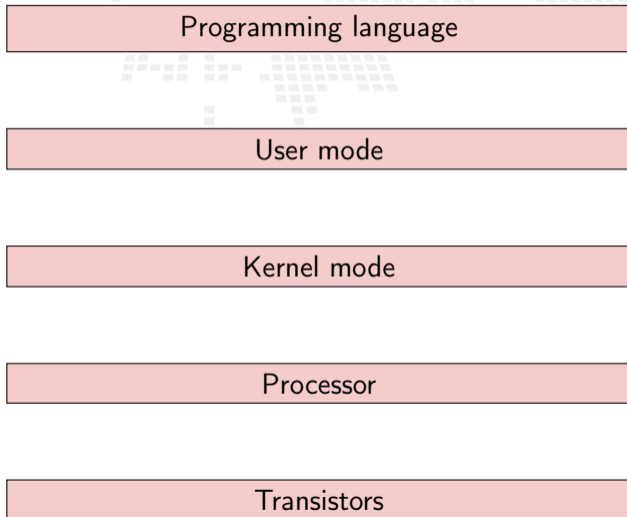
Layer, Abstractions and Interfaces

A Computing system is a matter of abstraction and interfaces. A lower layer exposes its functionalities (via interfaces) to the above layer hiding (abstraction) its inner details.

The quality of a computing system is determined by how abstractions are simple and how interfaces are clean.

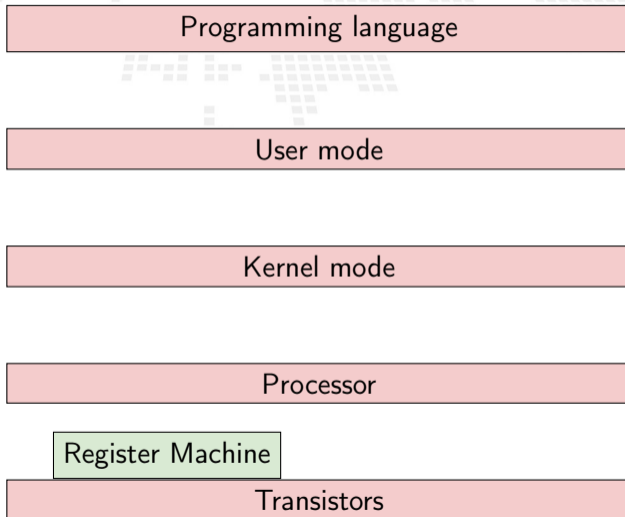
Layers, Abstractions and Interfaces

An example



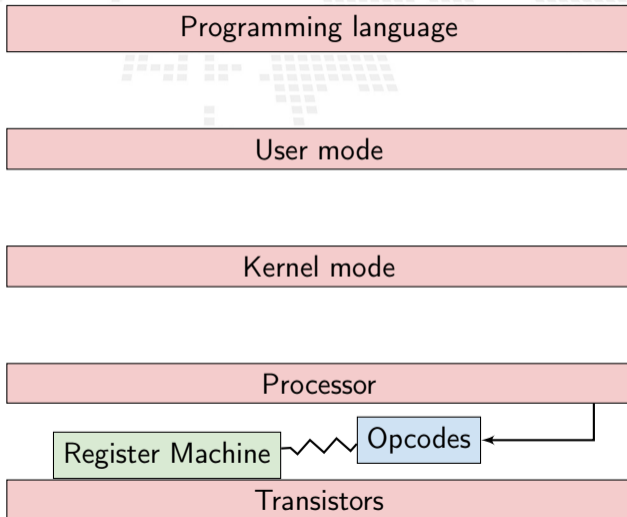
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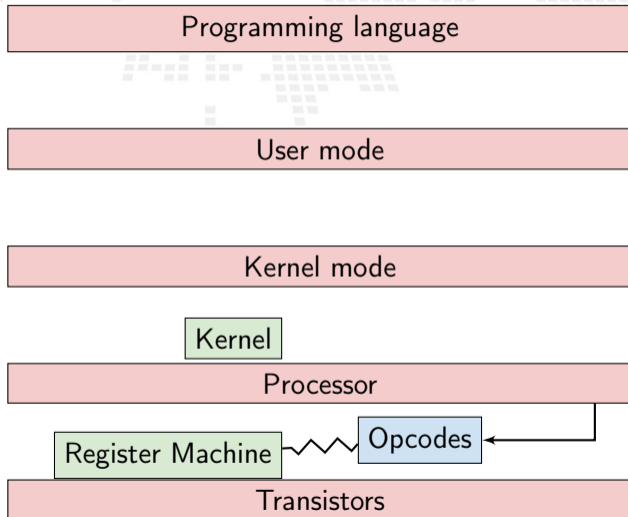
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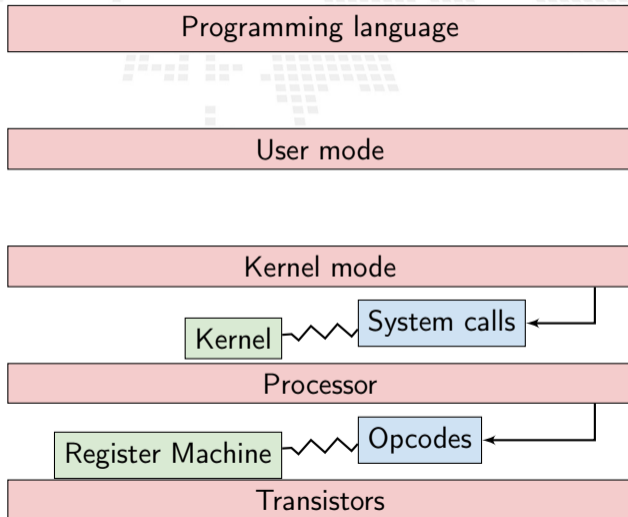
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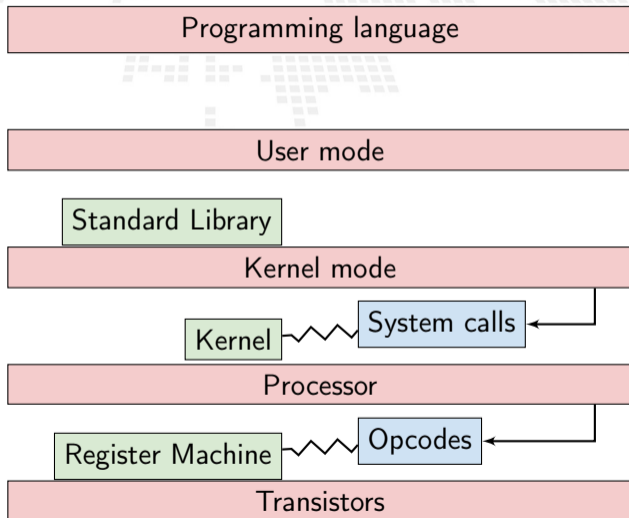
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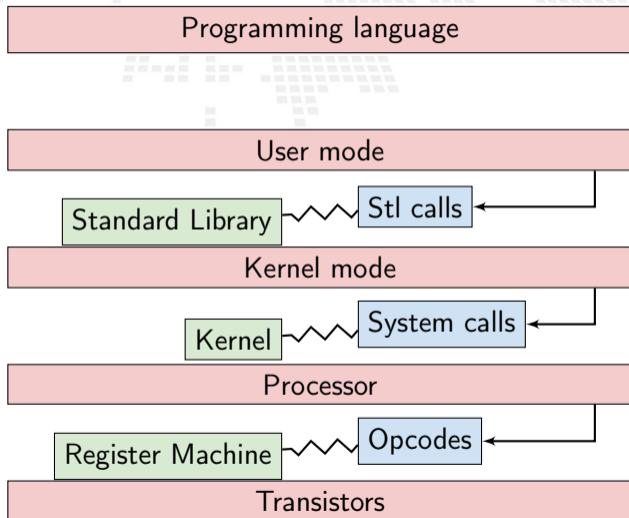
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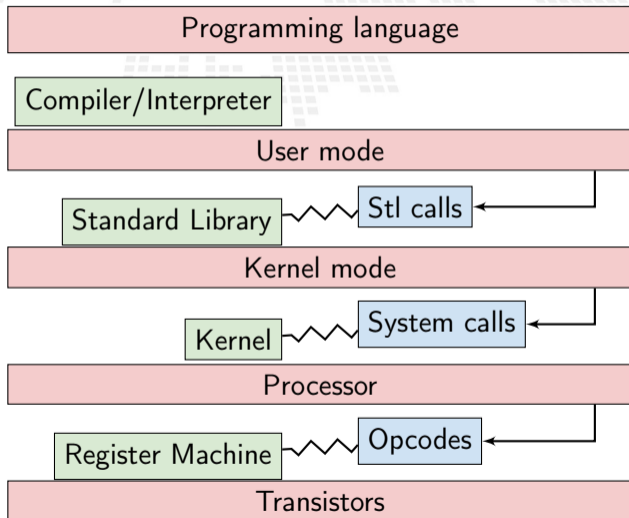
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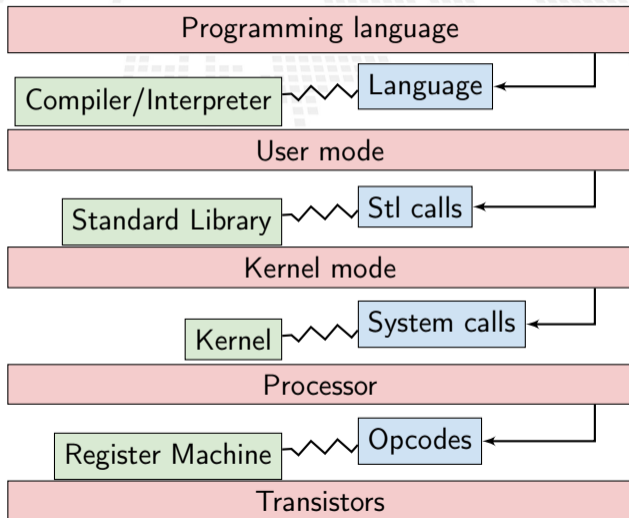
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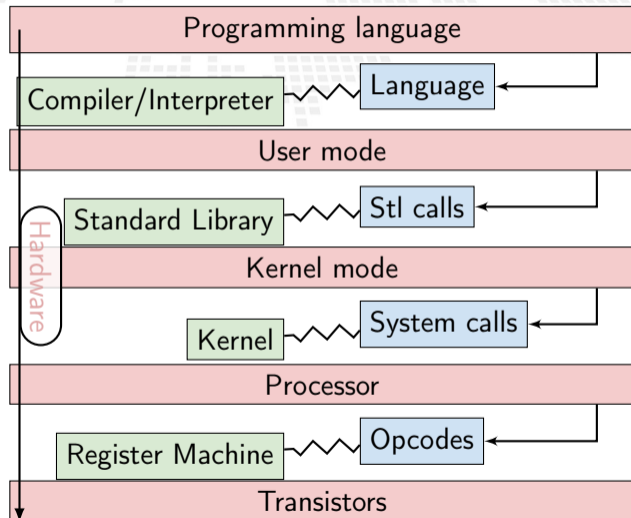
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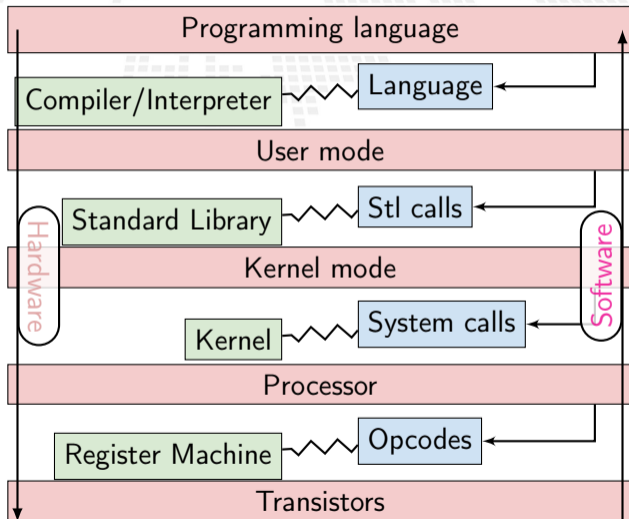
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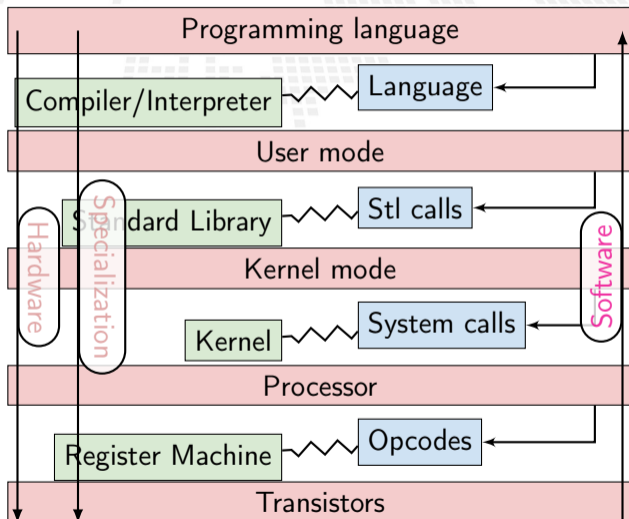
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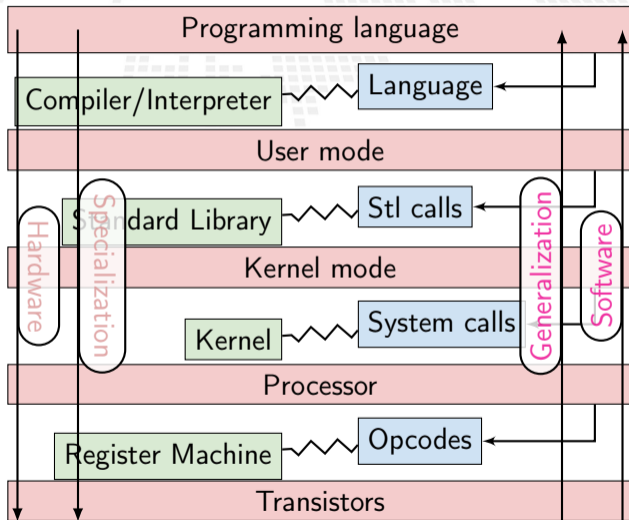
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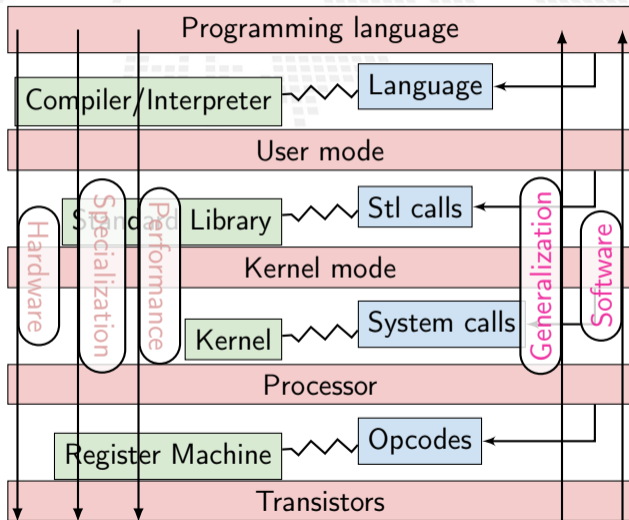
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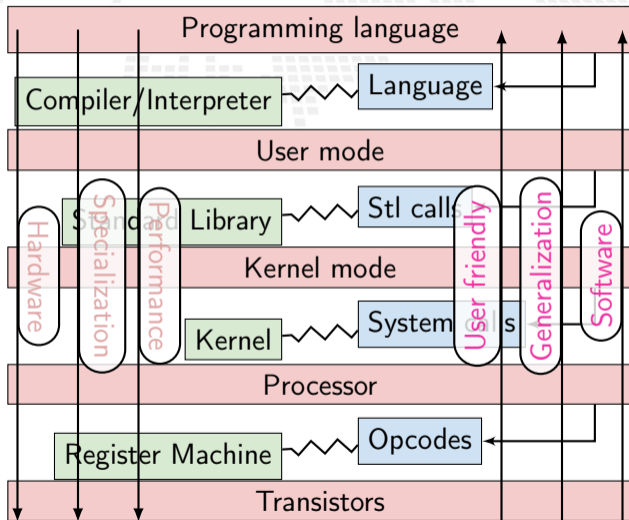
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The BondMachine project

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The BondMachine

High level sources: Go, TensorFlow, NN, ...

Building a new kind of computer architecture (multi-core and heterogeneous both in cores types and interconnections) which dynamically adapt to the specific computational problem rather than be static.

BM architecture Layer

FPGA

Concurrency
and Specializa-
tion

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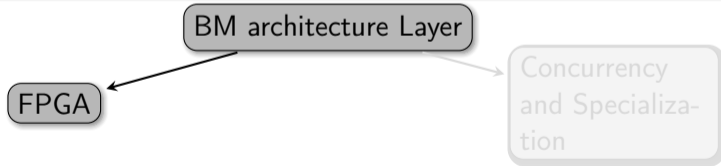
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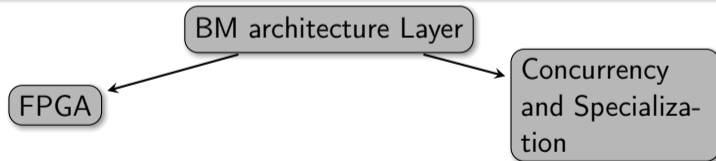
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Introducing the BondMachine (BM)

The **BondMachine** is a software ecosystem for the dynamic generation of computer architectures that:

- Are composed by many, possibly hundreds, computing cores.
- Have very small cores and not necessarily of the same type (different ISA and ABI).
- Have a not fixed way of interconnecting cores.
- May have some elements shared among cores (for example channels and shared memories).

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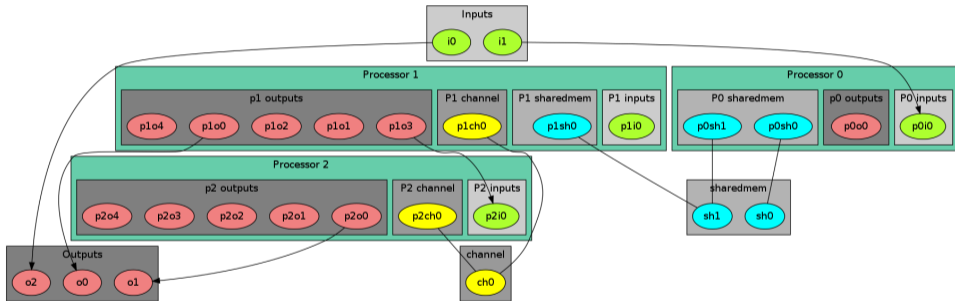
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The BondMachine

An example



Connecting Processor (CP)

The computational unit of the BM

The atomic computational unit of a BM is the “connecting processor” (CP) and has:

- Some general purpose registers of size R_{size} .
- Some I/O dedicated registers of size R_{size} .
- A set of implemented opcodes chosen among many available.
- Dedicated ROM and RAM.
- Three possible operating modes.

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General purpose registers

2^R registers: $r_0, r_1, r_2, r_3 \dots r_{2^R}$

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I/O specialized registers

N input registers: $i_0, i_1 \dots i_N$

M output registers: $o_0, o_1 \dots o_M$

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Full set of possible opcodes

adc,add,addf,addi,and,chn,chw,cil,cilc,cir,cirn,clc,clr,cpy,cset,dec,div,divf,dpc,expf,hit
hlt,i2r,i2rw,incc,inc,j,jc,je,jgt0f,jlt,jlte,jr,jz,lfsr82,lfsr162r,m2r,mod,mulc,mult,multf
nand,nop,nor,not,or,r2m,r2o,r2owa,r2owaa,r2s,r2v,r2vri,ro2r,ro2rri,rsc,rset,sic,s2r,saj,sbc
sub,wr,wwr,xnor,xor

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RAM and ROM

- 2^L RAM memory cells.
- 2^O ROM memory cells.

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Operating modes

- Full Harvard mode.
- Full Von Neuman mode.
- Hybrid mode.

Shared Objects (SO)

The non-computational element of the BM

Alongside CPs, BondMachines include non-computing units called “Shared Objects” (SO).

Examples of their purposes are:

- Data storage (Memories).
- Message passing.
- CP synchronization.

A single SO can be shared among different CPs. To use it CPs have special instructions (opcodes) oriented to the specific SO.

Four kind of SO have been developed so far: the [Channel](#), the [Shared Memory](#), the [Barrier](#) and a [Pseudo Random Numbers Generator](#).

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Handle BM computer architectures

The BM computer architecture is managed by a set of tools to:

- build a specify architecture
- modify a pre-existing architecture
- simulate or emulate the behavior
- generate the Hardware Description Language Code (HDL)

Processor Builder

Selects the single processor, assembles and disassembles, saves on disk as JSON, creates the HDL code of a CP

BondMachine Builder

Connects CPs and SOs together in custom topologies, loads and saves on disk as JSON, create BM's HDL code

Simulation Framework

Simulates the behaviour, emulates a BM on a standard Linux workstation

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Processor Builder

Procbuilder is the CP manipulation tool.

CP Creation

CP Load/Save

CP Assembler/Disassembler

CP HDL

Examples

(32 bit registers counter machine)

```
procbuilder -register-size 32 -opcodes clr,cpy,dec,inc,je,jz
```

(Input and Output registers)

```
procbuilder -inputs 3 -outputs 2 ...
```

Processor Builder

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CP HDL

Examples

(Loading a CP)

```
procbuilder -load-machine conproc.json ...
```

(Saving a CP)

```
procbuilder -save-machine conproc.json ...
```

Processor Builder

Procbuilder is the CP manipulation tool.

CP Creation

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Examples

(Assembling)

```
procbuilder -input-assembly program.asm ...
```

(Disassembling)

```
procbuilder -show-program-disassembled ...
```

Processor Builder

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CP HDL

Examples

(Create the CP RTL code in Verilog)

```
procbuilder -create-verilog ...
```

(Create testbench)

```
procbuilder -create-verilog-testbench test.v ...
```

BondMachine Builder

Bondmachine is the tool that compose CP and SO to form BondMachines.

BM CP insert and remove

BM SO insert and remove

BM Inputs and Outputs

BM Bonding Processors and/or IO

BM Visualizing or HDL

Examples

(Add a processor)

```
bondmachine -add-domains proc.json ... ; ... -add-processor 0
```

(Remove a processor)

```
bondmachine -bondmachine-file bmach.json -del-processor n
```

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Examples

(Add a Shared Object)

```
bondmachine -add-shared-objects specs ...
```

(Connect an SO to a processor)

```
bondmachine -connect-processor-shared-object ...
```


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Examples

(Adding inputs or outputs)

```
bondmachine -add-inputs ... ; bondmachine -add-outputs ...
```

(Removing inputs or outputs)

```
bondmachine -del-input ... ; bondmachine -del-output ...
```

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Examples

(Bonding processor)

```
bondmachine -add-bond p0i2,p1o4 ...
```

(Bonding IO)

```
bondmachine -add-bond i2,p0i6 ...
```

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Examples

(Visualizing)

```
bondmachine -emit-dot ...
```

(Create RTL code)

```
bondmachine -create-verilog ...
```

Toolchains

A set of toolchains allow the build and the direct deploy to a target device of BondMachines

Bondgo Toolchain main targets

A file `local.mk` contains references to the source code as well all the build necessities

- `make bondmachine` creates the JSON representation of the BM and assemble its code
- `make hdl` creates the HDL files of the BM
- `make show` displays a graphical representation of the BM
- `make simulate [simbatch]` start a simulation [batch simulation]
- `make bitstream [design_bitstream]` create the firmware [accelerator firmware]
- `make program` flash the device into the destination target

Simulation

An important feature of the tools is the possibility of simulating BondMachine behavior.

An event input file describes how BondMachines elements has to change during the simulation timespan and which one has to be reported.

The simulator can produce results in the form of:

- Activity log of the BM internal.
- Graphical representation of the simulation.
- Report file with quantitative data. Useful to construct metrics

Graphical simulation in action

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Graphical simulation in action

Emulation

The simulation facility is not necessarily used for debug purposes, it can be used also to run payloads without having a real FPGA.

The same engine that simulate BondMachines can be used as emulator.

Through the emulator BondMachines can be used on Linux workstations.

Molding the BondMachine

As stated before BondMachines are not general purpose architectures, and to be effective have to be shaped according the specific problem.

Several methods (apart from writing in assembly and building a BondMachine from scratch) have been developed to do that:

- *bondgo*: A new type of compiler that create not only the CPs assembly but also the architecture itself.
- *basm*: The BondMachine Assembler.
- A set of API to create BondMachine to fit a specific computational problems.
- An Evolutionary Computation framework to “grow” BondMachines according some fitness function via simulation.
- A set of tools to use BondMachine in Machine Learning.

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- An Evolutionary Computation framework to “grow” BondMachines according some fitness function via simulation.
- A set of tools to use BondMachine in Machine Learning.

Molding the BondMachine

As stated before BondMachines are not general purpose architectures, and to be effective have to be shaped according the specific problem.

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Use the BM computer architecture

Mapping specific computational problems to BMs

Symbond

Map symbolic
mathematical
expressions to BM

Boolbond

Map boolean systems
to BM

Matrixwork

Basic matrix
computation

Basm

The BondMachine
assembler

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Bondgo

The major innovation of the BondMachine Project is its compiler.

Bondgo is the name chosen for the compiler developed for the BondMachine.

The compiler source language is Go as the name suggest.

Bondgo

This is the standard flow when building computer programs

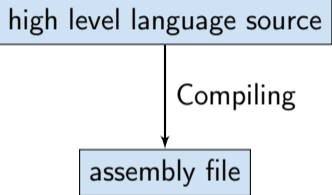
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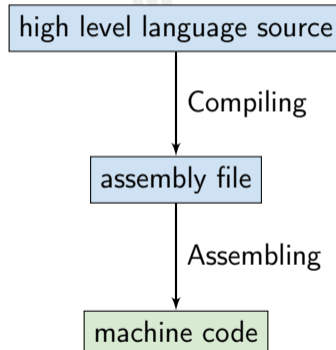
high level language source

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Bondgo does something different from standard compilers ...

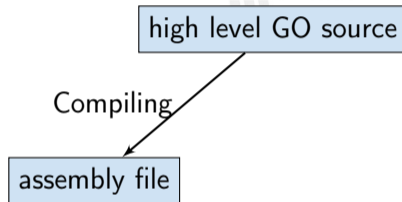
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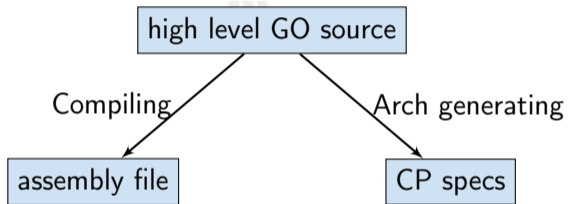
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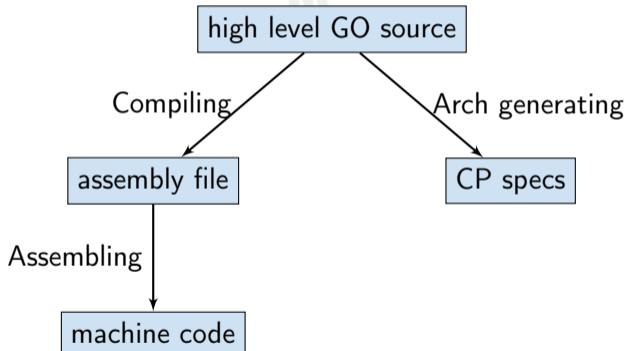
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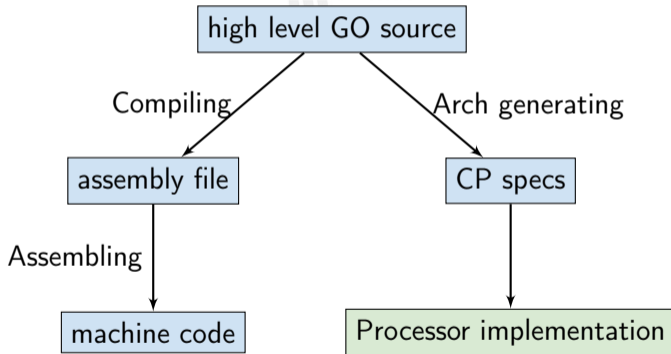
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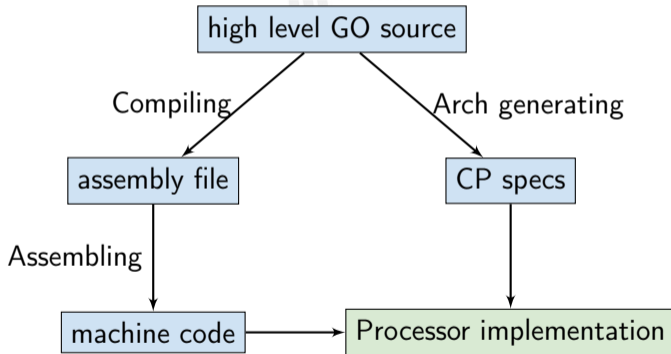
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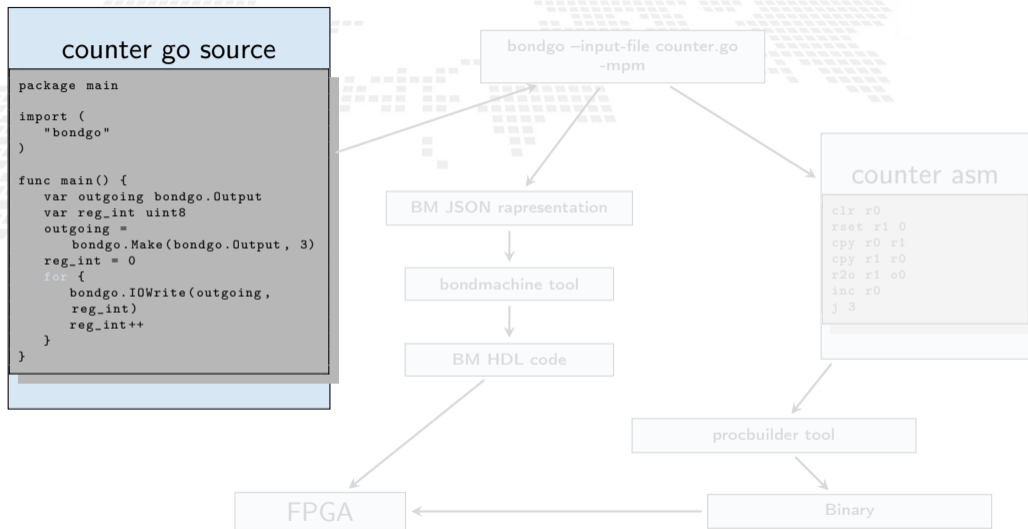


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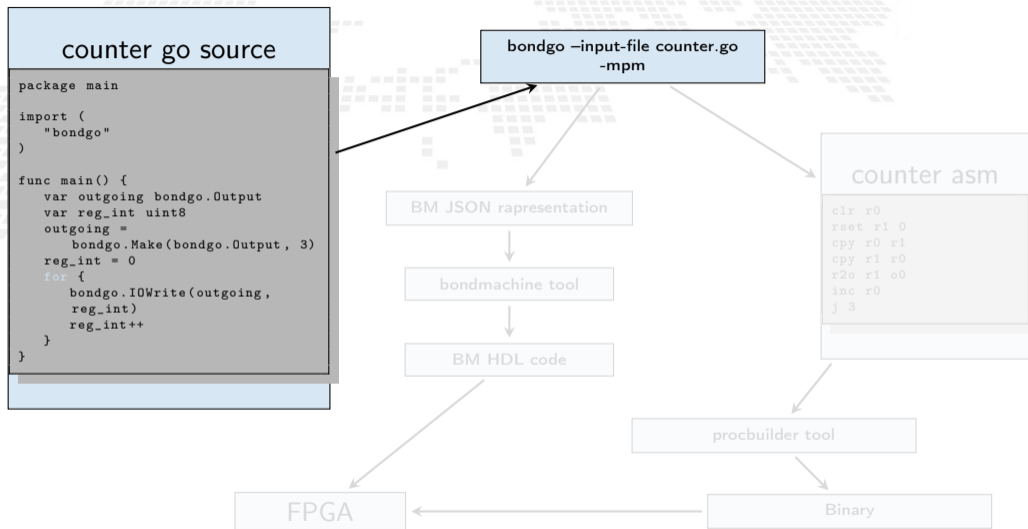
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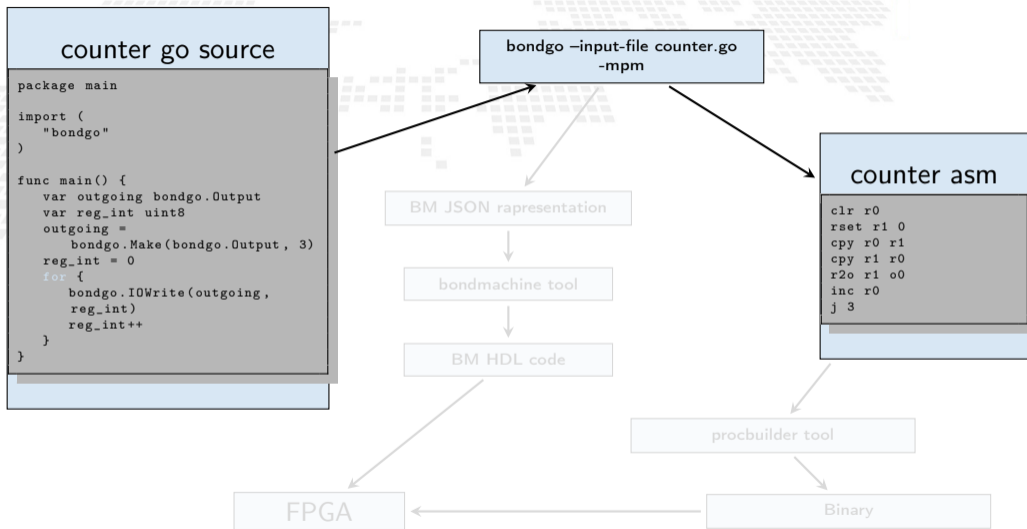
Bondgo workflow example



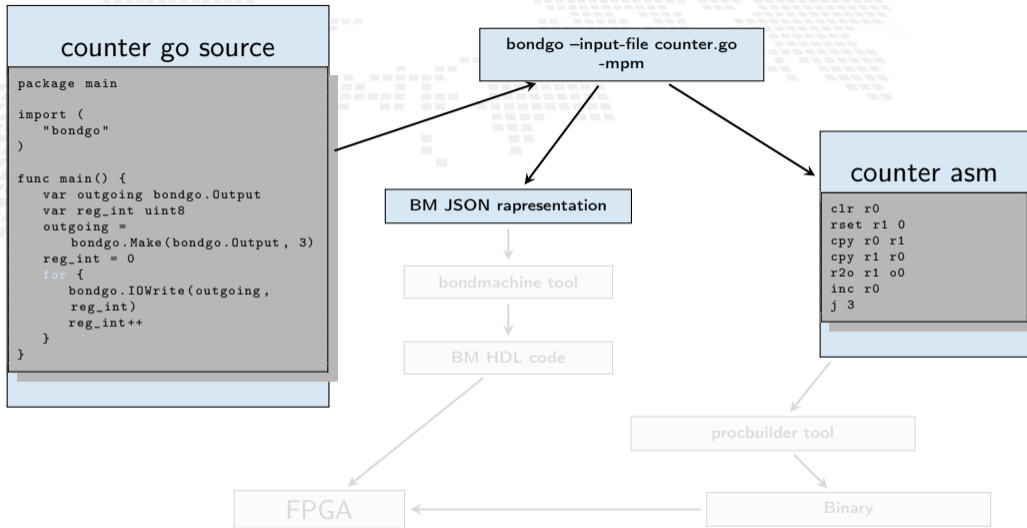
Bondgo workflow example



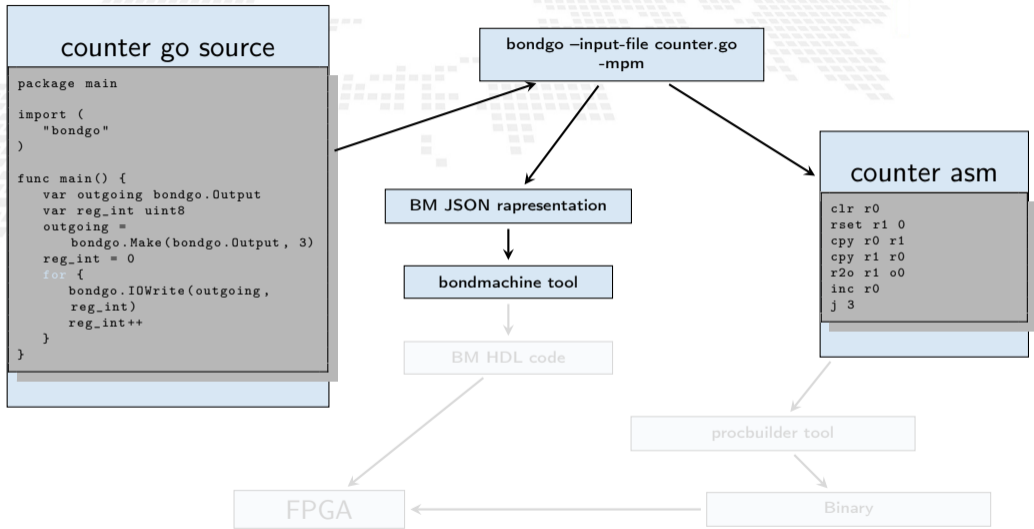
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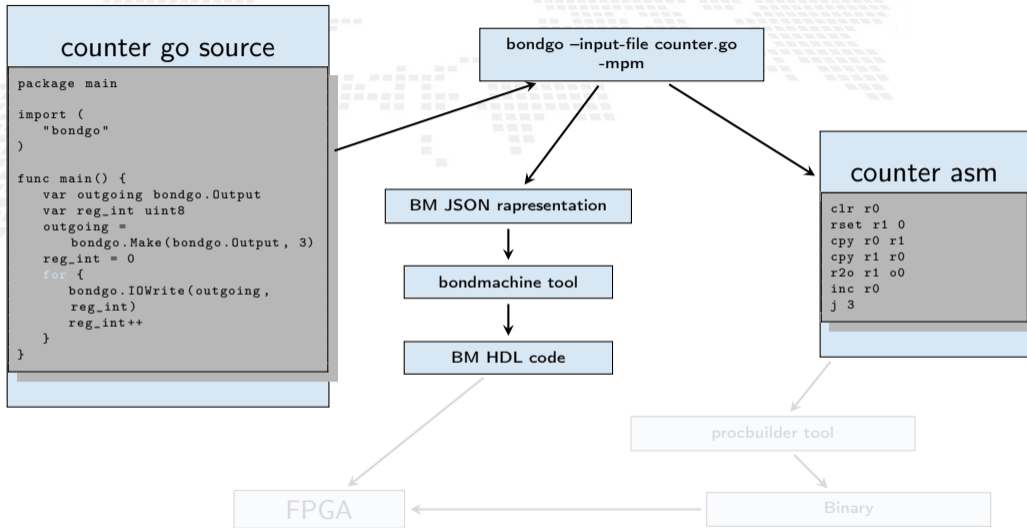
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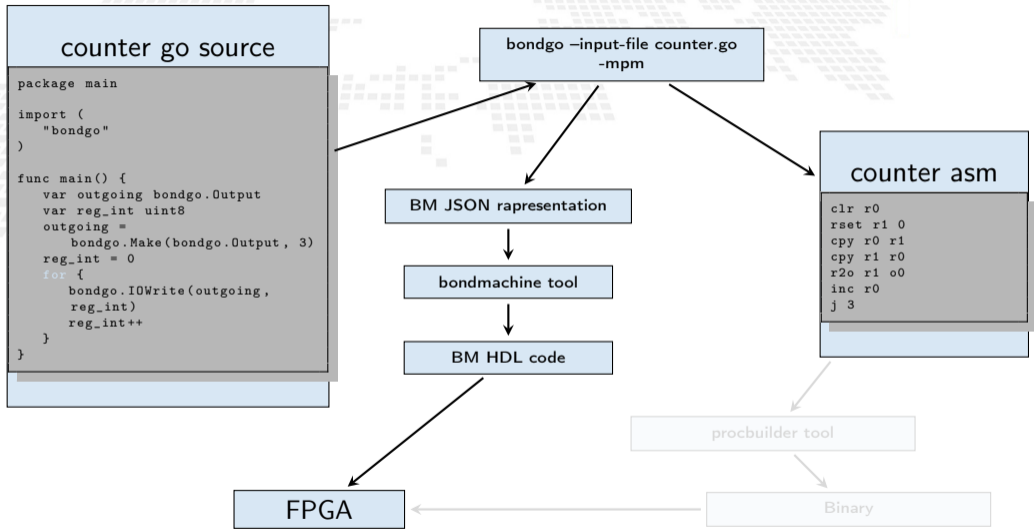
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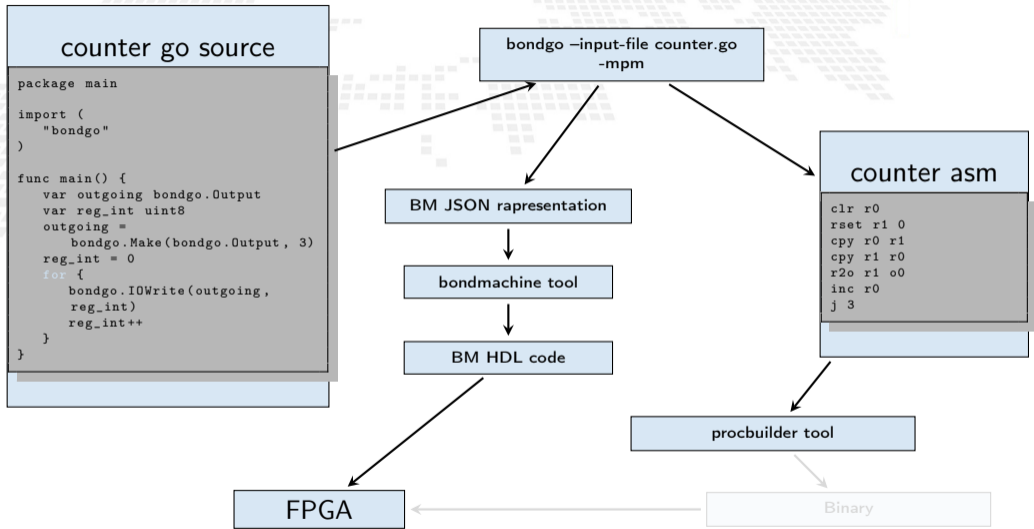
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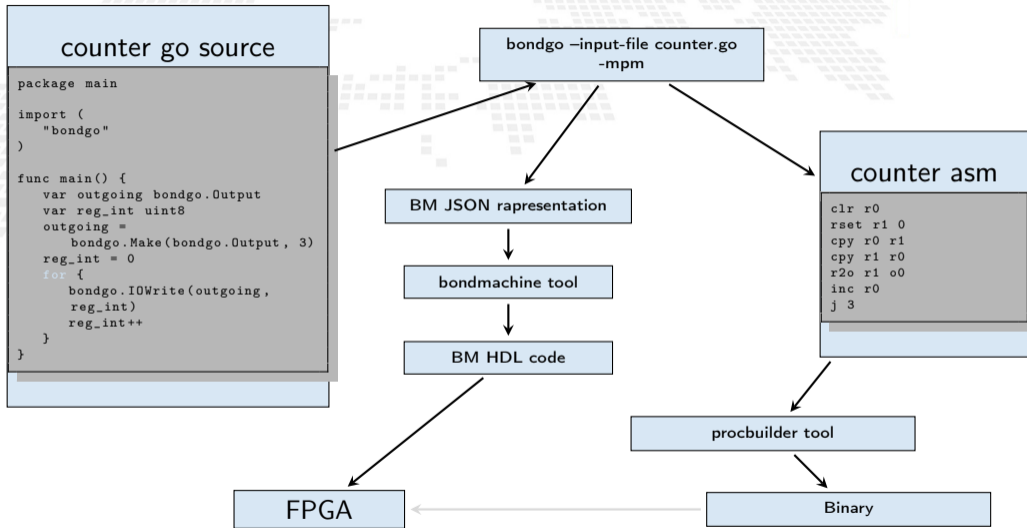
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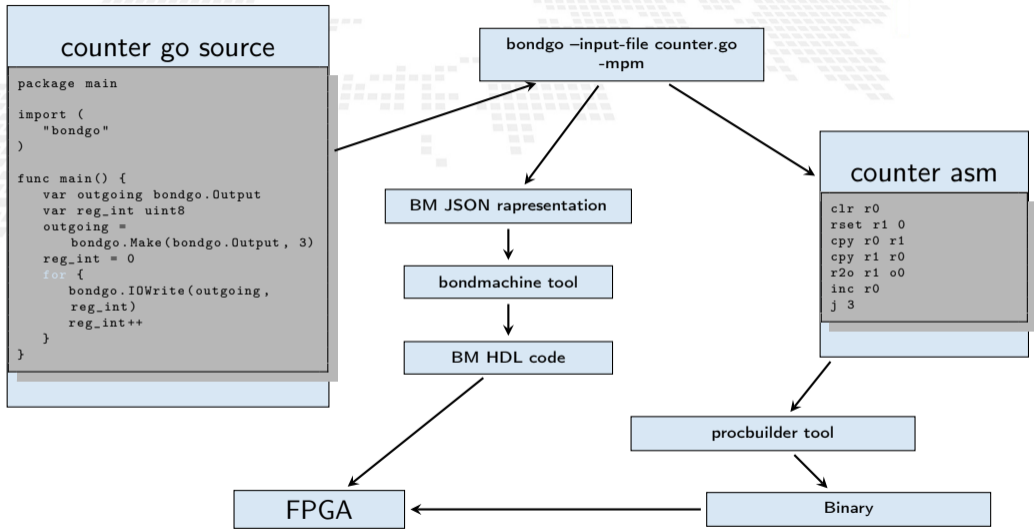
Bondgo workflow example




Bondgo workflow example



Bondgo workflow example



Bondgo



... *bondgo* may not only create the binaries, but also the CP architecture, and ...

Bondgo

... it can do even much more interesting things when compiling concurrent programs.

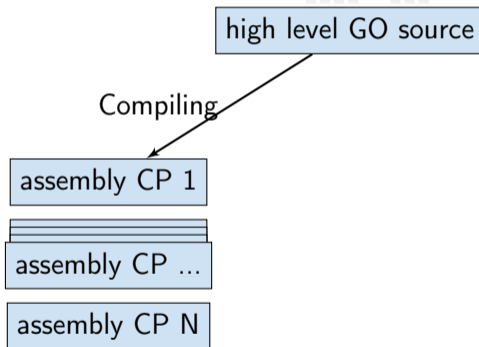
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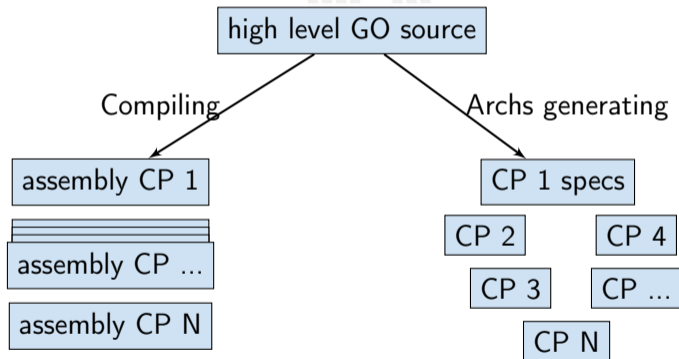
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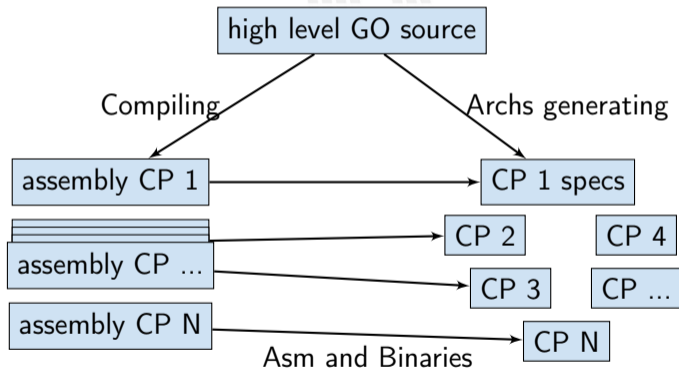
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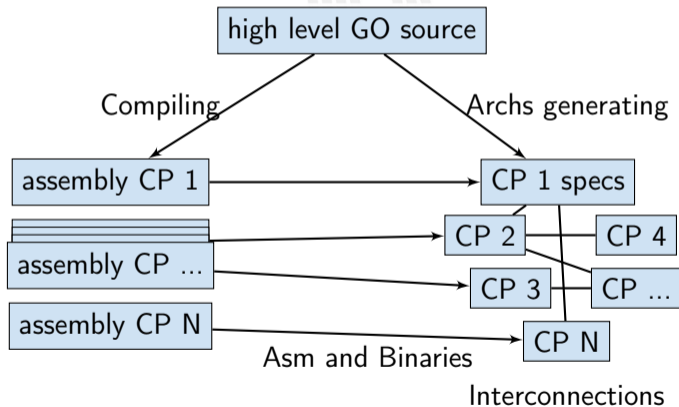
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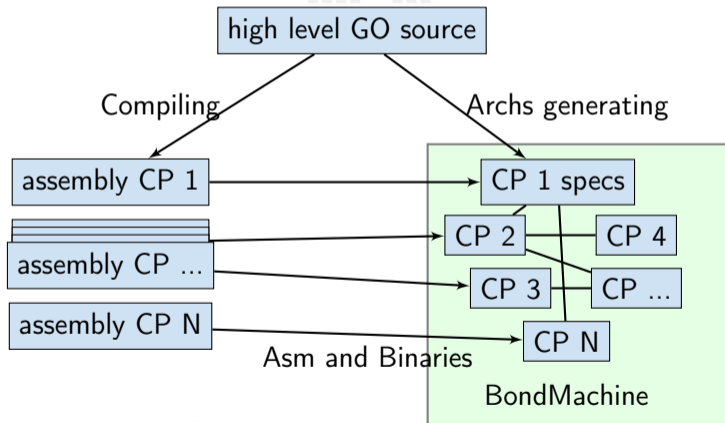
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Bondgo

A multi-core example

multi-core counter

```
package main

import (
    "bondgo"
)

func pong() {
    var in0 bondgo.Input
    var out0 bondgo.Output
    in0 = bondgo.Make(bondgo.Input, 3)
    out0 = bondgo.Make(bondgo.Output, 5)
    for {
        bondgo.IOWrite(out0, bondgo.IORead(in0)+1)
    }
}

func main() {
    var in0 bondgo.Input
    var out0 bondgo.Output
    in0 = bondgo.Make(bondgo.Input, 5)
    out0 = bondgo.Make(bondgo.Output, 3)
    device_0:
    go pong()
    for {
        bondgo.IOWrite(out0, bondgo.IORead(in0))
    }
}
```

Bondgo

A multi-core example

Compiling the code with the bondgo compiler:

```
bondgo -input-file ds.go -mpm
```

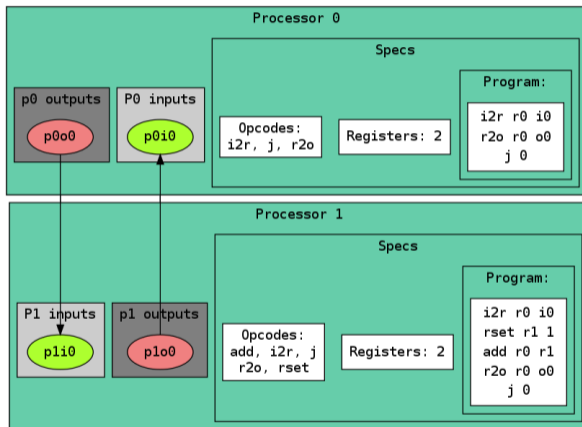
The toolchain perform the following steps:

- Map the two goroutines to two hardware cores.
- Creates two types of core, each one optimized to execute the assigned goroutine.
- Creates the two binaries.
- Connected the two core as inferred from the source code, using special IO registers.

The result is a multicore BondMachine:

Bondgo

A multi-core example



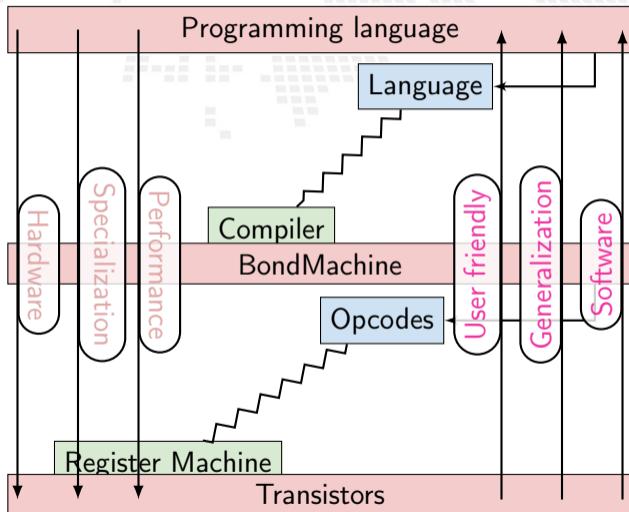
Compiling Architectures

One of the most important result

The architecture creation is a part of the compilation process.

Layers, Abstractions and Interfaces

and BondMachines



Basm

The BondMachine assembler *Basm* is the compiler complementary tools.

The BondMachine "fluid" nature gives the assembler some unique features:

- Support for template based assembly code
- Combining and rewriting fragments of assembly code
- Building hardware from assembly
- Software/Hardware rearrange capabilities

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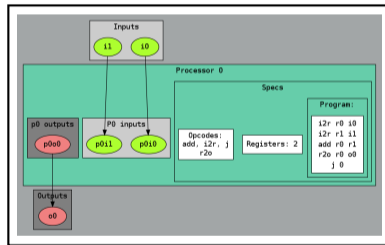
- Support for template based assembly code
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Abstract Assembly

The Assembly language for the BM has been kept as independent as possible from the particular CP.

Given a specific piece of assembly code Bondgo has the ability to compute the “minimum CP” that can execute that code.

```
i2r r0 i0
i2r r1 i1
add r0 r1
r2o r0 o0
j 0
```



These are Building Blocks for complex BondMachines.

Builders API

With these Building Blocks

Several libraries have been developed to map specific problems on BondMachines:

- **Symbond**, to handle mathematical expression.
- **Boolbond**, to map boolean expression.
- **Matrixwork**, to perform matrices operations.

[more about these tools](#)

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BondMachine Clustering

So far we saw:

- An user friendly approach to create processors (single core).
- Optimizing a single device to support intricate computational work-flows (multi-cores) over an heterogeneous layer.

Interconnected BondMachines

What if we could extend the this layer to multiple interconnected devices ?

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Protocols, one ethernet called *etherbond* and one using UDP called *udpbond* have been created for the purpose.

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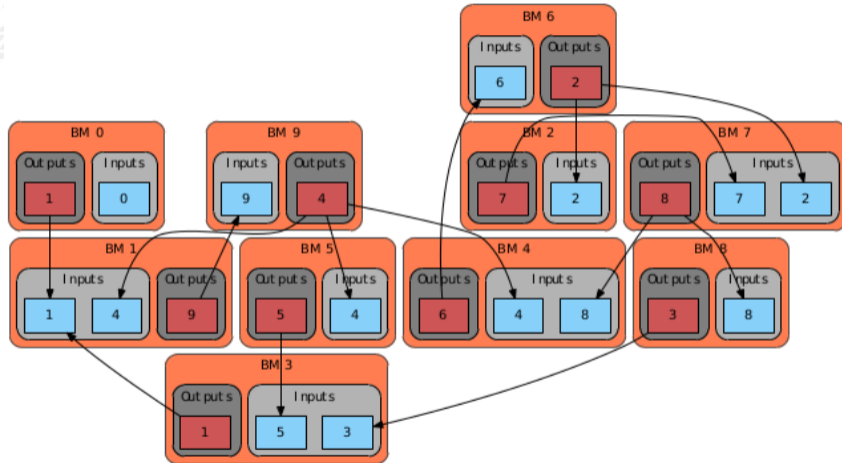
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BondMachine Clustering



BondMachine Clustering

A distributed example

distributed counter

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package main

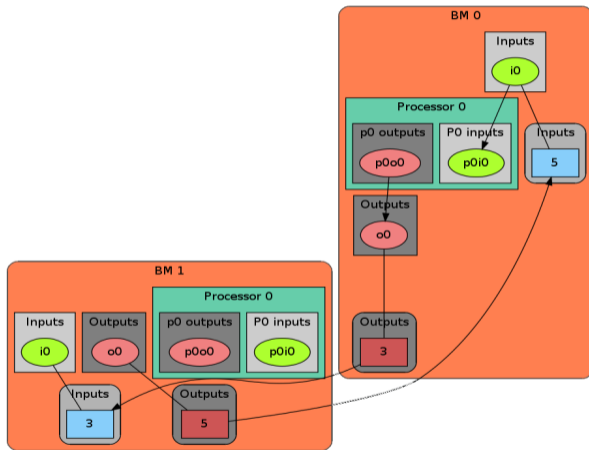
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func main() {
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    out0 = bondgo.Make(bondgo.Output, 3)
device_1:
    go pong()
    for {
        bondgo.IOWrite(out0, bondgo.IORead(in0))
    }
}
```

BondMachine Clustering

A distributed example



BondMachine Clustering

A distributed example

See it working:

<https://youtube.com/embed/g9xYHK0zca4>

A general result

Parts of the system can be redeployed among different devices without changing the system behavior (only the performances).

BondMachine Clustering

Results

Results

- User can deploy an entire HW/SW cluster starting from code written in a high level description (Go, NNEF, etc)
- Workstation with emulated BondMachines, workstation with etherbond drivers, standalone BondMachines (FPGA) may join these clusters.

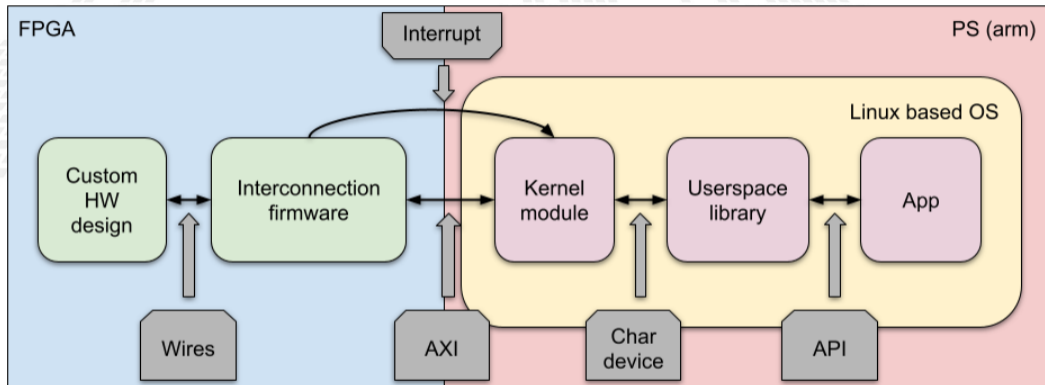
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BondMachine as accelerators



Talk with details about how the accelerator is build

Accelerator - The library

The char device created by the kernel is opened by the BMAPI user space library that implements the BMMRP.

`/dev/bm`

BMAPI Library

`(*BMAPI) BMr2owa`

`(*BMAPI) BMr2ow`

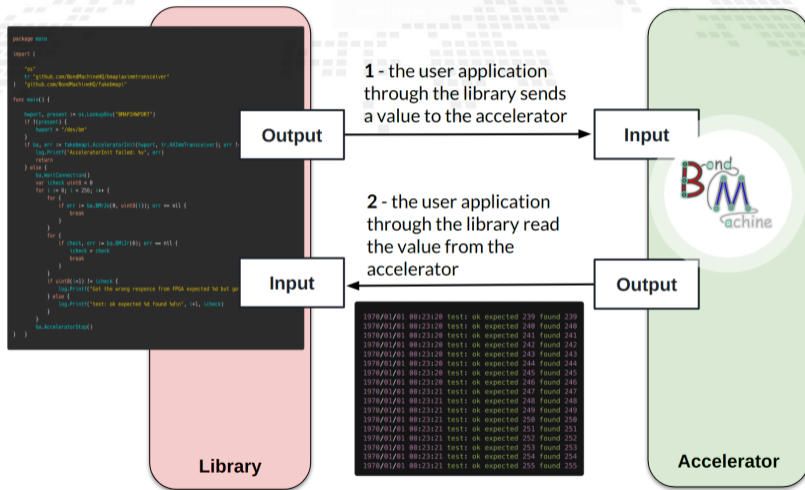
`(*BMAPI) BMr2o`

`(*BMAPI) BMi2rw`

`(*BMAPI) BMi2r`

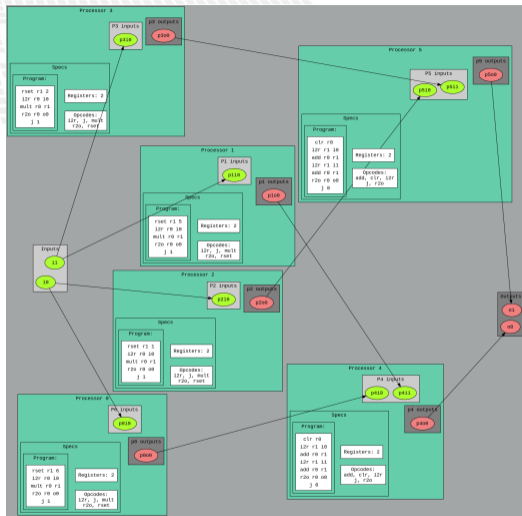
The library functions can be used by the application

Accelerator - The application



BondMachine recap

- The BondMachine is a software ecosystem for the dynamical generation (from several HL types of origin) of computer architectures that can be synthesized of FPGA and
 - used as standalone devices,
 - as clustered devices,
 - and as firmware for computing accelerators.



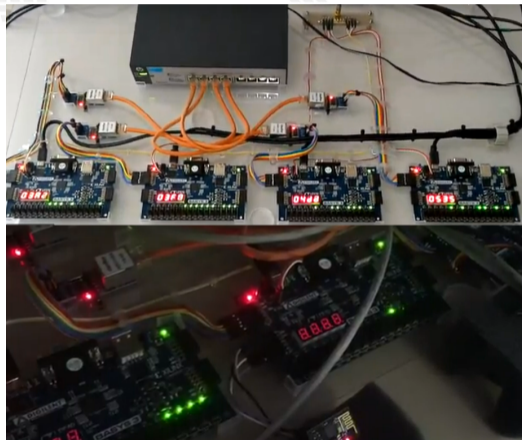
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 - and as firmware for computing accelerators.

Project timeline

■ CCR 2015 First ideas, 2016 Poster, 2017 Talk

InnovateFPGA 2018 Iron Award, Grand Final at Intel Campus (CA) USA

Invited lectures at: "Advanced Workshop on Modern FPGA Based Technology for Scientific Computing", ICTP 2019

Invited lectures at: "NiPS Summer School 2019 – Architectures and Algorithms for Energy-Efficient IoT and HPC Applications"

■ Golab 2018 talk and ISGC 2019 PoS

Article published on Parallel Computing, Elsevier 2022

■ PON PHD program

The BondMachine, a mouldable computer architecture
Mirko Mariotti¹, Daniel Magalotti²

Introduction
The BondMachine (BM) is a new computer architecture where many Connecting Processors (CP) with different Instruction Set Architectures (ISA) are connected together and share resources to solve a heterogeneous problem perfectly fitted to a specific computational problem. These cores are implemented with the characteristic to be as minimal as possible and as simple as possible, and the capacity of solving problems rely mainly in how they are interconnected. A BondMachine architecture can be given by using evolutionary algorithms that select the architecture, processing programming languages, in order to solve and improve the power processing. The BondMachine is implemented by using the Field Programmable Gate Array (FPGA) chips, but are today's most powerful implementations of reconfigurable hardware. Moreover, the "program machine" abstraction has been kept in order to use many well known tools and techniques ranging from languages to compilers. This architecture can be used as general purpose computer architecture or as high specialized device perfectly suited to specific problems and flexible enough to be used to simulate the Internet of Things (IoT), Cyber Physical System (CPS) and High Performance Computing (HPC).

The BondMachine architecture
The BondMachine architecture consists of interconnections among Connecting Processors and Shared Objects (SO) build to implement a dedicated tasks. The main features of this kind of architecture are the possibility to configure:
- the number of processor cores and their types;
- the number of inputs and outputs;
- the interconnection between processors;
- the number and the type of SOs used by each processor.

Connecting Processor
The CP is the **computing core** of the BondMachine. Several CPs can be configured in arbitrary connection topology within the BondMachine. They can have different register number, instruction set, registers with respect to the other ones.

Shared Object
Any kind of component can be shared among CPs. Shared Objects increase the processing capability and the functionality of the BM improving the high-speed **synchronization**, **communication** between tasks running on separate CPs.

Software Tools
The complexity of programming the BondMachine architecture is managed by using a set of software tools that:
- build a specific architecture as function of the task;
- simulate the created architecture;
- simulate the behaviour and to check the functionality with the aim to generate the Register Transfer Level (RTL) code.
Processor Builder selects the CP specific, assembles and disassembles, saves on disk as RTL, emulates and creates the RTL code.
BondMachine Builder connects CPs and SOs together in custom topologies, builds and saves on disk as RTL, emulates and creates the RTL code.
Arch-compiler compiles the C++ language to generate the CP assembly code and to create the optimized architecture to run the code.

Hardware implementation
The RTL code automatically generated by the builders is synthesized for the FPGA. Xilinx Vivado (Vivado) evaluation tool to measure the **performance** of the architecture: logic resources, power consumption (more in function of CP).
This basic element has been replicated by using the number of CPs and SOs.
The high resolution used by each architecture increases more in function of CP.
The FPGA can contain up to 256 CPs with a clock frequency of 200 MHz and a power consumption of 0.13 W.
The performance of an architecture has been compared with the C++ code. A benchmark has been used to measure the time per operation needed for the architecture to complete the task.
The different performance of each architecture show that the time per operation increases linearly for the CPs, due to the fact that the number of interconnections is parallel motion.
The time per operation is constant for the FPGA due to the **hardware parallelism** has to fit all of the available logic resources.

Case study
This example is a simple scenario with two CPs that send a data back and forth through a Channel. The Processor sends the data through the Channel, the Processor receives it and sends it back by using the same Channel. When the C++ source code is compiled the BondMachine Arch-compiler produces the architecture specific to the problem. **Optimized** only the needed objects are produced, different SOs for each CP and the **assembly code** to run on it.

Evolutionary BondMachine
Some particular problem may need a complex network of CPs and Shared Objects to be solved especially regarding the internal interconnections and the features to have processor of different field.
The BondMachine emulator has been connected to MEL (My Evolutionary Language), an Evolutionary Computing Framework to explore the possibility of **evolving the architectures** to solve a specific problem.

Conclusion
The BondMachine is a new kind of computing device made possible in practice only by the emerging of new re-programmable hardware technologies such as FPGA. Keeping the register machine abstraction it is possible to borrow well known languages and techniques in programming these devices removing the need of having a general purpose architecture. Moreover the BondMachine architecture is high specialized device perfectly suited to specific problems and flexible enough to be used in many scenarios finding the better topology of interconnections.

Working at CCR - La Spezia, 18-20 Maggio 2024 - Contact person: mirko.mariotti@unipg.it

Project timeline

- CCR 2015 First ideas, 2016 Poster, 2017 Talk
- InnovateFPGA 2018 Iron Award, Grand Final at Intel Campus (CA) USA

Invited lectures at: "Advanced Workshop on Modern FPGA Based Technology for Scientific Computing", ICTP 2019

- Invited lectures at: "NiPS Summer School 2019 – Architectures and Algorithms for Energy-Efficient IoT and HPC Applications"

- Golab 2018 talk and ISGC 2019 PoS

- Article published on Parallel Computing, Elsevier 2022

- PON PHD program



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The BondMachine Toolkit
Enabling Machine Learning on FPGA

Mirko Mariotti

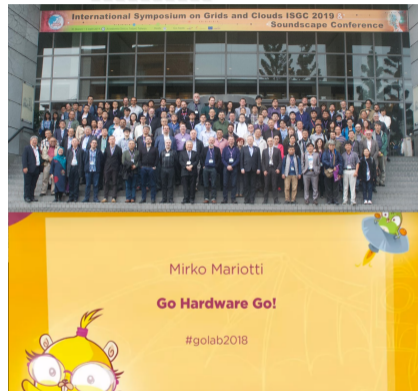
Department of Physics and Geology - University of Perugia
INFN Perugia

NiPS Summer School 2019
Architectures and Algorithms for Energy-Efficient IoT and HPC
Applications
3-6 September 2019 - Perugia



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The BondMachine, a moldable computer architecture

Mirko Mariotti ^{a, b, c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j, k, l, m, n, o, p, q, r, s, t, u, v, w, x, y, z}, Daniel Magalotti ^b, Daniele Spiga ^b, Lorian Stocchi ^{c, d, e, f, g, h, i, j, k, l, m, n, o, p, q, r, s, t, u, v, w, x, y, z}

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<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.parco.2021.102873>

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Highlights

- Co-design HW/SW of domain specific architectures via the modern GO language.
- Design of essential processors where only needed components are implemented.
- Creation of heterogeneous processor systems distributed over multiple fabrics.

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Fabrics

The HDL code for the BondMachine has been tested on these devices/system:

- Digilent Basys3 - Xilinx Artix-7 - Vivado
- Kintex7 Evaluation Board - Vivado
- Digilent Zedboard - Xilinx Zynq 7020 - Vivado
- ZC702 - Xilinx Zynq 7020 - Vivado
- ebaz4205 - Xilinx Zynq 7020 - Vivado
- Linux - Iverilog
- ice40lp1k icefun icebreaker icesugarnano - Lattice - Icestorm
- Terasic De10nano - Intel Cyclone V - Quartus
- Arrow Max1000 - Intel Max10 - Quartus

Within the project other firmware have been written or tested:

- Microchip ENC28J60 Ethernet interface controller.
- Microchip ENC424J600 10/100 Base-T Ethernet interface controller.
- ESP8266 Wi-Fi chip.

Machine Learning with the BondMachine

1 Introduction

FPGA

2 The BondMachine project

Architectures handling

Architectures molding

Bondgo

Basm

API

Clustering

Accelerators

Misc

3 Machine Learning with the BondMachine

Train

BondMachine creation

Simulation

Accelerator

Benchmark

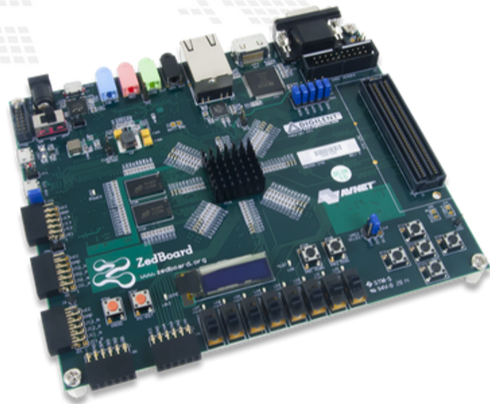
4 Optimizations

5 Conclusions and Future directions

Specs

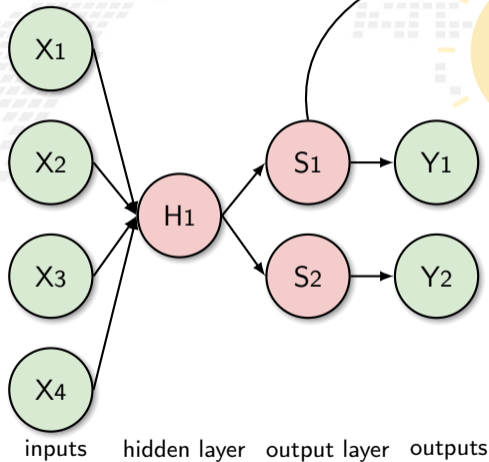
FPGA

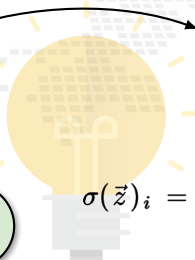
- Digilent Zedboard
- Soc: Zynq XC7Z020-CLG484-1
- 512 MB DDR3
- Vivado 2020.2
- 100MHz
- PYNQ 2.6 (custom build)

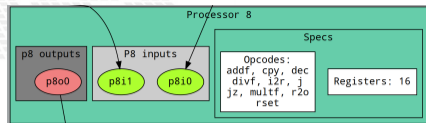
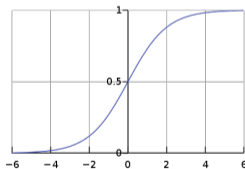


BM inference: A first tentative idea

A neuron of a neural network can be seen as Connecting Processor of BM




$$\sigma(\vec{z})_i = \frac{e^{z_i}}{\sum_{j=1}^K e^{z_j}}$$



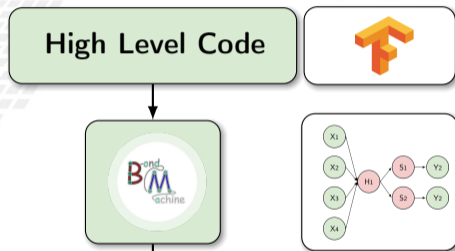
```
%section softmax .romtext iomode:sync
entry_start ; Entry point
_start:
mov r8, 0f0.0
{{range $y := intRange "0" .Params.inputs}}
{{printf "%2r r1,%d\n" $y}}
mov r0, 0f1.0
mov r2, 0f1.0
mov r3, 0f1.0
mov r4, 0f1.0
mov r5, 0f1.0
mov r7, {{$.Params.exprec}}
loop{{printf "%d" $y}}:
multf r2, r1
multf r3, r4
addf r4, r5
mov r6, r2
divf r6, r3

addf r0, r6

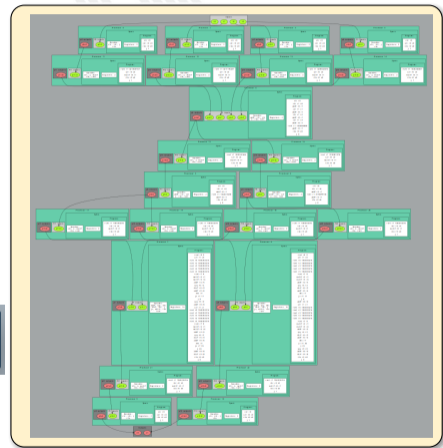
dec r7
jz r7,exit{{printf "%d" $y}}
j loop{{printf "%d" $y}}
exit{{printf "%d" $y}}:
{{Sz := atoi $.Params.pos}}
{{if eq $y $z}}
mov r9, r0
%endsection
```

From idea to implementation

Starting from High Level Code, a NN model trained with **TensorFlow** and exported in a standard interpreted by **neuralbond** that converts nodes and weights of the network into a set of heterogeneous processors.



```
neuralbond -net-file banknote.json -neuron-lib-path neurons -save-basm working_dir/bondmachine.basm -config-file neuralbondconfig.json ; basm -o working_dir/bondmachine.json working_dir/bondmachine.basm neurons/*.basm
```



A first test

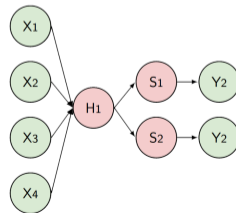
Dataset info:

- **Dataset name:** Banknote Authentication
- **Description:** Dataset on the distinction between genuine and counterfeit banknotes. The data was extracted from images taken from genuine and fake banknote-like samples.
- **N. features:** 4
- **Classification:** binary
- **Samples:** 1097

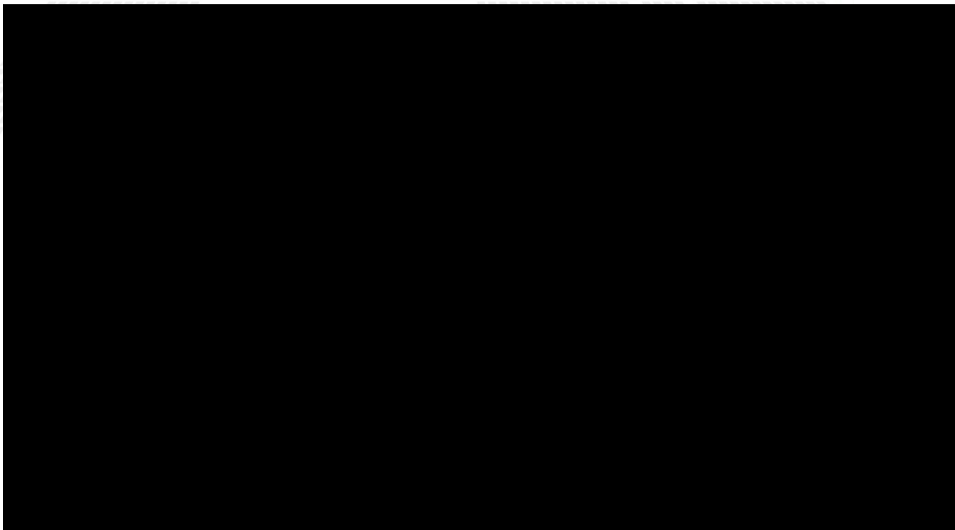
Neural network info:

- **Class:** Multilayer perceptron fully connected
- **Layers:**
 - 1 An hidden layer with 1 **linear** neuron
 - 2 One output layer with 2 **softmax** neurons

Graphic representation:



Demo - Train the model



Demo - Train the model

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
```

Demo - Train the model

```
[ Command > mkdir Example  
[ Command > cd Example
```

Demo - Train the model

```
[ Command > mkdir Example  
[ Command > cd Example  
[ Command > git clone https://github.com/BondMachineHQ/ml-zedboard.git  
cd ml-zedboard
```


Demo - Train the model

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
[ Command > cd Example
[ Command > git clone https://github.com/BondMachineHQ/ml-zedboard.git
cd ml-zedboard
[ Output >
Cloning into 'ml-zedboard'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 103, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (103/103), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (65/65), done.
remote: Total 103 (delta 38), reused 95 (delta 30), pack-reused 0
Receiving objects: 100% (103/103), 2.70 MiB | 6.33 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (38/38), done.
```

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[ Command > cd Example
[ Command > git clone https://github.com/BondMachineHQ/ml-zedboard.git
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[ Command > ls -al
```

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Resolving deltas: 100% (38/38), done.
[ Command > ls -al
[ Output >
total 69
drwx----- 8 mirko users    18 Nov  3 23:20 .
drwx----- 3 mirko users     3 Nov  3 23:20 ..
drwx----- 7 mirko users    12 Nov  3 23:20 .git
-rw----- 1 mirko users   9548 Nov  3 23:20 README.md
-rwx----- 1 mirko users    25 Nov  3 23:20 activate_environment.sh
-rw----- 1 mirko users   5818 Nov  3 23:20 analyze.py
-rw----- 1 mirko users   7515 Nov  3 23:20 analyze_output.py
-rw----- 1 mirko users  18799 Nov  3 23:20 bmtrain.py
drwx----- 2 mirko users    11 Nov  3 23:20 images
-rw----- 1 mirko users   2229 Nov  3 23:20 main.py
drwx----- 2 mirko users     3 Nov  3 23:20 notebooks
drwx----- 3 mirko users     3 Nov  3 23:20 outputs
drwx----- 4 mirko users     4 Nov  3 23:20 reports
-rw----- 1 mirko users    69 Nov  3 23:20 requirements.txt
drwx----- 2 mirko users     4 Nov  3 23:20 resources
-rwx----- 1 mirko users    43 Nov  3 23:20 setup_enviroment.sh
-rw----- 1 mirko users    519 Nov  3 23:20 specifics.json
-rw----- 1 mirko users    559 Nov  3 23:20 utils.txt
```

Demo - Train the model

```
remote: Counting objects: 100% (103/103), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (65/65), done.
remote: Total 103 (delta 38), reused 95 (delta 30), pack-reused 0
Receiving objects: 100% (103/103), 2.70 MiB | 6.33 MiB/s, done.
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-rw----- 1 mirko users    519 Nov  3 23:20 specifics.json
-rw----- 1 mirko users    559 Nov  3 23:20 utils.txt
[ Command > conda create --name ml-zedboard -y python==3.8.0
```

Demo - Train the model

```
libstdc++-ng      pkgs/main/linux-64::libstdc++-ng-11.2.0-h1234567_1 None
ncurses           pkgs/main/linux-64::ncurses-6.3-h5eee18b_3 None
openssl          pkgs/main/linux-64::openssl-1.1.1q-h7f8727e_0 None
pip              pkgs/main/linux-64::pip-22.2.2-py38h06a4308_0 None
python           pkgs/main/linux-64::python-3.8.0-h0371630_2 None
readline         pkgs/main/linux-64::readline-7.0-h7b6447c_5 None
setuptools       pkgs/main/linux-64::setuptools-65.5.0-py38h06a4308_0 None
sqlite           pkgs/main/linux-64::sqlite-3.33.0-h62c20be_0 None
tk               pkgs/main/linux-64::tk-8.6.12-h1ccaba5_0 None
wheel            pkgs/main/noarch::wheel-0.37.1-pyhd3eb1b0_0 None
xz               pkgs/main/linux-64::xz-5.2.6-h5eee18b_0 None
zlib             pkgs/main/linux-64::zlib-1.2.13-h5eee18b_0 None

Preparing transaction: done
Verifying transaction: done
Executing transaction: done
#
# To activate this environment, use
#
#     $ conda activate ml-zedboard
#
# To deactivate an active environment, use
#
#     $ conda deactivate

Retrieving notices: ..working... done
```

Demo - Train the model

```
ncurses      pkgs/main/linux-64::ncurses-6.3-h5eee18b_3 None
openssl      pkgs/main/linux-64::openssl-1.1.1q-h7f8727e_0 None
pip          pkgs/main/linux-64::pip-22.2.2-py38h06a4308_0 None
python       pkgs/main/linux-64::python-3.8.0-h0371630_2 None
readline     pkgs/main/linux-64::readline-7.0-h7b6447c_5 None
setuptools   pkgs/main/linux-64::setuptools-65.5.0-py38h06a4308_0 None
sqlite       pkgs/main/linux-64::sqlite-3.33.0-h62c20be_0 None
tk           pkgs/main/linux-64::tk-8.6.12-h1ccaba5_0 None
wheel        pkgs/main/noarch::wheel-0.37.1-pyhd3eb1b0_0 None
xz           pkgs/main/linux-64::xz-5.2.6-h5eee18b_0 None
zlib         pkgs/main/linux-64::zlib-1.2.13-h5eee18b_0 None
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█
```

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```
ncurses      pkgs/main/linux-64::ncurses-6.3-h5eee18b_3 None
openssl     pkgs/main/linux-64::openssl-1.1.1q-h7f8727e_0 None
pip         pkgs/main/linux-64::pip-22.2.2-py38h06a4308_0 None
python      pkgs/main/linux-64::python-3.8.0-h0371630_2 None
readline    pkgs/main/linux-64::readline-7.0-h7b6447c_5 None
setuptools  pkgs/main/linux-64::setuptools-65.5.0-py38h06a4308_0 None
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openssl      pkgs/main/linux-64::openssl-1.1.1q-h7f8727e_0 None
pip          pkgs/main/linux-64::pip-22.2.2-py38h06a4308_0 None
python      pkgs/main/linux-64::python-3.8.0-h0371630_2 None
readline    pkgs/main/linux-64::readline-7.0-h7b6447c_5 None
setuptools  pkgs/main/linux-64::setuptools-65.5.0-py38h06a4308_0 None
sqlite      pkgs/main/linux-64::sqlite-3.33.0-h62c20be_0 None
tk          pkgs/main/linux-64::tk-8.6.12-h1ccaba5_0 None
wheel       pkgs/main/noarch::wheel-0.37.1-pyhd3eb1b0_0 None
xz          pkgs/main/linux-64::xz-5.2.6-h5eee18b_0 None
zlib        pkgs/main/linux-64::zlib-1.2.13-h5eee18b_0 None

Preparing transaction: done
Verifying transaction: done
Executing transaction: done
#
# To activate this environment, use
#
#     $ conda activate ml-zedboard
#
# To deactivate an active environment, use
#
#     $ conda deactivate

Retrieving notices: ..working.. done
[ Command > conda activate ml-zedboard
[ Command > pip3 install -r requirements.txt
```


Demo - Train the model

```
Collecting MarkupSafe>=2.1.1
  Using cached MarkupSafe-2.1.1-cp38-cp38-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (25 kB)
Collecting zipp>=0.5
  Using cached zipp-3.10.0-py3-none-any.whl (6.2 kB)
Collecting pyasn1<0.5.0,>=0.4.6
  Using cached pyasn1-0.4.8-py2.py3-none-any.whl (77 kB)
Collecting oauthlib>=3.0.0
  Using cached oauthlib-3.2.2-py3-none-any.whl (151 kB)
Installing collected packages: tensorboard-plugin-wit, pytz, pyasn1, libclang, keras, flatbuffers, zipp, xlrd, wrapt, urllib3, typing-extensions, threadpoolctl, termcolor, tensorflow-io-gcs-filesystem, tensorflow-estimator, tensorboard-data-server, six, rsa, pyyaml, pyparsing, pyasn1-modules, protobuf, pillow, oauthlib, numpy, networkx, MarkupSafe, kiwisolver, joblib, idna, gast, fonttools, cycycler, charset-normalizer, cachetools, absl-py, werkzeug, scipy, requests, python-dateutil, pydot, packaging, opt-einsum, onnx, keras-preprocessing, importlib-metadata, h5py, grpcio, google-pasta, google-auth, contourpy, astunparse, scikit-learn, requests-oauthlib, pandas, matplotlib, markdown, hls4ml, sklearn, google-auth-oauthlib, tensorboard, tensorflow
Successfully installed MarkupSafe-2.1.1 absl-py-1.3.0 astunparse-1.6.3 cachetools-5.2.0 charset-normalizer-2.1.1 contourpy-1.0.6 cycycler-0.11.0 flatbuffers-22.10.26 fonttools-4.38.0 gast-0.4.0 google-auth-2.14.0 google-auth-oauthlib-0.4.6 google-pasta-0.2.0 grpcio-1.50.0 h5py-3.7.0 hls4ml-0.6.0 idna-3.4 importlib-metadata-5.0.0 joblib-1.2.0 keras-2.10.0 keras-preprocessing-1.1.2 kiwisolver-1.4.4 libclang-14.0.6 markdown-3.4.1 matplotlib-3.6.2 networkx-2.8.8 numpy-1.23.4 oauthlib-3.2.2 onnx-1.12.0 opt-einsum-3.3.0 packaging-21.3 pandas-1.5.1 pillow-9.3.0 protobuf-3.19.6 pyasn1-0.4.8 pyasn1-modules-0.2.8 pyparsing-3.0.9 python-dateutil-2.8.2 pytz-2022.6 pyyaml-6.0 requests-2.28.1 requests-oauthlib-1.3.1 rsa-4.9 scikit-learn-1.1.3 scipy-1.9.3 six-1.16.0 sklearn-0.0 tensorboard-2.10.1 tensorboard-data-server-0.6.1 tensorboard-plugin-wit-1.8.1 tensorflow-2.10.0 tensorflow-estimator-2.10.0 tensorflow-io-gcs-filesystem-0.27.0 termcolor-2.1.0 threadpoolctl-3.1.0 typing-extensions-4.4.0 urllib3-1.26.12 werkzeug-2.2.2 wrapt-1.14.1 xlrd-2.0.1 zipp-3.10.0
```

Demo - Train the model

```
Using cached MarkupSafe-2.1.1-cp38-cp38-manylinux_2_17_x86_64.manylinux2014_x86_64.whl (25 kB)
Collecting zipp>=0.5
  Using cached zipp-3.10.0-py3-none-any.whl (6.2 kB)
Collecting pyasn1<0.5.0,>=0.4.6
  Using cached pyasn1-0.4.8-py2.py3-none-any.whl (77 kB)
Collecting oauthlib>=3.0.0
  Using cached oauthlib-3.2.2-py3-none-any.whl (151 kB)
Installing collected packages: tensorboard-plugin-wit, pytz, pyasn1, libclang, keras, flatbuffers, zipp, xlrd, wrapt, urllib3, typing-extensions, threadpoolctl, termcolor, tensorflow-io-gcs-filesystem, tensorflow-estimator, tensorboard-data-server, six, rsa, pyyaml, pyparsing, pyasn1-modules, protobuf, pillow, oauthlib, numpy, networkx, MarkupSafe, kiwisolver, joblib, idna, gast, fonttools, cyclery, charset-normalizer, cachetools, absl-py, werkzeug, scipy, requests, python-dateutil, pydot, packaging, opt-einsum, onnx, keras-preprocessing, importlib-metadata, h5py, grpcio, google-pasta, google-auth, contourpy, astunparse, scikit-learn, requests-oauthlib, pandas, matplotlib, markdown, hls4ml, sklearn, google-auth-oauthlib, tensorboard, tensorflow
Successfully installed MarkupSafe-2.1.1 absl-py-1.3.0 astunparse-1.6.3 cachetools-5.2.0 charset-normalizer-2.1.1 contourpy-1.0.6 cyclery-0.11.0 flatbuffers-22.10.26 fonttools-4.38.0 gast-0.4.0 google-auth-2.14.0 google-auth-oauthlib-0.4.6 google-pasta-0.2.0 grpcio-1.50.0 h5py-3.7.0 hls4ml-0.6.0 idna-3.4 importlib-metadata-5.0.0 joblib-1.2.0 keras-2.10.0 keras-preprocessing-1.1.2 kiwisolver-1.4.4 libclang-14.0.6 markdown-3.4.1 matplotlib-3.6.2 networkx-2.8.8 numpy-1.23.4 oauthlib-3.2.2 onnx-1.12.0 opt-einsum-3.3.0 packaging-21.3 pandas-1.5.1 pillow-9.3.0 protobuf-3.19.6 pyasn1-0.4.8 pyasn1-modules-0.2.8 pydot-1.4.2 pyparsing-3.0.9 python-dateutil-2.8.2 pytz-2022.6 pyyaml-6.0 requests-2.28.1 requests-oauthlib-1.3.1 rsa-4.9 scikit-learn-1.1.3 scipy-1.9.3 six-1.16.0 sklearn-0.0 tensorboard-2.10.1 tensorboard-data-server-0.6.1 tensorboard-plugin-wit-1.8.1 tensorflow-2.10.0 tensorflow-estimator-2.10.0 tensorflow-io-gcs-filesystem-0.27.0 termcolor-2.1.0 threadpoolctl-3.1.0 typing-extensions-4.4.0 urllib3-1.26.12 werkzeug-2.2.2 wrapt-1.14.1 xlrd-2.0.1 zipp-3.10.0
[ Command > ls -al main.py bmtrain.py banknote-authentication*

```

Demo - Train the model

```
Using cached pyasn1-0.4.8-py2.py3-none-any.whl (77 kB)
Collecting oauthlib>=3.0.0
  Using cached oauthlib-3.2.2-py3-none-any.whl (151 kB)
Installing collected packages: tensorboard-plugin-wit, pytz, pyasn1, libclang, keras, flatbuffers, zipp, xlrd, wrapt, urllib3, typing-extensions, threadpoolctl, termcolor, tensorflow-io-gcs-filesystem, tensorflow-estimator, tensorboard-data-server, six, rsa, pyyaml, pyparsing, pyasn1-modules, protobuf, pillow, oauthlib, numpy, networkx, MarkupSafe, kiwisolver, joblib, idna, gast, fonttools, cyclerc, charset-normalizer, cachetools, absl-py, werkzeug, scipy, requests, python-dateutil, pydot, packaging, opt-einsum, onnx, keras-preprocessing, importlib-metadata, h5py, grpcio, google-auth, google-auth-oauthlib, astunparse, scikit-learn, requests-oauthlib, pandas, matplotlib, markdown, hls4ml, sklearn, google-auth-oauthlib, tensorboard, tensorflow
Successfully installed MarkupSafe-2.1.1 absl-py-1.3.0 astunparse-1.6.3 cachetools-5.2.0 charset-normalizer-2.1.1 contourpy-1.0.6 cyclerc-0.11.0 flatbuffers-22.10.26 fonttools-4.38.0 gast-0.4.0 google-auth-2.14.0 google-auth-oauthlib-0.4.6 google-pasta-0.2.0 grpcio-1.50.0 h5py-3.7.0 hls4ml-0.6.0 idna-3.4 importlib-metadata-5.0.0 joblib-1.2.0 keras-2.10.0 keras-preprocessing-1.1.2 kiwisolver-1.4.4 libclang-14.0.6 markdown-3.4.1 matplotlib-3.6.2 networkx-2.8.8 numpy-1.23.4 oauthlib-3.2.2 onnx-1.12.0 opt-einsum-3.3.0 packaging-21.3 pandas-1.5.1 pillow-9.3.0 protobuf-3.19.6 pyasn1-0.4.8 pyasn1-modules-0.2.8 pydot-1.4.2 pyparsing-3.0.9 python-dateutil-2.8.2 pytz-2022.6 pyyaml-6.0 requests-2.28.1 requests-oauthlib-1.3.1 rsa-4.9 scikit-learn-1.1.3 scipy-1.9.3 six-1.16.0 sklearn-0.0 tensorboard-2.10.1 tensorboard-data-server-0.6.1 tensorboard-plugin-wit-1.8.1 tensorflow-2.10.0 tensorflow-estimator-2.10.0 tensorflow-io-gcs-filesystem-0.27.0 termcolor-2.1.0 threadpoolctl-3.1.0 typing-extensions-4.4.0 urllib3-1.26.12 werkzeug-2.2.2 wrapt-1.14.1 xlrd-2.0.1 zipp-3.10.0
[ Command > ls -al main.py bmtrain.py banknote-authentication*
[ Output >
ls: cannot access 'banknote-authentication*': No such file or directory
-rw----- 1 mirko users 18799 Nov  3 23:20  bmtrain.py
-rw----- 1 mirko users  2229 Nov  3 23:20  main.py
```

Demo - Train the model

```
Installing collected packages: tensorboard-plugin-wit, pytz, pyasn1, libclang, keras, flatbuffers, zipp, xlr, wrapt, urllib3, typing-extensions, threadpoolctl, termcolor, tensorflow-io-gcs-filesystem, tensorflow-estimator, tensorboard-data-server, six, rsa, pyyaml, pyparsing, pyasn1-modules, protobuf, pillow, oauthlib, numpy, networkx, MarkupSafe, kiwisolver, joblib, idna, gast, fonttools, cycler, charset-normalizer, cachetools, absl-py, werkzeug, scipy, requests, python-dateutil, pydot, packaging, opt-einsum, onnx, keras-preprocessing, importlib-metadata, h5py, grpcio, google-pasta, google-auth, contourpy, astunparse, scikit-learn, requests-oauthlib, pandas, matplotlib, markdown, hls4ml, sklearn, google-auth-oauthlib, tensorboard, tensorflow
Successfully installed MarkupSafe-2.1.1 absl-py-1.3.0 astunparse-1.6.3 cachetools-5.2.0 charset-normalizer-2.1.1 contourpy-1.0.6 cycler-0.11.0 flatbuffers-22.10.26 fonttools-4.38.0 gast-0.4.0 google-auth-2.14.0 google-auth-oauthlib-0.4.6 google-pasta-0.2.0 grpcio-1.50.0 h5py-3.7.0 hls4ml-0.6.0 idna-3.4 importlib-metadata-5.0.0 joblib-1.2.0 keras-2.10.0 keras-preprocessing-1.1.2 kiwisolver-1.4.4 libclang-14.0.6 markdown-3.4.1 matplotlib-3.6.2 networkx-2.8.8 numpy-1.23.4 oauthlib-3.2.2 onnx-1.12.0 opt-einsum-3.3.0 packaging-21.3 pandas-1.5.1 pillow-9.3.0 protobuf-3.19.6 pyasn1-0.4.8 pyasn1-modules-0.2.8 pydot-1.4.2 pyparsing-3.0.9 python-dateutil-2.8.2 pytz-2022.6 pyyaml-6.0 requests-2.28.1 requests-oauthlib-1.3.1 rsa-4.9 scikit-learn-1.1.3 scipy-1.9.3 six-1.16.0 sklearn-0.0 tensorboard-2.10.1 tensorboard-data-server-0.6.1 tensorboard-plugin-wit-1.8.1 tensorflow-2.10.0 tensorflow-estimator-2.10.0 tensorflow-io-gcs-filesystem-0.27.0 termcolor-2.1.0 threadpoolctl-3.1.0 typing-extensions-4.4.0 urllib3-1.26.12 werkzeug-2.2.2 wrapt-1.14.1 xlr-2.0.1 zipp-3.10.0
[ Command > ls -al main.py bmtrain.py banknote-authentication*
[ Output >
ls: cannot access 'banknote-authentication*': No such file or directory
-rw----- 1 mirko users 18799 Nov  3 23:20  bmtrain.py
-rw----- 1 mirko users  2229 Nov  3 23:20  main.py
[ Command >
export PYTHONPATH=/tmp/tmpjtj5_gk0p/Example/ml-zedboard
python-inspect -m bmtrain -o build_model 2> /dev/null | pygmentize -l python | head -n 20
```

Demo - Train the model

```
[ Command >
export PYTHONPATH=/tmp/tmpj5_gk0p/Example/ml-zedboard
python-inspect -m bmtrain -o build_model 2> /dev/null | pygmentize -l python | head -n 20
[ Output >
def build_model(self):
    if self.nn_model_type == "MLP":

        self.model = Sequential()

        self.parse_network_specifics()

    if self.network_spec == None:
        for i in range(0, 24, 3):
            self.model.add(Dense(i, input_shape=(self.X_train_val.shape[1],)))
        for i in reversed(range(0, 24, 3)):
            self.model.add(Dense(i, input_shape=(self.X_train_val.shape[1],)))
        opt = Adam(lr=0.0001)
    else:
        arch = self.network_spec["network"]["arch"]
        for i in range(0, len(arch)):
            layer_name = self.network_spec["network"]["arch"][i]["layer_name"]
            activation_function = self.network_spec["network"]["arch"][i]["activation_functi
on"]

            neurons = self.network_spec["network"]["arch"][i]["neurons"]
            if i == 0:
Exception ignored in: <_io.TextIOWrapper name='<stdout>' mode='w' encoding='utf-8'>
BrokenPipeError: [Errno 32] Broken pipe
```

Demo - Train the model

```
def build_model(self):
    if self.nn_model_type == "MLP":

        self.model = Sequential()

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    if self.network_spec == None:
        for i in range(0, 24, 3):
            self.model.add(Dense(i, input_shape=(self.X_train_val.shape[1],)))
        for i in reversed(range(0, 24, 3)):
            self.model.add(Dense(i, input_shape=(self.X_train_val.shape[1],)))
        opt = Adam(lr=0.0001)
    else:
        arch = self.network_spec["network"]["arch"]
        for i in range(0, len(arch)):
            layer_name = self.network_spec["network"]["arch"][i]["layer_name"]
            activation_function = self.network_spec["network"]["arch"][i]["activation_function"]

            neurons = self.network_spec["network"]["arch"][i]["neurons"]
            if i == 0:
                Exception ignored in: <io.TextIOWrapper name='<stdout>' mode='w' encoding='utf-8'>
                BrokenPipeError: [Errno 32] Broken pipe
[ Command >
export PYTHONPATH=/tmp/tmpjt5_gk0p/Example/ml-zedboard
python-inspect -m bmtrain -o dump_json_for_bondmachine 2> /dev/null | pygmentize -l python | head -n
20
```

Demo - Train the model

```
[ Command >
export PYTHONPATH=/tmp/tmpj5_gk0p/Example/ml-zedboard
python-inspect -m bmtrain -o dump_json_for_bondmachine 2> /dev/null | pygmentize -l python | head -n
20
[ Output >
def dump_json_for_bondmachine(self):
    import json

    layers = self.model.layers
    weights = self.model.weights

    to_dump = {}

    weights = []
    nodes = []

    # save weights
    for i in range(0, len(layers)):

        layer_weights = layers[i].get_weights()

        for m in range(0, len(layer_weights)):
            for w in range(0, len(layer_weights[m])):
                try:
                    for v in range(0, len(layer_weights[m][w])):
Exception ignored in: <_io.TextIOWrapper name='<stdout>' mode='w' encoding='utf-8'>
BrokenPipeError: [Errno 32] Broken pipe
```

Demo - Train the model

```
export PYTHONPATH=/tmp/tmpj5_gk0p/Example/ml-zedboard
python-inspect -m bmtrain -o dump_json_for_bondmachine 2> /dev/null | pygmentize -l python | head -n
20
[ Output >
def dump_json_for_bondmachine(self):
    import json

    layers = self.model.layers
    weights = self.model.weights

    to_dump = {}

    weights = []
    nodes = []

    # save weights
    for i in range(0, len(layers)):

        layer_weights = layers[i].get_weights()

        for m in range(0, len(layer_weights)):
            for w in range(0, len(layer_weights[m])):
                try:
                    for v in range(0, len(layer_weights[m][w])):
Exception ignored in: <_io.TextIOWrapper name='<stdout>' mode='w' encoding='utf-8'>
BrokenPipeError: [Errno 32] Broken pipe
[ Command > python3 main.py --dataset banknote-authentication -m MLP
```


Demo - Train the model

```
822/822 [=====] - 0s 37us/sample - loss: 0.4611 - acc: 0.9599 - val_loss: 0
.4695 - val_acc: 0.9636
*** dump model
# INFO: Training finished, saved model path: models/banknote-authentication_KERAS_model.h5
Model: "sequential"

```

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #
dense (Dense)	(None, 1)	5
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 2)	4

```

=====
Total params: 9
Trainable params: 9
Non-trainable params: 0
None
/tools/Conda/envs/ml-zedboard/lib/python3.8/site-packages/keras/engine/training_v1.py:2356: UserWarn
ing: `Model.state_updates` will be removed in a future version. This property should not be used in
TensorFlow 2.0, as `updates` are applied automatically.
  updates=self.state_updates,
Software predictions have been exported in CSV (path is: datasets/banknote-authentication_swprediction
.csv)
# INFO: Accuracy is 0.9454545454545454
Model has been exported in JSON for Bondmachine (path is: models/banknote-authentication/modelBM.js
on)

```

Demo - Train the model

```
Model: "sequential"
-----
Layer (type)              Output Shape              Param #
-----
dense (Dense)             (None, 1)                 5
dense_1 (Dense)           (None, 2)                 4
-----
Total params: 9
Trainable params: 9
Non-trainable params: 0
-----
None
/tools/Conda/envs/ml-zedboard/lib/python3.8/site-packages/keras/engine/training_v1.py:2356: UserWarning: `Model.state_updates` will be removed in a future version. This property should not be used in TensorFlow 2.0, as `updates` are applied automatically.
  updates=self.state_updates,
Software predictions have been exported in CSV (path is: datasets/banknote-authentication_swprediction.csv)
# INFO: Accuracy is 0.9454545454545454
Model has been exported in JSON for Bondmachine (path is: models/banknote-authentication/modelBM.json)
[ Command >
cp models/banknote-authentication/modelBM.json /tmp/modelBM.json
cp datasets/banknote-authentication_swprediction.csv /tmp/sw.csv
cp datasets/banknote-authentication_sample.csv /tmp/sample.csv
```

Demo - Train the model

```
Layer (type)           Output Shape          Param #
=====
dense (Dense)          (None, 1)             5
dense_1 (Dense)        (None, 2)             4
=====
Total params: 9
Trainable params: 9
Non-trainable params: 0
None
/tools/Conda/envs/ml-zedboard/lib/python3.8/site-packages/keras/engine/training_v1.py:2356: UserWarning: `Model.state_updates` will be removed in a future version. This property should not be used in TensorFlow 2.0, as `updates` are applied automatically.
  updates=self.state_updates,
Software predicions have been exported in CSV (path is: datasets/banknote-authentication_swprediction.csv)
# INFO: Accuracy is 0.9454545454545454
Model has been exported in JSON for Bondmachine (path is: models/banknote-authentication/modelBM.json)
[ Command >
cp models/banknote-authentication/modelBM.json /tmp/modelBM.json
cp datasets/banknote-authentication_swprediction.csv /tmp/sw.csv
cp datasets/banknote-authentication_sample.csv /tmp/sample.csv
[ Output >
```

Demo - Train the model

```
Layer (type)           Output Shape           Param #
=====
dense (Dense)          (None, 1)              5
dense_1 (Dense)        (None, 2)              4
=====
Total params: 9
Trainable params: 9
Non-trainable params: 0
-----
None
/tools/Conda/envs/ml-zedboard/lib/python3.8/site-packages/keras/engine/training_v1.py:2356: UserWarning: `Model.state_updates` will be removed in a future version. This property should not be used in TensorFlow 2.0, as `updates` are applied automatically.
  updates=self.state_updates,
Software predicions have been exported in CSV (path is: datasets/banknote-authentication_swprediction.csv)
# INFO: Accuracy is 0.9454545454545454
Model has been exported in JSON for Bondmachine (path is: models/banknote-authentication/modelBM.json)
[ Command >
cp models/banknote-authentication/modelBM.json /tmp/modelBM.json
cp datasets/banknote-authentication_swprediction.csv /tmp/sw.csv
cp datasets/banknote-authentication_sample.csv /tmp/sample.csv
[ Output >
[ Command > conda deactivate ; conda env remove --name ml-zedboard
```

Demo - Train the model

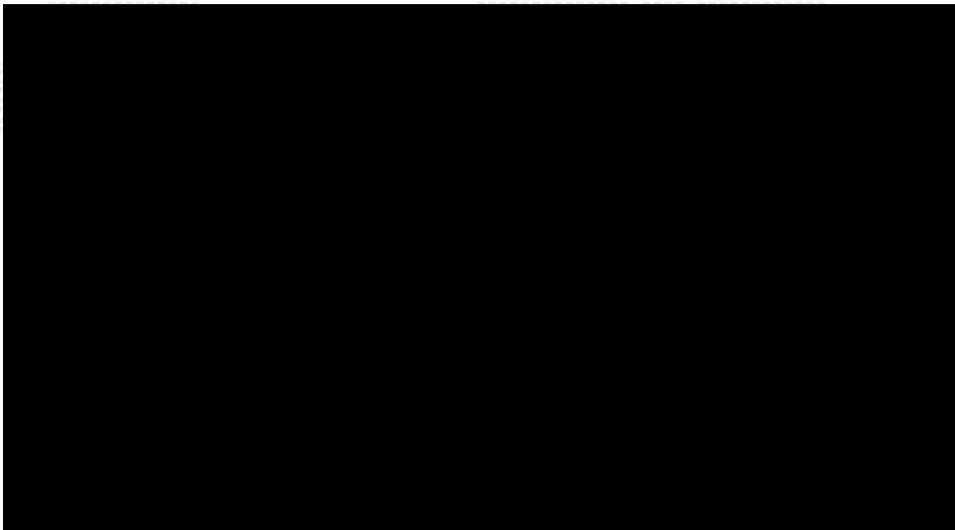
```
Layer (type)           Output Shape           Param #
=====
dense (Dense)          (None, 1)              5
dense_1 (Dense)        (None, 2)              4
=====
Total params: 9
Trainable params: 9
Non-trainable params: 0
-----
None
/tools/Conda/envs/ml-zedboard/lib/python3.8/site-packages/keras/engine/training_v1.py:2356: UserWarning: `Model.state_updates` will be removed in a future version. This property should not be used in TensorFlow 2.0, as `updates` are applied automatically.
  updates=self.state_updates,
Software predicions have been exported in CSV (path is: datasets/banknote-authentication_swprediction.csv)
# INFO: Accuracy is 0.9454545454545454
Model has been exported in JSON for Bondmachine (path is: models/banknote-authentication/modelBM.json)
[ Command >
cp models/banknote-authentication/modelBM.json /tmp/modelBM.json
cp datasets/banknote-authentication_swprediction.csv /tmp/sw.csv
cp datasets/banknote-authentication_sample.csv /tmp/sample.csv
[ Output >
[ Command > conda deactivate ; conda env remove --name ml-zedboard
```

Project creation

The outcome of this first part of the demo are three files:

- `sample.csv` is a test dataset that will be used to feed the inferences of both: the BM hardware and the BM simulation
- `sw.csv` is the software predictions over that dataset and will be used to check the BM inference probabilities and predictions
- `modelBM.json` is the trained network that will use as BM source in the next demo

DEMO - BondMachine creation



DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
```


DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example  
[ Command > cd Example
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example  
[ Command > cd Example  
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n  
_inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example  
[ Command > cd Example  
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n  
inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
[ Command > cd Example
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n
_inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
[ Command >
cd proj_mlinfn
ls -al
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n
_inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
[ Command >
cd proj_mlinfn
ls -al
[ Output >
total 10
drwx----- 3 mirko users   20 Nov  2 22:21 .
drwx----- 3 mirko users   17 Nov  2 22:21 ..
-rw----- 1 mirko users 44179 Nov  2 22:21 Makefile
-rw----- 1 mirko users   397 Nov  2 22:21 authorized_keys
-rw----- 1 mirko users  1962 Nov  2 22:21 banknote.json
-rw----- 1 mirko users   150 Nov  2 22:21 bmapi.json
-rw----- 1 mirko users   242 Nov  2 22:21 bmapi.mk
-rw----- 1 mirko users  1351 Nov  2 22:21 bminfo.json
-rw----- 1 mirko users   130 Nov  2 22:21 buildroot.mk
-rw----- 1 mirko users   129 Nov  2 22:21 crosscompile.mk
-rwx----- 1 mirko users  3613 Nov  2 22:21 deploy_jupyter_board.py
-rw----- 1 mirko users   495 Nov  2 22:21 local.mk
-rw----- 1 mirko users   145 Nov  2 22:21 neuralbondconfig.json
drwx----- 2 mirko users   20 Nov  2 22:21 neurons
-rw----- 1 mirko users   145 Nov  2 22:21 simbatch.mk
-rwx----- 1 mirko users  4059 Nov  2 22:21 simbatch.py
-rw----- 1 mirko users 24057 Nov  2 22:21 simbatch_input.csv
-rw----- 1 mirko users  1100 Nov  2 22:21 sumapp.go
-rw----- 1 mirko users 21319 Nov  2 22:21 zedboard.xdc
-rw----- 1 mirko users    53 Nov  2 22:21 zedboard_maps.json
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
[ Command >
cd proj_mlfn
ls -al
[ Output >
total 10
drwx----- 3 mirko users    20 Nov  2 22:21 .
drwx----- 3 mirko users    17 Nov  2 22:21 ..
-rw----- 1 mirko users 44179 Nov  2 22:21 Makefile
-rw----- 1 mirko users   397 Nov  2 22:21 authorized_keys
-rw----- 1 mirko users  1962 Nov  2 22:21 banknote.json
-rw----- 1 mirko users   150 Nov  2 22:21 bmapi.json
-rw----- 1 mirko users   242 Nov  2 22:21 bmapi.mk
-rw----- 1 mirko users  1351 Nov  2 22:21 bminfo.json
-rw----- 1 mirko users   130 Nov  2 22:21 buildroot.mk
-rw----- 1 mirko users   129 Nov  2 22:21 crosscompile.mk
-rwx----- 1 mirko users  3613 Nov  2 22:21 deploy_jupyter_board.py
-rw----- 1 mirko users   495 Nov  2 22:21 local.mk
-rw----- 1 mirko users   145 Nov  2 22:21 neuralbondconfig.json
drwx----- 2 mirko users    20 Nov  2 22:21 neurons
-rw----- 1 mirko users   145 Nov  2 22:21 simbatch.mk
-rwx----- 1 mirko users  4059 Nov  2 22:21 simbatch.py
-rw----- 1 mirko users 24057 Nov  2 22:21 simbatch_input.csv
-rw----- 1 mirko users  1100 Nov  2 22:21 sumapp.go
-rw----- 1 mirko users 21319 Nov  2 22:21 zedboard.xdc
-rw----- 1 mirko users    53 Nov  2 22:21 zedboard_maps.json
[ Command > cat local.mk
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
-rw----- 1 mirko users 145 Nov 2 22:21 simbatch.mk
-rwx----- 1 mirko users 4059 Nov 2 22:21 simbatch.py
-rw----- 1 mirko users 24057 Nov 2 22:21 simbatch_input.csv
-rw----- 1 mirko users 1100 Nov 2 22:21 sumapp.go
-rw----- 1 mirko users 21319 Nov 2 22:21 zedboard.xdc
-rw----- 1 mirko users 53 Nov 2 22:21 zedboard_maps.json
[ Command > cat local.mk
[ Output >
WORKING_DIR=working_dir
CURRENT_DIR=$(shell pwd)
SOURCE_NEURALBOND=banknote.json
NEURALBOND_LIBRARY=neurons
NEURALBOND_ARGS=-config-file neuralbondconfig.json -operating-mode fragment
BMINFO=bminfo.json
BOARD=zedboard
MAPFILE=zedboard_maps.json
SHOWARGS=-dot-detail 5
SHOWRENDERER=dot
VERILOG_OPTIONS=-comment-verilog
#BASM_ARGS=-d
BENCHCORE=i0,p0o0
#HDL_REGRESSION=bondmachine.sv
#BM_REGRESSION=bondmachine.json
include bmapi.mk
include crosscompile.mk
include buildroot.mk
include simbatch.mk
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
-rwx----- 1 mirko users 4059 Nov  2 22:21 simbatch.py
-rw----- 1 mirko users 24057 Nov  2 22:21 simbatch_input.csv
-rw----- 1 mirko users  1100 Nov  2 22:21 sumapp.go
-rw----- 1 mirko users 21319 Nov  2 22:21 zedboard.xdc
-rw----- 1 mirko users   53 Nov  2 22:21 zedboard_maps.json
[ Command > cat local.mk
[ Output >
WORKING_DIR=working_dir
CURRENT_DIR=$(shell pwd)
SOURCE_NEURALBOND=banknote.json
NEURALBOND_LIBRARY=neurons
NEURALBOND_ARGS=-config-file neuralbondconfig.json -operating-mode fragment
BMINFO=bminfo.json
BOARD=zedboard
MAPFILE=zedboard_maps.json
SHOWARGS=-dot-detail 5
SHOWRENDERER=dot
VERILOG_OPTIONS=-comment-verilog
#BASM_ARGS=-d
BENCHCORE=i0,p0o0
#HDL_REGRESSION=bondmachine.sv
#BM_REGRESSION=bondmachine.json
include bmapi.mk
include crosscompile.mk
include buildroot.mk
include simbatch.mk
[ Command > ls neurons
```


DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
[ Command > cat local.mk
[ Output >
WORKING_DIR=working_dir
CURRENT_DIR=$(shell pwd)
SOURCE_NEURALBOND=banknote.json
NEURALBOND_LIBRARY=neurons
NEURALBOND_ARGS=-config-file neuralbondconfig.json -operating-mode fragment
BMINFO=bminfo.json
BOARD=zedboard
MAPFILE=zedboard_maps.json
SHOWARGS=-dot-detail 5
SHOWRENDERER=dot
VERILOG_OPTIONS=-comment-verilog
#BASM_ARGS=-d
BENCHCORE=i0,p0o0
#HDL_REGRESSION=bondmachine.sv
#BM_REGRESSION=bondmachine.json
include bmapi.mk
include crosscompile.mk
include buildroot.mk
include simbatch.mk
[ Command > ls neurons
[ Output >
frag-linear.basm      frag-terminal.basm  rom-linear.basm     rom-terminal.basm  terminal.nb
frag-relu.basm       frag-weight.basm   rom-relu.basm      rom-weight.basm   weight.nb
frag-softmax.basm   linear.nb          rom-softmax.basm   softmax.nb
frag-summation.basm relu.nb           rom-summation.basm summation.nb
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
[ Output >
WORKING_DIR=working_dir
CURRENT_DIR=$(shell pwd)
SOURCE_NEURALBOND=banknote.json
NEURALBOND_LIBRARY=neurons
NEURALBOND_ARGS=-config-file neuralbondconfig.json -operating-mode fragment
BMINFO=bminfo.json
BOARD=zedboard
MAPFILE=zedboard_maps.json
SHOWARGS=-dot-detail 5
SHOWRENDERER=dot
VERILOG_OPTIONS=-comment-verilog
#BASM_ARGS=-d
BENCHCORE=i0,p0o0
#HDL_REGRESSION=bondmachine.sv
#BM_REGRESSION=bondmachine.json
include bmapi.mk
include crosscompile.mk
include buildroot.mk
include simbatch.mk
[ Command > ls neurons
[ Output >
frag-linear.basm      frag-terminal.basm  rom-linear.basm     rom-terminal.basm  terminal.nb
frag-relu.basm       frag-weight.basm   rom-relu.basm      rom-weight.basm    weight.nb
frag-softmax.basm   linear.nb          rom-softmax.basm   softmax.nb
frag-summation.basm relu.nb            rom-summation.basm summation.nb
[ Command > cat neurons/frag-softmax.basm | head -n 15
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
include crosscompile.mk
include buildroot.mk
include simbatch.mk
[ Command > ls neurons
[ Output >
frag-linear.basm      frag-terminal.basm  rom-linear.basm     rom-terminal.basm  terminal.nb
frag-relu.basm       frag-weight.basm    rom-relu.basm       rom-weight.basm    weight.nb
frag-softmax.basm    linear.nb           rom-softmax.basm    softmax.nb
frag-summation.basm relu.nb             rom-summation.basm summation.nb
[ Command > cat neurons/frag-softmax.basm | head -n 15
[ Output >
%fragment softmax iomode:sync template:true resout:r9
%meta literal resin {{ with $last := adds "10" .Params.inputs }}{{range $y := intRange "10" $last }}
{{printf "r%d:" $y}}{{end}}{{end}}
    mov    r8, 0f0.0
{{ with $last := adds "10" .Params.inputs }}
{{range $y := intRange "10" $last}}
{{printf "mov r1,r%d\n" $y}}
    mov    r0, 0f1.0
    mov    r2, 0f1.0
    mov    r3, 0f1.0
    mov    r4, 0f1.0
    mov    r5, 0f1.0
    mov    r7, {{$.Params.expprec}}
loop{{printf "%d" $y}}:
    multf  r2, r1
    multf  r3, r4
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
include buildroot.mk
include simbatch.mk
[ Command > ls neurons
[ Output >
frag-linear.basm      frag-terminal.basm  rom-linear.basm     rom-terminal.basm  terminal.nb
frag-relu.basm        frag-weight.basm    rom-relu.basm       rom-weight.basm    weight.nb
frag-softmax.basm    linear.nb           rom-softmax.basm    softmax.nb
frag-summation.basm  relu.nb            rom-summation.basm  summation.nb
[ Command > cat neurons/frag-softmax.basm | head -n 15
[ Output >
%fragment softmax iomode:sync template:true resout:r9
%meta literal resin {{ with $last := adds "10" .Params.inputs }}{{range $y := intRange "10" $last }}
{{printf "r%d:" $y}}{{end}}{{end}}
    mov    r8, 0f0.0
{{ with $last := adds "10" .Params.inputs }}
{{range $y := intRange "10" $last}}
{{printf "mov r1,r%d\n" $y}}
    mov    r0, 0f1.0
    mov    r2, 0f1.0
    mov    r3, 0f1.0
    mov    r4, 0f1.0
    mov    r5, 0f1.0
    mov    r7, {{$.Params.expprec}}
loop{{printf "%d" $y}}:
    multf  r2, r1
    multf  r3, r4
[ Command > cp /tmp/modelBM.json banknote.json
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
include buildroot.mk
include simbatch.mk
[ Command > ls neurons
[ Output >
frag-linear.basm      frag-terminal.basm  rom-linear.basm     rom-terminal.basm   terminal.nb
frag-relu.basm        frag-weight.basm    rom-relu.basm       rom-weight.basm     weight.nb
frag-softmax.basm    linear.nb            rom-softmax.basm    softmax.nb
frag-summation.basm  relu.nb             rom-summation.basm  summation.nb
[ Command > cat neurons/frag-softmax.basm | head -n 15
[ Output >
%fragment softmax iomode:sync template:true resout:r9
%meta literal resin {{ with $last := adds "10" .Params.inputs }}{{range $y := intRange "10" $last }}
{{printf "r%d:" $y}}{{end}}{{end}}
    mov    r8, 0f0.0
{{ with $last := adds "10" .Params.inputs }}
{{range $y := intRange "10" $last}}
{{printf "mov r1,r%d\n" $y}}
    mov    r0, 0f1.0
    mov    r2, 0f1.0
    mov    r3, 0f1.0
    mov    r4, 0f1.0
    mov    r5, 0f1.0
    mov    r7, {{$.Params.expprec}}
loop{{printf "%d" $y}}:
    multf  r2, r1
    multf  r3, r4
[ Command > cp /tmp/modelBM.json banknote.json
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
include simbatch.mk
[ Command > ls neurons
[ Output >
frag-linear.basm      frag-terminal.basm  rom-linear.basm     rom-terminal.basm  terminal.nb
frag-relu.basm       frag-weight.basm   rom-relu.basm      rom-weight.basm    weight.nb
frag-softmax.basm   linear.nb          rom-softmax.basm   softmax.nb
frag-summation.basm relu.nb           rom-summation.basm summation.nb
[ Command > cat neurons/frag-softmax.basm | head -n 15
[ Output >
%fragment softmax iomode:sync template:true resout:r9
%meta literal resin {{ with $last := adds "10" .Params.inputs }}{{range $y := intRange "10" $last }}
{{printf "r%d:" $y}}{{end}}{{end}}
    mov    r8, 0f0.0
{{ with $last := adds "10" .Params.inputs }}
{{range $y := intRange "10" $last}}
{{printf "mov r1,r%d\n" $y}}
    mov    r0, 0f1.0
    mov    r2, 0f1.0
    mov    r3, 0f1.0
    mov    r4, 0f1.0
    mov    r5, 0f1.0
    mov    r7, {{$.Params.expprec}}
loop{{printf "%d" $y}}:
    multf  r2, r1
    multf  r3, r4
[ Command > cp /tmp/modelBM.json banknote.json
[ Command > make bondmachine
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
%meta literal resin {{ with $last := adds "10" .Params.inputs }}{{range $y := intRange "10" $last }}
{{printf "r%d:" $y}}{{end}}{{end}}
    mov    r8, 0f0.0
{{ with $last := adds "10" .Params.inputs }}
{{range $y := intRange "10" $last}}
{{printf "mov r1,r%d\n" $y}}
    mov    r0, 0f1.0
    mov    r2, 0f1.0
    mov    r3, 0f1.0
    mov    r4, 0f1.0
    mov    r5, 0f1.0
    mov    r7, {{$.Params.expprec}}
loop{{printf "%d" $y}}:
    multf  r2, r1
    multf  r3, r4
[ Command > cp /tmp/modelBM.json banknote.json
[ Command > make bondmachine
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [Working directory creation begin] - [Target: working_dir]
mkdir -p working_dir
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [Working directory creation end]

[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [BondMachine generation begin] - [Target: working_dir/bondmachine_target]
neuralbond -net-file banknote.json -neuron-lib-path neurons -save-basm working_dir/bondmachine.basm
-config-file neuralbondconfig.json -operating-mode fragment -bminfo-file bminfo.json ; basm -bminfo
-file bminfo.json -o working_dir/bondmachine.json working_dir/bondmachine.basm neurons/*.basm
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [BondMachine generation end]
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```

{{printf "r%d:" $y}}{{end}}{{end}}
    mov    r8, 0f0.0
{{ with $last := adds "10" .Params.inputs }}
{{range $y := intRange "10" $last}}
{{printf "mov r1,r%d\n" $y}}
    mov    r0, 0f1.0
    mov    r2, 0f1.0
    mov    r3, 0f1.0
    mov    r4, 0f1.0
    mov    r5, 0f1.0
    mov    r7, {{$.Params.expprec}}
loop{{printf "%d" $y}}:
    multf  r2, r1
    multf  r3, r4
[ Command > cp /tmp/modelBM.json banknote.json
[ Command > make bondmachine
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [Working directory creation begin] - [Target: working_dir]
mkdir -p working_dir
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [Working directory creation end]

[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [BondMachine generation begin] - [Target: working_dir/bondmachine_target]
neuralbond -net-file banknote.json -neuron-lib-path neurons -save-basm working_dir/bondmachine.basm
-config-file neuralbondconfig.json -operating-mode fragment -bminfo-file bminfo.json ; basm -bminfo
-file bminfo.json -o working_dir/bondmachine.json working_dir/bondmachine.basm neurons/*.basm
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [BondMachine generation end]

[ Command > ls working_dir

```


DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
{{ with $last := adds "10" .Params.inputs }}
{{range $y := intRange "10" $last}}
{{printf "mov r1,r%d\n" $y}}
    mov    r0, 0f1.0
    mov    r2, 0f1.0
    mov    r3, 0f1.0
    mov    r4, 0f1.0
    mov    r5, 0f1.0
    mov    r7, {{$.Params.expprec}}
loop{{printf "%d" $y}}:
    multf  r2, r1
    multf  r3, r4
[ Command > cp /tmp/modelBM.json banknote.json
[ Command > make bondmachine
[Project: proj_mlnfn] - [Working directory creation begin] - [Target: working_dir]
mkdir -p working_dir
[Project: proj_mlnfn] - [Working directory creation end]

[Project: proj_mlnfn] - [BondMachine generation begin] - [Target: working_dir/bondmachine_target]
neuralbond -net-file banknote.json -neuron-lib-path neurons -save-basm working_dir/bondmachine.basm
-config-file neuralbondconfig.json -operating-mode fragment -bminfo-file bminfo.json ; basm -bminfo
-file bminfo.json -o working_dir/bondmachine.json working_dir/bondmachine.basm neurons/*.basm
[Project: proj_mlnfn] - [BondMachine generation end]

[ Command > ls working_dir
[ Output >
bondmachine.basm  bondmachine.json  bondmachine_target
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
{{range $y := intRange "10" $last}}
{{printf "mov r1,r%d\n" $y}}
    mov    r0, 0f1.0
    mov    r2, 0f1.0
    mov    r3, 0f1.0
    mov    r4, 0f1.0
    mov    r5, 0f1.0
    mov    r7, {{$.Params.expprec}}
loop{{printf "%d" $y}}:
    multf  r2, r1
    multf  r3, r4
[ Command > cp /tmp/modelBM.json banknote.json
[ Command > make bondmachine
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [Working directory creation begin] - [Target: working_dir]
mkdir -p working_dir
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [Working directory creation end]

[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [BondMachine generation begin] - [Target: working_dir/bondmachine_target]
neuralbond -net-file banknote.json -neuron-lib-path neurons -save-basm working_dir/bondmachine.basm
-config-file neuralbondconfig.json -operating-mode fragment -bminfo-file bminfo.json ; basm -bminfo
-file bminfo.json -o working_dir/bondmachine.json working_dir/bondmachine.basm neurons/*.basm
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [BondMachine generation end]

[ Command > ls working_dir
[ Output >
bondmachine.basm bondmachine.json bondmachine_target
[ Command > cat working_dir/bondmachine.basm
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
%meta filinkatt downweightfi_3_1_4_1 fi:weightfi_3_1_4_1, type:input, index:0
%meta filinkatt downweightfi_3_1_4_1 fi:node_3_1, type:output, index:0
%meta filinkatt upweightfi_3_1_4_1 fi:node_4_1, type:input, index:0
%meta filinkatt upweightfi_3_1_4_1 fi:weightfi_3_1_4_1, type:output, index:0
%meta cpdef node_4_0 fragcollapse:node_4_0
%meta cpdef node_1_0 fragcollapse:node_1_0
%meta cpdef node_2_0 fragcollapse:node_2_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_3_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_3_1_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_0_3_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_0_3_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_0_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_0_1_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_1_3_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_1_3_0
%meta cpdef node_4_1 fragcollapse:node_4_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_1_3_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_1_3_1
%meta cpdef node_3_0 fragcollapse:node_3_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_3_0_4_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_3_0_4_0
%meta cpdef node_0_2 fragcollapse:node_0_2
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_2_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_2_1_0
%meta cpdef node_0_1 fragcollapse:node_0_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_1_0_2_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_1_0_2_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_1_0_2_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_1_0_2_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_0_3_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_0_3_1
%meta cpdef node_0_0 fragcollapse:node_0_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_1_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_1_1_0
%meta cpdef node_0_3 fragcollapse:node_0_3
%meta cpdef node_3_1 fragcollapse:node_3_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_3_1_4_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_3_1_4_1
%meta cpdef node_2_1 fragcollapse:node_2_1
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
%meta filinkatt downweightfi 3_1_4_1 fi:node_3_1, type:output, index:0
%meta filinkatt upweightfi 3_1_4_1 fi:node_4_1, type:input, index:0
%meta filinkatt upweightfi 3_1_4_1 fi:weightfi_3_1_4_1, type:output, index:0
%meta cpdef node_4_0 fragcollapse:node_4_0
%meta cpdef node_1_0 fragcollapse:node_1_0
%meta cpdef node_2_0 fragcollapse:node_2_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_3_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_3_1_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_0_3_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_0_3_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_0_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_0_1_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_1_3_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_1_3_0
%meta cpdef node_4_1 fragcollapse:node_4_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_1_3_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_1_3_1
%meta cpdef node_3_0 fragcollapse:node_3_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_3_0_4_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_3_0_4_0
%meta cpdef node_0_2 fragcollapse:node_0_2
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_2_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_2_1_0
%meta cpdef node_0_1 fragcollapse:node_0_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_1_0_2_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_1_0_2_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_1_0_2_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_1_0_2_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_0_3_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_0_3_1
%meta cpdef node_0_0 fragcollapse:node_0_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_1_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_1_1_0
%meta cpdef node_0_3 fragcollapse:node_0_3
%meta cpdef node_3_1 fragcollapse:node_3_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_3_1_4_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_3_1_4_1
%meta cpdef node_2_1 fragcollapse:node_2_1
[ Command > make hdl
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
%meta filinkatt downweightfi 3_1_4_1 fi:node_3_1, type:output, index:0
%meta filinkatt upweightfi 3_1_4_1 fi:node_4_1, type:input, index:0
%meta filinkatt upweightfi 3_1_4_1 fi:weightfi_3_1_4_1, type:output, index:0
%meta cpdef node_4_0 fragcollapse:node_4_0
%meta cpdef node_1_0 fragcollapse:node_1_0
%meta cpdef node_2_0 fragcollapse:node_2_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_3_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_3_1_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_0_3_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_0_3_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_0_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_0_1_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_1_3_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_1_3_0
%meta cpdef node_4_1 fragcollapse:node_4_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_1_3_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_1_3_1
%meta cpdef node_3_0 fragcollapse:node_3_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_3_0_4_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_3_0_4_0
%meta cpdef node_0_2 fragcollapse:node_0_2
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_2_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_2_1_0
%meta cpdef node_0_1 fragcollapse:node_0_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_1_0_2_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_1_0_2_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_1_0_2_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_1_0_2_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_0_3_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_0_3_1
%meta cpdef node_0_0 fragcollapse:node_0_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_1_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_1_1_0
%meta cpdef node_0_3 fragcollapse:node_0_3
%meta cpdef node_3_1 fragcollapse:node_3_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_3_1_4_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_3_1_4_1
%meta cpdef node_2_1 fragcollapse:node_2_1
[ Command > make hdl
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

```
%meta filinkatt upweightfi_3_1_4_1 fi:node_4_1, type:input, index:0
%meta filinkatt upweightfi_3_1_4_1 fi:weightfi_3_1_4_1, type:output, index:0
%meta cpdef node_4_0 fragcollapse:node_4_0
%meta cpdef node_1_0 fragcollapse:node_1_0
%meta cpdef node_2_0 fragcollapse:node_2_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_3_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_3_1_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_0_3_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_0_3_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_0_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_0_1_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_1_3_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_1_3_0
%meta cpdef node_4_1 fragcollapse:node_4_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_1_3_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_1_3_1
%meta cpdef node_3_0 fragcollapse:node_3_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_3_0_4_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_3_0_4_0
%meta cpdef node_0_2 fragcollapse:node_0_2
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_2_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_2_1_0
%meta cpdef node_0_1 fragcollapse:node_0_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_1_0_2_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_1_0_2_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_1_0_2_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_1_0_2_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_0_3_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_0_3_1
%meta cpdef node_0_0 fragcollapse:node_0_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_1_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_1_1_0
%meta cpdef node_0_3 fragcollapse:node_0_3
%meta cpdef node_3_1 fragcollapse:node_3_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_3_1_4_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_3_1_4_1
%meta cpdef node_2_1 fragcollapse:node_2_1
[ Command > make hdl
[ Command > make show
```

DEMO - BondMachine creation

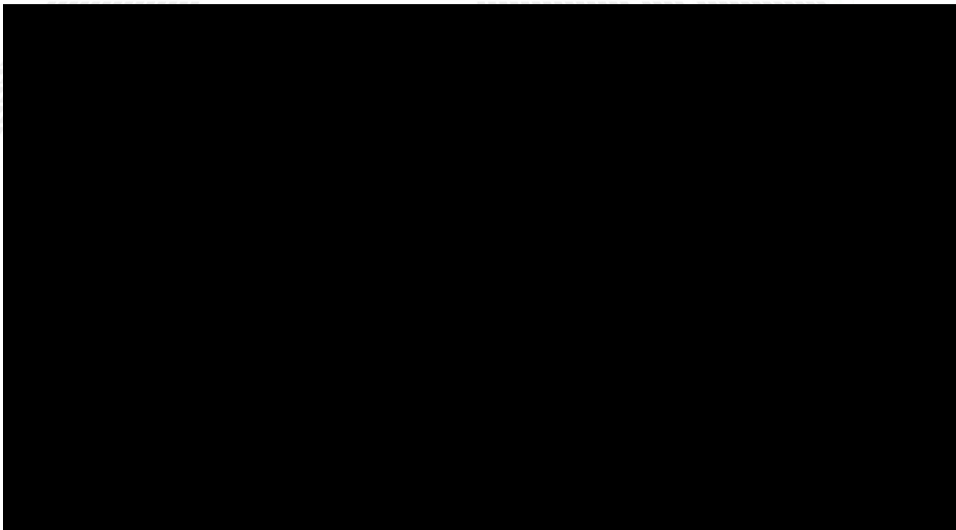
```
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_0_3_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_0_3_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_0_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_0_1_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_1_3_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_1_3_0
%meta cpdef node_4_1 fragcollapse:node_4_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_1_3_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_1_3_1
%meta cpdef node_3_0 fragcollapse:node_3_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_3_0_4_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_3_0_4_0
%meta cpdef node_0_2 fragcollapse:node_0_2
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_2_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_2_1_0
%meta cpdef node_0_1 fragcollapse:node_0_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_1_0_2_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_1_0_2_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_1_0_2_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_1_0_2_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_2_0_3_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_2_0_3_1
%meta cpdef node_0_0 fragcollapse:node_0_0
%meta cpdef weightfi_0_1_1_0 fragcollapse:weightfi_0_1_1_0
%meta cpdef node_0_3 fragcollapse:node_0_3
%meta cpdef node_3_1 fragcollapse:node_3_1
%meta cpdef weightfi_3_1_4_1 fragcollapse:weightfi_3_1_4_1
%meta cpdef node_2_1 fragcollapse:node_2_1
[ Command > make hdl
[ Command > make show
[ Output >
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [BondMachine diagram show begin] - [Target: show]
bondmachine -bondmachine-file working_dir/bondmachine.json -emit-dot -dot-detail 5 -bminfo-file bminfo.json | dot -Txlib
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [BondMachine diagram show end]
```

BondMachine creation

The outcome of this second part of the demo are:

- `bondmachine.json`, a representation of the generated abstract machine
- All the HDL files needed to build the firmware for the given board

Demo - BondMachine simulation



Demo - BondMachine simulation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
```

Demo - BondMachine simulation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example  
[ Command > cd Example
```

Demo - BondMachine simulation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example  
[ Command > cd Example  
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n  
_inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
```

Demo - BondMachine simulation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example  
[ Command > cd Example  
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n  
_inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
```

Demo - BondMachine simulation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example  
[ Command > cd Example  
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n  
inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json  
[ Command > cd proj_mlinfn
```

Demo - BondMachine simulation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
[ Command > cd Example
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n
inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
[ Command > cd proj_mlinfn
```

Demo - BondMachine simulation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
[ Command > cd Example
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n
inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
[ Command > cd proj_mlinfn
[ Command > cp /tmp/sim.csv .
```


Demo - BondMachine simulation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
[ Command > cd Example
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n
inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
[ Command > cd proj_mlinfn
[ Command > cp /tmp/sim.csv .
```

Demo - BondMachine simulation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
[ Command > cd Example
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n
inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
[ Command > cd proj_mlinfn
[ Command > cp /tmp/sim.csv .
[ Command > make simbatch
```

Demo - BondMachine simulation

```
1.316250120615847
Running simulation with inputs: 0f-1.0601420171169955,0f0.3471542056645857,0f-0.4248275125188447,0f-
0.04608508181009227
Running simulation with inputs: 0f-0.15228760297525445,0f-0.2821256600040472,0f-0.3931947744117846,0
f0.5712245546772439
Running simulation with inputs: 0f1.052405089774165,0f0.7521166535304541,0f-0.7981025904661143,0f0.3
9395848746270123
Running simulation with inputs: 0f-0.324656804509,0f-0.15459195394199834,0f-0.7235721768066175,0f0.2
947911065500622
Running simulation with inputs: 0f1.1202121241061977,0f-0.05885513674190243,0f-0.03632330979904628,0
f1.4916348403989907
Running simulation with inputs: 0f-1.5832950470099985,0f0.18817820405272936,0f-0.14704366178162517,0
f0.2538807872456312
Running simulation with inputs: 0f-0.2817404268789742,0f-1.2433487678699013,0f0.7539298193063557,0f1
.3088205957275203
Running simulation with inputs: 0f-0.9459019049271576,0f-0.32230699215865727,0f0.3011633249327807,0f
0.8005548150124344
Running simulation with inputs: 0f0.3527853059363061,0f-0.19267696420599642,0f-0.8155007117971548,0f
1.0596199512474536
Running simulation with inputs: 0f1.0634254876935534,0f-1.0567651440981527,0f0.4696066746895383,0f0.
6412610081648472
Running simulation with inputs: 0f-0.24940573706008093,0f1.0770592106221761,0f-1.0709577426405883,0f
-0.6442337339483407
Running simulation with inputs: 0f0.8249426728456427,0f1.5484150348383172,0f-1.1686087366365605,0f-1
.5435897047849427
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [BondMachine simbatch end]
```

Demo - BondMachine simulation

```
Running simulation with inputs: 0f-1.0601420171169955,0f0.3471542056645857,0f-0.4248275125188447,0f-0.04608508181009227
Running simulation with inputs: 0f-0.15228760297525445,0f-0.2821256600040472,0f-0.3931947744117846,0f0.5712245546772439
Running simulation with inputs: 0f1.052405089774165,0f0.7521166535304541,0f-0.7981025904661143,0f0.39395848746270123
Running simulation with inputs: 0f-0.324656804509,0f-0.15459195394199834,0f-0.7235721768066175,0f0.2947911065500622
Running simulation with inputs: 0f1.1202121241061977,0f-0.05885513674190243,0f-0.03632330979904628,0f1.4916348403989907
Running simulation with inputs: 0f-1.5832950470099985,0f0.18817820405272936,0f-0.14704366178162517,0f0.2538807872456312
Running simulation with inputs: 0f-0.2817404268789742,0f-1.2433487678699013,0f0.7539298193063557,0f1.3088205957275203
Running simulation with inputs: 0f-0.9459019049271576,0f-0.32230699215865727,0f0.3011633249327807,0f0.8005548150124344
Running simulation with inputs: 0f0.3527853059363061,0f-0.19267696420599642,0f-0.8155007117971548,0f1.0596199512474536
Running simulation with inputs: 0f1.0634254876935534,0f-1.0567651440981527,0f0.4696066746895383,0f0.6412610081648472
Running simulation with inputs: 0f-0.24940573706008093,0f1.0770592106221761,0f-1.0709577426405883,0f-0.6442337339483407
Running simulation with inputs: 0f0.8249426728456427,0f1.5484150348383172,0f-1.1686087366365605,0f-1.5435897047849427
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [BondMachine simbatch end]
[ Command > cat working_dir/simbatch_output.csv
```

Demo - BondMachine simulation

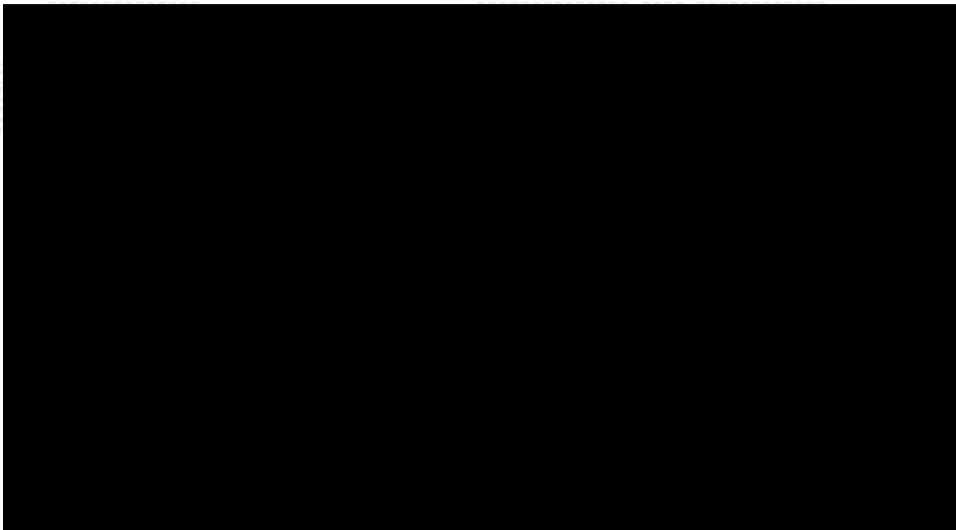
```
0.71279794, 0.28720203, 0
0.6313562, 0.36864382, 0
0.7589688, 0.24103124, 0
0.6479448, 0.35205516, 0
0.3601988, 0.63980114, 1
0.6425791, 0.35742098, 0
0.5682741, 0.43172595, 0
0.61973804, 0.38026193, 0
0.6914931, 0.3085069, 0
0.6783158, 0.32168424, 0
0.4921839, 0.5078161, 1
0.37793863, 0.6220614, 1
0.66365564, 0.33634433, 0
0.6749563, 0.32504368, 0
0.66059536, 0.3394046, 0
0.4266389, 0.57336116, 1
0.4380828, 0.56191725, 1
0.6834962, 0.31650382, 0
0.4042624, 0.59573764, 1
0.63697994, 0.3630201, 0
0.36208335, 0.6379167, 1
0.403224, 0.59677607, 1
0.40639094, 0.5936091, 1
0.4439535, 0.5560465, 1
0.593614, 0.40638596, 0
0.5749001, 0.42509994, 0
0.77141094, 0.22858903, 0
```

Simulation

The outcome of this third part of the demo is:

- `simbatchoutput.csv`, a simulated CSV files containing the output probabilities and the prediction

DEMO - BondMachine accelerator creation



DEMO - BondMachine accelerator creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
```


DEMO - BondMachine accelerator creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example  
[ Command > cd Example
```

DEMO - BondMachine accelerator creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example  
[ Command > cd Example  
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n  
_inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
```

DEMO - BondMachine accelerator creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example  
[ Command > cd Example  
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n  
_inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
```

DEMO - BondMachine accelerator creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
[ Command > cd Example
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n
_inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
[ Command > cd proj_mlinfn
cat local.mk
```

DEMO - BondMachine accelerator creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
[ Command > cd Example
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n
_inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
[ Command > cd proj_mlinfn
cat local.mk
[ Output >
WORKING_DIR=working_dir
CURRENT_DIR=$(shell pwd)
SOURCE_NEURALBOND=banknote.json
NEURALBOND_LIBRARY=neurons
NEURALBOND_ARGS=-config-file neuralbondconfig.json -operating-mode fragment
BMINFO=bminfo.json
BOARD=zedboard
MAPFILE=zedboard_maps.json
SHOWARGS=-dot-detail 5
SHOWRENDERER=dot
VERILOG_OPTIONS=-comment-verilog
#BASM_ARGS=-d
BENCHCORE=i0,p0o0
#HDL_REGRESSION=bondmachine.sv
#BM_REGRESSION=bondmachine.json
include bmapi.mk
include crosscompile.mk
include buildroot.mk
include simbatch.mk
```

DEMO - BondMachine accelerator creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
[ Command > cd Example
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n
_inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
[ Command > cd proj_mlinfn
cat local.mk
[ Output >
WORKING_DIR=working_dir
CURRENT_DIR=$(shell pwd)
SOURCE_NEURALBOND=banknote.json
NEURALBOND_LIBRARY=neurons
NEURALBOND_ARGS=-config-file neuralbondconfig.json -operating-mode fragment
BMINFO=bminfo.json
BOARD=zedboard
MAPFILE=zedboard_maps.json
SHOWARGS=-dot-detail 5
SHOWRENDERER=dot
VERILOG_OPTIONS=-comment-verilog
#BASM_ARGS=-d
BENCHCORE=i0,p0o0
#HDL_REGRESSION=bondmachine.sv
#BM_REGRESSION=bondmachine.json
include bmapi.mk
include crosscompile.mk
include buildroot.mk
include simbatch.mk
[ Command > make accelerator
```

DEMO - BondMachine accelerator creation

```
INFO: [IP_Flow 19-3166] Bus Interface 'S00_AXI': References existing memory map 'S00_AXI'.
# set_property core_revision 4 [ipx::current_core]
# ipx::update_source_project_archive -component [ipx::current_core]
# ipx::create_xgui_files [ipx::current_core]
# ipx::update_checksums [ipx::current_core]
# ipx::save_core [ipx::current_core]
# ipx::move_temp_component_back -component [ipx::current_core]
# close_project -delete
# update_ip_catalog -rebuild -repo_path ${ip_directory}
INFO: [IP_Flow 19-725] Reloaded user IP repository 'ip_repo'
# close_project -delete
# exit
INFO: [Common 17-206] Exiting Vivado at Wed Nov  2 23:03:37 2022...
cp -a working_dir/bondmachine.sv working_dir/ip_repo/bondmachineip_1.0/hdl/bondmachine.sv
# Comments
bash -c "cd working_dir ; ./vivadoAXIcomment.sh"
# Insert the AXI code
bash -c "cd working_dir ; sed -i -e '/Add user logic here/r aux/axipatch.txt' ./ip_repo/bondmachineip_1.0/hdl/bondmachineip_v1_0_S00_AXI.v"
bash -c "cd working_dir ; sed -i -e '/Users to add ports here/r aux/designexternal.txt' ./ip_repo/bondmachineip_1.0/hdl/bondmachineip_v1_0_S00_AXI.v"
bash -c "cd working_dir ; sed -i -e '/Users to add ports here/r aux/designexternal.txt' ./ip_repo/bondmachineip_1.0/hdl/bondmachineip_v1_0.v"
bash -c "cd working_dir ; sed -i -e '/bondmachineip_v1_0_S00_AXI_inst/r aux/designexternalinst.txt' ./ip_repo/bondmachineip_1.0/hdl/bondmachineip_v1_0.v"
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [Vivado toolchain - IP accelerator creation end]
```

DEMO - BondMachine accelerator creation

```
# set_property core_revision 4 [ipx::current_core]
# ipx::update_source_project_archive -component [ipx::current_core]
# ipx::create_xgui_files [ipx::current_core]
# ipx::update_checksums [ipx::current_core]
# ipx::save_core [ipx::current_core]
# ipx::move_temp_component_back -component [ipx::current_core]
# close_project -delete
# update_ip_catalog -rebuild -repo_path ${ip_directory}
INFO: [IP_Flow 19-725] Reloaded user IP repository 'ip_repo'
# close_project -delete
# exit
INFO: [Common 17-206] Exiting Vivado at Wed Nov  2 23:03:37 2022...
cp -a working_dir/bondmachine.sv working_dir/ip_repo/bondmachineip_1.0/hdl/bondmachine.sv
# Comments
bash -c "cd working_dir ; ./vivadoAXIcomment.sh"
# Insert the AXI code
bash -c "cd working_dir ; sed -i -e '/Add user logic here/r aux/axipatch.txt' ./ip_repo/bondmachineip_1.0/hdl/bondmachineip_v1_0_S00_AXI.v"
bash -c "cd working_dir ; sed -i -e '/Users to add ports here/r aux/designexternal.txt' ./ip_repo/bondmachineip_1.0/hdl/bondmachineip_v1_0_S00_AXI.v"
bash -c "cd working_dir ; sed -i -e '/Users to add ports here/r aux/designexternal.txt' ./ip_repo/bondmachineip_1.0/hdl/bondmachineip_v1_0.v"
bash -c "cd working_dir ; sed -i -e '/bondmachineip_v1_0_S00_AXI_inst/r aux/designexternalinst.txt' ./ip_repo/bondmachineip_1.0/hdl/bondmachineip_v1_0.v"
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [Vivado toolchain - IP accelerator creation end]

[ Command > make design
```


DEMO - BondMachine accelerator creation

```
# make_wrapper -files [get_files ${project_dir}/${project_name}.srcs/sources_1/bd/bm_design/bm_design.bd] -top
INFO: [BD 41-1662] The design 'bm_design.bd' is already validated. Therefore parameter propagation will not be re-run.
Wrote : </tmp/tmpof_4uxc5/Example/proj_mlfn/working_dir/bmaccelerator/bmaccelerator.srcs/sources_1/bd/bm_design/bm_design.bd>
VHDL Output written to : /tmp/tmpof_4uxc5/Example/proj_mlfn/working_dir/bmaccelerator/bmaccelerator.srcs/sources_1/bd/bm_design/synth/bm_design.v
VHDL Output written to : /tmp/tmpof_4uxc5/Example/proj_mlfn/working_dir/bmaccelerator/bmaccelerator.srcs/sources_1/bd/bm_design/sim/bm_design.v
VHDL Output written to : /tmp/tmpof_4uxc5/Example/proj_mlfn/working_dir/bmaccelerator/bmaccelerator.srcs/sources_1/bd/bm_design/hdl/bm_design_wrapper.v
# update_compile_order -fileset sources_1
CRITICAL WARNING: [filemgmt 20-730] Could not find a top module in the fileset sources_1.
Resolution: With the gui up, review the source files in the Sources window. Use Add Sources to add any needed sources. If the files are disabled, enable them. You can also select the file and choose Set Used In from the pop-up menu. Review if they are being used at the proper points of the flow.
# add_files -norecurse -scan_for_includes ${project_dir}/${project_name}.srcs/sources_1/bd/bm_design/hdl/bm_design_wrapper.v
# update_compile_order -fileset sources_1
# add_files -fileset constrs_1 -norecurse zedboard.xdc
# update_compile_order -fileset sources_1
# close_project
# exit
INFO: [Common 17-206] Exiting Vivado at Wed Nov  2 23:04:33 2022...
[Project: proj_mlfn] - [Vivado toolchain - design creation end]
```

DEMO - BondMachine accelerator creation

```
n.bd] -top
INFO: [BD 41-1662] The design 'bm_design.bd' is already validated. Therefore parameter propagation will not be re-run.
Wrote : </tmp/tmpof_4uxc5/Example/proj_mlinfn/working_dir/bmaccelerator/bmaccelerator.srscs/sources_1/bd/bm_design/bm_design.bd>
VHDL Output written to : /tmp/tmpof_4uxc5/Example/proj_mlinfn/working_dir/bmaccelerator/bmaccelerator.srscs/sources_1/bd/bm_design/synth/bm_design.v
VHDL Output written to : /tmp/tmpof_4uxc5/Example/proj_mlinfn/working_dir/bmaccelerator/bmaccelerator.srscs/sources_1/bd/bm_design/sim/bm_design.v
VHDL Output written to : /tmp/tmpof_4uxc5/Example/proj_mlinfn/working_dir/bmaccelerator/bmaccelerator.srscs/sources_1/bd/bm_design/hdl/bm_design_wrapper.v
# update_compile_order -fileset sources_1
CRITICAL WARNING: [filemgmt 20-730] Could not find a top module in the fileset sources_1.
Resolution: With the gui up, review the source files in the Sources window. Use Add Sources to add any needed sources. If the files are disabled, enable them. You can also select the file and choose Set Used In from the pop-up menu. Review if they are being used at the proper points of the flow.
# add_files -norecurse -scan_for_includes ${project_dir}/${project_name}.srscs/sources_1/bd/bm_design/hdl/bm_design_wrapper.v
# update_compile_order -fileset sources_1
# add_files -fileset constrs_1 -norecurse zedboard.xdc
# update_compile_order -fileset sources_1
# close_project
# exit
INFO: [Common 17-206] Exiting Vivado at Wed Nov 2 23:04:33 2022...
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [Vivado toolchain - design creation end]

[ Command > make design_synthesis
```

DEMO - BondMachine accelerator creation

```
INFO: [Project 1-571] Translating synthesized netlist
Netlist sorting complete. Time (s): cpu = 00:00:00.01 ; elapsed = 00:00:00.01 . Memory (MB): peak =
2133.133 ; gain = 0.000 ; free physical = 3826 ; free virtual = 4432
INFO: [Project 1-570] Preparing netlist for logic optimization
INFO: [Opt 31-138] Pushed 0 inverter(s) to 0 load pin(s).
Netlist sorting complete. Time (s): cpu = 00:00:00 ; elapsed = 00:00:00 . Memory (MB): peak = 2140.0
62 ; gain = 0.000 ; free physical = 3774 ; free virtual = 4381
INFO: [Project 1-111] Unisim Transformation Summary:
No Unisim elements were transformed.

INFO: [Common 17-83] Releasing license: Synthesis
36 Infos, 26 Warnings, 0 Critical Warnings and 0 Errors encountered.
synth_design completed successfully
synth_design: Time (s): cpu = 00:00:49 ; elapsed = 00:00:51 . Memory (MB): peak = 2140.062 ; gain =
55.961 ; free physical = 3905 ; free virtual = 4512
INFO: [Common 17-1381] The checkpoint '/tmp/tmpof_4uxc5/Example/proj_mlinfn/working_dir/bmaccelerato
r/bmaccelerator.runs/synth_1/bm_design_wrapper.dcp' has been generated.
INFO: [runtcl-4] Executing : report_utilization -file bm_design_wrapper_utilization_synth.rpt -pb bm
_design_wrapper_utilization_synth.pb
INFO: [Common 17-206] Exiting Vivado at Wed Nov  2 23:17:23 2022...
[Wed Nov  2 23:17:33 2022] synth_1 finished
wait_on_run: Time (s): cpu = 00:15:18 ; elapsed = 00:12:01 . Memory (MB): peak = 2258.160 ; gain = 0
.000 ; free physical = 4618 ; free virtual = 5223
# exit
INFO: [Common 17-206] Exiting Vivado at Wed Nov  2 23:17:34 2022...
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [Vivado toolchain - design synthesis end]
```

DEMO - BondMachine accelerator creation

```
Netlist sorting complete. Time (s): cpu = 00:00:00.01 ; elapsed = 00:00:00.01 . Memory (MB): peak =
2133.133 ; gain = 0.000 ; free physical = 3826 ; free virtual = 4432
INFO: [Project 1-570] Preparing netlist for logic optimization
INFO: [Opt 31-138] Pushed 0 inverter(s) to 0 load pin(s).
Netlist sorting complete. Time (s): cpu = 00:00:00 ; elapsed = 00:00:00 . Memory (MB): peak = 2140.0
62 ; gain = 0.000 ; free physical = 3774 ; free virtual = 4381
INFO: [Project 1-111] Unisim Transformation Summary:
No Unisim elements were transformed.

INFO: [Common 17-83] Releasing license: Synthesis
36 Infos, 26 Warnings, 0 Critical Warnings and 0 Errors encountered.
synth_design completed successfully
synth_design: Time (s): cpu = 00:00:49 ; elapsed = 00:00:51 . Memory (MB): peak = 2140.062 ; gain =
55.961 ; free physical = 3905 ; free virtual = 4512
INFO: [Common 17-1381] The checkpoint '/tmp/tmpof_4uxc5/Example/proj_mlinfn/working_dir/bmaccelerator/
bmaccelerator.runs/synth_1/bm_design_wrapper.dcp' has been generated.
INFO: [runtcl-4] Executing : report_utilization -file bm_design_wrapper_utilization_synth.rpt -pb bm
_design_wrapper_utilization_synth.pb
INFO: [Common 17-206] Exiting Vivado at Wed Nov  2 23:17:23 2022...
[Wed Nov  2 23:17:33 2022] synth_1 finished
wait_on_run: Time (s): cpu = 00:15:18 ; elapsed = 00:12:01 . Memory (MB): peak = 2258.160 ; gain = 0
.000 ; free physical = 4618 ; free virtual = 5223
# exit
INFO: [Common 17-206] Exiting Vivado at Wed Nov  2 23:17:34 2022...
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [Vivado toolchain - design synthesis end]

[ Command > make design_implementation
```

DEMO - BondMachine accelerator creation

```
report_power completed successfully
report_power: Time (s): cpu = 00:00:27 ; elapsed = 00:00:15 . Memory (MB): peak = 3082.508 ; gain =
26.992 ; free physical = 3048 ; free virtual = 3694
INFO: [runtcl-4] Executing : report_route_status -file bm_design_wrapper_route_status.rpt -pb bm_des
ign_wrapper_route_status.pb
INFO: [runtcl-4] Executing : report_timing_summary -max_paths 10 -file bm_design_wrapper_timing_summ
ary_routed.rpt -pb bm_design_wrapper_timing_summary_routed.pb -rpx bm_design_wrapper_timing_summary_
routed.rpx -warn_on_violation
INFO: [Timing 38-91] UpdateTimingParams: Speed grade: -1, Delay Type: min_max.
INFO: [Timing 38-191] Multithreading enabled for timing update using a maximum of 4 CPUs
INFO: [runtcl-4] Executing : report_incremental_reuse -file bm_design_wrapper_incremental_reuse_rout
ed.rpt
INFO: [Vivado_Tcl 4-1062] Incremental flow is disabled. No incremental reuse Info to report.
INFO: [runtcl-4] Executing : report_clock_utilization -file bm_design_wrapper_clock_utilization_rout
ed.rpt
INFO: [runtcl-4] Executing : report_bus_skew -warn_on_violation -file bm_design_wrapper_bus_skew_rout
ed.rpt -pb bm_design_wrapper_bus_skew_routed.pb -rpx bm_design_wrapper_bus_skew_routed.rpx
INFO: [Timing 38-91] UpdateTimingParams: Speed grade: -1, Delay Type: min_max.
INFO: [Timing 38-191] Multithreading enabled for timing update using a maximum of 4 CPUs
INFO: [Common 17-206] Exiting Vivado at Wed Nov  2 23:23:42 2022...
[Wed Nov  2 23:23:58 2022] impl_1 finished
wait_on_run: Time (s): cpu = 00:00:02 ; elapsed = 00:05:46 . Memory (MB): peak = 2202.250 ; gain = 0
.000 ; free physical = 4625 ; free virtual = 5273
# exit
INFO: [Common 17-206] Exiting Vivado at Wed Nov  2 23:23:58 2022...
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [Vivado toolchain - design implementation end]
```

DEMO - BondMachine accelerator creation

```
report_power: Time (s): cpu = 00:00:27 ; elapsed = 00:00:15 . Memory (MB): peak = 3082.508 ; gain =
26.992 ; free physical = 3048 ; free virtual = 3694
INFO: [runtcl-4] Executing : report_route_status -file bm_design_wrapper_route_status.rpt -pb bm_des
ign_wrapper_route_status.pb
INFO: [runtcl-4] Executing : report_timing_summary -max_paths 10 -file bm_design_wrapper_timing_summ
ary_routed.rpt -pb bm_design_wrapper_timing_summary_routed.pb -rpx bm_design_wrapper_timing_summary_
routed.rpx -warn_on_violation
INFO: [Timing 38-91] UpdateTimingParams: Speed grade: -1, Delay Type: min_max.
INFO: [Timing 38-191] Multithreading enabled for timing update using a maximum of 4 CPUs
INFO: [runtcl-4] Executing : report_incremental_reuse -file bm_design_wrapper_incremental_reuse_rout
ed.rpt
INFO: [Vivado_Tcl 4-1062] Incremental flow is disabled. No incremental reuse Info to report.
INFO: [runtcl-4] Executing : report_clock_utilization -file bm_design_wrapper_clock_utilization_rout
ed.rpt
INFO: [runtcl-4] Executing : report_bus_skew -warn_on_violation -file bm_design_wrapper_bus_skew_rout
ed.rpt -pb bm_design_wrapper_bus_skew_routed.pb -rpx bm_design_wrapper_bus_skew_routed.rpx
INFO: [Timing 38-91] UpdateTimingParams: Speed grade: -1, Delay Type: min_max.
INFO: [Timing 38-191] Multithreading enabled for timing update using a maximum of 4 CPUs
INFO: [Common 17-206] Exiting Vivado at Wed Nov  2 23:23:42 2022...
[Wed Nov  2 23:23:58 2022] impl_1 finished
wait_on_run: Time (s): cpu = 00:00:02 ; elapsed = 00:05:46 . Memory (MB): peak = 2202.250 ; gain = 0
.000 ; free physical = 4625 ; free virtual = 5273
# exit
INFO: [Common 17-206] Exiting Vivado at Wed Nov  2 23:23:58 2022...
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [Vivado toolchain - design implementation end]

[ Command > make design_bitstream
```

DEMO - BondMachine accelerator creation

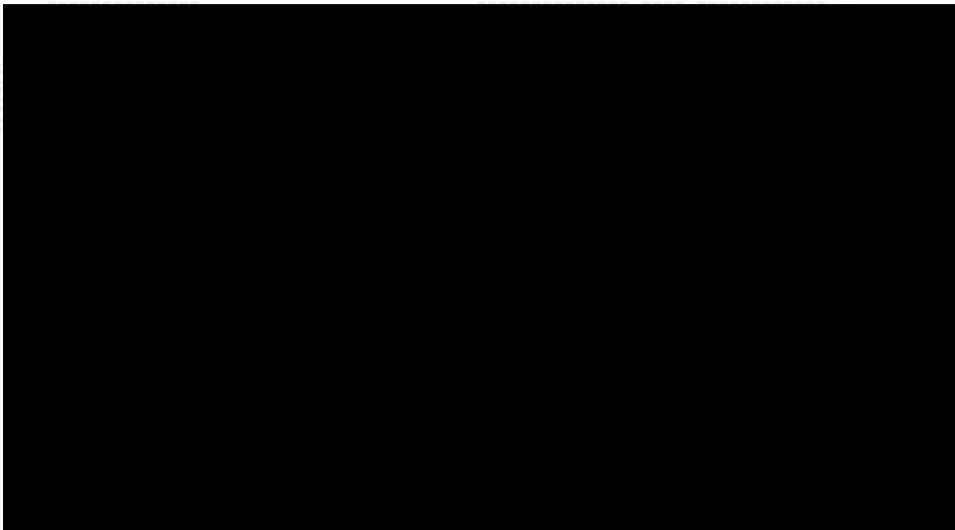
```
the MREG and PREG registers to be used. If the DSP48 was instantiated in the design, it is suggested to set both the MREG and PREG attributes to 1 when performing multiply functions.
INFO: [Vivado 12-3199] DRC finished with 0 Errors, 84 Warnings
INFO: [Vivado 12-3200] Please refer to the DRC report (report_drc) for more information.
INFO: [Designutils 20-2272] Running write_bitstream with 4 threads.
Loading data files...
Loading site data...
Loading route data...
Processing options...
Creating bitmap...
Creating bitstream...
Writing bitstream ./bm_design_wrapper.bit...
Writing bitstream ./bm_design_wrapper.bin...
INFO: [Vivado 12-1842] Bitgen Completed Successfully.
INFO: [Common 17-83] Releasing license: Implementation
22 Infos, 84 Warnings, 0 Critical Warnings and 0 Errors encountered.
write_bitstream completed successfully
write_bitstream: Time (s): cpu = 00:00:58 ; elapsed = 00:00:44 . Memory (MB): peak = 2909.914 ; gain
= 498.211 ; free physical = 3484 ; free virtual = 4141
INFO: [Common 17-206] Exiting Vivado at Wed Nov 2 23:26:13 2022...
[Wed Nov 2 23:26:14 2022] impl_1 finished
wait_on_run: Time (s): cpu = 00:01:47 ; elapsed = 00:01:38 . Memory (MB): peak = 2186.242 ; gain = 0
.000 ; free physical = 4694 ; free virtual = 5344
# exit
INFO: [Common 17-206] Exiting Vivado at Wed Nov 2 23:26:14 2022...
[Project: proj_mlinfn] - [Vivado toolchain - design bitstream end]
```

Accelerator creation



FIRMWARE

DEMO - Standalone BondMachine creation



DEMO - Standalone BondMachine creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
```

DEMO - Standalone BondMachine creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example  
[ Command > cd Example
```

DEMO - Standalone BondMachine creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example  
[ Command > cd Example  
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n  
_inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
```

DEMO - Standalone BondMachine creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example  
[ Command > cd Example  
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n  
inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
```

DEMO - Standalone BondMachine creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
[ Command > cd Example
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n
_inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
[ Command > cd proj_mlinfn
```

DEMO - Standalone BondMachine creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
[ Command > cd Example
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n
_inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
[ Command > cd proj_mlinfn
```

DEMO - Standalone BondMachine creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
[ Command > cd Example
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n
inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
[ Command > cd proj_mlinfn
[ Command > cat zedboard_maps.json
```


DEMO - Standalone BondMachine creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
[ Command > cd Example
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n
inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
[ Command > cd proj_mlinfn
[ Command > cat zedboard_maps.json
[ Output >
{
  "Assoc" : {
    "clk" : "clk",
    "reset" : "btnC"
  }
}
```

DEMO - Standalone BondMachine creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
[ Command > cd Example
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n
inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
[ Command > cd proj_mlinfn
[ Command > cat zedboard_maps.json
[ Output >
{
  "Assoc" : {
    "clk" : "clk",
    "reset" : "btnc"
  }
}
[ Command >
make project
make synthesis
make implementation
make bitstream
```

DEMO - Standalone BondMachine creation

```
[ Command > mkdir Example
[ Command > cd Example
[ Command > bmhelper create --project_name mlinfn --board zedboard --project_type neural_network --n
inputs 4 --n_outputs 3 --source_neuralbond banknote.json
[ Command > cd proj_mlinfn
[ Command > cat zedboard_maps.json
[ Output >
{
  "Assoc" : {
    "clk" : "clk",
    "reset" : "btnc"
  }
}
[ Command >
make project
make synthesis
make implementation
make bitstream
```

Notebook on the board - predictions and correctness

Thanks to PYNQ we can easily load the bitstream and program the FPGA in real time.

With their APIs we interact with the memory addresses of the BM IP to send data into the inputs and read the outputs (not using BM kernel module)

Dump output results for future analysis

[Open the notebook](#)

```
In [138]: from pynq import Overlay
          from pynq import MMIO
          import os
          import numpy as np
          import struct
          import time

In [148]: # SETTINGS
          project_name = "proj_0ba7a205_neuralnet_expanded"
          firmware_name = project_name + ".bit"
          n_input = 4
          n_output = 2
          benchmark = True

In [153]: # LOAD OVERLAY
          overlay = Overlay(os.getcwd()+"/"+firmware_name)

In [154]: # GET MEMORY ADDRESS OF IP
          bm_starting_address = (overlay.ip_dict["bondmachine_0"]+"phys_addr")
          print(" Starting memory address of Bondmachine IP is (in dec): ", bm_starting_address)
          print(" Starting memory address of Bondmachine IP is (in hex): ", hex(bm_starting_address))

          Starting memory address of Bondmachine IP is (in dec): 1136658384
          Starting memory address of Bondmachine IP is (in hex): 0x43c09500

In [155]: # GET THE OBJECT NECESSARY TO INTERACT WITH AN IP
          spio = MMIO(bm_starting_address, 128)

In [156]: # LOAD BENCHMARK TESTSET
          k_test = np.load('bondmate-authentication_k_test.npy')
          c_test = np.load('bondmate-authentication_c_test.npy')
          # get the first 20 samples
          k_test = k_test[:20]
          c_test = c_test[:20]
          print(" Example of first two input: ", k_test[:1])
          print(" Example of first two output: ", c_test[:1])

          Example of first two input: [[ 0.39886742  0.76609776 -0.39093127 -0.58781728]]
          Example of first two output: [[ 1.  0.]]

In [157]: # IN THIS CASE I WANT TO SEND ONLY THE FIRST X INPUT SAMPLE
          idx = 0
          results_to_dump = []
          for sample in k_test:
              offset = 0
              for feature in list(sample): #
                  binToSend = get_binary_from_float(feature)
                  dectohex = int(binToSend, 2)
                  spio.write_mem(offset, dectohex) # WRITE THE FEATURE TO THE CORRESPONDING INPUT
                  offset = offset + 4 # 4 BYTE = 32 BIT
              time.sleep(1)
              out = np.asarray(read_output())
              print(" * ", idx, " -> classification: ", np.argmax(out[0:2]))
              classification = np.argmax(out[0:2])
              if (benchmark == True):
                  results_to_dump.append([out[0], out[1], classification, out[2]])
              else:
                  results_to_dump.append([out[0], out[1], classification])
              idx = idx + 1
          #break
          print(results_to_dump)

[[ [0.4895708292819732e-07, 0.31642208335079913, 0.10862101, 0.57888912702811108, 0.42510082397755535, 0.105222], [0.5051852029845402, 0.30618487013815406, 0.472818], [0.785919075912220783, 0.21988888028435099, 0.546641], [0.4821069354405713, 0.307895064633284287, 0.1490218], [0.452354581899642844, 0.36754181003570358, 0.1226710], [0.60576415303092623, 0.34423587478662878, 0.419110], [0.692894233932446512, 0.30709510666286611, 0.1050218], [0.63776418830875182, 0.3622578188898179, 0.1162718], [0.47550481956449829, 0.3244451884550171, 0.1987610]]

In [158]: import csv
          fnsides = ['probability_0', 'probability_1', 'classification', 'clock_cycles']

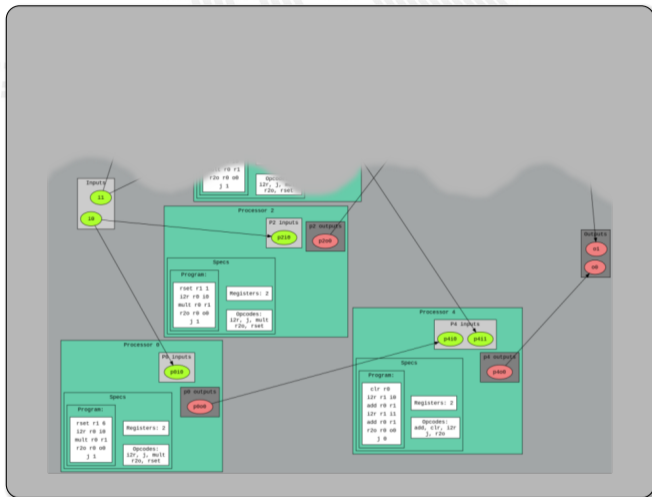
          with open(project_name + ".csv", "w") as f:
              write = csv.writer(f)
              write.writerow(fnsides)
              write.writerow(results_to_dump)
```

Benchcore

Benchmark an IP is not an easy task.

Fortunately we have a custom design and an FPGA.

We can put the benchmarks tool inside the accelerator.

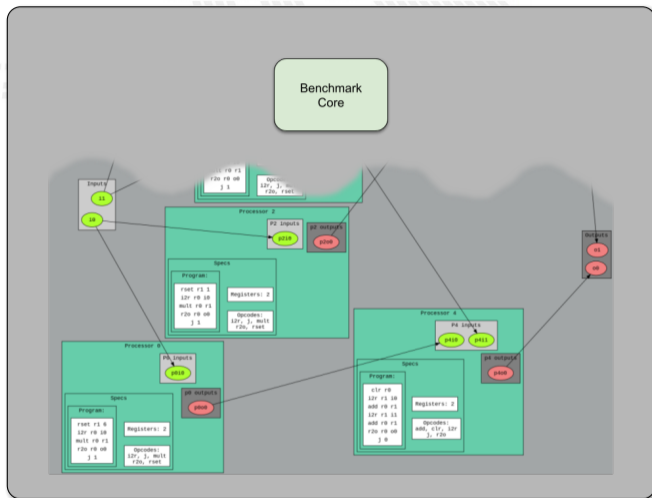


Benchcore

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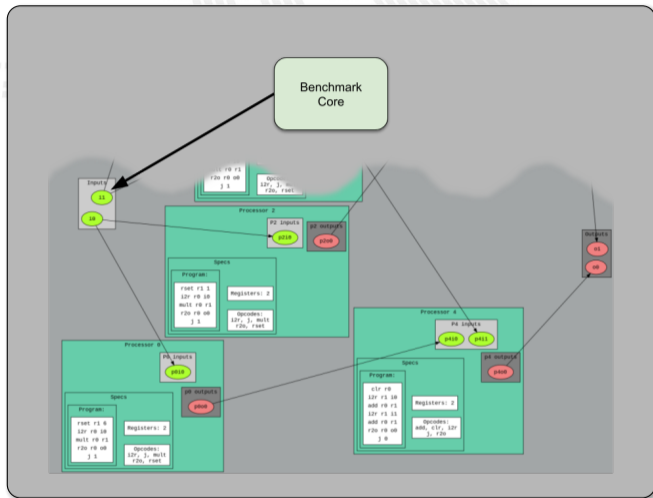


Benchcore

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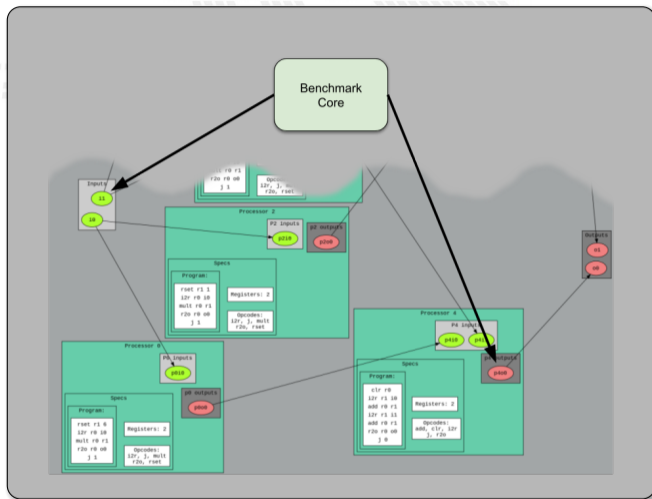


Benchcore

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We can put the benchmarks tool inside the accelerator.

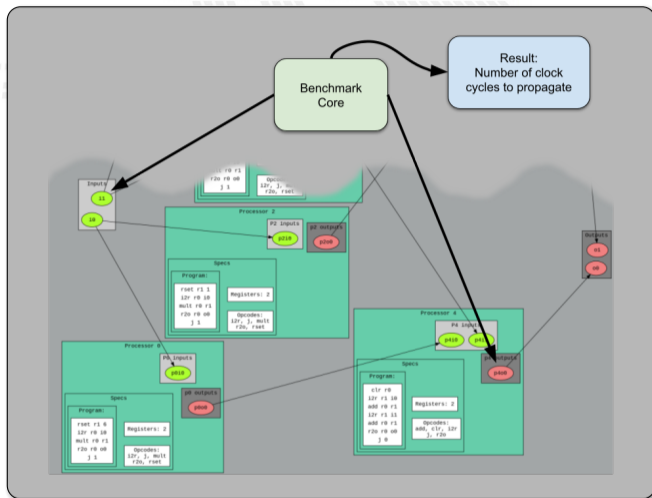


Benchcore

Benchmark an IP is not an easy task.

Fortunately we have a custom design and an FPGA.

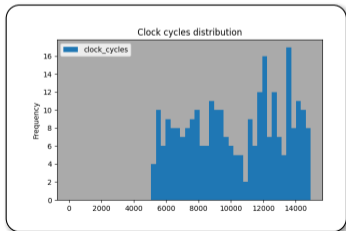
We can put the benchmarks tool inside the accelerator.



Inference evaluation

Evaluation metrics used:

- **Inference speed:** time taken to predict a sample i.e. time between the arrival of the input and the change of the output measured with the **benchmark**;
- **Resource usage:** luts and registers in use;
- **Accuracy:** as the average percentage of error on probabilities.



- σ : 2875.94
- Mean: 10268.45
- Latency: 102.68 μ s

Resource usage

resource	value	occupancy
regs	15122	28.42%
luts	11192	10.51%

Analysis notebook

Another notebook is used to compare runs from different accelerators.

Software			BondMachine		
prob0	prob1	class	prob0	prob1	class
0.6895	0.3104	0	0.6895	0.3104	0
0.5748	0.4251	0	0.5748	0.4251	0
0.4009	0.5990	1	0.4009	0.5990	1

The output of the bm corresponds to the software output

[Open the notebook](#)

Optimizations

1 Introduction

FPGA

2 The BondMachine project

Architectures handling

Architectures molding

Bondgo

Basm

API

Clustering

Accelerators

Misc

3 Machine Learning with the BondMachine

Train

BondMachine creation

Simulation

Accelerator

Benchmark

4 Optimizations

5 Conclusions and Future directions

A first example of optimization

Remember the softmax function?

$$\sigma(z_i) = \frac{e^{z_i}}{\sum_{j=1}^N e^{z_j}}$$

$$e^x = \sum_{l=0}^K \frac{x^l}{l!}$$

```
%section softmax .romtext iomode:sync
    entry _start ; Entry point
_start:
    mov r8, 0f0.0
    {{range $y := intRange "0" .Params.inputs}}
    {{printf "i2r r1,i%d\n" $y}}
        mov r0, 0f1.0
        mov r2, 0f1.0
        mov r3, 0f1.0
        mov r4, 0f1.0
        mov r5, 0f1.0
        mov r7, {{{$.Params.expprec}}}
    loop{{printf "%d" $y}}:
        multf r2, r1
        multf r3, r4
        addf r4, r5
        mov r6, r2
        divf r6, r3

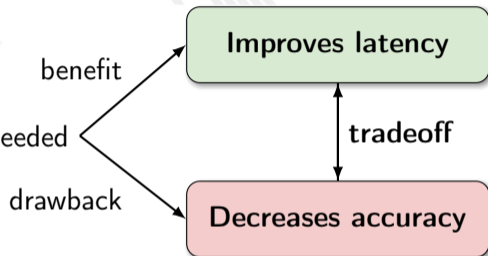
        addf r0, r6

        dec r7
        jz r7,exit{{printf "%d" $y}}
        j loop{{printf "%d" $y}}
    exit{{printf "%d" $y}}:
    {{$z := atoi $.Params.pos}}
    {{if eq $y $z}}
        mov r9, r0
    %endsection
```

A first example of optimization

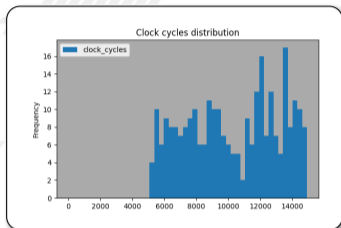
$$e^x = \sum_{l=0}^K \frac{x^l}{l!}$$

K can be customize as needed



Results of optimization

Changing number of K of the exponential factors in the softmax function...

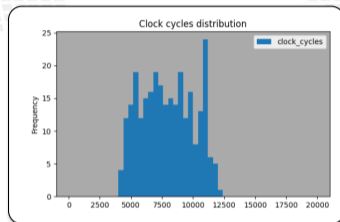


- K : 20
- σ : 2875.94
- Mean: 10268.45
- Latency: 102 μ s
- Prediction: 100%

	mean	σ
--	------	----------

prob0	1.6470E-07	1.2332E-07
-------	------------	------------

prob1	1.6623E-07	1.2142E-07
-------	------------	------------



- K : 16
- σ : 2106.32
- Mean: 7946.16
- Latency: 79 μ s
- Prediction: 100%

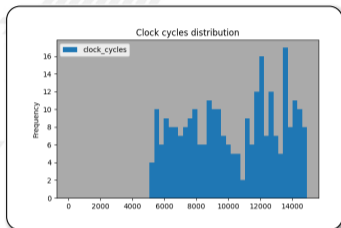
	mean	σ
--	------	----------

prob0	1.6470E-07	1.2332E-07
-------	------------	------------

prob1	1.6623E-07	1.2142E-07
-------	------------	------------

Results of optimization

Changing number of K of the exponential factors in the softmax function...

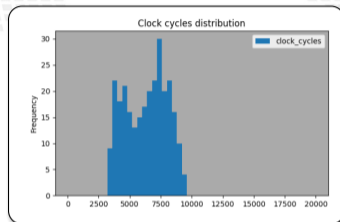


- K : 20
- σ : 2875.94
- Mean: 10268.45
- Latency: 102 μ s
- Prediction: 100%

	mean	σ
--	------	----------

prob0	1.6470E-07	1.2332E-07
-------	------------	------------

prob1	1.6623E-07	1.2142E-07
-------	------------	------------



- K : 13
- σ : 1669.88
- Mean: 6312.26
- Latency: 63 μ s
- Prediction: 100%

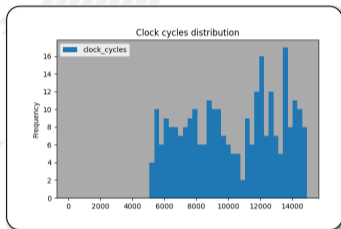
	mean	σ
--	------	----------

prob0	1.6470E-07	1.2332E-07
-------	------------	------------

prob1	1.6623E-07	1.2142E-07
-------	------------	------------

Results of optimization

Changing number of K of the exponential factors in the softmax function...

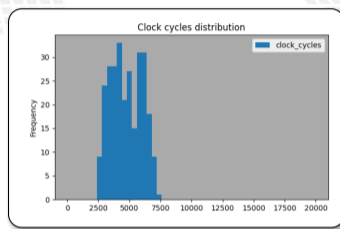


- K : 20
- σ : 2875.94
- Mean: 10268.45
- Latency: 102 μ s
- Prediction: 100%

	mean	σ
--	------	----------

prob0	1.6470E-07	1.2332E-07
-------	------------	------------

prob1	1.6623E-07	1.2142E-07
-------	------------	------------



- K : 10
- σ : 1232.47
- Mean: 4766.75
- Latency: 47 μ s
- Prediction: 100%

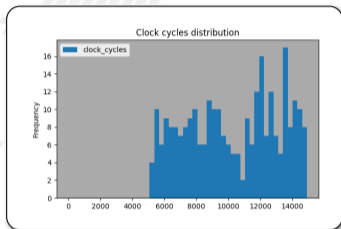
	mean	σ
--	------	----------

prob0	1.6162E-07	1.1013E-07
-------	------------	------------

prob1	1.6525E-07	1.1831E-07
-------	------------	------------

Results of optimization

Changing number of K of the exponential factors in the softmax function...

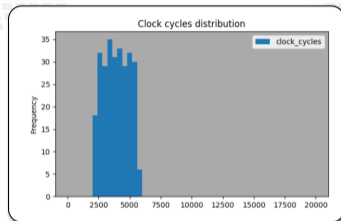


- K : 20
- σ : 2875.94
- Mean: 10268.45
- Latency: 102 μ s
- Prediction: 100%

	mean	σ
--	------	----------

prob0	1.6470E-07	1.2332E-07
-------	------------	------------

prob1	1.6623E-07	1.2142E-07
-------	------------	------------



- K : 8
- σ : 1015.50
- Mean: 3913.66
- Latency: 39 μ s
- Prediction: 100%

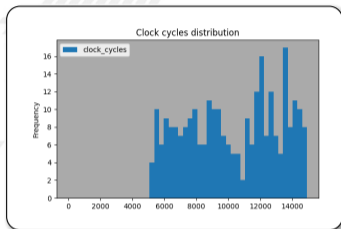
	mean	σ
--	------	----------

prob0	6.5562E-05	1.7607E-05
-------	------------	------------

prob1	6.6098E-05	1.7609E-05
-------	------------	------------

Results of optimization

Changing number of K of the exponential factors in the softmax function...

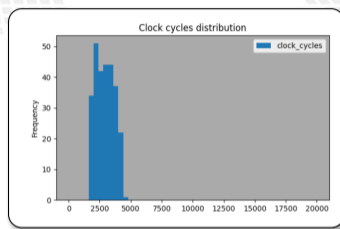


- K : 20
- σ : 2875.94
- Mean: 10268.45
- Latency: 102 μ s
- Prediction: 100%

	mean	σ
--	------	----------

prob0	1.6470E-07	1.2332E-07
-------	------------	------------

prob1	1.6623E-07	1.2142E-07
-------	------------	------------



- K : 5
- σ : 740
- Mean: 2911
- Latency: 29 μ s
- Prediction: 100%

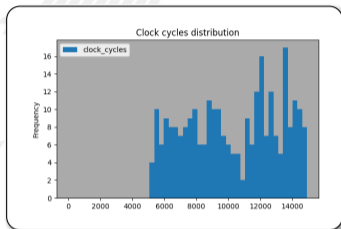
	mean	σ
--	------	----------

prob0	3.1070E-05	7.5290E-05
-------	------------	------------

prob1	3.1070E-05	7.5290E-05
-------	------------	------------

Results of optimization

Changing number of K of the exponential factors in the softmax function...

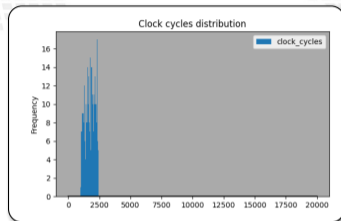


- K : 20
- σ : 2875.94
- Mean: 10268.45
- Latency: 102 μ s
- Prediction: 100%

	mean	σ
--	------	----------

prob0	1.6470E-07	1.2332E-07
-------	------------	------------

prob1	1.6623E-07	1.2142E-07
-------	------------	------------



- K : 3
- σ : 394.10
- Mean: 1750.93
- Latency: 17 μ s
- Prediction: 100%

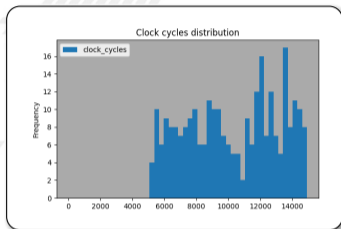
	mean	σ
--	------	----------

prob0	0.0053	0.0090
-------	--------	--------

prob1	0.0053	0.0090
-------	--------	--------

Results of optimization

Changing number of K of the exponential factors in the softmax function...

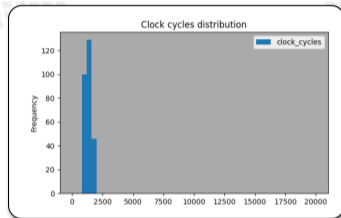


- K : 20
- σ : 2875.94
- Mean: 10268.45
- Latency: 102 μ s
- Prediction: 100%

	mean	σ
--	------	----------

prob0	1.6470E-07	1.2332E-07
-------	------------	------------

prob1	1.6623E-07	1.2142E-07
-------	------------	------------



- K : 2
- σ : 268.69
- Mean: 1311.11
- Latency: 13.11 μ s
- Prediction: 100%

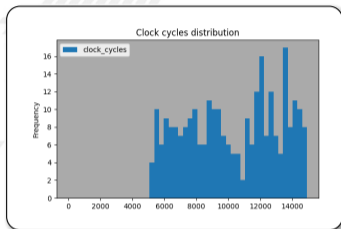
	mean	σ
--	------	----------

prob0	0.0193	0.0232
-------	--------	--------

prob1	0.0193	0.0232
-------	--------	--------

Results of optimization

Changing number of K of the exponential factors in the softmax function...

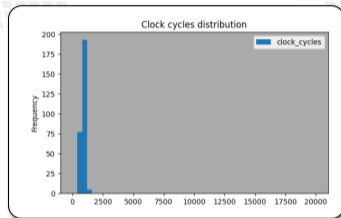


- K : 20
- σ : 2875.94
- Mean: 10268.45
- Latency: 102 μ s
- Prediction: 100%

	mean	σ
--	------	----------

prob0	1.6470E-07	1.2332E-07
-------	------------	------------

prob1	1.6623E-07	1.2142E-07
-------	------------	------------



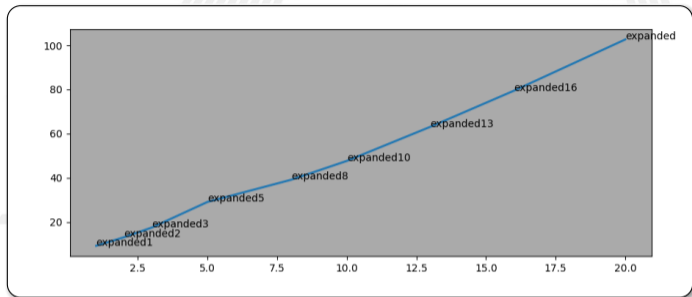
- K : 1
- σ : 173.25
- Mean: 923.71
- Latency: 9.23 μ s
- Prediction: 100%

	mean	σ
--	------	----------

prob0	0.0990	0.1641
-------	--------	--------

prob1	0.0990	0.1641
-------	--------	--------

Results of optimization



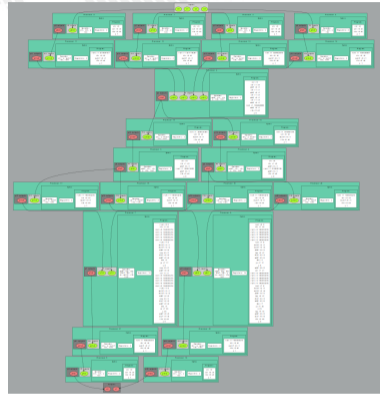
K	Inference time
1	9.23 μ s
2	13.11 μ s
3	17.50 μ s
5	29.11 μ s
8	39.13 μ s
10	47.66 μ s
13	63.12 μ s
16	79.46 μ s
20	102.68 μ s

Reduced inference times by a factor of 10 ... only by decreasing the number of iterations.



Fragments composition

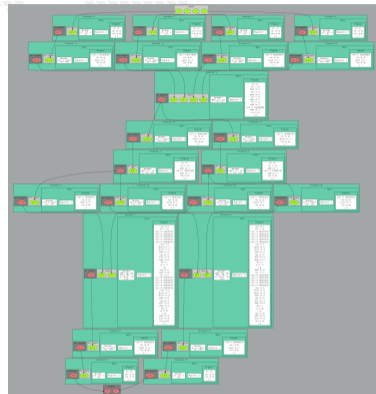
- The tools (neuralbond+basm) create a graph of relations among fragments of assembly
 - Not necessarily a fragment has to be mapped to a single CP
 - They can arbitrarily be rearranged into CPs
 - The resulting firmwares are identical in term of the computing outcome, but differs in occupancy and latency.



Let see it live

Fragments composition

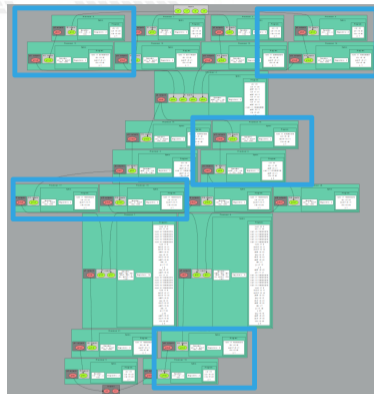
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Let see it live

Several ways for customization and optimization

The great control over of the architectures generated by the BondMachine gives several possible optimizations.

Mixing hardware and software optimizations

CP Pruning and/or collapsing

Fabric independent

HW instructions swapping

Fine control over occupancy vs latency

Fragment composition

HW/SW Templates

Software based functions

Conclusions and Future directions

1 Introduction

FPGA

2 The BondMachine project

Architectures handling

Architectures molding

Bondgo

Basm

API

Clustering

Accelerators

Misc

3 Machine Learning with the BondMachine

Train

BondMachine creation

Simulation

Accelerator

Benchmark

4 Optimizations

5 Conclusions and Future directions

Conclusions and Future directions

With ML we are still at the beginning ...

- **More datasets:** test on other datasets with more features and multiclass classification;
- **Neurons:** increase the library of neurons to support other activation functions;
- **Boards:** support for more boards of different vendors;
- **Evaluate results:** compare the results obtained with other technologies (CPU and GPU) in terms of inference speed and energy efficiency;

Thank you

Thank you

website: <http://bondmachine.fisica.unipg.it>

code: <https://github.com/BondMachineHQ>

parallel computing paper: [link](#)

contact email: mirko.mariotti@unipg.it