

CERN North Area setup and DAQ for fixed target experiments with crystals

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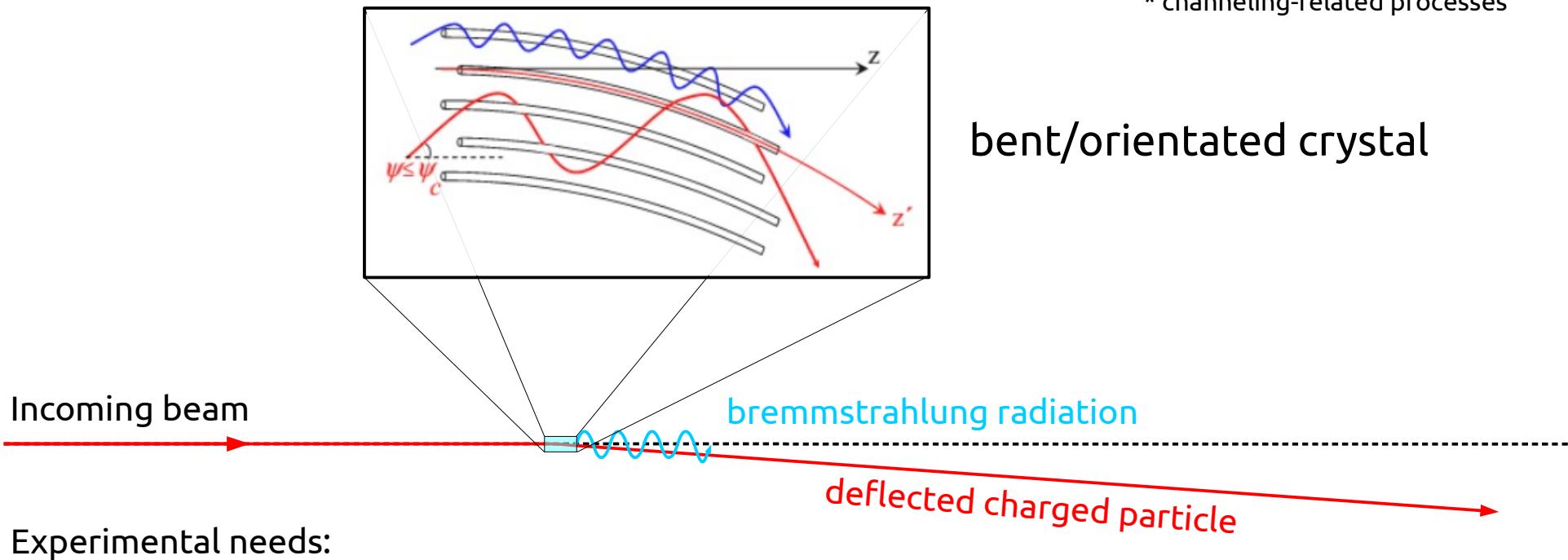


Ferrara, 13/2/2018



How to observe channeling*

* channeling-related processes



Incoming beam

bremstrahlung radiation

deflected charged particle

Experimental needs:

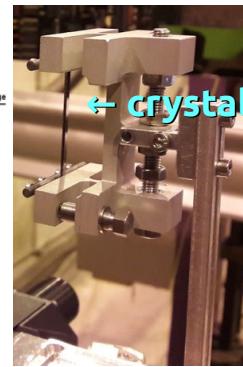
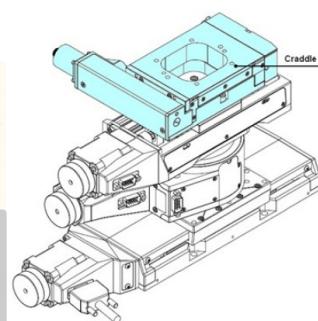
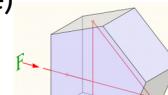
- beam purity (only electrons/positrons) → **particle selection/identification**
- crystal position (XYZ, orientation) → **alignment, goniometers**
- deflection angle → incoming particle direction before & after → **tracking**
- emitted photons energy → **gamma calorimetry**

Many detectors/tools



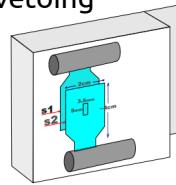
CRYSTAL POSITION

- laser+pentaprism
- precision goniometer (INFN-Fe)



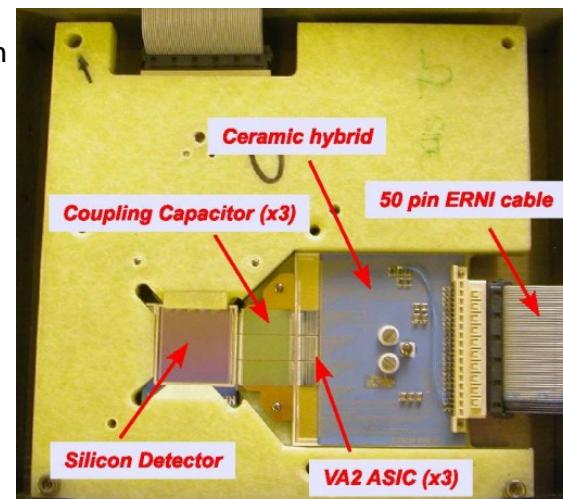
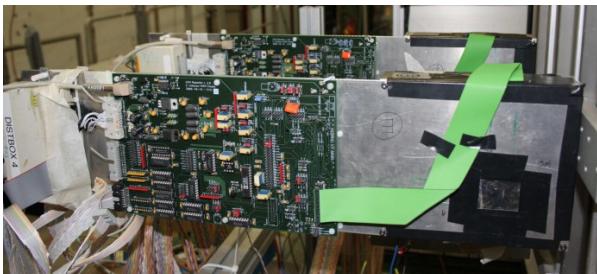
TRIGGER

- 2 Plastic scintillators (~ cm x cm+hole)
+ 2 PMT tube for halo vetoing
→ beam size ~ mm²



TRACKING

- 2-side XY strips (384), thickness 300um
phys pitch 25/50 um (p/n side), readout pitch 50um
→ SNR ~ 80, spatial resolution 4um
- 3 x VA2 ASIC: low power, shaping, sample&hold
- custom frontend electronic boards: FPGAs, ADCs, multiplexing @ 5MHz



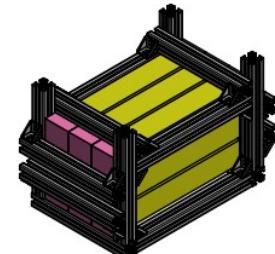
GAMMA CALORIMETRY

- 9 x Pb-glass crystals (2.8x2.8x22 cm³):
17 X₀, each 1.3 Mol. radii



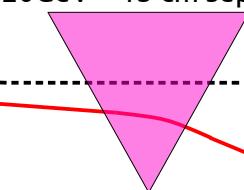
(full EM shower containment @80-100 GeV)
- each readout by 4 SiPMs (4x4mm², cell size 50um) + 1 LED (online self-calibration)

→ resolution $\sigma/E \sim 2-3\%$



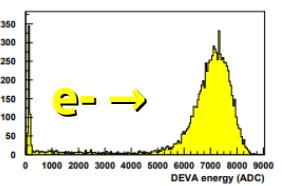
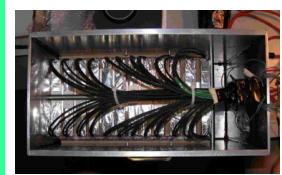
BENDING MAGNET

~ T · m → further charged/neutral separation
(@ 120GeV ~ 15 cm separation ~ 20 m)

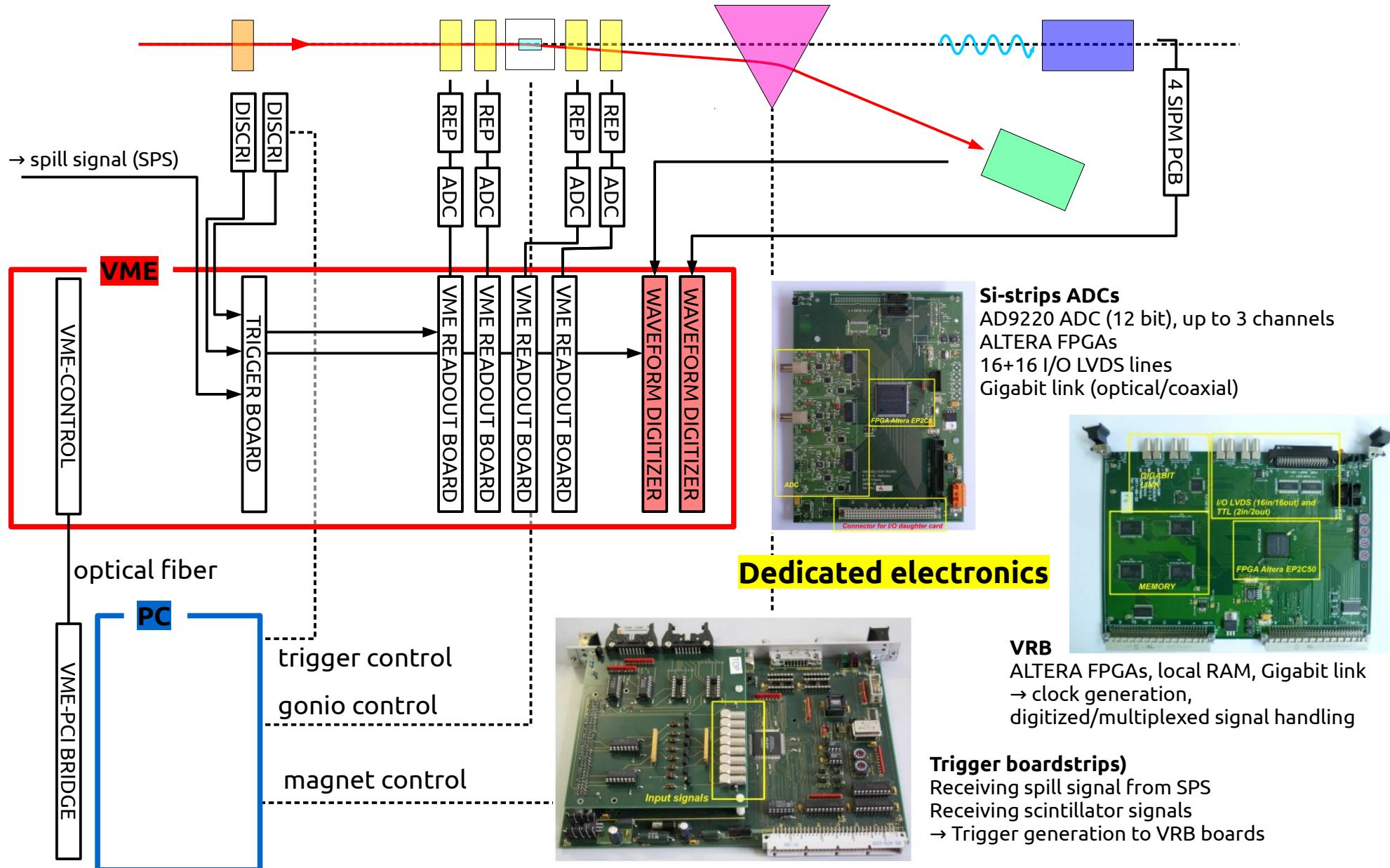


e⁺/- CALORIMETER

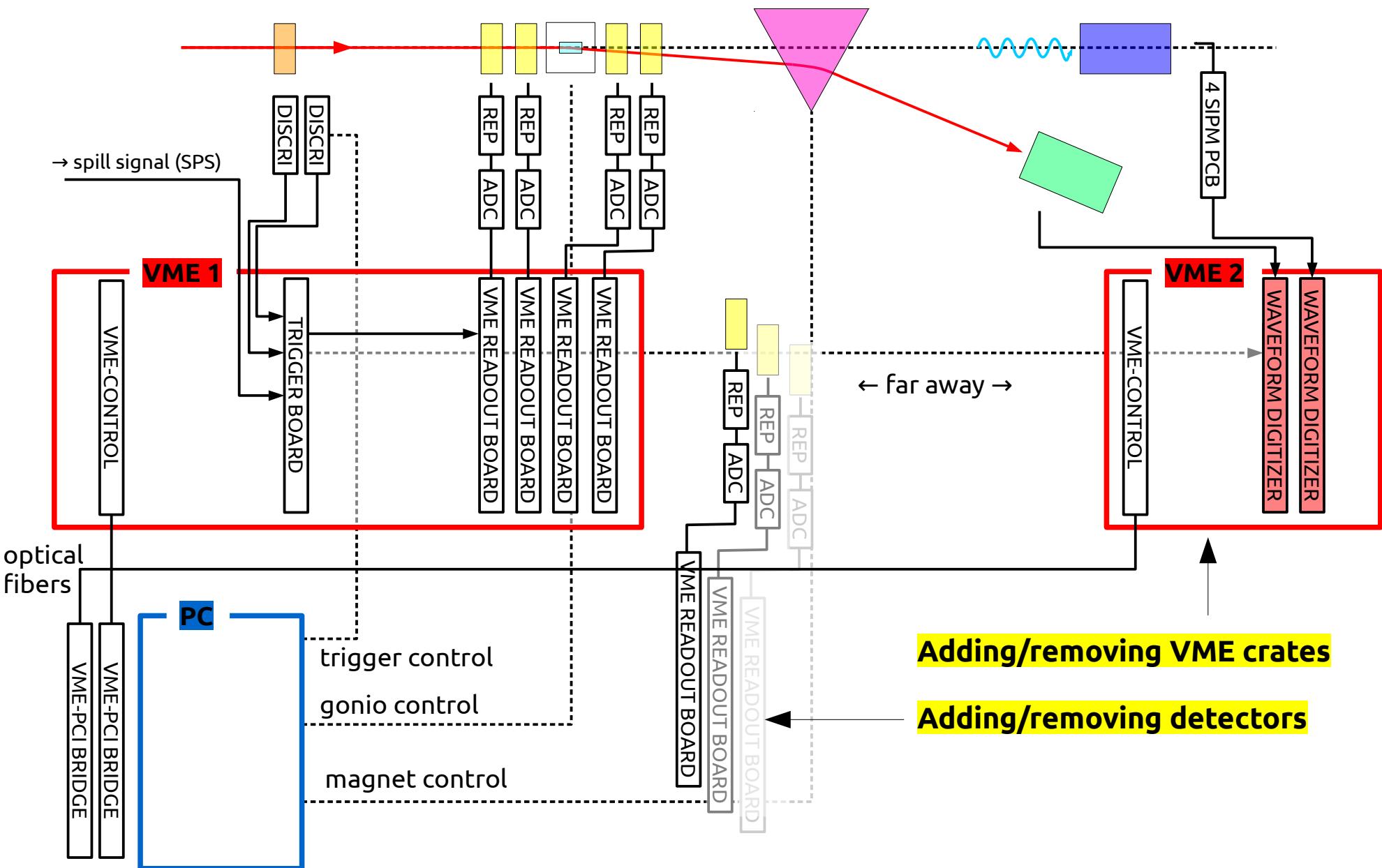
- sampling calorimeter: 12 x 15x15x2cm³ tiles (plastic scintillator) interleaved with 11 Pb tiles (0.5-1cm) → 13 X₀
- readout by 16 channel PMT
- ~90% e-/MIP discrimination



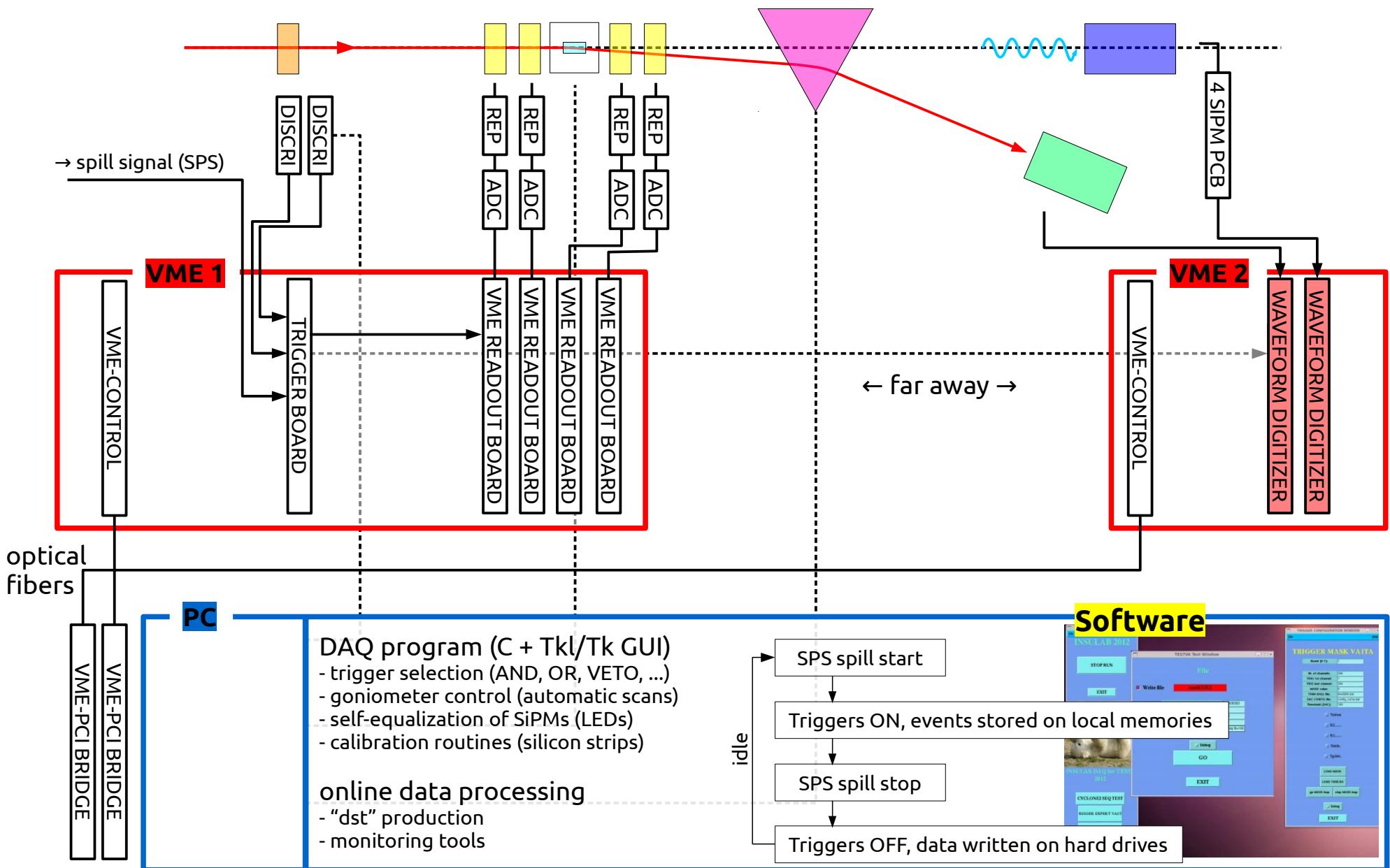
DAQ system



DAQ system

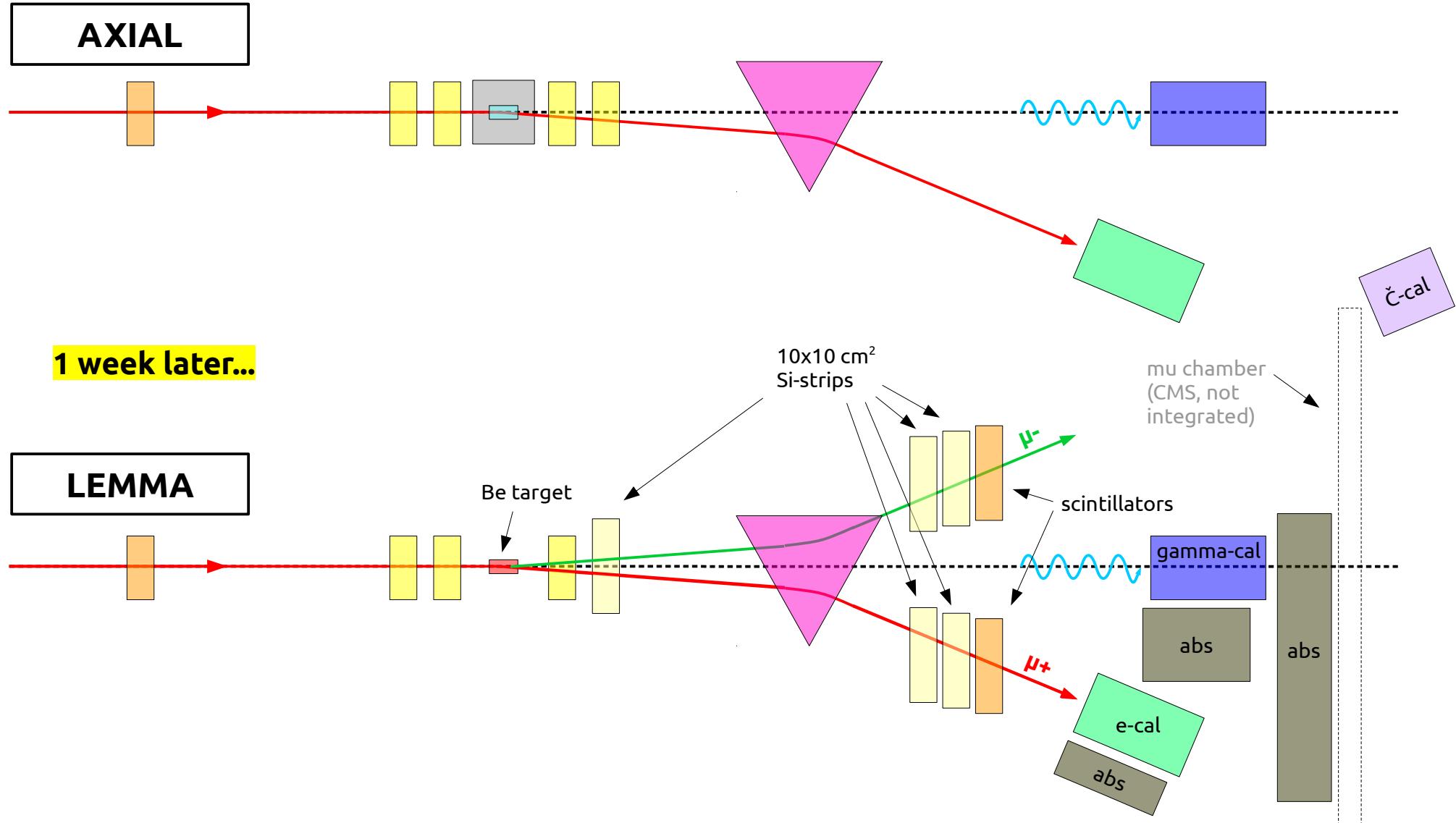


DAQ system



Flexible/modular

SPS, H4, July 2017



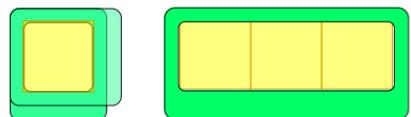
Ever-growing family

Work in progress (if \$\$\$)

Silicon strip detectors



Several 10x10 cm² strip detector available
→ covering of **larger areas**

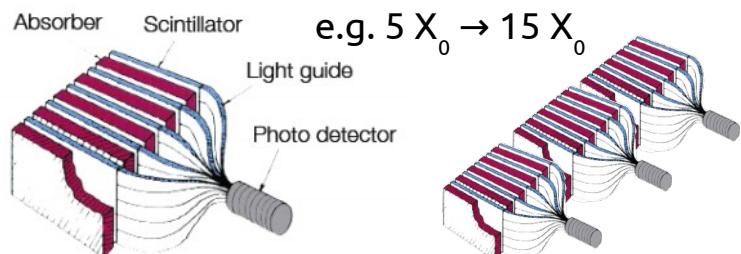


Scintillators



Scintillating bars readout by WLS and
PMTs/SiPMs (fast readout, custom geometry)
→ **triggers&vetos**

Calorimeters



Assembly of lead-scintillator tiles for a new
modular sampling calorimeter

DAQ improvements

Modular architecture consolidation → integration of **new detectors**

Integration of power, low/high voltages → **full remote operability**

Upgrade of the frontend electronic for the Si-strips (compression of the multiplexed data) → **faster readout**

Upgrade of the gigabit links (ADC ↔ VME readout boards, moving to optical) → **faster readout + easier setup** (less cables)

Conclusions

- Channeling (and channeling-related) experiments on a high energy beam require a non trivial recipe made of different detectors, tools, and a reliable integration.
- We developed a modular DAQ system able to operate different detector types, frontend control systems and trigger rate.
- The DAQ can be adapted in terms of experimental setup, number of detectors, physics goal.
- We are building new detectors and improving the DAQ