



Upgrading Plan towards Multi-messenger Observation with LHAASO and Construction Status

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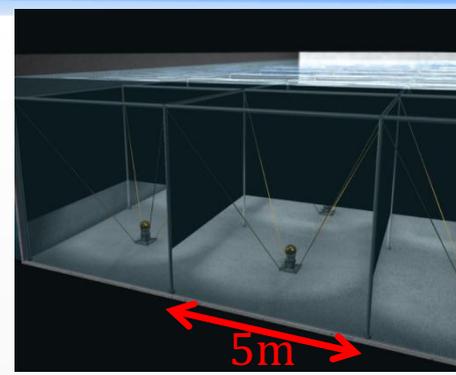
RICAP-2018, Rome Tre, Sept. 2018



Content

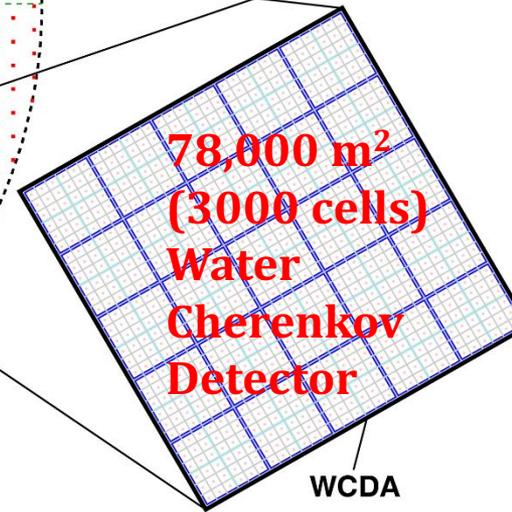
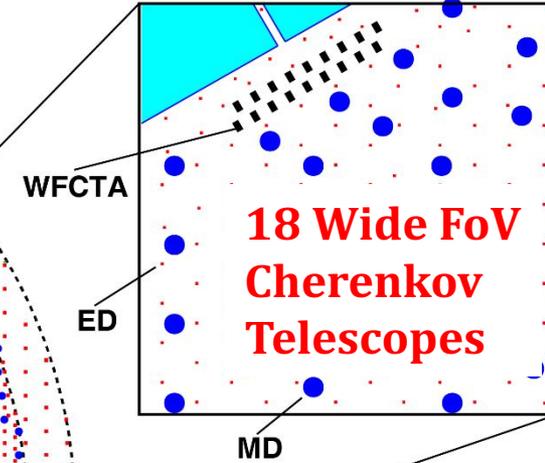
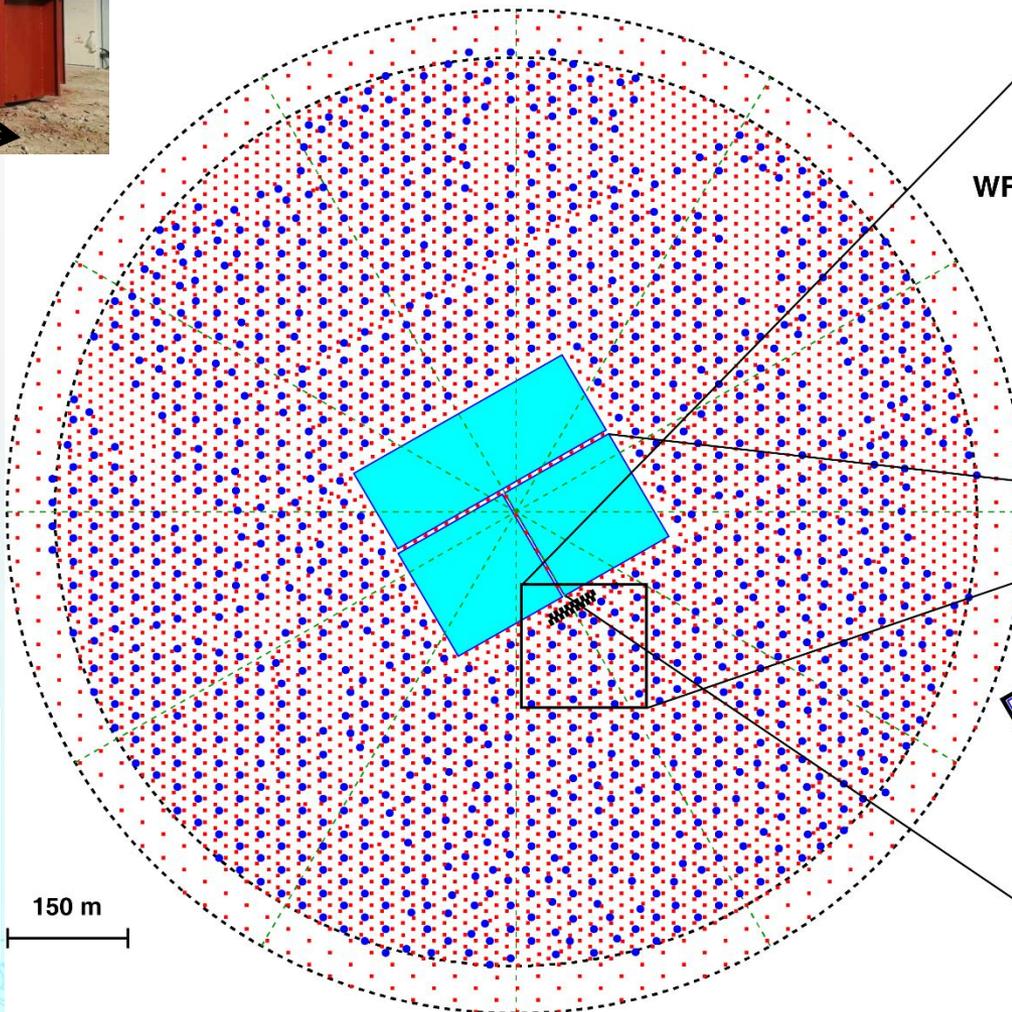
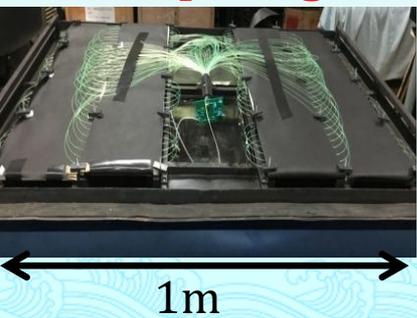
- ◆ LHAASO Experiment
- ◆ Performances and Prospects for Gamma Ray Astronomy
- ◆ Upgrading for Enhancement at Low Energy
- ◆ Prospects for Multi-messenger Exploring
- ◆ Construction Status
- ◆ Summary

Detector Layout in LHAASO



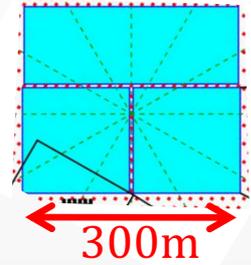
**1171 muon
counters**
30 m spacing

**5195
Scintillator
counters**
15 m spacing

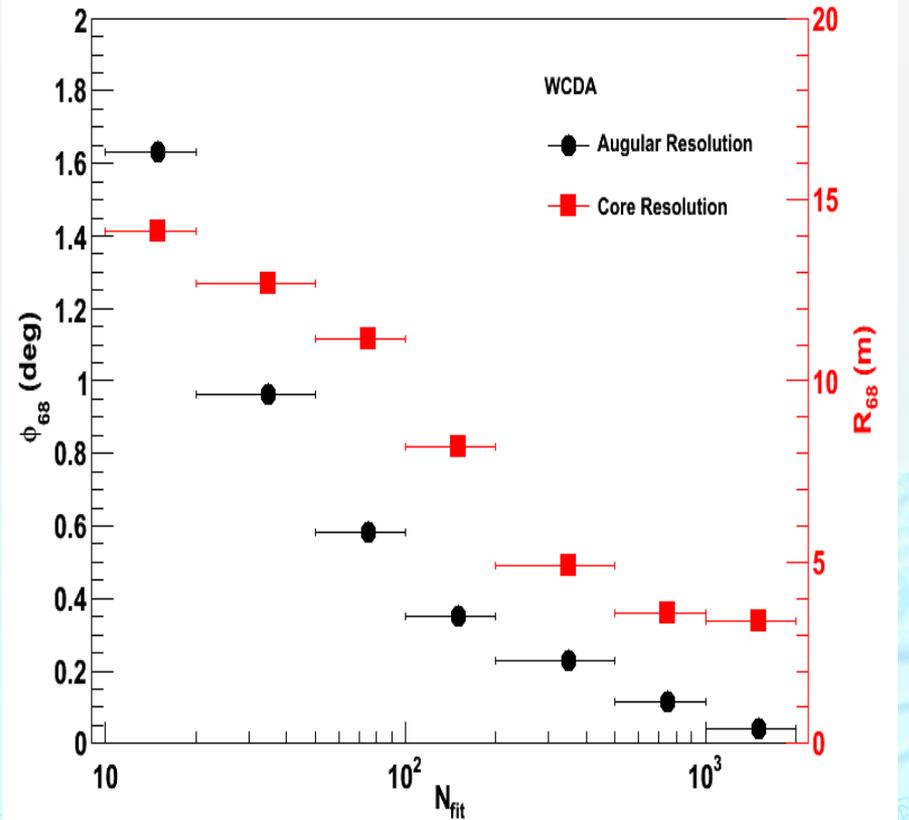
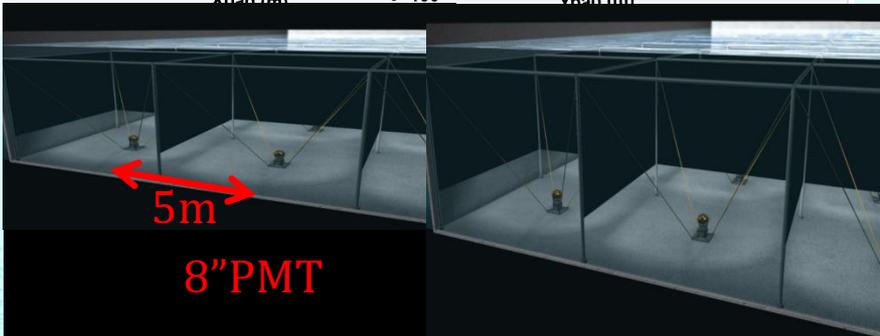
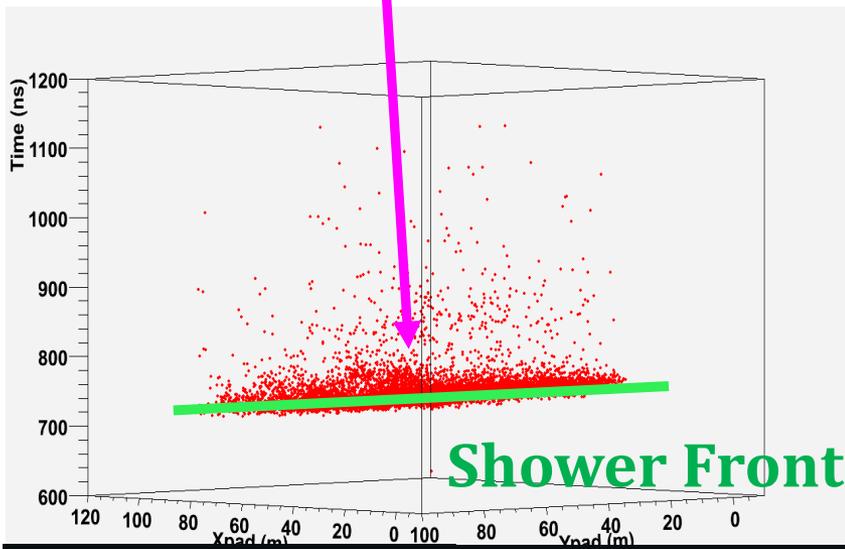
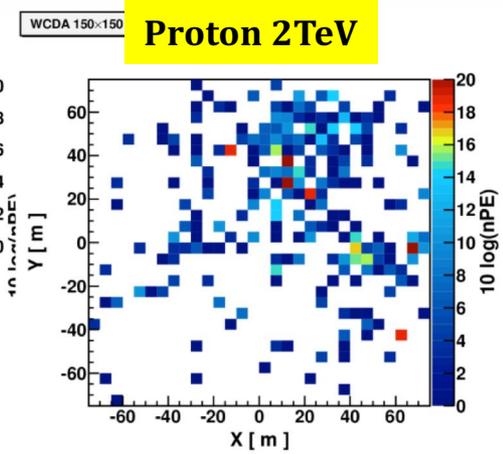
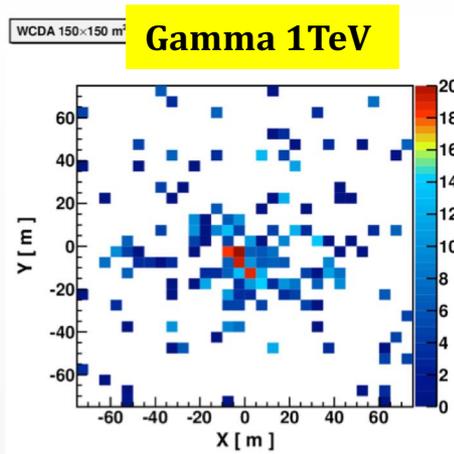


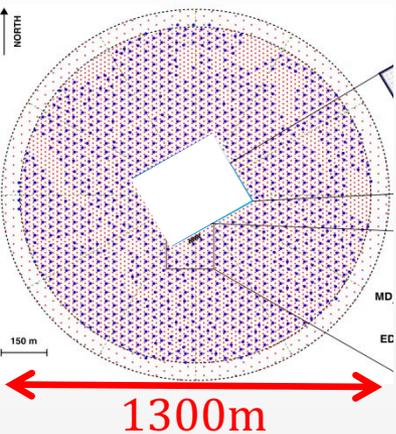
3 Pools

- Measuring shower direction and location
- Catching far muon signals in showers for γ/p



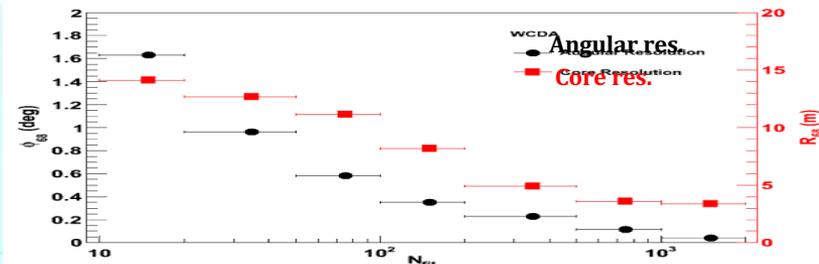
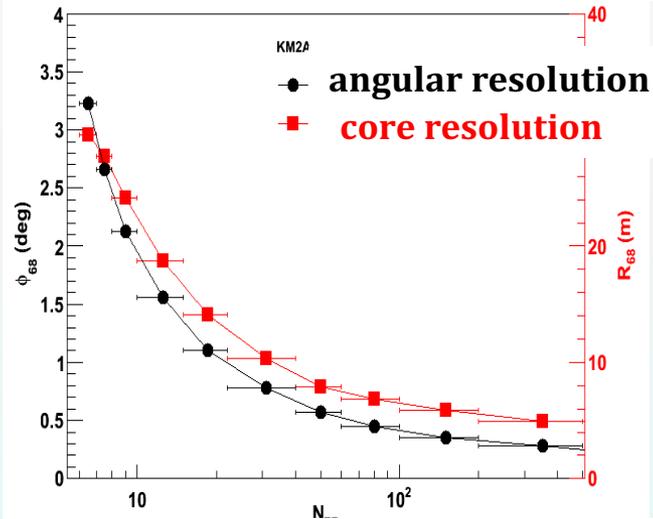
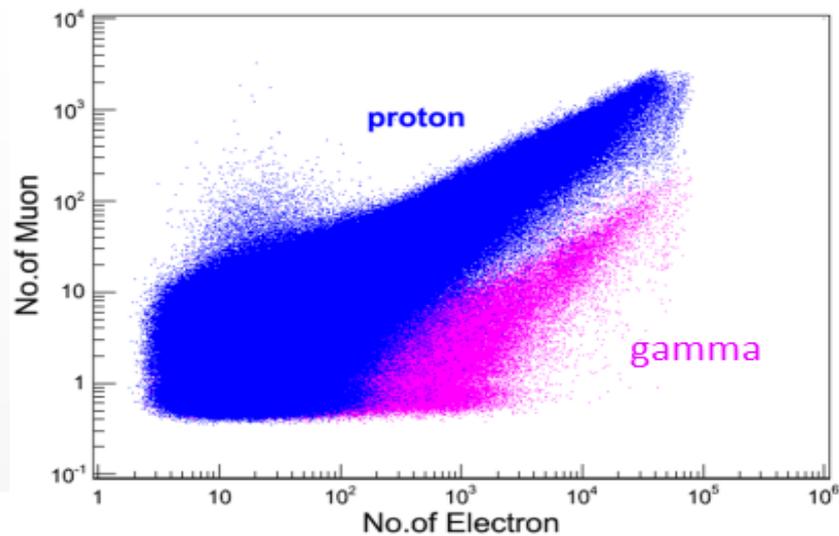
Incident direction





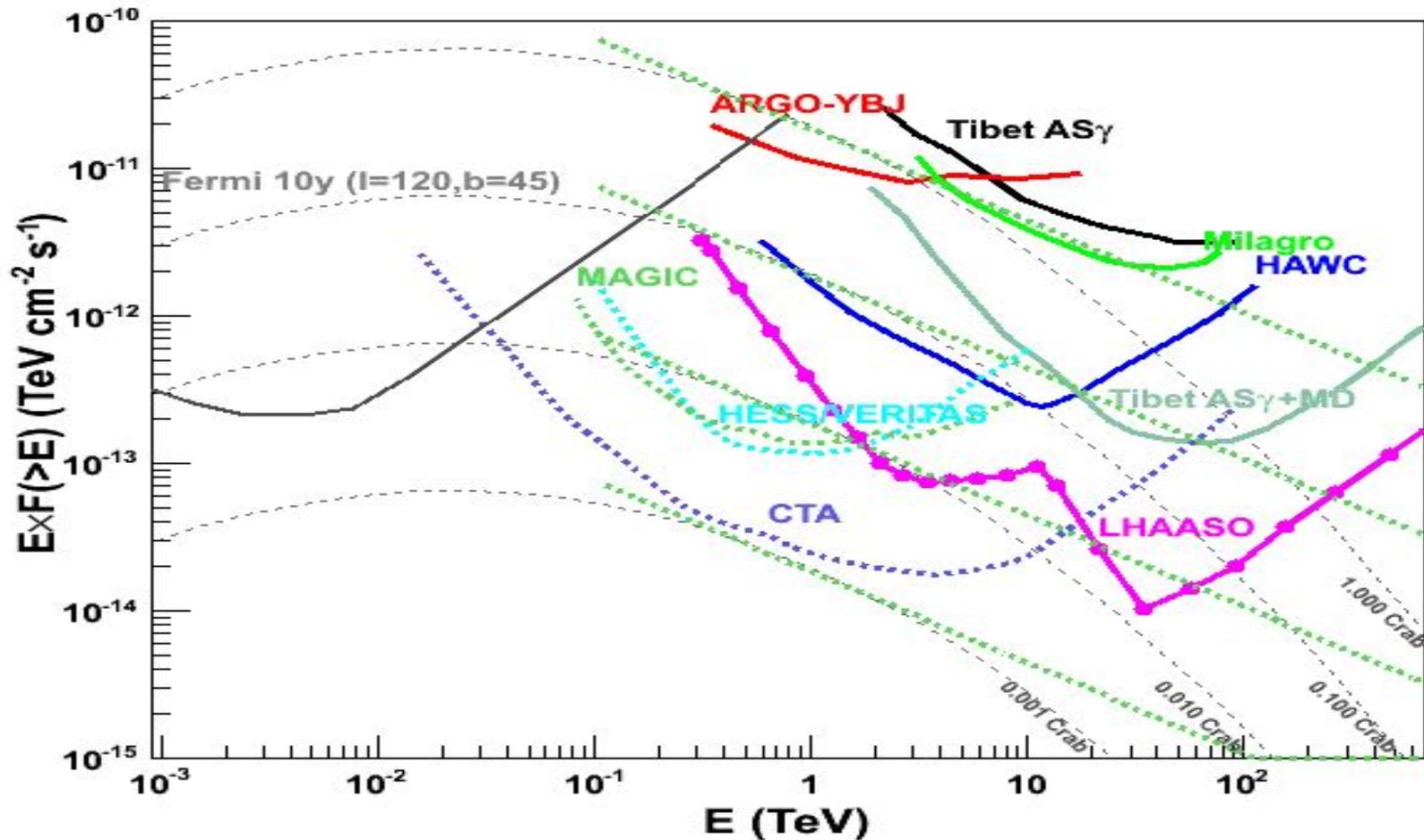
An Array of Scin. +MDs

- ◆ Measuring shower direction and location
- ◆ Measuring μ -content with the largest MD array ever
- ◆ Clean γ selection



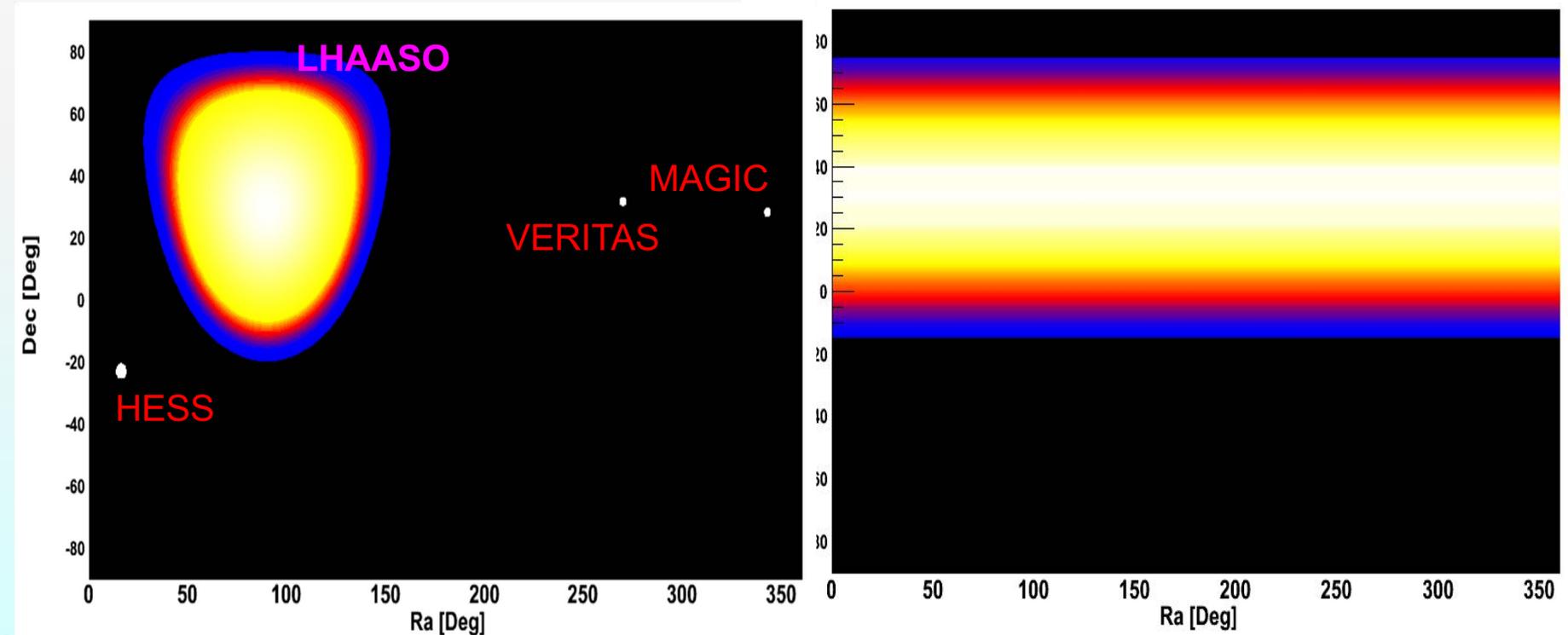
Sensitivity to gamma ray sources

- ◆ Integral: 1% Crab unit @3TeV & 50TeV



Wide FOV gamma ray astronomy

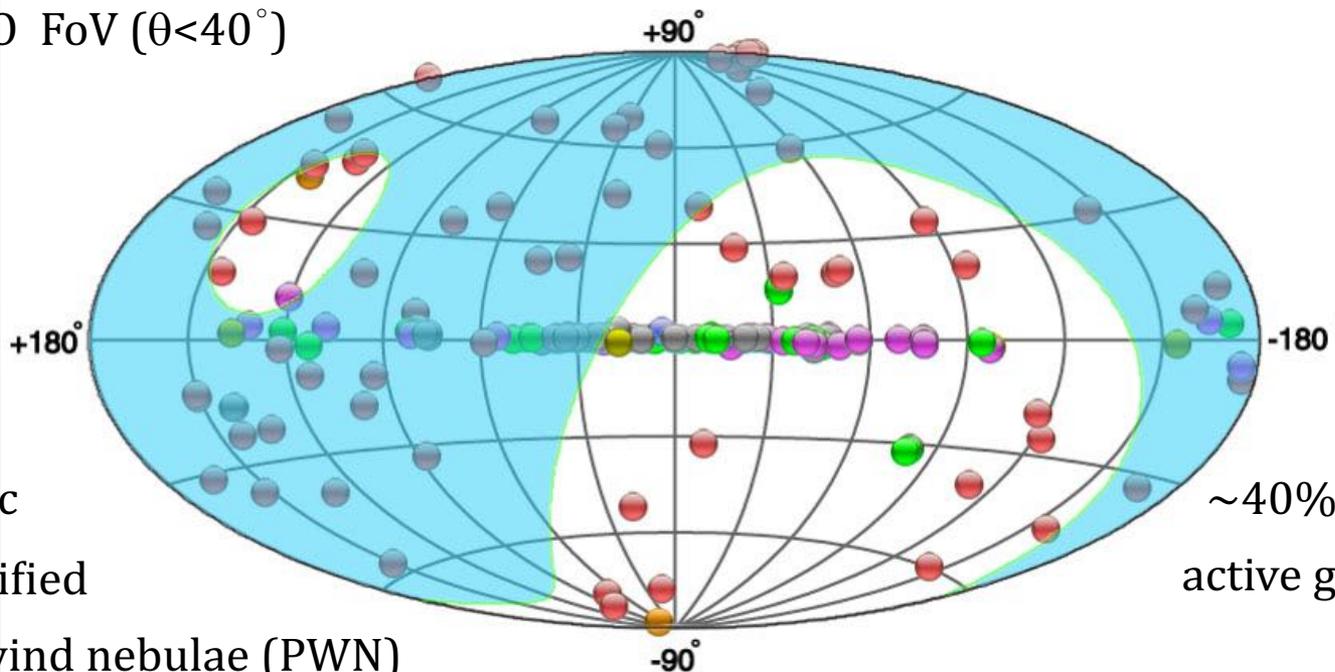
- ◇ High sensitivity
- ◇ Wide FoV:
 - ◇ 1/7 of the sky at any moment
 - ◇ 60% of the sky in every day (24 hrs)



Survey over 300 GeV-1 PeV for pevatrons

208 sources in TeV bend

119 in LHAASO FoV ($\theta < 40^\circ$)



~60% Galactic

~1/3 unidentified

~1/3 pulsar wind nebulae (PWN)

~1/3 supernova remnants, compact binary systems and massive star clusters

~40% extragalactic
active galactic nuclei

LHAASO FoV ($\theta < 40^\circ$)

Survey expectations for extragalactic sources by LHAASO

~40% of them are AGNs

Table 1. Number of BL Lacs for 1 year and 4 year observation.

EBL model	No. for 1 yr survey (LHAASO)	No. for 4 yr survey (LHAASO)
K06	33	38
F08	39	44
F10	34	43
D11	38	44
G12	40	44

Considering the fact that more than half of the 2LAC BL Lacs do not have redshift measurements, and there are unclassified AGNs in 2LAC catalog and unassociated sources in Fermi source catalog, the total number of detectable AGNs may be significantly increased.

LHAASO on AGN flares

Mrk 501

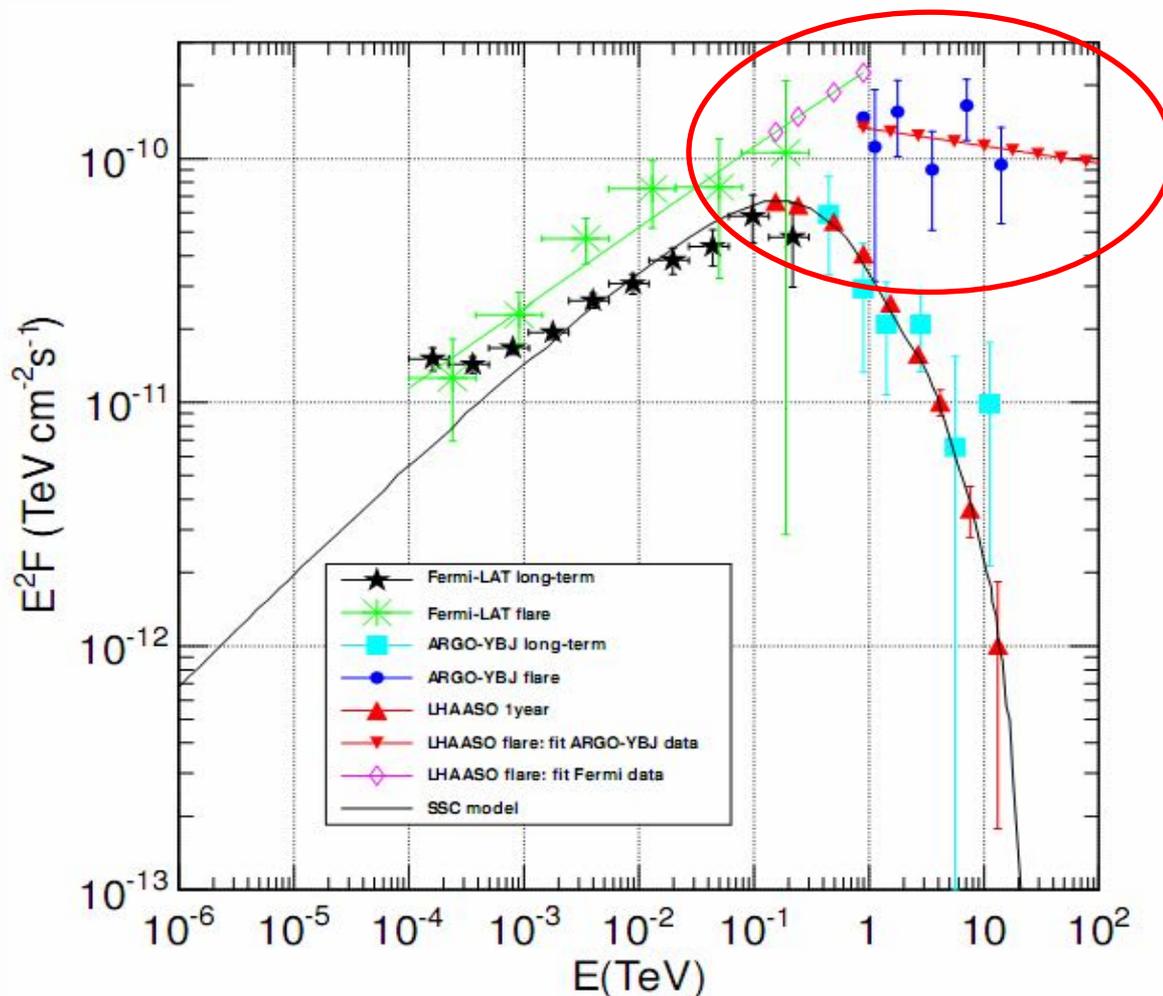


Figure 16: Expectation of the LHAASO project on Mrk501 [57], compared with the measurement of Fermi-LAT, ARGO-YBJ[27].

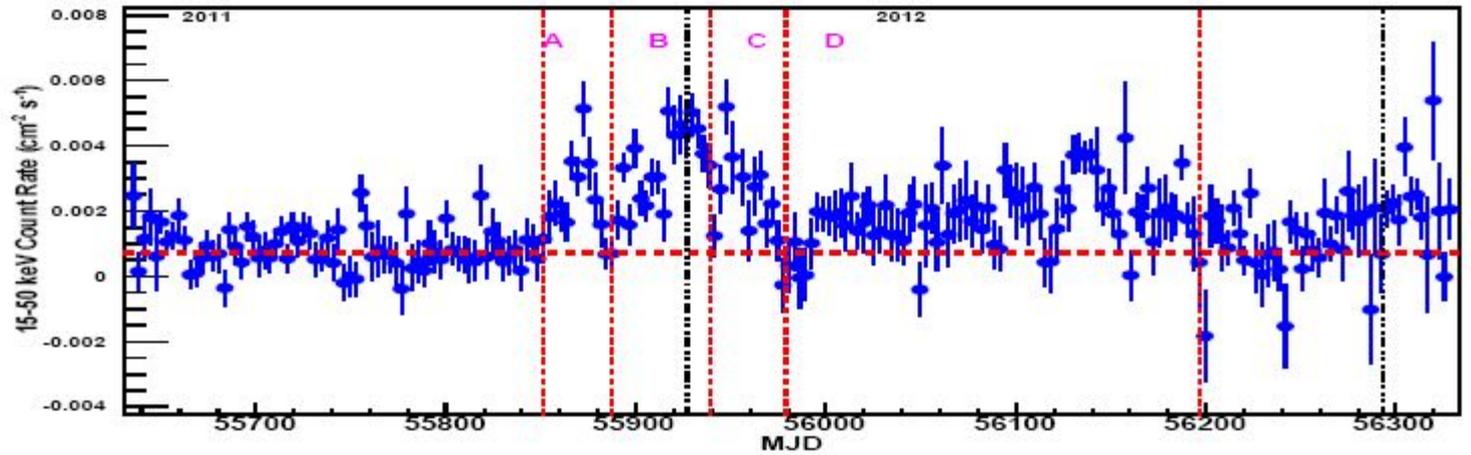
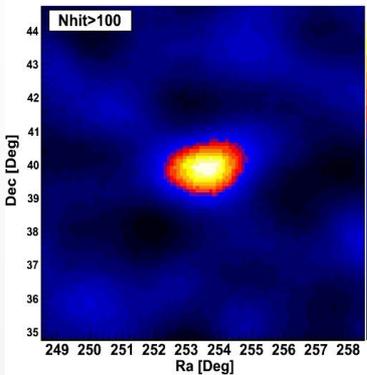
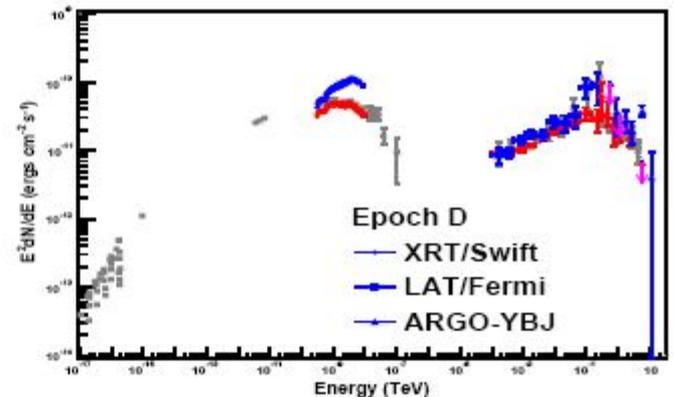
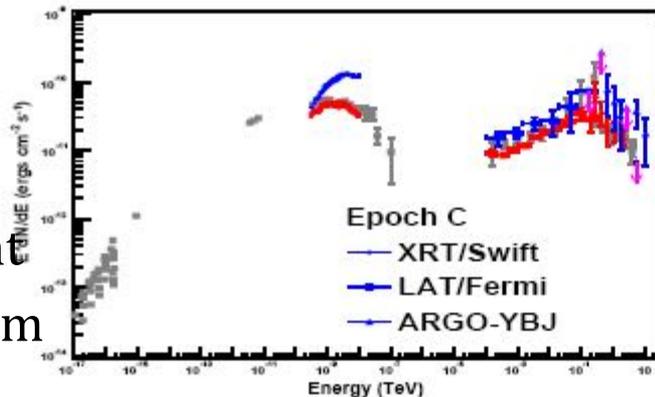
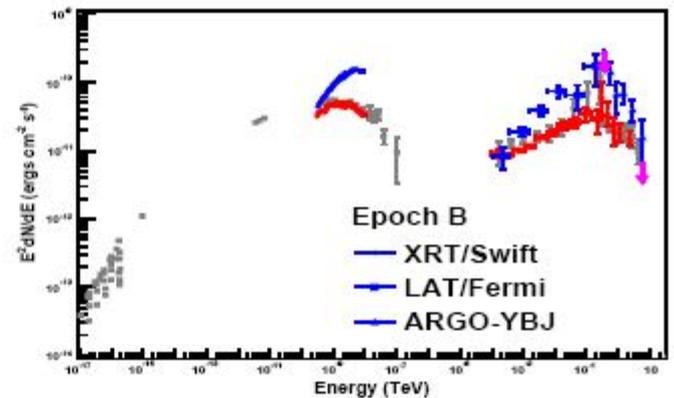
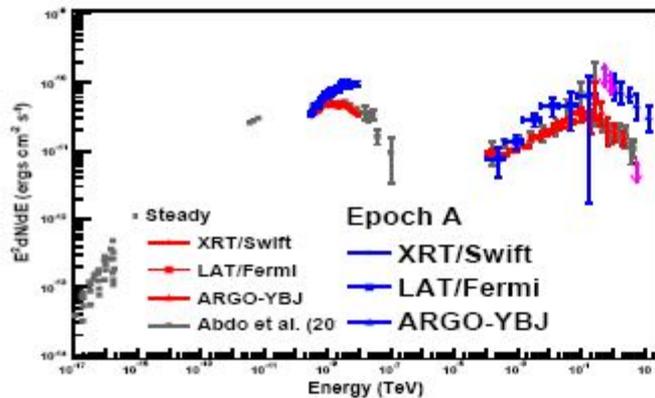


Fig. 3: Three day-averaged light curve of Mrk 501 at 15–50 keV measured by BAT/*Swift*. The vertical dashed lines indicate the four epochs analyzed in this paper. All the errors are statistical at 1σ .

2011 flare of Mrk501
 $S=7.7\sigma$
ARGO-YBJ as a example

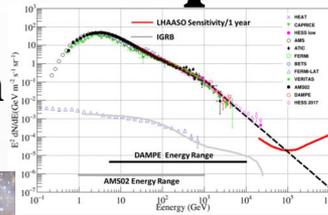
The evolution of the Spectrum during flares

IGMF measurement
Emitting Mechanism

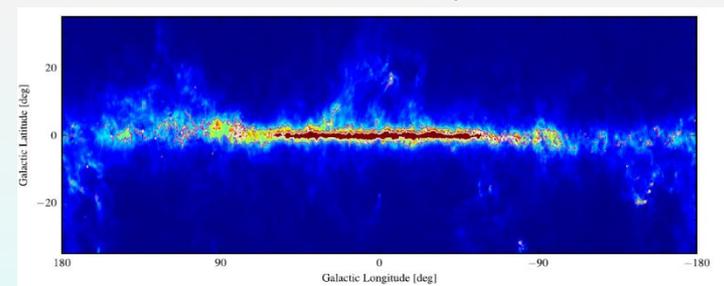
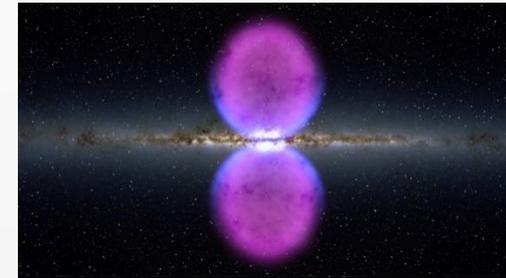


Many Topics in Astroparticle Physics

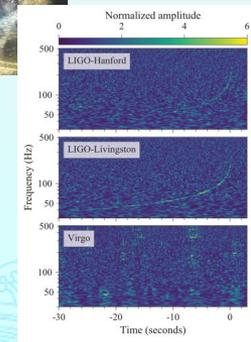
e+e- spectrum



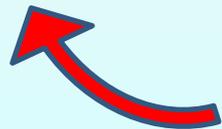
FERMI Bobble



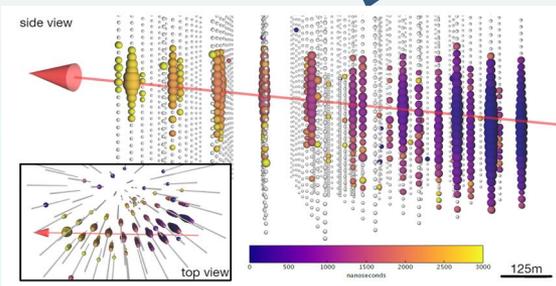
Diffuse γ Background



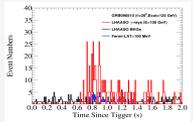
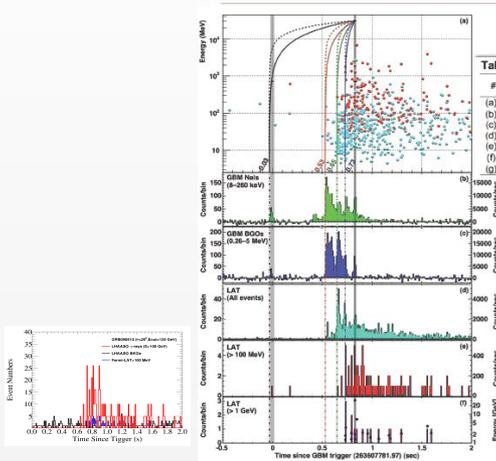
GW170817



IC-170922A



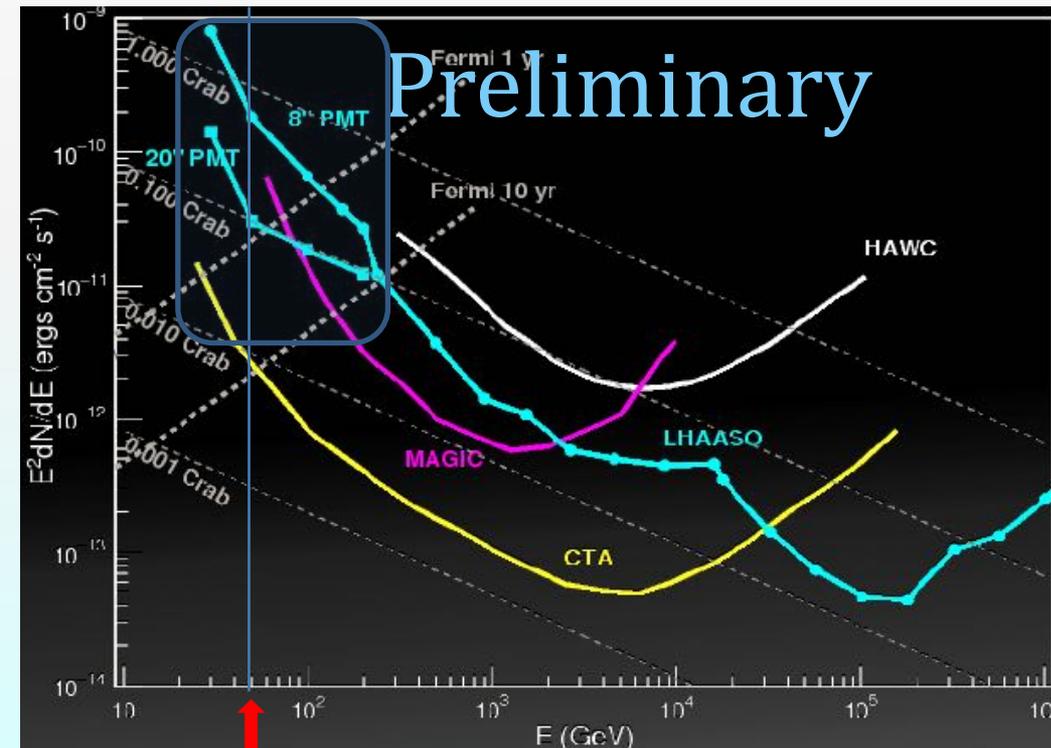
GRB 090501



Enhancement of the sensitivity below 100 GeV

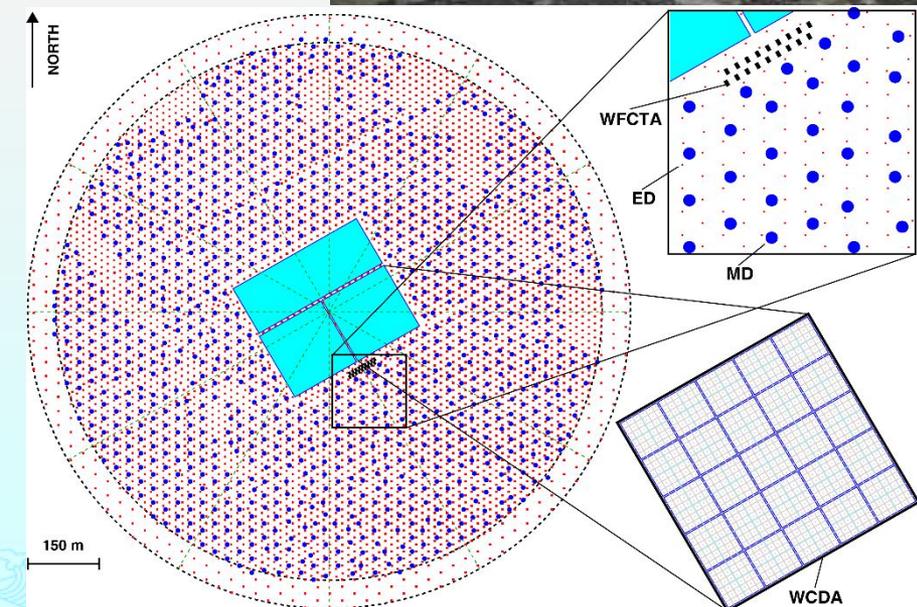
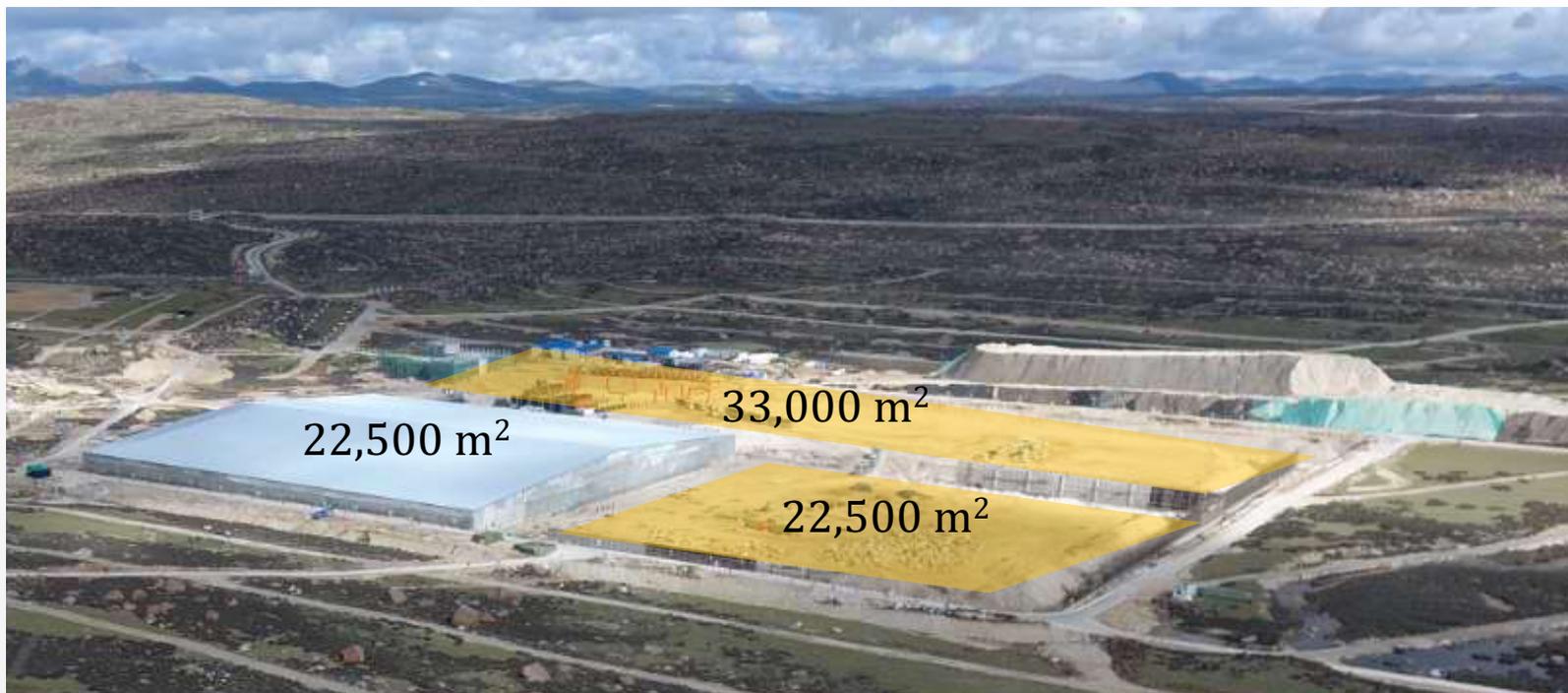
◆ **20" PMTs with special PE collecting design in #2 and #3 ponds of WCDA**

◆ **Transient Phenomena: GRB、AGN-flares、N-N merge gravitational wave events ...**



↑ **50 GeV**

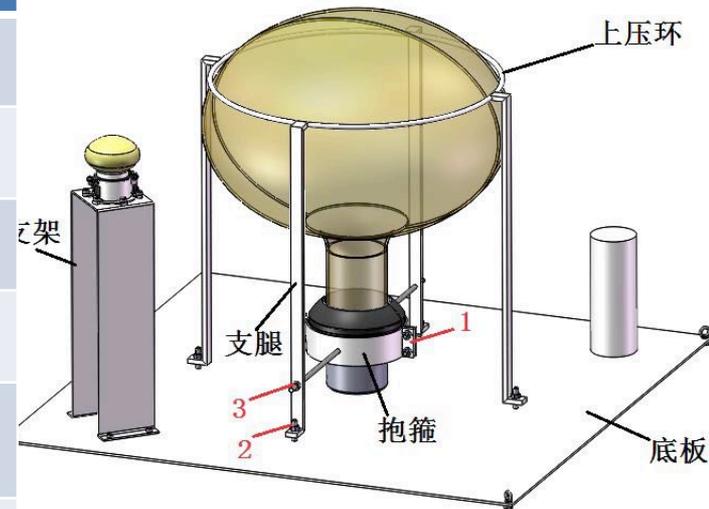




of Channels & Specifications

- ◆ 2,287 cells in #2 and #3 ponds (5500m²)
- ◆ Configuration: 20" PMT+3" PMT per cell

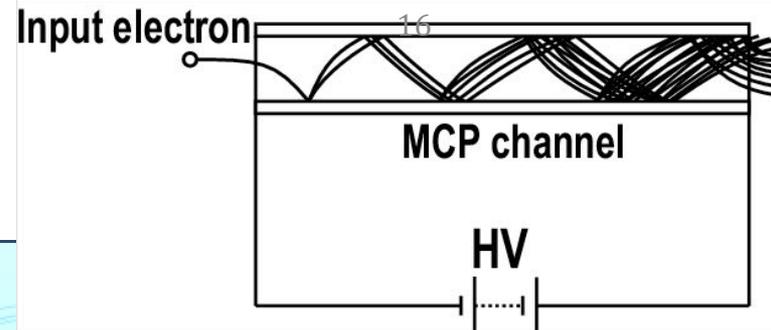
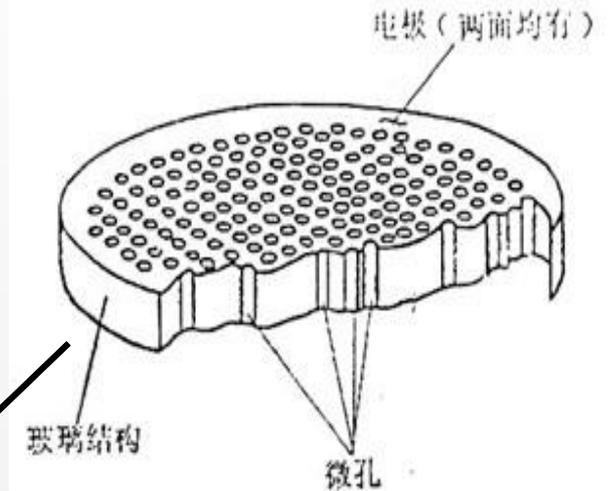
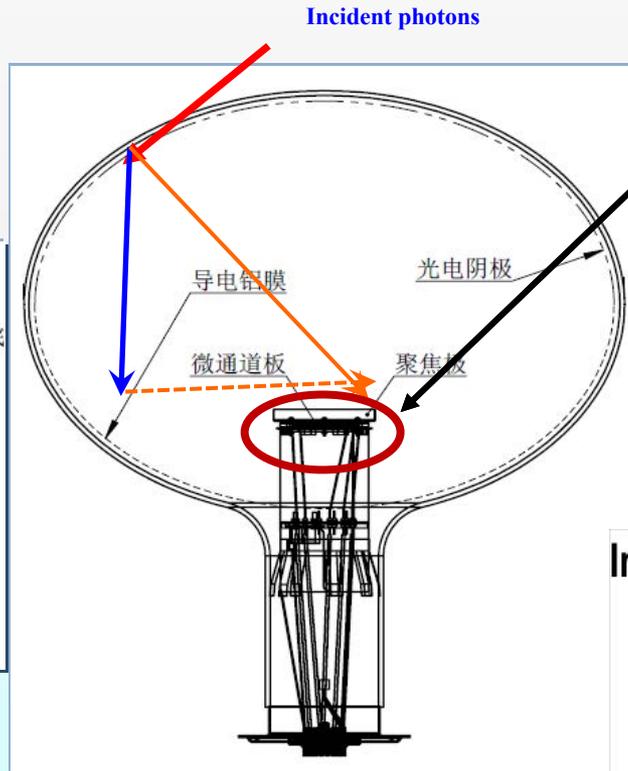
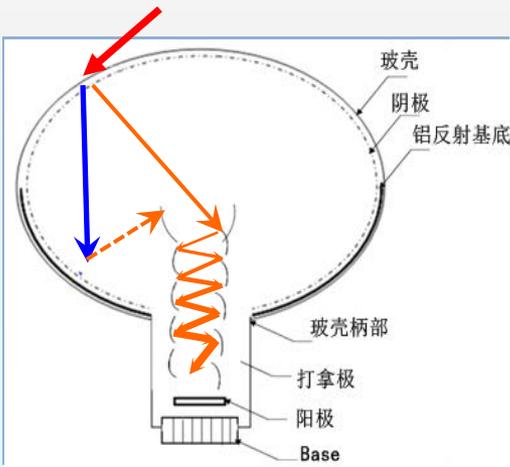
	20in PMT (GDB-6203)	3in PcellMT (XP72B22)
TTS	~6ns	~4ns
CTTD	~2ns	
Rise time	~3ns	~4ns
Linearity	$\geq 2000\text{PE.}$	$>400\text{PE(anode)}$
Dark noise rate	$\leq 10\text{KHz}$	$< 1\text{KHz}$
Gain	$5 \times 10^{**7}$	$3 \times 10^{**6}$
After Pulse ratio	$< 1\%$	$< 5\%$
Stages	2	10



MCP-PMT

MCP works as dynodes

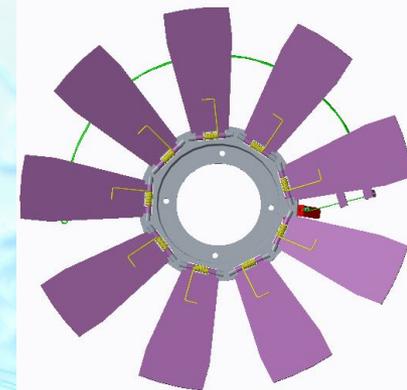
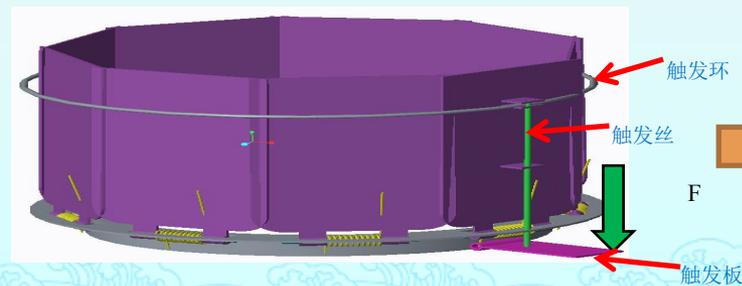
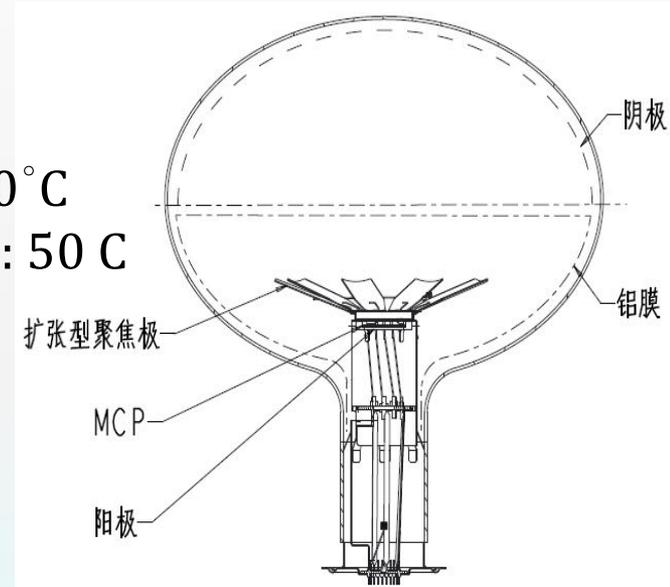
Conventional Dynodes



JUNO's MCP-PMT vs. LHAASO's

- North Night-Vision Ltd. is producing 15,000 PMTs for JUNO Experiment in 2.5 yr
- Gain: 10^7

- ◆ improvements:
 - TTS < 7ns, CTTD < 2ns
 - Noise rate < 10KHz @ $\sim 10^\circ\text{C}$
 - Total exposure in lifetime: 50 C (JUNO needs only 5 C)
 - Working Current: 200uA

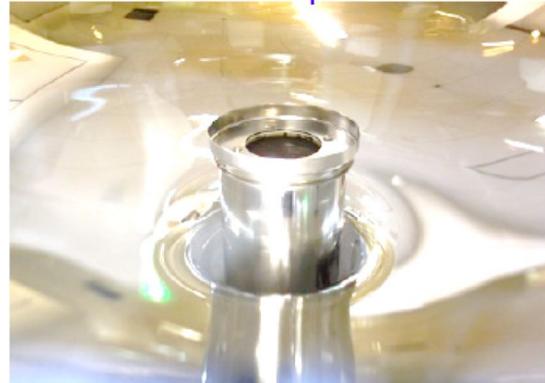


TTS improvement

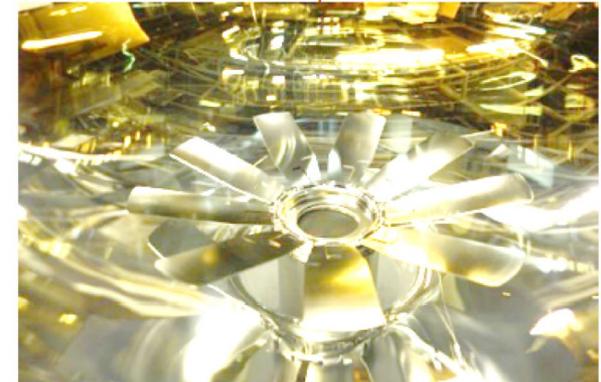


Scanned injected position from center to edge

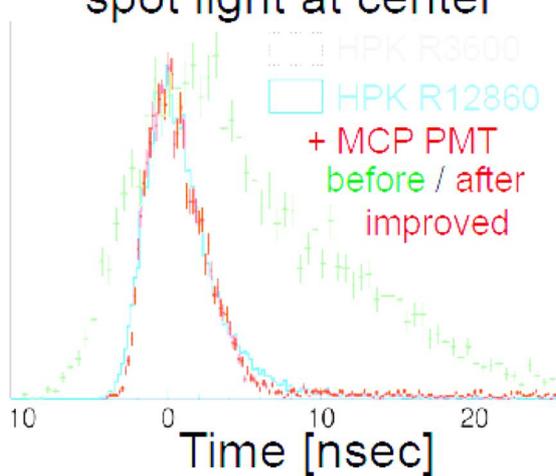
Before improved



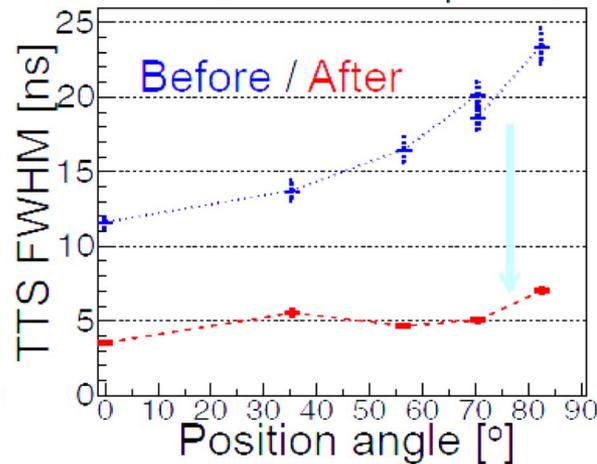
After improved



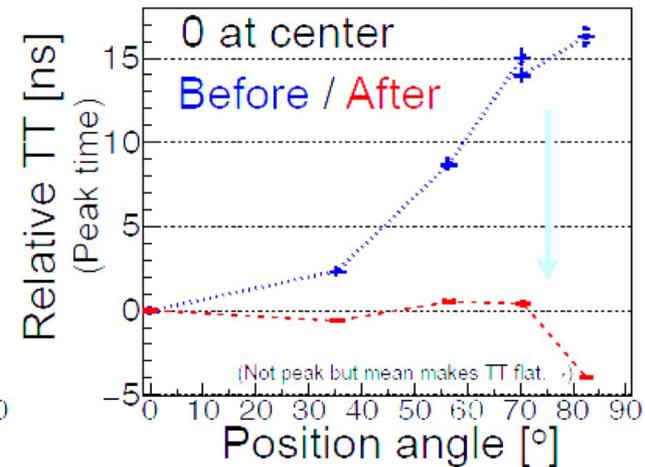
spot light at center



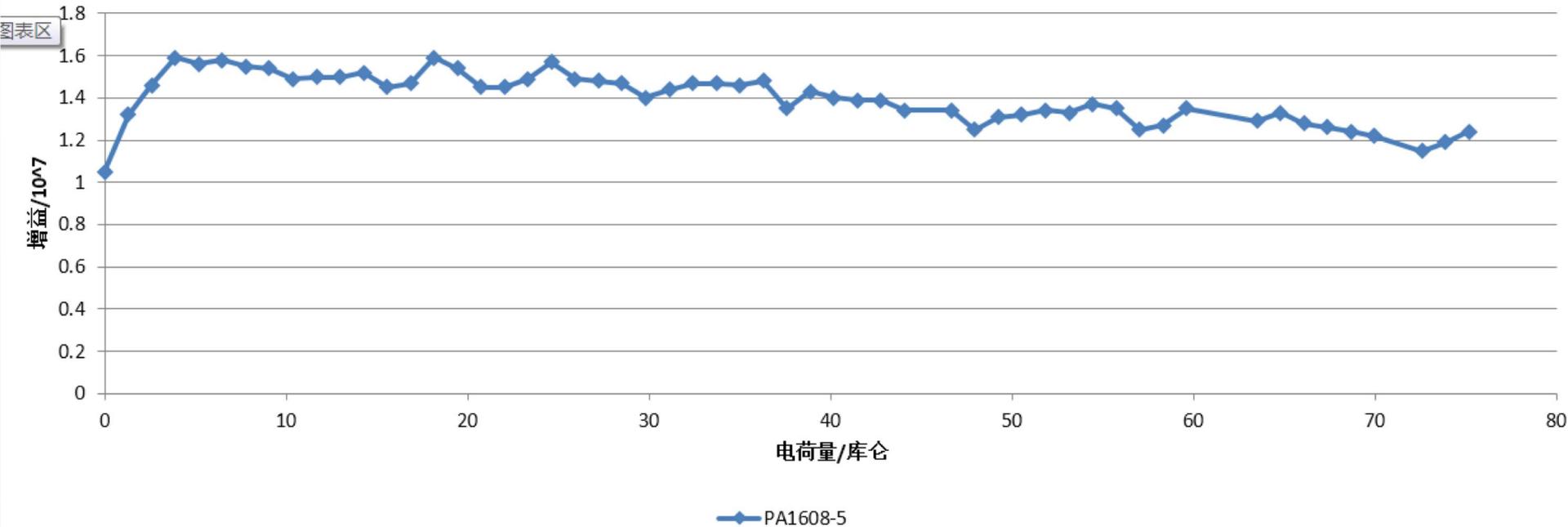
Transit Time Spread



Relative Transit Time



Long Term Stability Testing

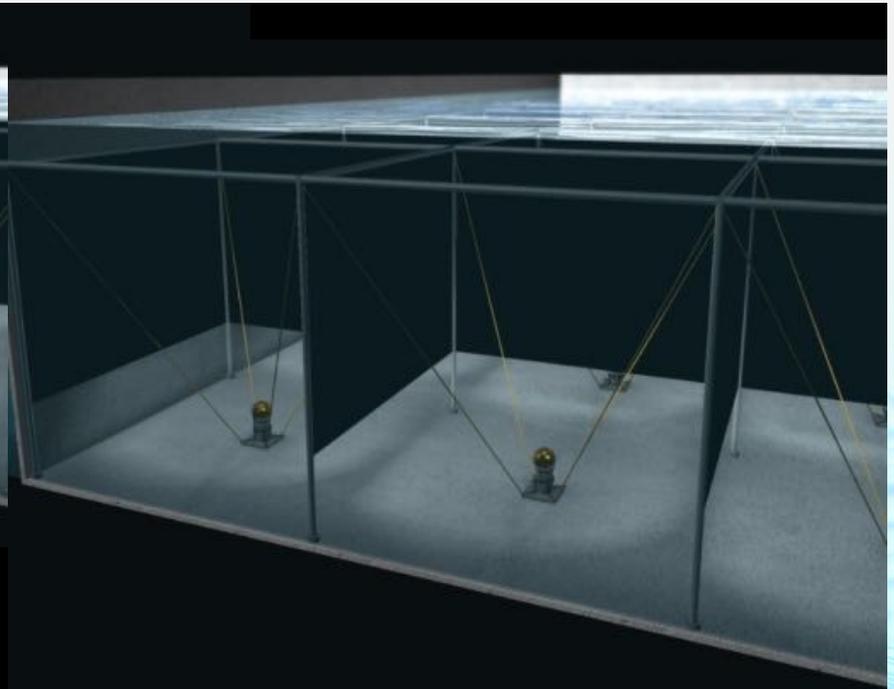
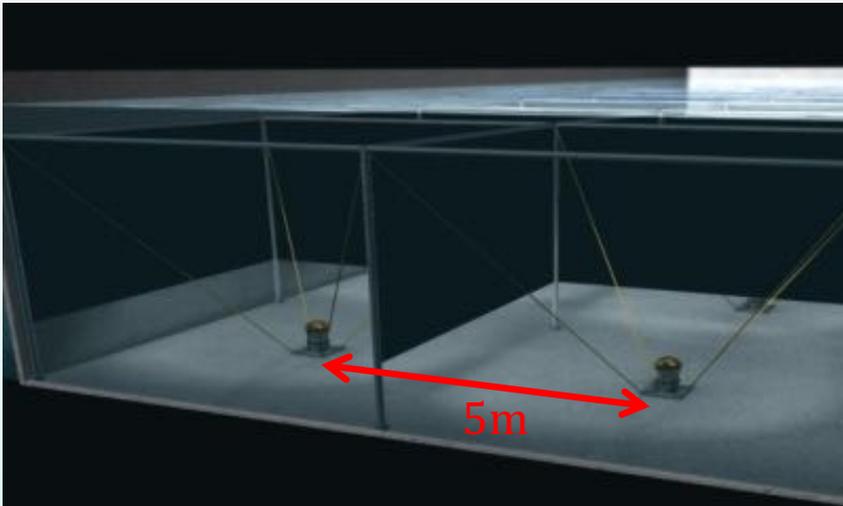
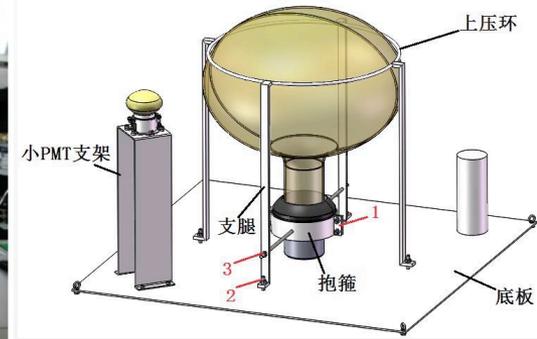


Up to 75 C exposure, gain reduction of 15%,
it can be recovered by cranking HV up by only
a few volts

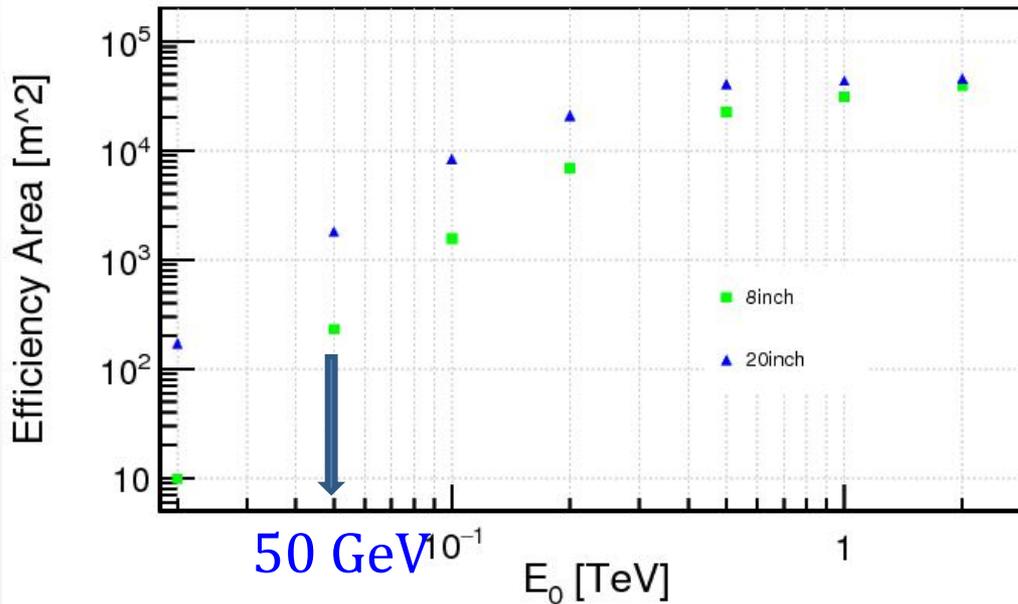
Improvements



8" vs. 20"
in the same
volume of cell



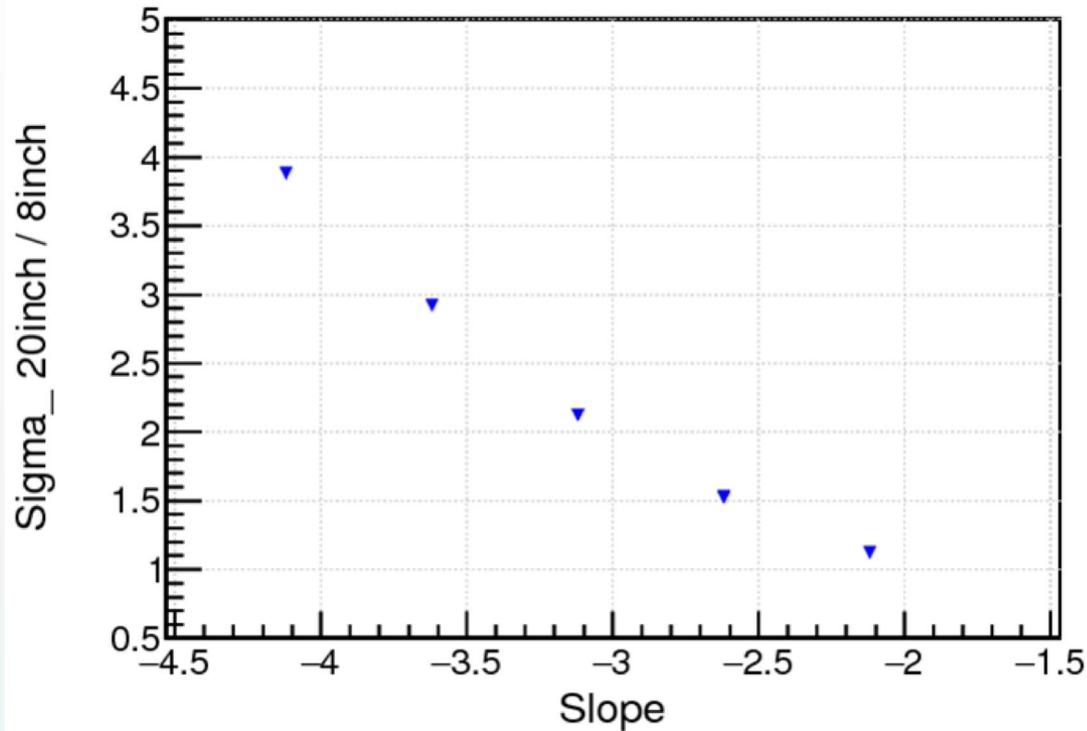
Efficiency and Effective Area



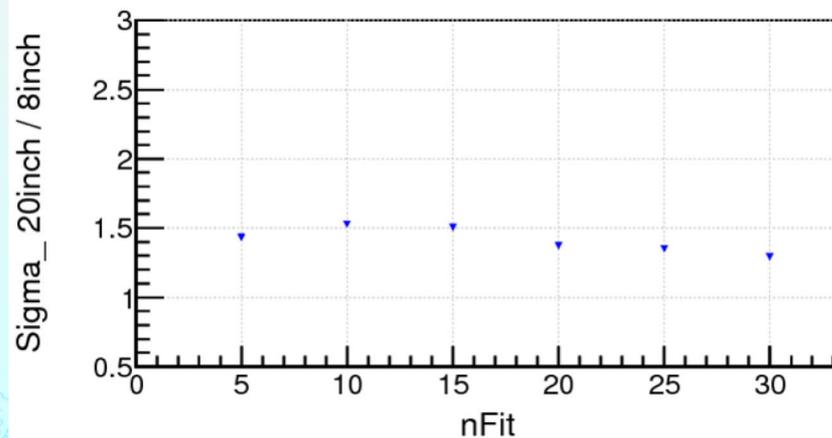
E (GeV)	8inch (m ²)	20inch (m ²)	Ratio 20/8
20	9.8	171.4	17.5
50	230.2	1807.4	7.9
100	1560.9	8373.6	5.4
200	6847.3	20836.4	3.0
500	22675.8	40588.0	1.8
1000	31109.1	43827.2	1.4
2000	39154.6	45454.4	1.2



Sensitivity Boosting



For soft spectrum,
could be **4x**
GW170817 or
IC170922A both have
soft spectra



For Crab-like hard
spectrum $\sim E^{-2.62}$

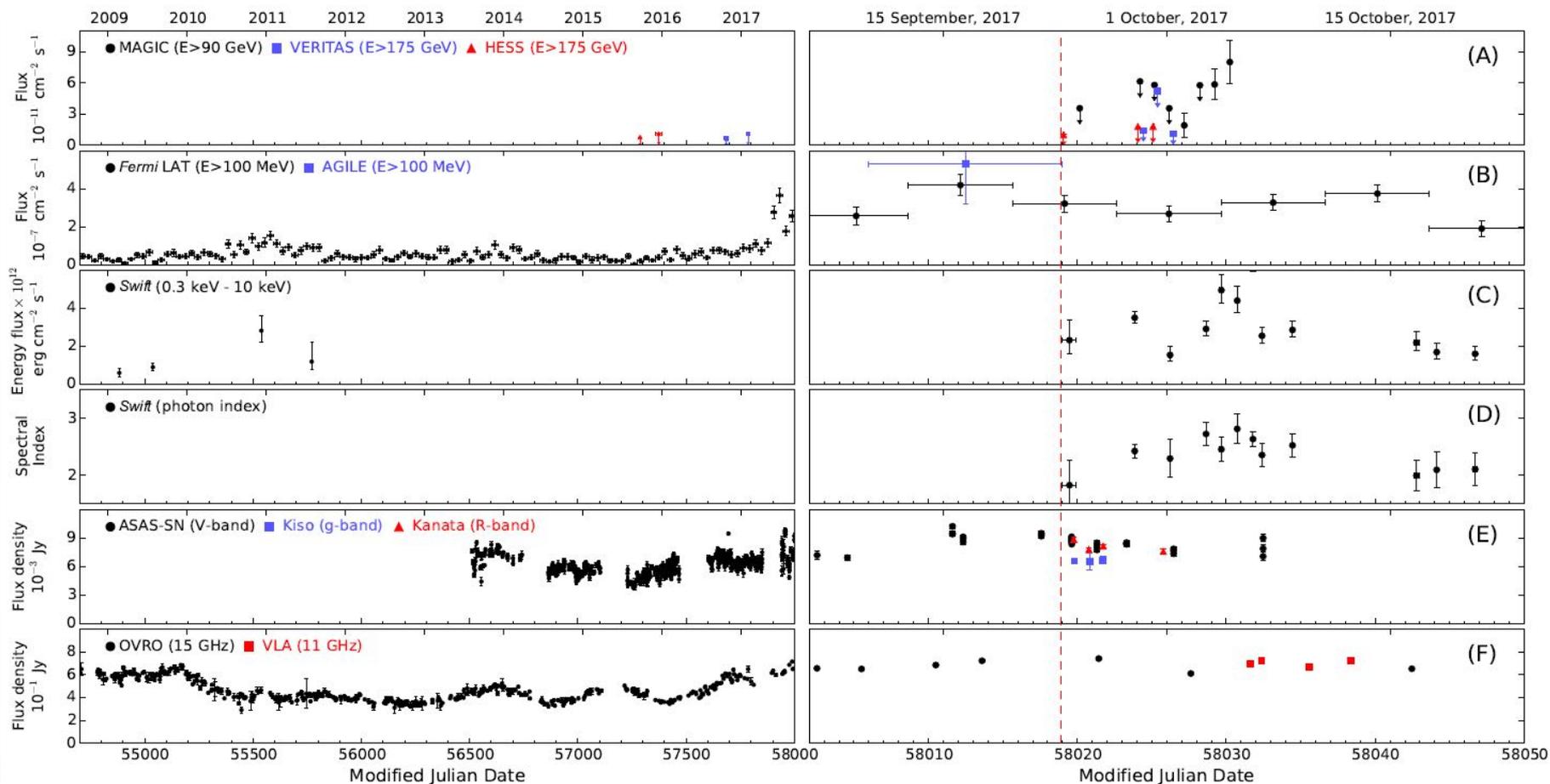
❖ About **1.5x**

IC-170922A/TXS 0506+056: Multi-Wavelength Observation

An example

arXiv:1807.08816

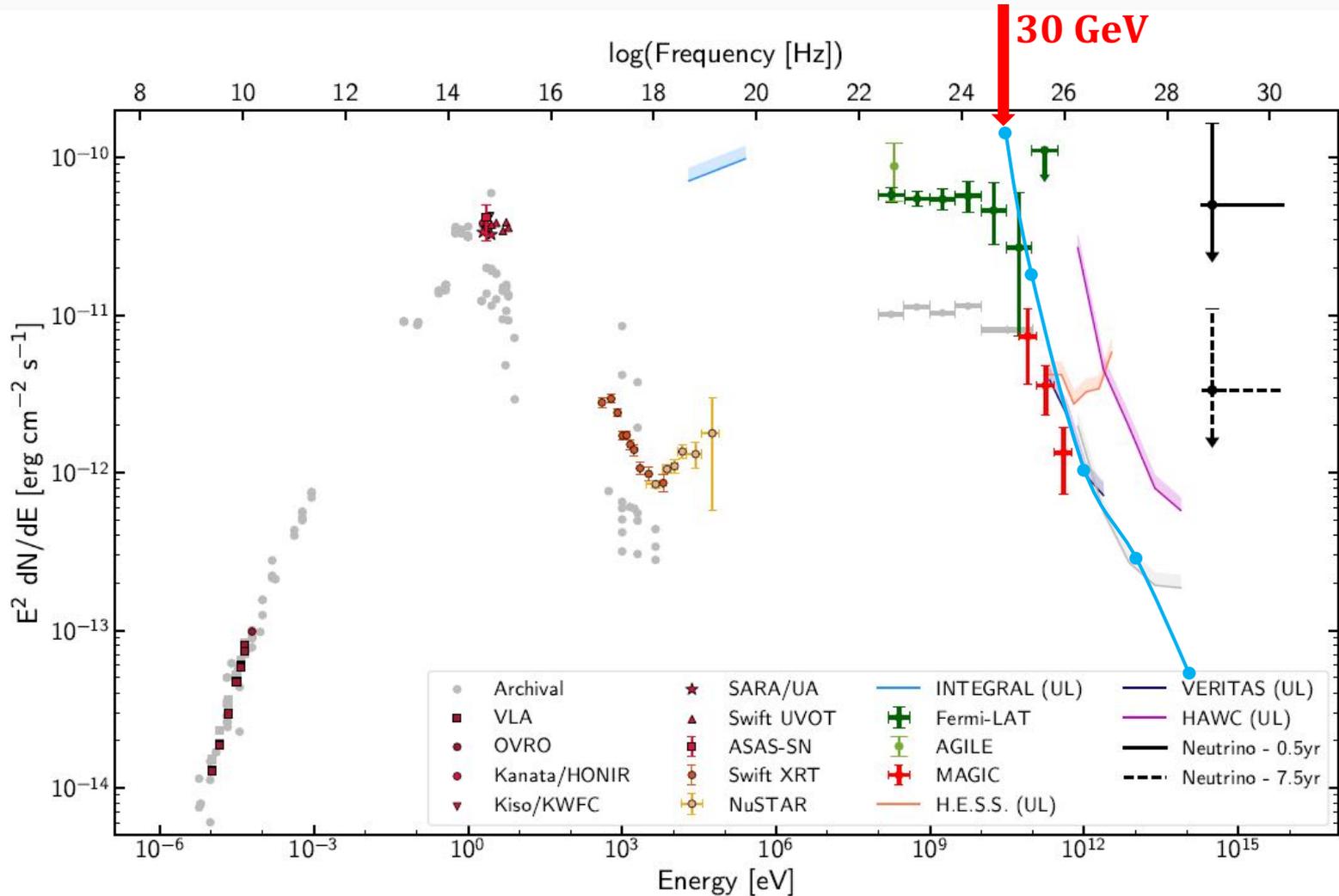
Science 361, eaat1378 (2018)



IC-170922A/TXS 0506+056 : SED

arXiv:1807.08816

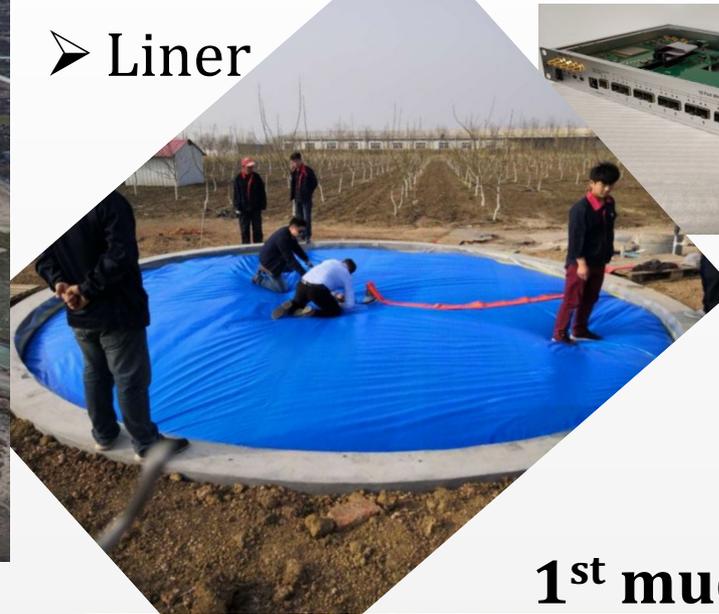
Science 361, eaat1378 (2018)



Construction Status of LHAASO



➤ Liner



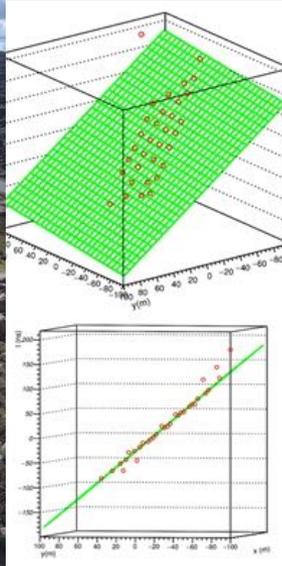
1st WR
Fan-less
switch

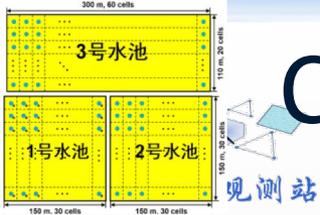
1st muon
detector



◆ 2018/02/04, first 33 scintillator detectors deployed.

The 1st LHAASO event





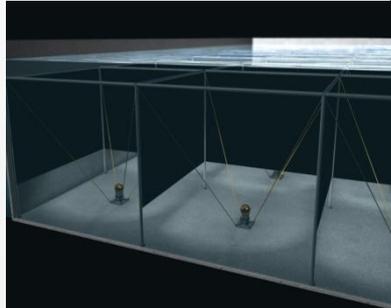
Construction

1st water pool



- #1 pool (150X150 m²) is built
- 2018/04, #2 & #3 pools were started simultaneously

Installation Inside the pond





Water
purification &
recycling
system for
0.45M tons



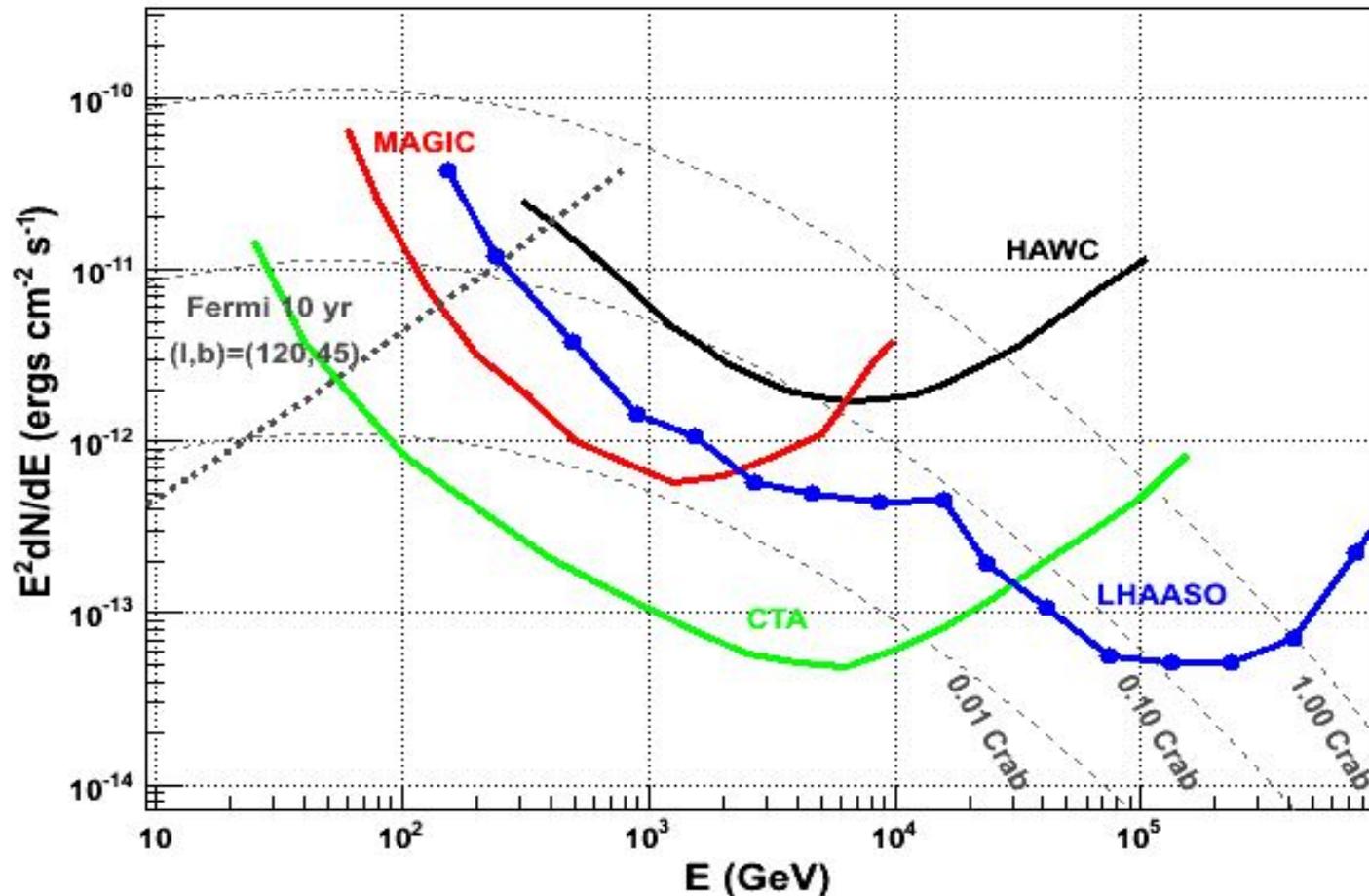
Summary

- ◇ LHAASO observatory for gamma ray astronomy
 - ◇ Unique on 10 TeV gamma ray monitoring
 - ◇ Window for evidences of hadronic origin of cosmic rays
 - ◇ Wide FOV monitoring for transient phenomena
- ◇ 20" PMTs in #2-3 pond will enhance the low energy sensitivity for extragalactic phenomena, particularly for the multi-messenger observation
- ◇ Detector construction started June 2017 and infrastructure May 2016. $\frac{1}{4}$ of the array will be turned on for scientific operation early next spring and the construction will be finished in 2021

Sensitivity to gamma ray sources

◆ Differential sensitivity:

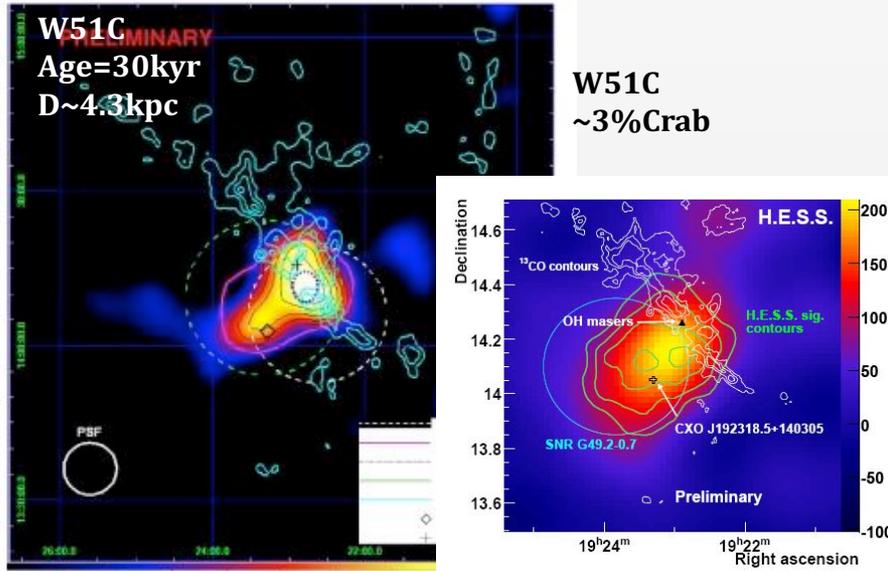
2% crab in TeV range & 1 crab at 500TeV



Central scientific target of LHAASO : Identifying Galactic Cosmic Ray Origins

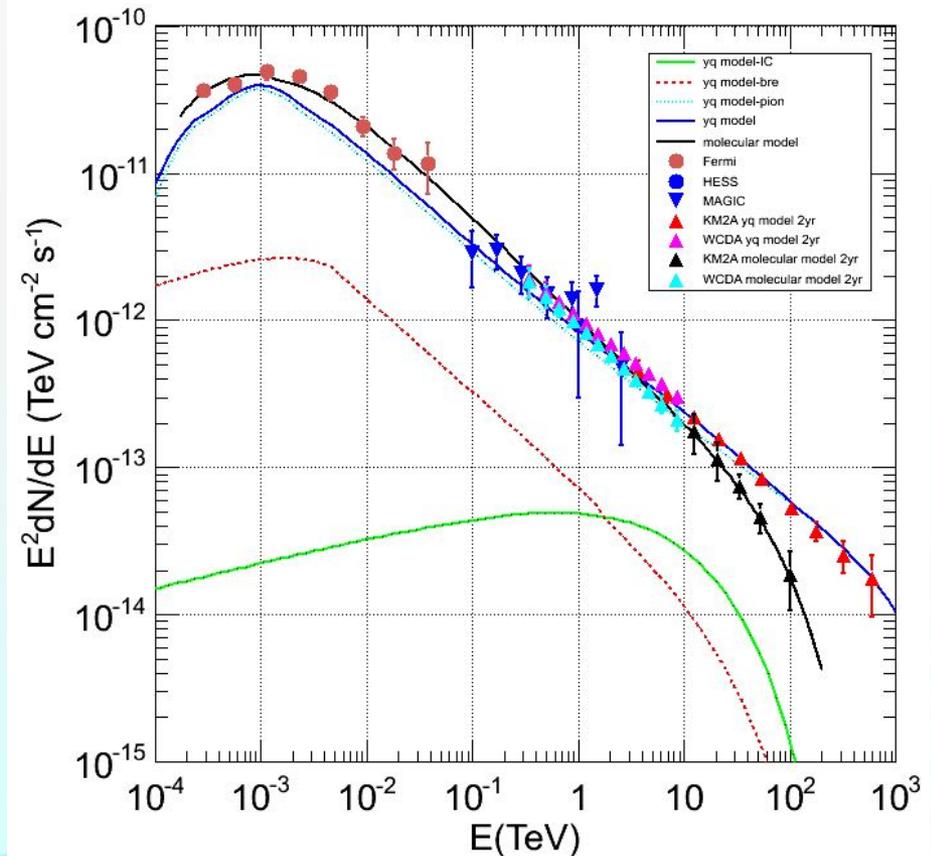
SNRs: for example W51C:

a "mixed-morphology" type of SNR, shocked atomic and molecular gases show the interaction between shock and molecular.



reference~ *APJ*, 761:133(2012) &&
Mon.Not.R.Astron.Soc., 421,935-942(2012)

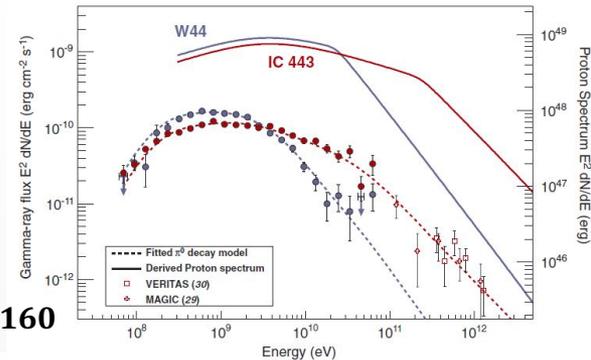
GeV&TeV~ dominated by π^0 decay



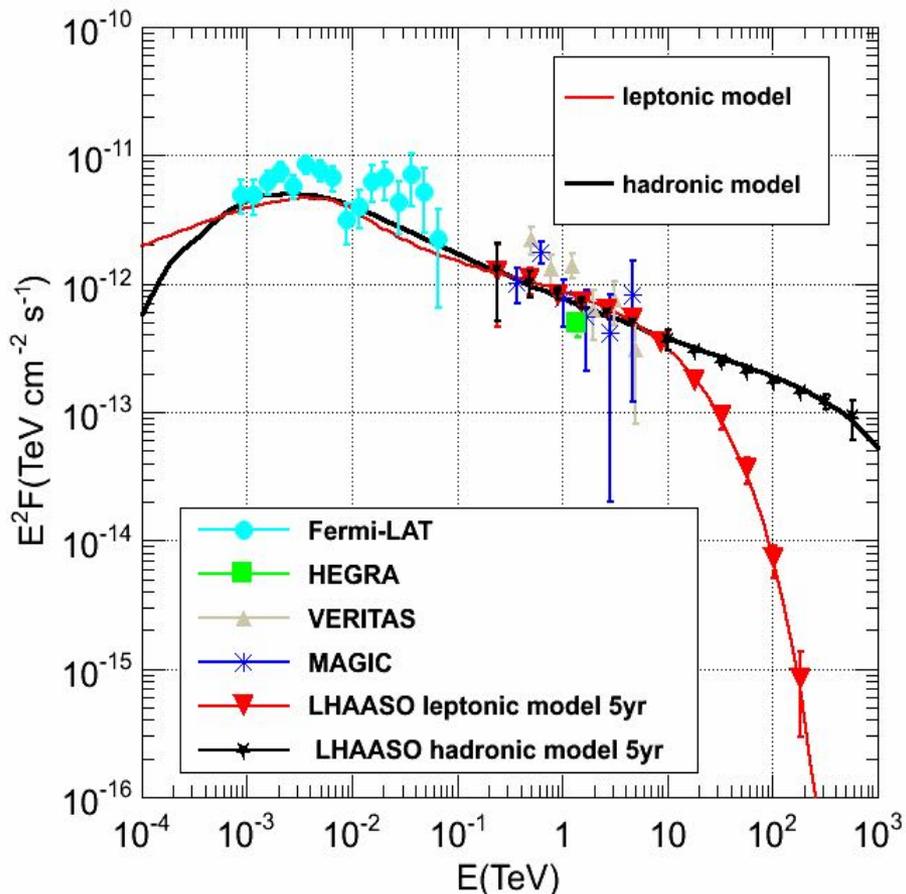
Hadronic vs. Leptonic

Characteristic signatures of π^0 decay:
at highest energy by LHAASO

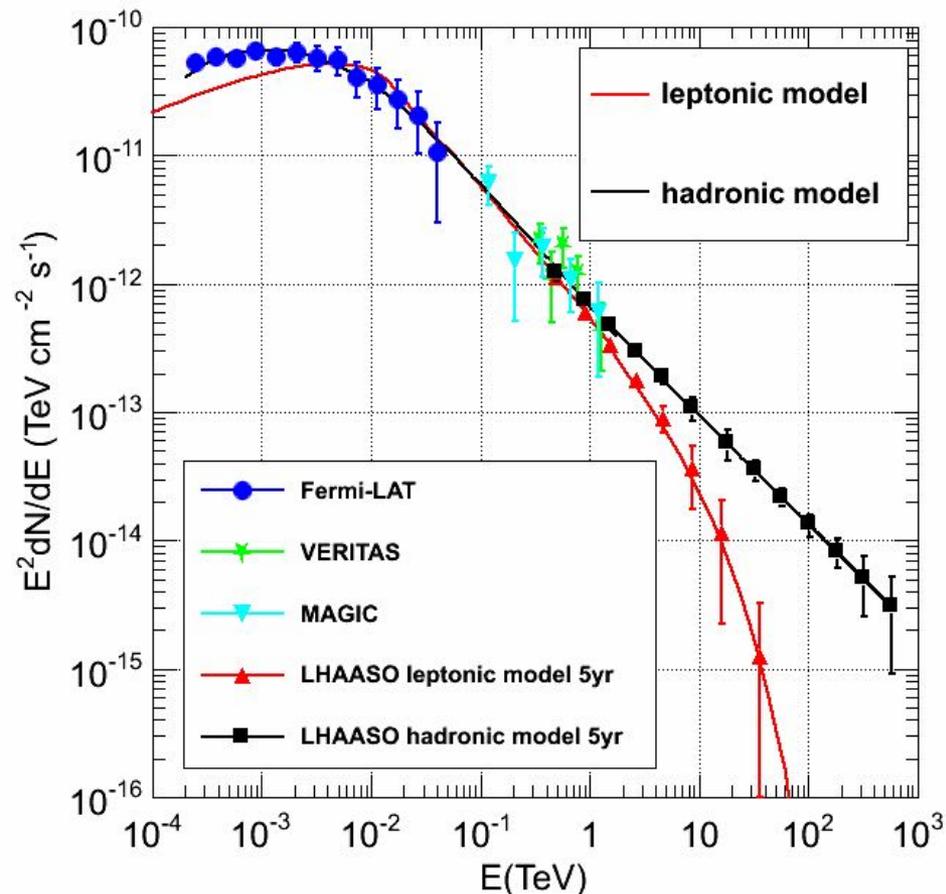
10.1126/science.1231160



Cassiopeia A Historical SNRs



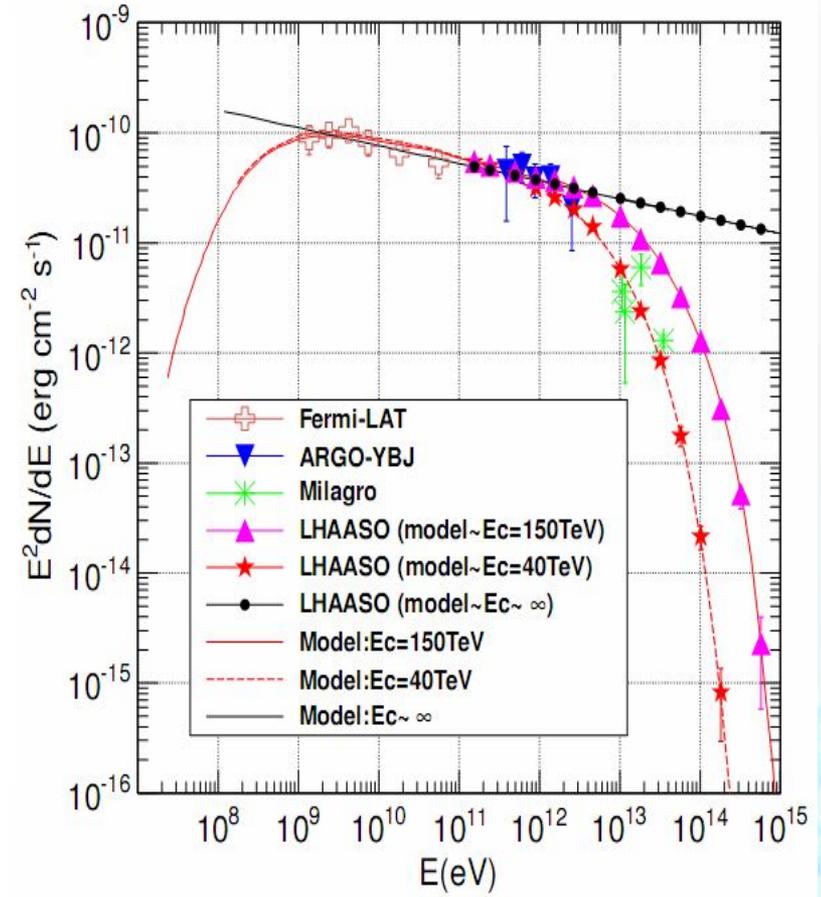
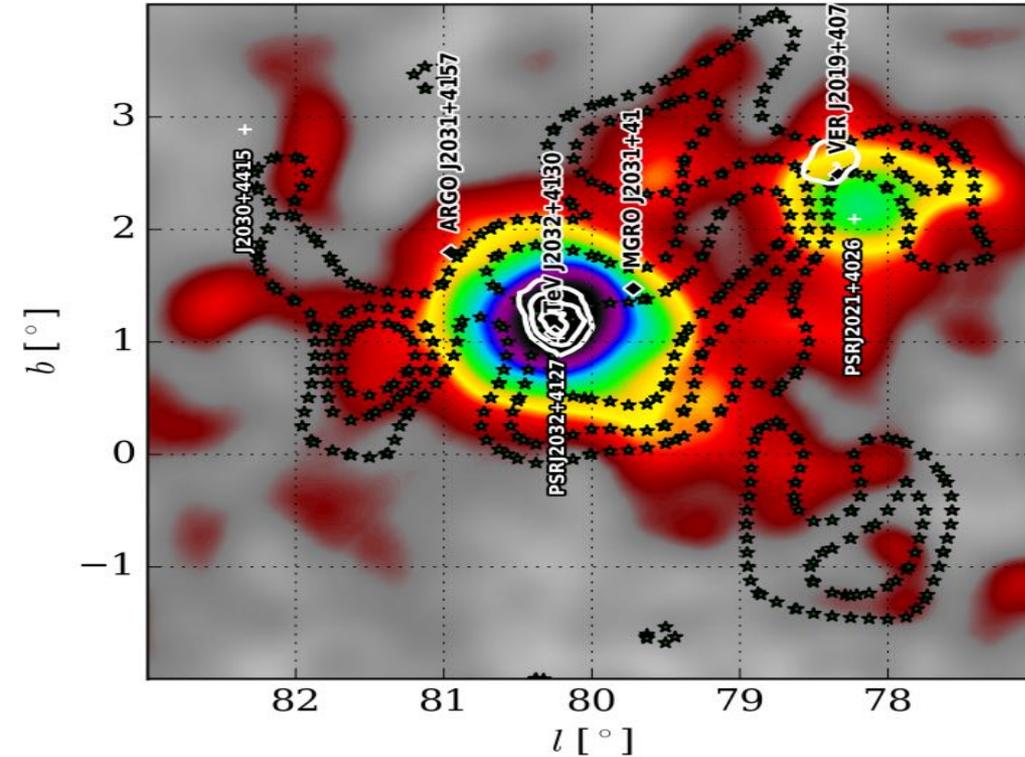
IC443 interacting with molecular clouds



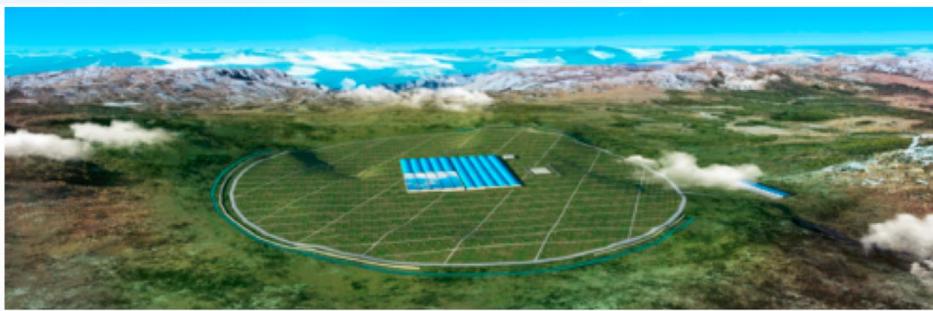
Broad Objects: Cygnus region

The 1st VHE super-bubble by ARGO-YBJ

Cygnus Cocoon

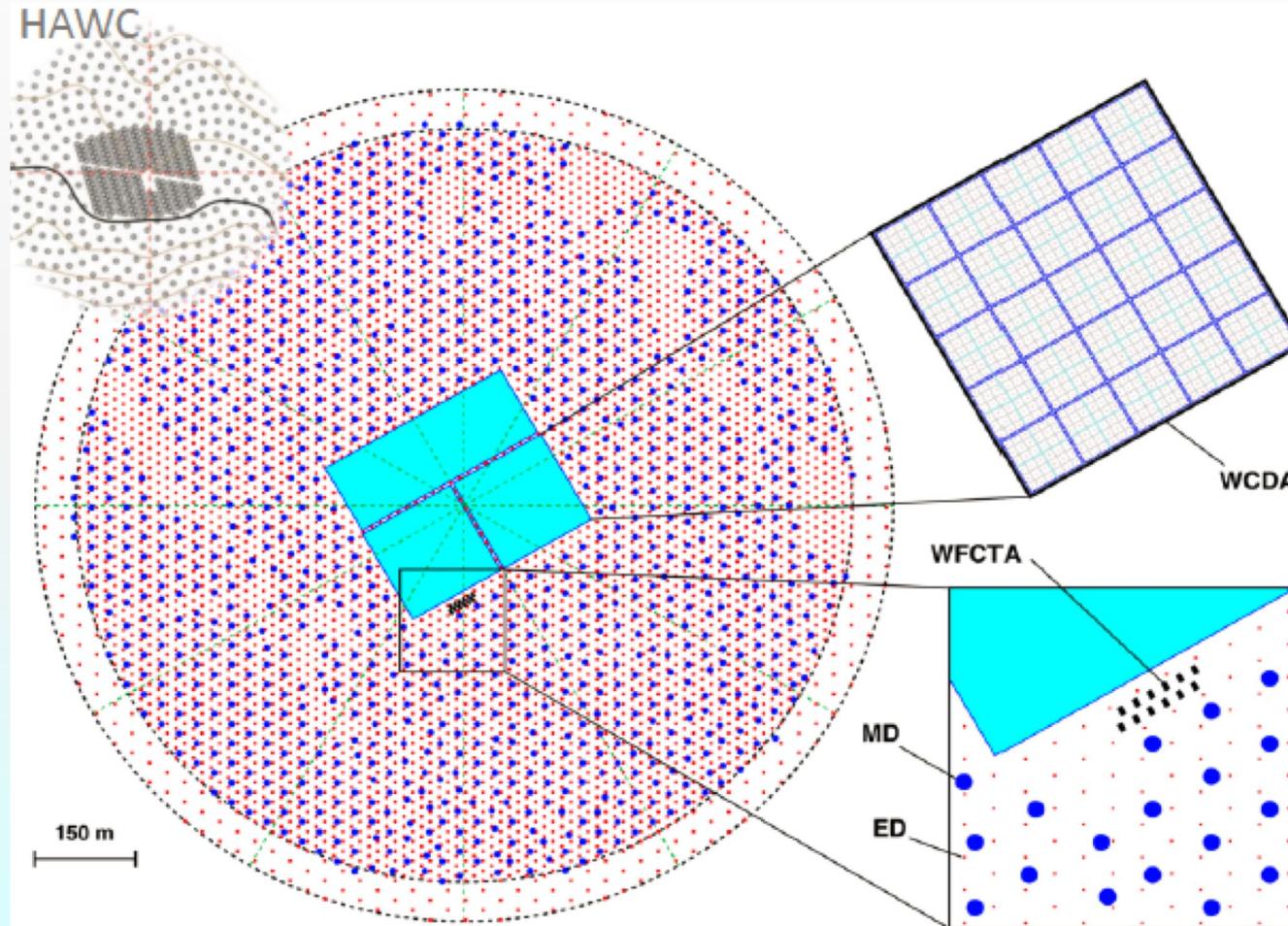


Overlapping sources? Morphological study? Multi-wavelength?



LHAASO

Sichuan, China, 4410 m asl



5195 Scintillators

- 1 m² each
- 15 m spacing

1171 Muon Detectors

- 36 m² each
- 30 m spacing

3000 Water Cherenkov Cells

- 25 m² each

12 Wide Field Cherenkov Telescopes

PMT的动态范围考虑

PMT	输出	电子学路数与 量程	光阴 极面积比
8-in PMT	阳极	1-133PE	1.00 ~18cm
	打拿极	30-4,000PE	
20-in PMT	阳极输出: 1-2000PE	1-133PE	6.53 ~46cm
	相对于8"(1-320PE)	30-2,000PE	
3-in PMT	阳极输出: 1-200 相对于8"(7-1,000PE)	(10mV-2V)	0.766 ~7cm
	打拿极输出: 1-100 (与阳极X30? 30- 3000PE) 相对于8"(210- 21,000PE)	(20mV-2V)	

- 1, 如果只用20in PMT, 动态范围只为原先的十分之一左右;
- 2, 增加3in PMT, 动态范围可以增加约5倍。