# Inputs for discussion

#### FORMALISM:

\* definition of the fragmentation regions - does large qT imply more than current fragmentation?
\* which variables shall we use to describe the momentum fractions? (see Gunar's talk)
\* matching schemes: how to estimate uncertainties associated to the matching prescription

### PERTURBATIVE ASPECTS:

\* implementation of evolution (transverse momentum, threshold resummation, zeta prescription, ...?) \* fixed-order calculations in SIDIS : is it sufficient to describe data at higher qT ? Or do we need power corrections/higher twist ?

### NONPERTURBATIVE ASPECTS:

- \* functional form at low transverse momentum
- \* its kinematic dependence
- \* its flavor dependence
- $\ast$  nonperturbative contribution to TMD evolution

### DATA :

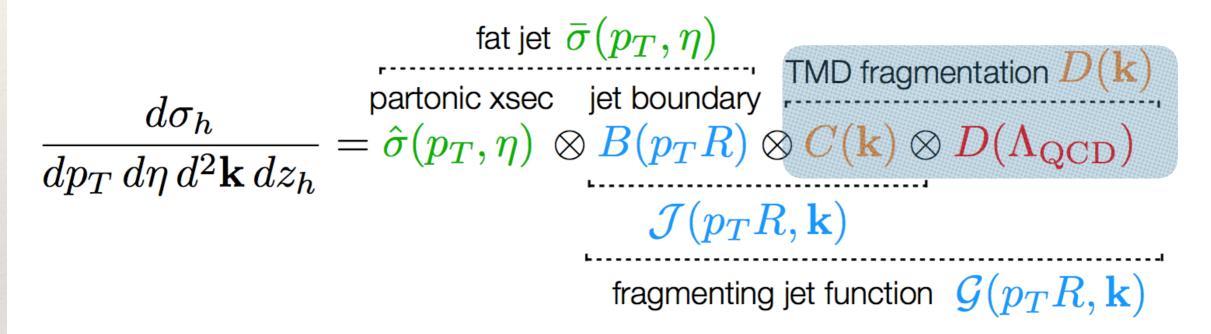
- \* impact of the new release of Compass data
- \* A Fixed Target Experiment at the LHC ?
- \* what can be done with the forthcoming  $e^+e^-$  data concerning TMD FFs (also including matching to high qT)
- \* how well does the fixed order describes data at large transverse momentum

\* ...



## Summary: scales and factorization

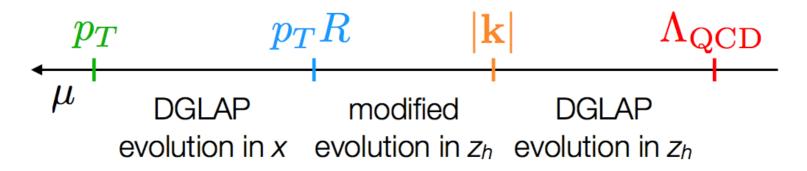
Factorization depends on relevant hierarchy:



- Fragmentation scales: transverse momentum  $|{f k}|$  and  $\Lambda_{
  m QCD}$
- Jet scales: transverse momentum  $p_T$  and radius R

## **Evolution and resummation**

Single logarithms resummed by renormalization group evolution



- $\mathcal{G}_{i \to h}(x, p_T R, \mathbf{k}, z_h, \mu)$  has standard DGLAP evolution in x
- $D_{i \to h}(z_h, \mu)$  satisfies DGLAP evolution in  $z_h$
- $D_{i \to h}(\mathbf{k}, z_h, \mu)$  has modified all-orders evolution equation:

$$\mu \frac{d}{d\mu} D_{i \to h}(\mathbf{k}, z_h, \mu) = \sum_j \int \frac{dz}{z} \,\theta\Big(z - \frac{1}{2}\Big) P_{ji}(z, \mu) D_{j \to h}\Big(\mathbf{k}, \frac{z_h}{z}, \mu\Big)$$