




**ETTORE MAJORANA FOUNDATION AND
CENTRE FOR SCIENTIFIC CULTURE**

TO PAY A PERMANENT TRIBUTE TO ARCHIMEDES AND GALILEO GALILEI, FOUNDERS OF MODERN SCIENCE
AND TO ENRICO FERMI, THE "ITALIAN NAVIGATOR", FATHER OF THE WEAK FORCES



Ettore Majorana

Communication Trends in Research Infrastructures

ERICE International School of Science Journalism

Allen Weeks

June 26, 2018

Allen Weeks

- Living in Europe since 1992
- Working with Research Infrastructures since 2005
- Background in Management
 - Pharma, technology, industry serving RIs
 - Strategy, marketing
 - Product and business development
- Specialist in Communications and Project Management
- Solid experience in science and technology management





World's most advanced
**international laser research
infrastructure**

Recognised by **ESFRI** since
2006

Funded between **ESIF, National
and Framework** funds

First **multi-site research
infrastructure** built
completely in **Central Europe.**

ELI Beamlines

Dolní Břežany, Czech Republic

December 2015

30,000 m²

€278 Million

High-Energy Beam Facility, responsible for development and application of ultra-short pulses of high-energy particles and radiation stemming from relativistic and later ultrarelativistic interaction



ELI-NP

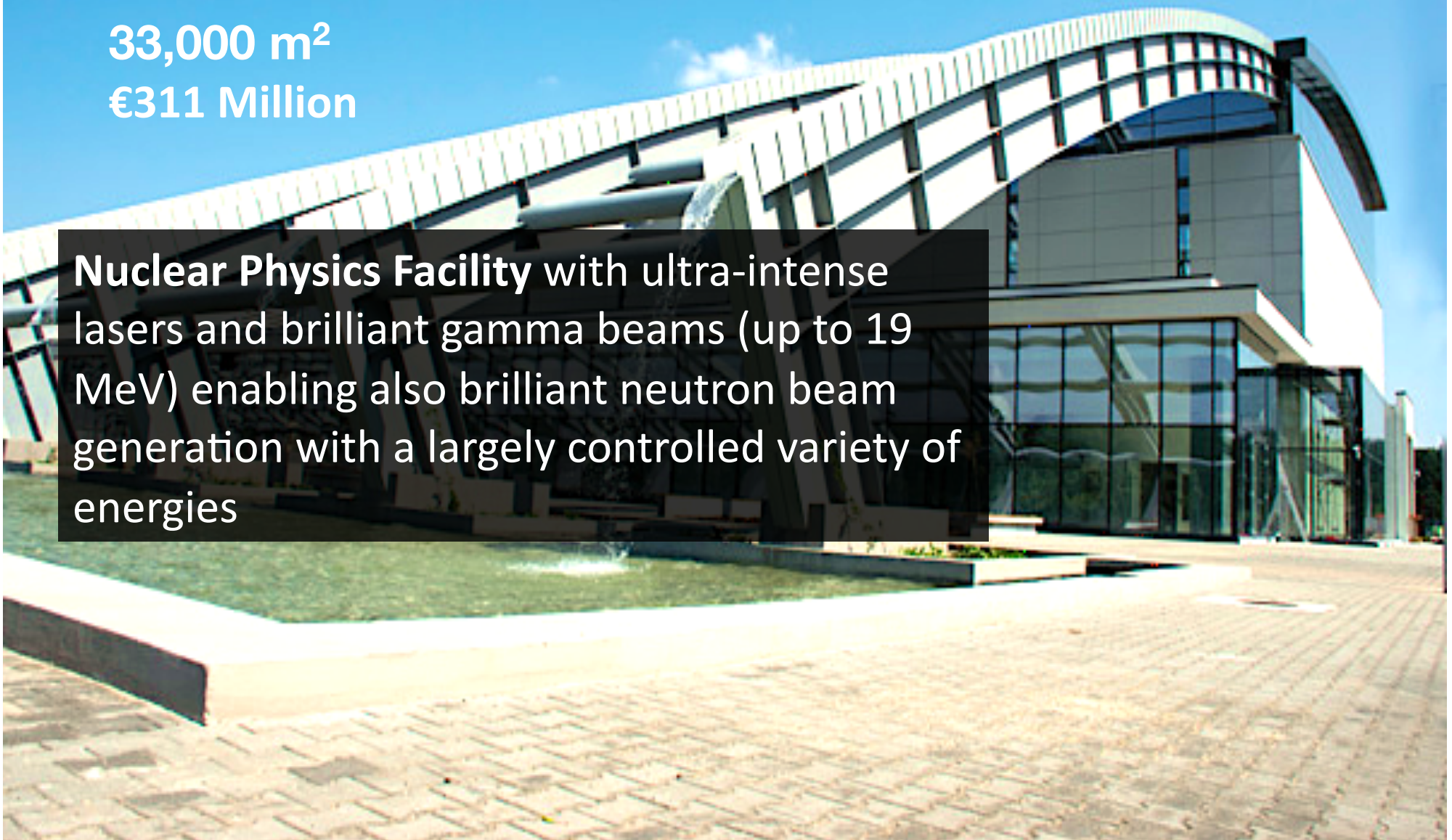
Măgurele, Romania

September 2016

33,000 m²

€311 Million

Nuclear Physics Facility with ultra-intense lasers and brilliant gamma beams (up to 19 MeV) enabling also brilliant neutron beam generation with a largely controlled variety of energies

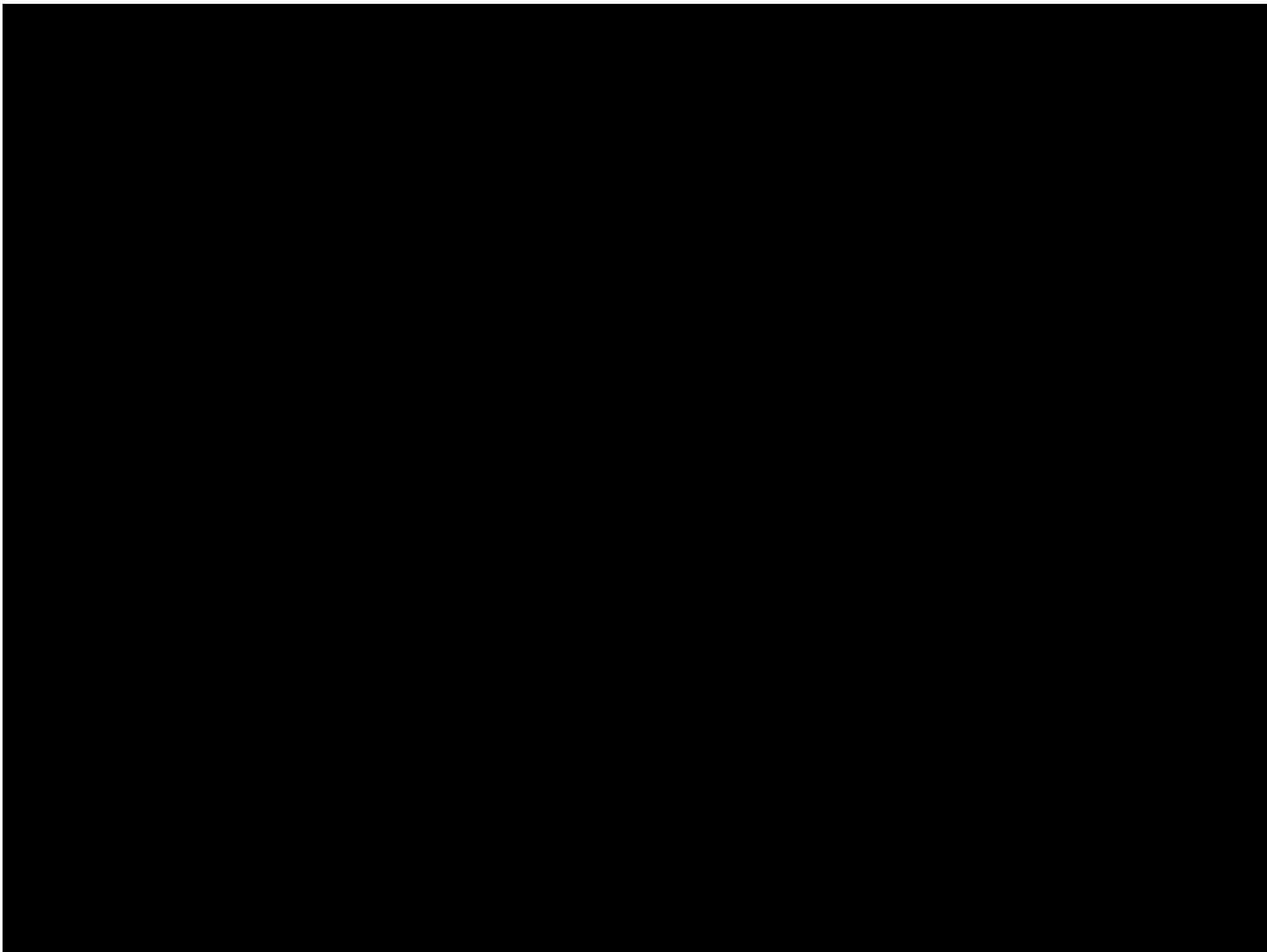




ELI-ALPS
Szeged, Hungary
May 2017

24,462 m²
€231 million

**Attosecond Laser Science, will
capitalize on new regimes of time
resolution**



Communication Challenges

The NUMBER of STAKEHOLDERS is a challenge.

Multiple stakeholders with many different interests

- Hard to be one thing to all people.

We have to let everyone find their story ... the story comes first, because it is what connects the relevance.

Main question: What is in it for me?

Proximity Affects Perspective: in Time, Space, and Mind



Stakeholders

The Environment is complex:
Stakeholders have many interests...



FACILITY



SCIENCE

Effective managers work in the areas where
interests overlap...



SOCIETY

Stakeholder Groups

FACILITY

Staff

Governance and Funding Agencies

Host Countries

Committee Members

Licensing Authorities

EU Institutions and Funds

Collaboration and Grant Partners

Commercial Suppliers

Neighbours

SCIENCE

Scientific and Academic Users

Example:

5,200 unique users and 3,500 principal investigators in Europe

Potential Users from the following science fields: life science, soft condensed matter, chemistry of materials, energy, magnetism and superconductivity, archaeology and heritage conservation, engineering materials and geosciences, and fundamental and particle physics

Multipliers: European Association, national associations of users, European and national societies and associations

SOCIETY

Direct Beneficiaries: Region, local and regional governments, municipalities, funding agencies, businesses, business associations

Indirect Beneficiaries: society as a whole benefiting from research driven innovation, industrial users, and actors in the innovation ecosystem

MEDIA

4 luglio 18

National and international news agencies, newspapers, TV and radio stations, and online news portals

Stakeholders

What:

*The **people** that care about the **impact** of the **RI's mission***

Why:

They are the people that will **pay for**, and/or enjoy the **benefits** of - or - suffer the **consequences** of the RI's mission and have an interest in seeing it achieve that **mission**.

How:

Through **direct** and **indirect** interaction with the facility, they will monitor **indicators** and react to the performance – relative to the mission. The RI Management need to **interface** with multiple stakeholders.

What are the **Political, Economic, Social, and Technological Indicators (PEST)**?

Direct

easy -- measure -- hard

Indirect

< 1 yr -- measure -- > 5yrs

Long-Term

- Publications
- Jobs
- Companies involved
- Expanded Science Community
- Return on Investment (?)

- Impact on Competitiveness
- Advanced Materials
- Regional Attractiveness
- Kids interested in science
- Community acceptance
- Return on Investment (?)

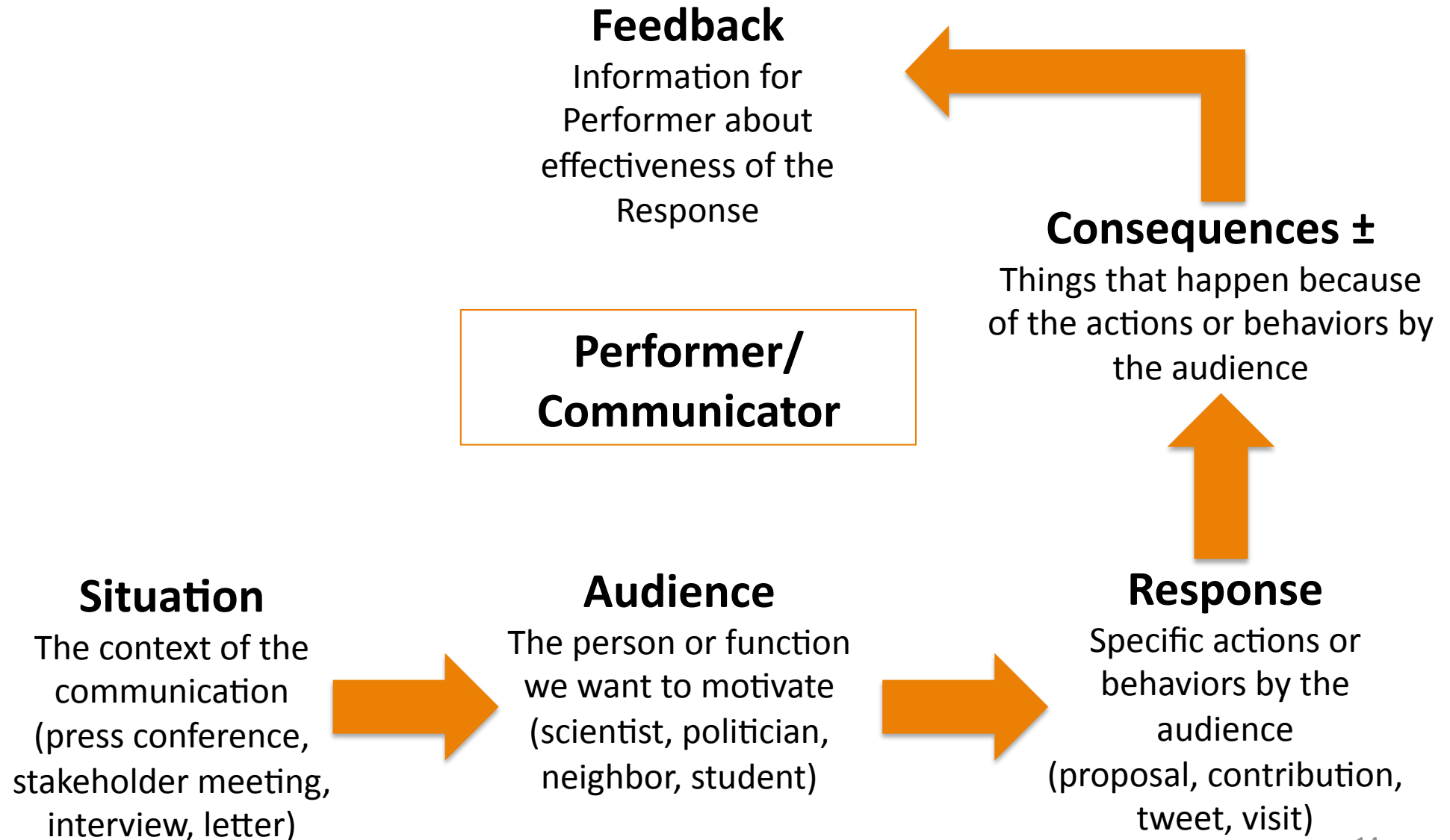
Short-Term

- *Jobs*
- *Responsible spending*
- *Earned Value*
- *Buildings built*
- *Industrial Return in contracts*

- Increased expert interest
- Community acceptance
- “Buy-in” from Users
- Sense of Progress

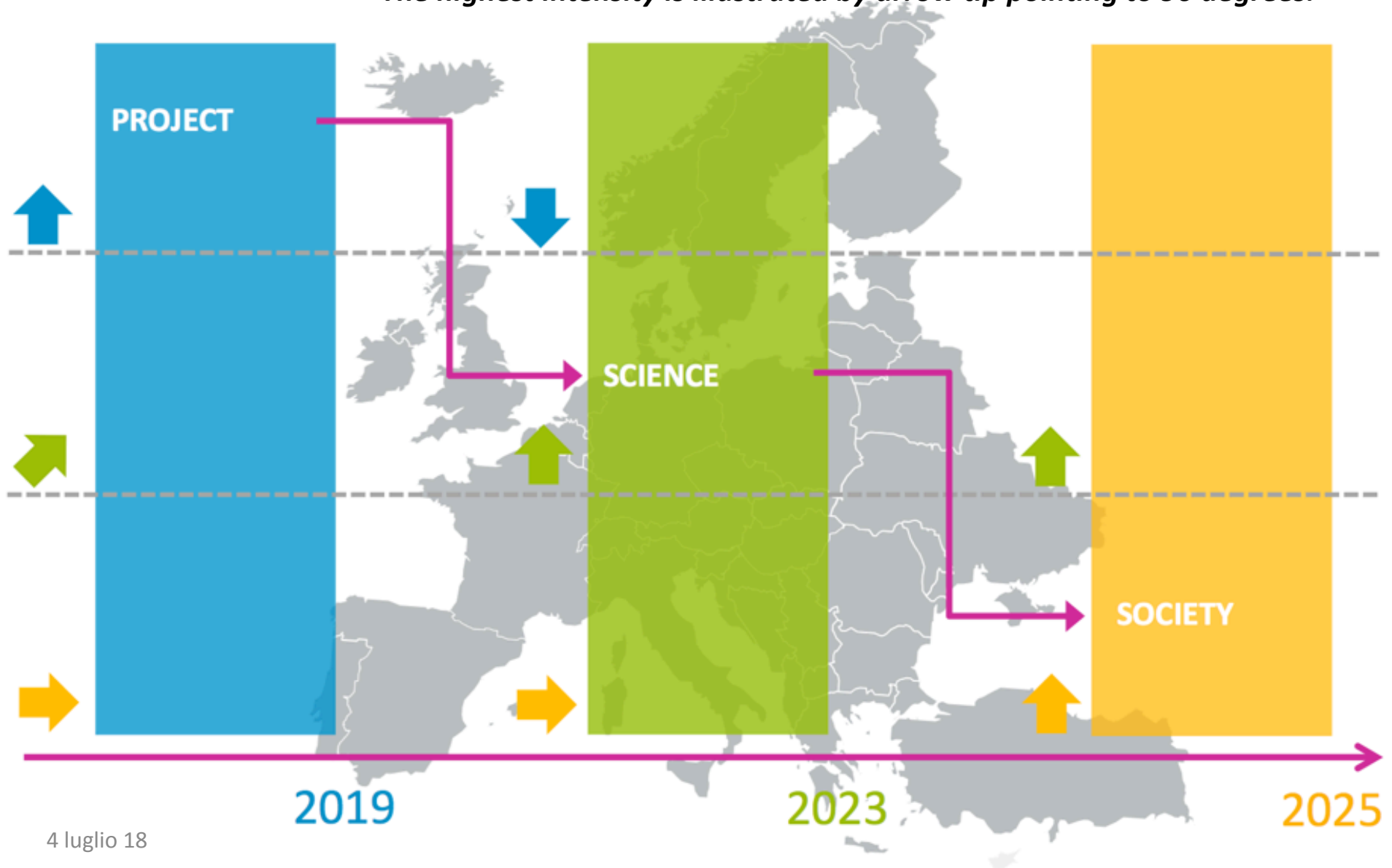
Considered ‘soft-indicators’

Performance Based Communication: a Feedback Loop



Emphasis Over Life Cycle

Block arrows indicate the intensity of communications efforts. The highest intensity is illustrated by arrow tip pointing to 90 degrees.



Sustainability

“the capacity for a research infrastructure to remain operative, effective and competitive over its expected lifetime”.

- *OECD Global Science Forum 2017*

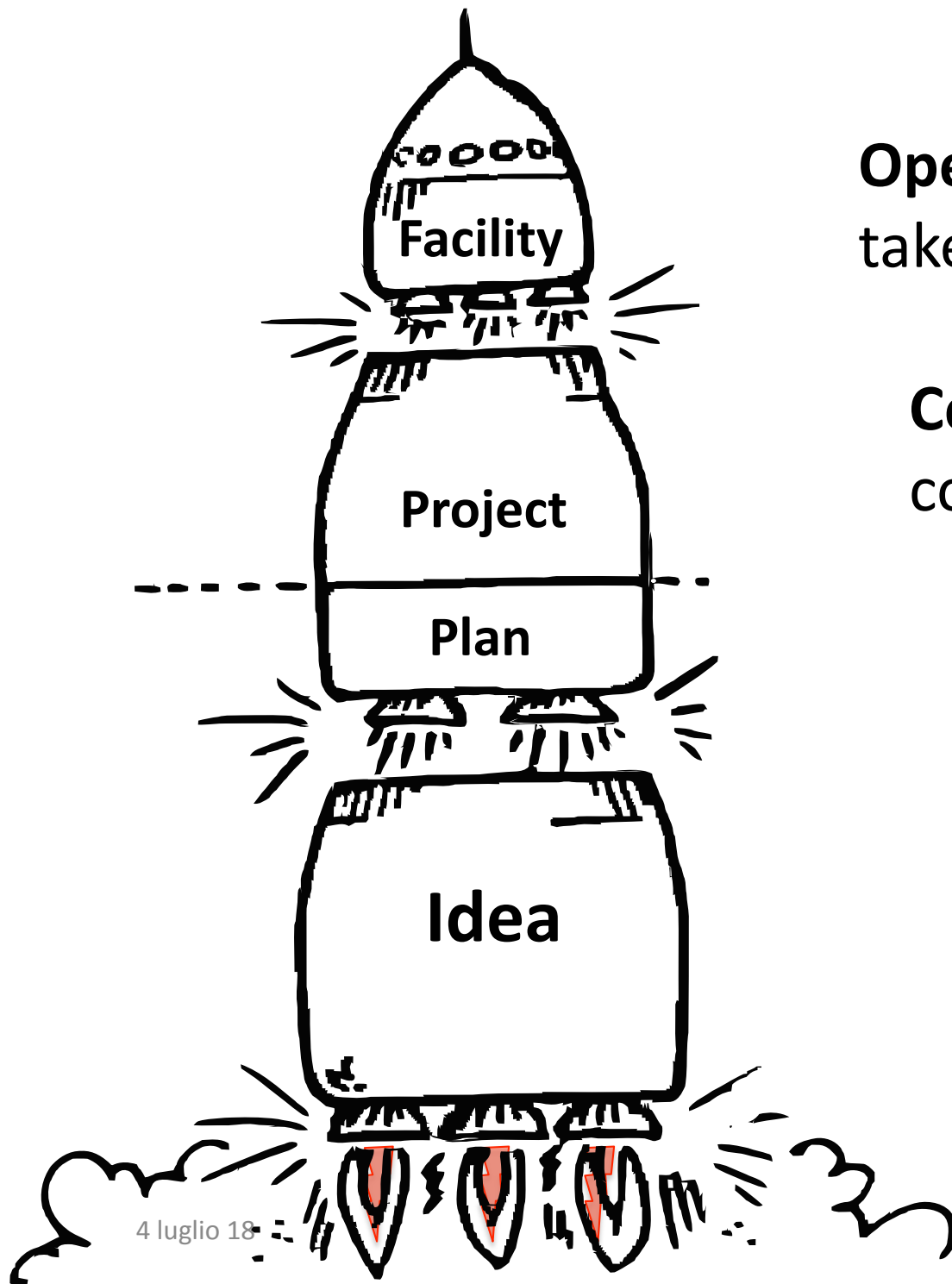
Achieving the mission over the full **life-cycle** of an RI is important because level of investment in resources must be matched – in time – to the stakeholder expectations.

Operations is when things take off ...

Construction is when commitments are made...

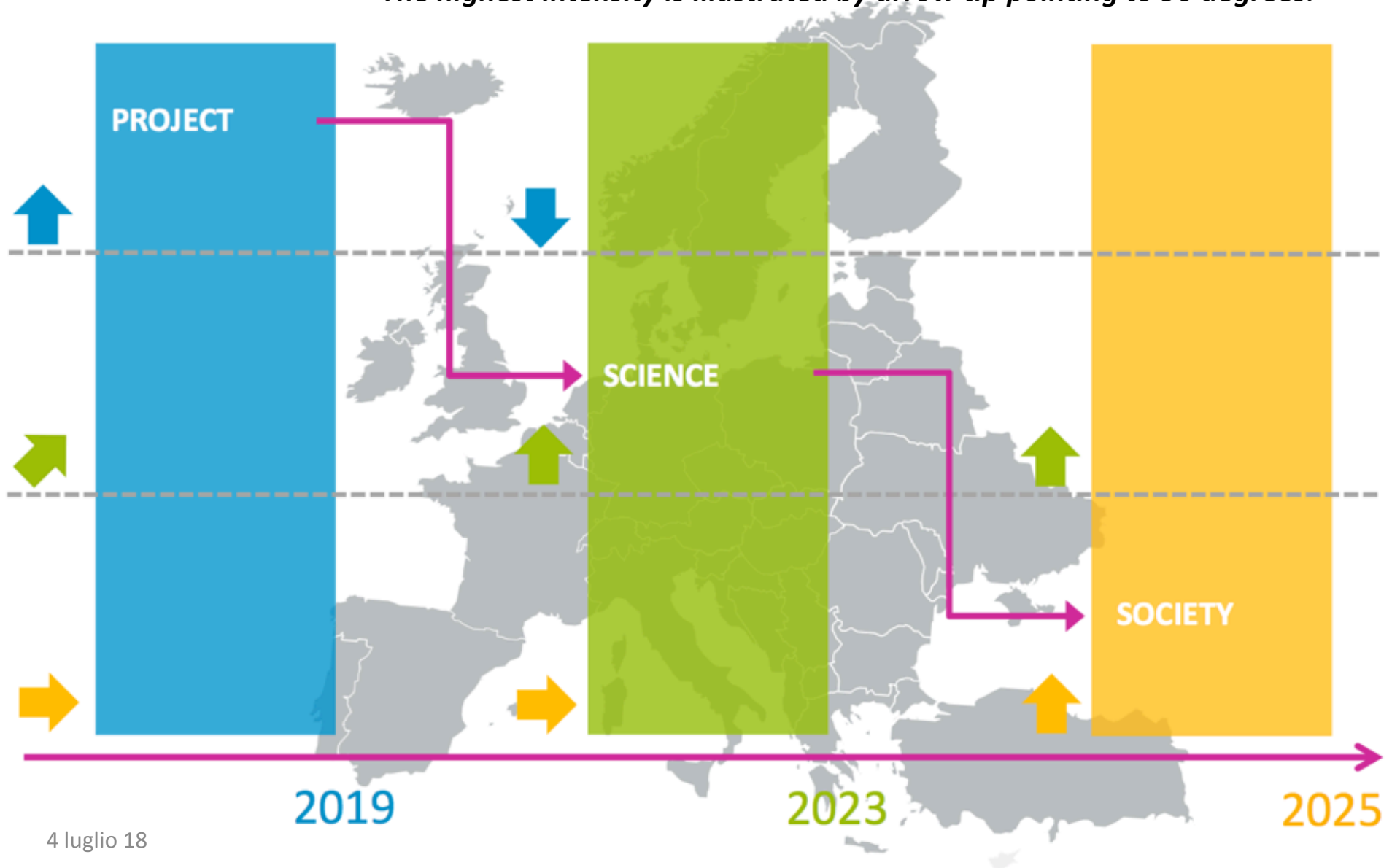
The **Design** is when things start to get real ...

First is a **Concept**



Emphasis Over Life Cycle

Block arrows indicate the intensity of communications efforts. The highest intensity is illustrated by arrow tip pointing to 90 degrees.



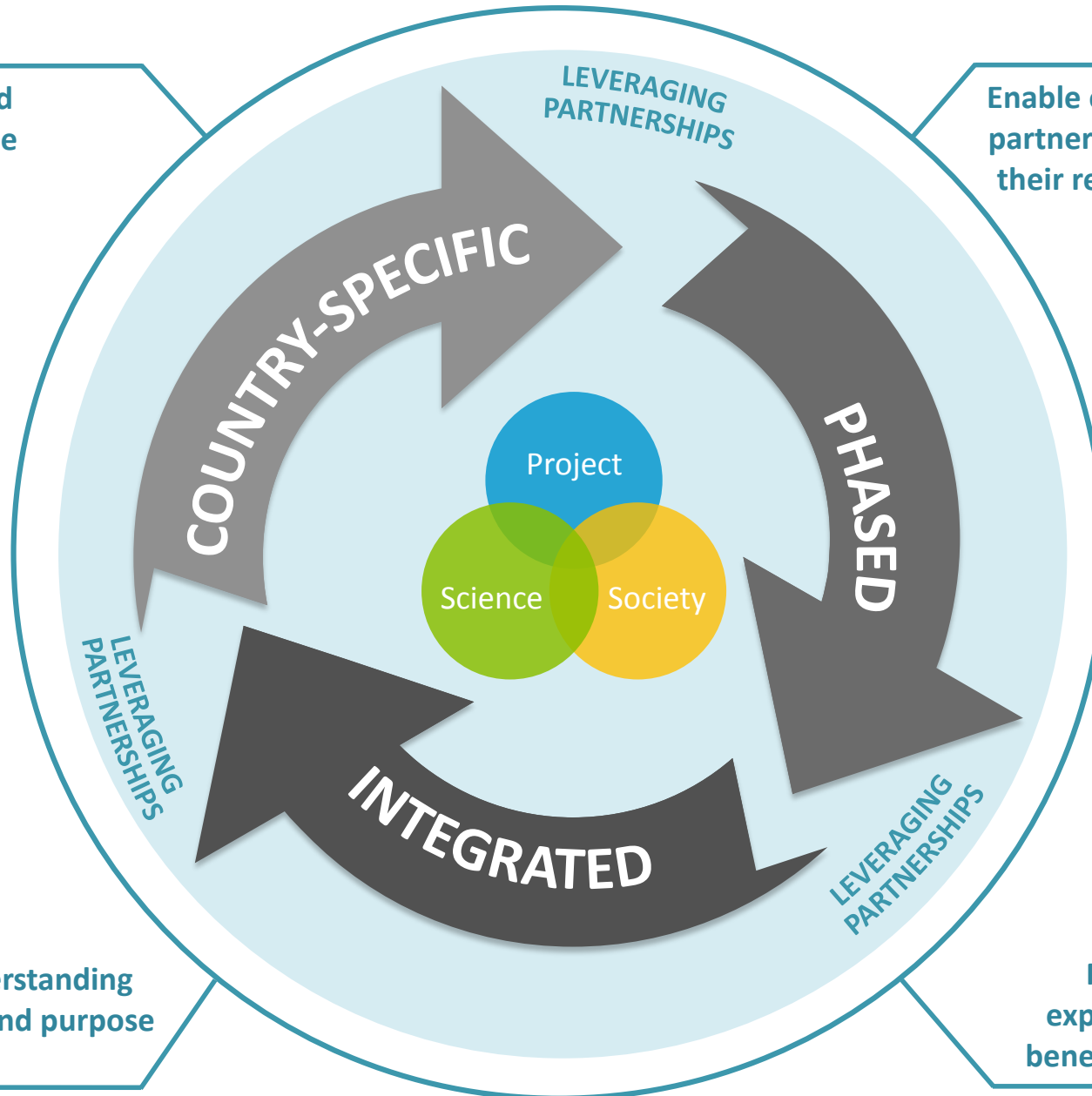
STRATEGIC APPROACH

Objective

Maximize the build and support for the ESS project

Objective

Enable opportunities for all partner countries to realise their return on investment



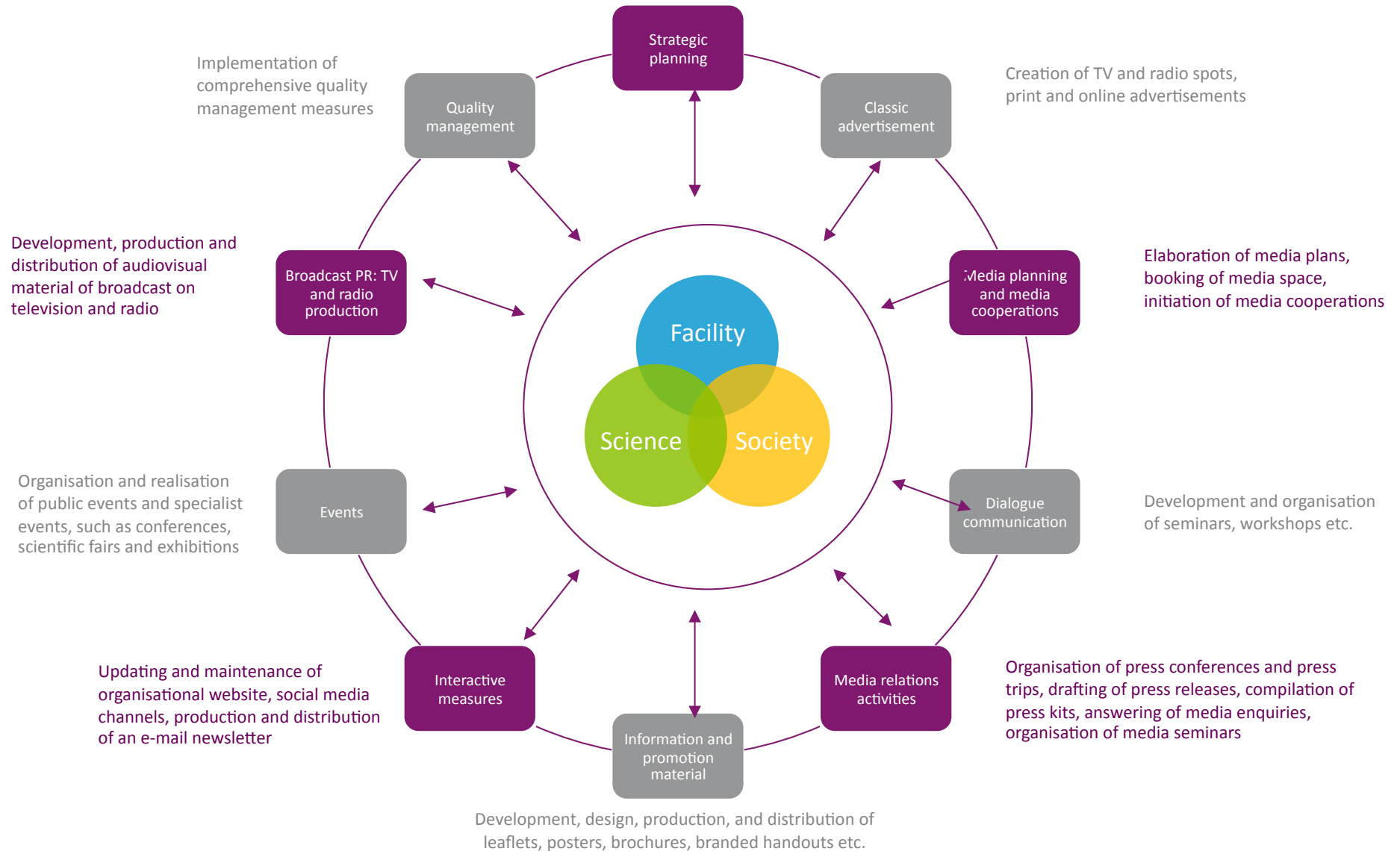
Minimise misunderstanding about the intent and purpose of the ESS facility

Objective

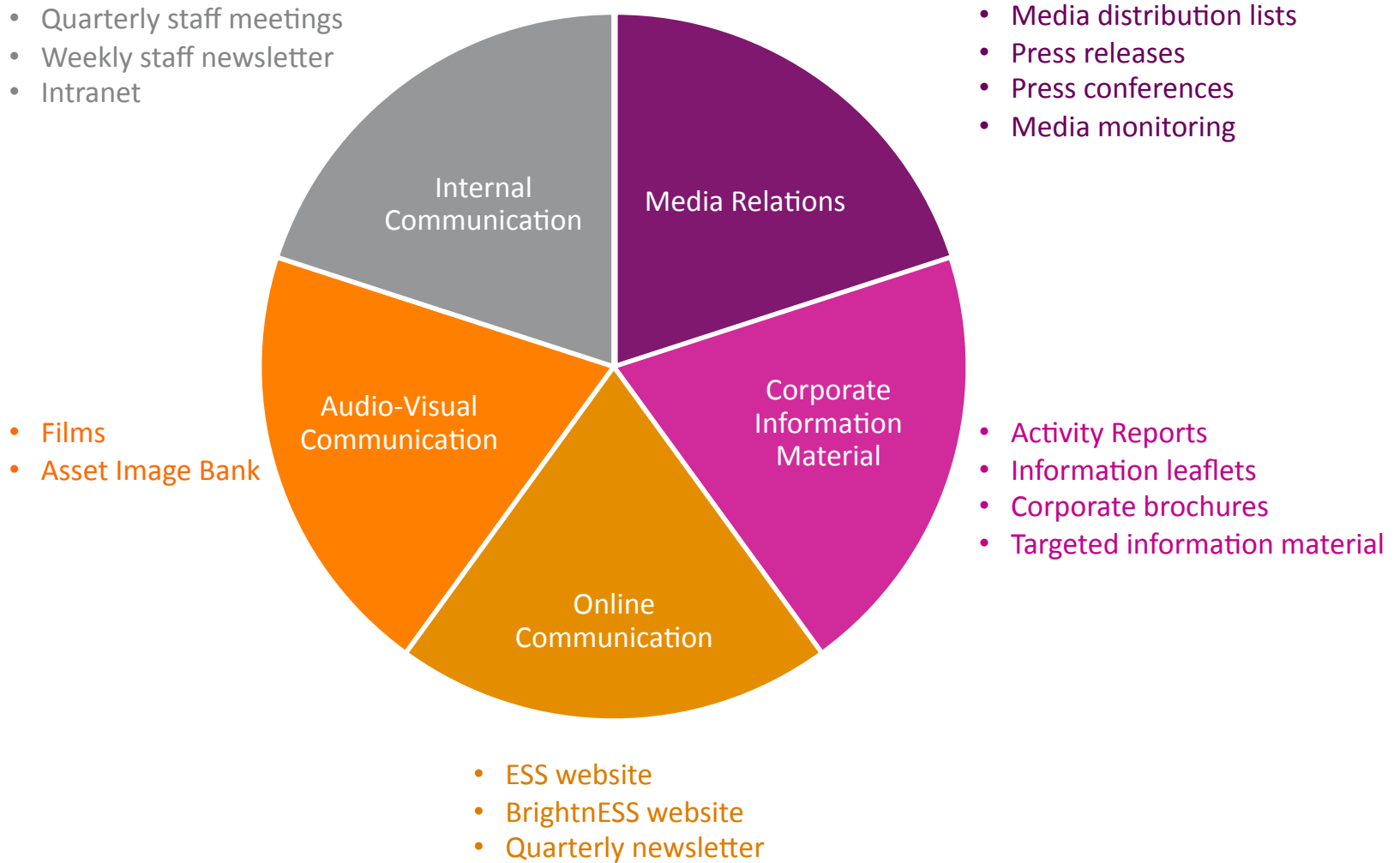
Minimise unrealistic expectations about the benefits or nature of ESS

Objective

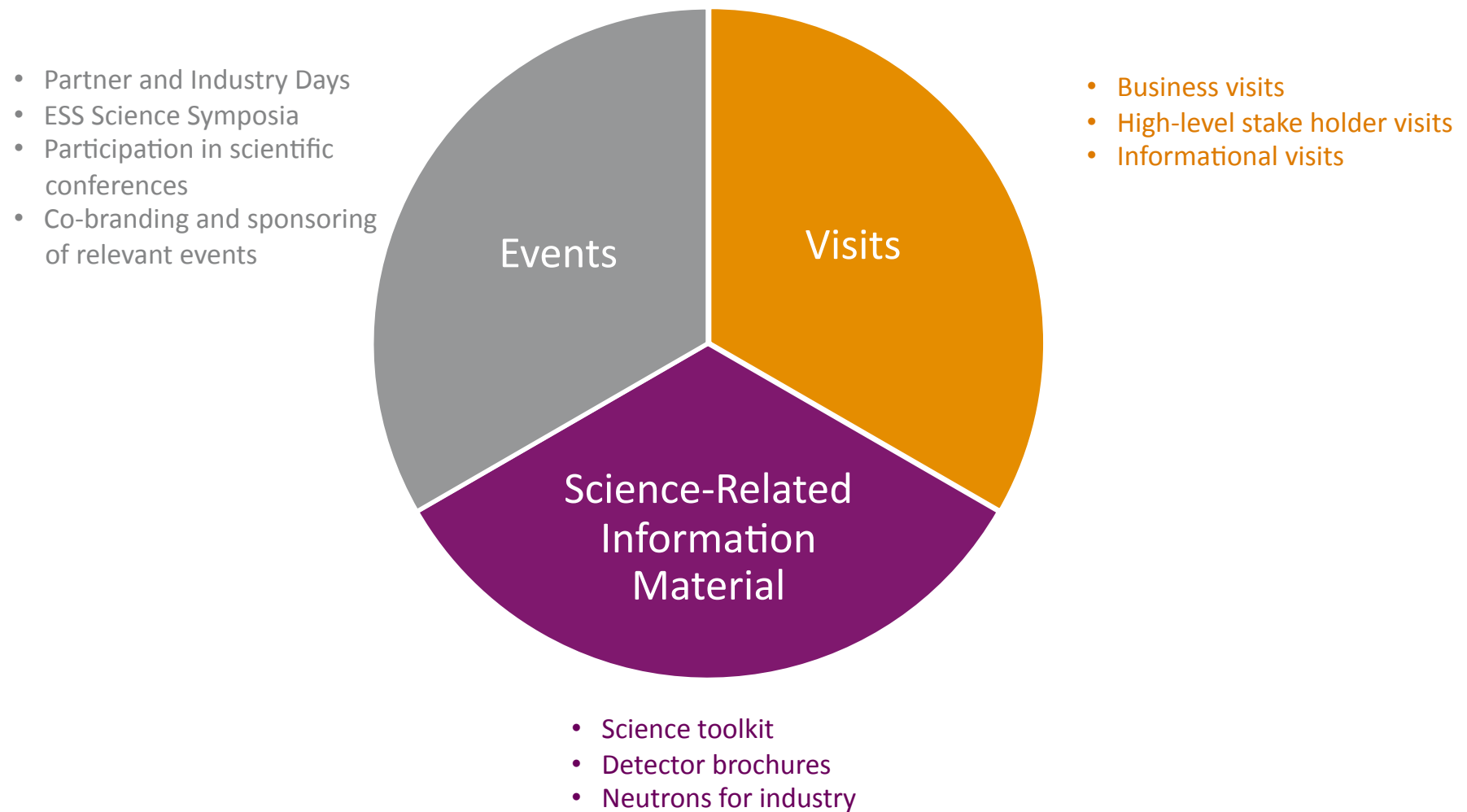
Integrated Communications



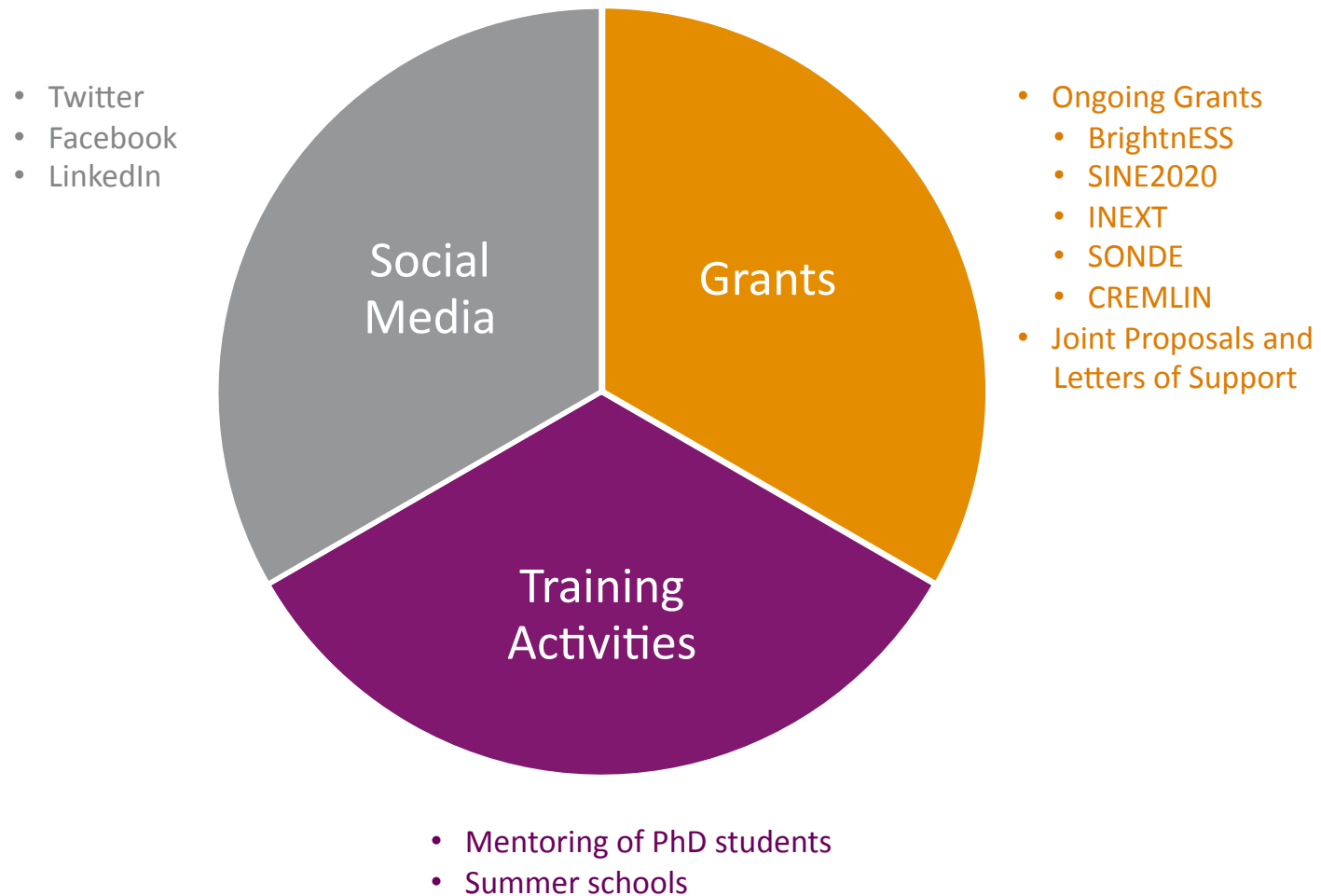
IMPLEMENTATION: COMMUNICATION ACTIVITIES



IMPLEMENTATION: OUTREACH ACTIVITIES



IMPLEMENTATION: ENGAGEMENT ACTIVITIES



Key Stakeholder Groups



PROJECT/FACILITY

Governance
IKC Partners (Labs & Industrial)
Staff & Employees
Recruitment
Other Research Facilities

SCIENCE

Neutron Scientists
Material Scientists
Next generation PhDs
Industrial Researchers
New groups of users

SOCIETY

Local/Regional
Hosts National Governments & Ministries
Partner Governments & Ministries
Regulators & Authorities
European Institutions

The European Spallation Source

€ 1.846 Billion

Host Countries Sweden and Denmark

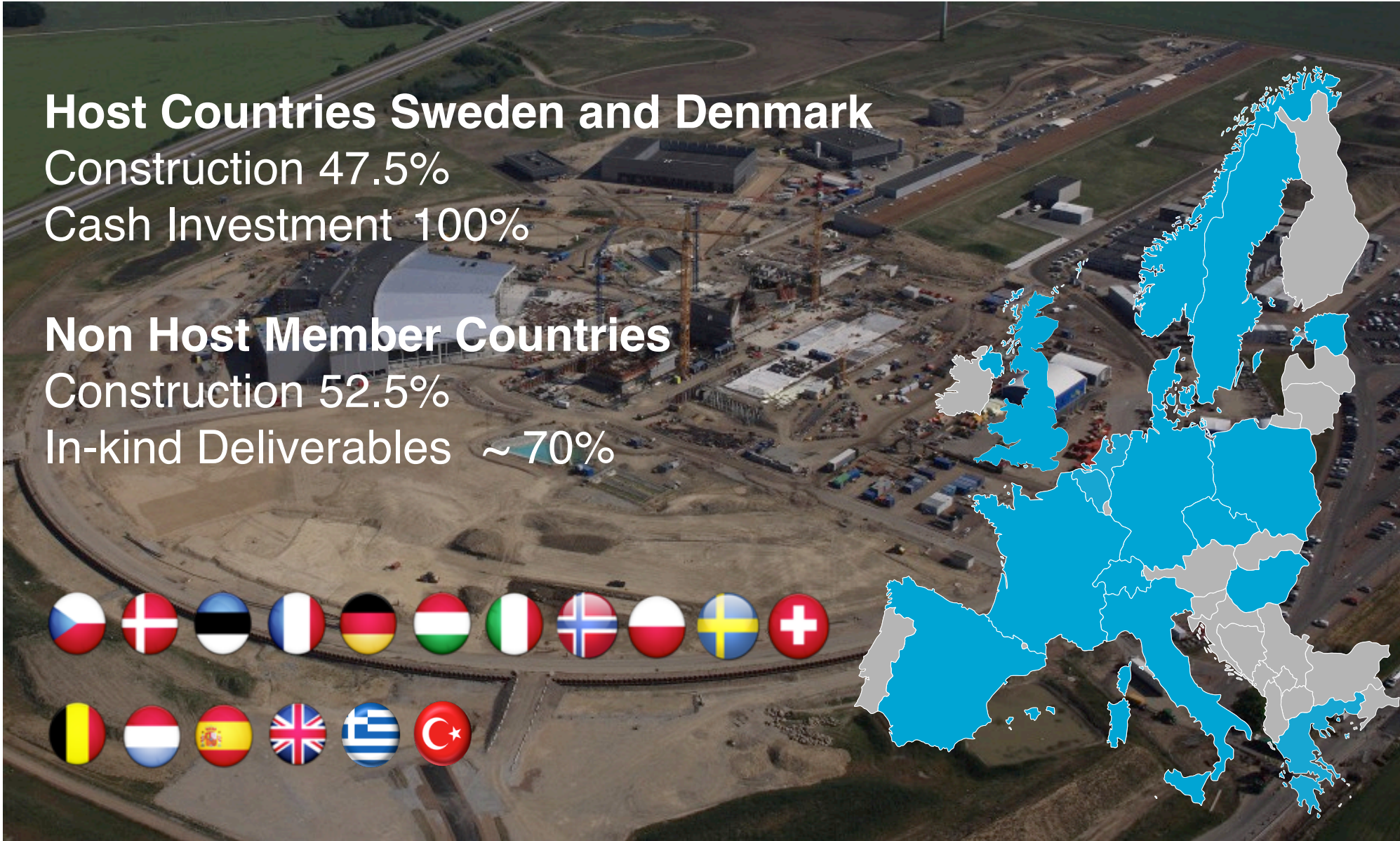
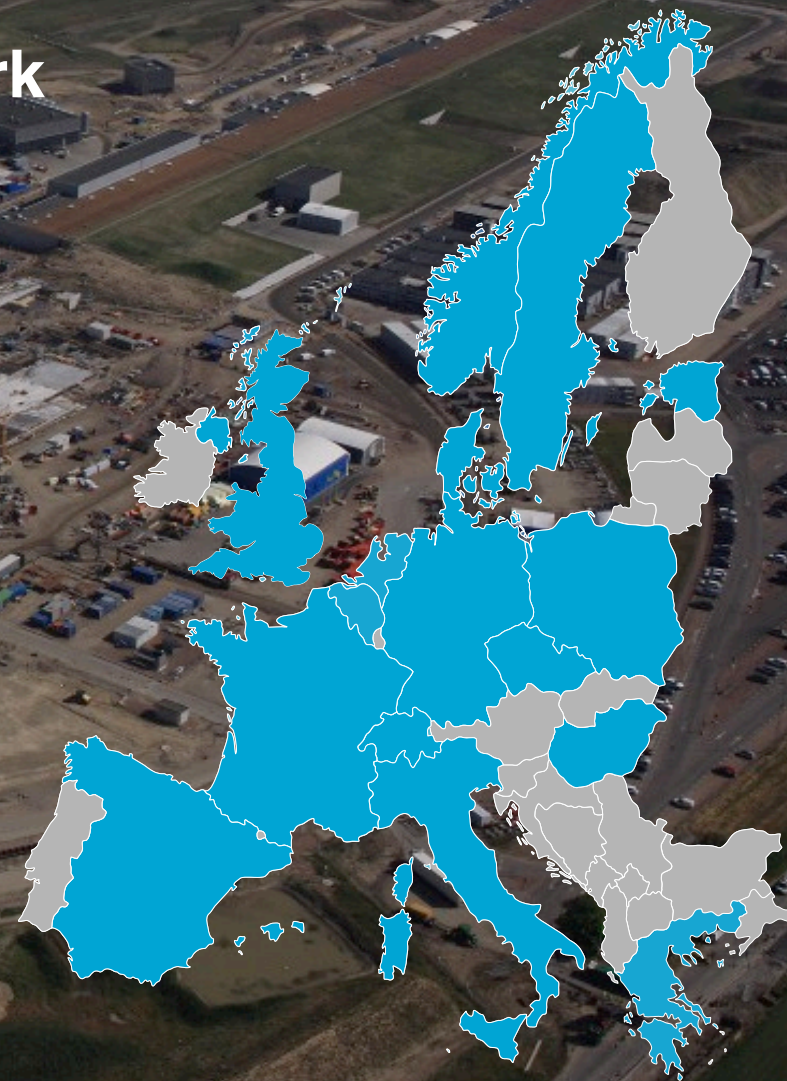
Construction 47.5%

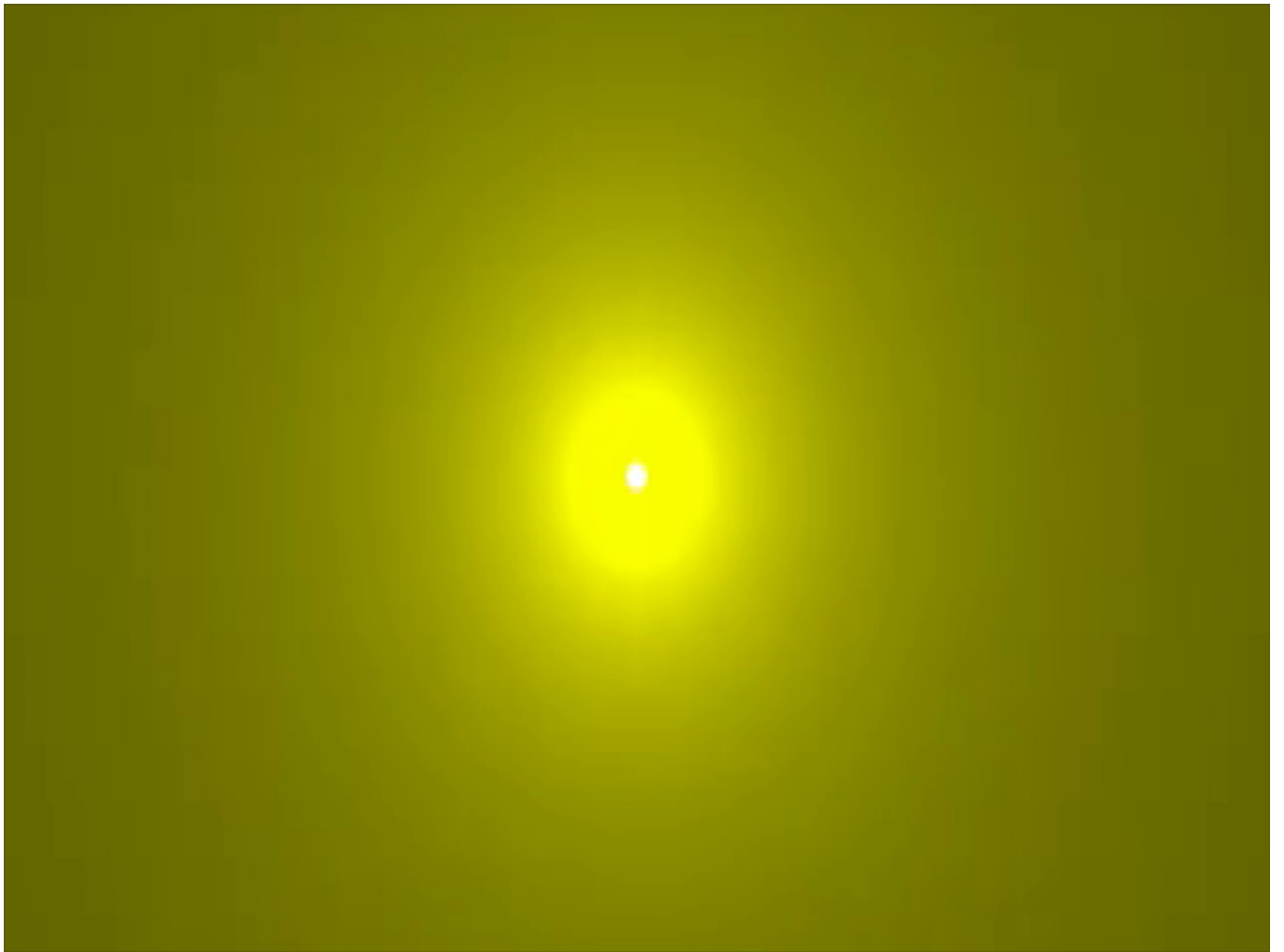
Cash Investment 100%

Non Host Member Countries

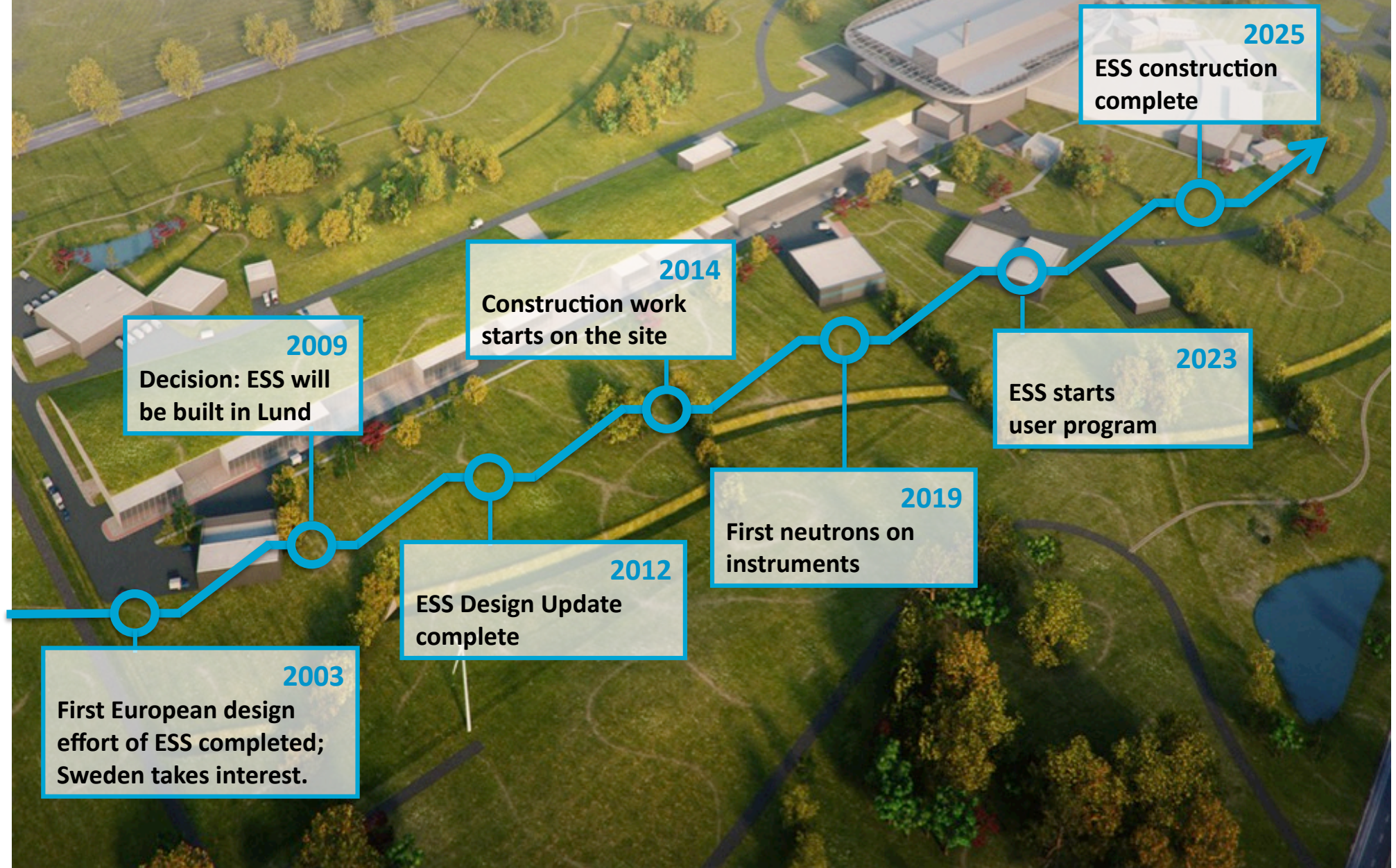
Construction 52.5%

In-kind Deliverables ~ 70%





Long term projects require long-term commitments



PROJECT

Governance

Committee Members

Funding Agencies

EU Institutions and Funds

IKC, Collaboration and Grant Partners

Industrial Suppliers

Neighbours

Staff

SCIENCE

Scientific and Academic Neutron Users:
approx. 5,200 unique users and 3,500
principal investigators in Europe

Potential Users from the following science
fields: life science, soft condensed matter,
chemistry of materials, energy, magnetism
and superconductivity, archaeology and
heritage conservation, engineering
materials and geosciences, and
fundamental and particle physics

Multipliers: European Neutron Scattering
Association (ENSA), national associations
of neutron users, European and national
physical societies and associations

SOCIETY

Direct Beneficiaries: Öresund Region,
local and regional municipalities, funding
agencies, businesses, and business
associations

Indirect Beneficiaries: society as a whole
benefiting from research driven
innovation, industrial users, and actors in
the innovation ecosystem of ESS

MEDIA

National and international news agencies, newspapers, TV and radio stations, and online news portals

- ESS project is too big to fail: Approx. 96.5% of construction funding committed, almost 25% of construction works complete
- Strong and committed base of IKC Partners
- High reputation in Europe: ESFRI priority, 2016 ESFRI Roadmap landmark, GSO member etc.

STRENGTHS

- Interdependence between Governance Committees, IKC Partners and Grant Partners
- Good working relations with Partner Institutes experienced in communicating science for impact
- Decision on instrument scope and timeline by 2016 will allow for targeted promotion of the launch of user programme in 2023
- Potential IKC success stories related to Estonia, Ion Source, Detectors etc. in the pipeline
- More than 2,000 visitors witnessed progress of civil works on site in the first half of 2016

OPPORTUNITIES

PROJECT

- Fragile political situation in some Partner Countries
- Weak representation of ESS in national governments of Host Countries
- Dependence on IKC Partners
- Delay leading to cost overrun and/or scope reduction
- Transition to new leadership implying extra time to understand key issues

COMMUNITY

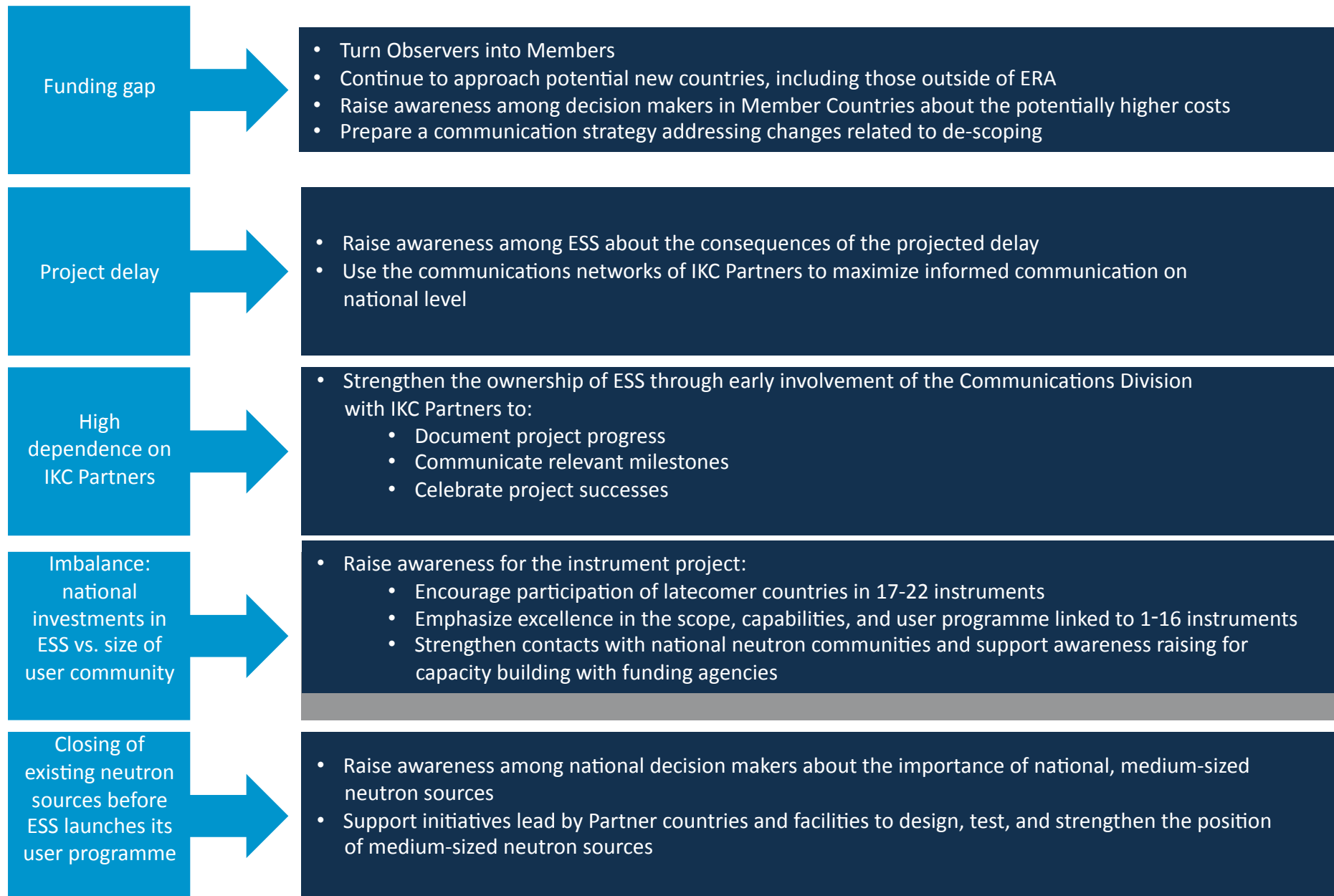
- Neutron user community is small when related to investments and operations per country, and compared to users of other research methods
- High investment costs for the facility contrast with limited national research budgets
- Closure of ILL will lead to significant drop in neutron instrument availability
- ESS is not yet anchored in the Swedish academia
- Awareness of ESS in national neutron user communities is limited

WEAKNESSES

- Projected delay has not been clearly communicated internally
- Growing need for scope reduction
- Possible performance problems stemming from wrong specifications, wrong products etc.
- Imbalanced country representation in ESS procurements, currently dominated by Host Countries
- Lack of agreement on the operations cost models and contributions

THREATS

CHALLENGES & SOLUTIONS



Status



<p>PROJECT</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • One of the largest science infrastructure projects being built in Europe today • Partnership of 12 Founding Member and 3 Founding Observer Countries • Landmark on ESFRI Roadmap 2016 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Commitments made by countries cover only 96.5% of construction costs. When informal commitments by ES, CZ and LT are deducted, the cost coverage drops to 89.3% • VAT is considered among the most significant non-technical risks to timely construction of the facility • Report from 2016 Annual Review envisages 7-12 months projected delay. Every year of delay is expected to cost approx. 80M euro or more than 4% per annum • ESS will run out of cash by the end of 2016 and no loan has been approved yet • The Swedish government has appointed a dedicated officer to monitor the construction progress and signal any potential cost overruns
<p>SCIENCE</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Europe has led the field of scientific studies using neutrons for approx. 40 years • ESS will deliver a neutron peak brightness of at least 30 times greater than the current state-of-the-art 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Many reactor-based neutron sources in Europe will be dismissed in the next years • Neutron user community in Europe is approx. 5-times smaller than the user community of synchrotron and FEL light sources • Report from the latest Annual Review points out there are serious doubts that the budget plan for 16 instruments is feasible within the 350M euro. Thus NNS should descope instruments to fit within its budget • The lack of a detailed bunker design and schedule is now causing issues for the target and will soon be an issue for partners who are delivering instruments
<p>SOCIETY</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nearly 45% of research carried out at neutron sources in Europe aims to address major societal challenges • ESS, like other neutron sources, will help to drive innovation and deploy science for the benefit of the society • In-kind contributions serve as means to secure return on investment for Member Countries 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Sweden disproportionately outbalances other supplier countries in terms of total expenditures in awarded procurements. 83% of all invoiced amounts in 2015 and 88% of all invoiced amounts in 2016 (Jan-Sep) came from Sweden

<u>People</u> Product	Project/Facility Stakeholders	Science Stakeholders	Society Stakeholders
Life Cycle: Campaigning 2010-2014	'What' will it be and do? <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 'What' is the scope? • 'What' is the cost' • 'What' is the timeframe? 'Who' will pay? 'What' are the risks?	'Why' ESS? from scientific perspective, relative to other potential projects. 'What' is the Scientific vision? 'What' capabilities will it offer? 'Who' will benefit?	'Why' ESS? From a socio-economic perspective? 'What' will it bring from a community perspective? 'What' are the tradeoffs? 'What' are the risks?
Life Cycle: Constructing 2014-2020	'How' will we build ESS? 'Who' will build ESS? 'What' are the risks? 'Who' is paying? 'How' are we doing? 'What' is not included from scope?	'Who' is involved? Deciding? 'What' instruments? 'Who' will be future users? 'What' is not included? 'When' can we start? 'How' are we doing? (scope & time)	'What' are the risks? 'How' are they doing? (cost & time) 'What' are socio-economic impacts now? Future? 'Who' is involved? 'What' is the industry impact? 'What' are the risks?
Life Cycle: Operating 2020-2065	'Who' is paying? 'What' remains to be done? 'Who' are the users? 'How' do we manage the users? 'Why' didn't we include 'x'? 'How' to manage the facility?	'What' Science can we do? 'Who' gets to use ESS? Decides? 'What's' next? 'Why' didn't we include 'x'? 'What' are the results? 'What' happens to the data?	'What' are socio-economic impacts now? Past? Future? 'What' are the results? 'Who' is involved? Deciding? 'How' are they doing? (cost & time) 'What' are the risks?

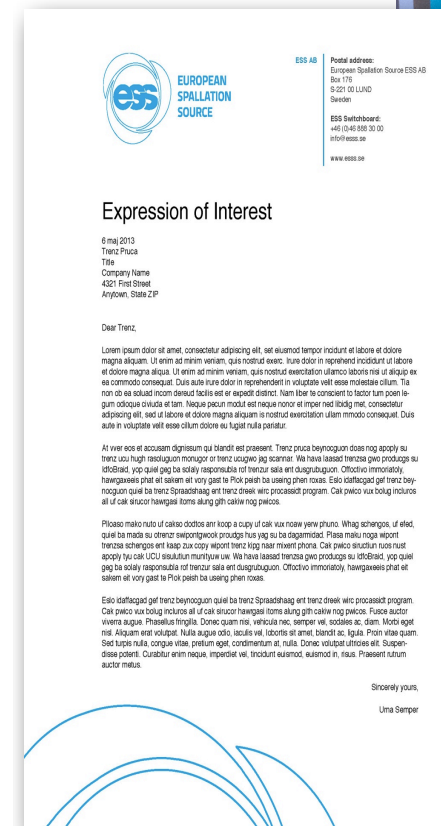
Construction Project Phase Objectives:

Establish a collaboration basis

Coordinate the collaboration

Maintain a basis for resource support

- Science community events
- Expressions of Interest
- Direct contact with 'potential' partners
- Partner Days
- Creating a 'European' platform



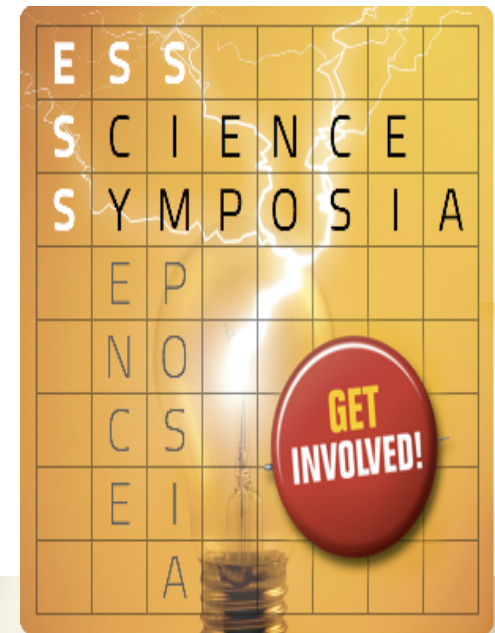
Scientific Communication

(Led by Science Directorate together with Comm & External Relations)

- IKON Meetings 4, 5, 6 (150 people each)
- Science & Scientists (200 people)
- ICNS Booth (800 people at ICNS)
- Science Symposia (15 meetings)
- IPAC 13 Shanghai (1300 people at IPAC)

Special:

- In-kind Workshop Malmö in February
- Internal Year of Crystallography
- Targeted Newsletter



Digital Media

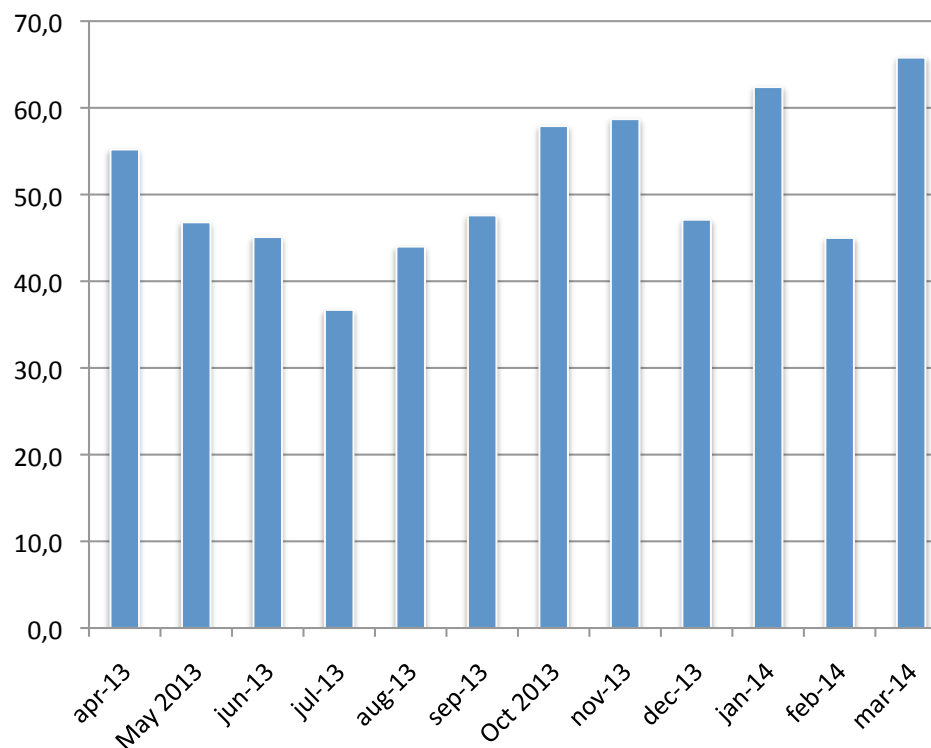


Internet

- Consolidating the site with emphasis on media
- Shifting to time-actual news
- Hiring a dedicated Web Editor

Average: 51,000 hits/mth

Estimated Visitors: 8,500



Partner and Industry

GET IN VOLVED

Do You want to be a part of
building the
European Spallation Source?

Express your Interest in
the In-Kind Contribution now.

More information on
europeanspallationsource.se/eoi.



Press & Media: Themes & Issues

- Funding
- Licensing
- Ground-break
- Staffing

Construction Goals:

Establish ESS across Europe

Continue to build the ESS 'Collaboration'



ESS
bilbao

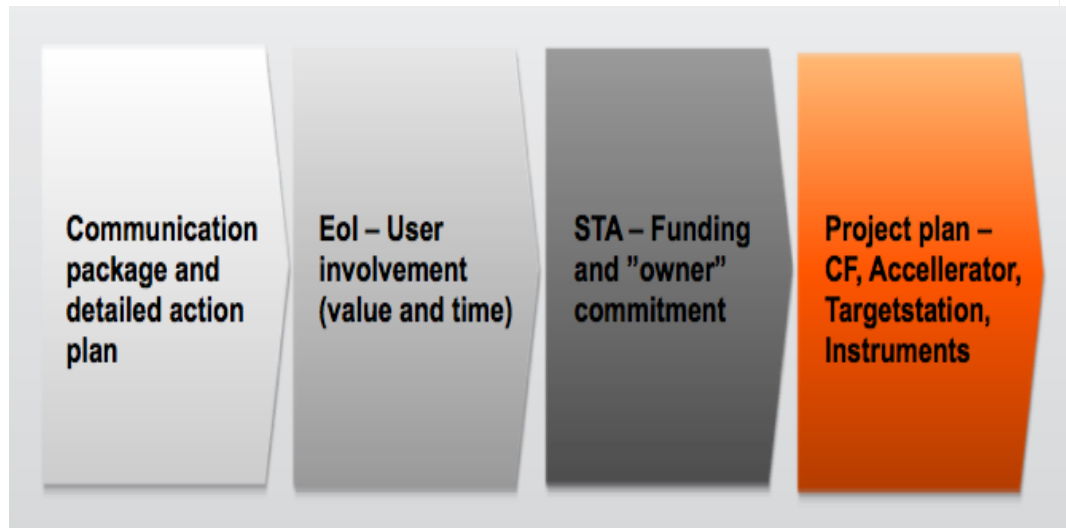


Material science is a part of everyday life.

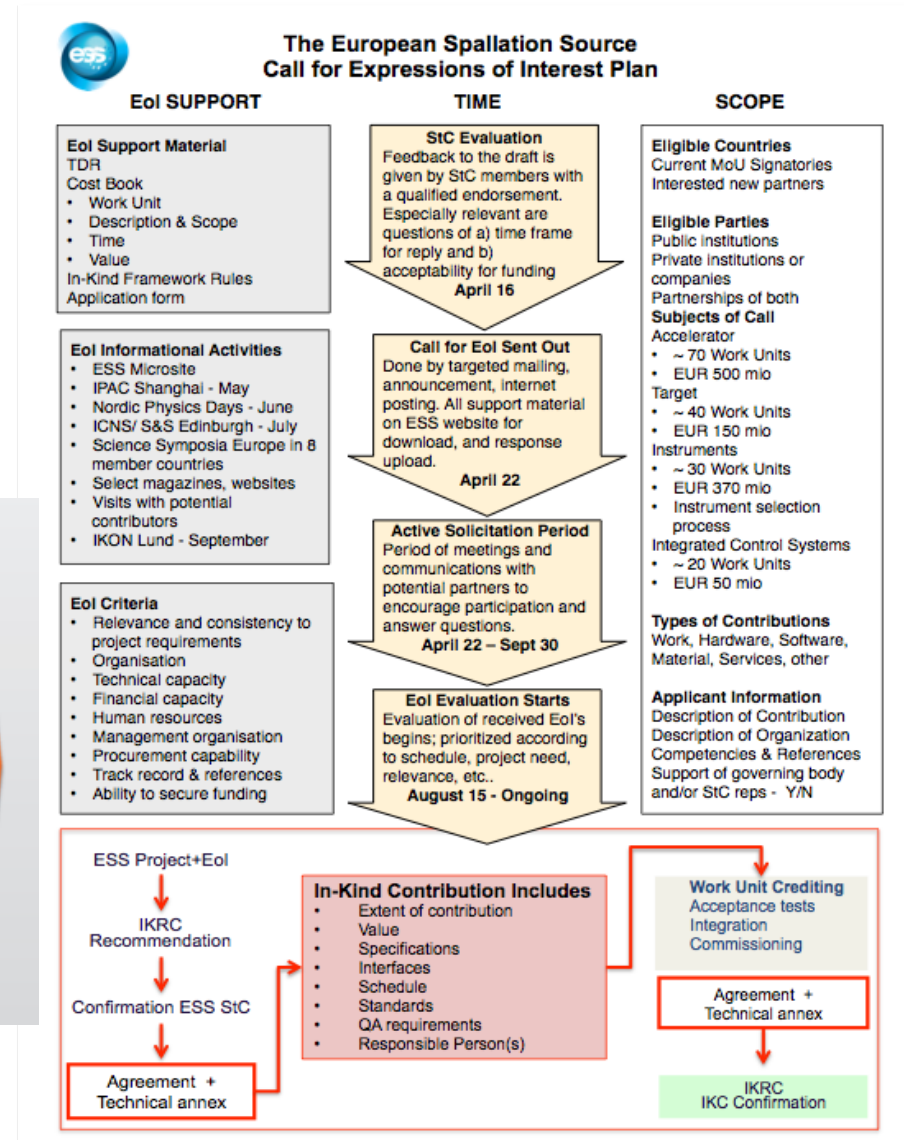


Example

- Understanding the sequences of ESS funding process



“Maintain credibility with stakeholders through openness and transparency”



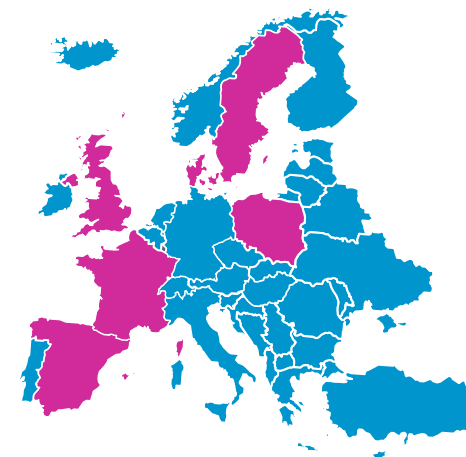
COUNTRY-SPECIFIC

The table below outlines integrated, country-specific communications approaches based on strong partnership building component which utilizes the resources, networks, and activities of EKC and Collaboration Partners of ESS

Priority target groups / priority key messages

* Countries requiring special communications focus

MS	Status	n-RI	PIs	Specific Considerations	Project	Science	Industrial Supply	Society at Large
Belgium	Observer		11	Link between SE investment in MYRRHA and ESS membership	Accelerator collaboration Oskarshamn	Awareness raising at universities	No dedicated ILO function yet	
Czech Republic	Member	X	123	Very committed neutron community	BEER Target systems		Good collaboration with local industry	50% of CZ contribution form ERDF
* Denmark	Member		65	DK Strategy in place	Role of Host Country DMSC location Industrial use focus Heimdal + Bifrost	Heimdal + Bifrost	Strong Big Science Secretariat ROI strategy	ROI due to Host Country role LINX portal
Estonia	Member		7	Possible role model for Lithuania and Latvia	First IKC successes	Schools	Strong and supportive ILO Estonia major Skanska supplier	ERDF contribution
* France	Member	X	678	LLB closing by 2020	Xy Instruments Key partner for Accelerator	637 PIs at LLB Strategy for post 2020 needed Compact source development	Strong supplier base	
Germany	Member	X	398	HZB closing by 2020	7 Instruments Target systems	Xy PIs at HZB Strategy for post 2020 needed Compact source development	Potential not used Inactive ILO	
Hungary	Member	X	23	Broad set-up	Active in all project areas Instrument 17 -22	Schools		
Italy	Member		140		Strong Accelerator involvement Instrument Vespa	Scattered neutron community	Strong industrial supply base	
Netherlands	Observer	X	25	Roadmap incl. funding	Instrument 17 – 22	NL universities Top teams	Strong industrial base	Established industrial users
Norway	Member	X	18		Small contribution across all projects	Schools Training aspects		
* Poland	Member	X	53	Neutron community not linked to ESS	Only accelerator Instrument 17 – 22?	Connections to neutron community must be strengthened	Not particular active	Strong subcontractor for Skanska
* Spain	Observer		95	No central government Missing Basque commitment	Target Wheel Accelerator Instrument Miracles	Stronger interaction with the neutron community	Strong supplier base	Regional impact for Bilbao must be demonstrated
* Sweden	Member		120	SE Strategy not in place yet	Role of Host Country Conventional facilities Accelerator (UU, LU) Instrument (NMX?, 17+)	Capacity Building (SSF) Schools (Raciri , Nordforsk ,)	Weak ILO 90% of all ESS contracts	Massive ROI
Switzerland	Member	X	191		Instrument Estia + Odin	Strong neutron community	Strong, but expensive supplier base	Established industrial user practice
* UK	Member	X	981	Brexit	LOKI + Freia Active Cells Accelerator	Largest n-community in Europe	Strong supplier base Active ILO	Proven record of demonstrating impact



Don't forget the most important thing...

The story comes first.

Before the science.

Has everyone found their story ... the story comes first, because it is what connects the relevance.

What is in it for my audience or stakeholder?

Acknowledgements

OECD *publishing*

**STRENGTHENING
THE EFFECTIVENESS
AND SUSTAINABILITY OF
INTERNATIONAL RESEARCH
INFRASTRUCTURES**

OECD SCIENCE, TECHNOLOGY
AND INDUSTRY
POLICY PAPERS

December 2017 No. 48

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European
Commission

SUSTAINABLE

European
Research
Infrastructures

A call for action

Research and
Innovation

**GROUP OF SENIOR
OFFICIALS ON
GLOBAL RESEARCH
INFRASTRUCTURES**

GSO Framework

Presented to the G7 Science
Ministers' Meeting

Turin, 27-28 September 2017

G7 2017
ITA 18