Progress on CEPC High Efficiency Klystron

Zusheng ZHOU

Institute of High Energy Physics On behalf of klystron development team Università degli Studi Roma Tre 25 May 2018





Outline

Strategy and plan

- ✓ Goal: 650MHz/800kW meets CEPC project demands;
- Much higher efficiency, less energy consumption;
- ✓ Evaluation target: >80% efficiency;
- •1st prototype development progress
- Seam dynamic, beam optic and cooling system;
- Mechanical design, infrastructure preparation;
- High efficiency consideration(2nd&3rd)
- ✓ Different method comparation;
- ✓ 3 kind of gun schemes;
- ✓ MBK





Strategy and plan from 2016 to 2018

- 3 klystron prototypes in 6 FYs
- FY 2016: done
 - Finalize the gun and the collector design of the 1st conventional klystron prototype
 - Initialize the dynamics design
- FY 2017: done
 - Finalize the cavity chain design of 1st tube
 - Preliminary mechanical design
- FY 2018: being carried out
 - Finalize the mechanical design and fabrication
 - Infrastructure construction
 - Design studies on the 2nd and 3rd high efficiency klystron





Strategy and plan from 2019 to 2021

- FY 2019
 - 1st tube high power test
 - 2nd tube fabrication
 - Finalize design of the 3rd high efficiency klystron
- FY 2020
 - 2nd tube high power test(>70% expected efficiency)
 - Finalize the mechanical design of 3rd tube and start to fabrication
- FY 2021
 - 3rd tube high power test(>80% expected efficiency)
 - More klystron prototypes or klystron industrialization





Parameters for 1st tube

Conventional method based on 2nd harmonic cavity to investigate the design and manufacture technologies for high power CW klystron

Main parameters	Goal	
Frequency (MHz)	650	
Vk (kV)	81.5	
lk (A)	15.1	
Perveance (µPerv)	0.65	
Efficiency (%)	>60	
Saturated gain (dB)	>45	
Output power (kW)	800	
1dB bandwidth (MHz)	±0.5	
Brillouin magnetic field (Gs)	106.7	
Reduced plasma wavelength(m)	3.47	
N cavities	6	
Normalized drift tube radius	0.63	
Normalized beam radius	0.41	
Filling factor	0.65	

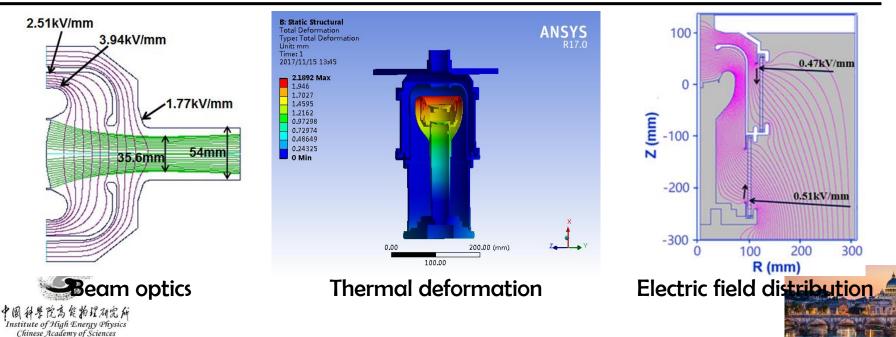




Electron gun for 1st tube

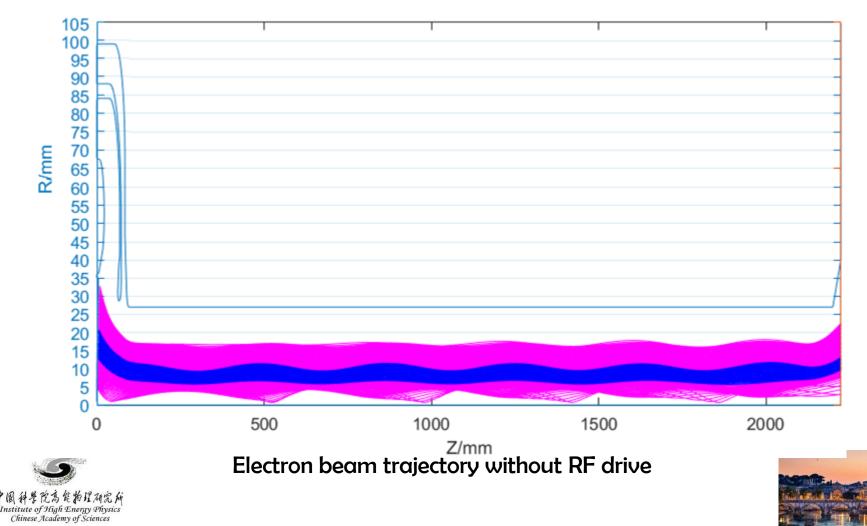
Different codes results for beam optics and thermal structure analysis

Main parameters	DGUN	EGUN	MAGIC2D	CST	Design goal
Beam waist radius (mm)	17.8	17.48	17.48	17.64	17.5
Perveance (µPerv)	0.64	0.64	0.65	0.64	0.65
Current density	<0.45	0.39~0.43			<0.5
Current uniformity		9.8%			<10%



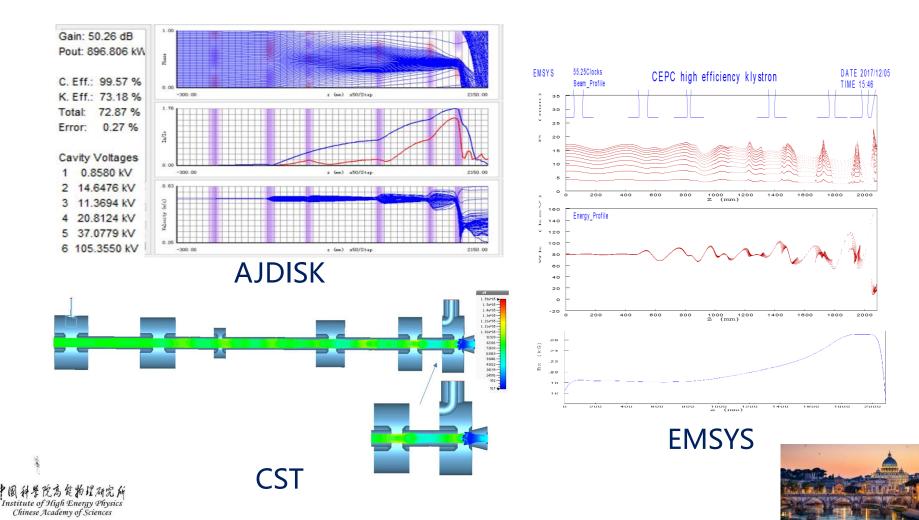
Dynamics for 1st tube

- Good trajectory laminarity from the gun to the collector
- Ripple rate less than 5%



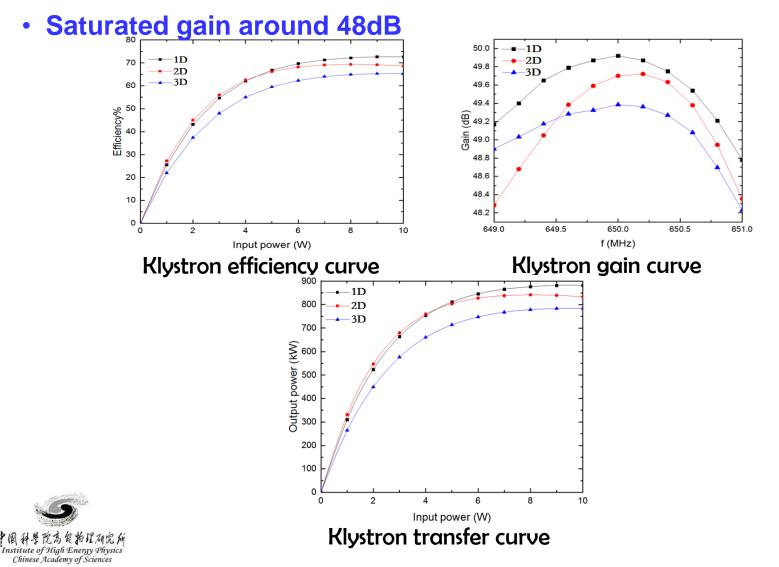
Dynamics for 1st tube

- 1D optimization on the dynamics and cross checked by 2D&3D
- 73%/68%/65% efficiencies for 1D/2D/3D



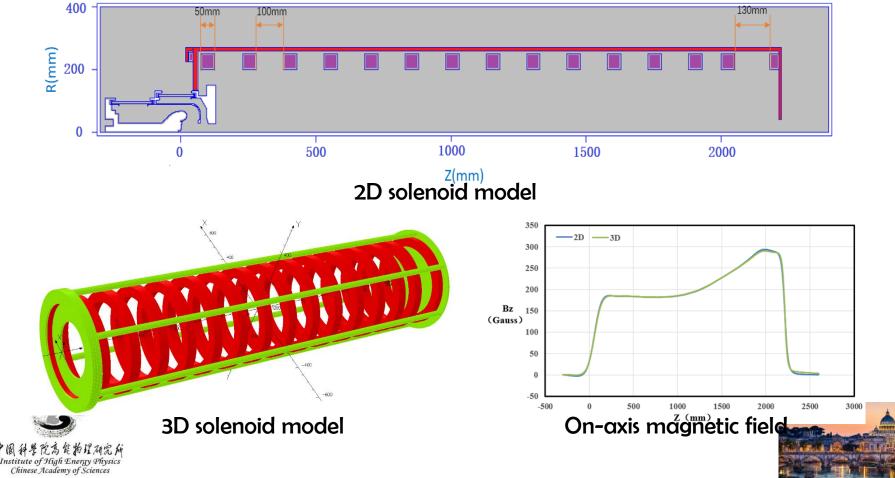
Dynamics for 1st tube

+ 1dB bandwidth larger than \pm 1MHz



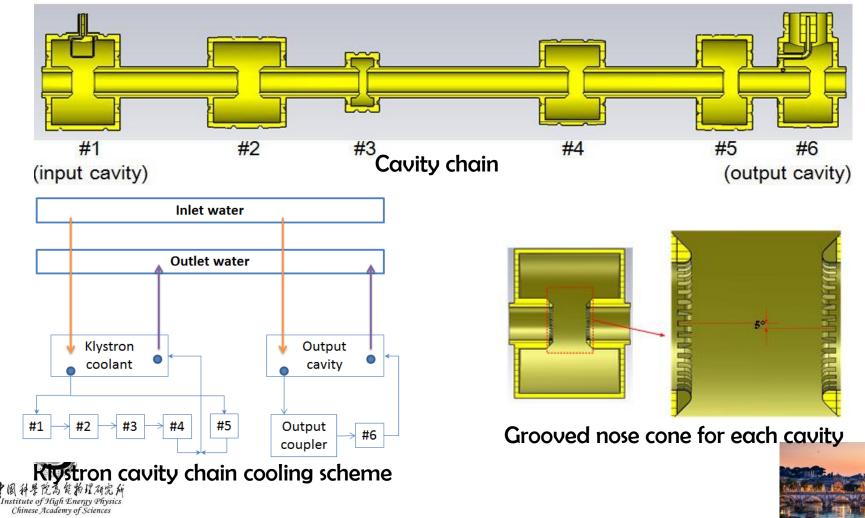
Coils for 1st tube

- Designed by 2D and cross checked by 3D, very good consistency
- 15 regular coils with 1 bucking coil near the gun
- Cathode: 32 Gauss, Gain cavity: 180 Gauss, Output cavity: 280 Gauss



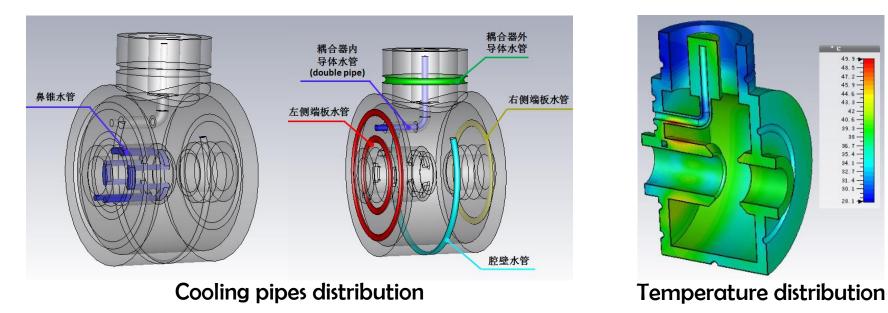
Cavity chain for 1st tube

- RF design and cooling analysis conducted;
- Grooved nose cone for each cavity to suppress the multi-pacting effect



Output cavity cooling

- 87% of the total power loss for the cavity chain located at the output cavity
- Theoretical power loss around 3.9kW, cooling capability designed to be 8kW



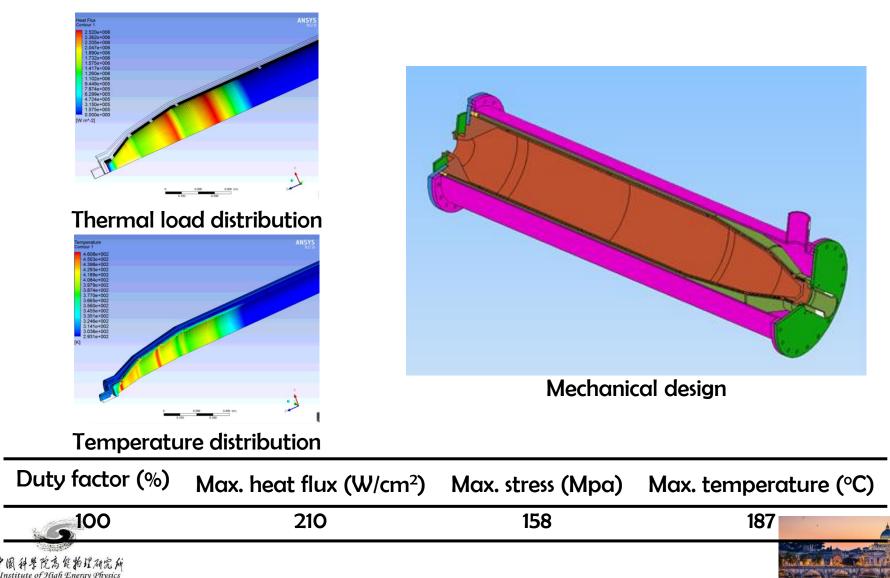




Collector for 1st tube

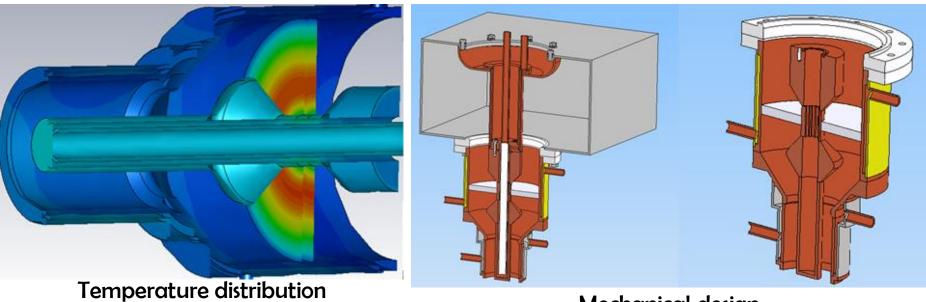
• ~2m long collector to sustain 1.23MW full beam power

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Output window for 1st tube

- Relatively simple design with door knob to facilitate the fabrication
- >800kW sustainable CW RF power @ 650MHz
- <1.05 VSWR @ 650±0.5MHz



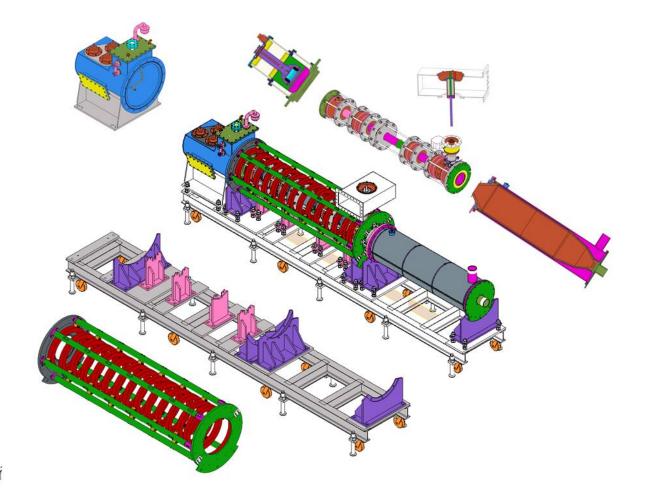
Mechanical design





Mechanical design for 1st tube

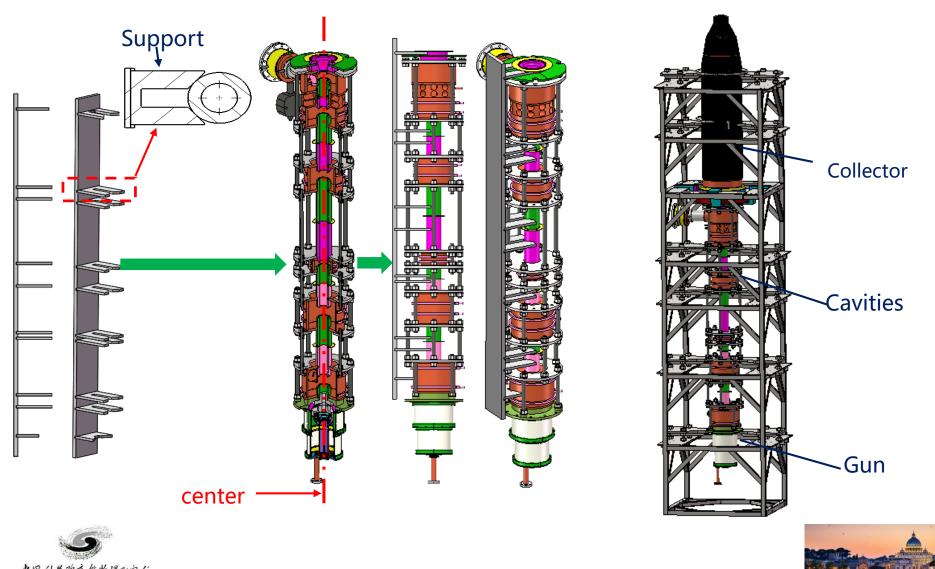
- Mechanical design achieved (L×W×H: 5.12m×0.87m×1.56m)
- Discussion on the manufacturing details being conducted







Assembly sequence



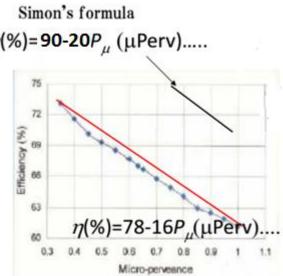
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High Efficiency Consideration

3 design schemes

- Scheme 1: optimize cavity chain by using the same gun as 1st tube
- Scheme 2 : with high voltage gun (110kV/9.1A), low perveance
- Scheme 3: MBK, 54kV/20A electron gun

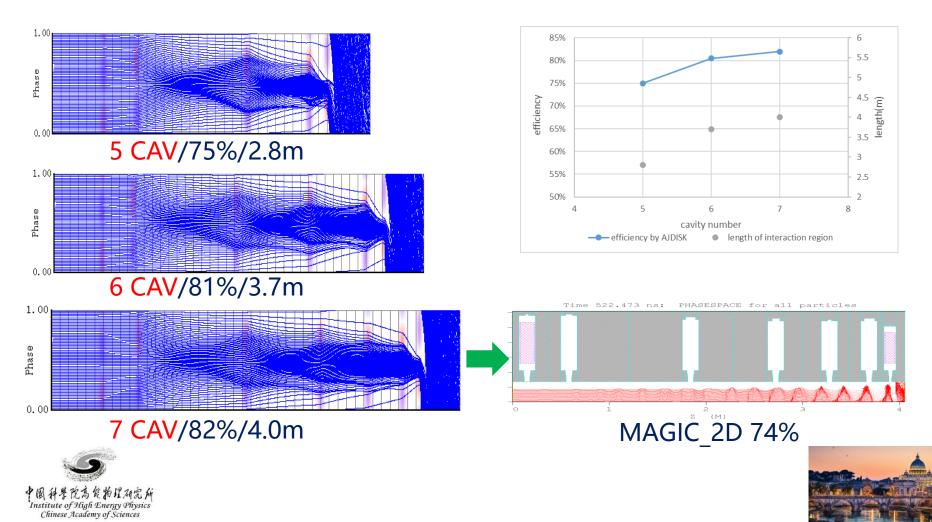
Parameter	Scheme1	Scheme2	Scheme3	
Freq (MHz)	650	650	650	η
Voltage (kV)	81.5	110	54	
Current (A)	15.1	9.1	20(2.5×8)	
Beam No.	1	1	8	
Perveance (µP)	0.65	0.25	1.6(0.2×8)	
Efficency (%)	>70	>80	>80	
Power(kW)	800	800	800(100×8)	





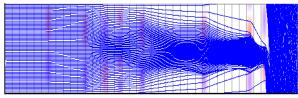


- Same gun with the 1st tube
- COM, more cavities

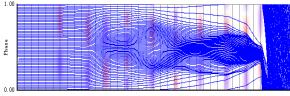


Based on 7 CAV

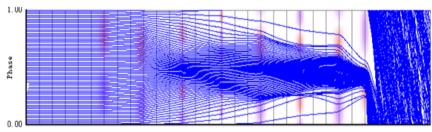
• Add 2nd and 3rd harmonic cavities to reduce tube length



8 CAV/1 2nd harmonic CAV/80%/3.1m



10 CAV/2 2nd harmonic CAV80%/2.9m

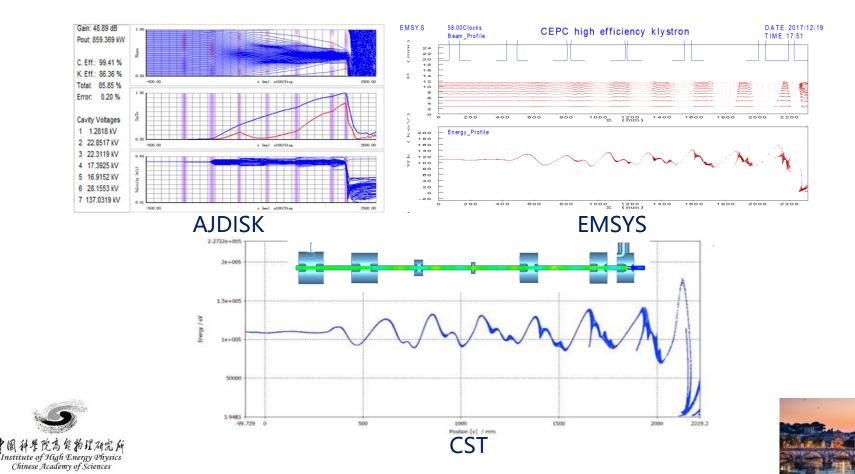


8 CAV/2 2nd harmonic cavities /1 3rd harmonic cavity /80%/2.2m





- Based on CSM, with 2nd and 3rd harmonic cavities
- Better bunching with shorter length
- AJDISK/EMSYS/CST 86%/81%/77%

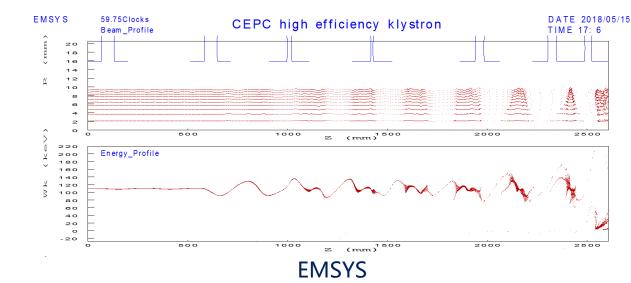


- Based on CSM, reduce the beam aperture and beam size(from 19.3mm/11.6mm to 15.8mm/9.5mm)
- KLYC 1D/ KLYC 2D/ EMSYS 82.6%/80.8%/81%



KLYC 1D

KLYC 2D

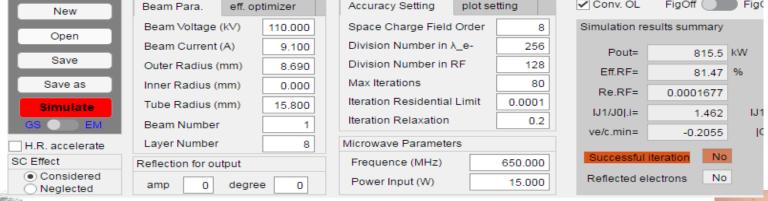






 Based on CSM, reduce the beam size again (from 9.5mm to 8.69mm), KLYC 1D/ KLYC 2D 83.6%/81.5%

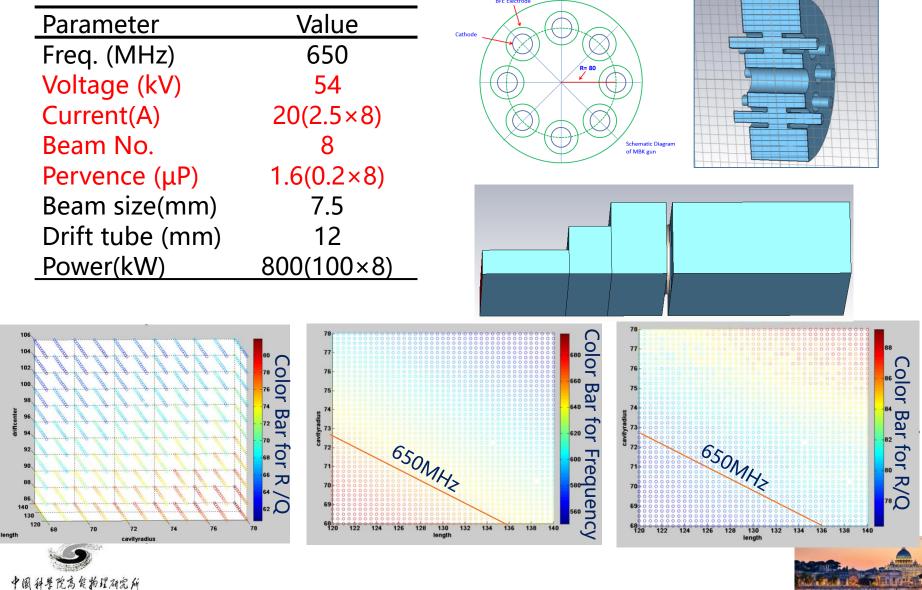
New	Beam Para.	eff. optimizer	Accuracy Setting	plot setting	Conv. OL	FigOff 🚺 F
Open	Beam Voltage (k	(V) 110.000	Space Charge Fiel	d Order 8	Simulation re	esults summary
	Beam Current (A	A) 9.100	Division Number in	λ_e- 256	Pout=	837.4 kW
Save	Outer Radius (m	im) 8.690	Division Number in	RF 128	Eff.RF=	83.66 %
Save as	Inner Radius (m	m) 0.000	Max Iterations	80	Re.RF=	0.0001757
Simulate	Tube Radius (m	m) 15.800	Iteration Residentia	al Limit 0.0001	IJ1/J0].i=	1.778
GS 🔵 EM	Beam Number	1	Iteration Relaxation	0.2	ve/c.min=	-0.08651
H.R. accelerate	Layer Number	8	Microwave Paramet	ers		
SC Effect	Reflection for outp	out	Frequence (MHz)	650.000	Successful	literation No
 Considered Neglected 	amp 0	degree 0	Power Input (W)	15.000	Reflected e	electrons No
			KLYC 1D			
						Fino#



KIYC 2D

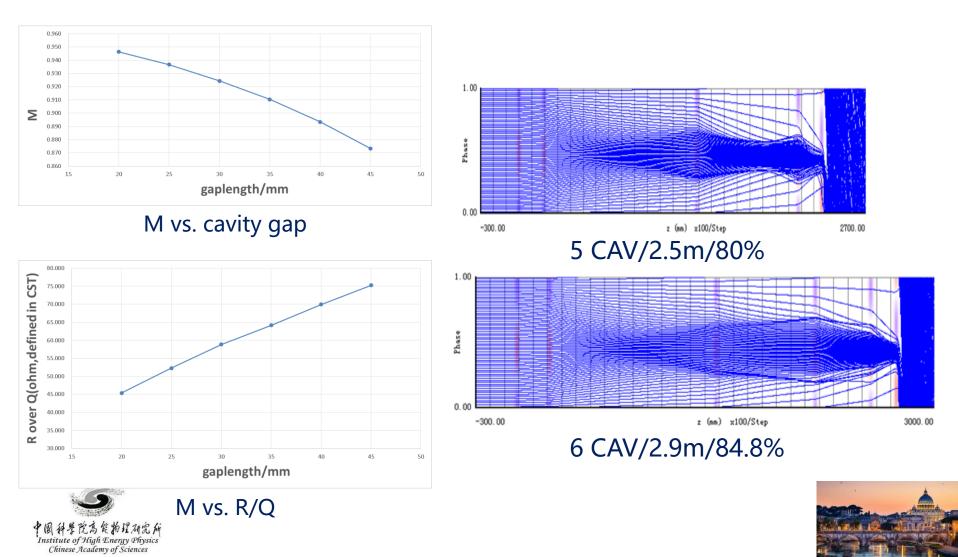






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Based on COM, Dynamics on 54kV/2.5A



Summary

- Mechanic design on 1st prototype tube will be finished at the end of this month.
- The manufacture of the 1st tube will be completed this year and high power test will be started at the beginning of next year.
- The 3 schemes for the high efficiency design are ongoing based on 3 different gun design.
- The manufacture of the 2nd prototype will be started based on the successful high power test of the 1st prototype.
- MBK design will be gradually stepped up in the near future.





Thanks for your attention!



