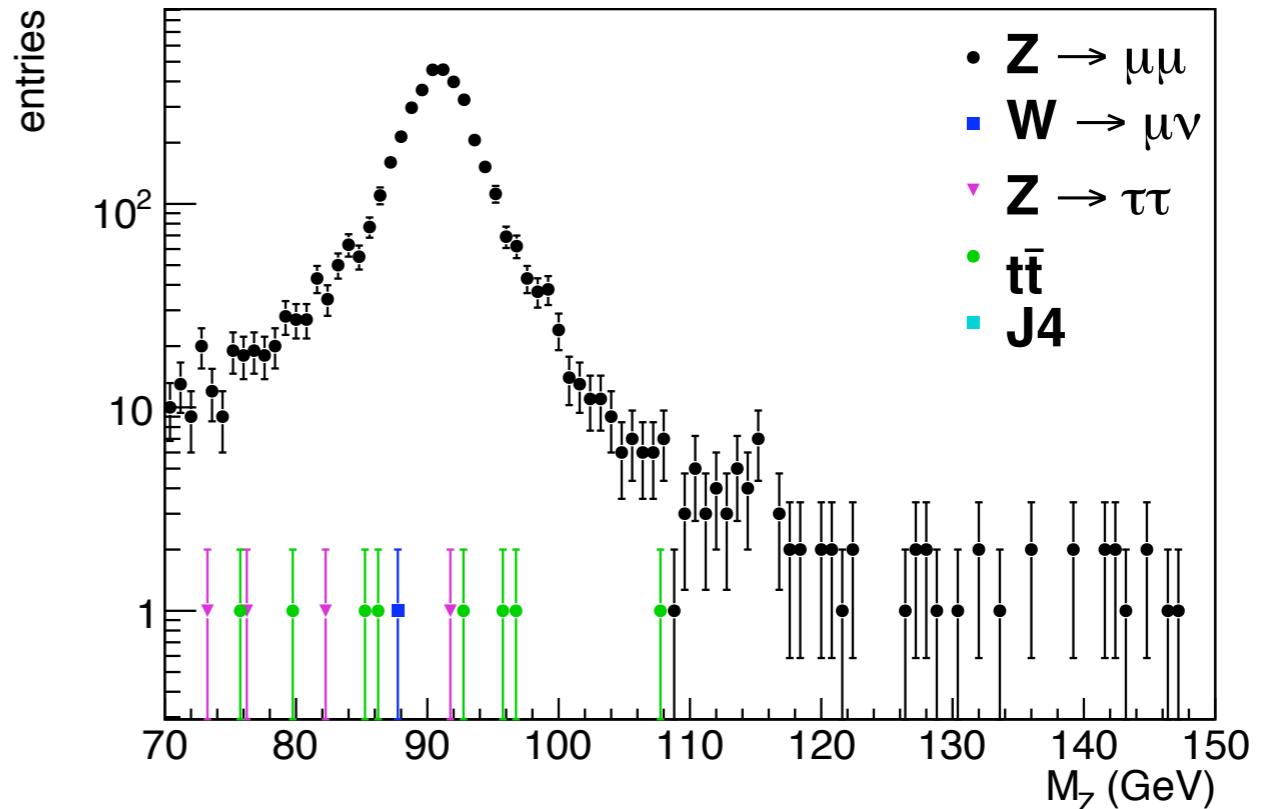


Measurement strategy

- Extract from data the number of selected Z events
 - ★ lineshape fit
 - ★ background subtraction



- Rescale this number for efficiencies and acceptance
 - ★ use MC cut flow estimation re-weighted with efficiencies extracted from data with Tag&Probe method + momentum scale corrections (not addressed here)

$$\begin{aligned} \epsilon_{\text{event}} = & \epsilon_{MS/ID}^+ \cdot \epsilon_{CB/MS}^+ \cdot \epsilon_{CBISO/CB}^+ \\ & \cdot \epsilon_{MS/ID}^- \cdot \epsilon_{CB/MS}^- \cdot \epsilon_{CBISO/CB}^- \\ & \cdot (1 - (1 - \epsilon_{TRIG/CBISO}^+)) \cdot (1 - (1 - \epsilon_{TRIG/CBISO}^-)) \end{aligned}$$

Event efficiency formula

- Trigger “mu20”
- 2 combined tracks (MuonBoy-Staco) con $p_T > 20$, $|\eta| < 2.5$ and opposite charge
- Inner Detector track isolation with $\sum p_T^{\text{cone}} < 6$ GeV and $\sum N^{\text{cone}} < 5$
- Invariant mass cut ± 20 GeV around Z mass peak (non applied here)
- Event selection efficiency determined from single particle efficiencies

$$\epsilon_{\text{event}} = \epsilon_{MS/ID}^+ \cdot \epsilon_{CB/MS}^+ \cdot \epsilon_{CBISO/CB}^+$$

$$\cdot \epsilon_{MS/ID}^- \cdot \epsilon_{CB/MS}^- \cdot \epsilon_{CBISO/CB}^-$$

$$\cdot (1 - (1 - \epsilon_{TRIG/CBISO}^+)) \cdot (1 - (1 - \epsilon_{TRIG/CBISO}^-))$$

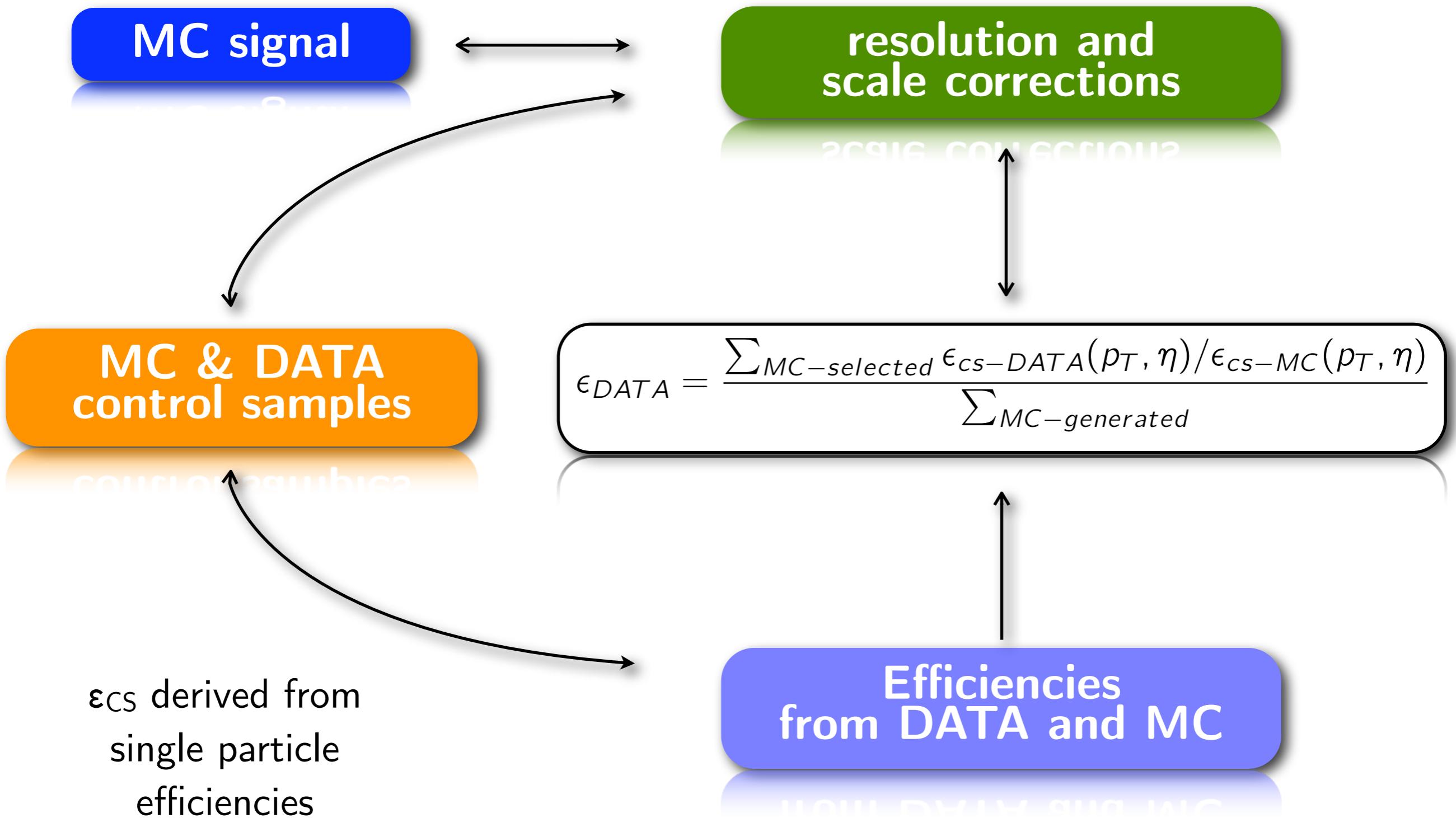
Muon Spectrometer efficiency wrt Inner Detector

Combined Muon efficiency wrt Muon Spectrometer

Isolation efficiency wrt Combined Muon

20 GeV Muon Trigger efficiency wrt Isolated Combined Muon

Event re-weighting formula



MC vs pDATA



- MC = r635 MC08 AOD
- pDATA = r635 500 um misaligned AOD
- Stat = 200k (about 130 pb^{-1})
- Different event efficiencies to be compared, each is always the "fraction of events after each cut wrt previous"
 - ★ **CF** : cut flow from MC event counting
 - ★ **SPMCtruth** : event re-weighting based on **Single Particle** efficiencies calculated with MC-truth method (MCT) on MC sample
 - ★ **SPMC** : from event re-weighting based on single particle efficiencies calculated with TagAndProbe on MC sample
 - ★ These 3 quantities can be calculated also on pData samples
- Comparing them vs p_T , eta, phi and integrated values to disentangle systematics

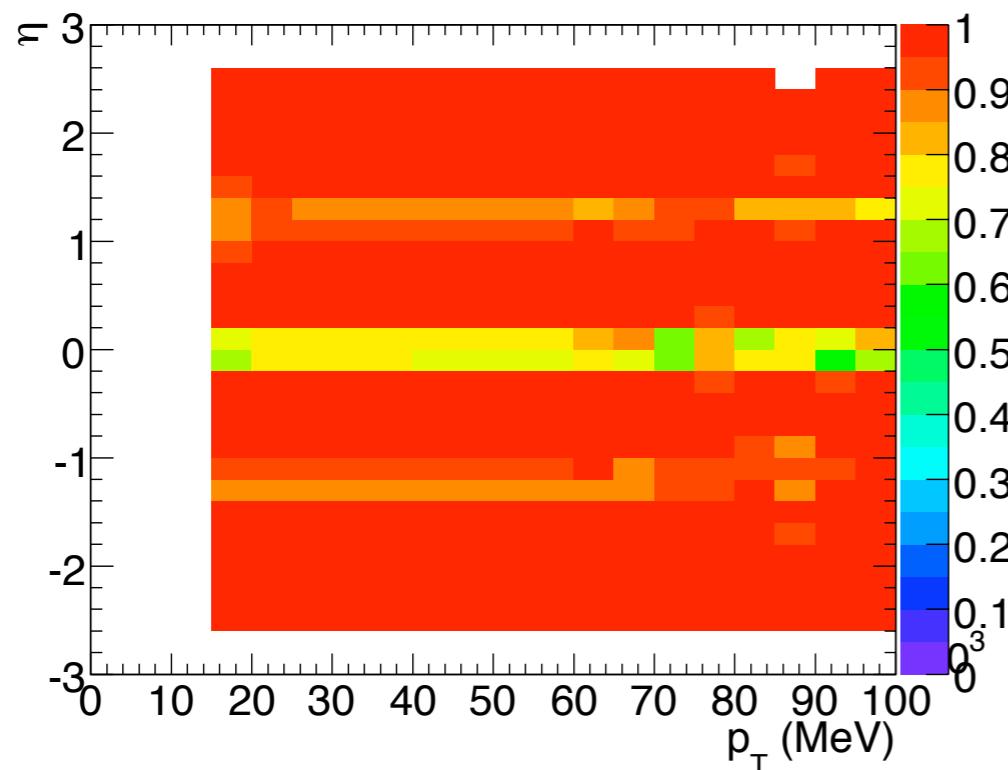
Benchmarks



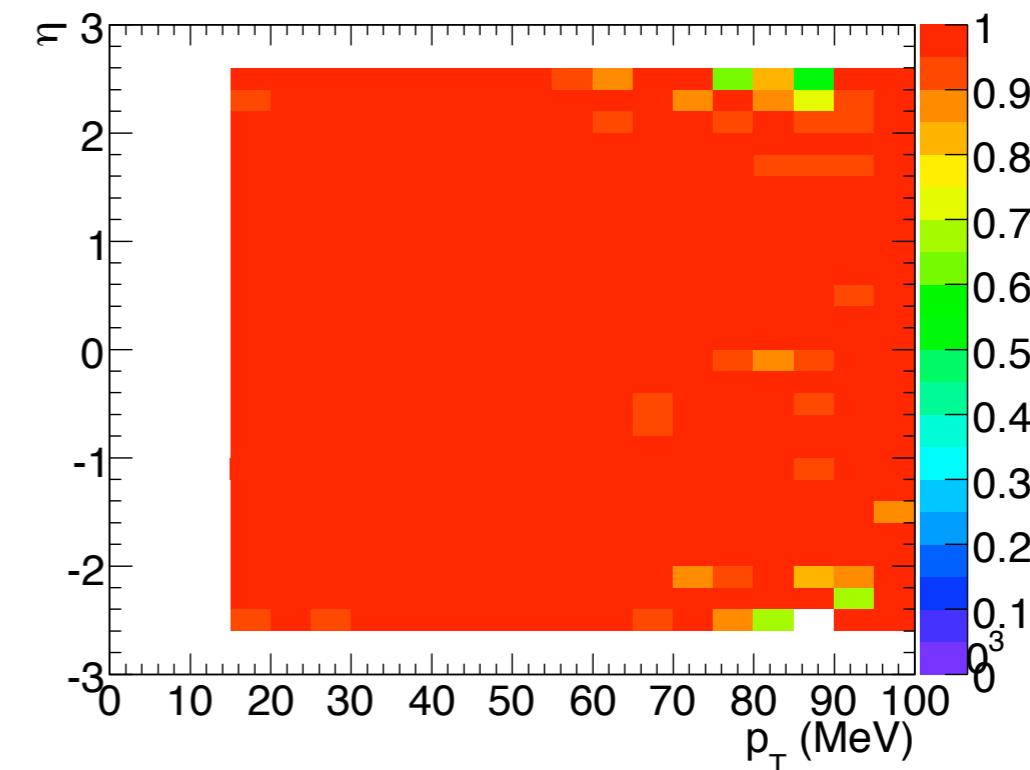
- **TP vs MCT** : how well Tag&Probe reproduces truth efficiencies
 - ★ best expected value = agreement
 - >> **Tag&Probe validation**
- **SP-CF/CF** : how well event efficiency built from single particle efficiencies can to reproduce the cut flow
 - ★ Tag&Probe compared to MCT method
 - ★ best expected value = 0 %
 - >> **Event efficiency validation**
- **pData-MC/MC** : how different are the cut flow from MC and (pseudo)Data samples
 - ★ event re-weighting (SP) compared to cut flow
 - ★ best expected value = agreement
 - >> **Event re-weighting validation**

Tag&Probe validation - 2D maps

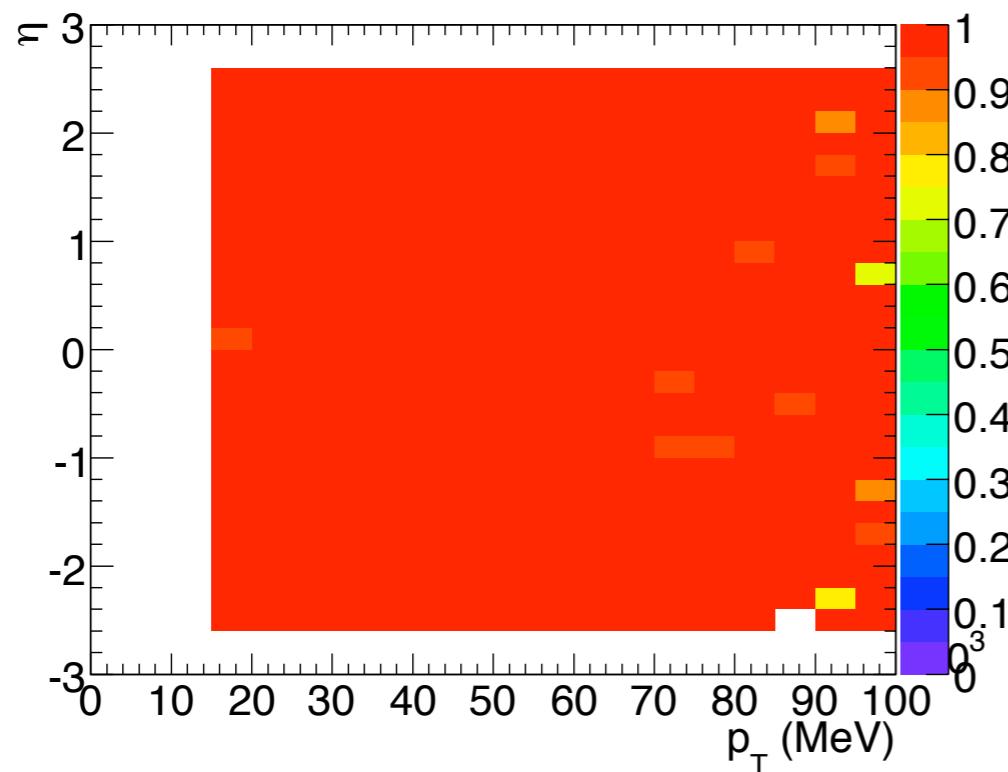
2D Efficiency for MSID



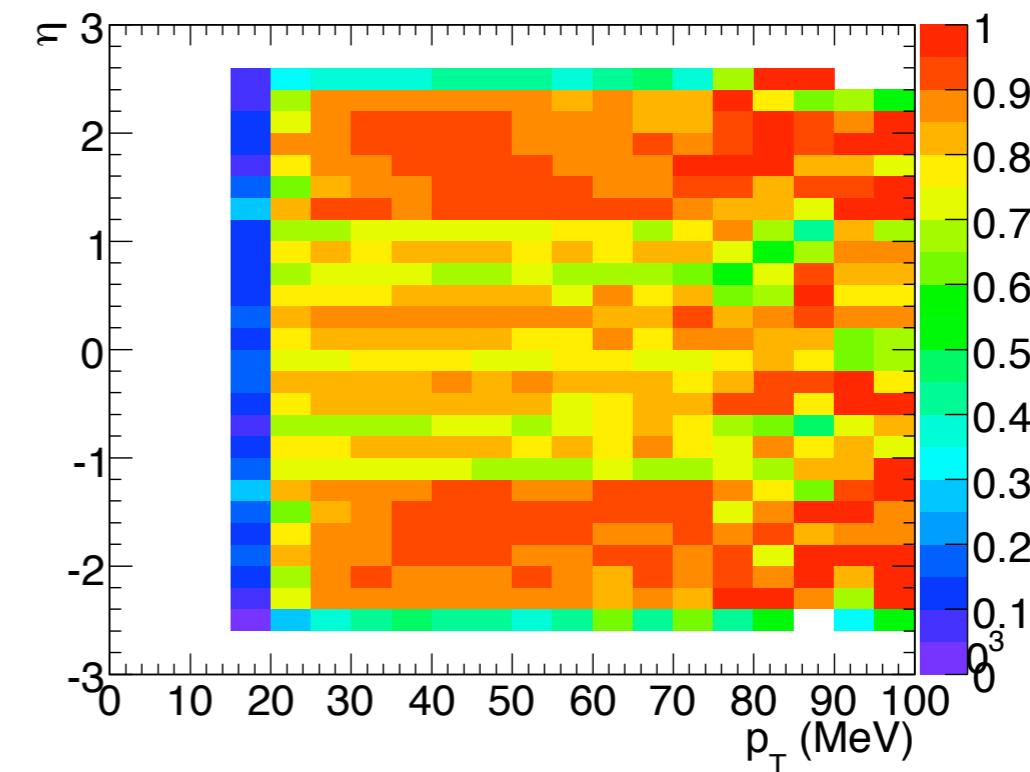
2D Efficiency for CBMS



2D Efficiency for CBISO

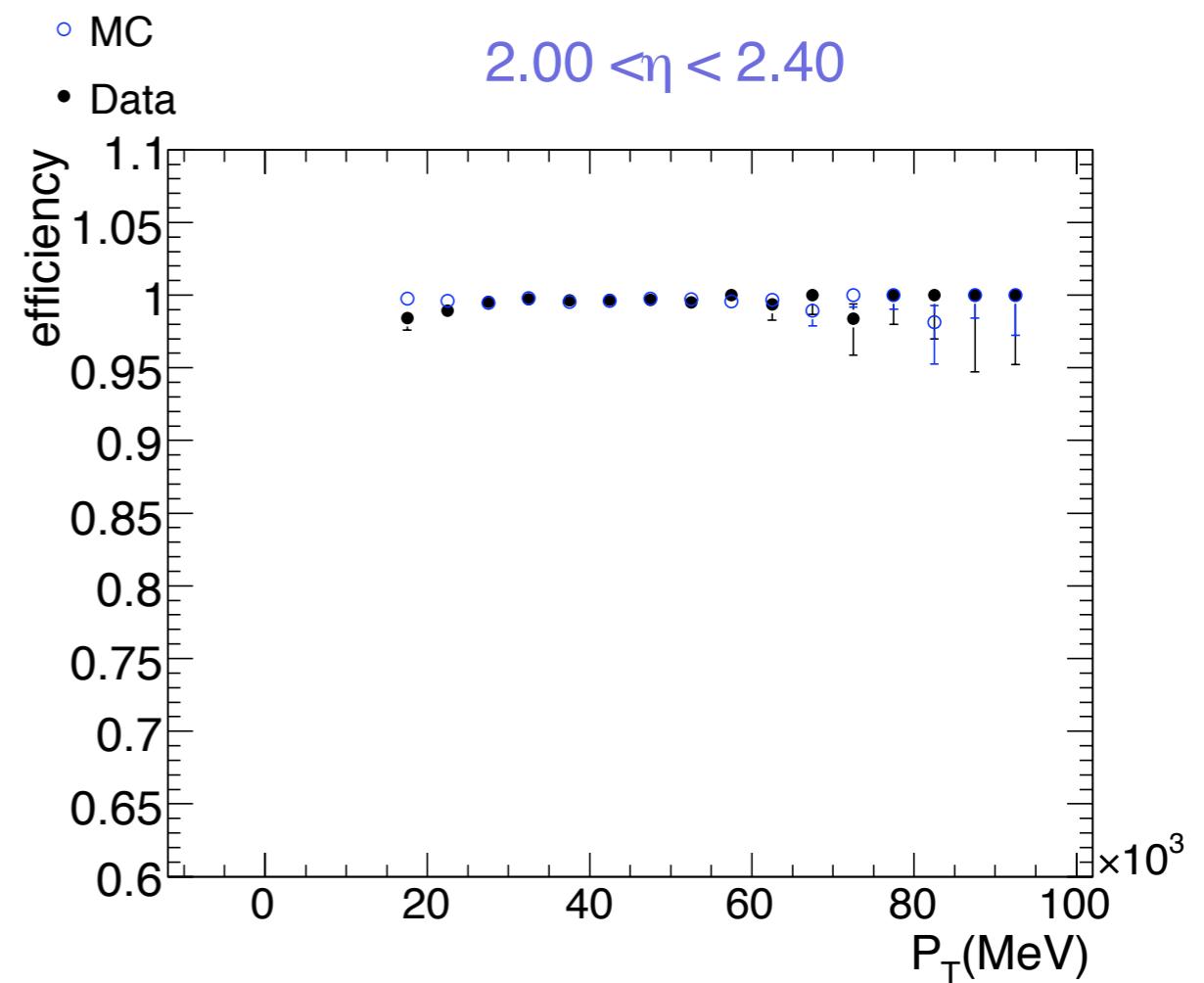
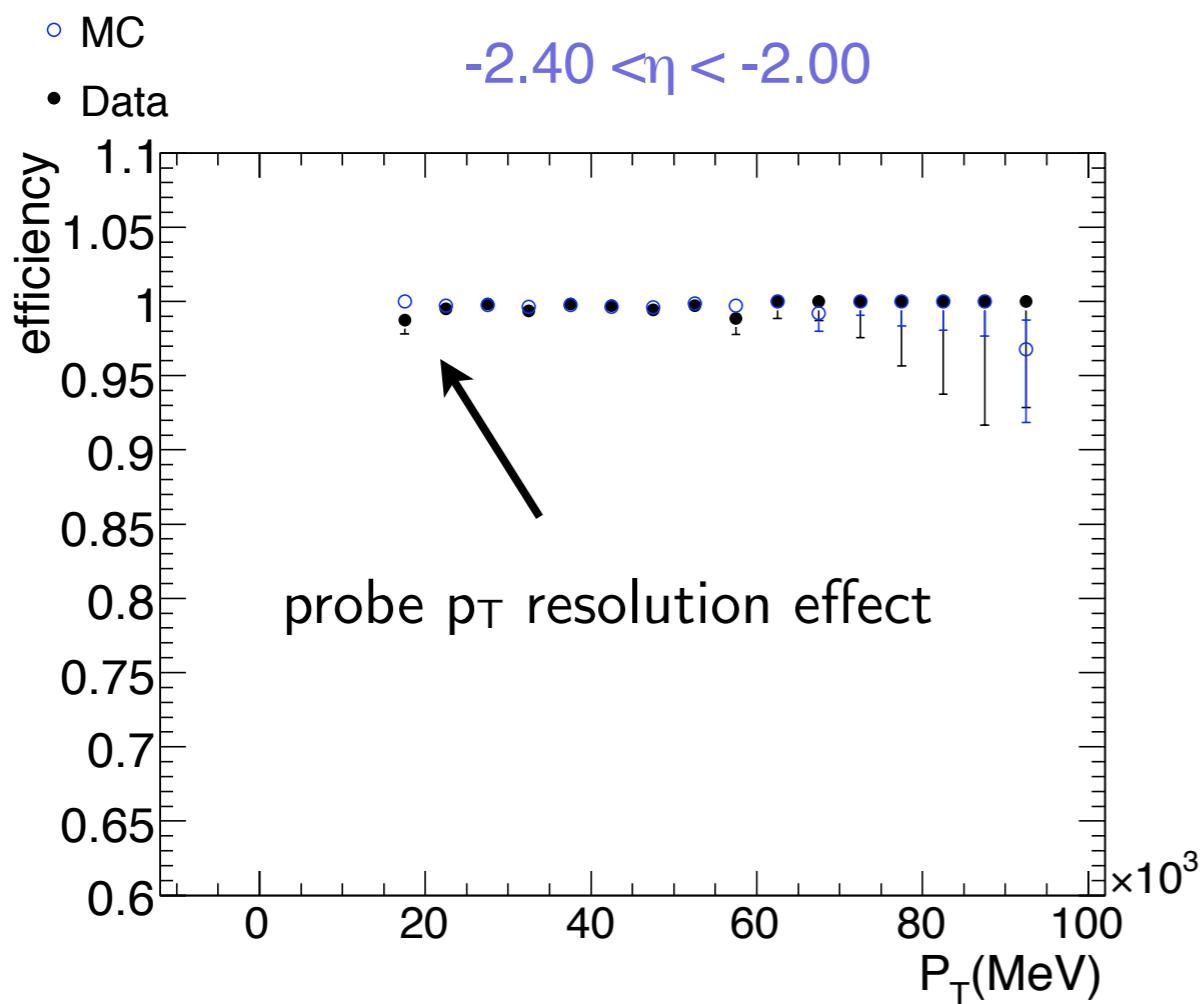


2D Efficiency for TRIGCBISO



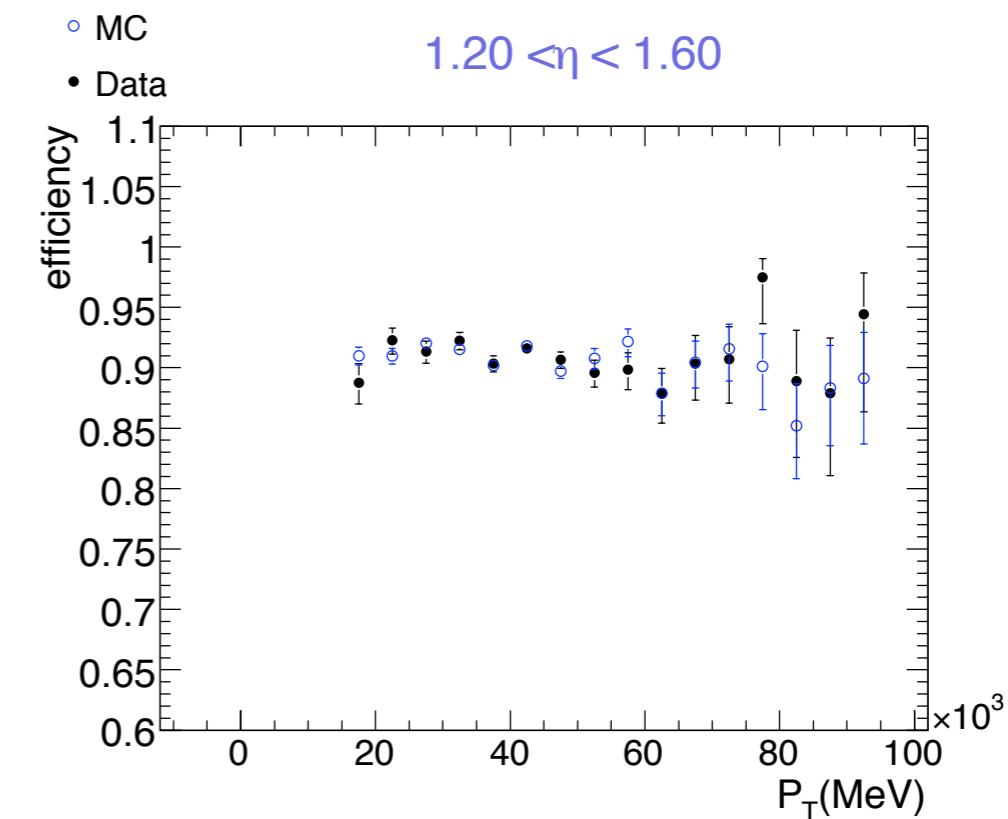
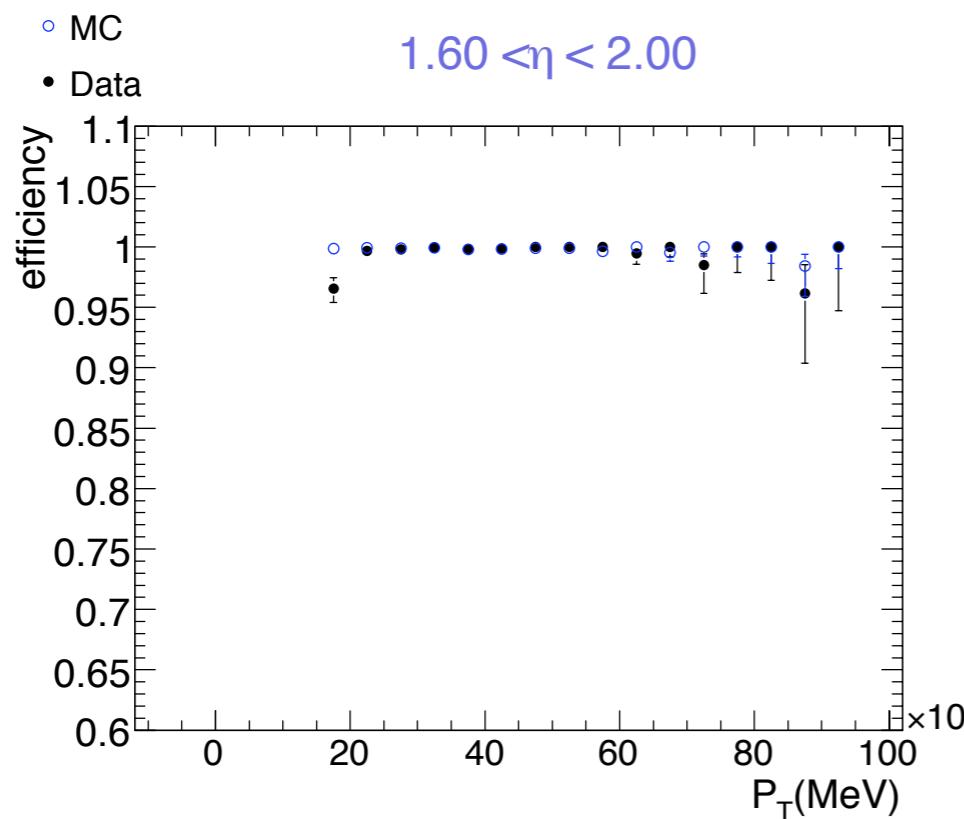
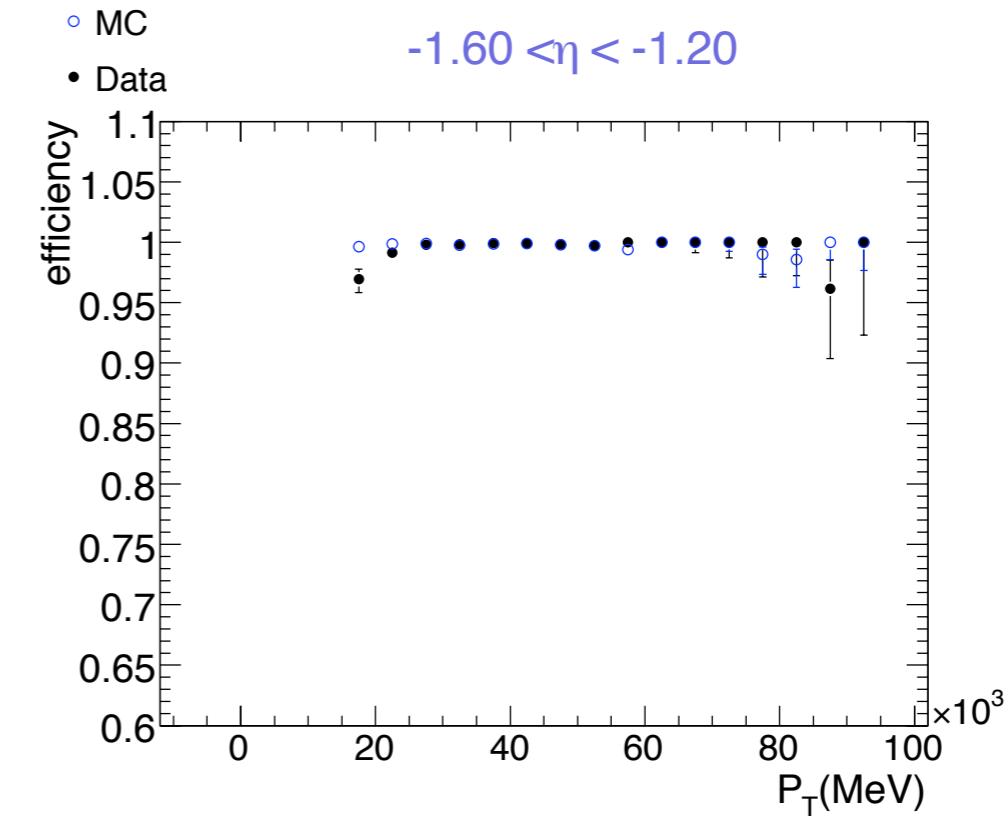
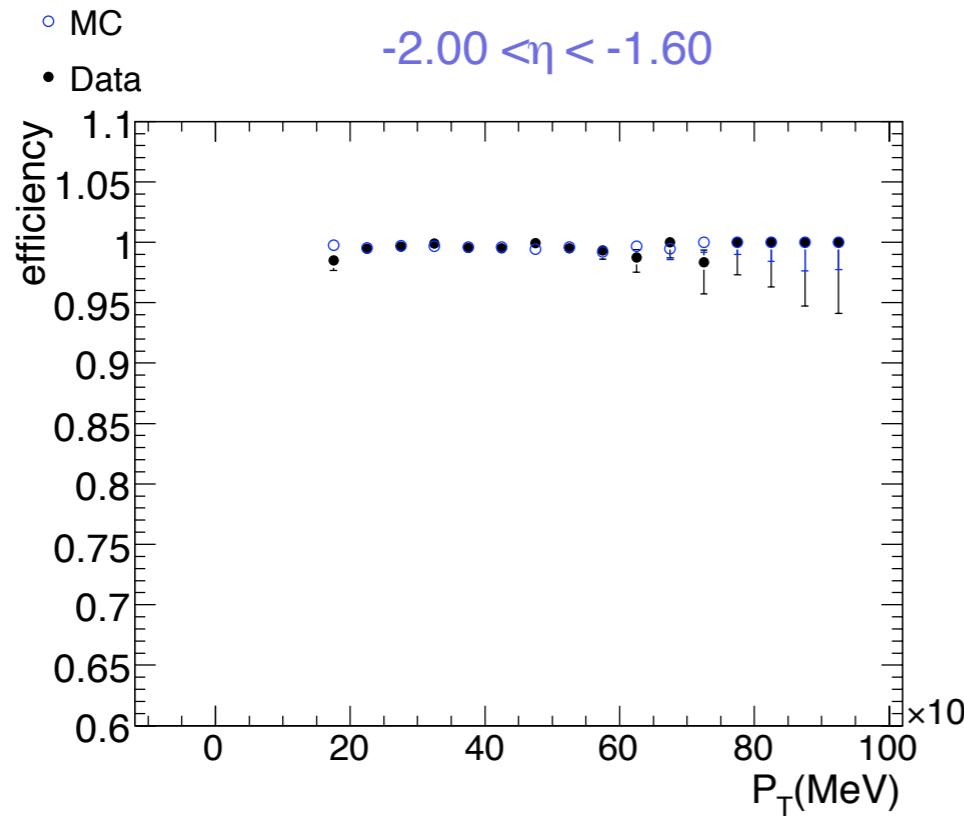
Tag&Probe MSID term

EC forward



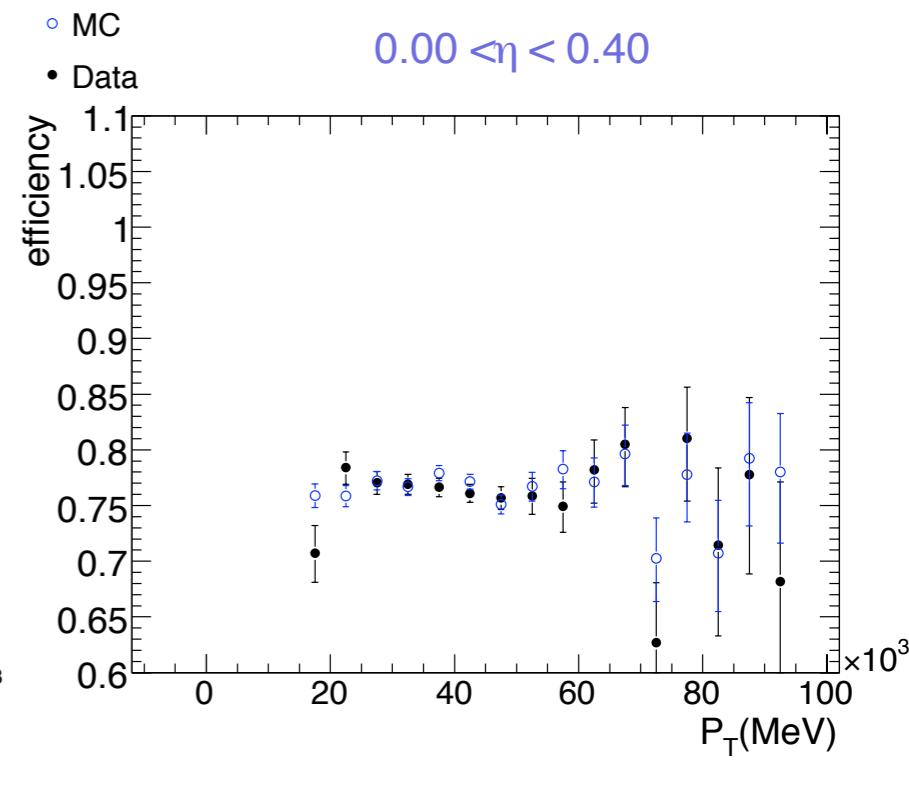
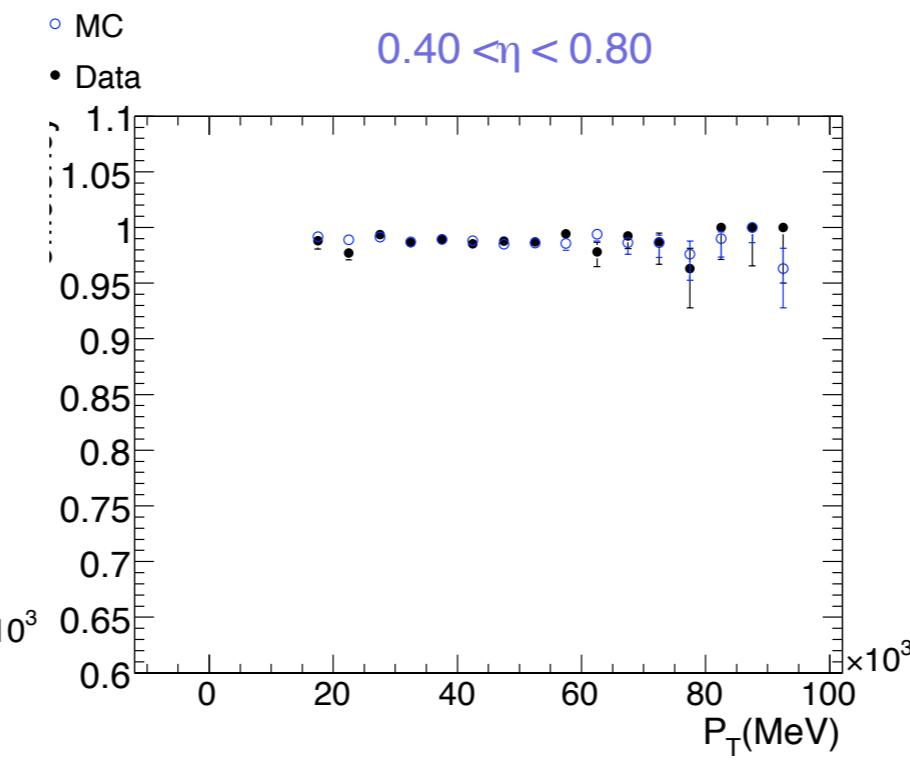
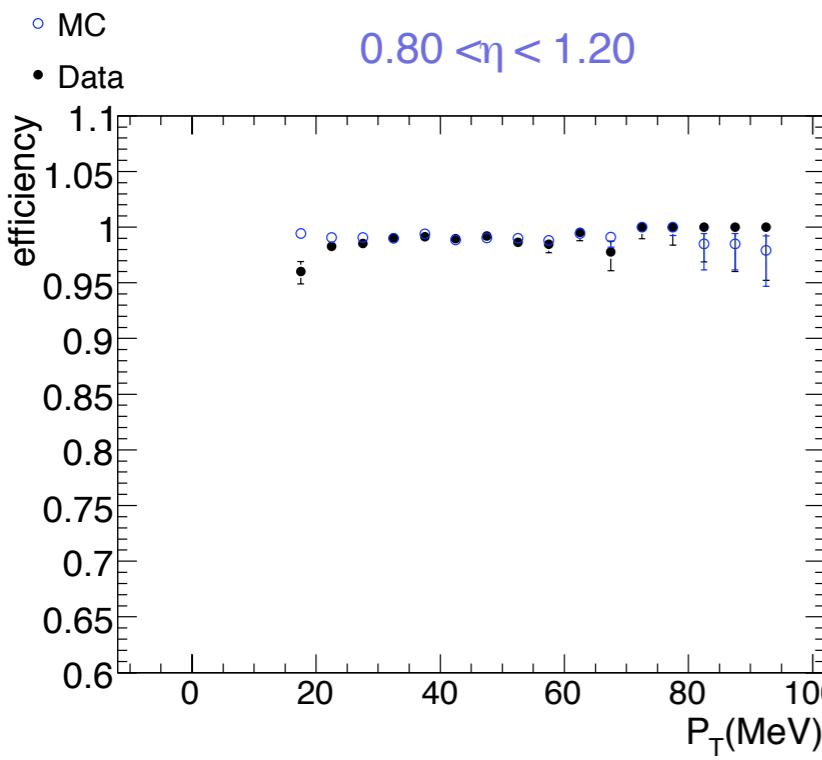
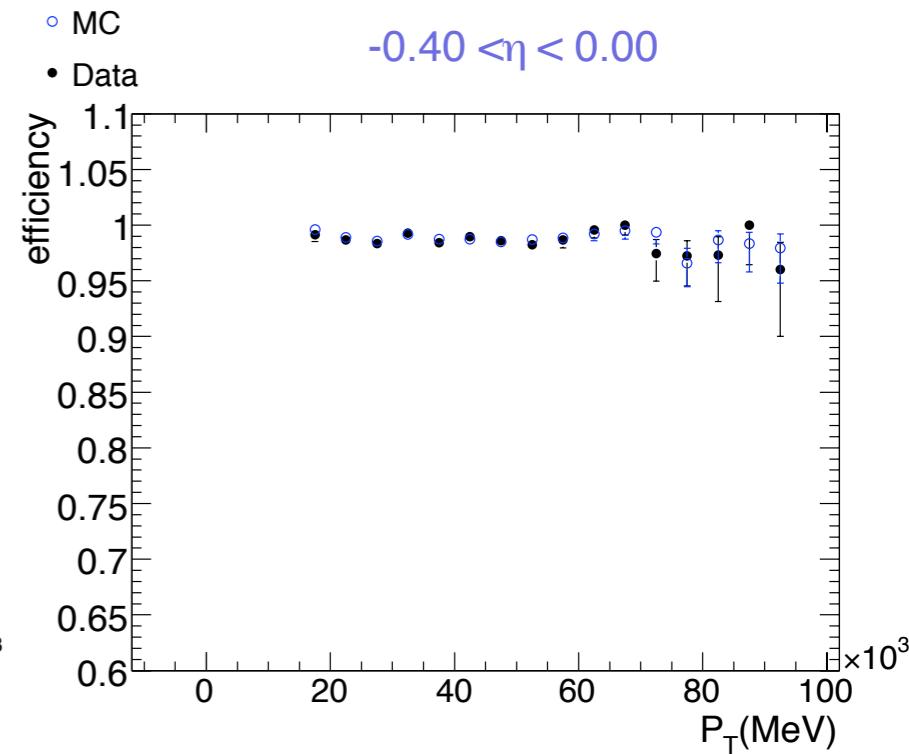
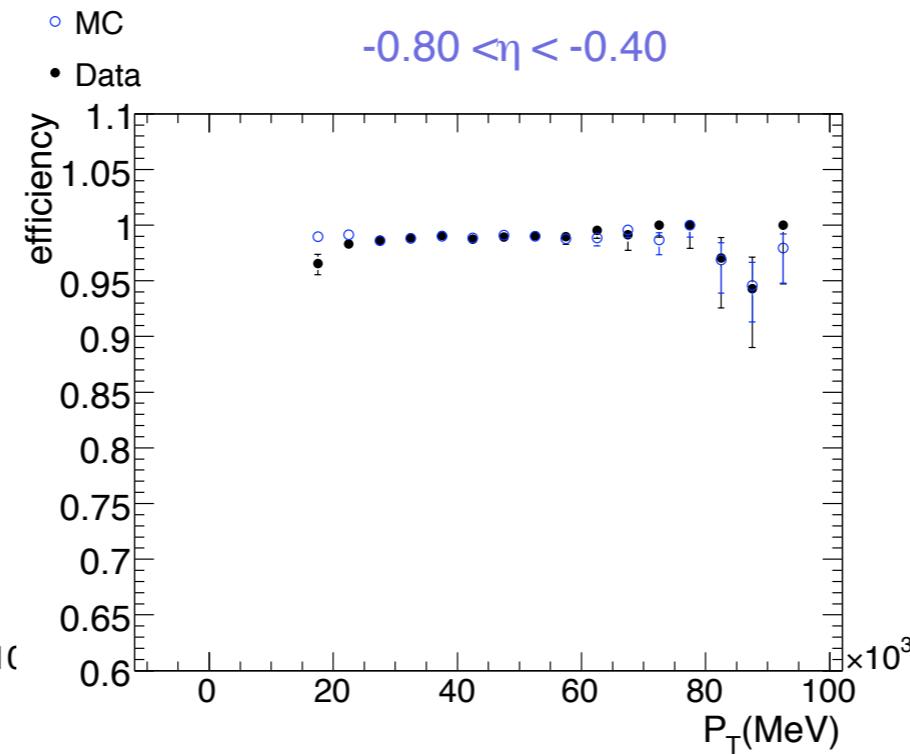
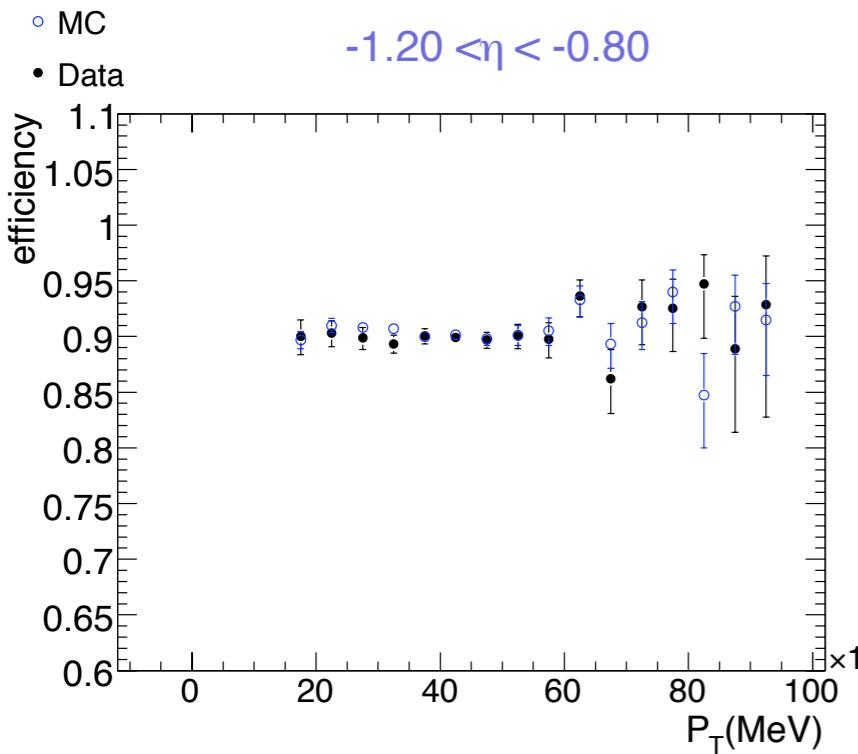
Tag&Probe MSID term

EC



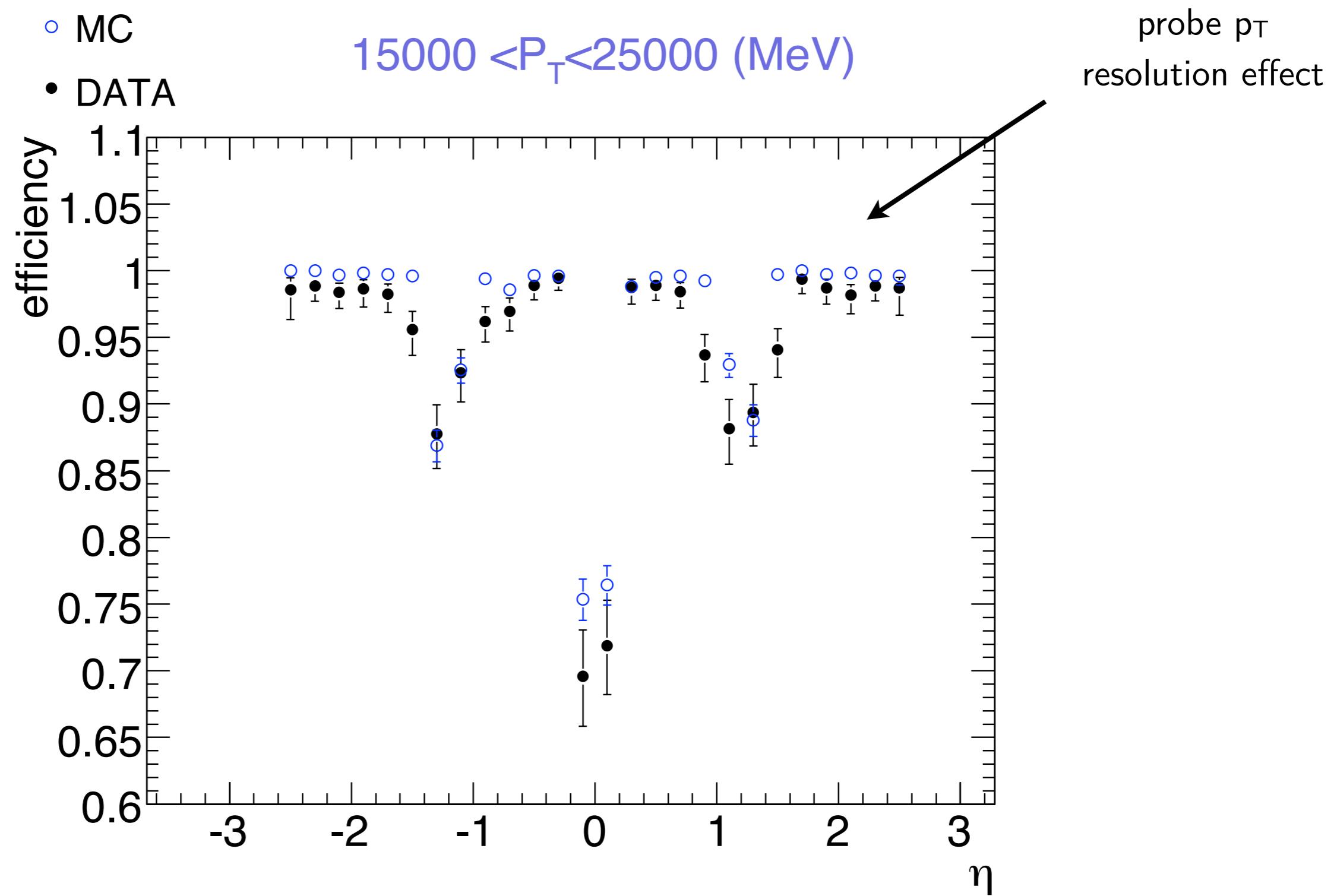
Tag&Probe MSID term

Barrel



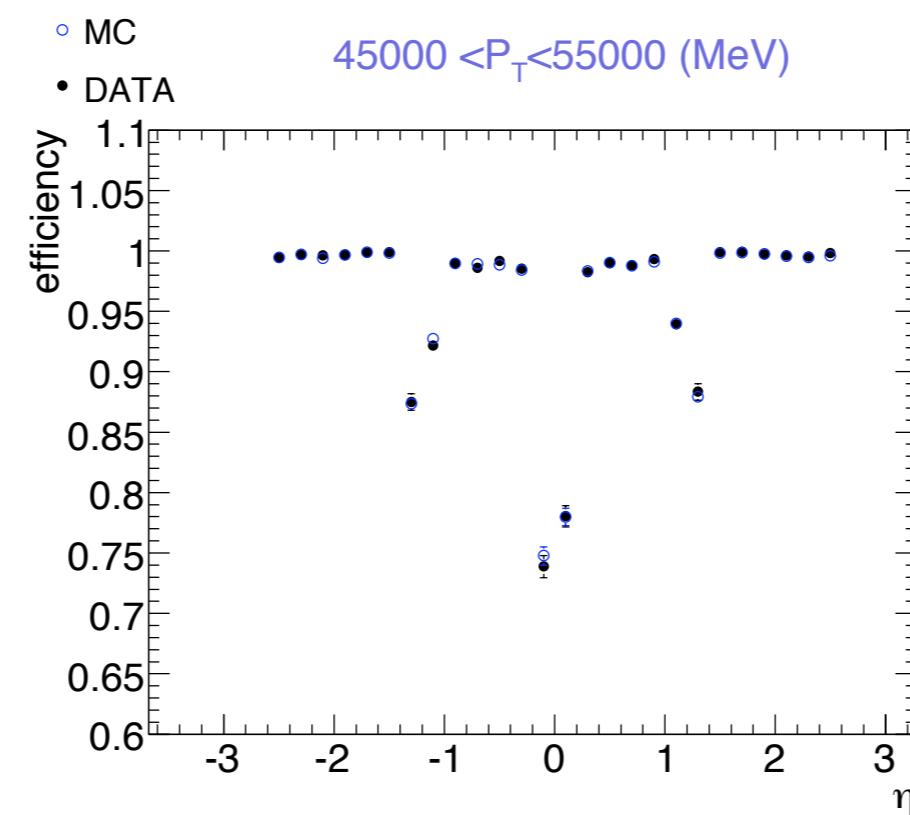
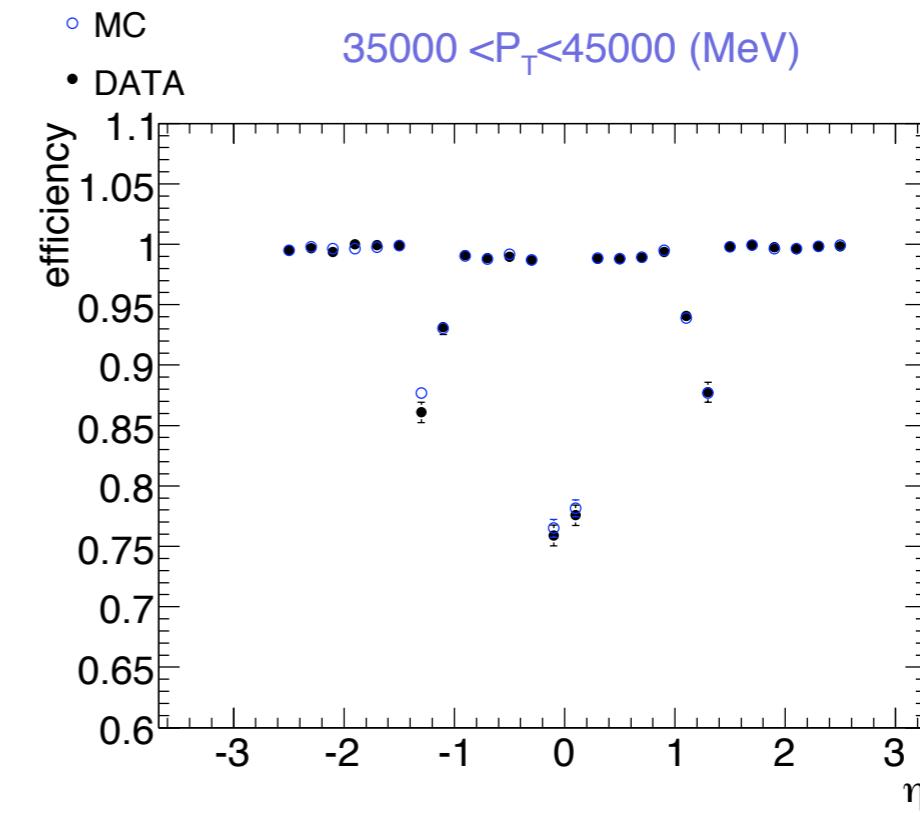
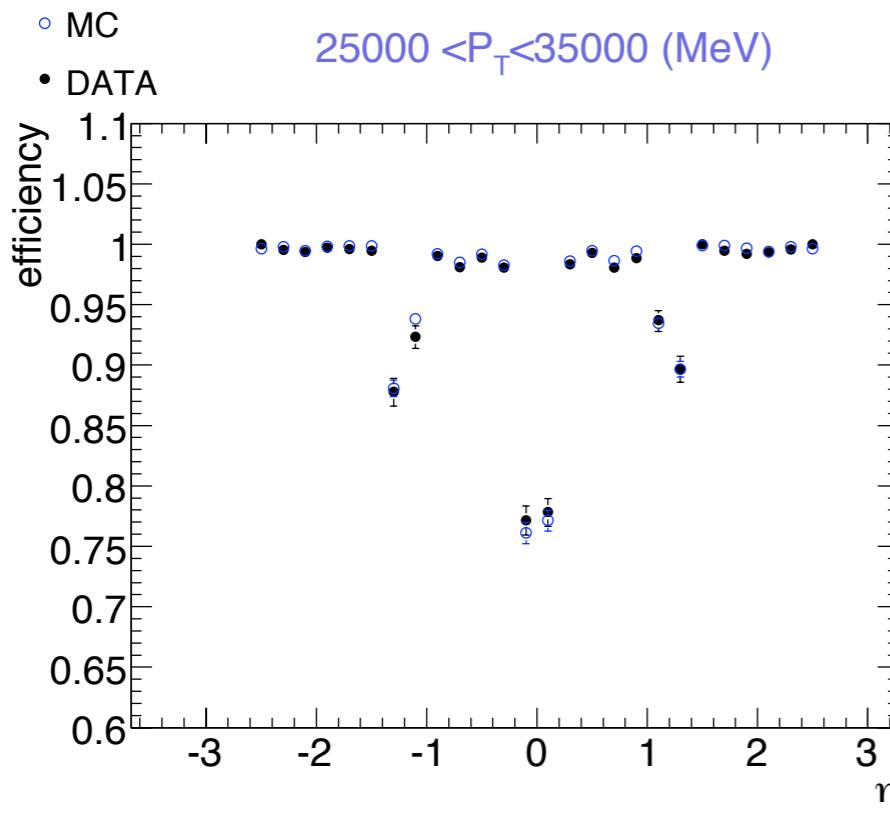
Tag&Probe MSID term

Low P_T



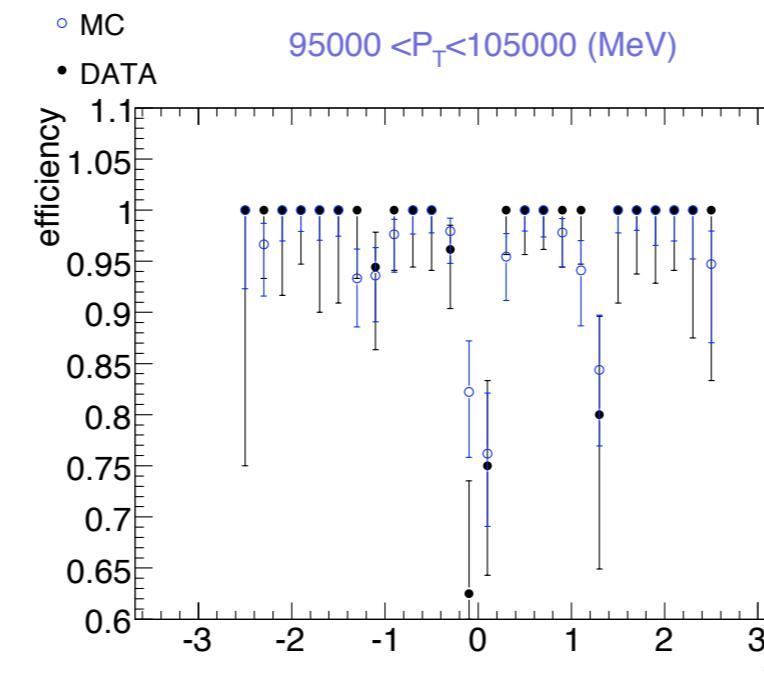
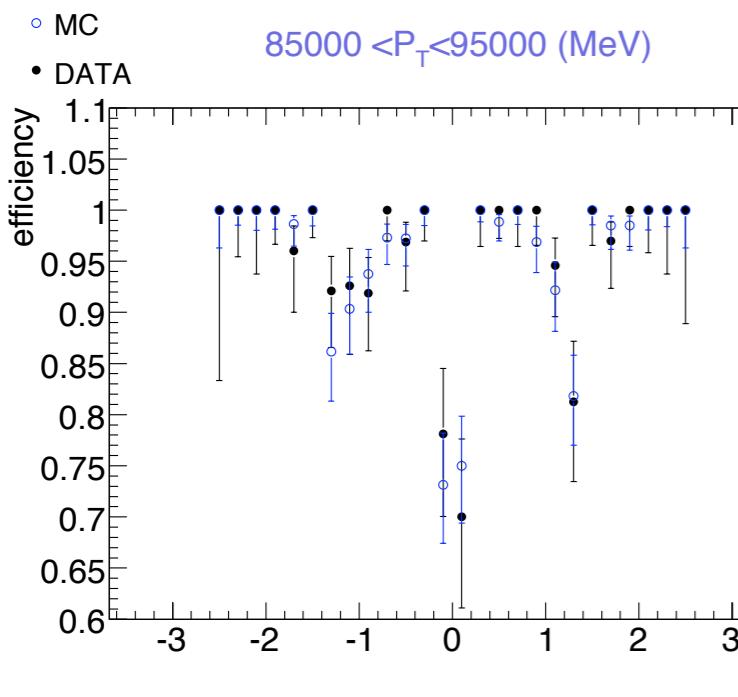
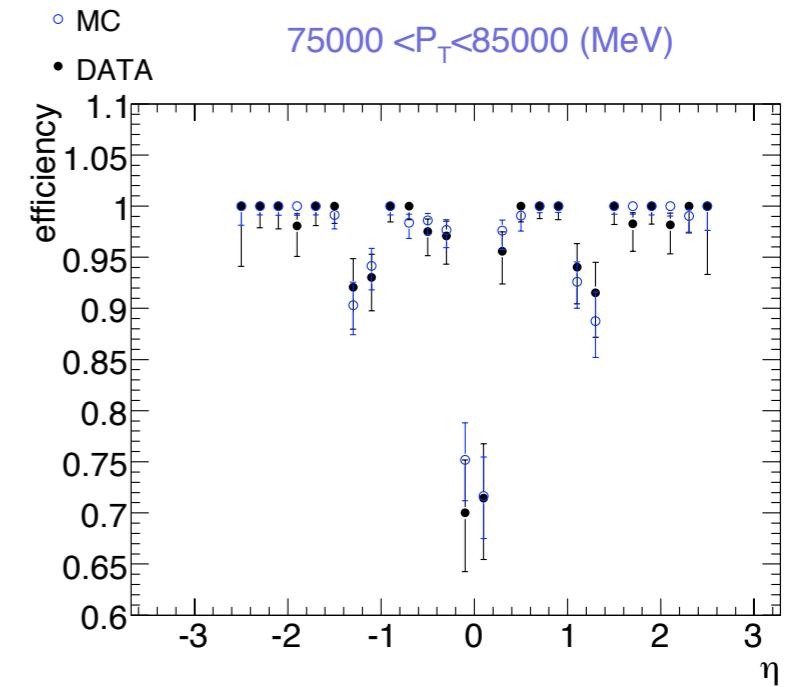
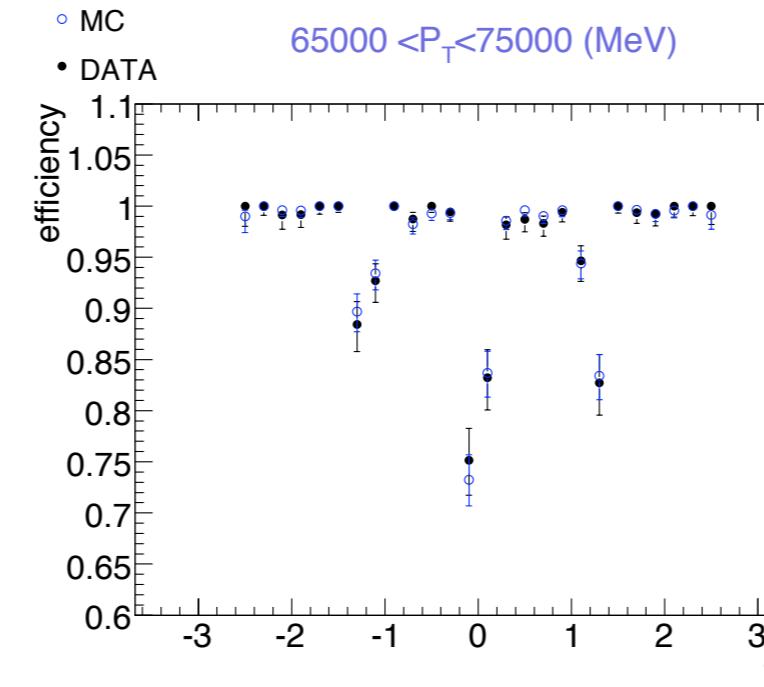
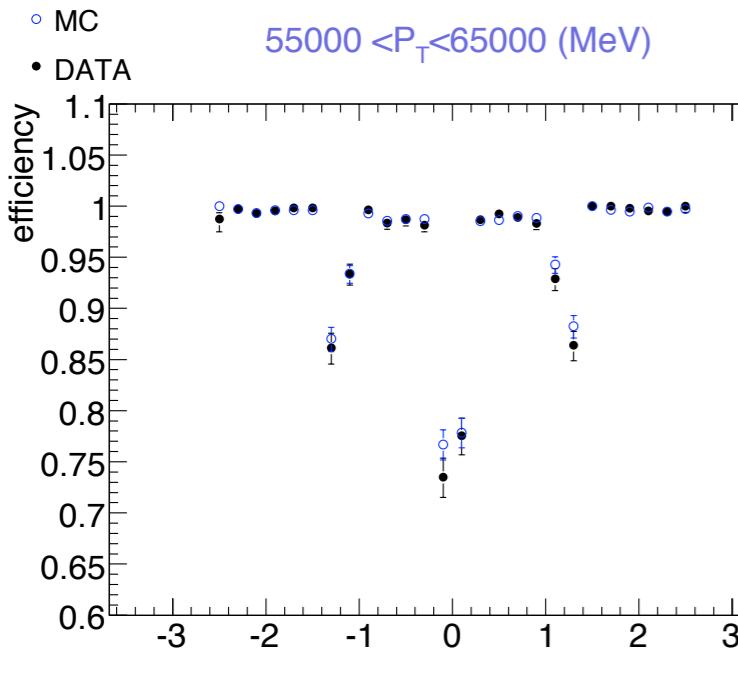
Tag&Probe MSID term

Jacobian region



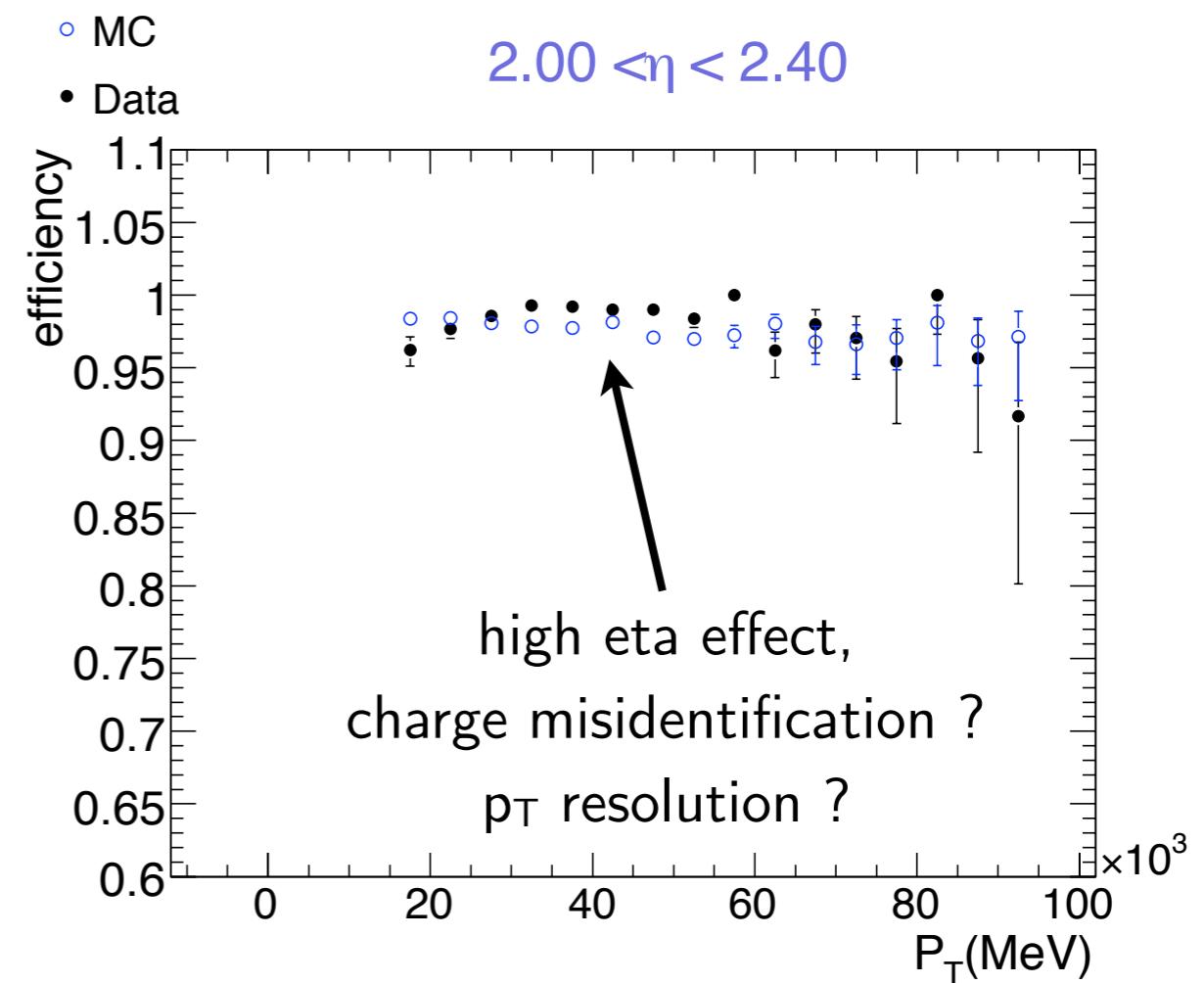
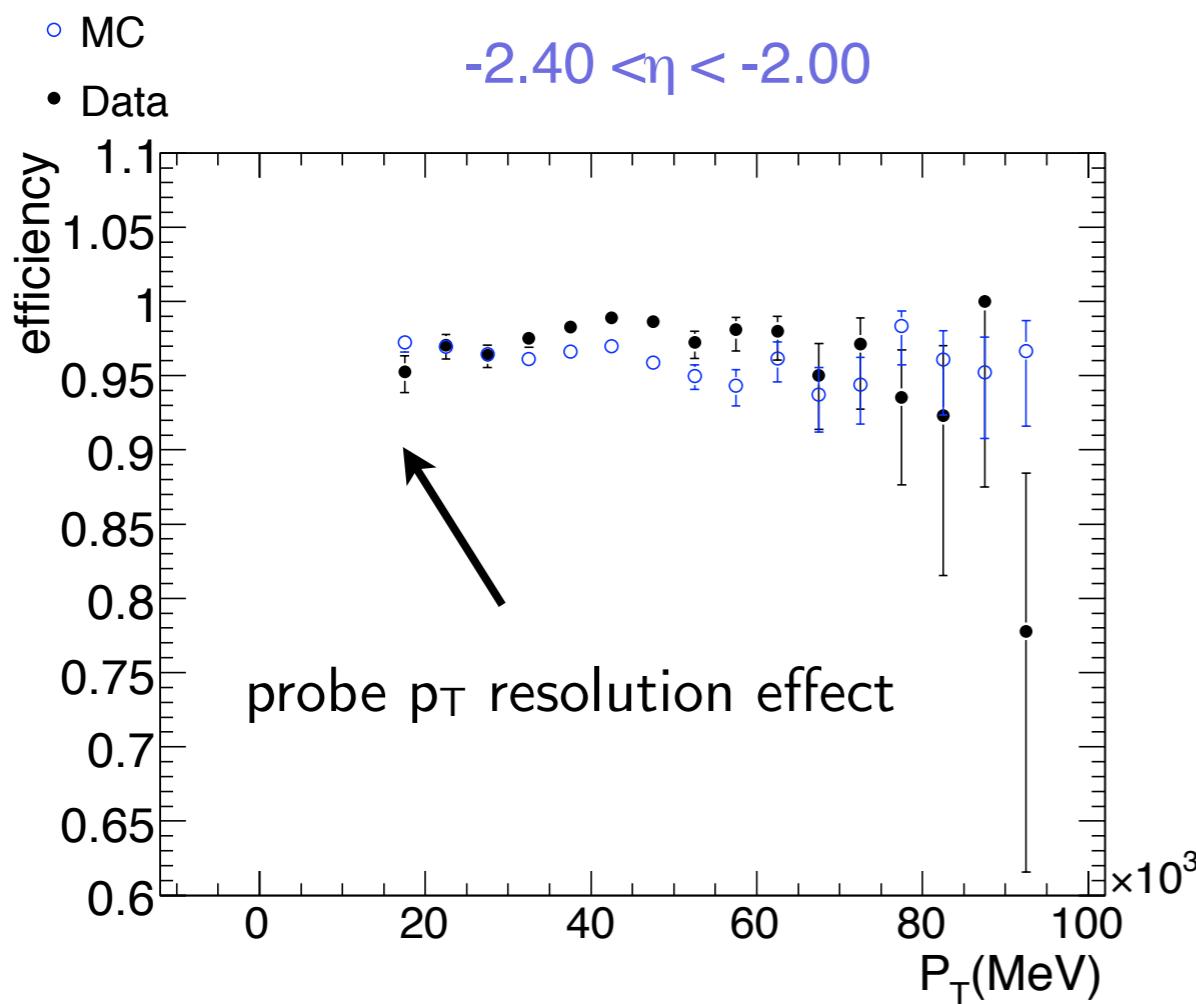
Tag&Probe MSID term

High P_T



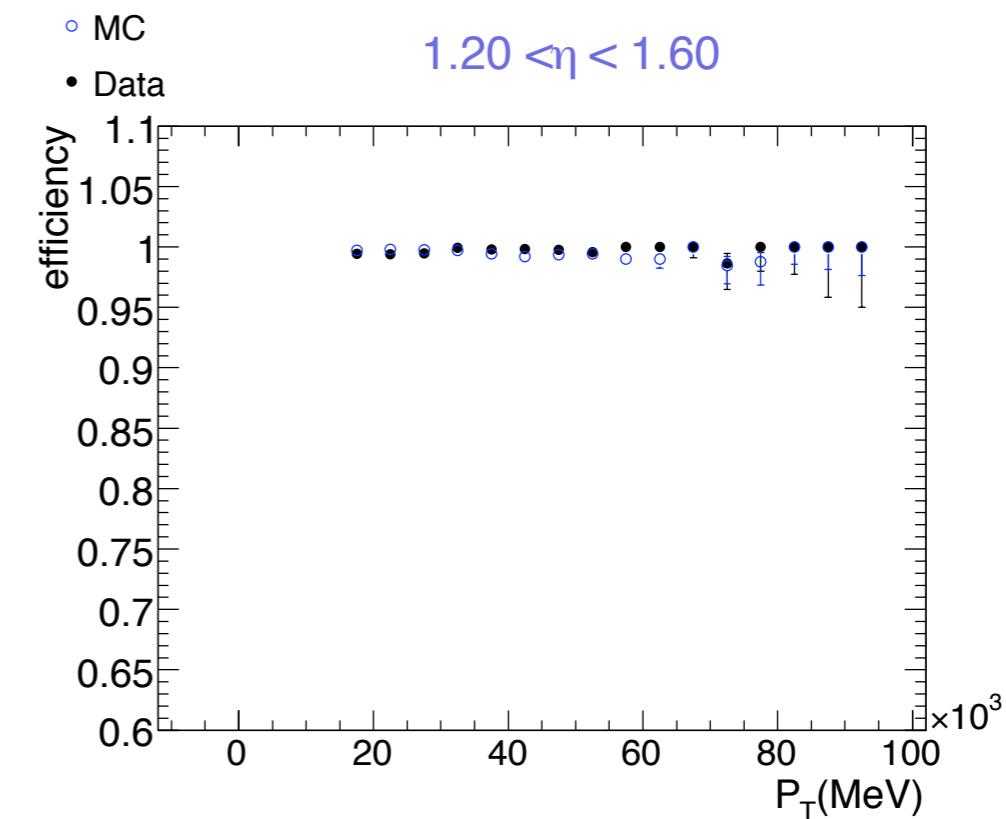
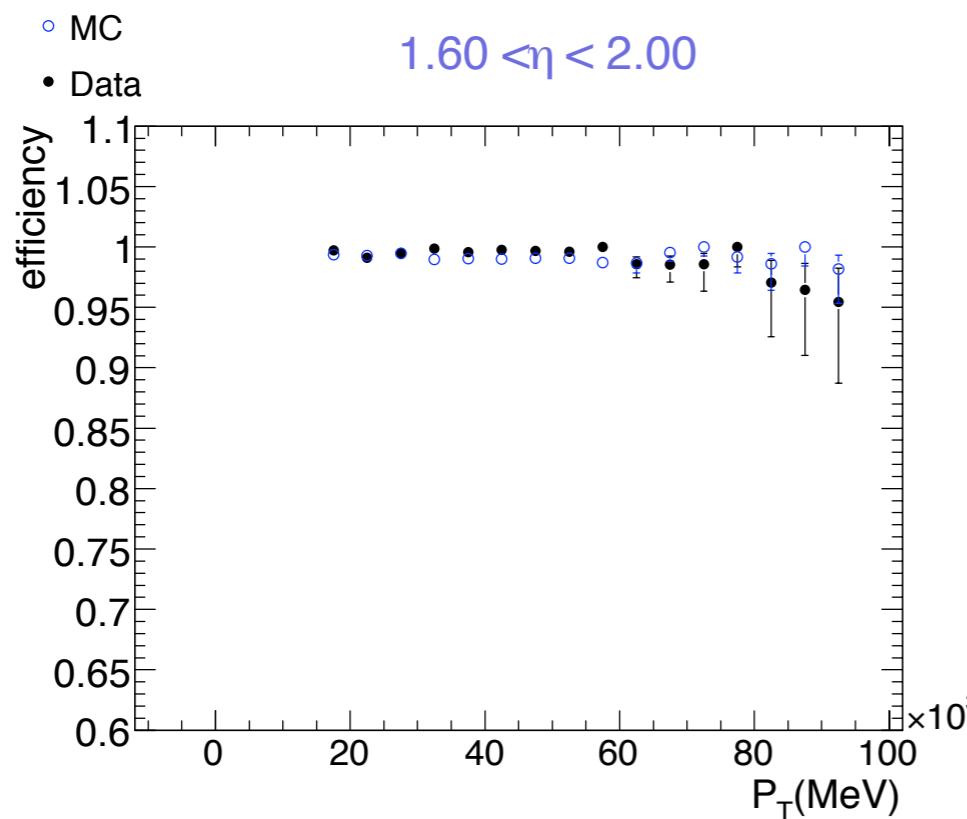
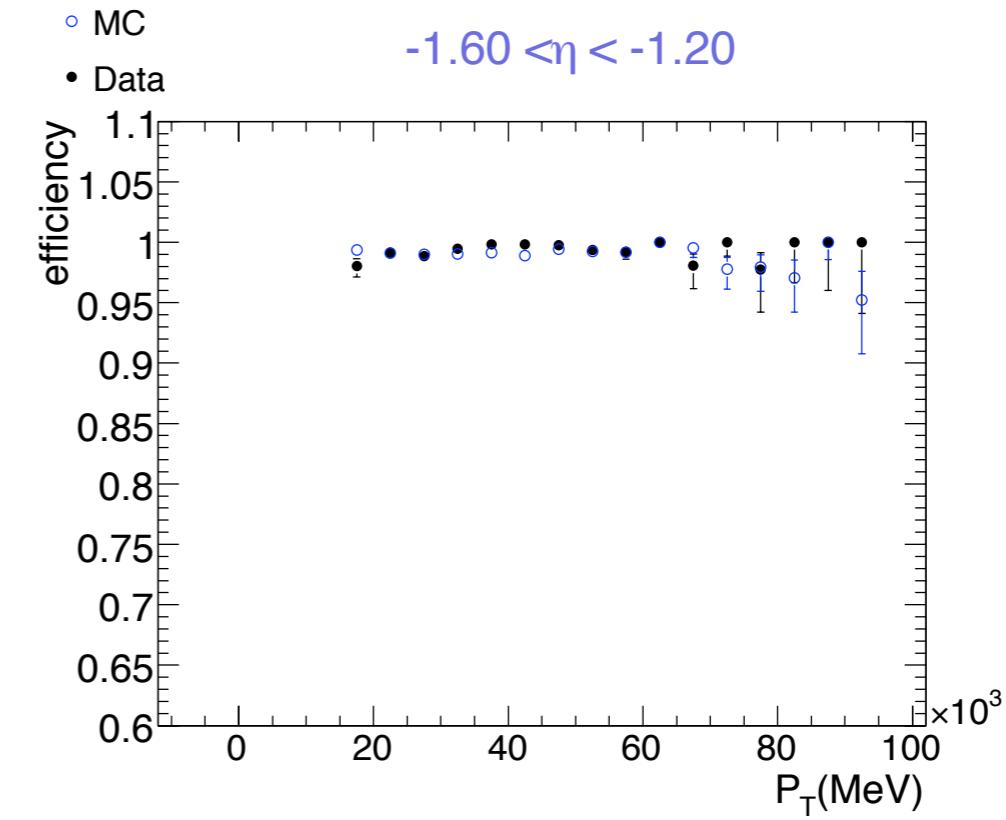
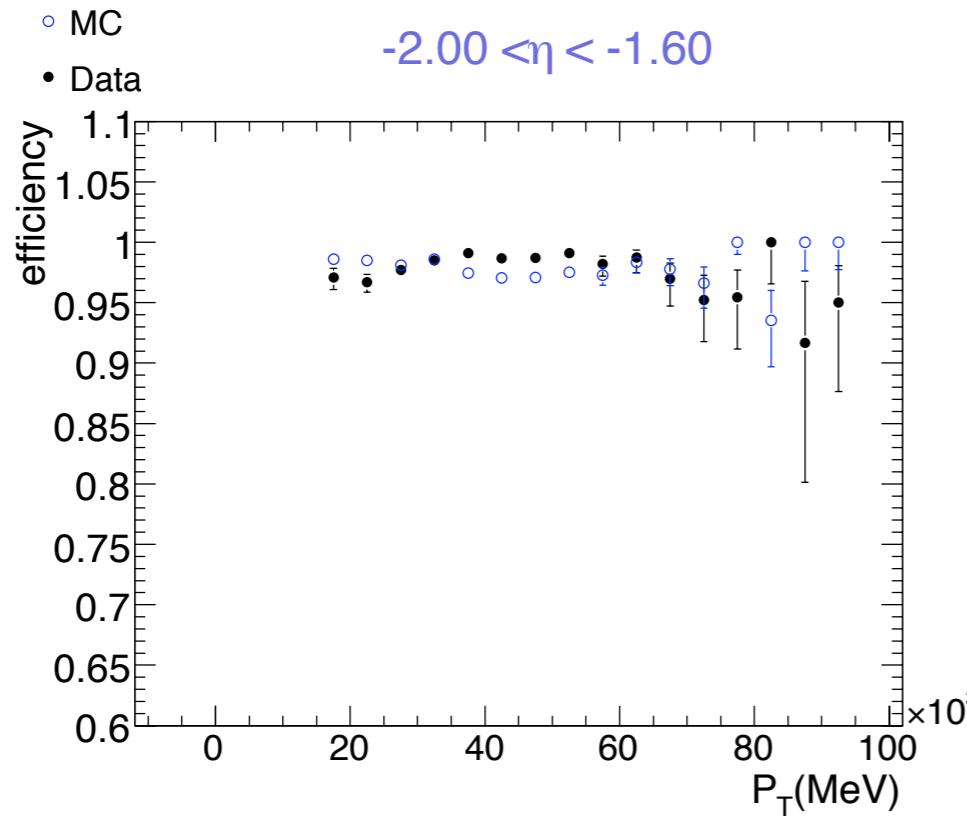
Tag&Probe CBMS term

EC forward



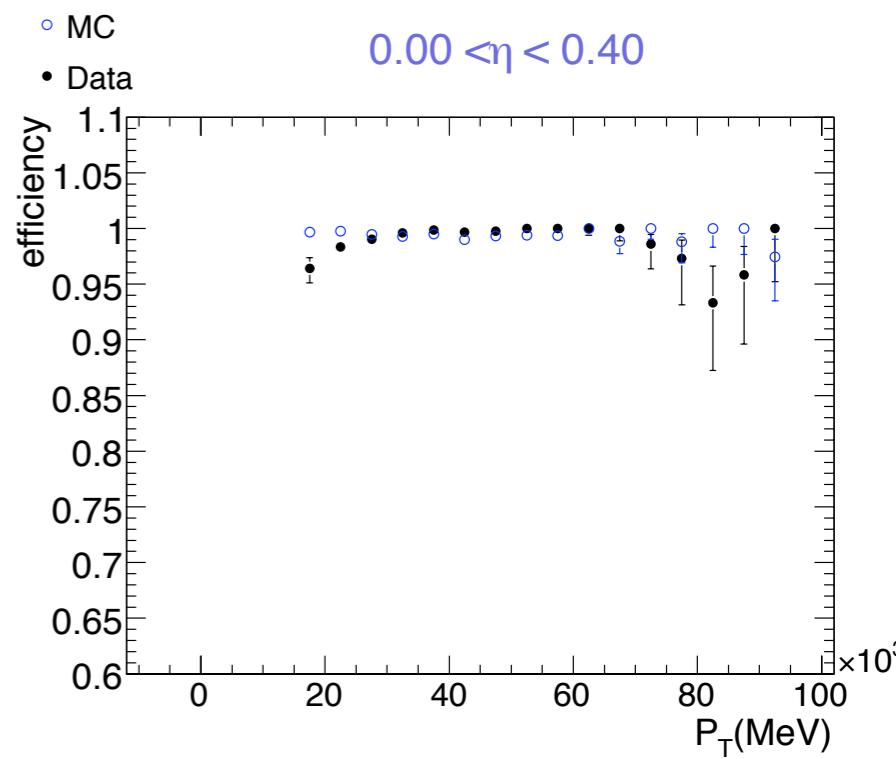
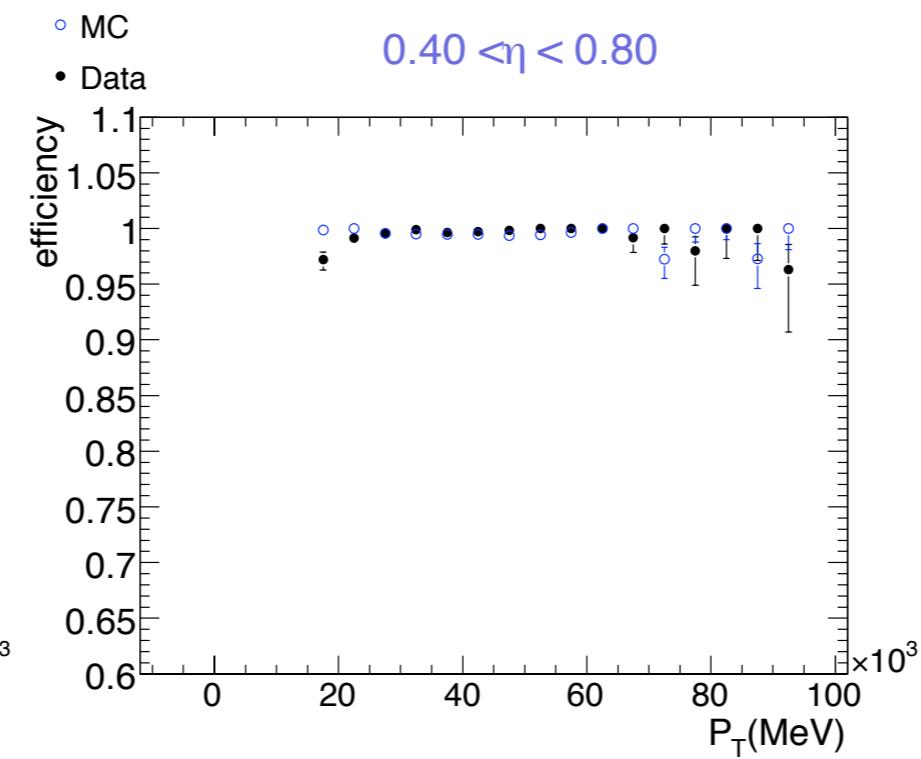
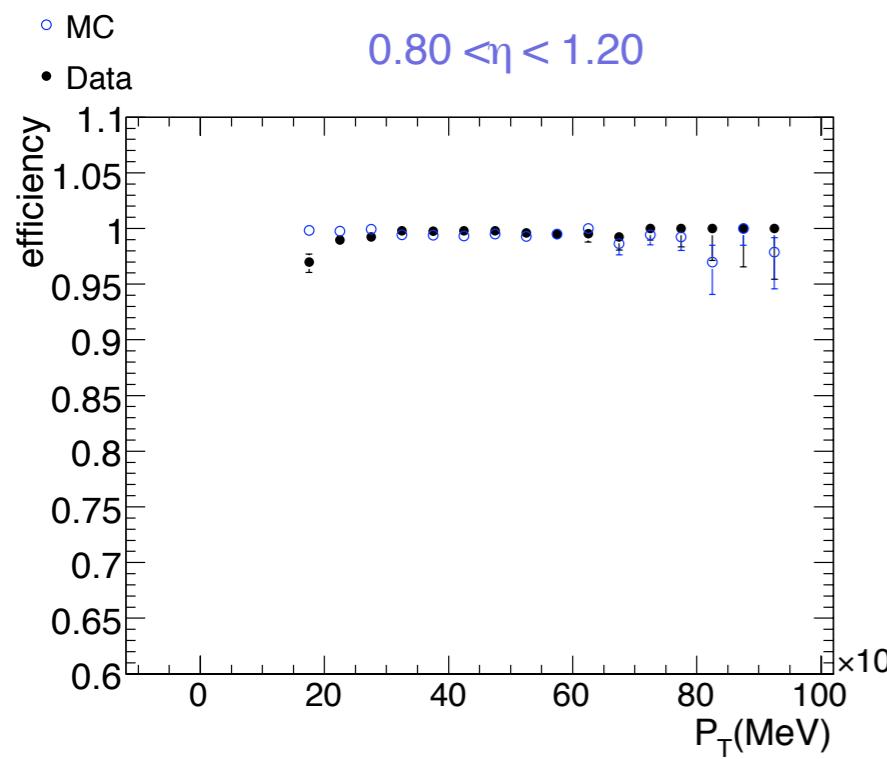
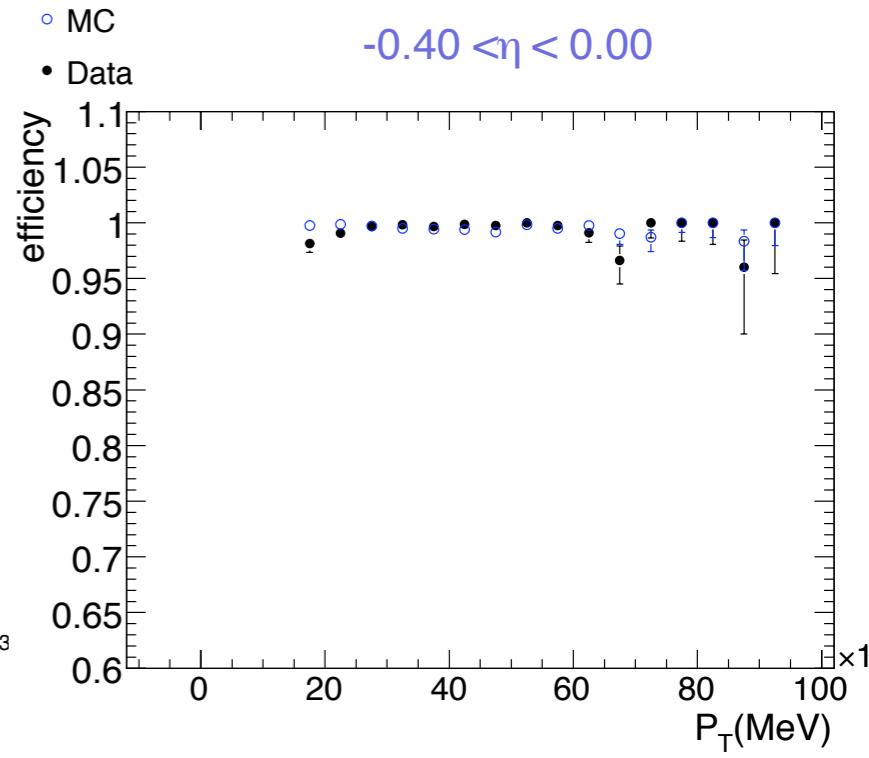
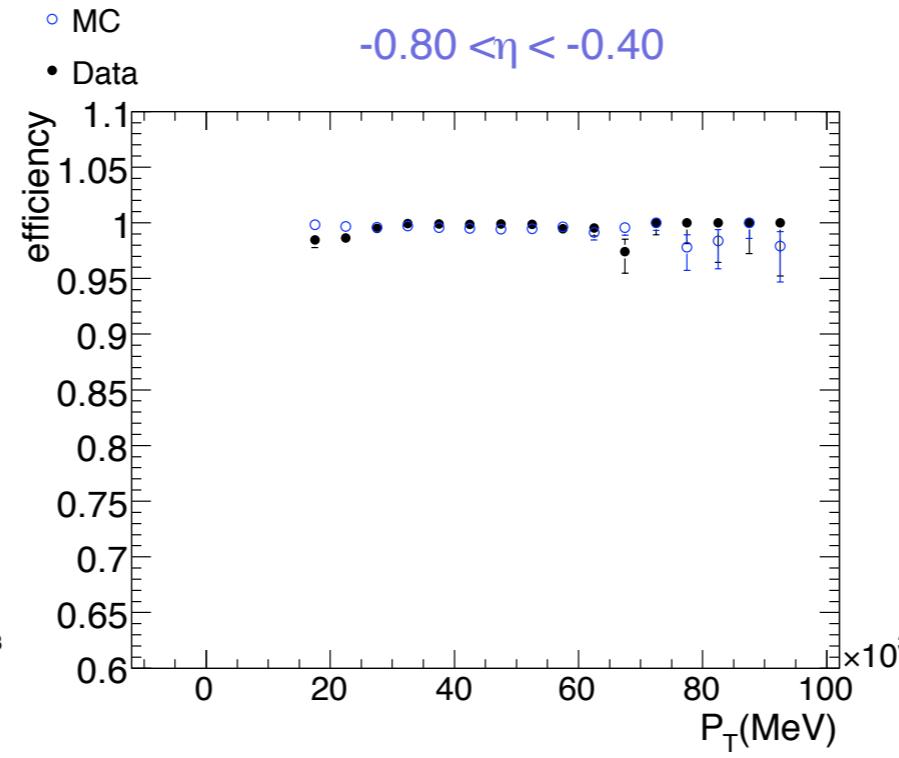
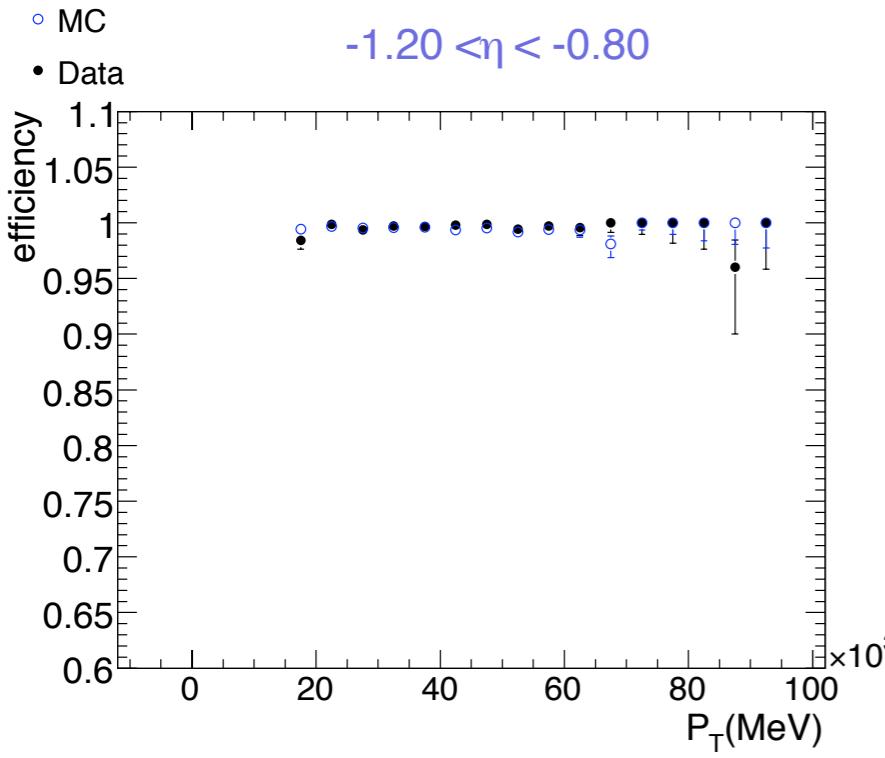
Tag&Probe CBMS term

EC



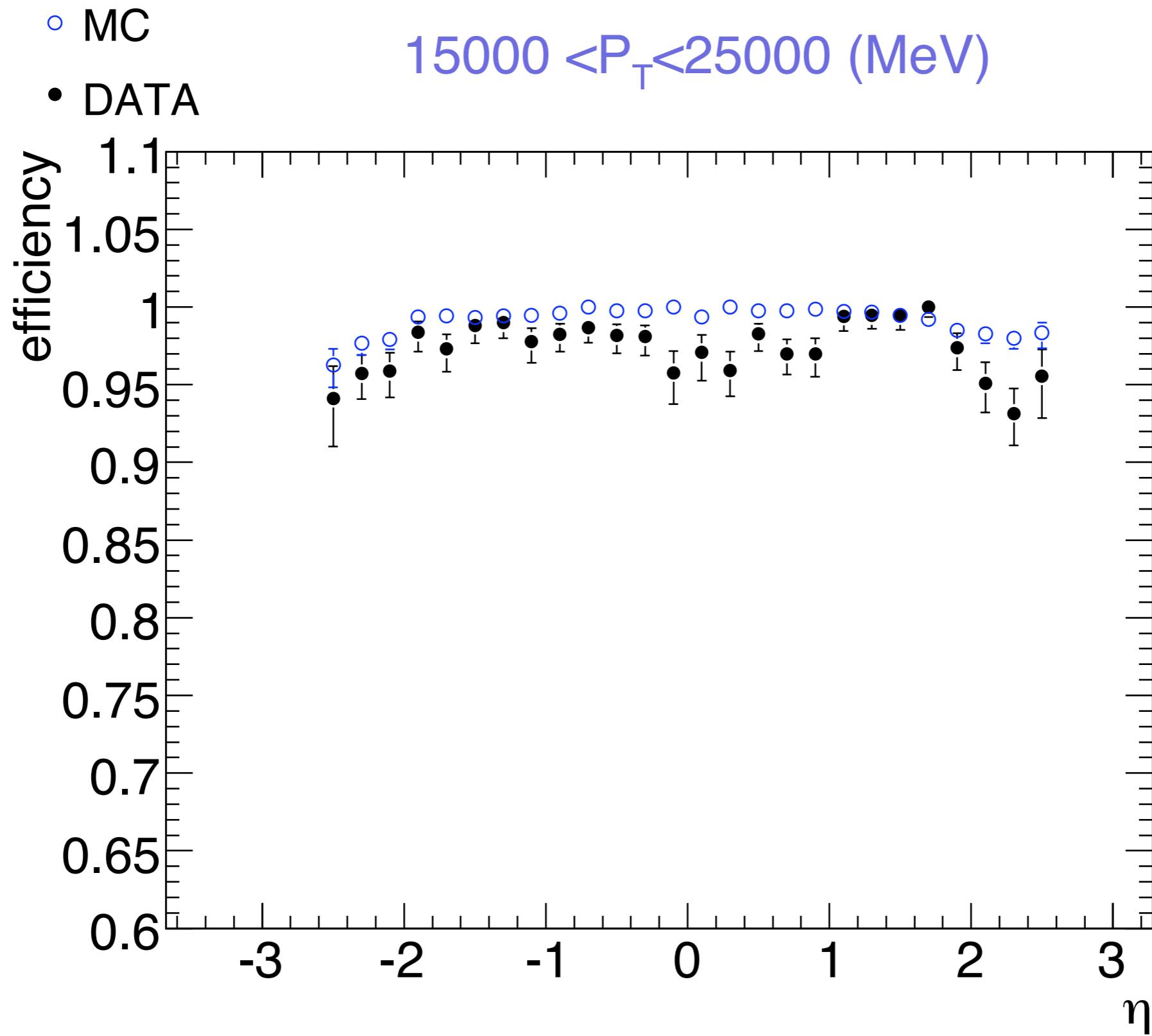
Tag&Probe CBMS term

Barrel



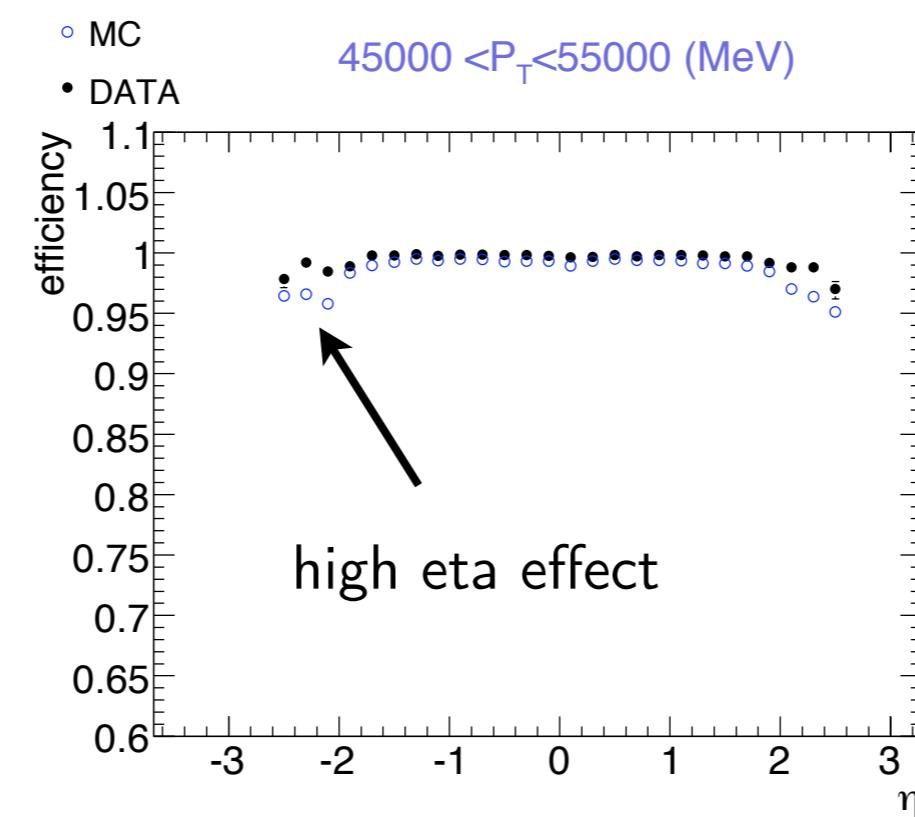
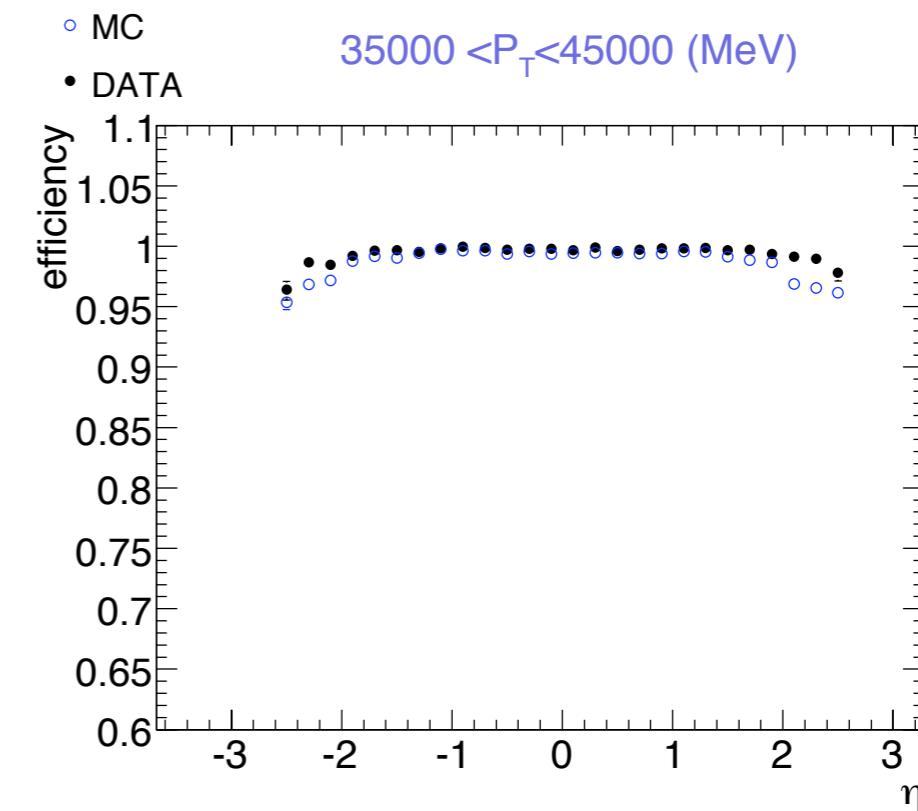
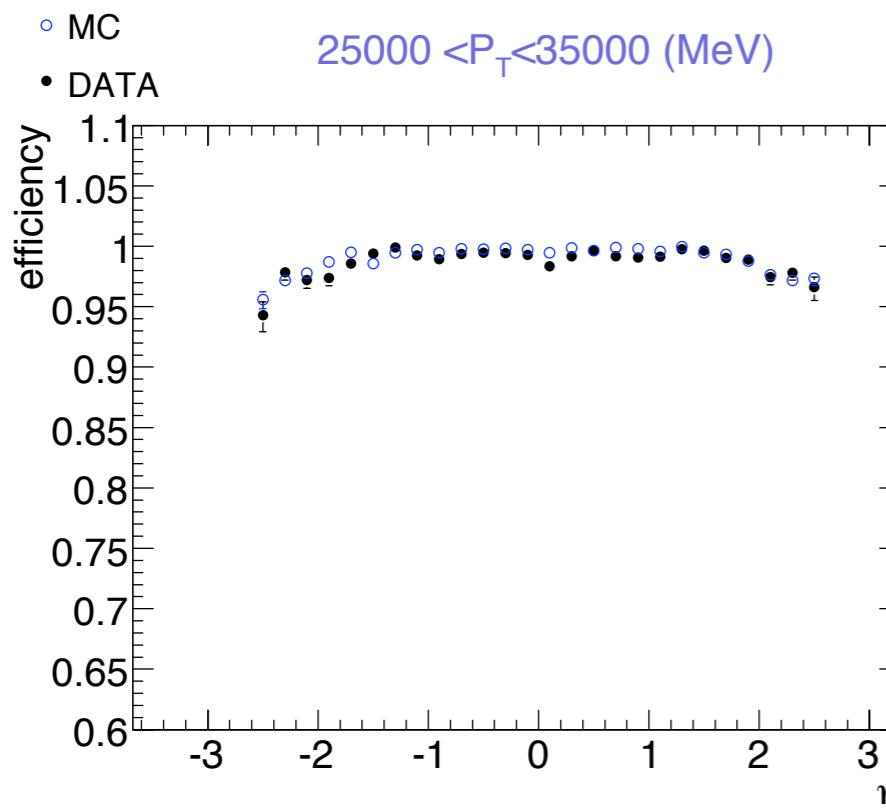
Tag&Probe CBMS term

Low P_T



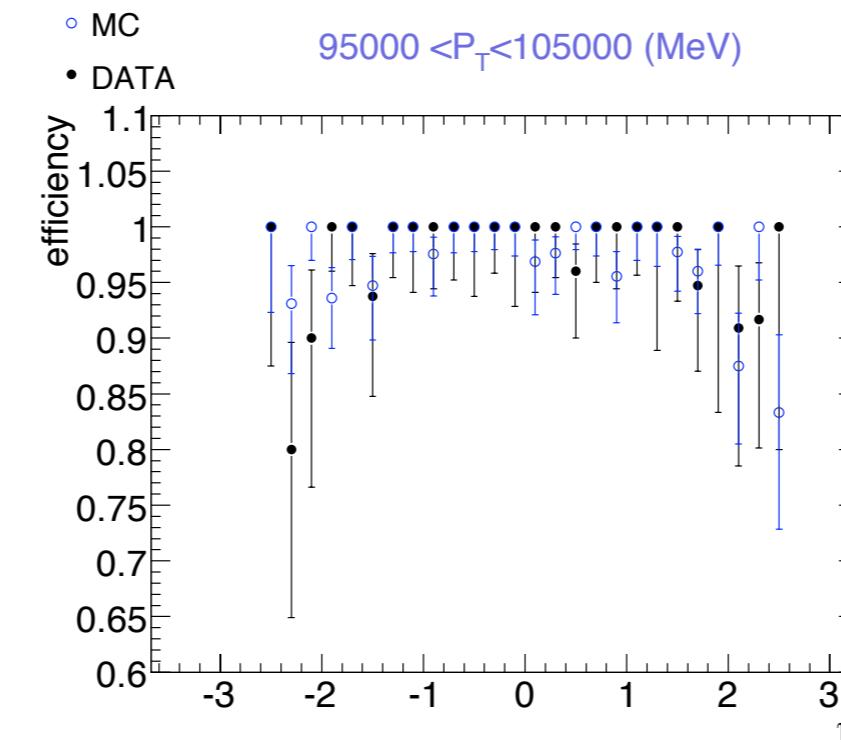
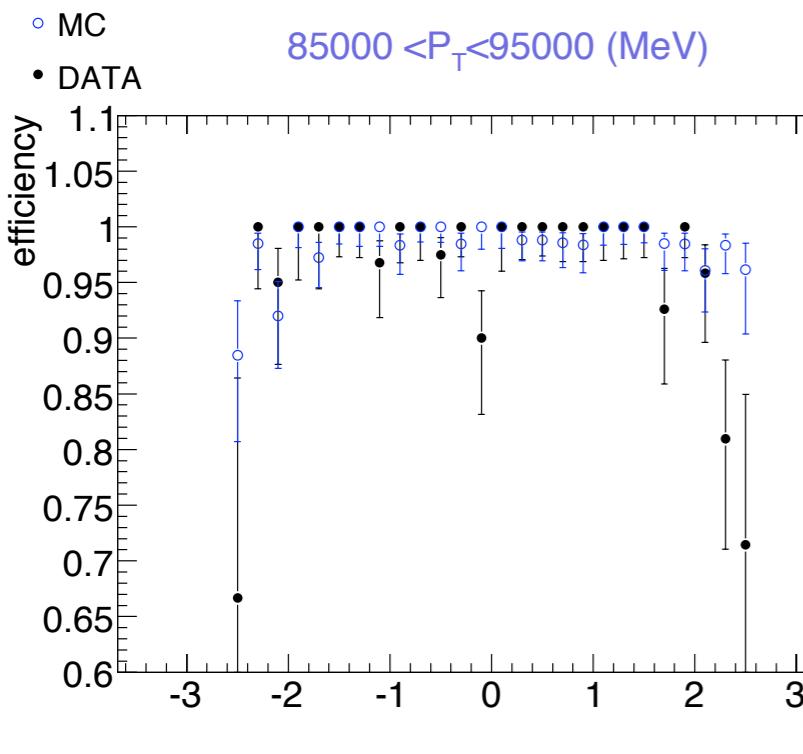
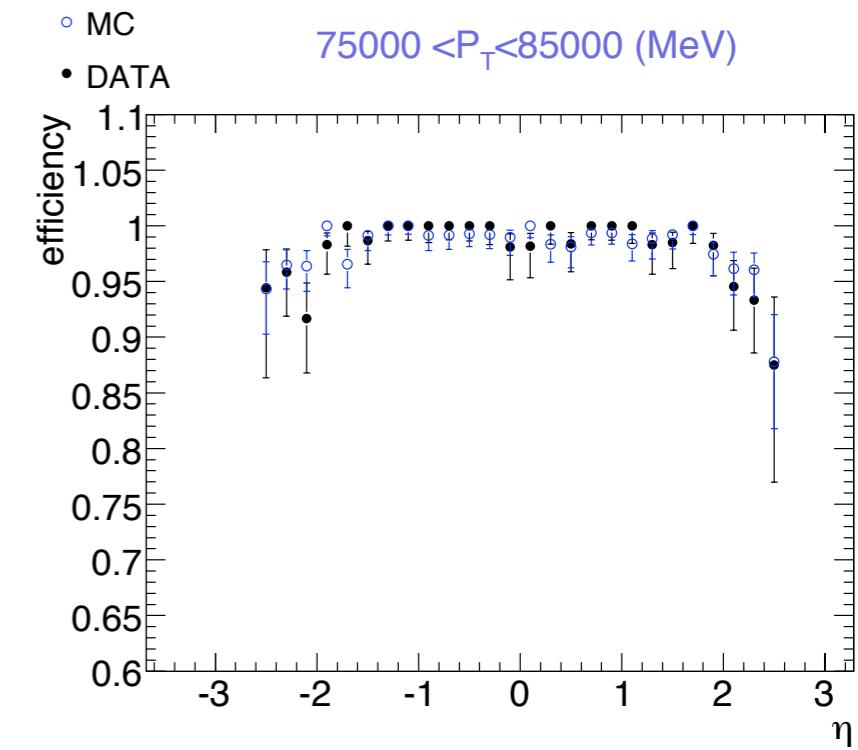
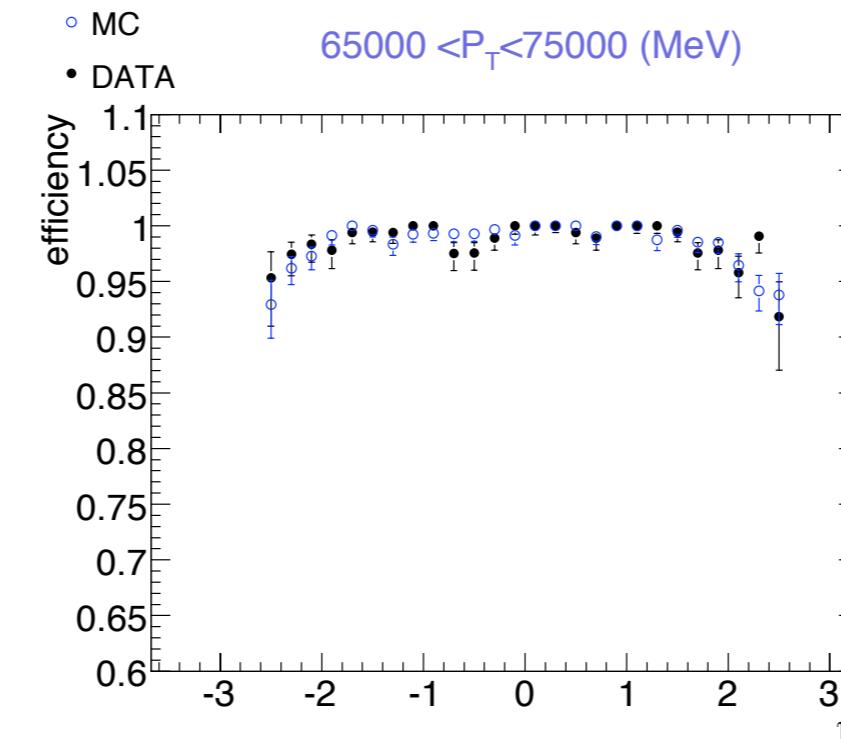
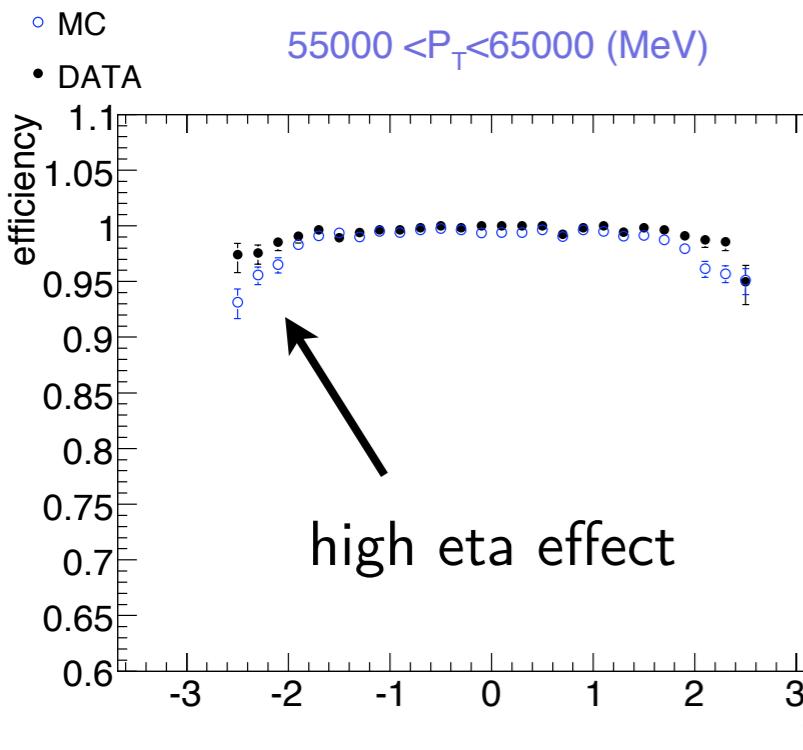
Tag&Probe CBMS term

Jacobian region



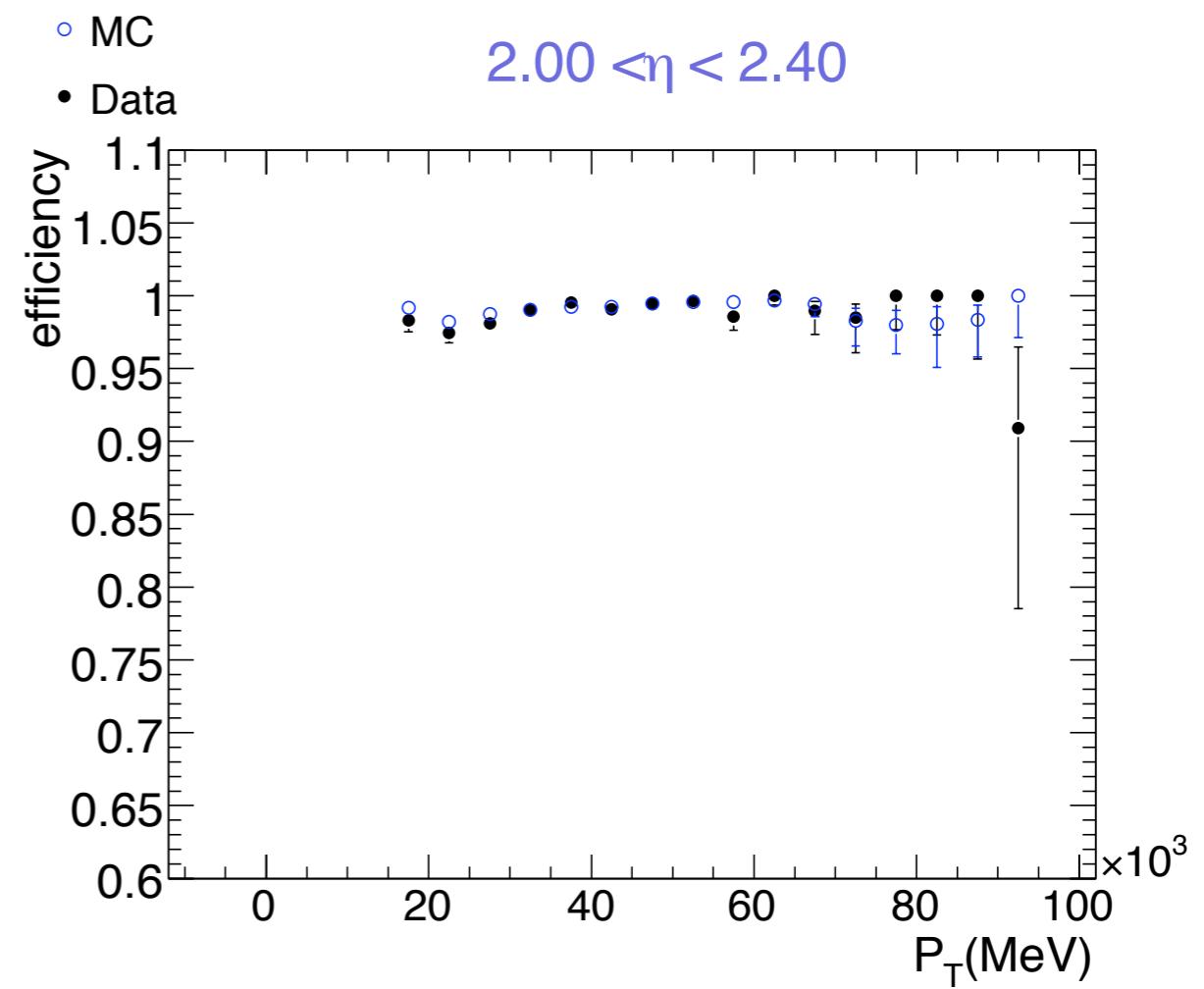
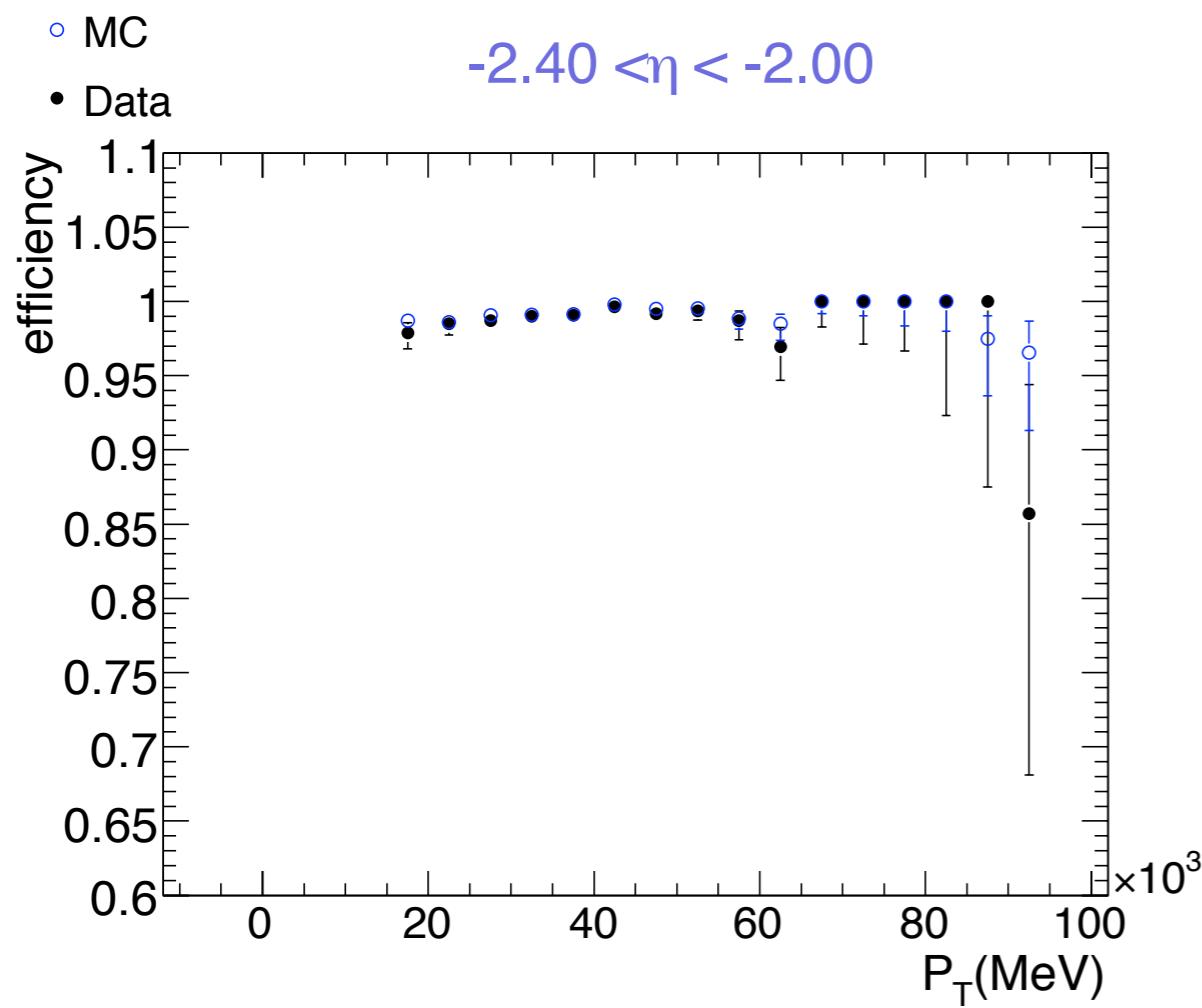
Tag&Probe CBMS term

High P_T



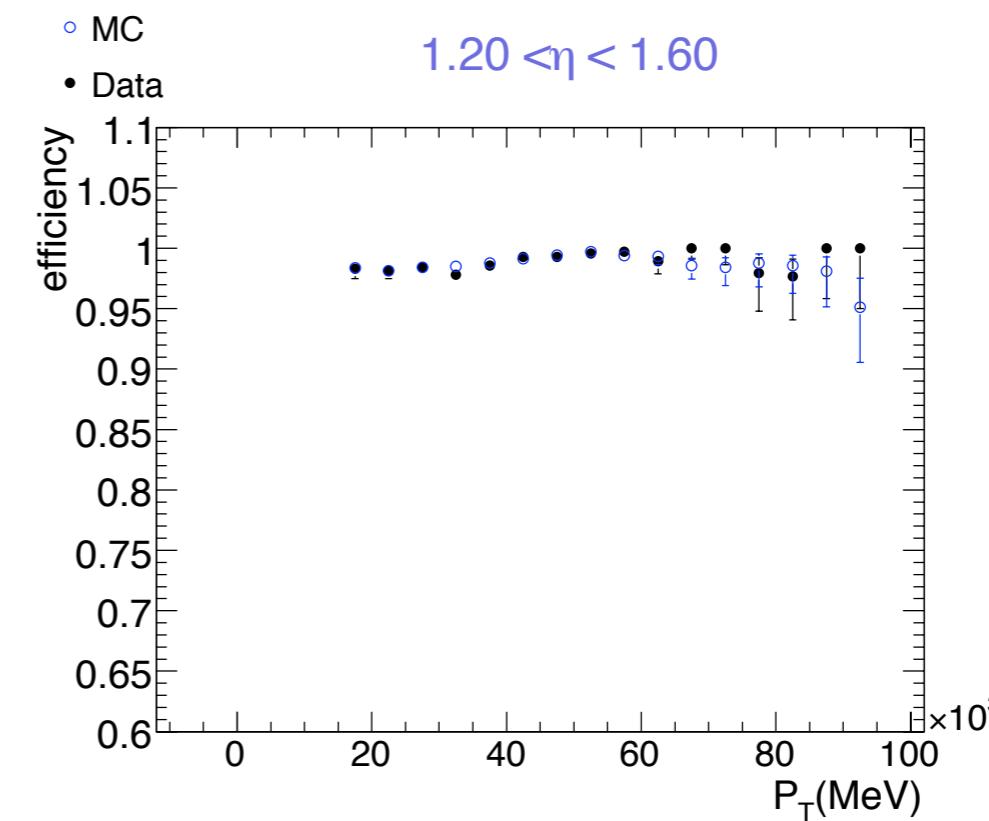
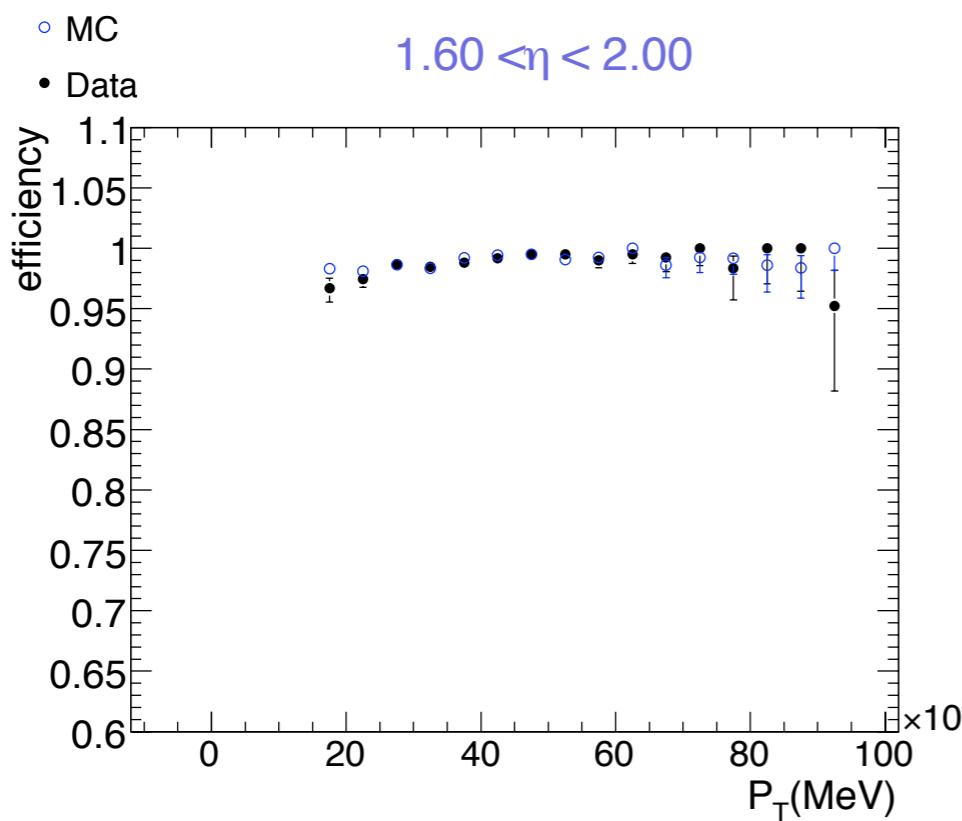
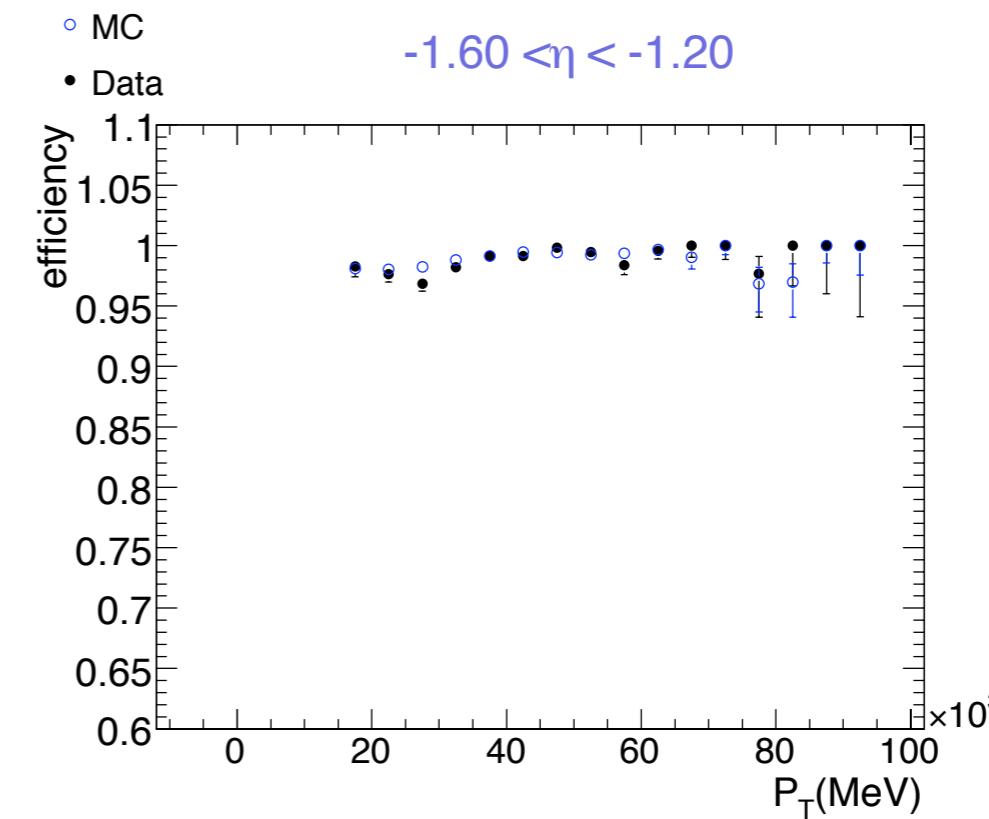
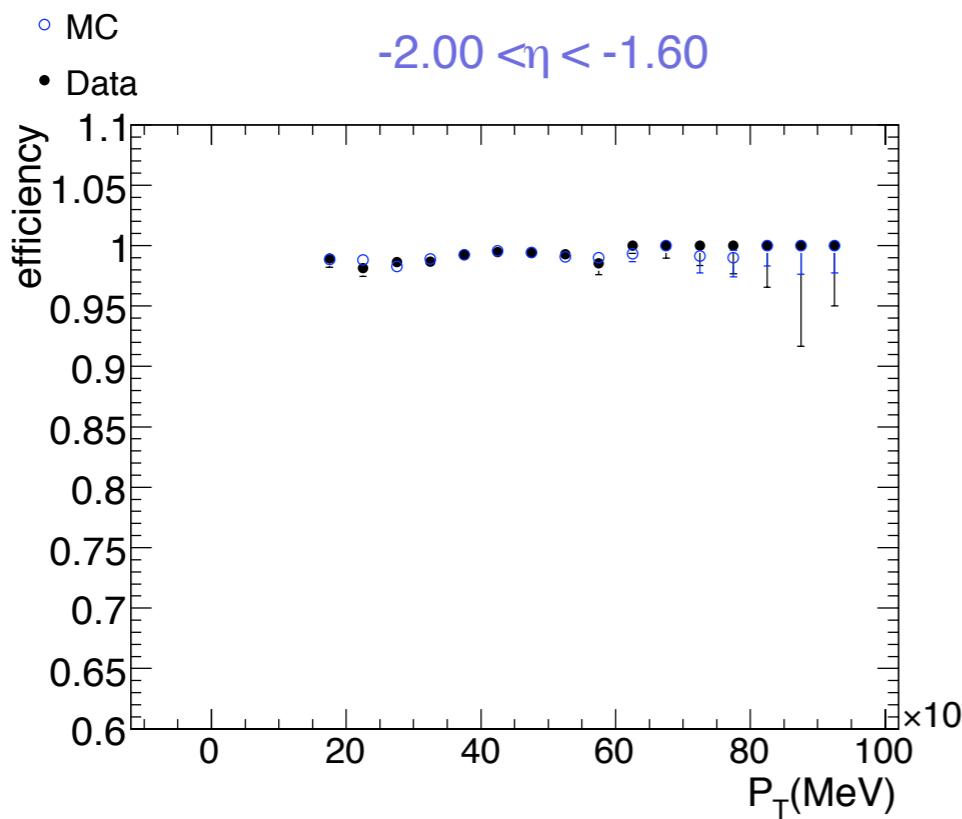
Tag&Probe CBISO term

EC forward



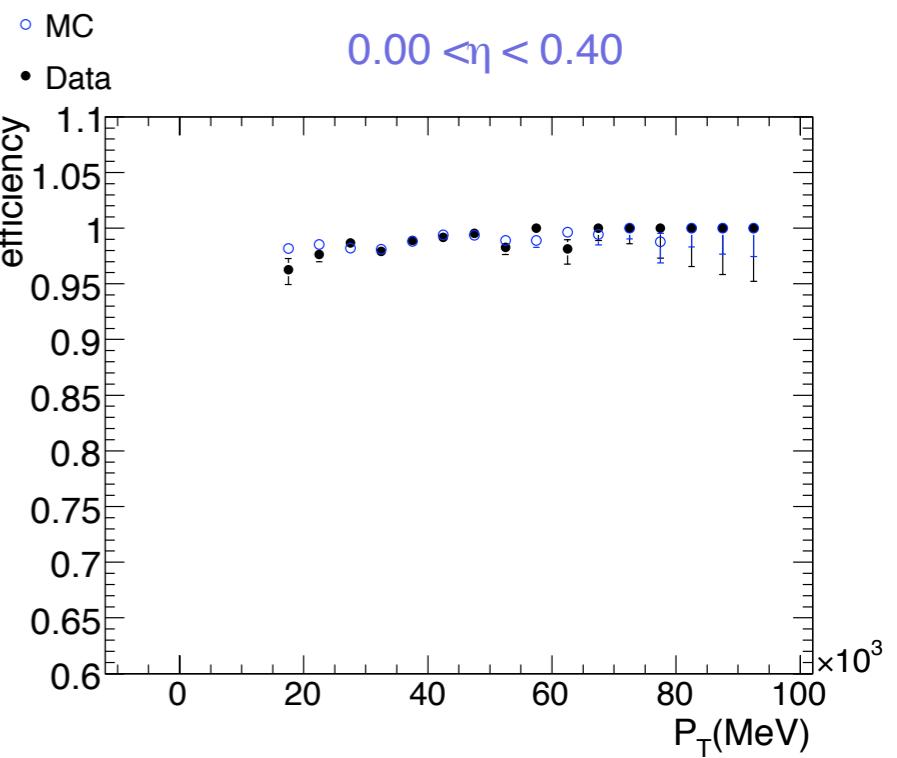
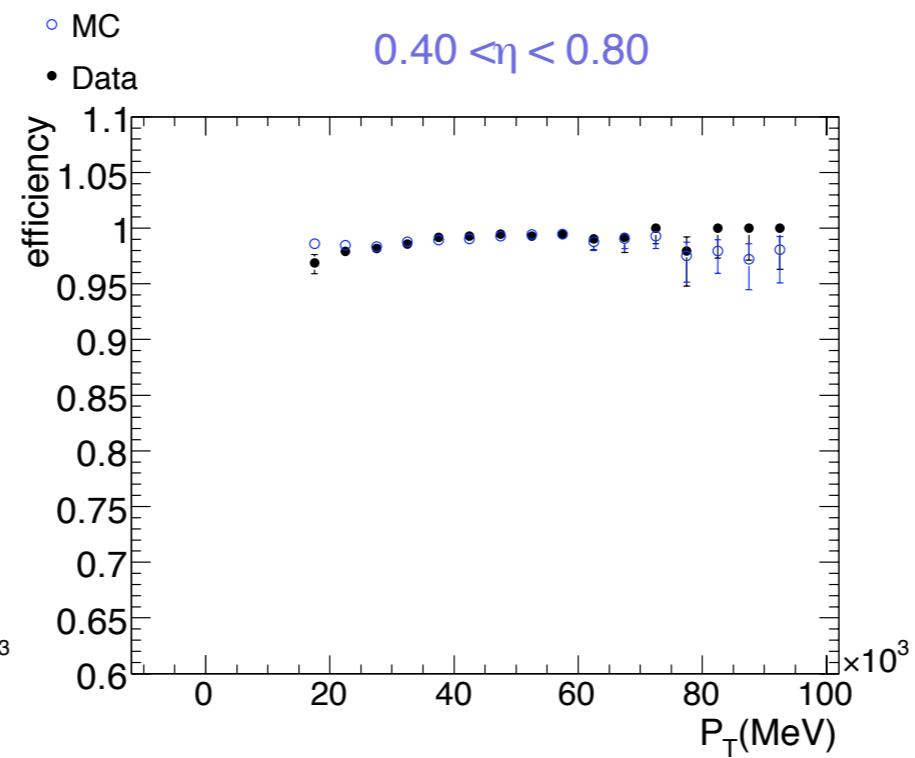
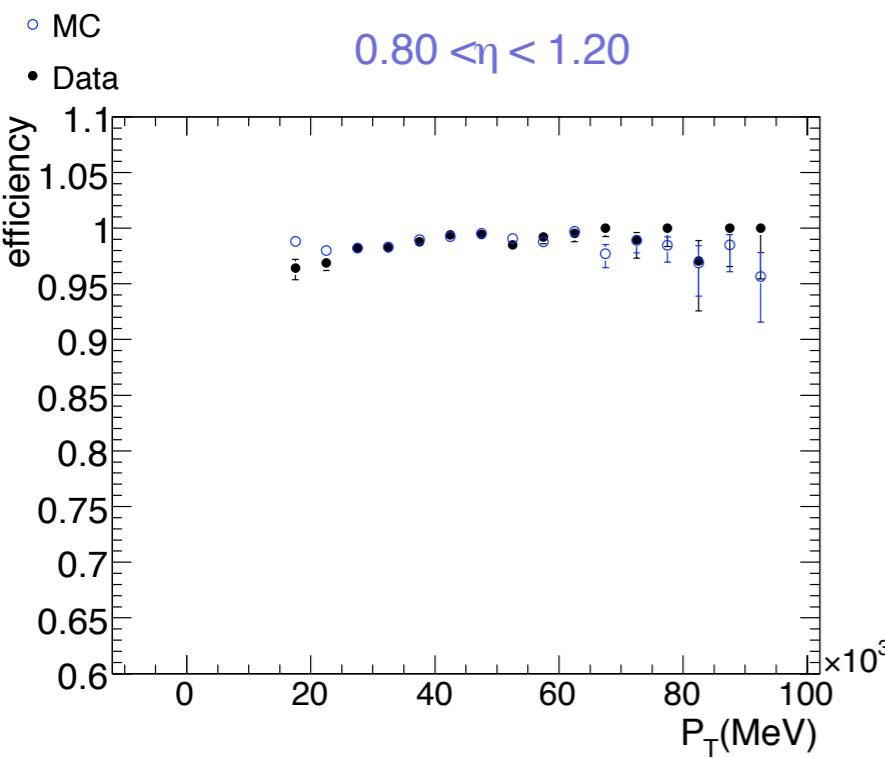
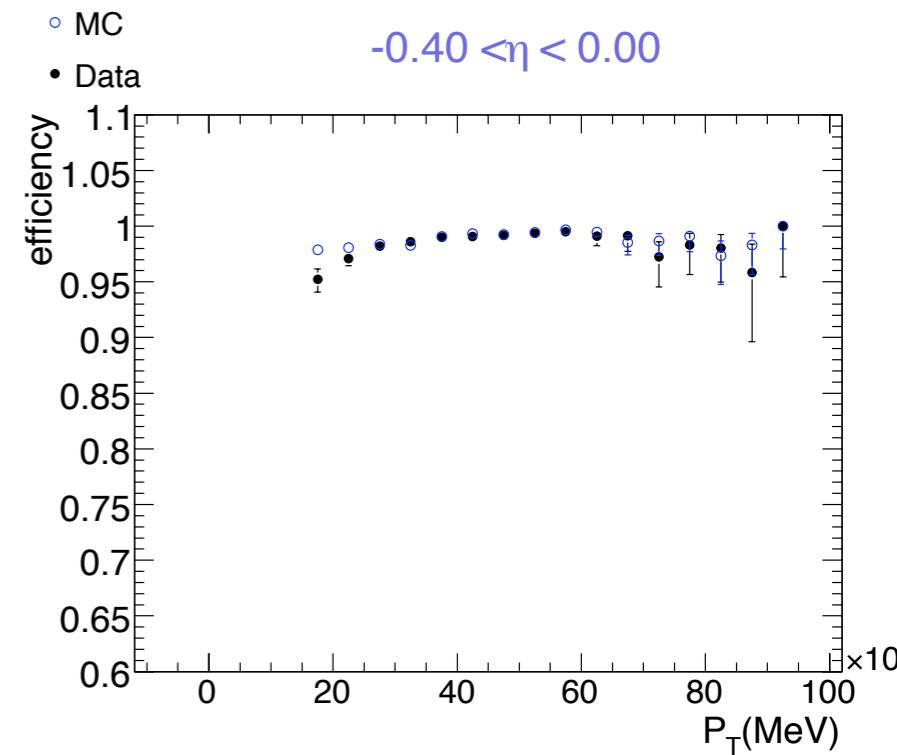
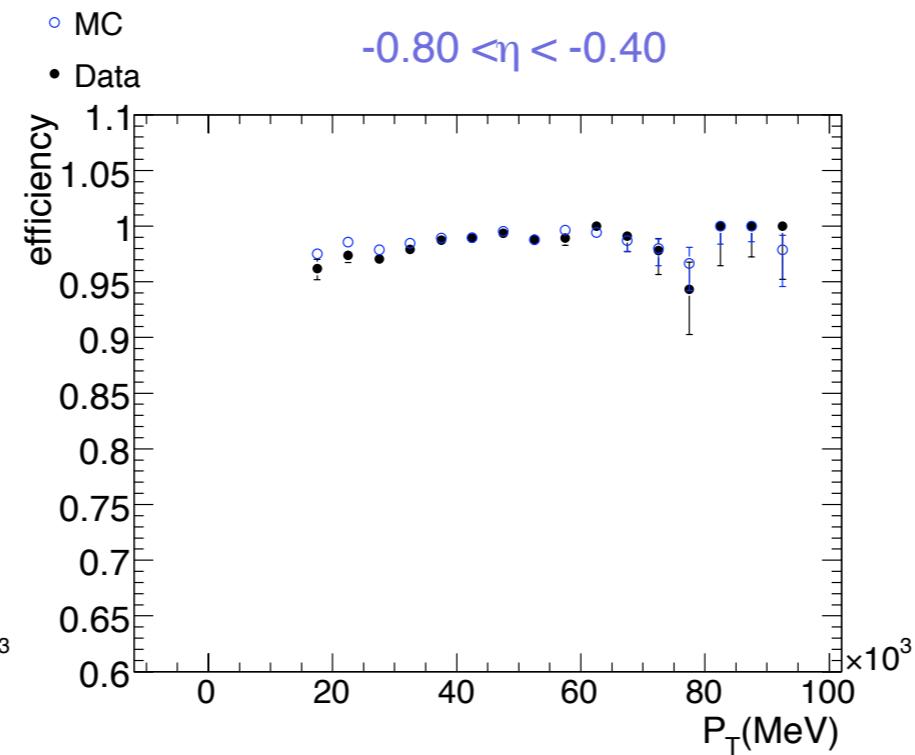
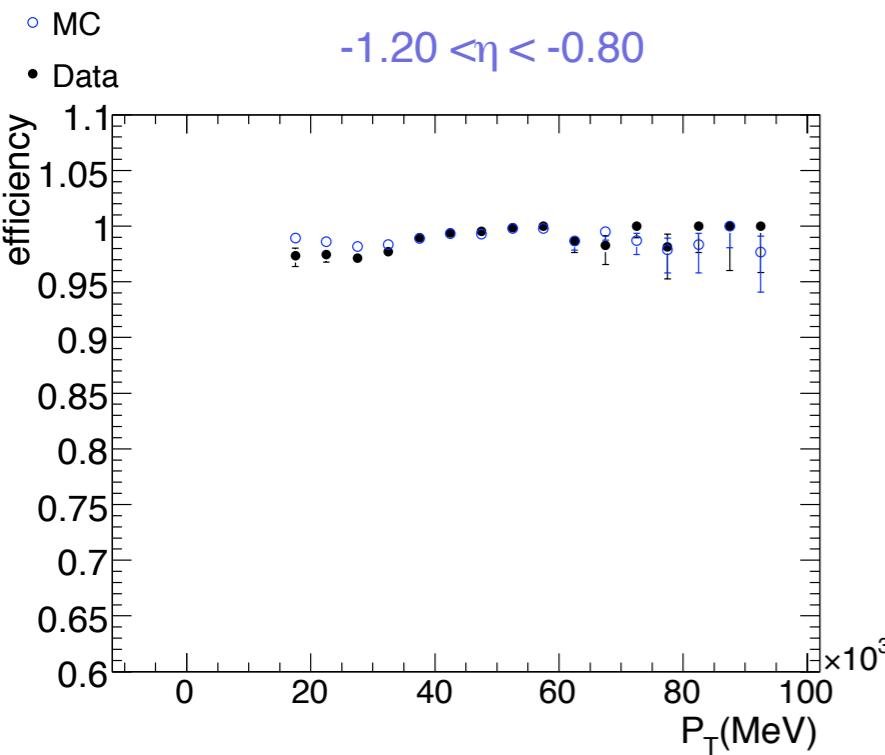
Tag&Probe CBISO term

EC



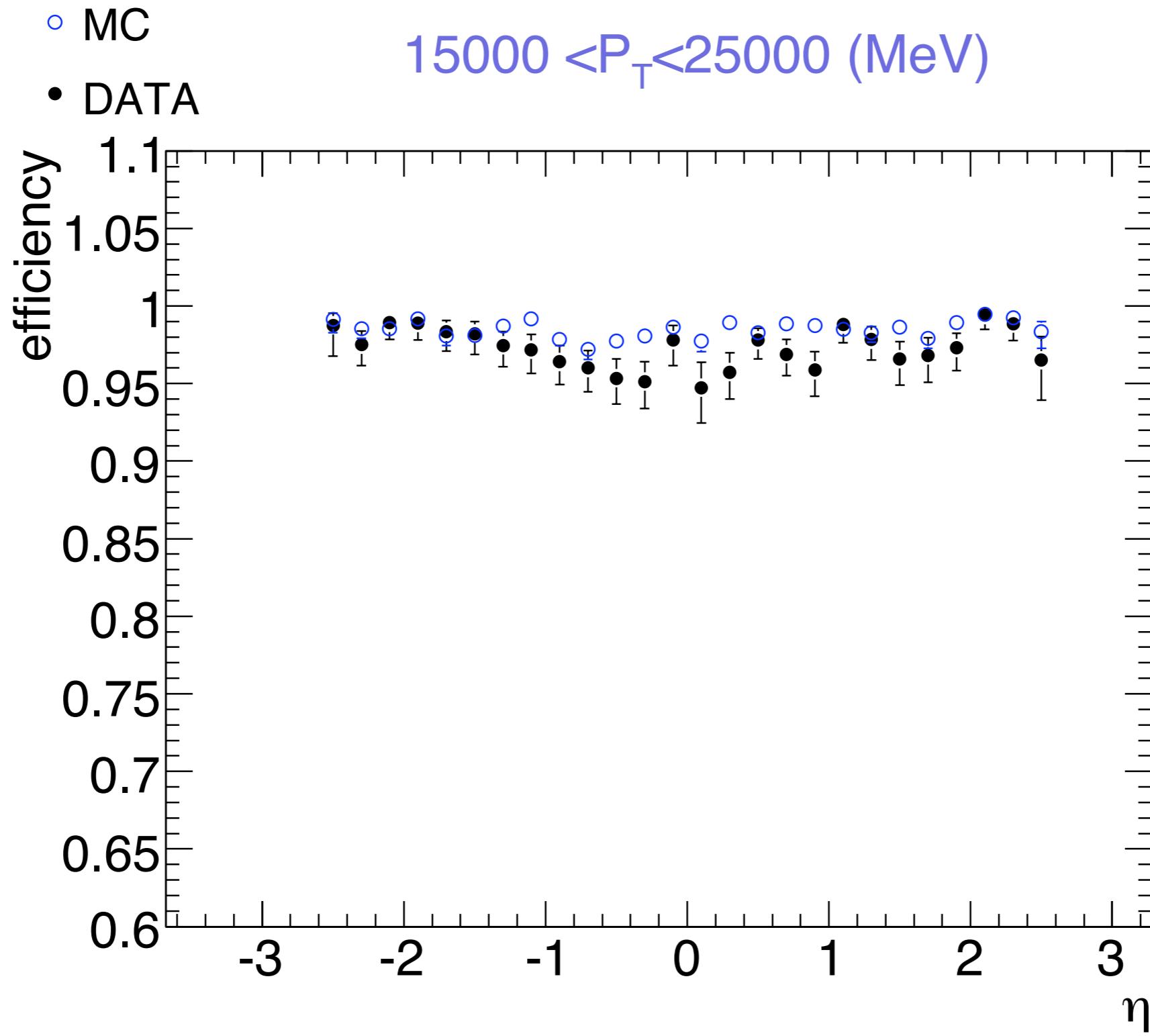
Tag&Probe CBISO term

Barrel



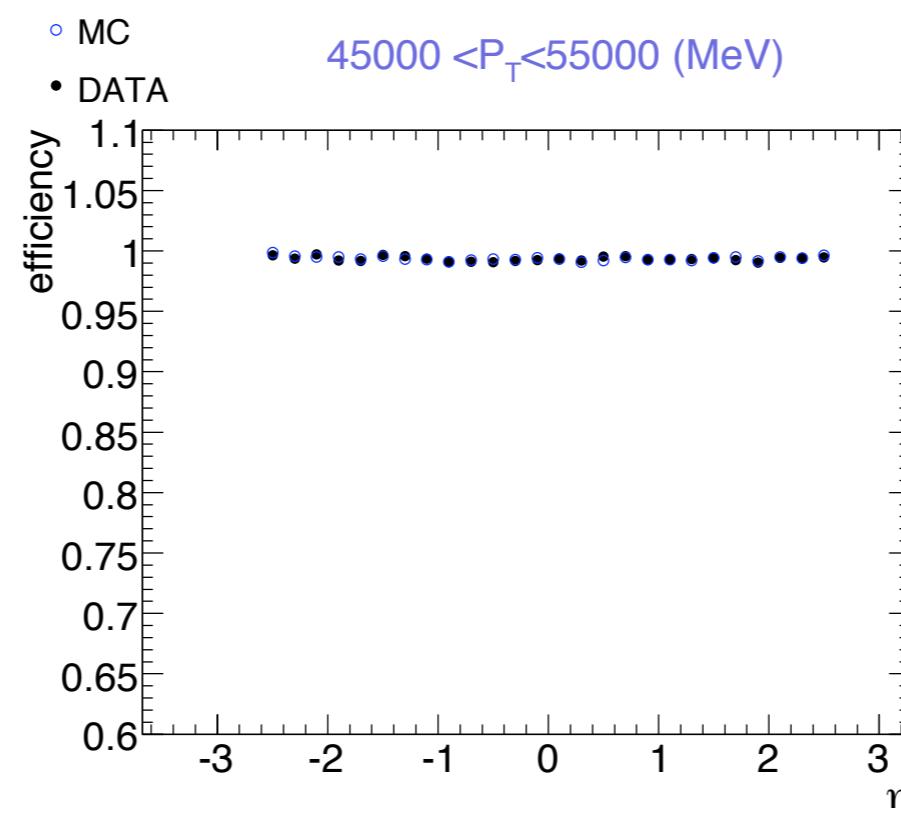
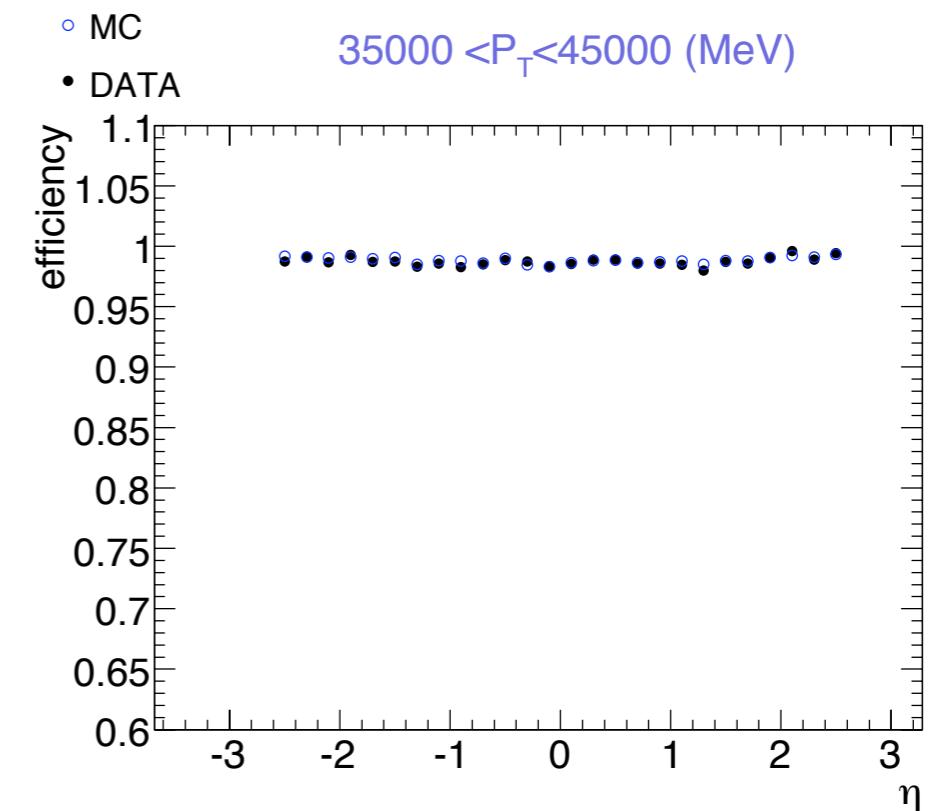
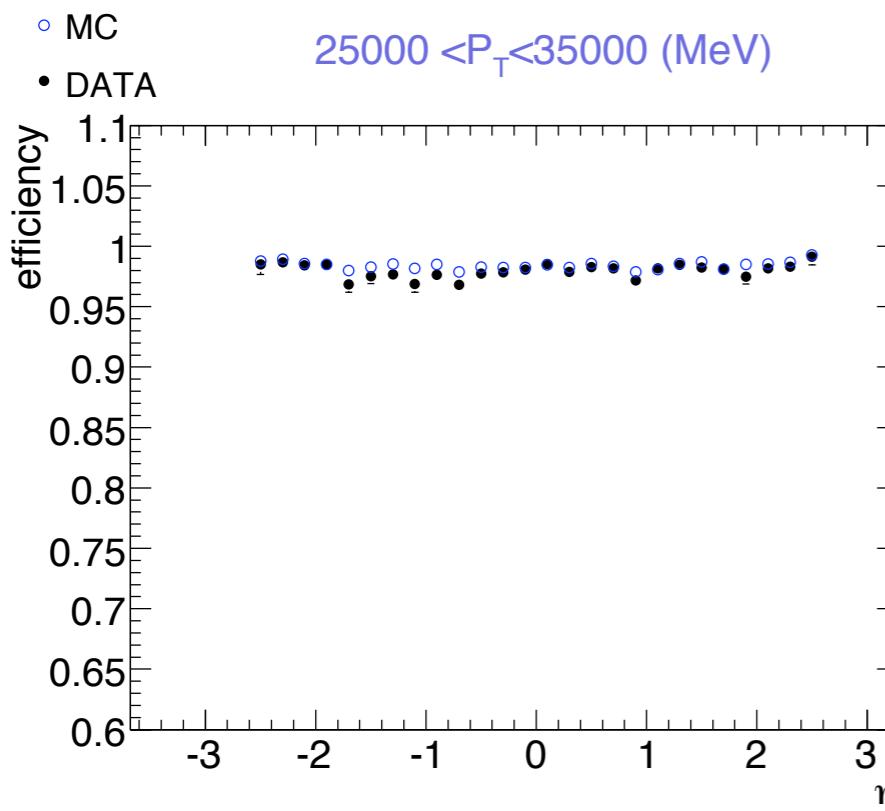
Tag&Probe CBISO term

Low P_T



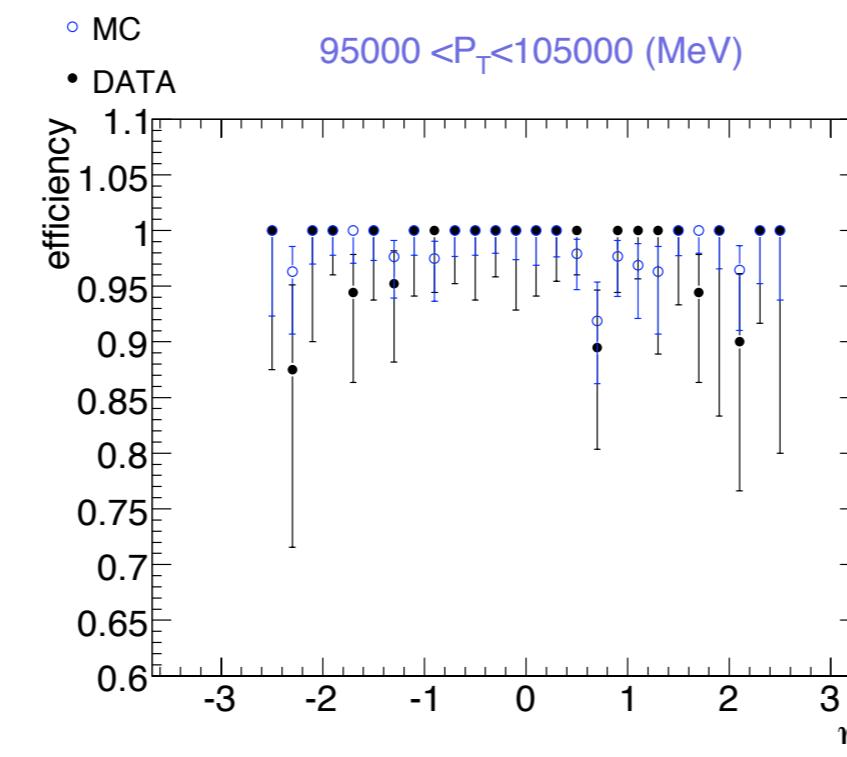
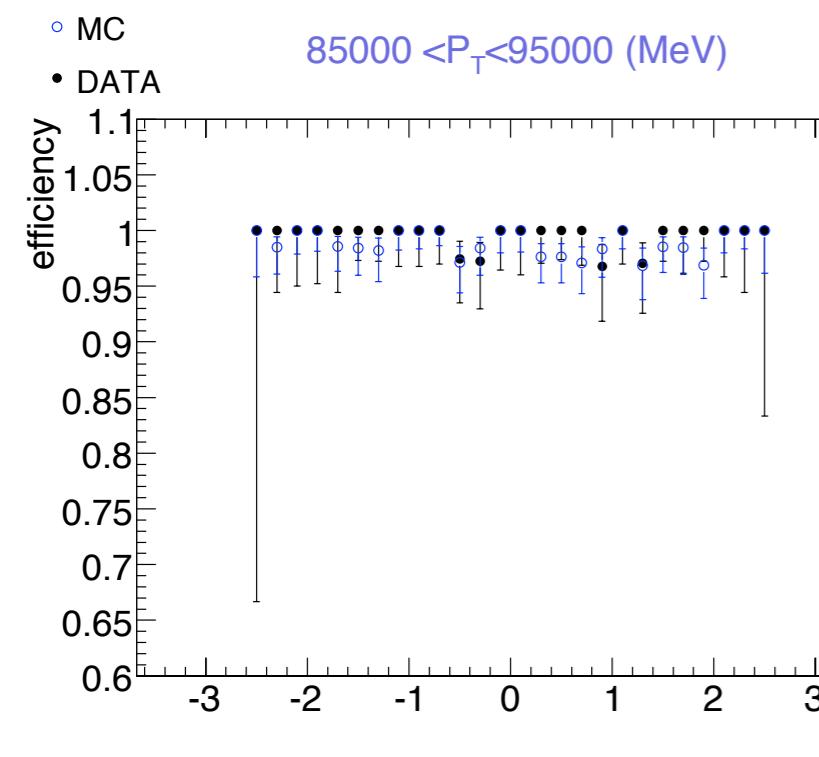
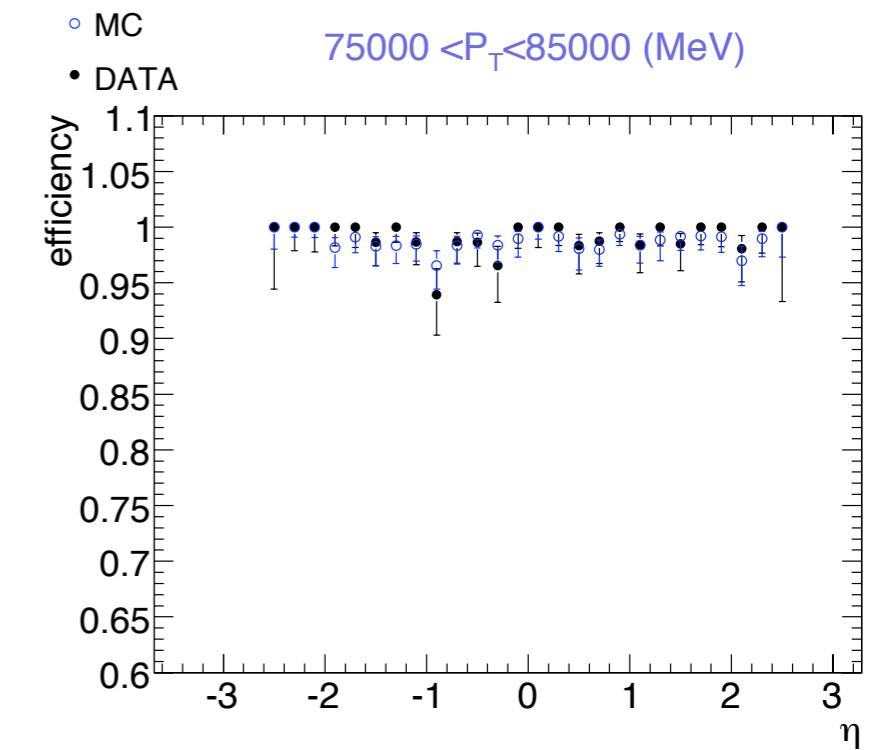
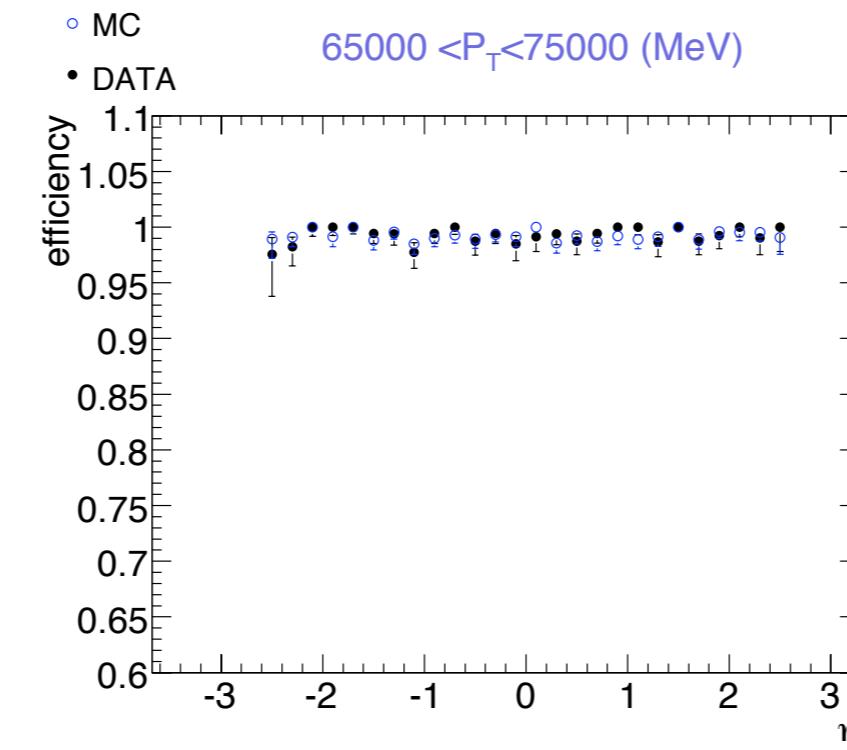
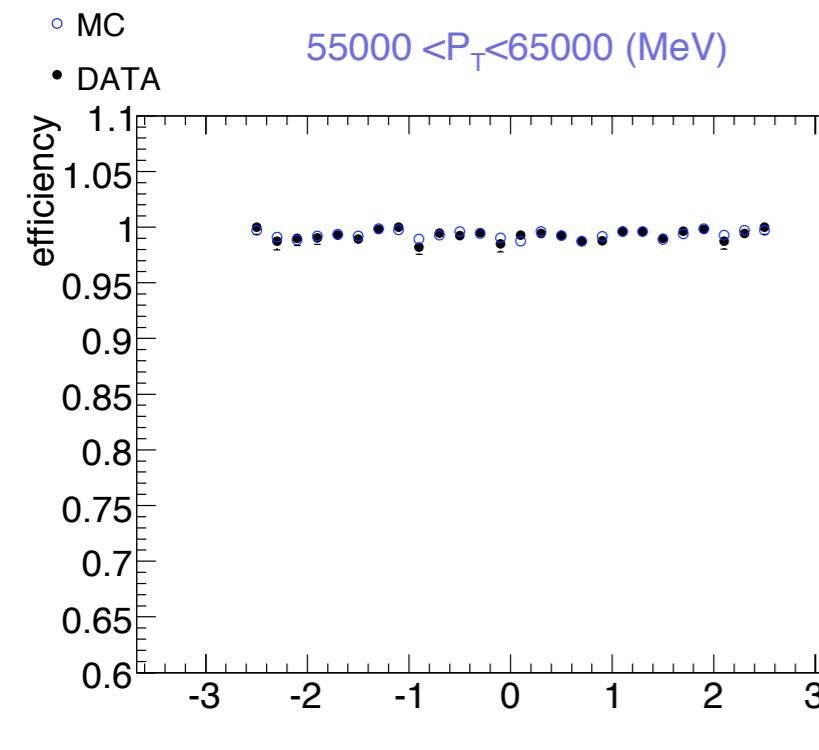
Tag&Probe CBISO term

Jacobian region



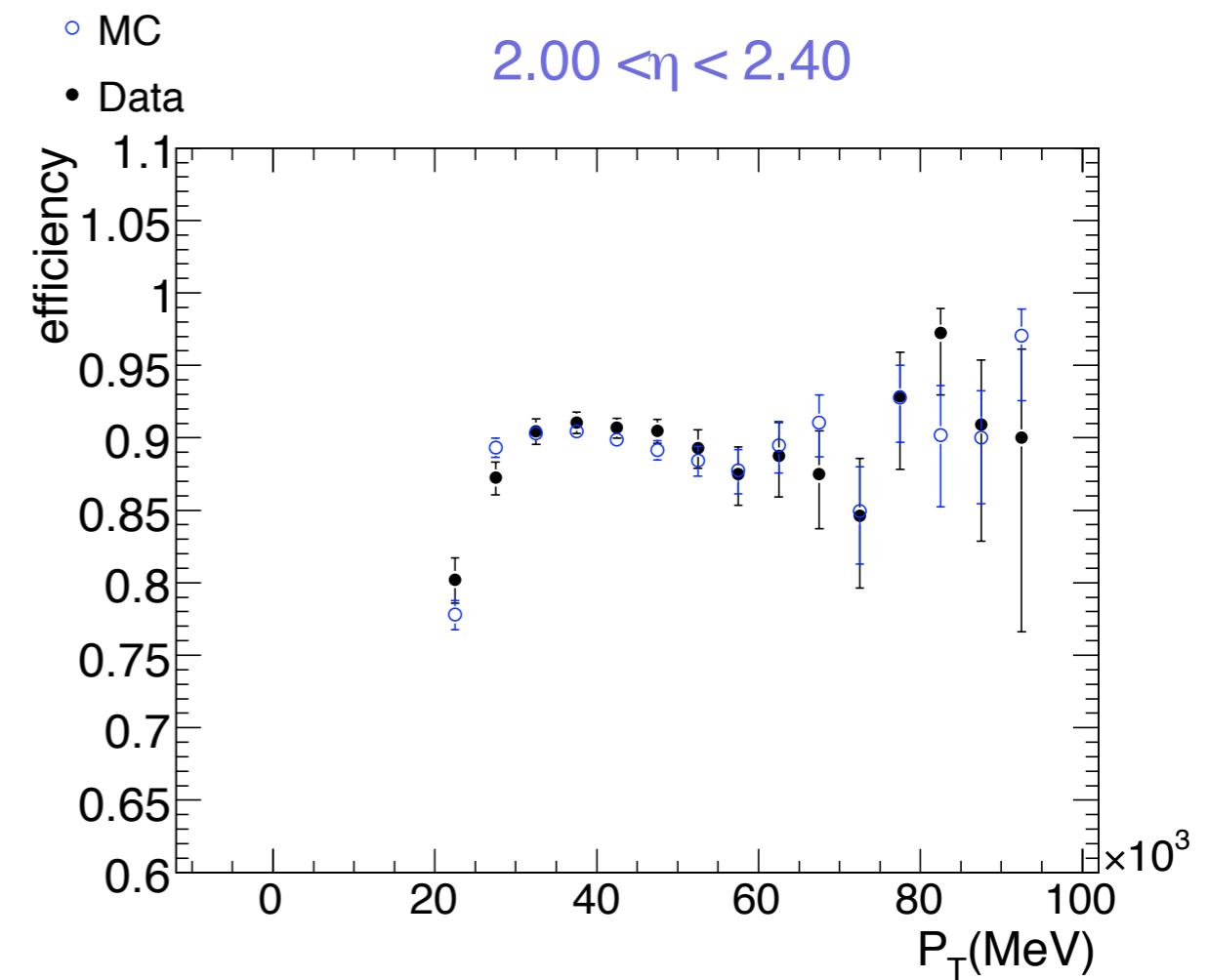
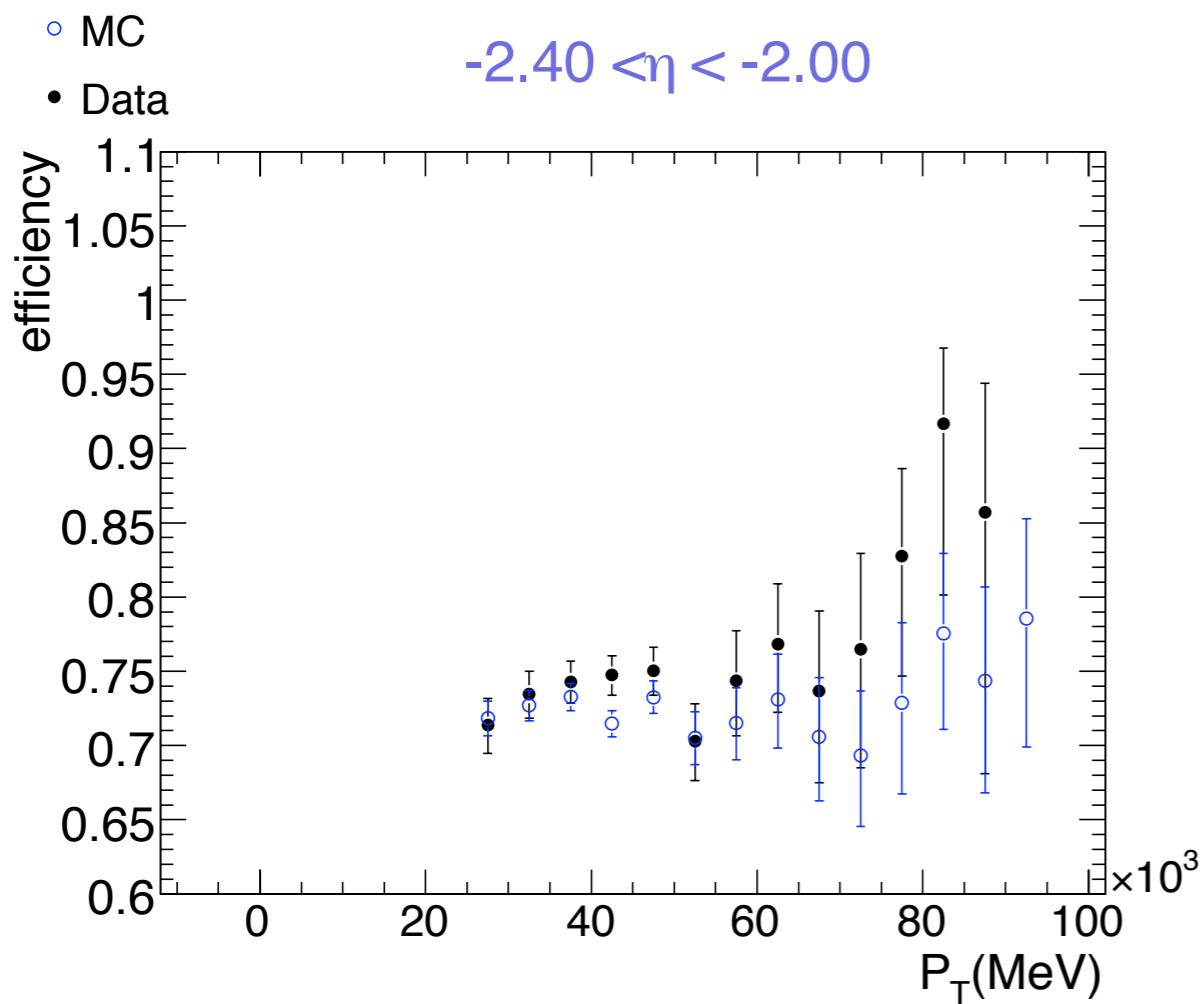
Tag&Probe CBISO term

High P_T



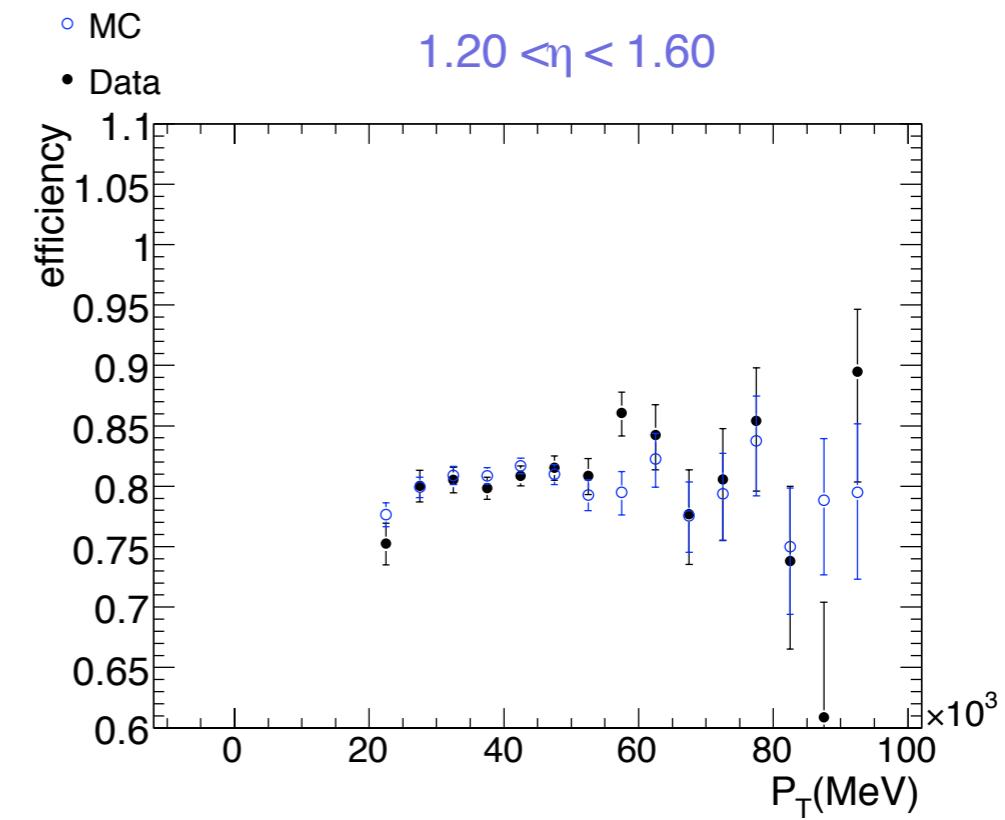
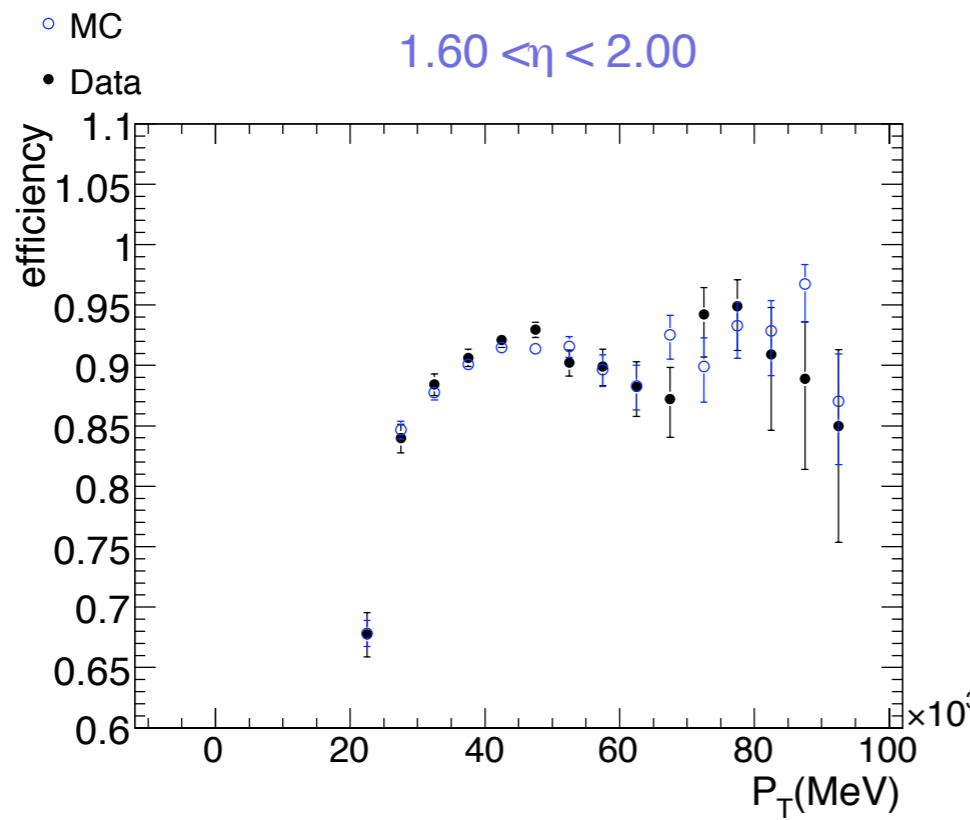
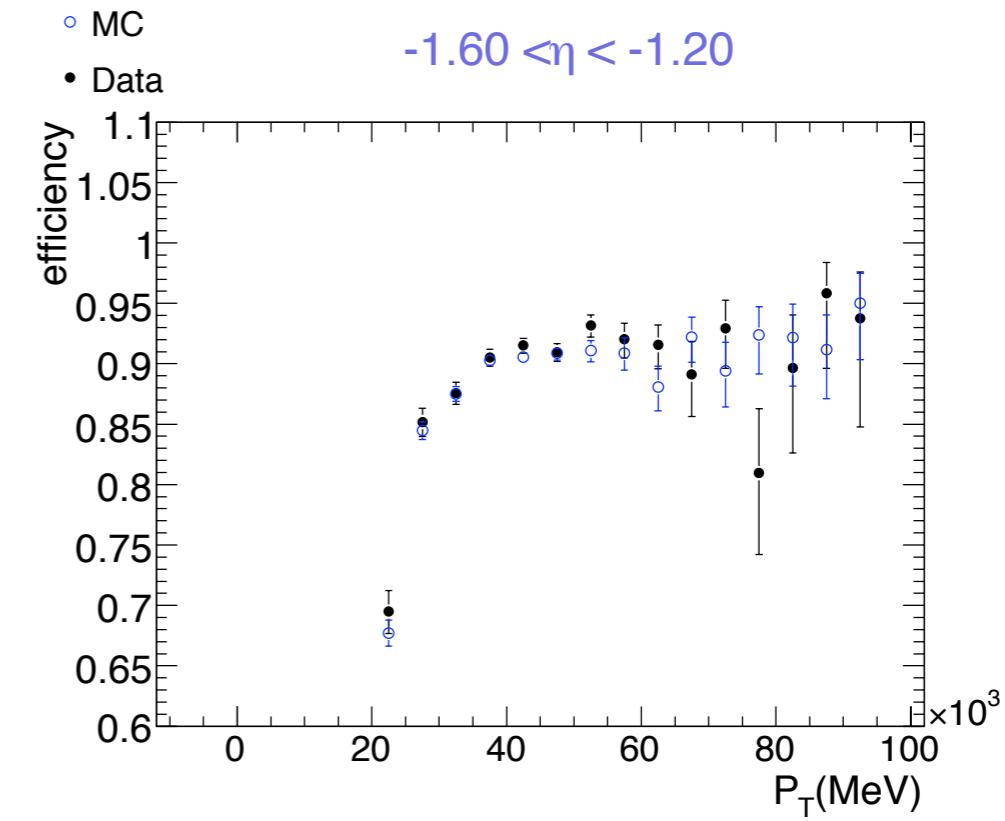
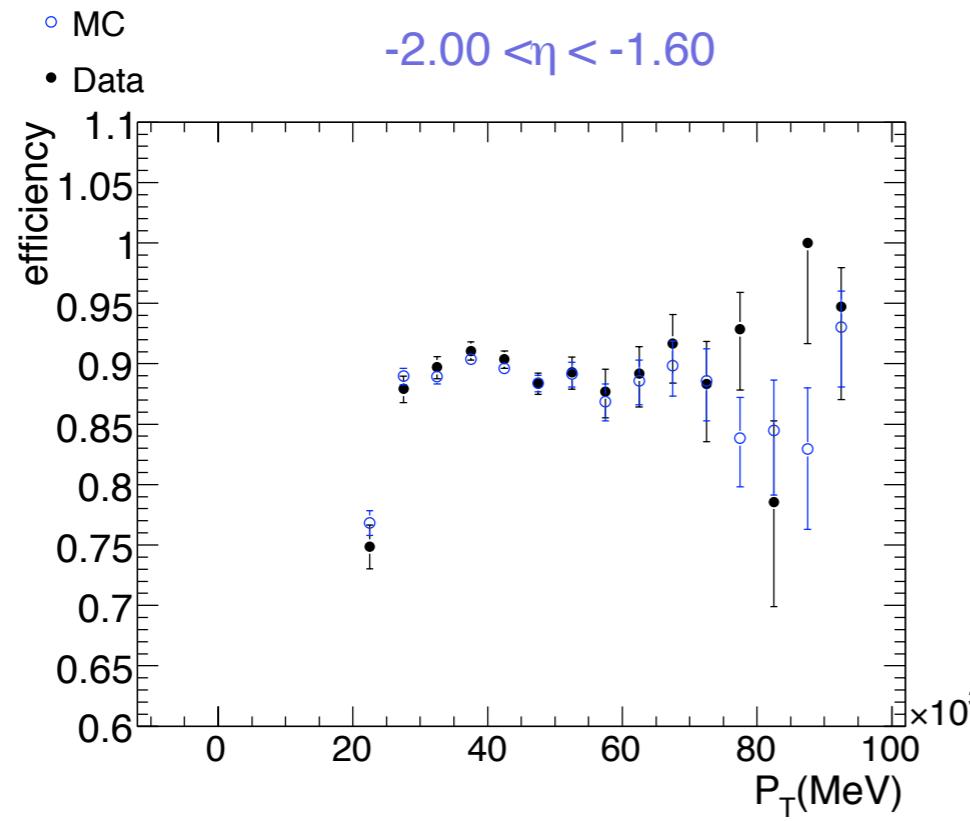
Tag&Probe TRIGCBISO term

EC forward



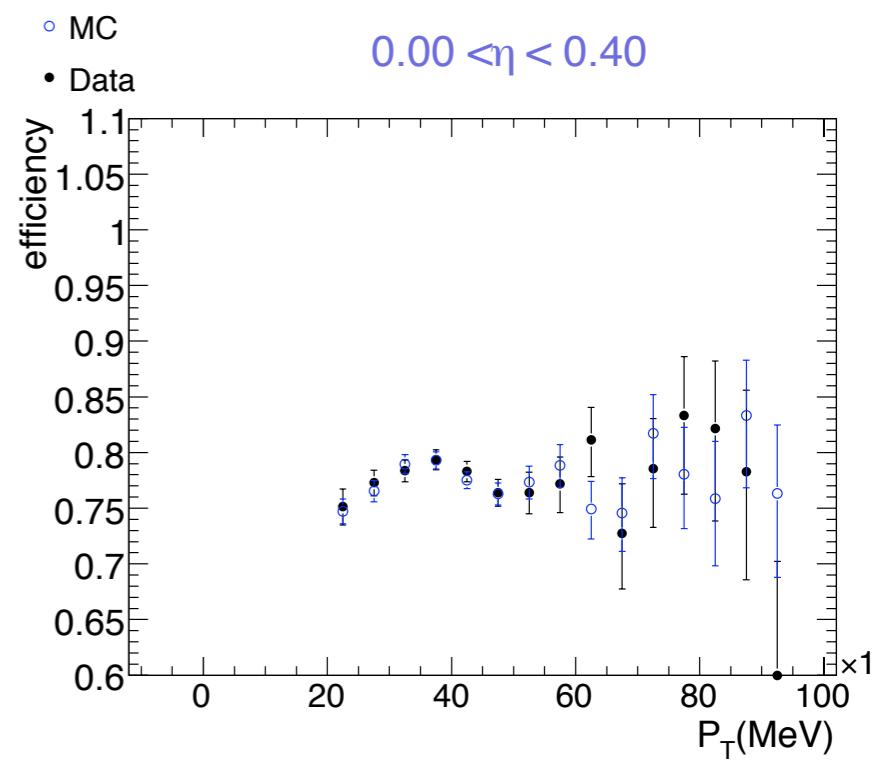
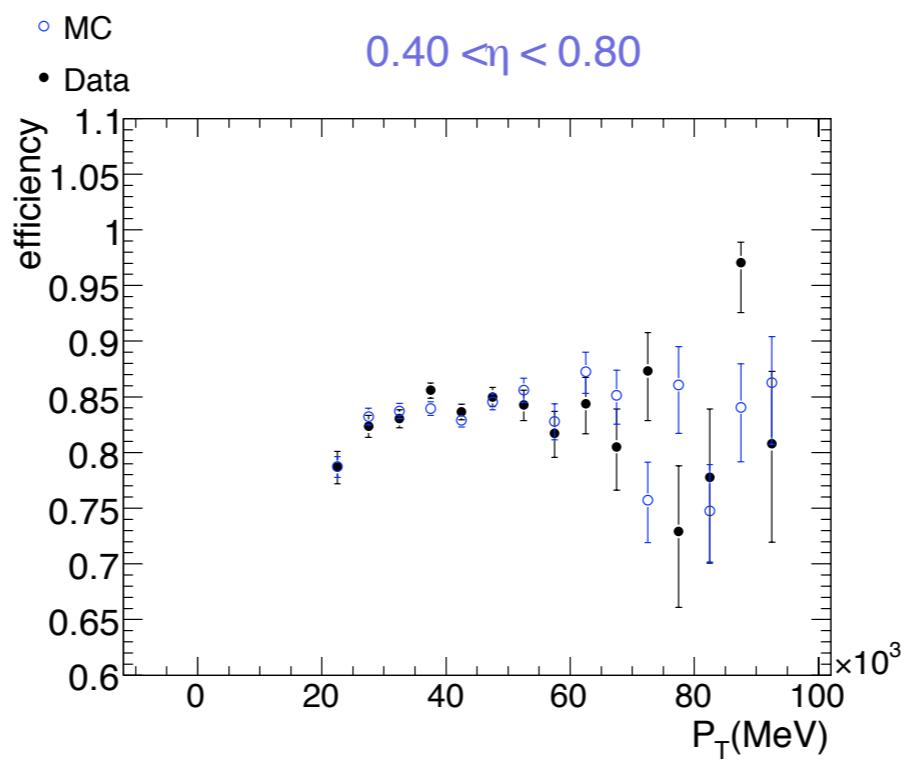
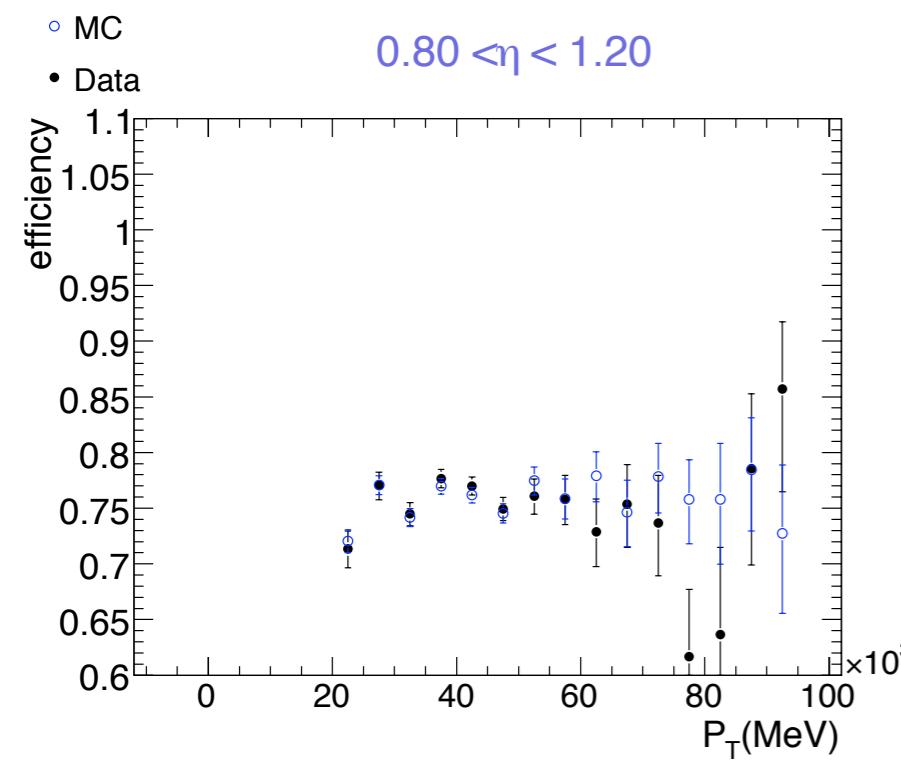
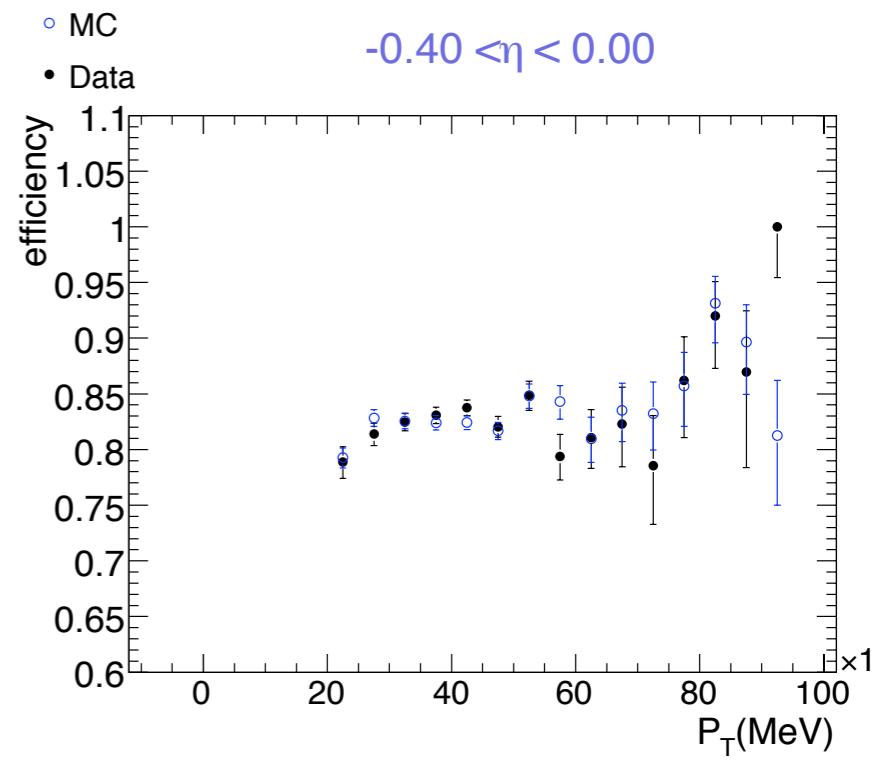
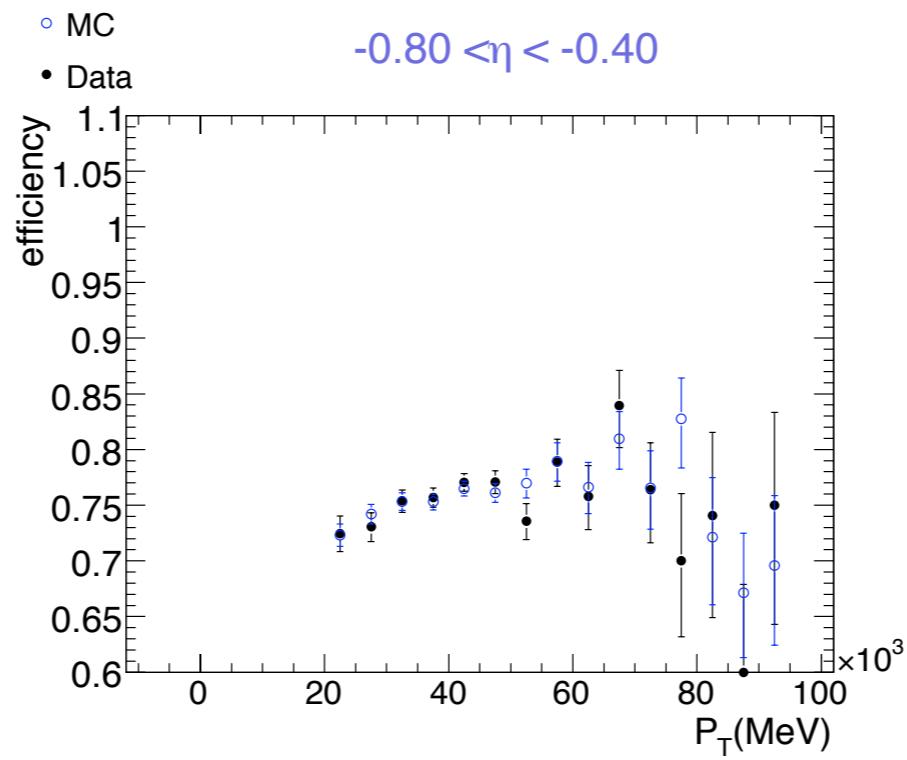
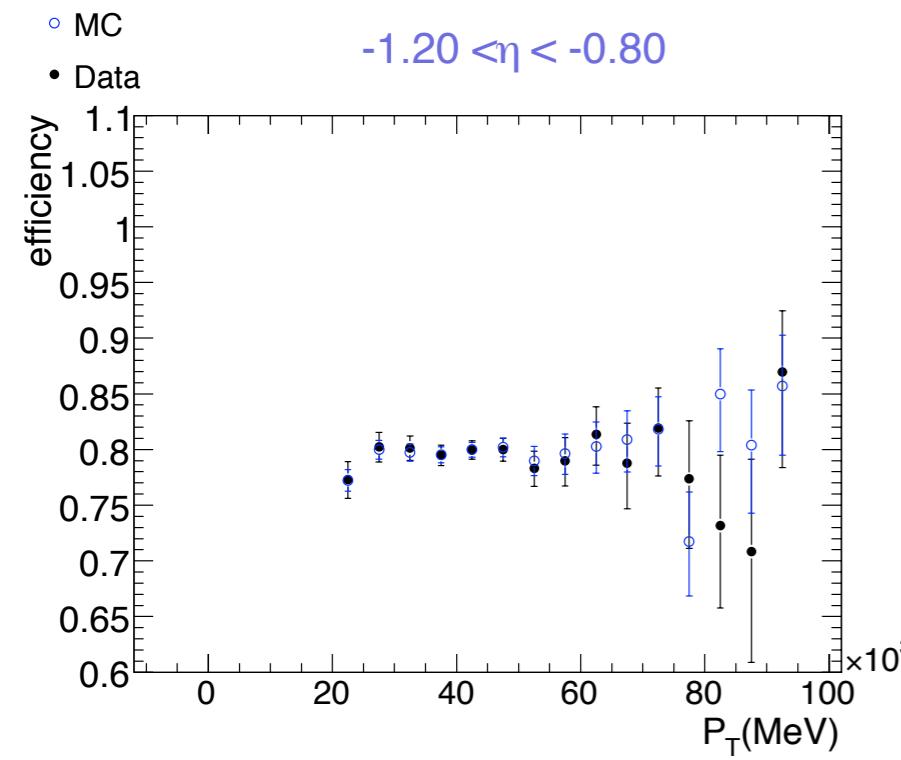
Tag&Probe TRIGCBISO term

EC



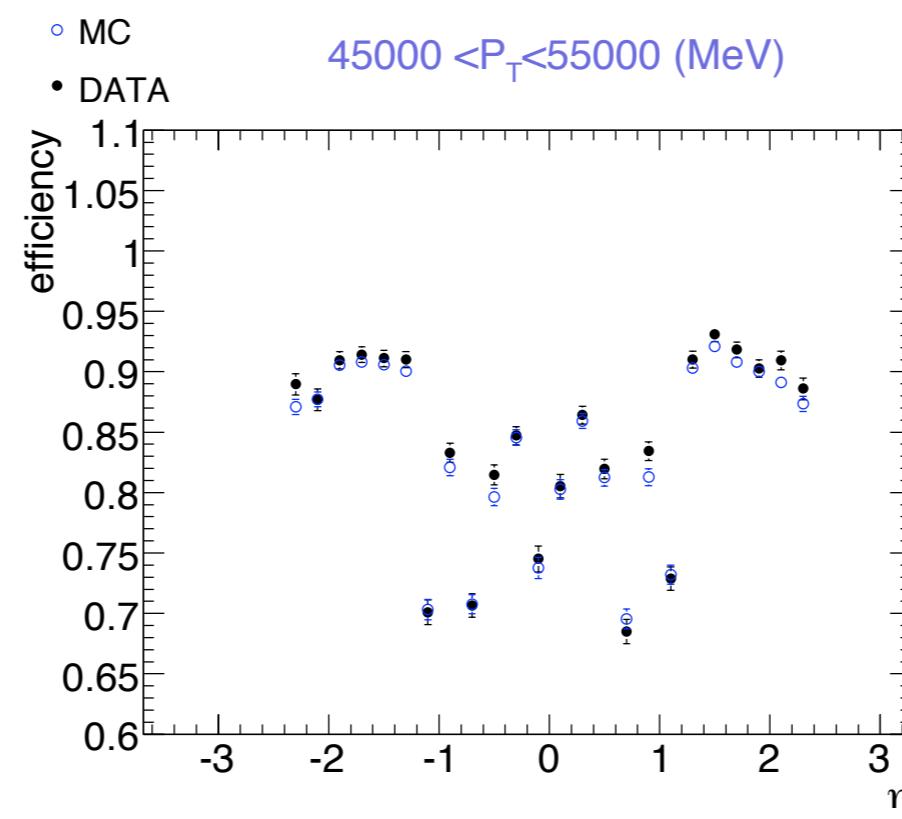
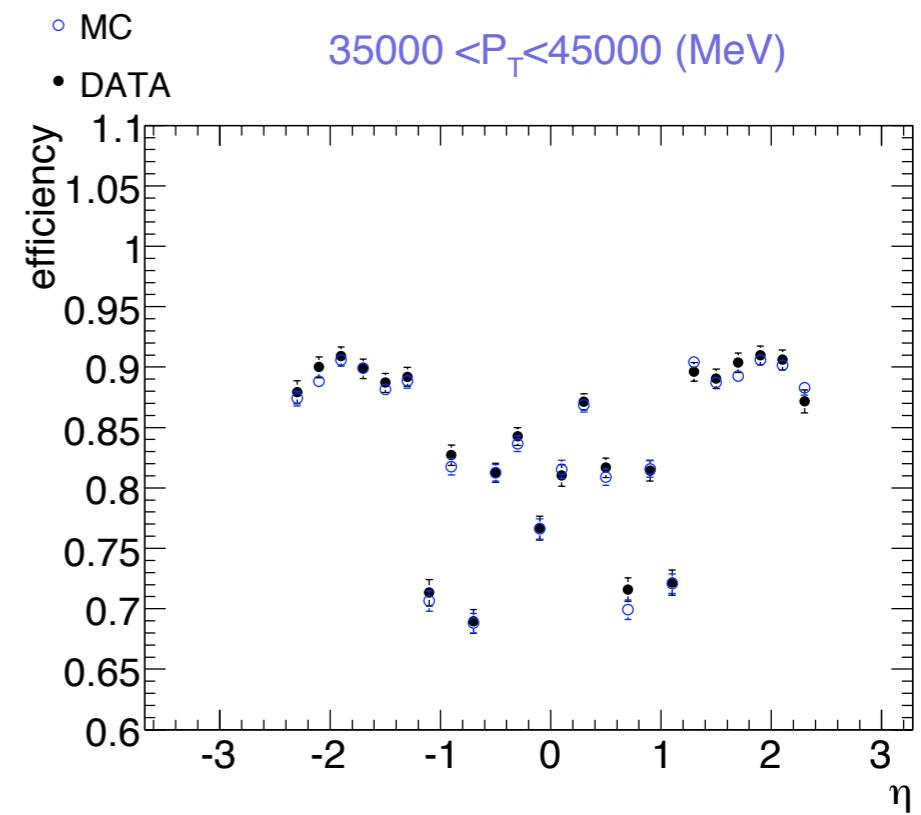
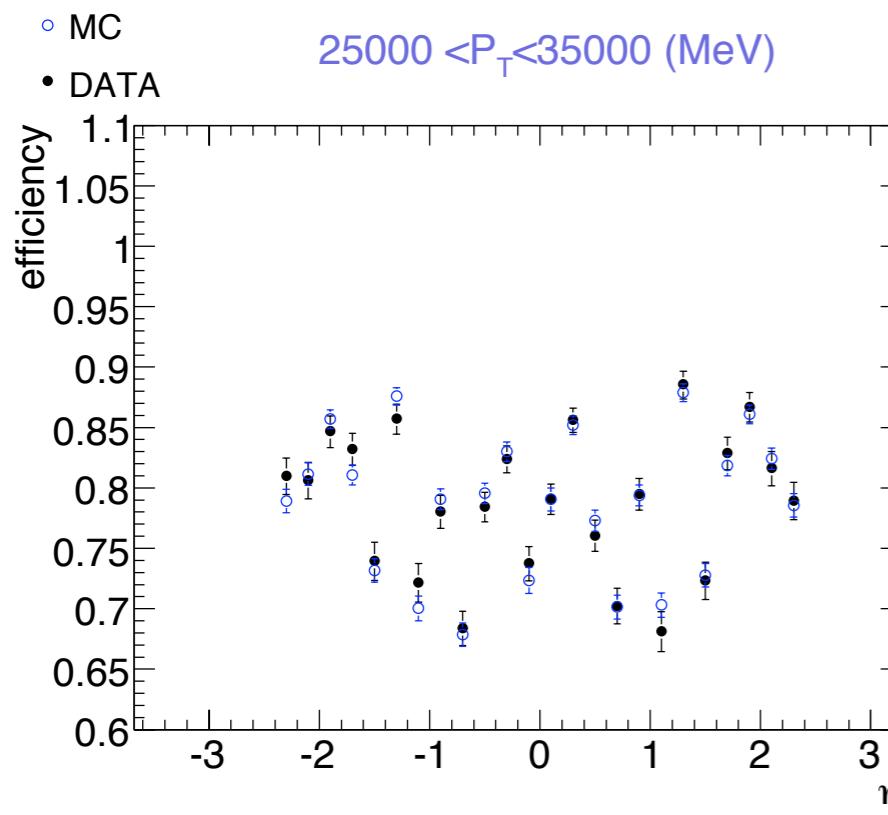
Tag&Probe TRIGCBISO term

Barrel



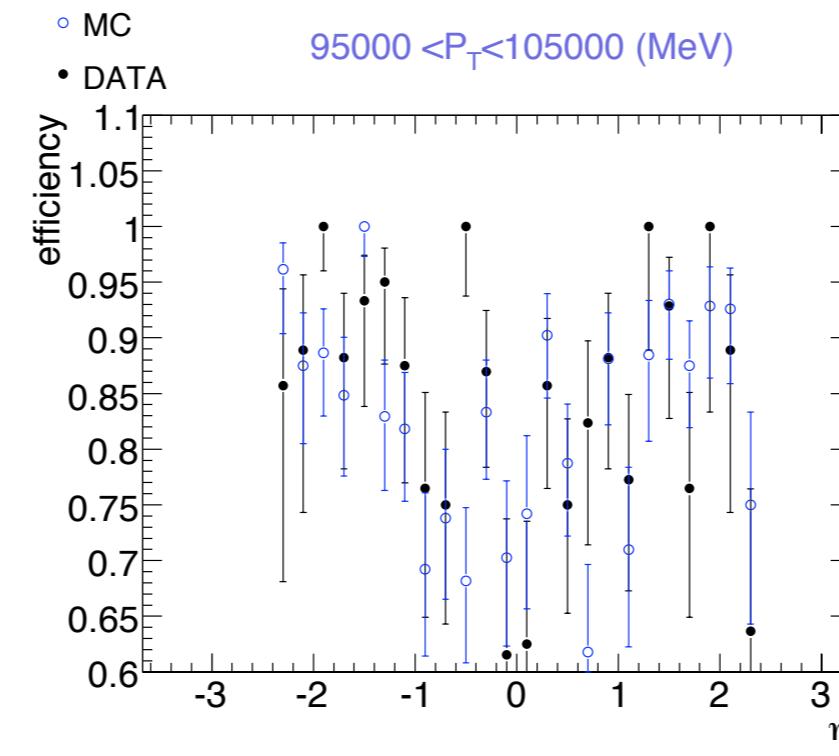
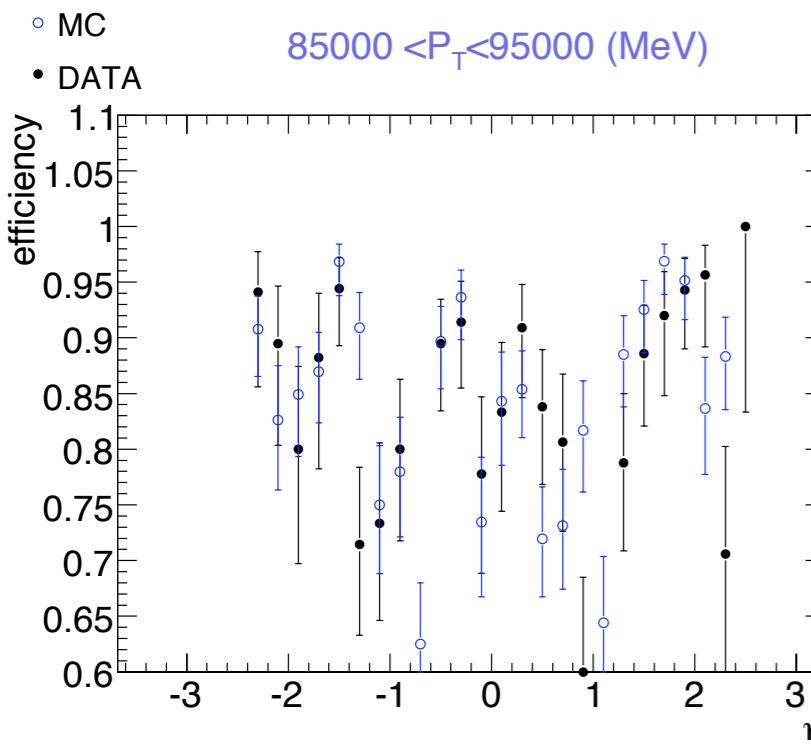
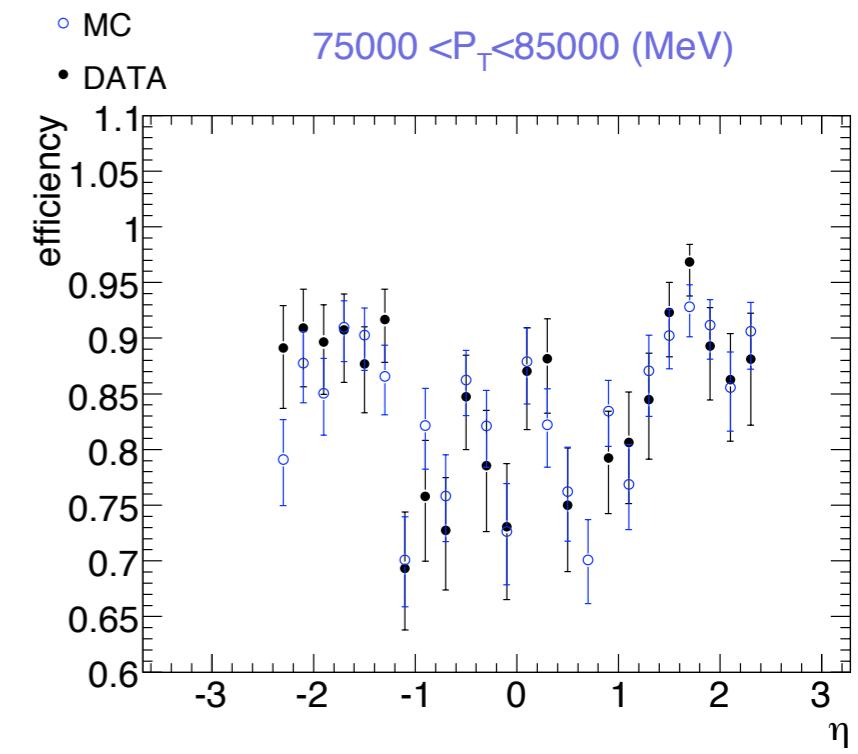
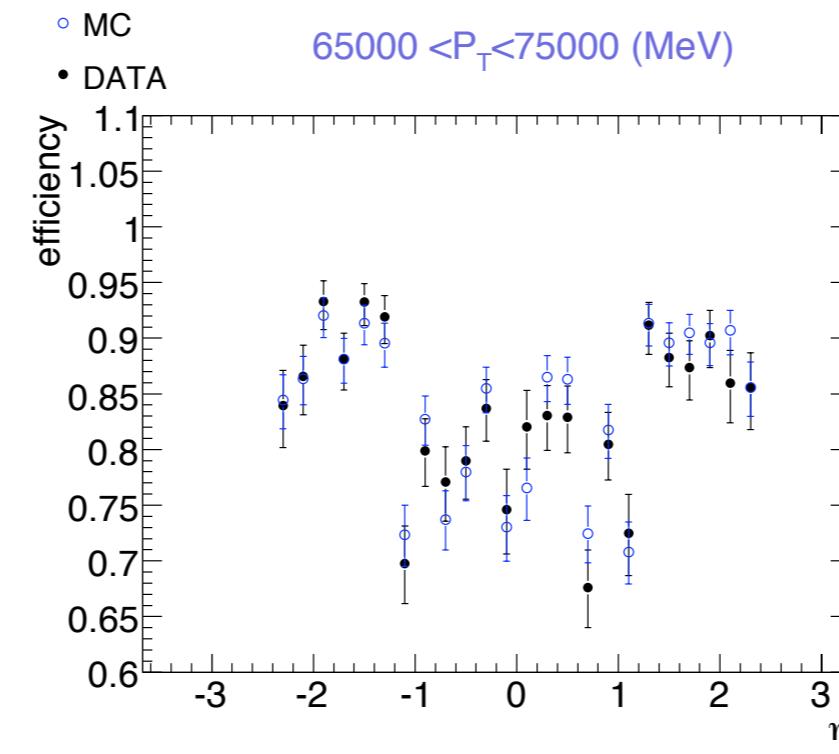
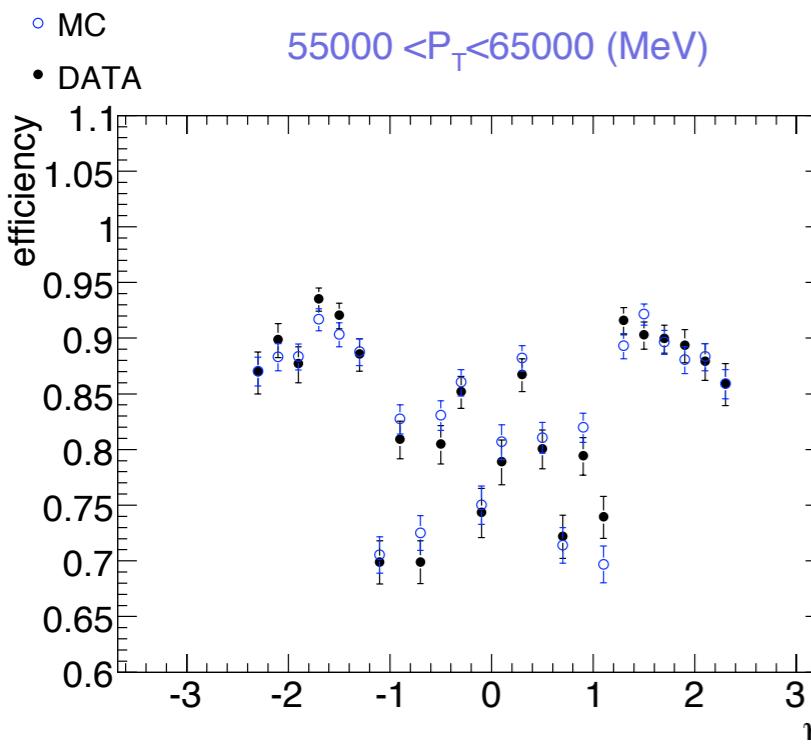
Tag&Probe CBISO term

Jacobian region



Tag&Probe TRIGCBISO term

High P_T

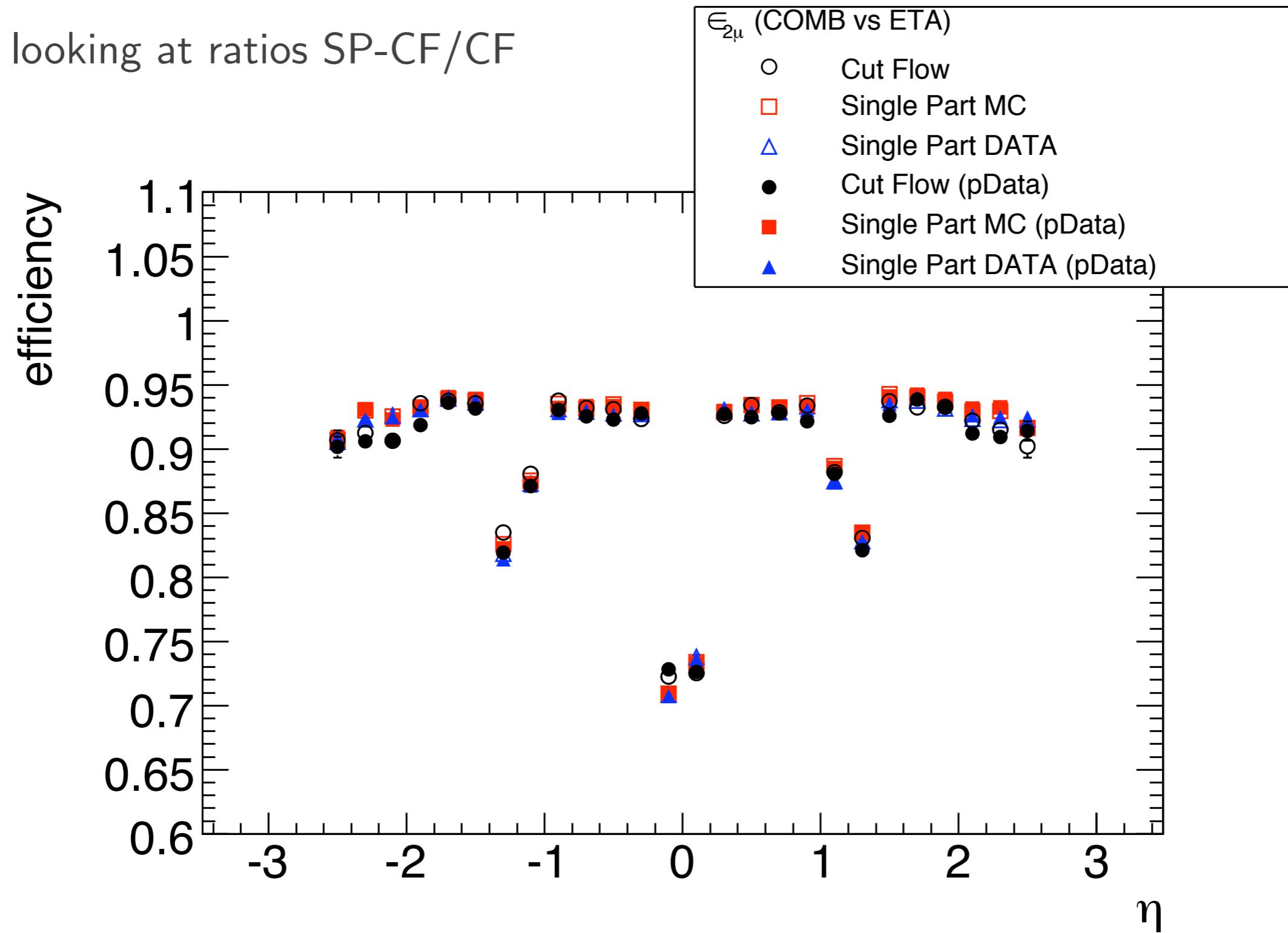


Benchmarks

- **TP vs MCT** : how well Tag&Probe reproduces truth efficiencies
 - ★ best expected value = agreement
 - >> **Tag&Probe validation**
- **SP-CF/CF** : how well event efficiency built from single particle efficiencies can to reproduce the cut flow
 - ★ Tag&Probe compared to MCT method
 - ★ best expected value = 0 %
 - >> **Event efficiency validation**
- **pData-MC/MC** : how different are the cut flow from MC and (pseudo)Data samples
 - ★ event re-weighting (SP) compared to cut flow
 - ★ best expected value = agreement
 - >> **Event re-weighting validation**

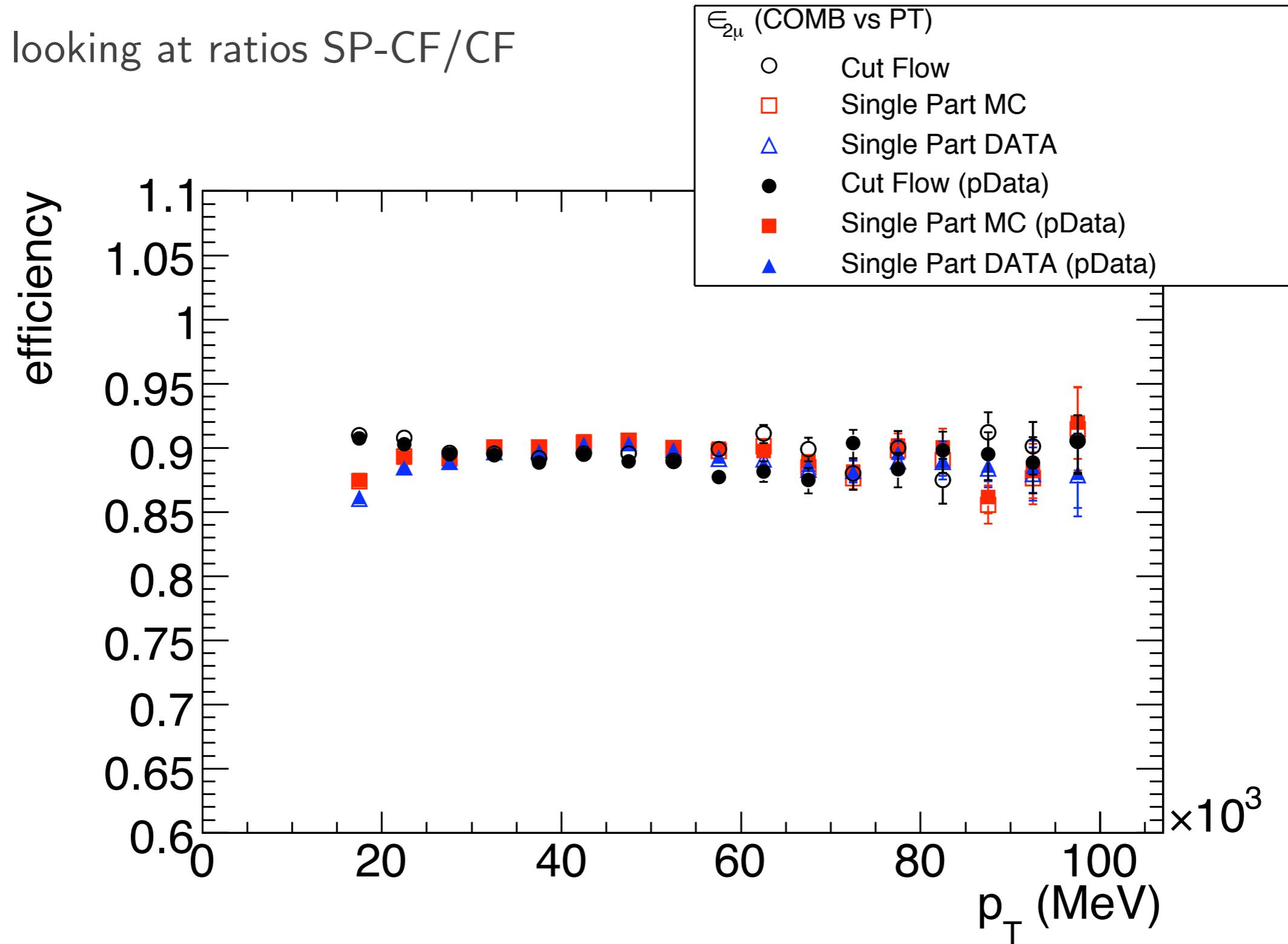
Event Efficiency validation

now looking at ratios SP-CF/CF



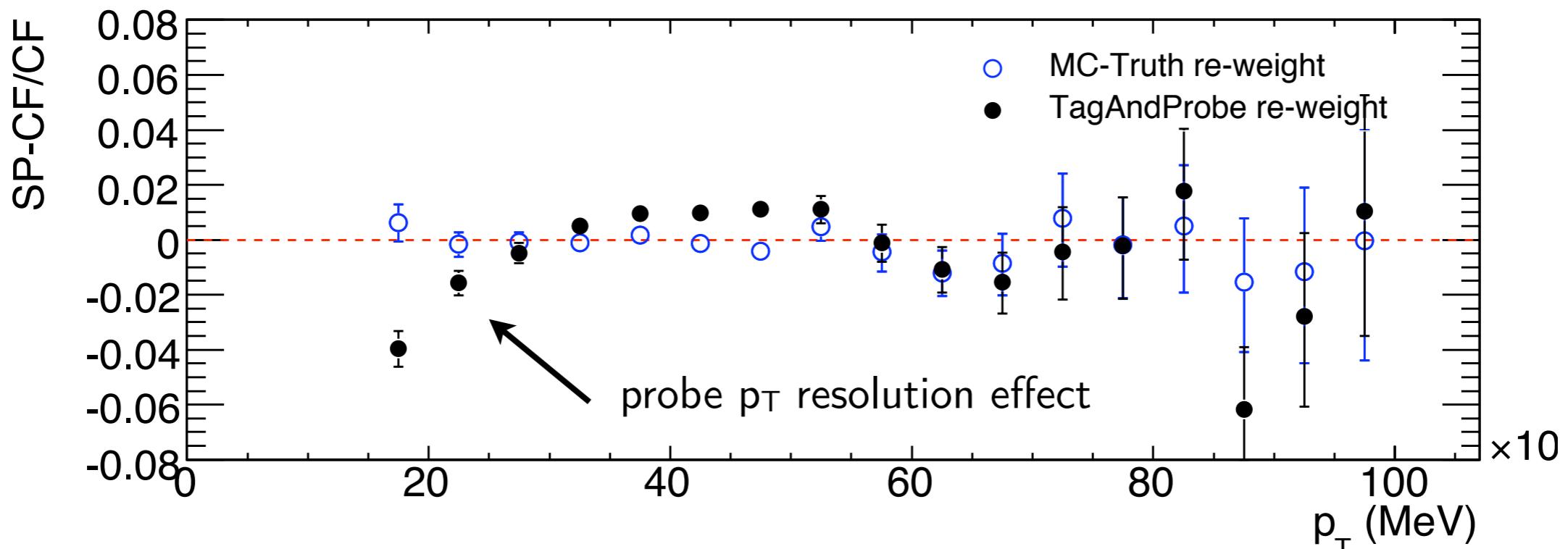
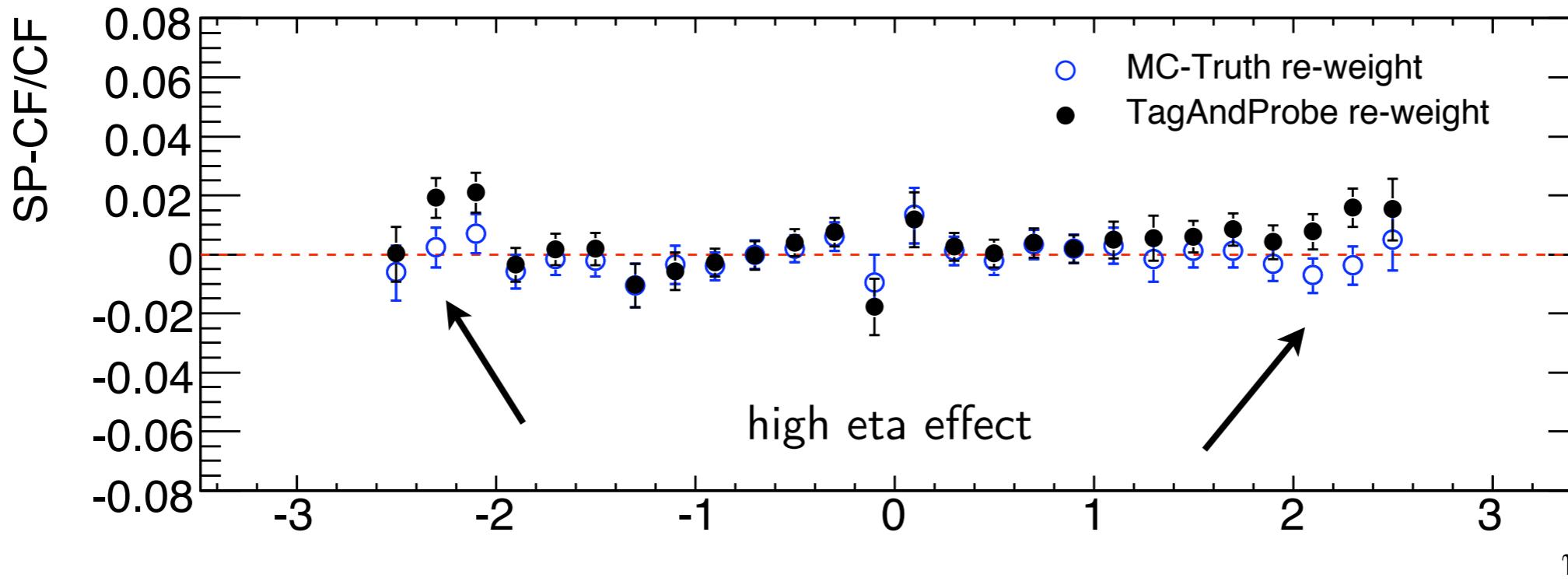
Event Efficiency validation

now looking at ratios SP-CF/CF



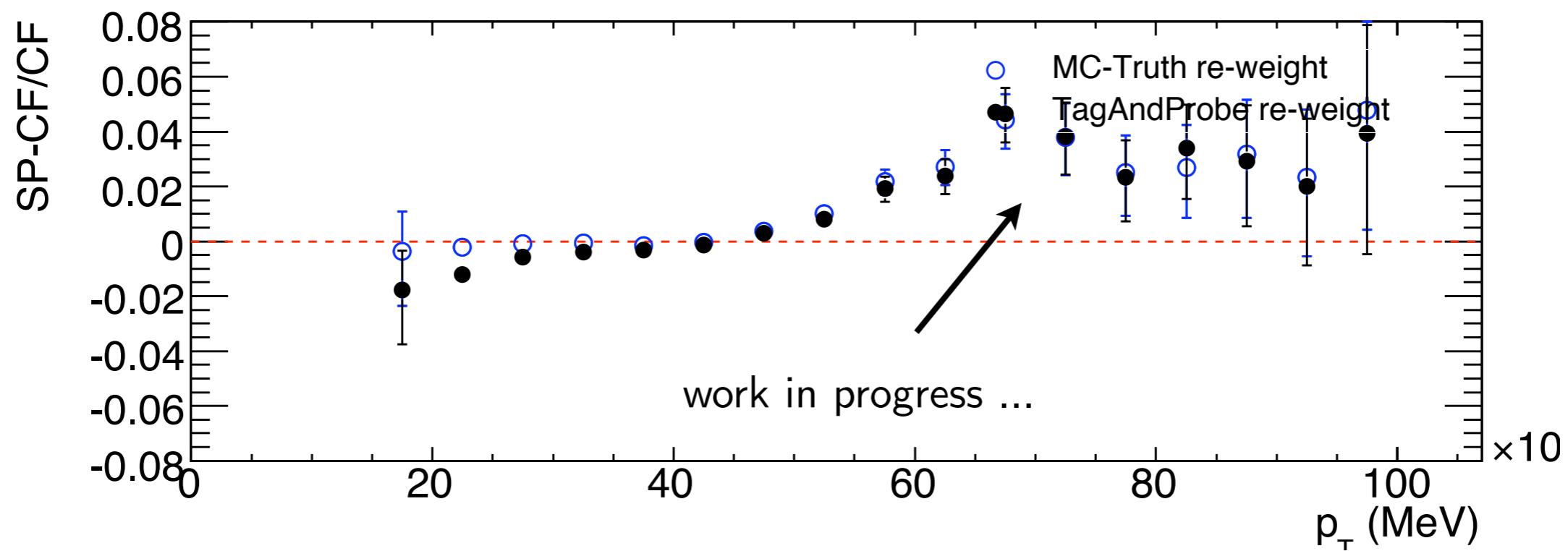
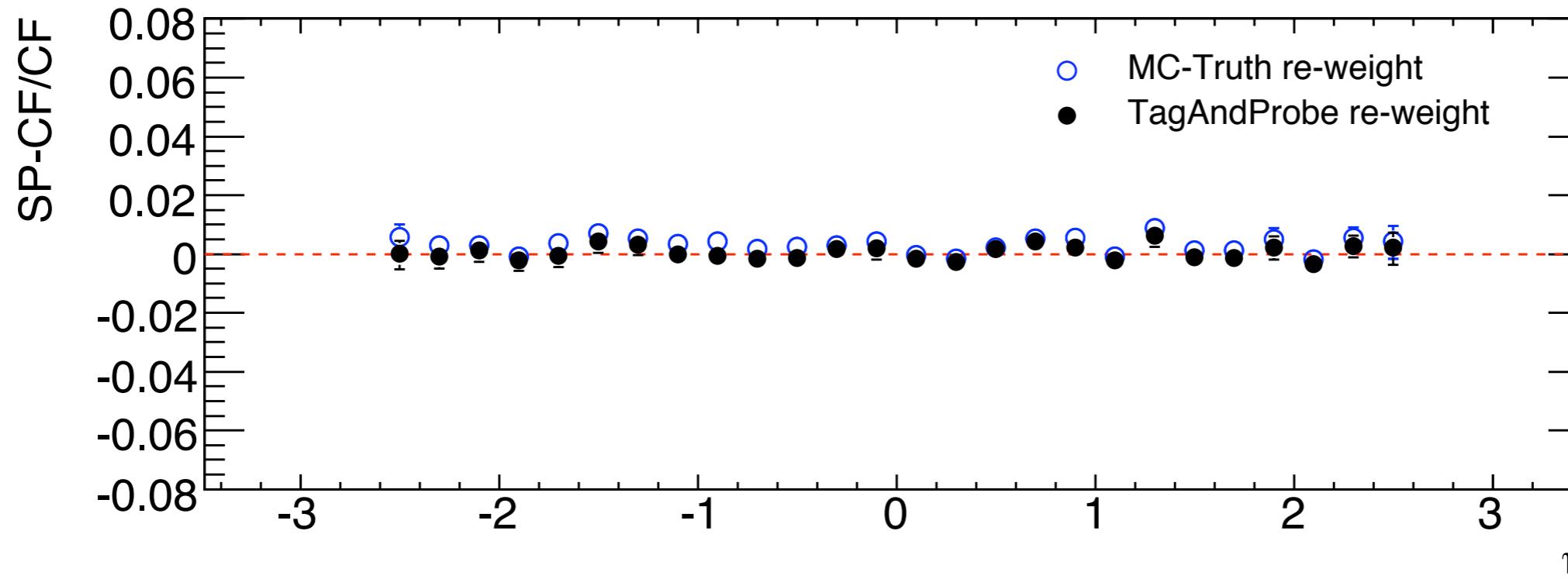
Event Efficiency validation

COMB term



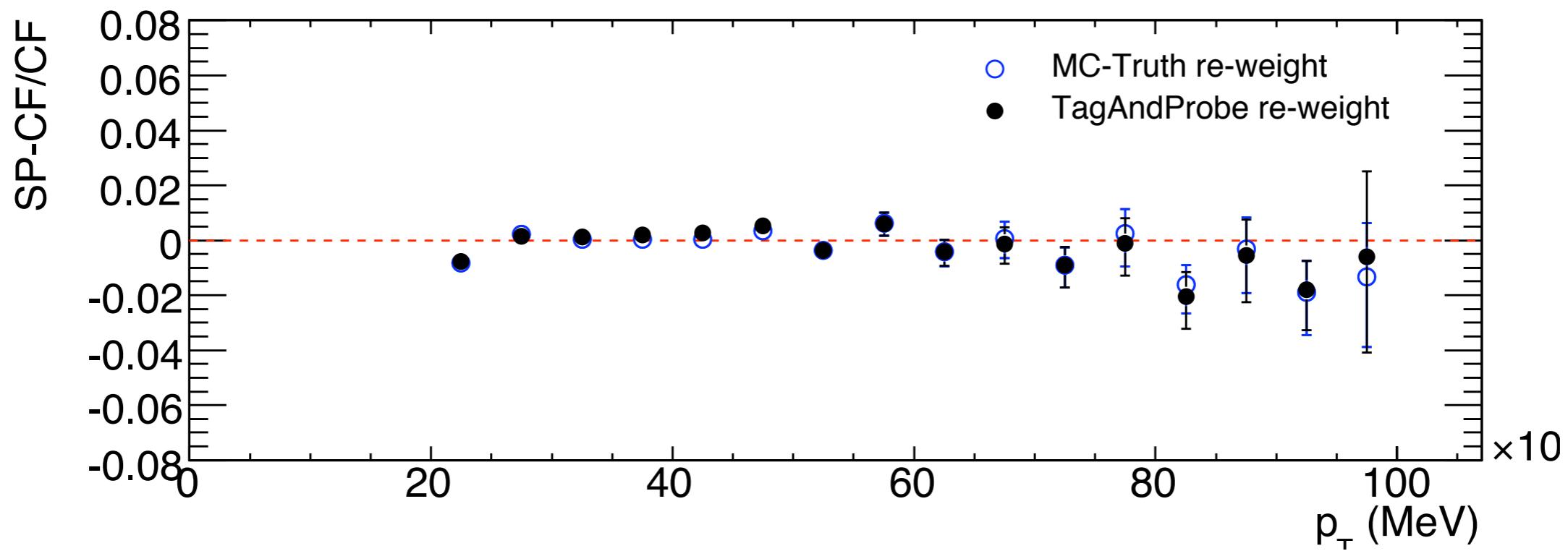
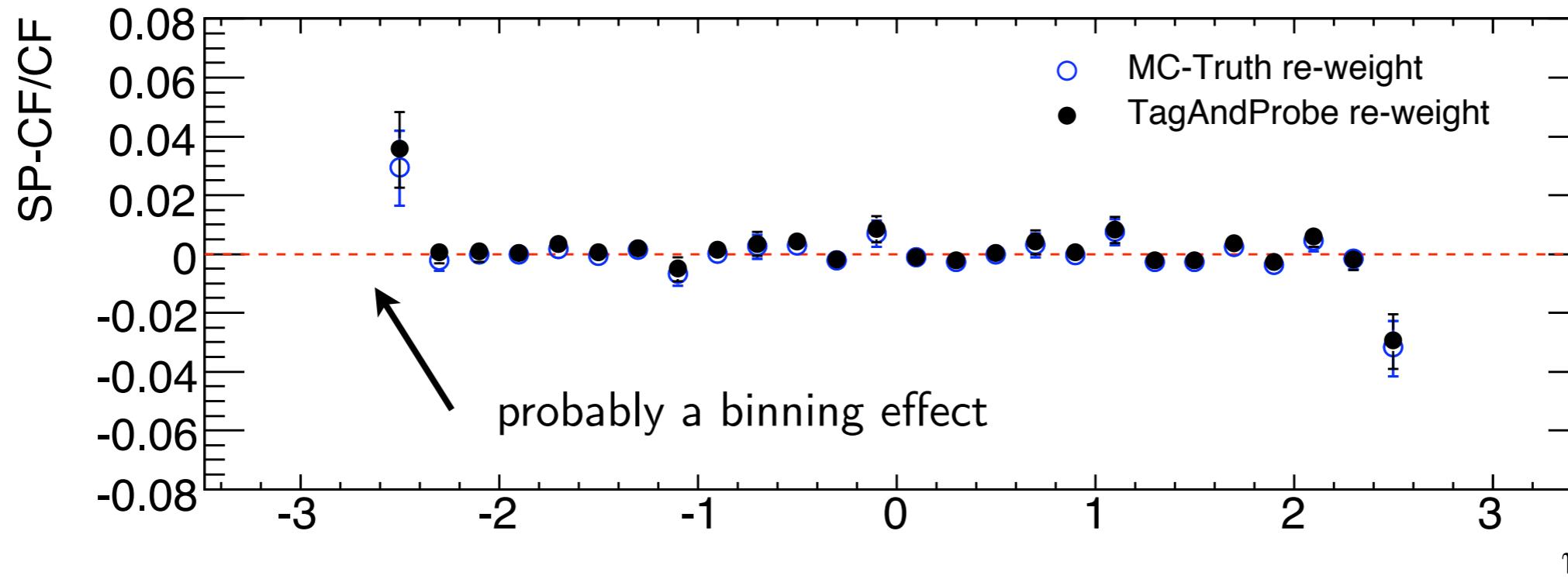
Event Efficiency validation

ISOL term



Event Efficiency validation

TRIG term

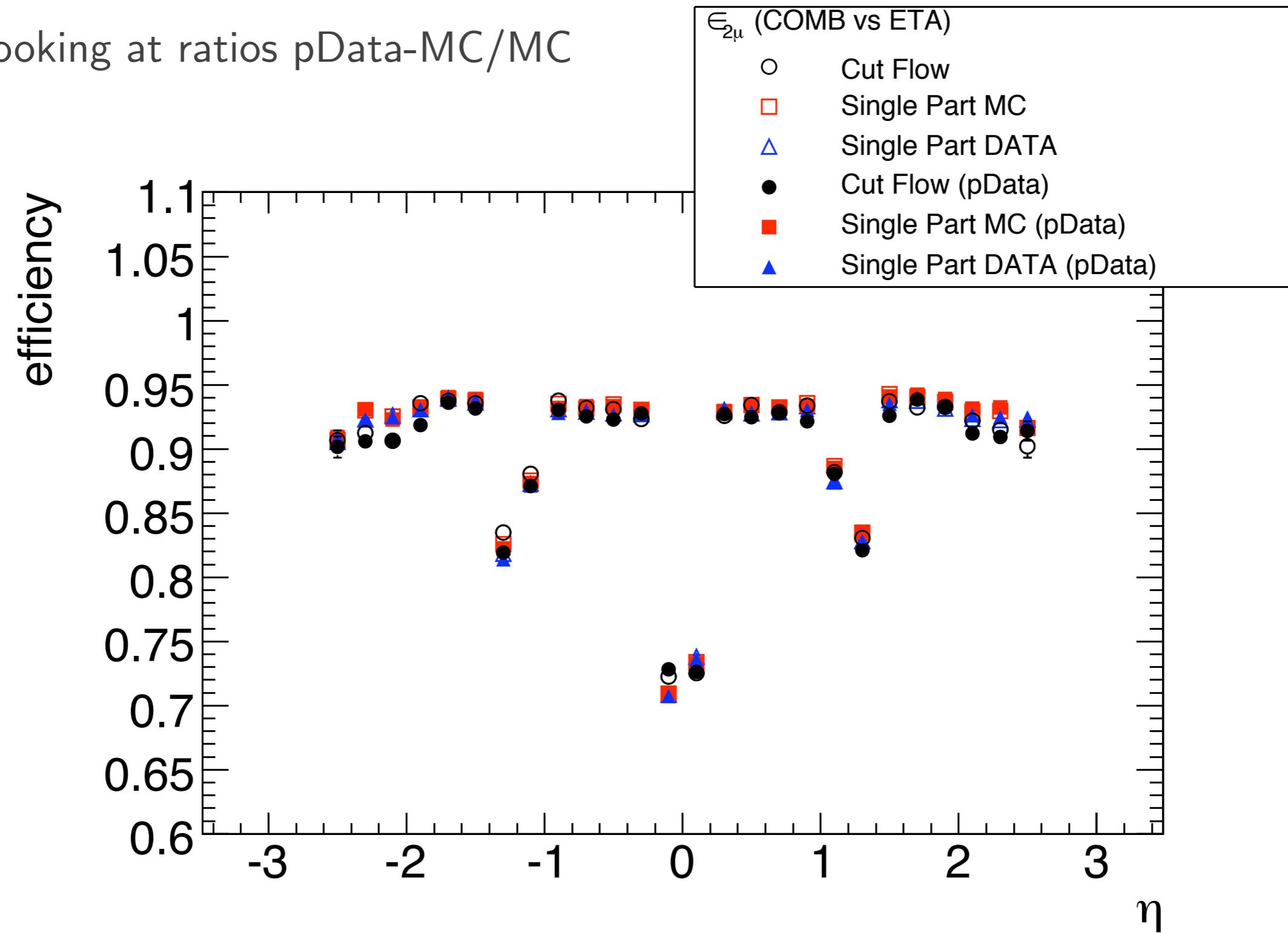


Benchmarks

- **TP vs MCT** : how well Tag&Probe reproduces truth efficiencies
 - ★ best expected value = agreement
 - >> **Tag&Probe validation**
- **SP-CF/CF** : how well event efficiency built from single particle efficiencies can to reproduce the cut flow
 - ★ Tag&Probe compared to MCT method
 - ★ best expected value = 0 %
 - >> **Event efficiency validation**
- **pData-MC/MC** : how different are the cut flow from MC and (pseudo)Data samples
 - ★ event re-weighting (SP) compared to cut flow
 - ★ best expected value = agreement
 - >> **Event re-weighting validation**

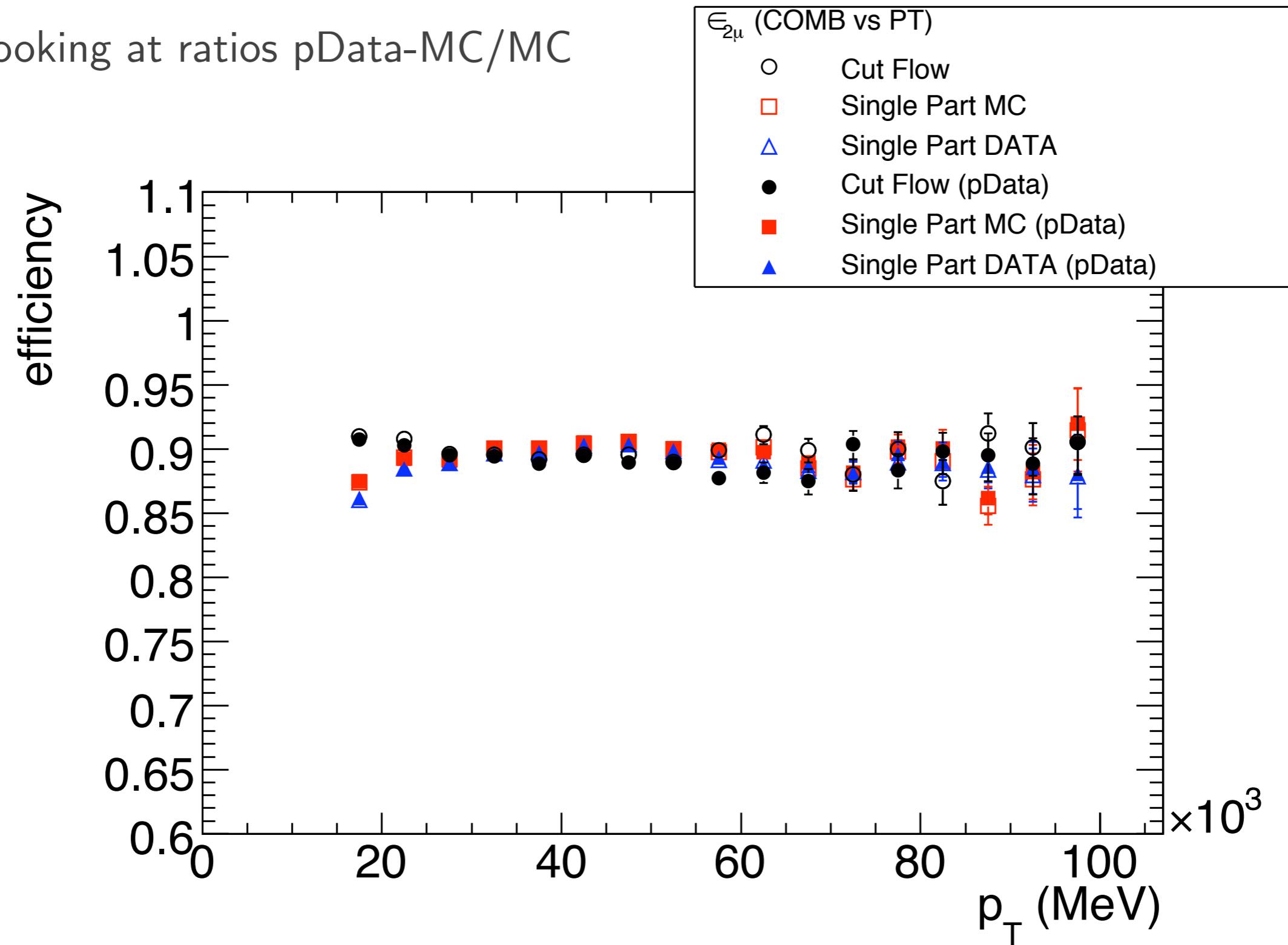
Event re-weighting validation

now looking at ratios pData-MC/MC



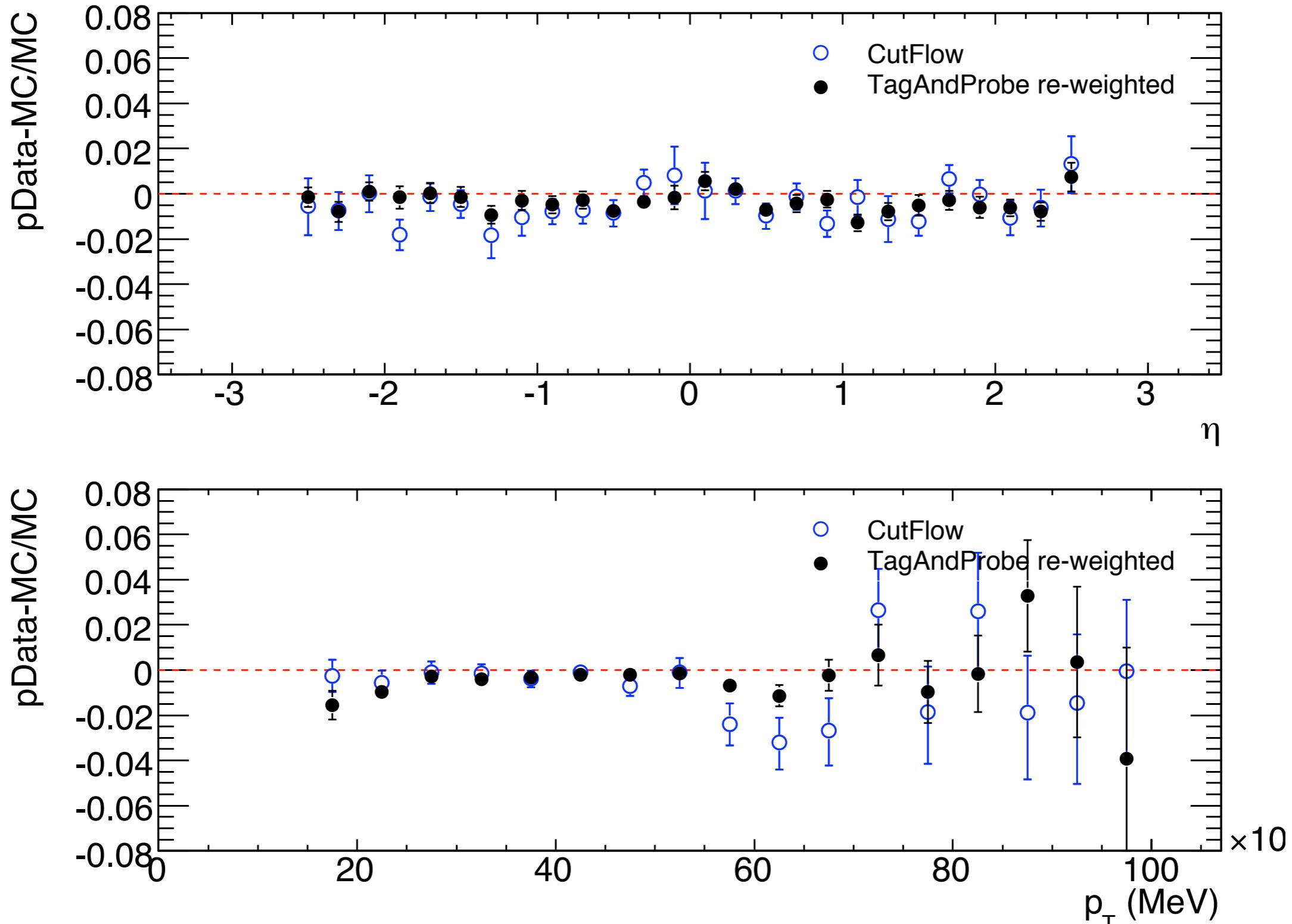
Event re-weighting validation

now looking at ratios pData-MC/MC



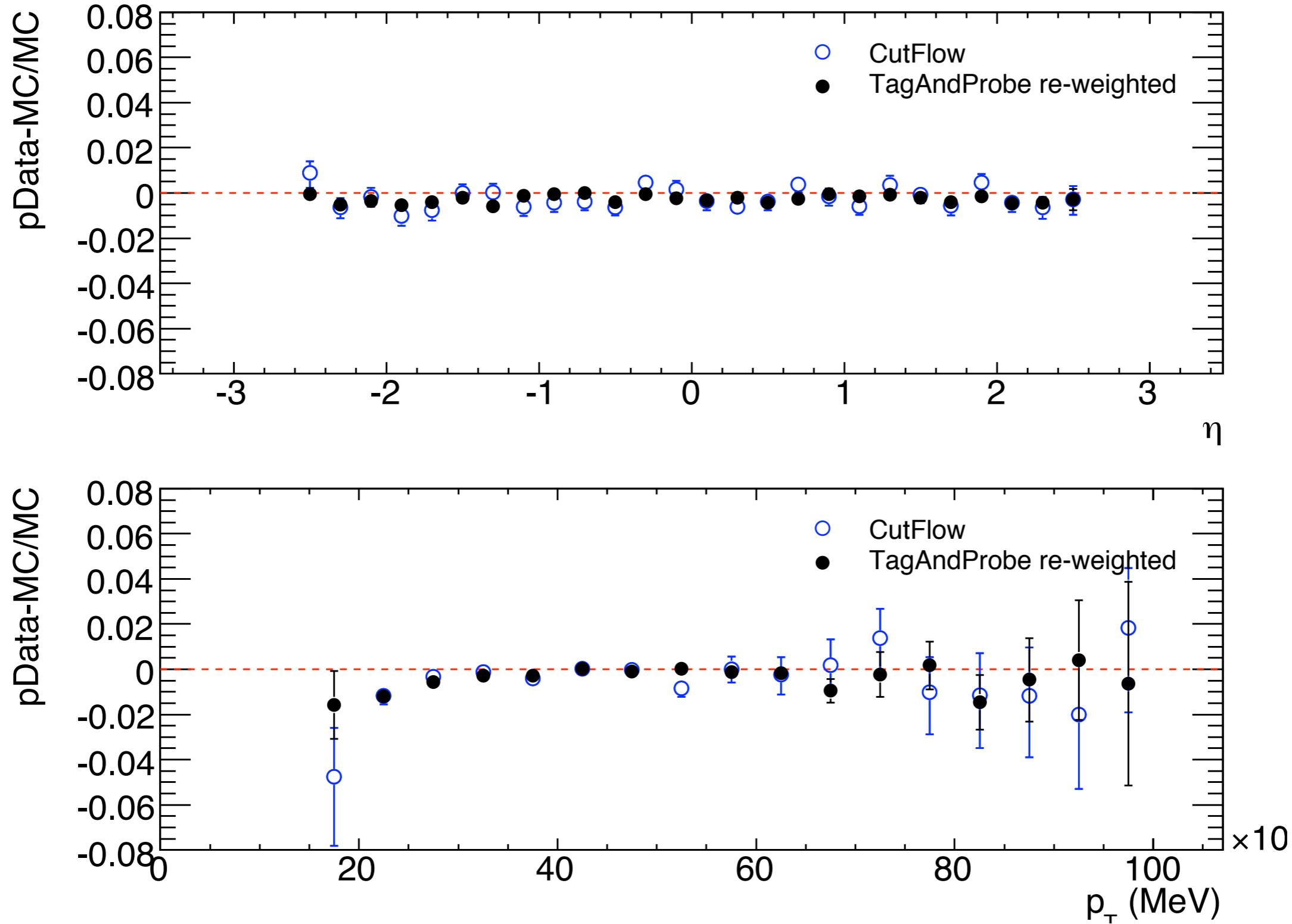
Event re-weighting validation

COMB term



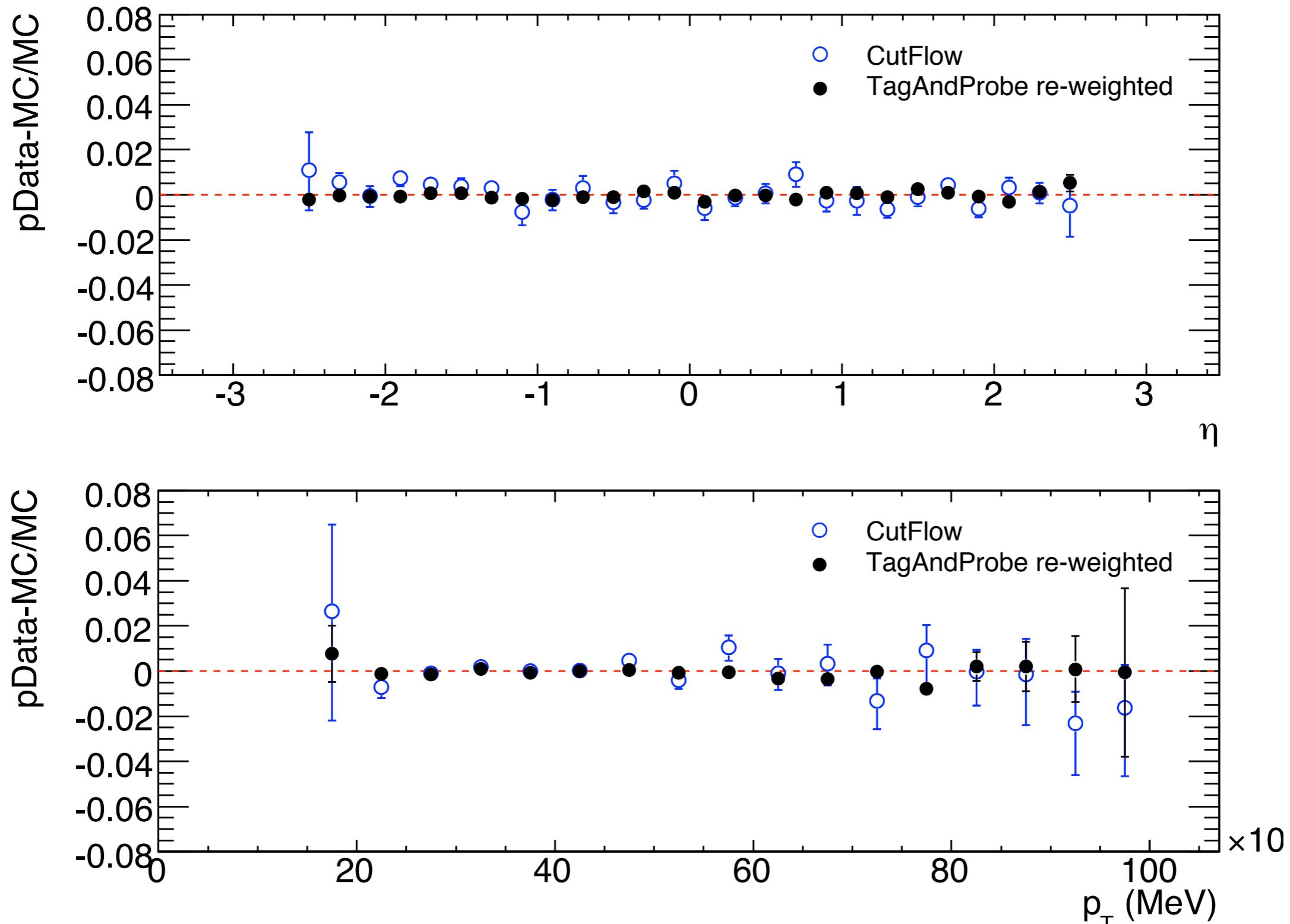
Event re-weighting validation

ISOL term



Event re-weighting validation

TRIG term



Final result



Efficiency on MC	38.595 ± 0.109
Weight	0.995 ± 0.002
Efficiency on MC weighted	$38.384 \pm 0.108 \text{ (stat)} \pm 0.089 \text{ (weight)}$
Efficiency on pData	38.322 ± 0.109
Effi MC-pData w/o weight	0.273 ± 0.154
Effi MC-pData w/ weight	0.062 ± 0.177

Note skeleton



ATLAS NOTE

ATL-PHYS-PUB-2009-000

June 8, 2009

**$Z \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ and $W \rightarrow \mu \nu$ inclusive cross sections
measurement in early data**

The ATLAS Collaboration

Abstract

The upcoming start of the LHC will provide the unprecedented possibility to explore TeV scale physics. A good understanding and calibration of the detector will be mandatory for any physics measurement. In the analysis of first data, the so-called “standard candles” processes will therefore provide a fundamental tool to verify the detector response and perform first inclusive cross section measurements. In this note the measurements of $Z \rightarrow \mu^+ \mu^-$ and $W \rightarrow \mu \nu$ inclusive cross sections in early data is presented, emphasizing the usage of data-driven techniques to estimate efficiencies and resolutions from data.



- 1 Introduction**
- 2 Data samples and cross sections**
- 3 Signal selection strategy**
- 4 Single particle performance**
 - 4.1 Tracking efficiency**
 - 4.2 Isolation efficiency**
 - 4.3 Trigger efficiency**
 - 4.4 Momentum scale and resolution**
 - 4.5 Missing energy calibration**
- 5 Event re-weighting**
- 6 Backgrounds**
 - 6.1 QCD backgrounds**
 - 6.2 EW backgrounds**
 - 6.3 Pile-up and cavern backgrounds**
- 7 Signal yields extraction**
- 8 Conclusions**