

# Study of multi-neutron emission in the $\beta$ -decay of $^{11}\text{Li}$

**Franck DELAUNAY**

LPC Caen, France

for the  
**IS525 Collaboration**

EuNPC2018, 3-7 September 2018

# Motivation

## $^{11}\text{Li}$ $\beta$ -decay

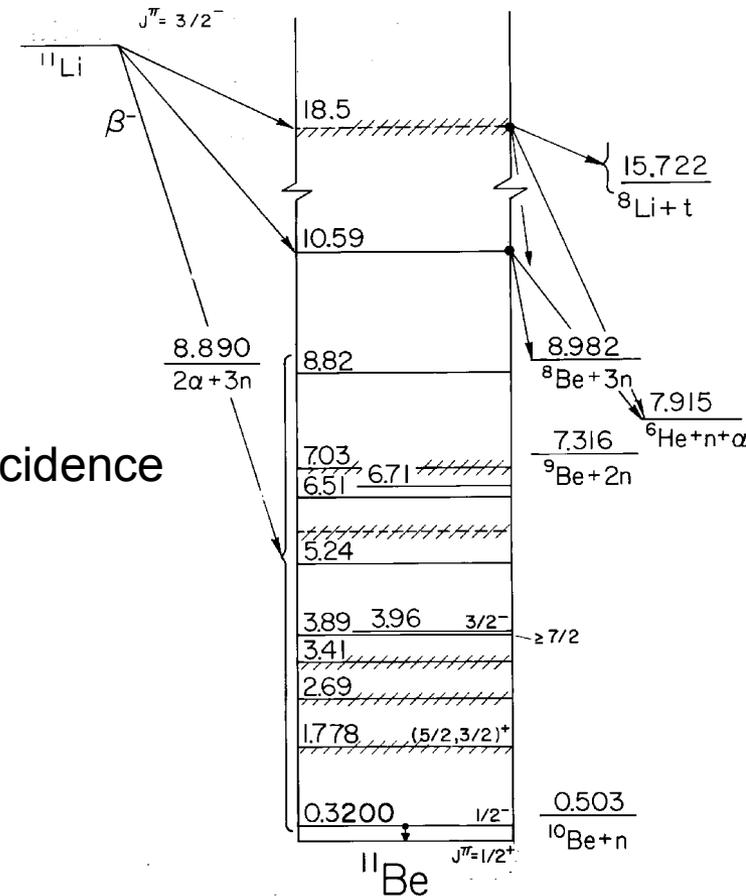
- Large  $Q_\beta$  (20.6 MeV), weakly bound  $^{11}\text{Be}$  daughter
- Many  $\beta$ -delayed emission channels open (1n, 2n, 3n,  $\alpha$ , d, t...)
- $P_{2n} = 4.2\%$
- No measurement of delayed 2n kinematics

## Goals

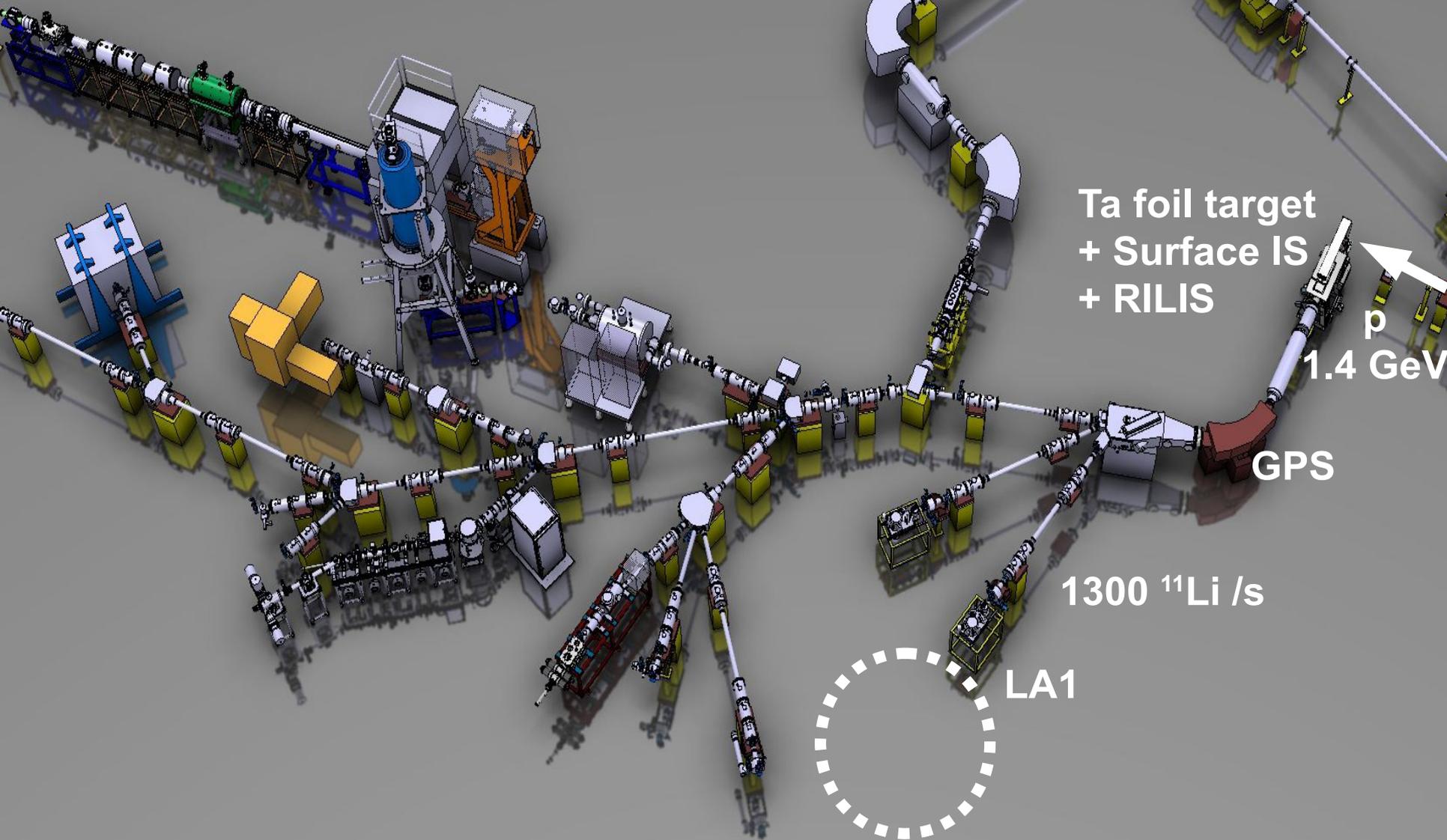
- Measure for the 1<sup>st</sup> time the kinematics of 2n in coincidence
- Sequential or simultaneous emission?
- Correlations?
- Improve the  $\beta$ -1n picture

## Requirements

- Neutron energy → TOF detector
- nn relative angle → Granularity
- Cross-talk rejection filters → Independent modules
- Reduce background to allow  $\beta$ -2n detection → n- $\gamma$  discrimination
- Array of liquid-scintillator neutron detectors



# ISOLDE



Ta foil target  
+ Surface IS  
+ RILIS

p  
1.4 GeV

GPS

1300  $^{11}\text{Li}$  /s

LA1

# Experimental setup

## 39 liquid scintillator modules

- 20 or 15 cm in diam., 5 cm thick
- MONSTER <sup>1</sup>, EDEN <sup>2</sup>, CEA
- $\approx 40\%$  intrinsic efficiency
- n- $\gamma$  pulse-shape discrimination

## Near array: $d = 1.5\text{ m}$

- $\Omega = 3.3\%$  of  $4\pi$
  - $\delta E = 70\text{ keV}$  at  $1\text{ MeV}$
- $\Rightarrow$  n-n coincidences

## Far array: $d = 2.5\text{ m}$

- $\delta E = 40\text{ keV}$  at  $1\text{ MeV}$
  - $\Omega = 0.4\%$  of  $4\pi$
- $\Rightarrow$  Improved 1n data

## Digital electronics (LPC)

Al foil  
Plastic scint.  
 $\Rightarrow$   $\beta$  rays  
 $\Rightarrow$  TOF start

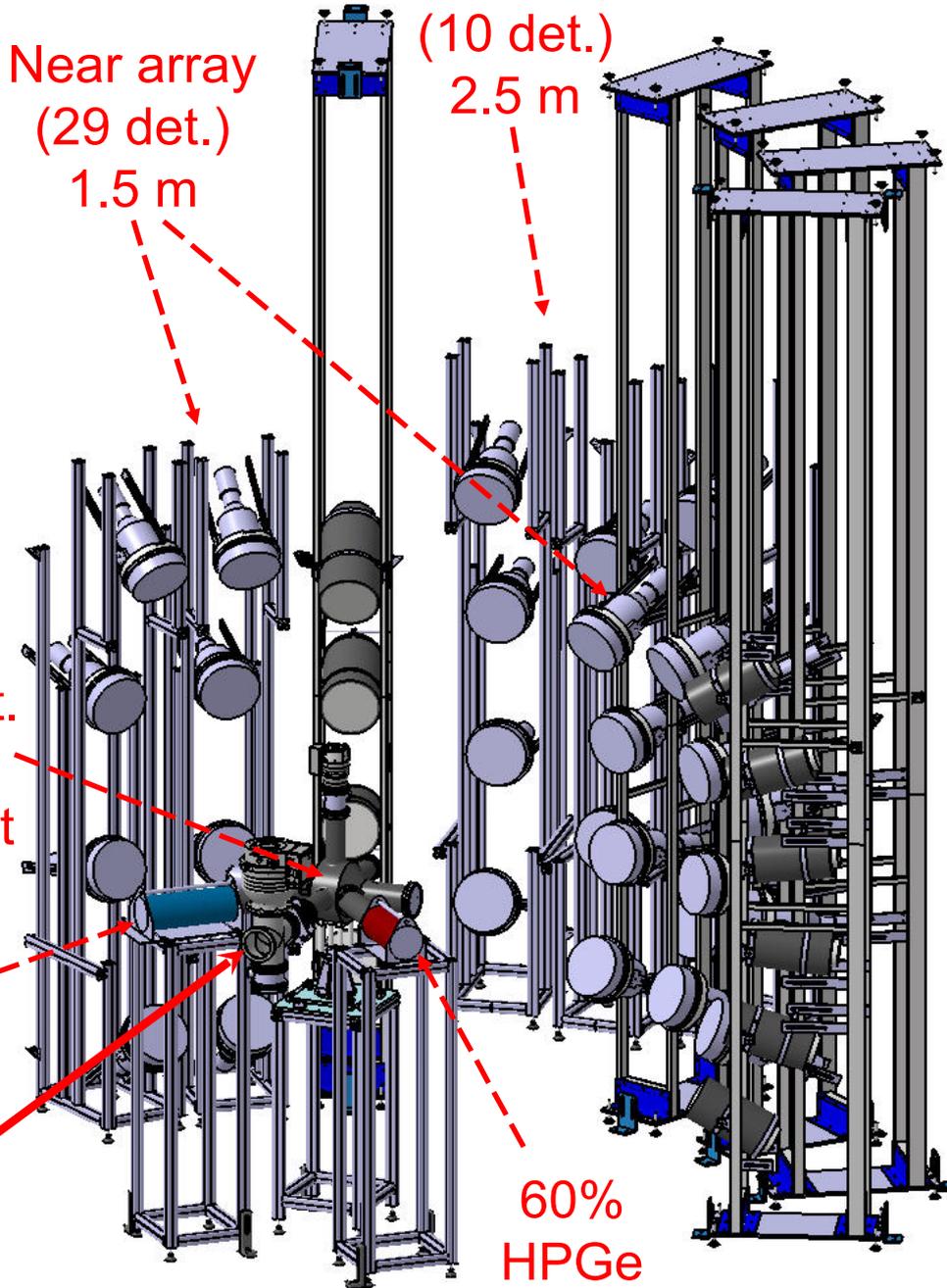
70%  
HPGe

<sup>11</sup>Li beam

Far array  
(10 det.)  
2.5 m

Near array  
(29 det.)  
1.5 m

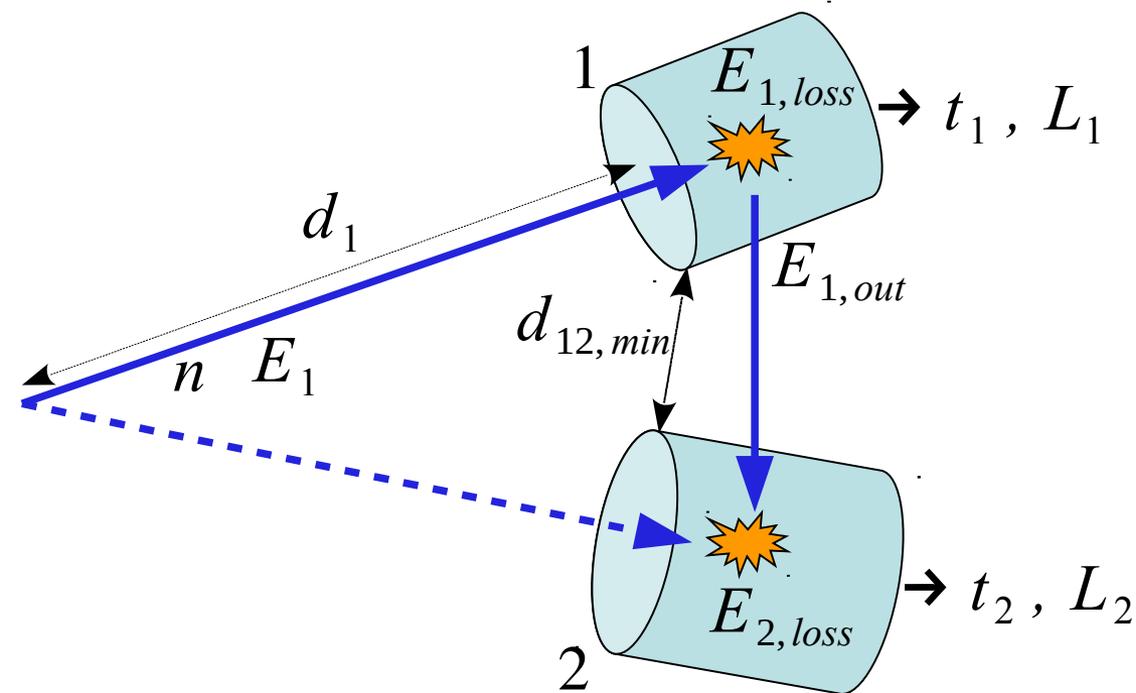
60%  
HPGe



<sup>1</sup> Martinez et al., Nuclear Data Sheets 120, 78

<sup>2</sup> Laurent et al., NIM A 326, 517

# Neutron Cross-Talk: 1 neutron $\rightarrow$ 2 hits



$$t_1, d_1 \rightarrow v_1 \rightarrow E_1$$

$$E_{1,loss} = f(\text{particle}, L_1)$$

$$E_{1,out} = E_1 - E_{1,loss}$$

$$E_{2,loss} = f(\text{particle}, L_2)$$

“Strong” cross-talk filter \*:

Event = CT if:

$$E_1 > E_{1,loss} = f(e, L_1)$$

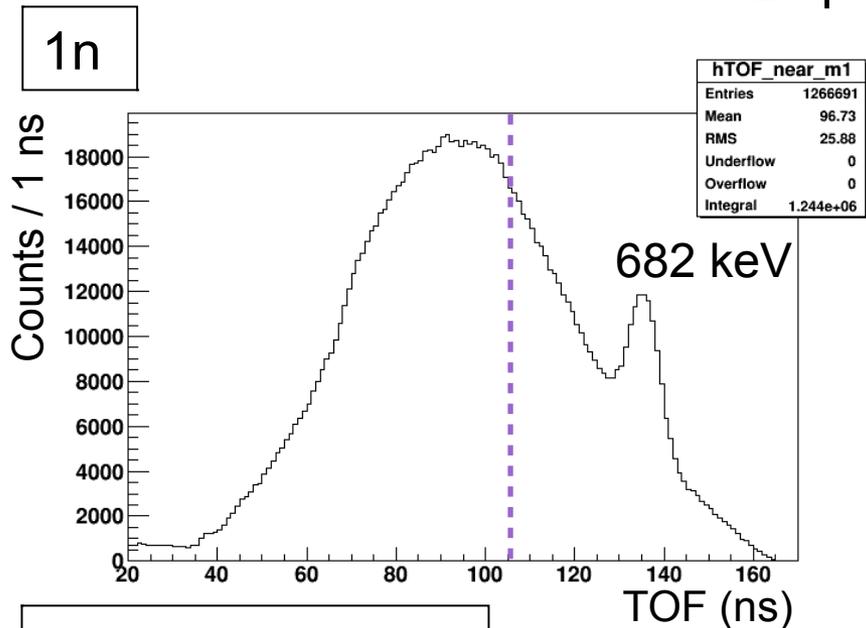
$$E_{1,out} > E_{12,min}$$

$$E_{1,out} > E_{2,loss} = f(e, L_2)$$

$$E_{12,min} = \frac{M_n}{2} \left( \frac{d_{12,min}}{t_2 - t_1} \right)^2$$

# Validation of cross-talk filter: $^9\text{Li}$

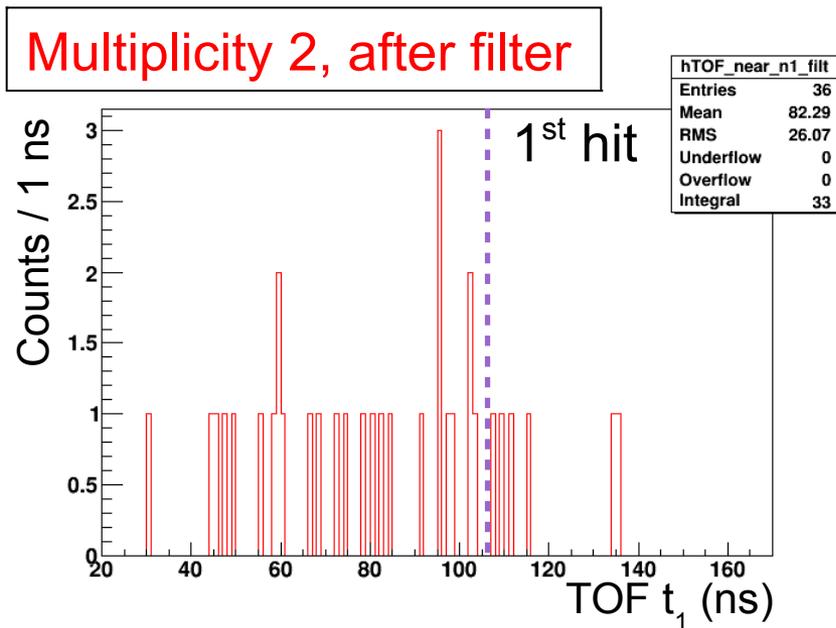
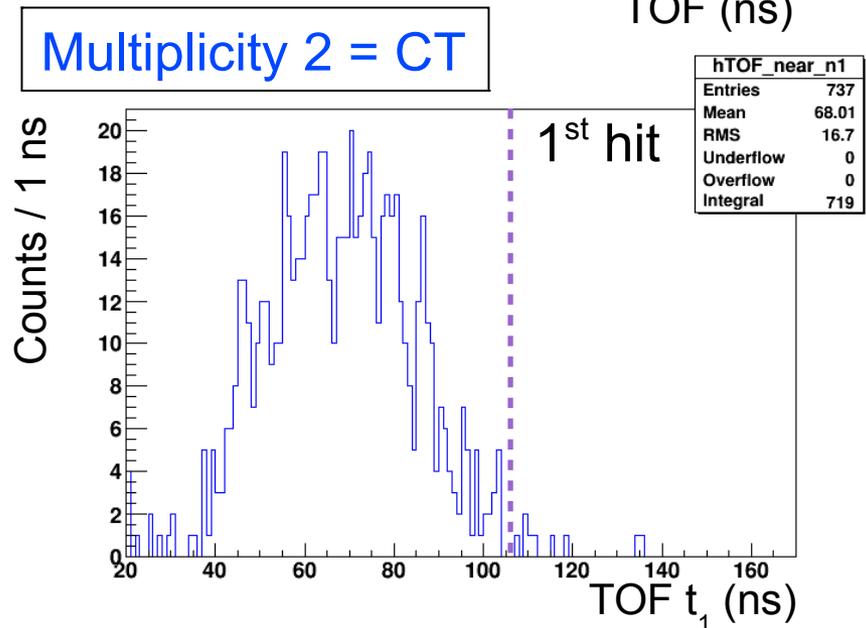
$^9\text{Li}$ :  $\beta$ -1n emitter



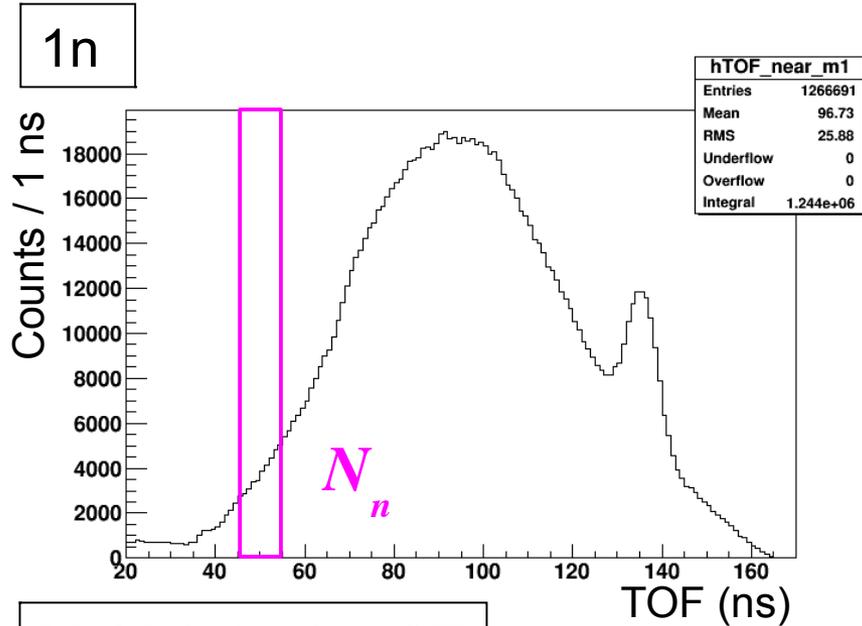
Near array (d = 1.5 m)

Threshold  $L > 75 \text{ keVee} \leftrightarrow E_n > 530 \text{ keV}$

CT :  $E_n > 1060 \text{ keV} \leftrightarrow \text{TOF} < 107 \text{ ns}$



# Validation of cross-talk filter : ${}^9\text{Li}$

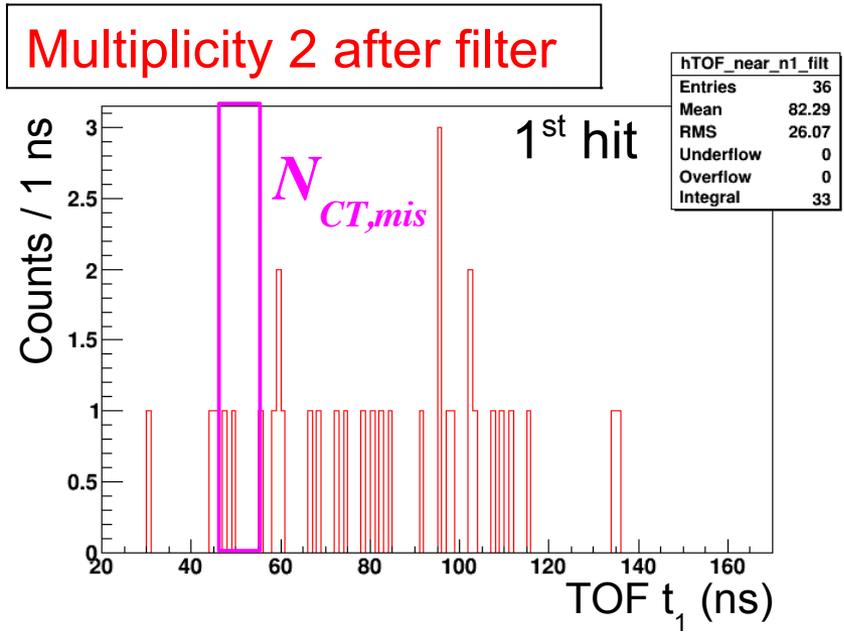
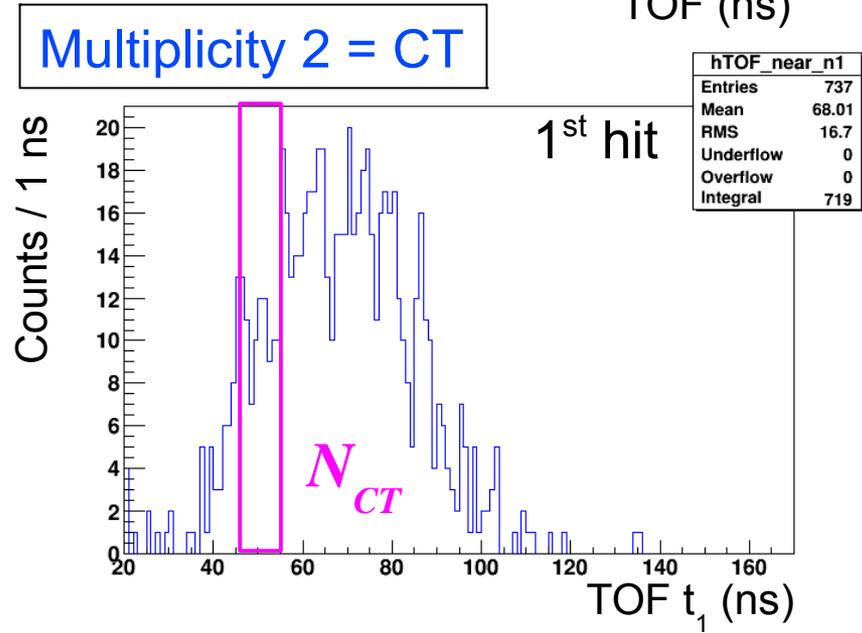


CT probability:

$$P_{CT} = \frac{N_{CT}}{N_n}$$

Filter rejection rate:

$$R_{CT} = 1 - \frac{N_{CT,mis}}{N_{CT}}$$



# Validation of cross-talk filter : ${}^9\text{Li}$

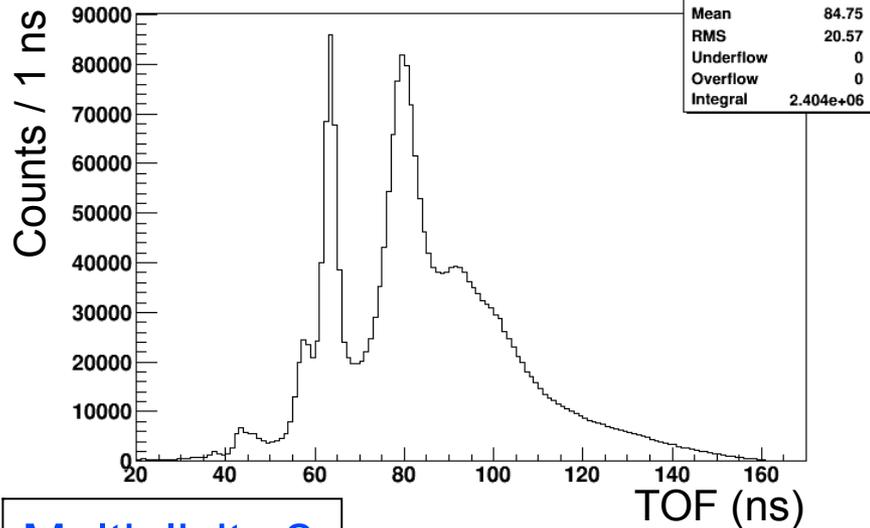
TOF (ns)	$E_n$ (MeV)	$P_{\text{CT}}$ (%)	$R_{\text{CT}}$ (%)
[35, 52]	[10.1, 4.5]	0.30(3)	97(2)
[52, 61]	[4.5, 3.3]	0.24(2)	96(2)
[61, 68]	[3.3, 2.6]	0.18(2)	99(1)
[68, 75]	[2.6, 2.2]	0.13(1)	97(2)
[75, 83]	[2.2, 1.8]	0.088(9)	97(2)
[83, 107]	[1.8, 1.1]	0.027(3)	92(3)

**PRELIMINARY**

- $P_{\text{CT}}$  increases with  $E_n$  (consistent with dedicated CT measurements)
- Filter rejection rate  $R_{\text{CT}}$  large,  $\approx$  independent of  $E_n$

# $^{11}\text{Li}$ $\beta$ -2n

1n

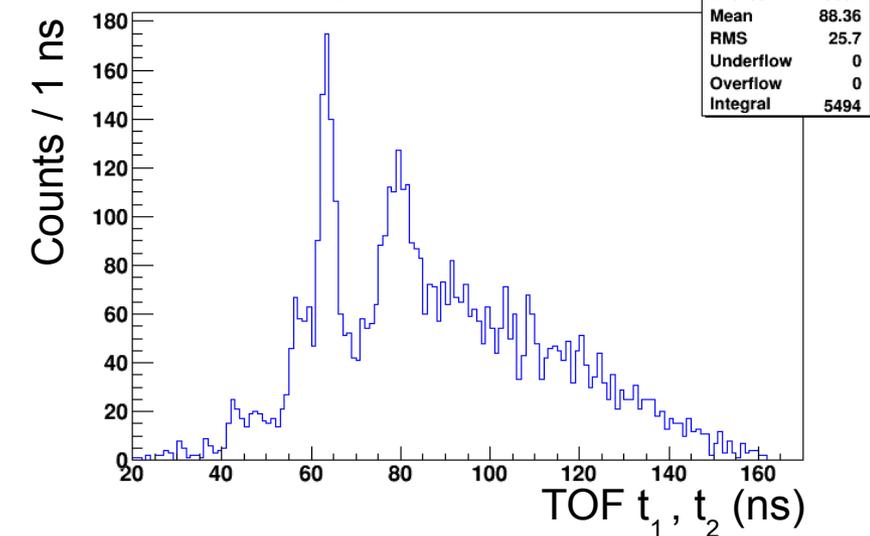


PRELIMINARY

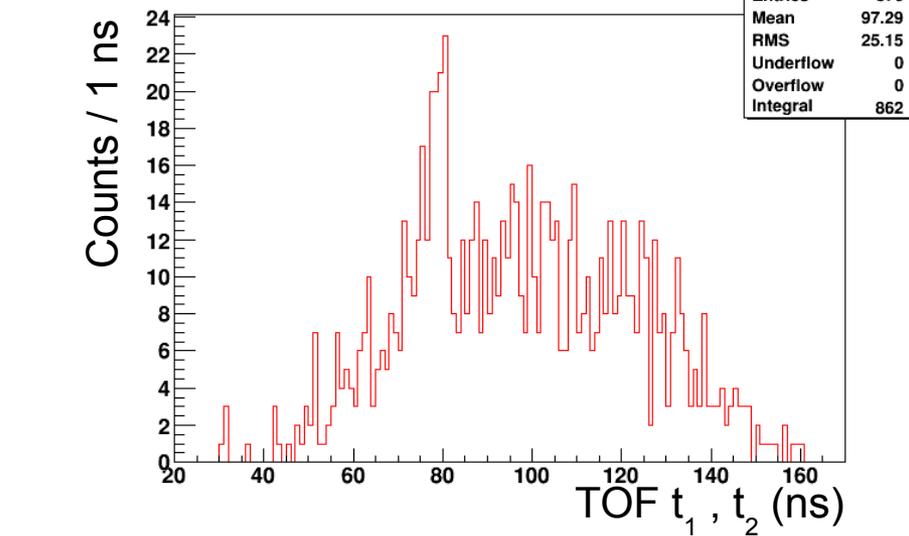
Near array

Threshold  $L > 75$  keVee  $\leftrightarrow E_n > 530$  keV

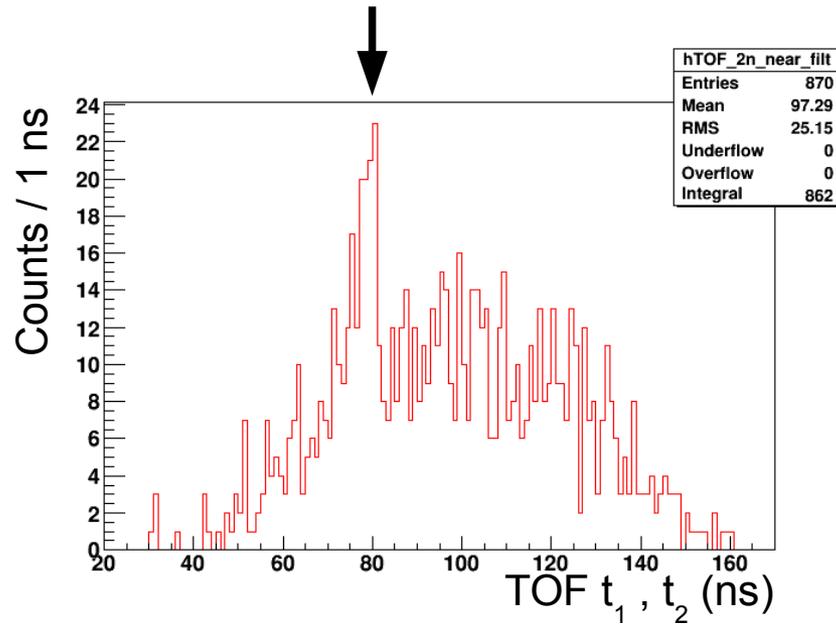
Multiplicity 2



Multiplicity 2 after filter  $\rightarrow$  2n

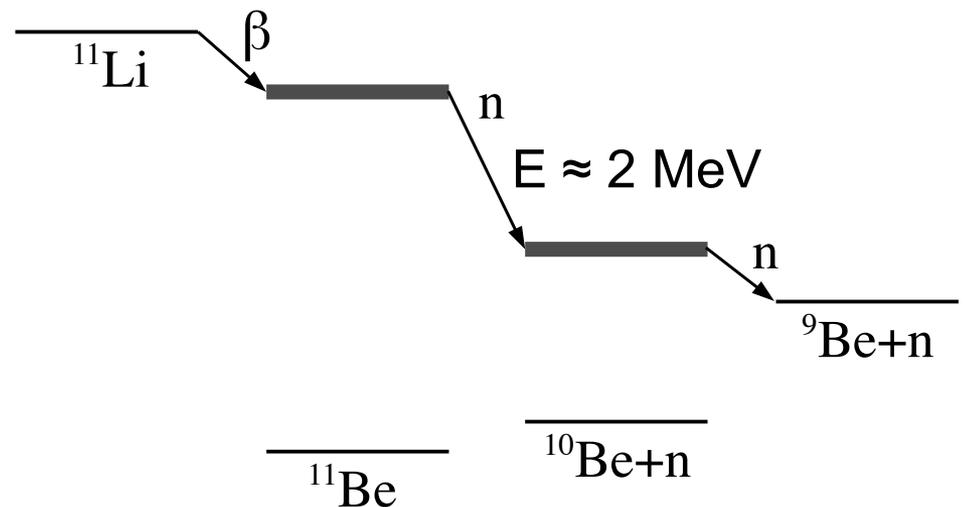


# $^{11}\text{Li}$ $\beta$ -2n

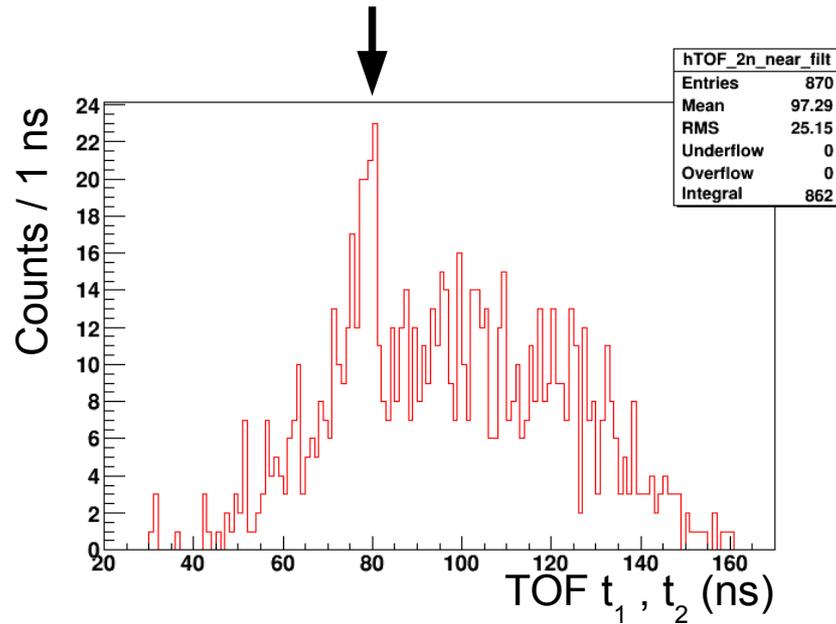


PRELIMINARY

- n line
- $E \approx 2$  MeV
- Fastest n
- Sequential 2n emission?

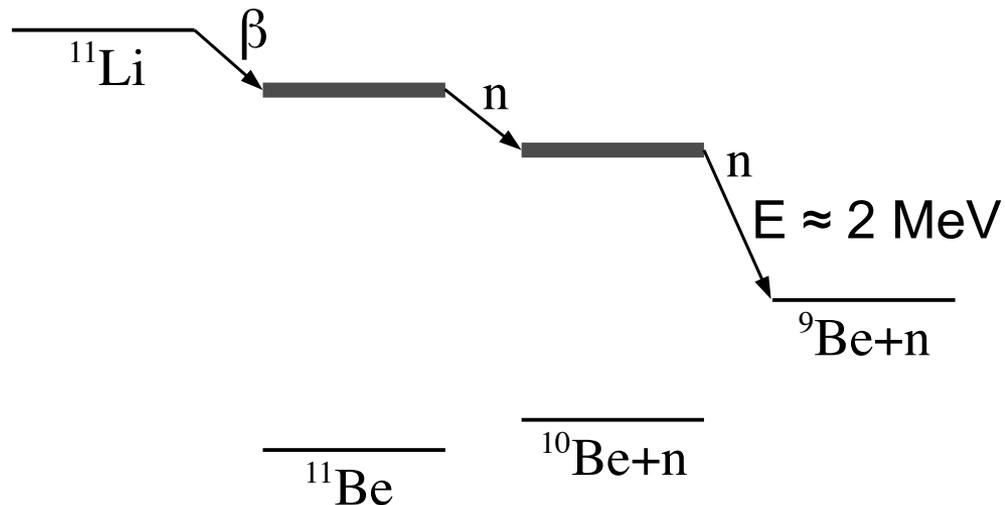


# $^{11}\text{Li}$ $\beta$ -2n

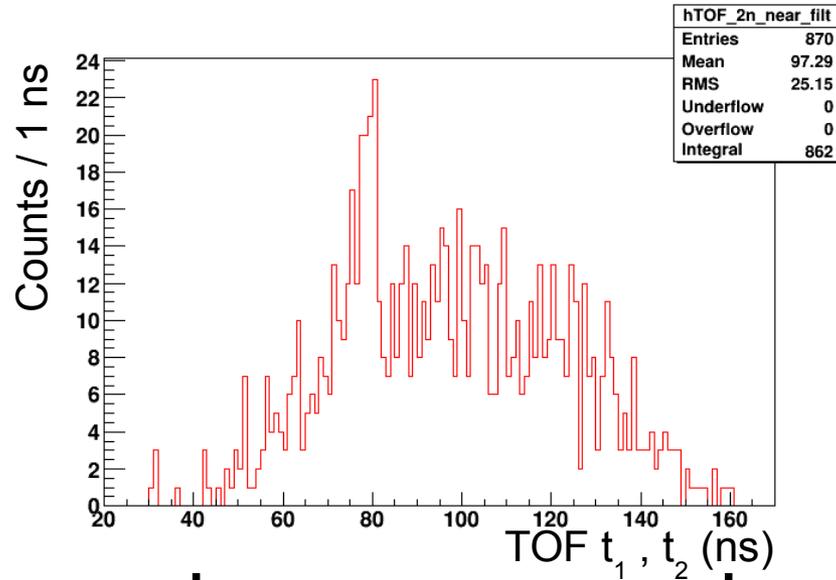


PRELIMINARY

- n line
- $E \approx 2$  MeV
- Fastest n
- Sequential 2n emission?



# $^{11}\text{Li}$ $\beta$ -2n



PRELIMINARY

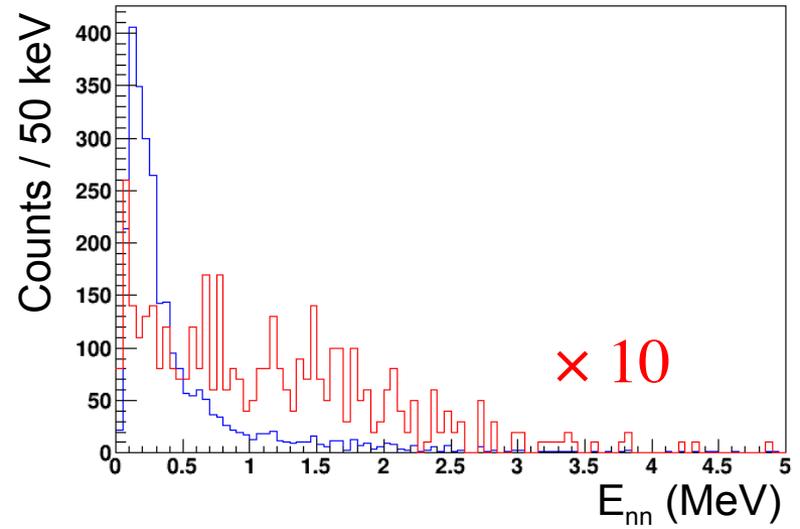
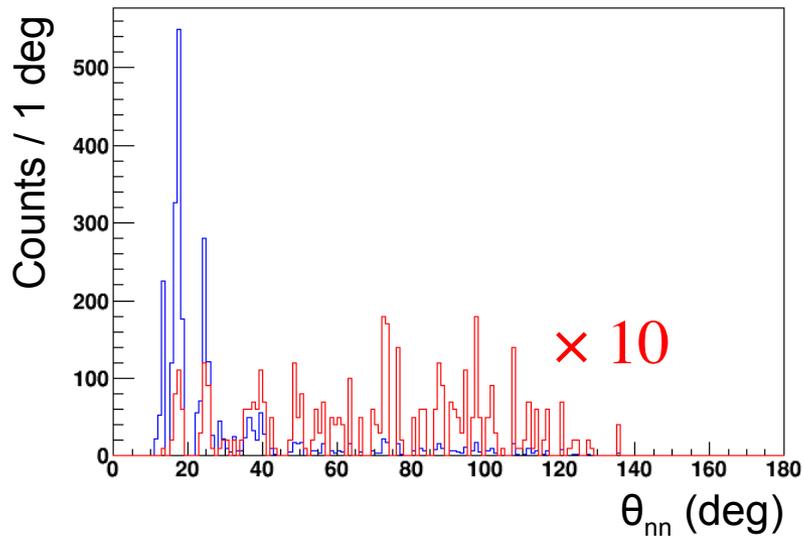
Continuum

→ unresolved lines?

→ direct 2n emission?

# $^{11}\text{Li}$ $\beta$ -2n

Multiplicity 2  
Multiplicity 2, after filter



PRELIMINARY

# Conclusions

$^{11}\text{Li}$   $\beta$ -delayed neutron emission explored with an array of liquid-scintillator neutron detectors

Goals:

- Kinematics of 2-neutron emission
- Improved picture of  $\beta$ -1n

- CT filter tested on  $^9\text{Li}$   $\beta$ -1n  $\rightarrow$  large CT rejection rate
- $^{11}\text{Li}$   $\beta$ -2n events
  - $\rightarrow \approx 2\text{-MeV}$  n line  $\rightarrow$  sequential 2n emission?
- CT filter expected to reject real 2n events
  - $\rightarrow$  Investigate other filters
  - $\rightarrow$  Increase of 2n statistics?
  - $\rightarrow$  Maintain a high CT rejection rate?

# IS525 Collaboration

LPC Caen: F. Delaunay, N.L. Achouri, J. Gibelin, F.M. Marqués, N. Orr, M. Pârlog, J. Pereira

CIEMAT Madrid: D. Cano-Ott, J. Balibrea, T. Martinez, E. Mendoza, C. Santos

Universidad Complutense Madrid: L.M. Fraile, V. Vedia

Aarhus University: K. Riisager, M. V. Lund

ISOLDE CERN: M. Madurga

CSIC IEM Madrid: M.J.G. Borge, O. Tengblad, I. Marroquin

VECC Kolkata: C. Bhattacharya, K. Banerjee

CEA/SPhN Saclay: M. Senoville

Universidade de Santiago de Compostela: B. Fernandez

IPN Orsay: M. Assié

IFIC Valencia: A. Algora

**Thank you for your attention**

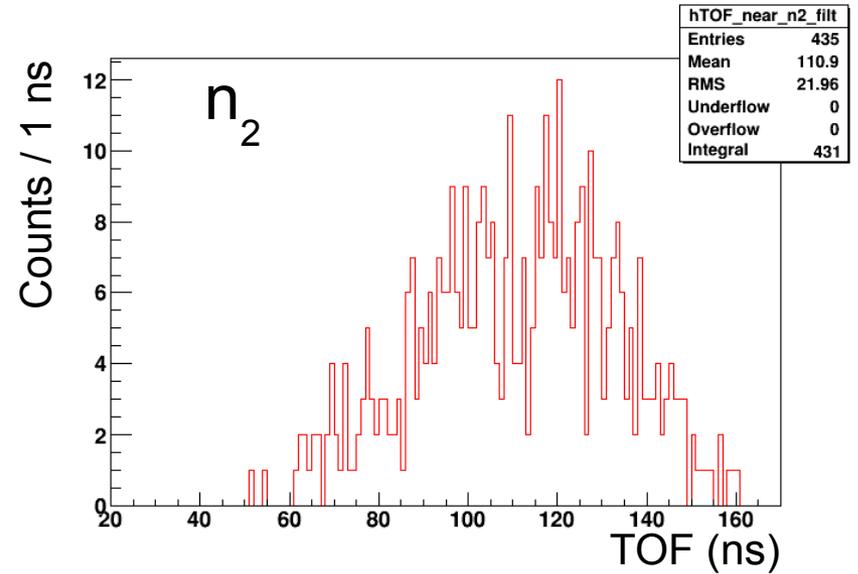
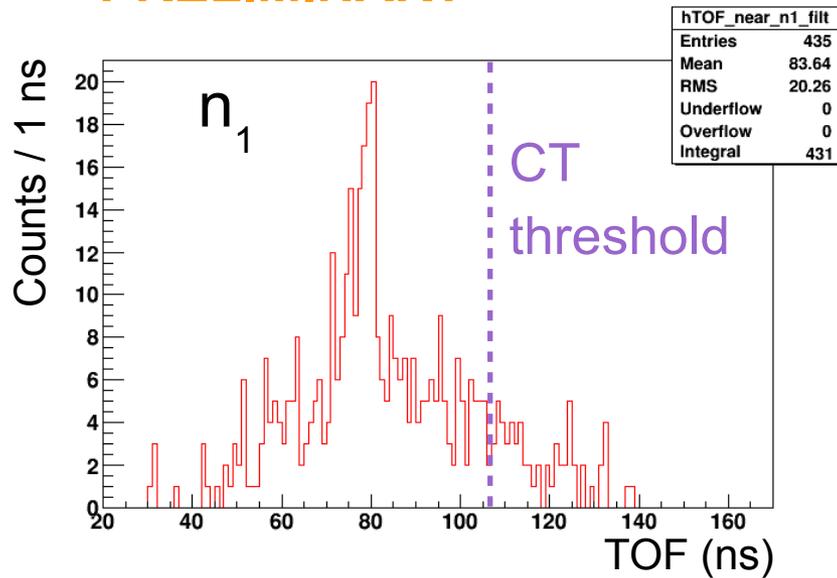


# $^{11}\text{Li } \beta\text{-}2\text{n}$

$$t_1 < t_2$$

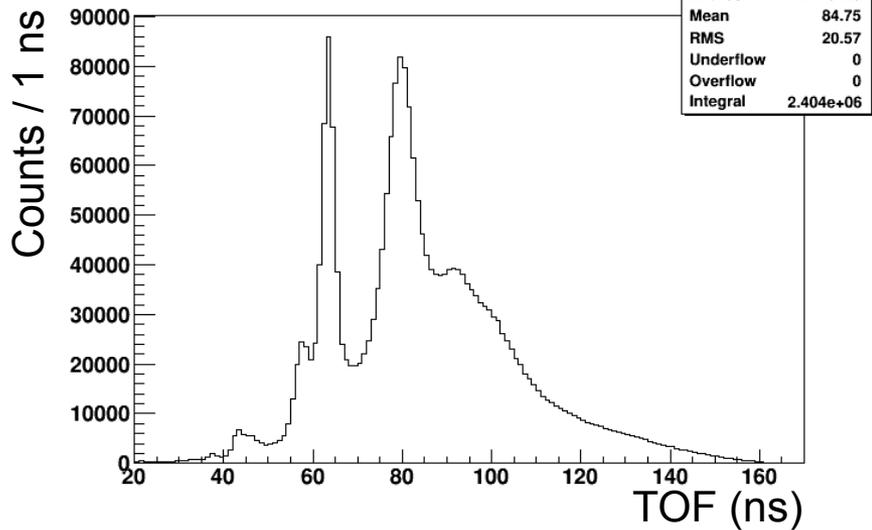
$$E_1 > E_2$$

PRELIMINARY

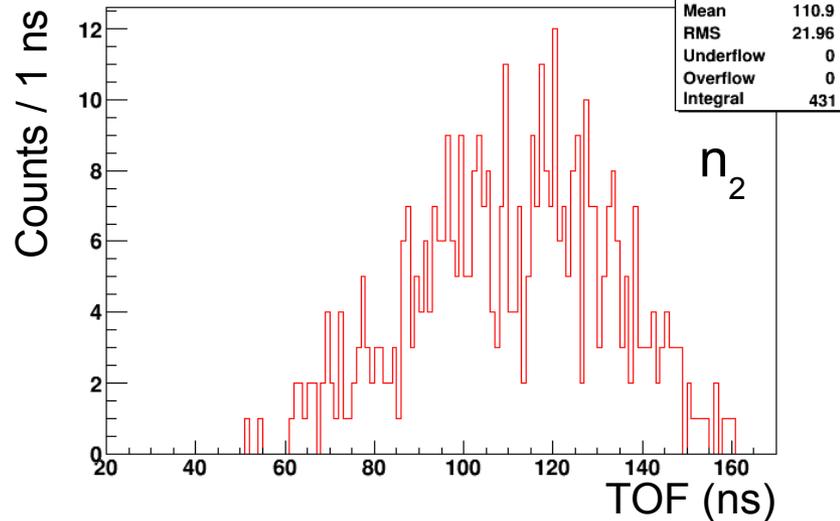


# $^{11}\text{Li}$ $\beta$ -2n

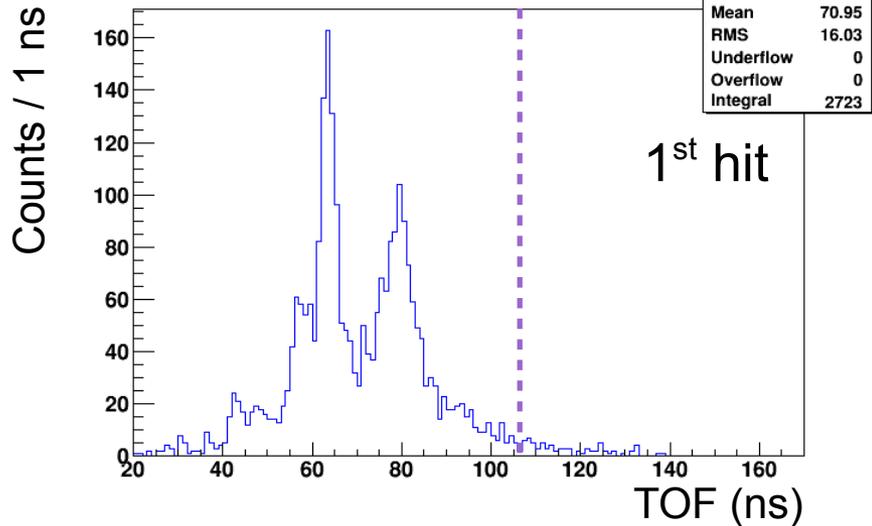
1n



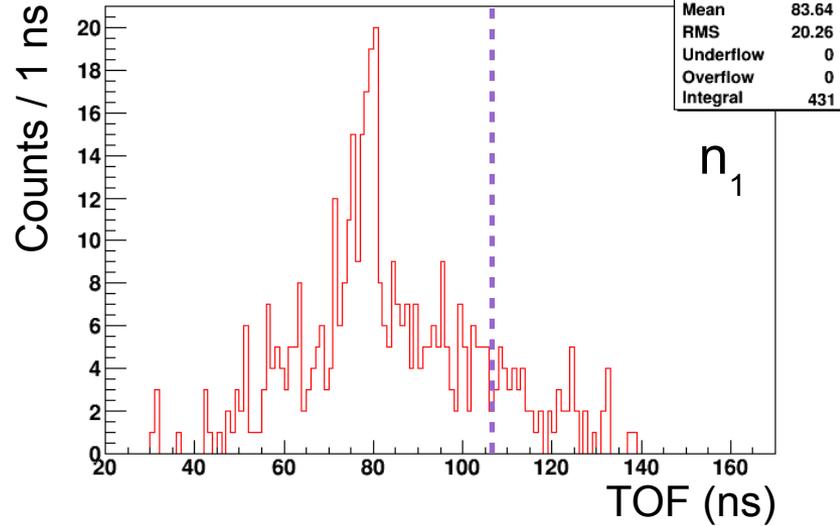
hTOF\_near\_n2\_filt



Multiplicity 2



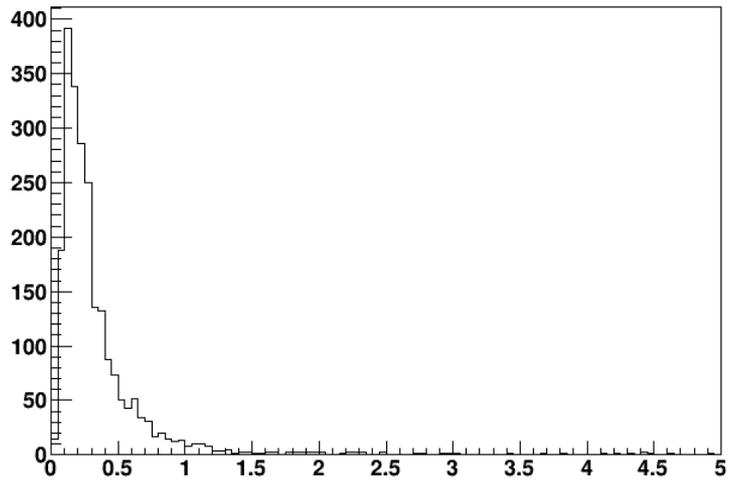
Multiplicity 2 after filter  $\rightarrow$  2n



# Cross-talk events from $^{11}\text{Li}$ and $^9\text{Li}$ $\beta$ -1n

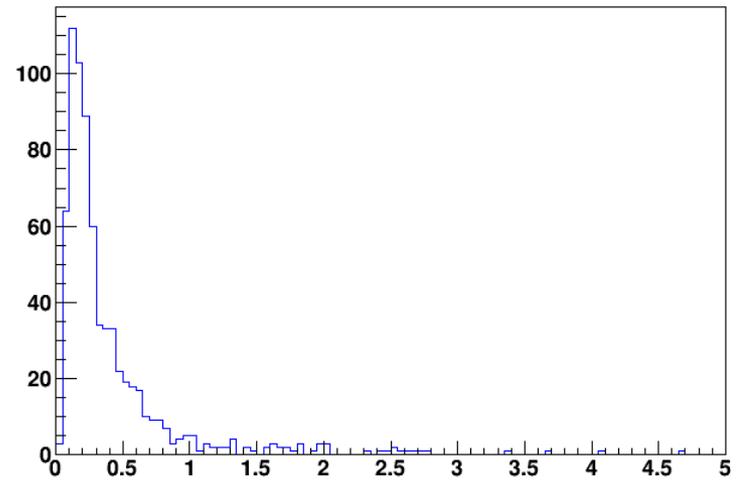
$^{11}\text{Li}$  : Mult. 2 rejected events

hErel\_nfilt

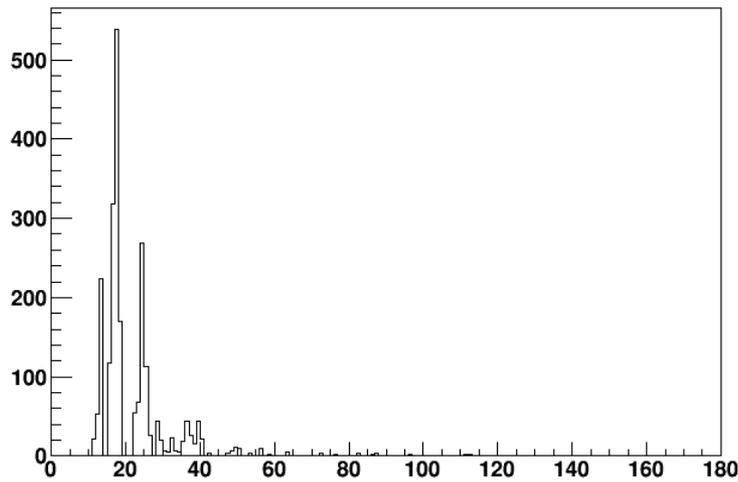


$^9\text{Li}$  : Mult. 2 events

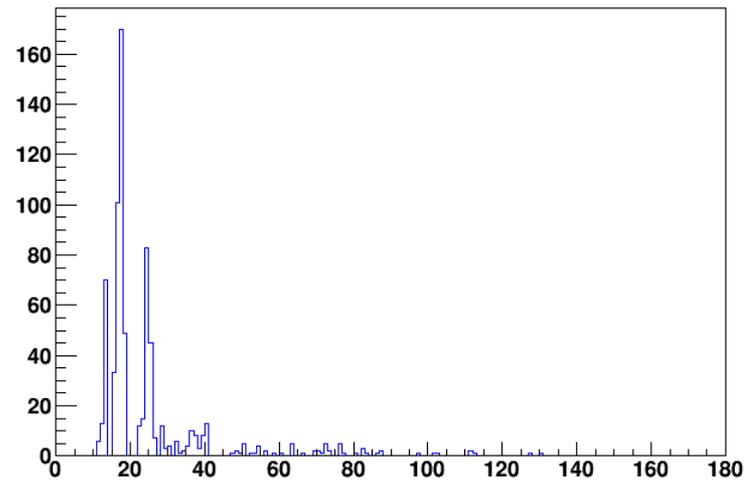
hErel



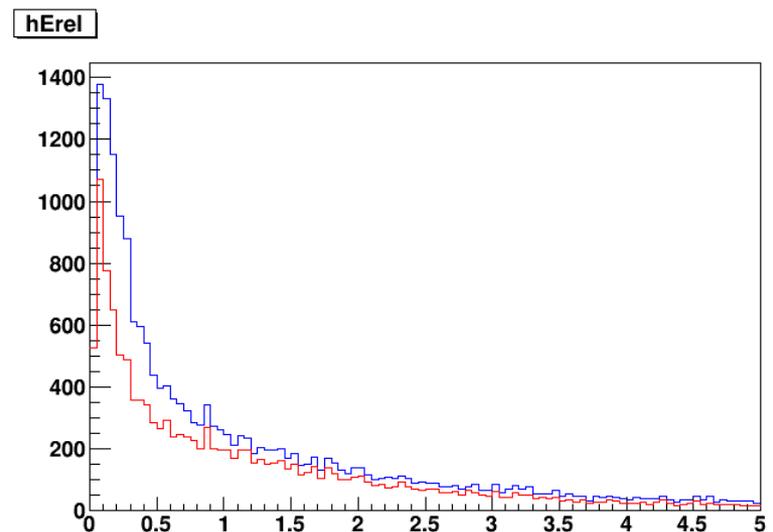
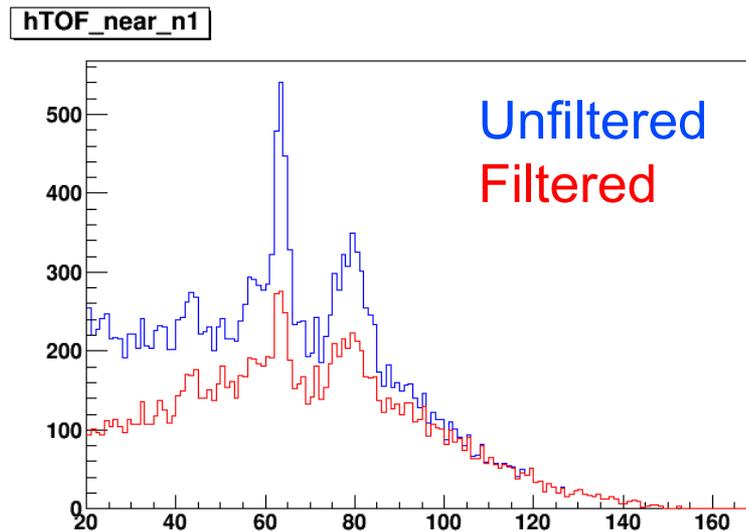
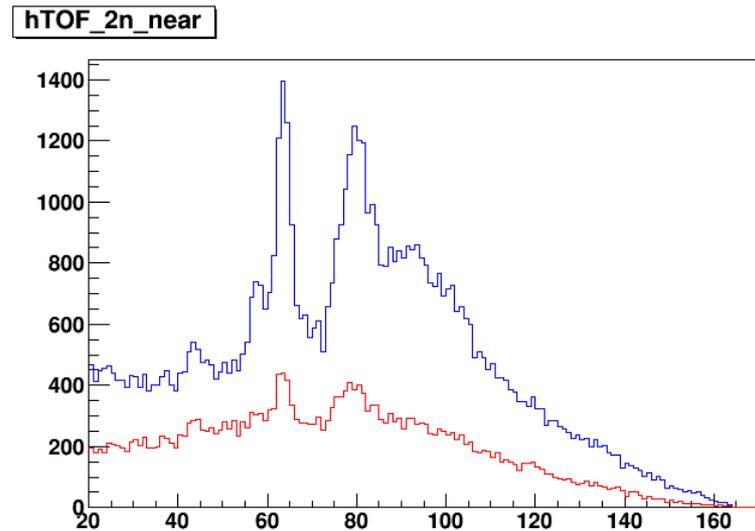
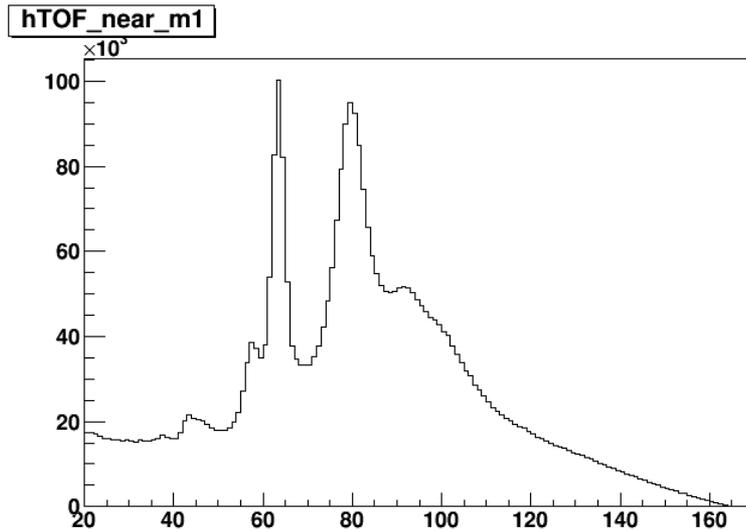
hThetaRel\_nfilt



hThetaRel



# Without n- $\gamma$ discrimination: $^{11}\text{Li}$ $\beta$ -2n?



$\Rightarrow$  Random coincidences involving background ( $\mu$ ,  $\gamma$ )

# $^{11}\text{Li}$ : Counts

M2 & CTF

$N_n$  &  $P_{CT}$  &  $R_{CT}$

TOF (ns)	$E_n$ (MeV)	$N_n$	$N_{M2}$	$N_{CT,id}$	$N_{2n}$	$N_{CT,est}$	$N_{CT,id,est}$	$N_{CT,mis,est}$
[35, 52]	[10.1, 4.5]	61096	214	194	20(5)	184(18)	178(17)	6(4)
[52, 61]	[4.5, 3.3]	144128	374	345	29(6)	339(32)	325(32)	14(7)
[61, 68]	[3.3, 2.6]	345745	708	676	32(6)	605(59)	600(59)	6(6)
[68, 75]	[2.6, 2.2]	170555	284	234	50(7)	218(21)	213(21)	6(4)
[75, 83]	[2.2, 1.8]	535078	625	516	109(11)	471(45)	459(44)	12(8)
[83, 107]	[1.8, 1.1]	822616	412	286	126(12)	225(21)	206(20)	19(6)

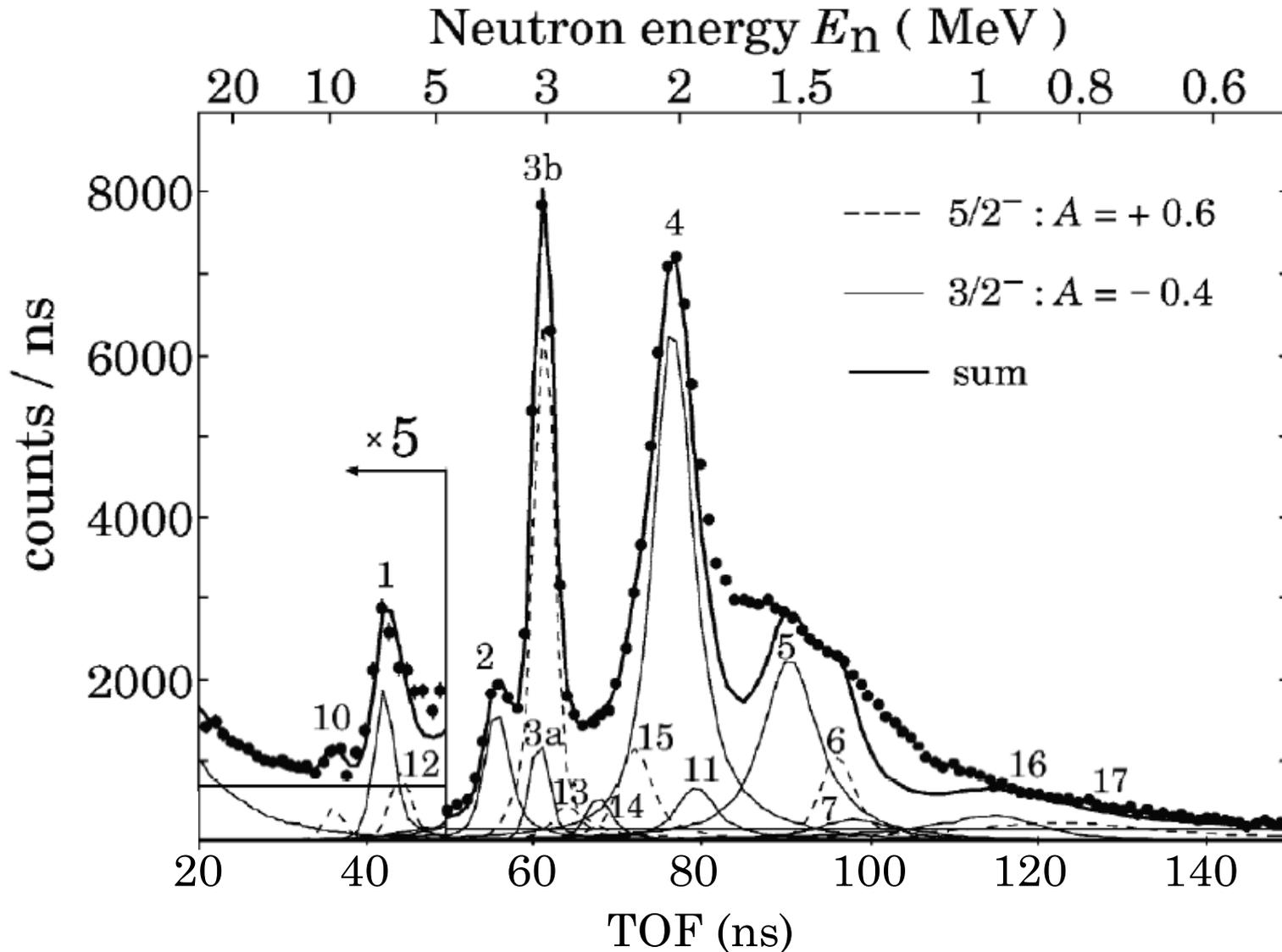
# Validation of cross-talk filter : ${}^9\text{Li}$

TOF (ns)	$E_n$ (MeV)	$N_n$	$N_{\text{CT}}$	$N_{\text{CT,nid}}$	$P_{\text{CT}}$ (%)	$R_{\text{CT}}$ (%)
[35, 52]	[10.1, 4.5]	38483	116	4	0.30(3)	97(2)
[52, 61]	[4.5, 3.3]	51467	121	5	0.24(2)	96(2)
[61, 68]	[3.3, 2.6]	62796	110	1	0.18(2)	99(1)
[68, 75]	[2.6, 2.2]	92243	118	3	0.13(1)	97(2)
[75, 83]	[2.2, 1.8]	129387	114	3	0.088(9)	97(2)
[83, 107]	[1.8, 1.1]	435126	119	10	0.027(3)	92(3)

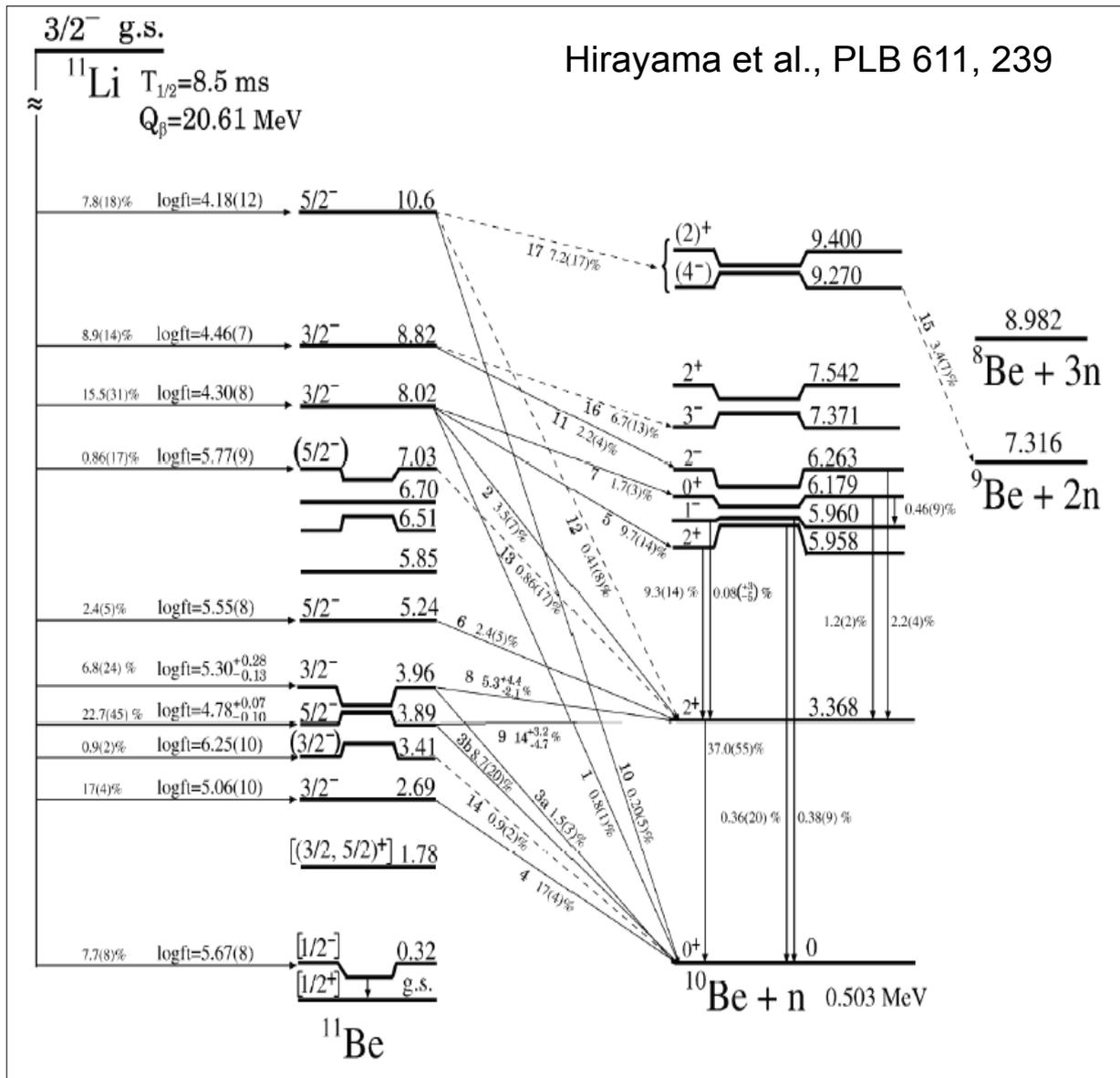
- $P_{\text{CT}}$  increases with  $E_n$  (consistent with dedicated CT measurements)
- Filter rejection rate  $R_{\text{CT}}$  large, independent of  $E_n$

# Previous $\beta$ -1n study

Hirayama et al., PLB 611 (2005) 239



# Previous $\beta$ -1n study



# Neutron lines

Hirayama #	11Be E*	10Be E*	In %	En	beta	TOF 1.5 m	TOF 2.5 m
9	3,89	3,368	14	0,016	0,006	847,2	1412,0
8	3,96	3,368	5,3	0,080	0,013	383,2	638,6
17	10,6	9,4	(7,2)	0,633	0,037	136,3	227,2
17	10,6	9,27	(7,2)	0,751	0,040	125,1	208,6
16	8,82	7,371	6,7	0,859	0,043	117,0	195,0
7	8,02	6,179	1,7	1,215	0,051	98,4	164,0
6	5,24	3,368	2,4	1,244	0,051	97,3	162,1
5	8,02	5,958	9,7	1,416	0,055	91,2	151,9
11	8,82	6,263	2,2	1,866	0,063	79,4	132,4
4	2,69	0	17	1,987	0,065	77,0	128,3
14	3,41	0	0,9	2,642	0,075	66,8	111,4
13	7,03	3,368	0,86	2,871	0,078	64,1	106,8
3b	3,89	0	8,7	3,078	0,081	61,9	103,2
3a	3,96	0	1,5	3,142	0,082	61,3	102,2
2	8,02	3,368	3,5	3,771	0,089	56,0	93,3
12	10,6	3,368	0,41	6,116	0,114	44,0	73,4
1	8,02	0	0,8	6,833	0,120	41,7	69,5
10	10,6	0	0,2	9,178	0,139	36,0	60,1
	10Be E*	9Be E*					
A	7,371	0		0,503	0,033	152,9	254,8
15	9,27	0	3,4	2,212	0,068	73,0	121,7
15'	9,400	0		2,329	0,070	71,1	118,6

Possible discrete lines from beta-2n:

17+15

16+A

# Digital Electronics and DAQ

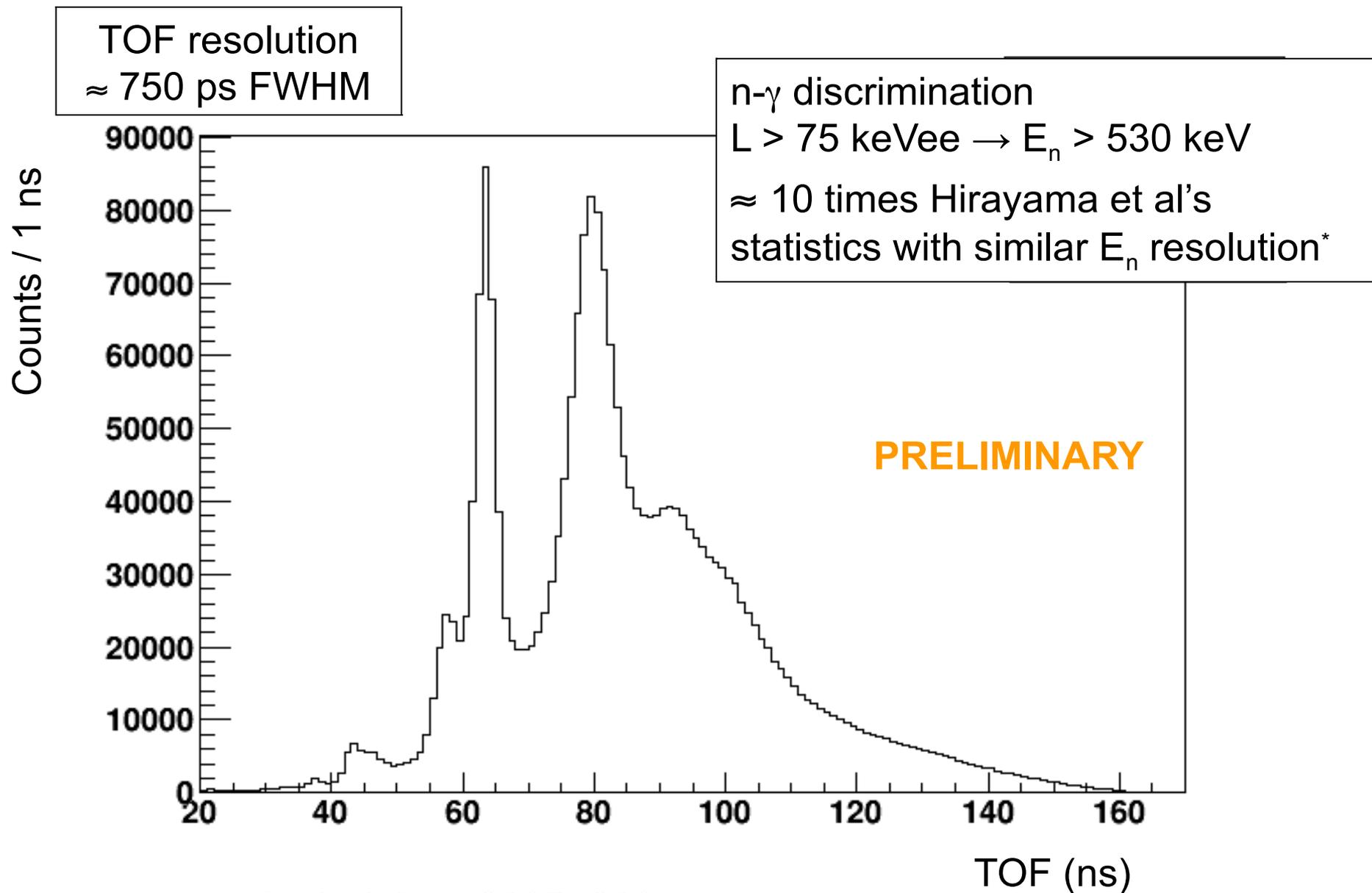
FASTER project, LPC Caen, D. Etasse et al. ([faster.in2p3.fr](http://faster.in2p3.fr))

- **CFD + QDC**: 500 MHz, 12 bits, 2.3 V, 100 MHz BW  
→  $\beta$  plastic scintillator, neutron modules, ET2 (impact + 1ms)  
→ Time and charges
- **Spec amp + ADC**: 125 MHz, 14 bits, 1-10 V, 25 MHz BW  
→ Ge detectors: Energy and time

Baseline restoration  
No common dead-time  
Time stamping  
Triggerless  
  
50 channel capability  
(MicroTCA standard)

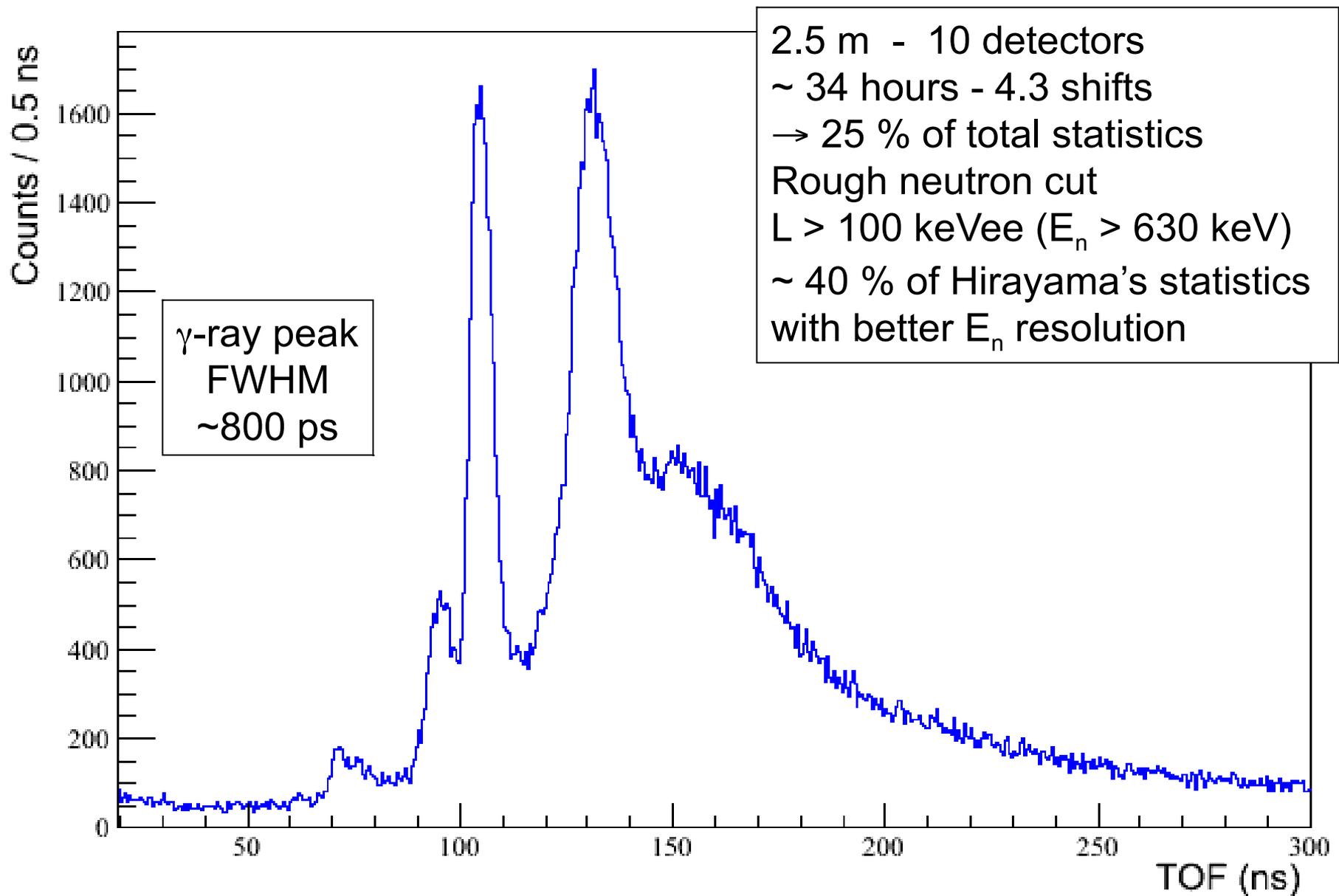


# $^{11}\text{Li}$ $\beta$ -1n: Near array

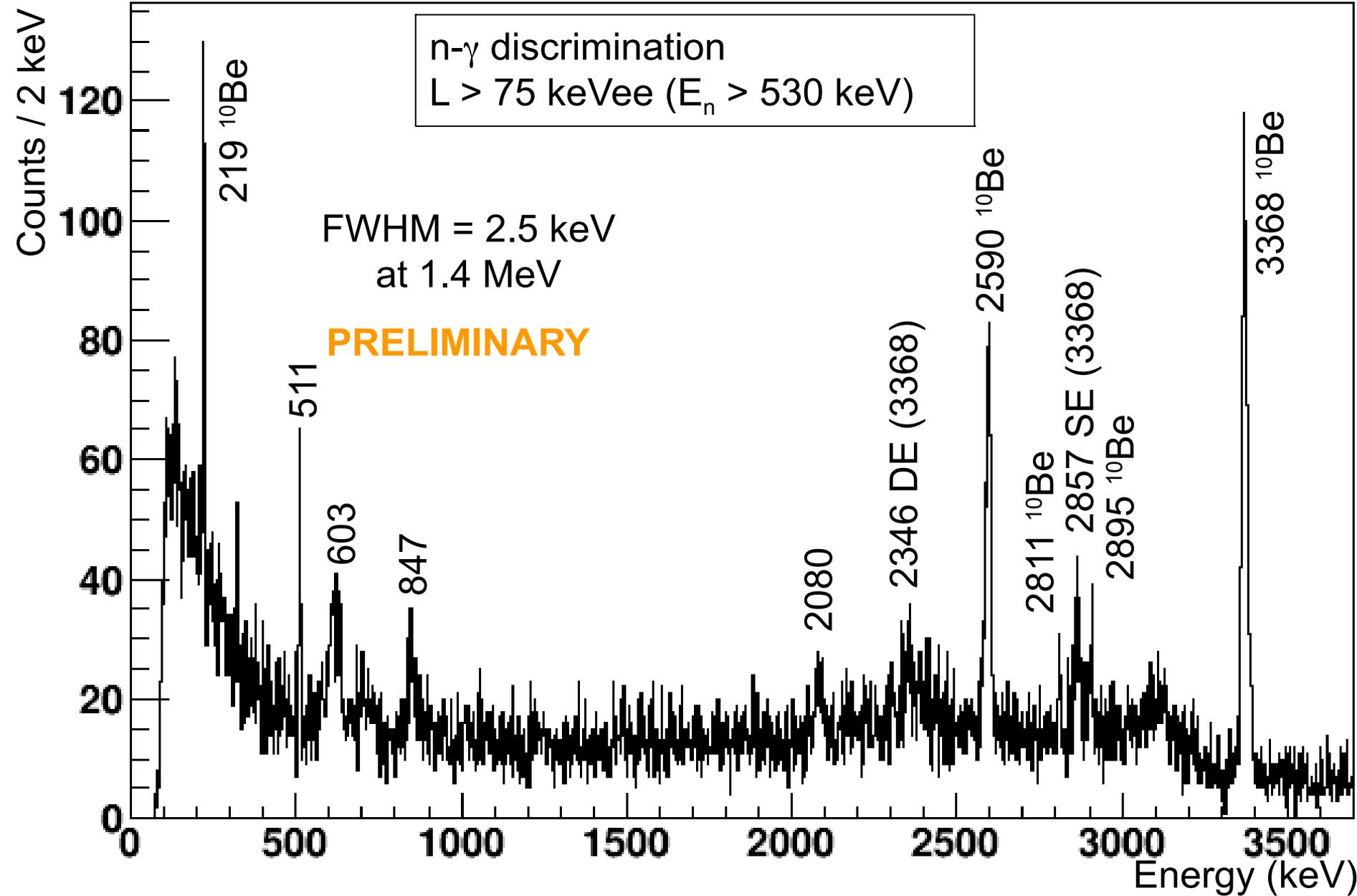
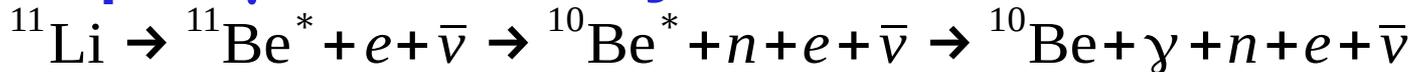


\* Hirayama et al., PLB 611 (2005) 239

# $^{11}\text{Li}$ $\beta$ -1n: Far array

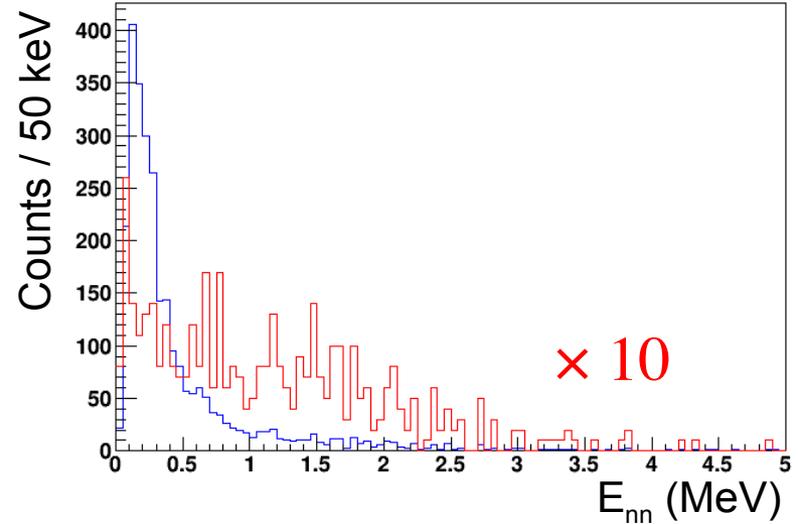
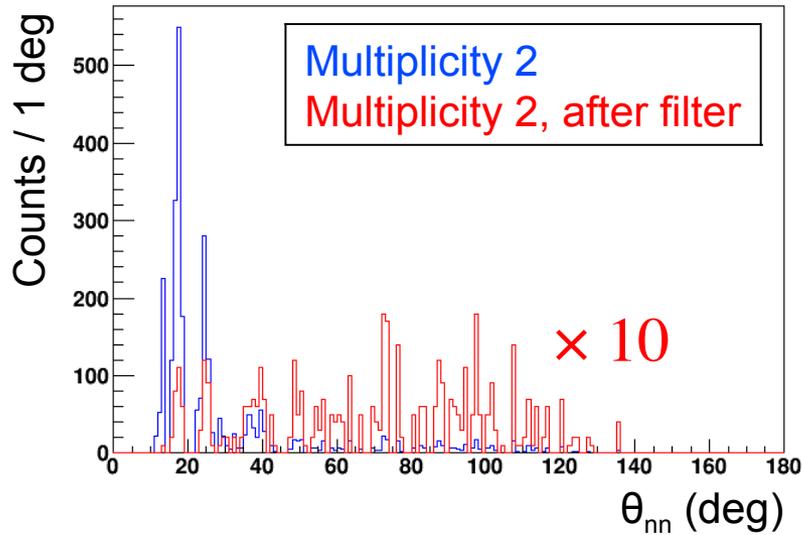


# $^{11}\text{Li}$ $\beta$ -n- $\gamma$ : Near array and 60% Ge detector



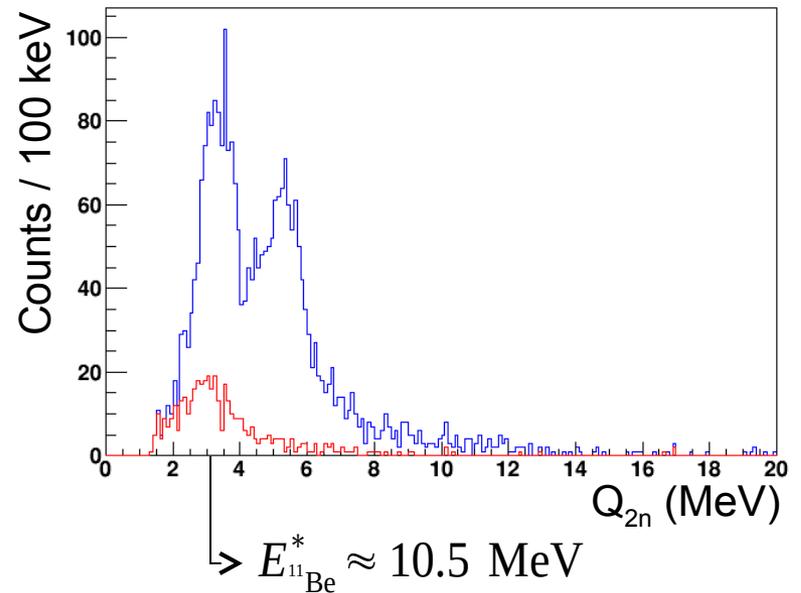
# $^{11}\text{Li}$ $\beta$ -2n

PRELIMINARY



$$Q_{2n} = E_1 + E_2 + \frac{m_n}{m_{9\text{Be}}} (E_1 + E_2 + 2\sqrt{E_1 E_2} \cos \theta_{nn})$$

$$E_{^{11}\text{Be}}^* = Q_{2n} + S_{2n}$$



# $^{11}\text{Li}$ $\beta$ -2n

PRELIMINARY

