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## New results on $^{13}\text{C}$ structure from $\alpha+^9\text{Be}$ low energy reactions

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Accurate studies on  $^{13}\text{C}$  spectroscopy have great impact in the present understanding of the role played by extra-neutrons in stabilizing  $\alpha$ -cluster structures formed in light nuclei.  $^{13}\text{C}$  excited states are in fact the simplest systems that can be formed by adding a neutron to a triple- $\alpha$  molecular-like structure, and their spectroscopic properties are therefore a unique benchmark for theoretical cluster models aiming at describing light nuclei.

To investigate such aspects, we performed a comprehensive  $R$ -matrix fit of  $\alpha+^9\text{Be}$  elastic and inelastic scattering data in the energy range  $E \simeq 3.5 - 10$  MeV at several angles. To carefully determine the partial decay widths of states above the  $\alpha$  decay threshold we included in the fit procedure also  $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n_0)^{12}\text{C}_{gs}$  and  $^9\text{Be}(\alpha, n_1)^{12}\text{C}_{4.44}$  cross section data taken from the literature. This analysis allows to improve the (poorly known) spectroscopy of excited states in  $^{13}\text{C}$  in the  $E_x \simeq 12-17$  MeV region, and tentatively suggests the presence of a large-deformation negative-parity molecular band.

### Selected session

Nuclear structure and dynamics

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