## 2018 European Nuclear Physics Conference



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## Few-body dissociation of relativistic light nuclei in nuclear track emulsion

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Events of dissociation of relativistic nuclei in nuclear track emulsion (NTE) allow a holistic investigation of "cold" ensembles of lightest nuclei. So far, with regard to fine structure dissociation of relativistic nuclei, the NTE technique remains the only means providing unique completeness of such observations at the best angular resolution and as well as a sufficient statistical provision. Moreover, full-bodied studies of light nuclear structure require reconstruction of relativistic decays of the unstable 8Be and 9B nuclei. Feasibility of such studies in electronic experiments is not visible at all. The cluster structure of light nuclei and the role of the unstable 8Be and 9B nuclei in them is studied in the BECQUEREL project (http://becquerel.jinr.ru/) on the basis of NTE layers longitudinally exposed at the JINR Nuclotron to relativistic Be, B, C and N nuclei, including radioactive isotopes. Recent advances are highlighted. On the practical side series of experiments with newly reproduced samples NTE has confirmed prospects of NTE in low and high energy nuclear studies. Recently it is suggested to search in relativistic 12C dissociation for α-particle triples in the second excited state 0+2 of the 12C nucleus (the Hoyle state). The started study of the Hoyle-state (HS) in dissociation is setting new limit of NTE use. Being performed in contrast to relativistic energy of 3α-ensembles and minimum possible energy stored by them such observations would clearly demonstrated HS as a full-fledged and sufficiently long-lived nuclear-molecular object. Probably, not only single but also pair- and even triplewise combinations of α-particles that are close to 8Be might be observed to reflecting the HS structure in less distorted way. It can be expected that 8Be and HS will become reference points to search for more complex states of dilute nuclear matter in dissociation of heavier relativistic nuclei. The current experiment task is to search for several hundreds of  $3\alpha$ -events in NTE pellicles and measure the angles of  $\alpha$ -particles in the relevant ranges with a resolution allowing reconstructing decays of the unstable 8Be nucleus and HS. HS events are observed in dissociation 12C  $\rightarrow$  3 $\alpha$  at 4.5 A GeV/c and 1 A GeV/c 12C nuclei with a contribution preliminary estimated to be of the order of 10%. Thus, the first data on relativistic HS are encouraging.

## Selected session

few body systems, nuclear physics application

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